## CONTINENTAL RESOURCES INC Form 10-Q

Common Stock, \$.01 par value

May 17, 2004

United States
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FOR	M 10-Q
	UANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly per	iod ended March 31, 2004
	OR
	T TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE HANGE ACT OF 1934 fromto
Commission File	Number: 333-61547
	RESOURCES, INC. as specified in its charter)
Oklahoma	73-0767549
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
302 N. Independence, Suite 300, Enid,	Oklahoma 73701
(Address of principal executive offi	ces) (Zip Code)
Registrant's telephone number, includin Securities registered pursuant to Secti Securities registered pursuant to Secti	on 12(b) of the Act: None
	strant (1) has filed all reports required he Securities Exchange Act of 1934 such shorter period that the registrant (2) has been subject to such filing
The Registrant is not subject to the fi of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, sections pursuant to contractual obliga	
Indicate by check mark whether the regi defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act.) Yes	
Indicate the number of shares outstandi common stock, as of the latest practica	-
Class	Outstanding as of May 14, 2004

14,368,919 shares

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#### PART I. Financial Information

#### ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# CONTINENTAL RESOURCES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Dollars in thousands)

	Dece	mber 31,	Maı	rch 31,
Assets		2003		2004
Current assets:  Cash and cash equivalents  Accounts receivable:	\$	2 <b>,</b> 277	(Una \$	audited) 1,968
Oil and gas sales Joint interest and other, net		19,035 13,577		18,964 11,196

Inventories Prepaid expenses		5 <b>,</b> 465		5 <b>,</b> 168
Fair value of derivative contracts		151		40
Total current assets		40,841		37,480
Property and equipment, at cost:				
Oil and gas properties, based on				
successful efforts accounting		601 <b>,</b> 325		616,546
Gas gathering and processing facilities		49,600		50 <b>,</b> 882
Service properties, equipment and other		19,515		19,629
Total property and equipment		670,440		687,057
Less accumulated depreciation,				
depletion and amortization		231,008		242,076
Net property and equipment		439,432		444,981
Other assets:				
Debt issuance costs, net		4,707		4,344
Other assets		8		8
Total other assets		4,715		4,352
Total assets	\$ ======	484,988		486,813
Liabilities and stockholders' equity				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	27,950	\$	26,614
Current portion of long-term debt	'	5,776	,	5,776
Revenues and royalties payable		8 <b>,</b> 250		7 <b>,</b> 935
Accrued liabilities:				
Interest		6,312		3,054
Other		7,212		6,330
Fair value of derivative contracts		640		1,433
Total current liabilities		56,140		51,142
Long-term debt, net of current portion		285,144		291 <b>,</b> 199
Asset retirement obligation		26,608		26,891
Other noncurrent liabilities		164		166
Stockholders' equity:				
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 1,000,000 shares	3			
authorized, no shares issued and outstanding Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 20,000,000 shares		_		_
authorized, 14,368,919 shares issued and outstar	nding	144		144
Additional paid-in-capital	_	25 <b>,</b> 087		25,087
Retained earnings		92,190		93,181
Accumulated other comprehensive income		(489)		(997)
Total stockholders' equity		116,932		117,415
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	484,988		486,813

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONTINENTAL RESOURCES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands, except share data)

		Three Months En	
		2003	
Revenues: Oil and gas sales	\$	(restated) 35,722	\$
Crude oil marketing and trading Change in derivative fair value Gas gathering, marketing and processing Oil and gas service operations		40,595 303 9,725 1,882	
Total revenues		88,227	
Operating costs and expenses: Production Production taxes Exploration Crude oil marketing and trading Gas gathering, marketing and processing Oil and gas service operations Depreciation, depletion and amortization of oil and gas proper	ties	8,631 2,674 1,502 40,484 8,828 1,960 8,302	
Depreciation and amortization of other property and equipment Property impairments Asset retirement obligation accretion General and administrative		1,148 1,276 352 2,838	
Total operating costs and expenses		77 <b>,</b> 995	
Operating income		10,232	
Other income (expenses):    Interest income    Interest expense    Other income, net    Loss on sale of assets		32 (4,951) 37 (8)	
Total other income (expense)		(4,890)	
Income before change in accounting principle		5,342	
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle		2,162	
Net income	\$	7 <b>,</b> 504	\$
Basic earnings per common share: Earnings before cumulative effect of accounting change Cumulative effect of accounting change	\$	0.37 0.15	\$
Basic	\$	0.52	\$
Diluted earnings per common share: Earnings before cumulative effect of accounting change Cumulative effect of accounting change	\$	0.37 0.15	\$

Diluted	\$	0.52	\$
	=========		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

# CONTINENTAL RESOURCES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited) (Dollars in thousands)

	Three Months Ended M		
	2003		
Cash flows from operating activities:	(restated)		
Net income	\$ 7,504 \$		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities-			
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	9,450		
Accretion of asset retirement obligation	352		
Impairment of properties	1,276		
Change in derivative fair value	(303)		
Amortization of debt issuance costs	402		
Loss on sale of assets	8		
Change in accounting principle	(2,162)		
Dry hole costs	830		
Cash provided by (used in) changes in assets and liabilities-	030		
Accounts receivable	(3,637)		
Inventories	(836)		
Prepaid expenses	132		
Accounts payable	1,027		
Revenues and royalties payable	2,067		
Accrued liabilities and other	(2,784)		
Other noncurrent assets	89		
Other noncurrent liabilities	12		
Net cash provided by operating activities	13,427		
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Exploration and development	(26,092)		
Gas gathering and processing facilities and service			
properties, equipment and other	(1,564)		
Purchase of oil and gas properties	(82)		
Proceeds from sale of assets	56		
Net cash used in investing activities	(27,682)		
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Proceeds from line of credit and other	18,500		
Repayment of debt	(600)		
Debt issuance costs			
Net cash provided by financing activities	17,900		
Net increase (decrease) in cash	3,645		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	2,520		

Cash and cash equivalents, end of quarter

\$ 6,165 \$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONTINENTAL RESOURCES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

#### 1. CONTINENTAL RESOURCES, INC.'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

In the opinion of Continental Resources, Inc., or CRI or the Company, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments necessary to present fairly the Company's financial position as of March 31, 2004, the results of operations and cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2004. Such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for the interim periods presented do not contain all information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The results of operations for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations for the entire year. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's annual report on form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003.

In 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 143, Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations (SFAS No. 143). SFAS No. 143 requires entities to record the fair value of a liability for an asset retirement obligation in the period in which it is incurred and corresponding increase in the carrying amount of the related long-lived asset. Subsequently, the asset retirement cost should be allocated to expense using a systematic and rational method and the liability should be accreted to its face amount. The primary impact of this standard relates to oil and gas wells on which the Company has a legal obligation to plug and abandon the wells. The Company adopted SFAS No. 143 on January 1, 2003, that originally resulted in a cumulative effect adjustment of a \$4.1 million increase in net income.

SFAS No. 143 requires the Company to make certain estimates, including estimates related to the future plugging costs of wells, the future salvage value of surface equipment, and estimated life of the Company's wells. In the fourth quarter of 2003, the Company made certain adjustments to its assumptions used in its initial SFAS No. 143 estimates to better reflect its future plugging costs and future salvage values. These changes resulted in a decrease in the cumulative effect adjustment from the \$4.1 million originally reported during the quarter ended March 31, 2003, to \$2.2 million. The following table details the amounts originally reported for the quarter ended March 31, 2003, compared to the current restated amount:

Three Months Ended March 31, 2003

(Dollars in thousands, except share data)

Originally Reported

Restated

Net income before change in accounting principle Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	\$ 5,342 4,090	\$ 5,342 2,162
Net income	\$ 9,432	\$ 7 <b>,</b> 504
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.66	\$ 0.52

The Company is an S-Corporation under Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. As a result, income taxes, if any, will be payable by the stockholders of the Company. The Company operates principally in the following two segments:

1. Exploration and Production - The principal business of CRI and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Continental Resources of Illinois, Inc., or CRII, is oil and natural gas exploration, development and production. CRI and CRII have interests in approximately 2,207 wells and serve as the operator in the majority of these wells. CRI and CRII's operations are primarily in Illinois, Oklahoma, Wyoming, North Dakota, Texas, South Dakota, Montana, Kansas, Mississippi, Louisiana, Kentucky and Indiana.

At March 31, 2004, the Company had capitalized drilling and development costs of approximately \$177.8 million related to the high-pressure air injection project currently in process in the Cedar Hills Field. Proved reserves associated with this field are approximately 42.2 MMBoe of which approximately 28.5 MMBoe, or 67%, are proved undeveloped. As of March 31, 2004, the Company had excluded \$119.1 million, or 67%, of the development costs from the amortization base for purposes of computing depreciation, depletion and amortization, or DD&A. In future periods, the proved undeveloped reserves will be transferred to proved developed as such reserves meet the definition of proved reserves under SEC guidelines. Costs associated with the Cedar Hills Field will be added to the amortization base based on the ratio of proved developed reserves to proved undeveloped reserves. The Company's future DD&A rate on this field could be significantly impacted by upward or downward revisions in the oil and gas reserves associated with this field.

2. Gas Gathering, Marketing and Processing - Another wholly-owned subsidiary of CRI is Continental Gas, Inc., or CGI, which is engaged principally in natural gas marketing, gathering and processing activities and currently operates seven gas gathering systems and three gas processing plants in its operating areas. In addition, CGI participates with CRI in exploration, development and production of certain oil and natural gas properties.

#### 2. LONG-TERM DEBT:

Long-term debt as of December 31, 2003, and March 31, 2004, consisted of the following:

(Dollars in thousands)	Dec	ember 31, 2003	 March 31, 2004
10.25% Senior Subordinated Notes due August 1, 2008 Credit Facility due March 31, 2007 Credit Facility due September 30, 2006 Capital Lease Agreement Ford Credit	\$	127,150 132,900 17,000 13,827 43	\$ 127,150 140,400 16,392 12,993 40
Outstanding Debt		290,920	 296 <b>,</b> 975

Less Current Portion	Portion 5,776			
Total Long-Term Debt	\$	285,144	\$	291,199
	=====	=======	=====	

On March 31, 2002, the Company entered into a Fourth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement providing for a \$175.0 million senior secured revolving credit facility with a borrowing base of \$150.0 million. Borrowings under the credit facility are secured by liens on all oil and gas properties and associated assets of the Company. Borrowings under the credit facility bear interest, payable quarterly, at (a) a rate per annum equal to the rate at which eurodollar deposits for one, two, three or six months are offered by the lead bank plus a margin ranging from 150 to 250 basis points, or (b) at the lead bank's reference rate plus an applicable margin ranging from 25 to 50 basis points. At March 31, 2004, the lead bank's reference rate plus margins was 3.8%. The Company paid approximately \$2.2 million in debt issuance fees for the credit facility, which have been capitalized as other assets and are being amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the credit facility. The credit facility maturity date was extended on April 14, 2004, to March 31, 2007.

On October 22, 2003, the Company executed the Second Amendment to the Credit Agreement and CGI was removed as a guarantor of the Company's obligations under the Credit Agreement. The borrowing base under the Second Amendment to the Credit Agreement was revised to \$145.0 million and \$17.0 million funded by CGI as disclosed below reduced the outstanding balance.

On April 14, 2004, the company executed the Third Amendment to the Credit Agreement that provided for the addition of a term credit facility in an amount up to \$25 million that matures on March 31, 2006. The amendment also extended the maturity date of the original facility to March 31, 2007, and increased the borrowing base to \$150.0 million. Borrowings under the term credit facility have margins of 5.5% on LIBOR loans and 3% on prime loans. On April 14, 2004, the company drew \$25 million on the new term credit facility and paid down the balance of the original revolving credit facility. At May 14, 2004, the outstanding balances were \$124.5 million and \$25.0 million on the original revolving credit facility and the term loan, respectively.

On October 22, 2003, CGI entered into a new \$35.0 million secured credit facility consisting of a senior secured term loan facility of up to \$25.0 million, and a senior revolving credit facility of up to \$10.0 million. The initial advance under the term loan facility was \$17.0 million, which CGI paid to CRI who used the payment to reduce the outstanding balance on CRI's credit facility. No funds were initially advanced under the revolving loan facility. Advances under either facility can be made, at the borrower's election, as reference rate loans or LIBOR loans and, with the respect to LIBOR loans, for interest periods of one, two, three, or six months. Interest is payable on reference rate loans monthly and on LIBOR loans at the end of the applicable interest period. The principal amount of the term loan facility is to be amortized on a quarterly basis through June 30, 2006, with the final payment due on September 30, 2006. The amount available under the revolving loan facility may be borrowed, repaid and reborrowed until maturity on September 30, 2006. Interest on reference rate loans is calculated with reference to a rate equal to the higher of the reference rate of Union Bank of California, N.A. or the federal funds rate plus 0.5%. Interest on LIBOR loans is calculated with reference to the London interbank offered interest rate. Interest accrues at the reference rate or the LIBOR rate, as applicable, plus the applicable margins. The margin is based on the then current senior debt to EBITDA ratio. The credit agreement contains certain covenants and requires certain quarterly mandatory prepayments on the term loan of 75% of excess cash flow. The credit facility is secured by a pledge of all the assets of CGI. At March 31, 2004, the outstanding

balance on CGI's credit facility was \$16.4 million.

CRI's credit agreement contains certain financial and other covenants. At March 31, 2004, CRI was not in compliance with two covenants, one that requires the Company to maintain a minimum current ratio of 1:1 and another that prohibits trading activity other than normal production contracts without prior approval of the required banks. On a pro-forma basis after giving effect to the Third Amendment to the Credit Agreement, the Company was in compliance with the current ratio covenant in its credit agreement. In May 2004 the Company requested and received from the bank group waivers for non-compliance with both covenants.

#### 3. DERIVATIVE CONTRACTS:

The Company utilizes derivative contracts, consisting primarily of fixed price physical delivery contracts, including fixed price basis contracts, collars and floors to reduce its exposure to unfavorable changes in oil and gas prices that are subject to significant and often volatile fluctuation. Under fixed price physical delivery contracts, the Company receives the fixed price stated in the contract. Under the fixed price basis contracts, the price we receive is determined based on a published index price plus a fixed basis. Under collars and floors, if the market price of crude oil exceeds the ceiling strike price or falls below the floor strike price, then the Company receives the fixed price ceiling or floor. If the market price is between the floor strike price and the ceiling strike price, the Company receives market price.

The Company has designated its fixed price physical delivery contracts and fixed price basis contracts as "normal sales" contracts under SFAS No. 133, Accounting for Derivative and Hedging Activities and are therefore not marked to market as derivatives. The Company's collars and floors have been designated as and are being accounted for as cash flow hedges under SFAS No. 133. The following table summarizes the Company's fixed price physical delivery contracts, collars and floors in place at March 31, 2004:

	2004	 2005	2006	 2007
Natural Gas Physical Delivery Contracts:				
Contract Volumes (MMBtu)	450,000	600,000	600,000	600,000
Weighted Average Fixed Price per MMBtu	\$ 4.83	\$ 4.53	\$ 4.47	\$ 4.49

### Crude Oil Basis Contracts:

ciude dii basis conciaces.

Contract N	Month	Contract	Volumes	Price
May	2004	184,	,000	\$ 35.73
June	2004	90,	,000	\$ 35.27
July	2004	62,	,000	\$ 35.03

Crude Oil Collars	and Floors	for	2004:	Conti	ract	Weigh	ited-av	/eraș	ge
				Volumes	(Bbls)	Fixed	Price	per	Bbl

Floor	926,000	\$ 22.00
Floor	200,000	\$ 24.00
Floor	230,000	\$ 24.50
	1,356,000	
Ceiling	220,000	\$ 35.00
Ceiling	515,000	\$ 36.00
Ceiling	230,000	\$ 45.00
	965,000	
	=========	

The Company engages in a series of contracts in order to exchange its crude oil production in the Rocky Mountain area for equal quantities of crude oil located at Cushing, Oklahoma. Such activity enables the Company to take advantage of better pricing and reduce the Company's credit risk associated with its first purchaser. This purchase and sale activity is presented gross in the accompanying income statement as crude oil marketing revenues and expenses under the guidance provided by Emerging Issues Task Force Consensus 99-19, Reporting Revenues Gross as a Principal and Net as an Agent.

Additionally, in the first quarter of 2004, the Company engaged in certain crude oil trading activities, exclusive of its own production, utilizing fixed price and variable priced physical delivery contracts. For the three months ended March 31, 2004, crude oil marketing and trading revenues included \$10.3 million and crude oil marketing and trading expenses also included \$10.3 million, related to such trading activities. The Company had no crude oil trading activities in the first quarter of 2003. The Company's derivatives associated with this activity are being marked to market with all changes in fair value being recorded in the income statement under the accounting prescribed by SFAS No. 133, Accounting for Derivative and Hedging Activities. At March 31, 2004, the Company had the following open crude oil trading derivative contracts:

Contract Type	Contract Month	Ave	ghted erage d Price	Barrels Buy (Sell)	-	nrealized ain (Loss)
Crude Oil Crude Oil Crude Oil	April 2004 May 2004 December 2004	\$	34.84 35.56 31.41	(42,800) (18,300) 30,000	\$	(478,152) (186,277) 268,200
				(31,100)	\$ ==	(396,229)

#### 4. EARNINGS PER SHARE:

Basic earnings per common share is computed by dividing income available to common shareholders by the weighted-average number of shares outstanding for the period. Diluted earnings per share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if stock options were exercised, using the treasury stock method of calculation. The weighted-average number of shares used to compute basic earnings per common share was 14,368,919 for the three months ended March 31,

2003 and 2004. The weighted-average number of shares used to compute diluted earnings per share was 14,463,210 for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2004.

#### 5. GUARANTOR SUBSIDIARIES:

The Company's wholly owned subsidiaries, CGI, CRII, and Continental Crude Co. (CCC), have guaranteed the Company's obligations under its outstanding 10 1/4% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2008. CCC has not engaged in any business activities since its inception. The following is a summary of the condensed consolidating balance sheets of CGI and CRII as of December 31, 2003, and March 31, 2004, and the results of operations and cash flows for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2003, and 2004.

As of December 31, 2003		Cor	ndensed Consoli	dating	Balance Sheet
(\$ in thousands)	Gua Subs	arantor	Parent		
Current Assets Property and Equipment Other Assets		11,162 58,826 281	\$ 44,428 380,606 4,448		(14,749) 0 (14)
Total Assets			\$ 429,482		
Current Liabilities Long-Term Debt Other Liabilities Stockholders' Equity	\$	22,286 4,943	\$ 44,694 270,541 21,829 92,418	\$	(7,066) (7,683) 0 (14)
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity			\$ 429 <b>,</b> 482		
As of March 31, 2004			ndensed Consoli	_	
(\$ in thousands)	Gua	arantor	Parent		
					MITHACIONS
Current Assets Property and Equipment Other Assets	\$	59,038	\$ 41,262 385,943 4,103	\$	
Property and Equipment	\$	9,882 59,038 263	\$ 41,262 385,943	\$	(13,664) 0 (14)

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2003 Condensed Consolidating Statements of Operat

\$ 69,183 \$ 431,308 \$ (13,678)

========

(\$ in thousands)

Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity

Guarantor

\_\_\_\_\_\_

-----

\_\_\_\_\_

\$

Sub	sidiaries	Parent	Elim	minations
	(14,072) (382) ple (50)	(66,202) (4,508) 2,212		(2,279) 2,279 0
\$	1,341	\$ 6,163	\$	0
Ė	Condense	ed Consolidati	.ng State	ements of Op
Gua Suba	arantor sidiaries	Parent	Elim	
\$	24,350 (22,421) (321)	\$ 90,246 (85,909) (4,953)	\$	(5,185) 5,185 0
\$	1,608	\$ (616)	\$	
Gı Sul	Guarantor Busidiaries	Parent	E1	liminations
\$	2,787 (1,556) (819)	\$ 33,502 (26,126) 18,719	\$	(22,862)
	412 456	26,095 2,064		(22,862)
\$	868	\$ 28,159	\$	(22,862)
1	Conder	nsed Consolida	ted Casł	ı Flow State
		Parent	EJ	liminations
\$	4,598 (1,819) (617)	\$ 23,295 (18,693) 6,591	\$	(13,664)
			_	
	2,162 701	11,193 1,576		(13,664)
3	Princip	\$ 15,845 (14,072) (382) (Principle (50) \$ 1,341 	\$ 15,845 \$ 74,661 (14,072) (66,202) (382) (4,508)  Principle (50) 2,212	\$ 15,845 \$ 74,661 \$ (14,072) (66,202) (382) (4,508) \$ 2,212 \$ 1,341 \$ 6,163 \$ \$

#### 6. BUSINESS SEGMENTS:

The Company has two reportable segments pursuant to Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 131, Disclosure About Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information, consisting of exploration and production, and gas

gathering, marketing and processing. The Company's reportable business segments have been identified based on the differences in products or services provided. Revenues from the exploration and production segment are derived from the production and sale of crude oil and natural gas. Revenues from the gas gathering, marketing and processing segment come from the transportation and sale of natural gas and natural gas liquids at retail. The accounting policies of the segments are the same. Financial information by operating segment is presented below:

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2003	and		Gas Gathering, Marketing and Processing			
(Dollars in thousands)						
REVENUES:						
Oil and gas sales	\$	35 <b>,</b> 530	\$	192	\$	_
Crude oil marketing and trading		40,595		_		_
Change in derivative fair value		303		-		-
Gas gathering, marketing and processing		-		12,004		(2,279)
Oil and gas service operations		1,882				
Total revenues	\$	78,310	\$	12,196	\$	(2,279)
OPERATING COSTS AND EXPENSES:						
Production expenses		8,581		50		_
Production taxes		2,659		15		_
Exploration		1,480		22		_
Crude oil marketing and trading		40,484		_		_
Gas gathering, marketing and processing		_		11,107		(2,279)
Oil and gas service operations		1,960		_		_
Depreciation, depletion and amortization:						
Oil and gas properties		8,549		(247)		_
Other property and equipment		525		623		_
Property impairments		1,273		3		_
Asset retirement accretion		350		2		_
General and administrative		2 <b>,</b> 683		155		
Total operating costs and expenses	\$	68,544	\$	11,730	\$	(2,279)
Total operating income	\$	9,766	\$	466	\$	_
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):						
Interest income		90		2		(60)
Interest expense		(4,951)		(60)		60
Other income, net		37		-		
Loss on sale of assets		_		(8)		-
Total other income (expense)	\$	(4,824)	\$	(66)	\$	
Total income from operations	\$	4 <b>,</b> 942	\$	400	\$	 
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle		273		1,889		_
Net income	\$ =====	5 <b>,</b> 215	\$	2 <b>,</b> 289	\$ =====	- ======

Total assets	\$	457 <b>,</b> 954	\$	33,258	\$	(21,797)
Capital expenditures	\$	26,292	\$	1,446	\$	- -
For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2004		loration and oduction	Mark	Gathering, Reting and Ocessing	Inte	ersegment
(Dollars in thousands)						
REVENUES:						
Oil and gas sales Crude oil marketing and trading	\$	35,986 55,705	\$	137	\$	_
Change in derivative fair value		(396)		_		_
Gas gathering, marketing and processing		` -		21,050		(5,185)
Oil and gas service operations		2,114		_		_
Total revenues	\$	93,409	\$	21,187	\$	(5,185)
OPERATING COSTS AND EXPENSES:						
Production expenses		10,479		69		_
Production taxes		2,570		12		_
Exploration		2,092		_		_
Crude oil marketing and trading Gas gathering, marketing and processing		55 <b>,</b> 863		- 18 <b>,</b> 993		(5 <b>,</b> 185)
Oil and gas service operations		1,946		10,333		(3,103)
Depreciation, depletion and amortization:		1,310				
Oil and gas properties		10,445		22		_
Other property and equipment		348		817		_
Property impairments		1,897		-		_
Asset retirement accretion General and administrative		273		4		_
General and administrative		2 <b>,</b> 222		278		
Total operating costs and expenses	\$	88,135	\$	20,195	\$	(5,185)
Total operating income	\$	5,274	\$	992	\$	_
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):						
Interest income		25		2		_
Interest expense Other income, net		(5 <b>,</b> 095) 12		(194) 11		_
Loss on sale of assets		(35)		-		-
Total other income (expense)	\$	(5,093)	\$	(181)	\$	
Total income from operations	\$	181	\$	811	\$	_
Net income	\$	181	\$	811	\$	_
NEC THOME	•	181	•	811		
Total assets	\$	452,168	\$	48,322	\$	(13,677)
Capital expenditures	\$	19 <b>,</b> 331	\$	1,359	\$	-
	=====		=====			

#### 7. COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS):

The components of total comprehensive income (loss) for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2004 are as follows:

		Three Months Ended March					
		2003		2004			
(Dollars in thousands)		(restat	ed)				
Net Income Other Comprehensive Income	(Loss):	\$	7,504	\$	992		
Deferred Hedging Loss	,		_		(997)		
Total Comprehensive Income	(Loss)	\$	7,504	\$	(5)		
	(Loss)	\$	,	 \$ =======			

## ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our unaudited consolidated financial statements, and the notes thereto that appear elsewhere in this report, and our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003. Our operating results for the periods discussed may not be indicative of future performance. Statements concerning future results are forward-looking statements. In the text below, financial statement numbers have been rounded; however, the percentage changes are based on amounts that have not been rounded.

#### OVERVIEW

We foresee continued growth in 2004. Firm pricing coupled with anticipated increases in production this year look quite favorable for us. Our Cedar Hills North Unit and West Cedar Hills Unit are responding to high-pressure air injection, or HPAI, and to the water injections made throughout the previous 15 months. Response is occurring as initially simulated by our Resource Development group. Oil production in our Cedar Hills North Unit at March 31, 2004, was approximately 2,781 Bbls per day, an increase of 454 Bbls per day since November 2003, due to HPAI. Based on the current response and the anticipated continued response, we expect that approximately 4.0 million barrels of our reserves in our Cedar Hills North Unit will be moved from proved undeveloped (PUD) reserves to proved developed producing (PDP) reserves in mid-2004. We anticipate that an aggregate of up to 20.0 million barrels will be re-classified from PUD to PDP by the end of 2004. We expect our oil production in our Cedar Hills North Unit, on a daily basis, to double by the end of 2004 or in early 2005.

The following table reflects our production from our Cedar Hills Units beginning in November 2003, the time that we began to see HPAI response, through March 2004:

	Monthly Produ	action (Bbls)	Increase
Property	Nov 2003	Mar 2004	Bbls per Day

Cedar Hills North Unit	69,800	86,200	454
West Cedar Hills Unit	7,700	8,500	18
Total	77,500	94,700	472

Currently, our lifting costs in our Rocky Mountain Region are significantly higher than our historic average due to the energy costs and other associated costs used in HPAI recovery, coupled with the conversion of producing wells to injector wells to complete the injection pattern engineered for the field. Thus, less production is available at a time when injection costs are high. We expect our lifting costs per barrel to decline as response and increased production occurs. We expect a return to a normalized lifting cost per barrel in late 2004 or early 2005.

Our Middle Bakken well program currently is a 63 well drilling program in Richland County, Montana, that has been 100% successful. To date, we have drilled or participated in eight gross wells as part of this program, all of which are producing. We are currently drilling two wells. We anticipate drilling a total of 55 additional wells (including the two currently drilling), which we will operate in this area. We expect to commence 15 additional wells as part of this program in 2004. To date, 105 wells have been drilled by various operators in this area with no dry holes encountered. We expect our Middle Bakken wells to increase our proved reserve base by an average of 460,000 Bbls per well when completed.

We expect our offshore and Texas onshore wells, both operated and non-operated, will provide a balance of gas production for us. Our offshore group plans to set a platform this year based on a discovery well offshore Louisiana. We anticipate initial production from this area in late 2004 or early 2005.

During the first quarter of 2004, the plant throughput in our Matli gas-processing system was 1.4 Bcf, an increase of .6 Bcf, or 77% over the Matli plant throughput in the first quarter of 2003. In addition, during the first quarter of 2004 we drilled or participated in 16 wells of which 3 were unsuccessful. In the first quarter of 2003, we drilled or participated in 16 wells, all of which were successful.

Our capital expenditure budget for 2004 is \$82.0 million. Through the end of the first quarter of 2004, our aggregate capital expenditures were \$20.7 million.

THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2003, COMPARED TO THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2004

The following table shows our statement of operations for the first quarter of 2003 compared to the first quarter of 2004 with dollar and percentage increases or decreases:

REVENUES:	Quarter 2003	Quarter 2004 	I (D
Oil and gas Crude oil marketing and trading Change in derivative fair value Gas gathering, marketing and processing Oil and gas service operations	\$ 35,722 40,595 303 9,725 1,882	\$ 36,123 55,705 (396) 15,865 2,114	\$

Total revenues	\$	88,227	\$	109,411	\$
OPERATING COSTS AND EXPENSES:					
Production	\$	8,631	\$	10,548	\$
Production taxes		2,674		2,582	
Exploration		1,502		2,092	
Crude oil marketing and trading		40,484		55 <b>,</b> 863	
Gas gathering, marketing and processing		8,828		13,808	
Oil and gas service operations		1,960		1,946	
DD&A of oil and gas properties		8,302		10,467	
DD&A of other assets		1,148		1,165	
Property impairments		1,276		1,897	
Asset retirement obligation accretion		352		277	
General and administrative		2,838		2,500	
Total operating costs and expenses	\$	77 <b>,</b> 995	\$	103,145	\$
OPERATING INCOME	\$	10,232	\$	6,266	\$
OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSE:					
Interest income	\$	32	\$	27	\$
Interest expense		(4,951)		(5,289)	
Other income, net		37		23	
Loss on sale of assets		(8)		(35)	
Total other income and (expenses)	\$	(4,890)	\$	(5,274)	\$
INCOME BEFORE CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE	\$	5,342	\$	992	\$
CUMULATIVE EFFECT OF CHANGE IN					
ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE	\$	2,162	\$	_	\$
NET INCOME	\$	7,504	\$	992	\$
	=====		=====		====

#### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table sets forth certain information regarding our production volumes, oil and gas sales, average sales prices and expenses for the periods indicated:

For the Three Months Ended March 31,

		•
	 2003	 2004
NET PRODUCTION DATA:	 	 
Oil and Condensate (MBbl)	907	787
Natural Gas (MMcf)	2,368	2,321
Total Oil equivalent (MBoe)	1,302	1,174
OIL AND GAS SALES (dollars in thousands)		
Oil sales, excluding hedges	\$ 28,115	\$ 25,450
Hedges	(4,726)	(454)
Total oil sales, including hedges	 23,389	 24 <b>,</b> 996
Gas sales	12,333	11,127

Total oil and gas sales	\$	35,722	\$	36,123
	=====	=======	=====	
AVERAGE SALES PRICE:				
Oil, excluding hedges (dollar per barrel)	\$	31.01	\$	32.33
Oil, including hedges (dollar per barrel)	\$	25.78	\$	31.75
Gas (dollar per Mcf)	\$	5.21	\$	4.79
Oil equivalent, excluding hedges (dollar per Boe)	\$	31.07	\$	31.15
Oil equivalent, including hedges (dollar per Boe)	\$	27.44	\$	30.77
EXPENSES (dollar per Boe):				
•	ċ	8.68	\$	11.18
Production expenses (including taxes)	ې			
General and administrative	\$	2.18	\$	2.13
DD&A (on oil and gas properties)	\$	6.38	\$	8.91

#### REVENUES

#### GENERAL

The increase in revenues is attributable to higher oil prices realized on our oil production and an increase in volumes from our oil marketing and trading programs. Gas gathering, marketing and processing revenues were higher for the three months ended March 31, 2004, compared to the same period in 2003 primarily due to our acquisition of the Carmen Gathering System, which increased our total throughput.

#### OIL AND GAS SALES

The decrease in oil and gas sales revenues was primarily attributable to a reduction in oil volumes due to the conversion of wells in our Cedar Hills North Unit to injection wells and certain of our oil and gas wells in Montana being shut in due to extreme weather during the first quarter of 2004.

The following table shows our production by region for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2004:

Three	Months	Ended	March	31
IIITee	MOHEHS	Ended	March	J⊥,

	2	003	2	004
	MBoe	Percent	MBoe	Percent
Rocky Mountain	772	59.29%	681	58.01%
Mid-Continent Gulf	391 139	30.03% 10.68%	369 124	31.43% 10.56%
	1,302	100.00%	1,174	100.00%

#### CRUDE OIL MARKETING AND TRADING

We enter into a series of contracts in order to exchange our crude oil production in our Rocky Mountain Region for equal quantities of crude oil located at Cushing, Oklahoma. Through this activity, we take advantage of better pricing and reduce our credit risk associated with our first purchaser. In our

income statement, we present this purchase and sale activity separately as crude oil marketing revenues and crude oil marketing expenses, based on guidance provided by EITF 99-19, Reporting Revenues Gross as a Principal and or Net as an Agent.

Additionally, in the first quarter of 2004, we engaged in certain crude oil trading activities, exclusive of our own production, utilizing fixed price and variable priced physical delivery contracts. For the three months ended March 31, 2004, crude oil marketing revenues were \$10.3 million and crude oil marketing expenses were also \$10.3 million, related to such trading activities. We had no crude oil marketing revenue or expense in the first quarter of 2003. Our derivative trading activities are being marked to market with all changes in fair value being recorded in the income statement under the accounting prescribed by SFAS No. 133, Accounting for Derivative and Hedging Activities.

#### CHANGE IN DERIVATIVE FAIR VALUE

The change in derivative fair value for the three months ended March 31, 2003, related to a crude oil derivative contract used to reduce our exposure to changes in crude oil prices but did not qualify for special hedge accounting under SFAS No. 133. Such contract expired at December 31, 2003. The change in derivative fair value for the three months ended March 31, 2004, is the result of those derivative trading contracts described in Note 3 to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### GAS GATHERING, MARKETING AND PROCESSING

The increase in our gas gathering, marketing and processing revenue during the first quarter of 2004 was attributable to increased throughput volumes resulting from growth in our existing systems and our acquisition of the Carmen Gathering System in July 2003.

#### OIL AND GAS SERVICE OPERATIONS

The increase in our oil and gas service operations was primarily due to an increase in reclaimed oil revenue of \$0.3 million due to higher oil prices, offset by decreases in our other income of \$0.1 million.

#### COSTS AND EXPENSES

#### PRODUCTION EXPENSES AND TAXES

Our production expenses including taxes increased primarily due to increased energy expense of \$1.0 million. Energy expense increased due to higher utility costs in general and costs associated with running the compressors for HPAI in the Cedar Hills Units. Our labor costs increased \$0.3 million in the first quarter of 2004 compared to the first quarter of 2003.

#### EXPLORATION EXPENSES

The increase in exploration expense was primarily due to an increase in our dry hole costs of \$1.2\$ million in the Gulf Coast region, partially offset by decreases in other expenses of \$0.6\$ million.

#### CRUDE OIL MARKETING AND TRADING

The increase in our crude oil marketing expense was primarily due to increased prices for oil that we purchased and increased volumes marketed and traded.

#### GAS GATHERING, MARKETING, AND PROCESSING

The increase in our gas gathering, marketing and processing expense during the first quarter of 2004 was attributable to increased throughput volumes resulting from growth in our existing systems and our acquisition of the Carmen Gathering System in July 2003.

#### OIL AND GAS SERVICE OPERATIONS

The change in our oil and gas service operations expense was immaterial.

#### DEPRECIATION, DEPLETION AND AMORTIZATION OF OIL AND GAS PROPERTIES (DD&A)

Depletion increased \$2.3 million in the first quarter of 2004 compared to the first quarter of 2003, due to certain developmental dry hole costs being added to our amortization base and depleted with the costs of the related field and due to higher production decline rates in our Gulf Coast Region. The decline rate on one of our more significant fields in the Gulf Coast Region increased from 14% to 40% due principally to the rapid depletion of the reserves in this field. In the first quarter of 2004, our DD&A expense on our oil and gas properties was calculated at \$8.91 per BOE, compared to \$6.38 per BOE for the first quarter of 2003.

#### DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION OF OTHER PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Our change in depreciation and amortization expense related to our other property and equipment was immaterial.

#### PROPERTY IMPAIRMENTS

The increase in our property impairments was primarily due to increased impairment on capitalized costs of our undeveloped leasehold.

#### ASSET RETIREMENT ACCRETION

We adopted SFAS No. 143, Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations, on January 1, 2003. For the three months ended March 31, 2004, our asset retirement accretion was \$0.3 million compared to \$0.4 million for the comparable period in 2003.

#### GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE (G&A)

Our G&A expense per BOE for the first quarter of 2004 was \$2.13 compared to \$2.18 for the first quarter of 2003.

#### INTEREST EXPENSE

The increase in our interest expense was due to additional interest on higher average debt balances outstanding under our credit facilities during the first quarter of 2004.

#### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

#### CASH FLOW FROM OPERATIONS

Net cash provided by our operating activities for the three months ended March 31, 2004, was \$14.2 million, an increase of \$0.8 million from \$13.4 million provided by our operating activities during the comparable 2003 period. Our cash balance as of March 31, 2004, was \$2.0 million, a decrease of \$0.3 million from our cash balance of \$2.3 million held at December 31, 2003.

#### DEBT

Our long-term debt at December 31, 2003, was \$285.1 million and at March

31, 2004, \$291.2 million. At March 31, 2004, we had outstanding \$127.2 million principal amount in our senior subordinated notes, \$156.8 million outstanding under our secured credit facilities, and \$7.2 million outstanding in capital lease obligations with \$5.8 million due within the next year.

#### CREDIT FACILITY

At March 31, 2004, we had \$140.4 million of revolving credit debt outstanding under our exploration and production secured credit facility. Borrowings under our credit facility bear interest based on an annual rate equal to the rate at which eurodollar deposits for one, two, three or six months are offered by the lead bank plus an applicable margin ranging from 150 to 250 basis points or the lead bank's reference rate plus an applicable margin ranging from 25 to 50 basis points. The effective rate of interest on our borrowings under our credit facility was 3.8% at March 31, 2004. The borrowing base of our credit facility was \$145.0 million on March 31, 2004 and is re-determined semi-annually. Borrowings under our exploration and production credit facility are secured by liens on substantially all of our assets.

On April 14, 2004, the company executed the Third Amendment to the Credit Agreement that provided for the addition of a term credit facility in an amount up to \$25 million that matures on March 31, 2006. The amendment also extended the maturity date of the original facility to March 31, 2007, and increased the borrowing base to \$150.0 million. Borrowings under the term credit facility have margins of 5.5% on LIBOR loans and 3% on prime loans. On April 14, 2004, the company drew \$25 million on the new term credit facility and paid down the balance of the original revolving credit facility. At May 6, 2004, the outstanding balances were \$124.5 million and \$25.0 million on the original revolving credit facility and the term loan, respectively.

On October 22, 2003, our subsidiary, Continental Gas, Inc, or CGI, established a new \$35.0 million secured credit facility consisting of a senior secured term loan facility of up to \$25.0 million and a senior revolving credit facility of up to \$10.0 million. On that date, CGI ceased to be a guarantor of our obligations under our credit agreement. The initial advance under the term loan facility was \$17.0 million, which was paid to CRI and used to reduce the outstanding balance on our credit facility. No funds were initially advanced under the revolving loan facility. Advances under either facility can be made, at the borrower's election, as reference rate loans or LIBOR rate loans and, with respect to LIBOR loans, for interest periods of one, two, three, or six months. Interest is payable on reference rate loans monthly and on LIBOR loans at the end of the applicable interest period. The principal amount of the term loan facility is to be amortized on a quarterly basis through June 30, 2006, the final payment being due September 30, 2006. The amount available under the revolving loan facility may be borrowed, repaid and reborrowed until maturity on September 30, 2006. Interest on reference rate loans is calculated at a rate equal to the higher of the reference rate of Union Bank of California, N.A. or the federal funds rate plus 0.5%. Interest on LIBOR loans is calculated with reference to the London Interbank Offered rate. Interest accrues at the reference rate or the LIBOR rate, as applicable, plus the applicable margin. The margin is based on the ratio of senior debt to EBITDA. The credit agreement contains certain covenants and requires certain quarterly mandatory prepayments of 75% of excess cash flow. The credit facility is secured by a pledge of all of the assets of CGI. At March 31, 2004 the outstanding balance on CGI's credit facility was \$16.4 million.

Our credit agreement contains certain financial and other covenants. At March 31, 2004, we were not in compliance with two covenants, one that requires us to maintain a minimum current ratio of 1:1 and another that prohibits trading activity other than normal production contracts without prior approval of the required banks. On a pro-forma basis after giving effect to the Third Amendment to the Credit Agreement, we were in compliance with the current ratio covenant

in our credit agreement. In May 2004, we requested and received from the bank group a waiver for non-compliance of both covenants as of March 31, 2004. In the future, we will seek prior approval on our trading activities from the required banks.

#### CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

Our 2004 capital expenditures budget, exclusive of acquisitions, is \$82.0 million, of which \$6.7 million is dedicated to our Cedar Hills Field secondary recovery project. During the three months ended March 31, 2004, we incurred \$20.7 million of capital expenditures, compared to \$27.7 million during the three-month period of 2003. Of the total \$20.7 million of capital expenditures, we expended \$15.0 in exploration and development, and \$3.5 million on secondary recovery operations. We used the remaining \$2.2 million for leasing and additions to our gas gathering systems. The \$7.0 million decrease in our capital expenditures during the first quarter of 2004 compared to the first quarter of 2003 was the result of our near completion of the high-pressure air injection project in the Cedar Hills Field in our Rocky Mountain Region. We expect to fund the remainder of our 2004 capital budget through cash flows from operations and borrowings under our credit facility.

#### DISCLOSURE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This report includes "forward-looking statements". All statements other than statements of historical fact, including, without limitation, statements contained under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" regarding our financial position, business strategy, plans and objectives of our management for future operations and industry conditions, are forward-looking statements. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, we can give no assurance that such expectations will prove to be correct. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from our expectations ("Cautionary Statements") include, without limitation, future production levels, future prices and demand for oil and gas, results of future exploration and development activities, future operating and development costs, the effect of existing and future laws and governmental regulations (including those pertaining to the environment) and the political and economic climate of the United States as discussed in this quarterly report and the other documents we previously filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to us, or persons acting on our behalf, are expressly qualified in their entirety by the Cautionary Statements.

#### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

#### GENERAL

We are exposed to market risks, including commodity price risk and interest rate risk, in the normal course or our business operations. Information regarding our exposures to these market risks is provided below.

#### COMMODITY PRICE EXPOSURE

#### Non-trading

We utilize fixed-price contracts, including fixed price basis contracts, collars and floors to reduce exposure to the unfavorable changes in oil and gas prices that are subject to significant and often volatile fluctuation. Under the fixed price physical delivery contracts we receive the fixed price stated in the contract. Under the fixed price basis contracts, the price we receive is determined based on a published regional index price plus a fixed basis. Under the collars and floors, if the market price of crude oil exceeds the ceiling

strike price or falls below the floor strike price, then we receive the fixed price ceiling or floor. If the market price is between the floor strike price and the ceiling strike price, we receive market price.

These contracts allow us to predict with greater certainty the effective oil and gas prices to be received for hedged production and benefit operating cash flows and earnings when market prices are less than the fixed prices provided in the contracts. However, we will not benefit from market prices that are higher than the fixed, or ceiling prices in the contracts for hedged production.

The terms of our credit facility require that at least 50% of our forecasted crude oil production from our exploration and production segment be hedged on a rolling six-month term. At March 31, 2004, we had collars and/or floors in place covering approximately 1.4 million barrels of crude oil representing approximately 66% of our forecasted production through September 30, 2004. At March 31, 2004, we had a mark-to-market unrealized loss of approximately \$996,600 on our collar and floor contracts. As such contracts have been designated and qualify as cash flow hedges, the loss has been recorded as a component of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income at March 31, 2004. The ineffectiveness associated with our cash flow hedging strategy was immaterial.

Additionally, CGI has executed fixed price forward sales contracts related to our gas gathering, marketing and processing segment on approximately 50,000 MMBtu per month through December 2007. Such contracts have been designated as normal sales under SFAS No. 133 and are therefore not marked to market as derivatives. These volumes under these fixed price forward sales contracts represent approximately 9% of total delivery point volumes and 4% of the overall throughput volumes of the gas gathering, marketing and processing segment.

The following table summarizes our non-trading contracts in place at March 31, 2004:

	2004	2005	2006	2007
Natural Gas Physical Delivery Contracts:				
Contract Volumes (MMBtu)	450,000	600,000	600,000	600,000
Weighted Average Fixed Price per MMBtu	\$ 4.83	\$ 4.53	\$ 4.47	\$ 4.49

Crude Oil Collars and Floors for 2004:	Contract Volumes (Bbls)	_	nted-average Price per Bbl
Floor	926,000	\$	22.00
Floor	200,000	\$	24.00
Floor	230,000	\$	24.50
	1,356,000		
Ceiling	220,000	\$	35.00
Ceiling	515,000	\$	36.00
Ceiling	230,000	\$	45.00
	965,000		

The following table represents our fixed basis contracts in place at March 31, 2004. The price shown below represents the price we would have received based on the current forward crude oil price for the applicable month combined with the fixed basis differential contained in the contract.

Contract Mo	nth	Contract	Volumes	F	rice
May	2004	1	184,000	\$	35.73
June	2004		90,000	\$	35.27
July	2004		62,000	\$	35.03

#### Trading

In the first quarter of 2004, we engaged in certain crude oil trading activities, exclusive of our own production, utilizing fixed price and variable price physical delivery contracts. At March 31, 2004, we had the following open trading derivative contracts:

Contract Type	Contract Month	P	eighted Average sed Price	 Barrels Buy (Sell)		Unrealized Gain (Loss)
Crude Oil Crude Oil Crude Oil	April 2004 May 2004 December 2004	\$	34.84 35.56 31.41	(42,800) (18,300) 30,000	\$	(478,152) (186,277) 268,200
				(31,100)	\$ ==	(396,229)

#### INTEREST RATE RISK

Our exposure to changes in interest rates relates primarily to long-term debt obligations. We manage our interest rate exposure by limiting our variable-rate debt to a certain percentage of total capitalization and by monitoring the effects of market changes in interest rates. We may utilize interest rate derivatives to alter interest rate exposure in an attempt to reduce interest rate expense related to existing debt issues. Interest rate derivatives are used solely to modify interest rate exposure and not to modify the overall leverage of the debt portfolio. The fair value of long-term debt is estimated based on quoted market prices and management's estimate of current rates available for similar issues. The following table itemizes our long-term debt maturities and the weighted-average interest rates by maturity date.

(Dollars in thousands)	2004	2005	2006	2007	Thereafter	Total
------------------------	------	------	------	------	------------	-------

Fixed rate debt:
Senior subordinated notes

Principal amount Weighted-average	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 127,150	\$ 127,15
interest rate	10.25%	10.25%	10.25%	10.25%	10.25%	
Variable rate debt: Credit facility Principal amount	\$ 1 <b>,</b> 821	\$ 2,430	\$ 12,141	\$ 140,400	\$ 	\$ 156 <b>,</b> 79
Weighted-average interest rate	3.80%	 3.80%	 3.80%	 3.80%	3.80%	
Variable rate debt: Capital lease agreement Principal amount Weighted-average	\$ 2,502	\$ 3 <b>,</b> 336	\$ 3,336	\$ 3,333	\$ 486	\$ 12 <b>,</b> 99
interest rate	3.80%	3.80%	3.80%	3.80%	3.80%	
Variable rate debt: Ford Credit agreement Principal amount	\$ 8	\$ 13	\$ 11	\$ 8	\$ _	\$ 4
Weighted-average interest rate	5.50%	 5.50%	 5.50%	 5.50%	 5.50%	

#### ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The Securities and Exchange Commission rules require registrants to maintain disclosure controls and procedures to provide reasonable assurance that a registrant is able to record, process, summarize and report the information required in the registrant's quarterly and annual reports under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. While we believe that our existing disclosure controls and procedures have been effective to accomplish these objectives, we intend to continue to examine, refine and formalize our disclosure controls and procedures and to maintain ongoing developments in this area.

As of the end of the period covered by this report, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer have evaluated our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-14(c) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) and concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

There have been no significant changes in our internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect these controls, since the date the controls were evaluated.

#### PART II. Other Information

#### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

From time to time, we are a party to litigation or other legal proceedings that we consider to be a part of the ordinary course of our business. We are not involved in any legal proceedings nor are we a party to any pending or threatened claims that could reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on our financial condition or results of operations.

ITEM 2. CHANGES IN SECURITIES, USE OF PROCEEDS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

None.

#### ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

None.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

- ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K
  - (a) EXHIBITS:

EXH	Т	R	Т	Т
	_	D	_	1

NO.	DESCRIPTION	AND	METHOD	OF	FILING:

- 3.1 Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Continental Resources, Inc. [3.1](1)
- 3.2 Amended and Restated Bylaws of Continental Resources, Inc. [3.2](1)
- 4.1 Fourth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated March 28, 2002, among the Registrant, Union Bank of California, N.A., Guaranty Bank, FSB and Fortis Capital Corp. [10.1](5)
- 4.1.1 First Amendment to the Revolving Credit Agreement dated June 12, 2003, among the Registrant, Union Bank of California, N.A., Guaranty Bank, FSB and Fortis Capital Corp. [10.1](6) 4.1.2 Second Amendment to the Revolving Credit Agreement dated October 22, 2003, among the Registrant, Union Bank of California, N.A., Guaranty Bank, FSB and Fortis Capital Corp. [10.1](7)
- 4.1.3 \* Third Amendment to the Revolving Credit Agreement dated April 14, 2004, among the Registrant, Union Bank of California, N.A., Guaranty Bank, FSB, Fortis Capital Corp., and The Royal Bank of Scotland plc.
- 4.2 Indenture dated as of July 24, 1998, between Continental Resources, Inc. as Issuer, the Subsidiary Guarantors named therein and the United States Trust Company of New York, as Trustee. [4.2](1)
- 10.1 Unlimited Guaranty Agreement dated March 28, 2002. [10.2](5)
- Security Agreement dated March 28, 2002, between Registrant and Guaranty Bank, FSB, as Agent. [10.3](5)
- 10.3 Stock Pledge Agreement dated March 28, 2002, between Registrant and Guaranty Bank, FSB, as Agent. [10.4](5)
- 10.4 + Continental Resources, Inc. 2000 Stock Option Plan. [10.6](2)
- 10.5 + Form of Incentive Stock Option Agreement. [10.7](2)
- 10.6 + Form of Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement. [10.8](2)
- 10.7 Collateral Assignment of Contracts dated March 28, 2002, between Registrant and Guaranty Bank, FSB, as Agent. [10.5](5)
- 12.1 \* Statement re computation of ratio of debt to Adjusted EBITDA.

- 12.2 \* Statement re computation of ratio of earning to fixed charges.
- 31.1 \* Certification pursuant to section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 Chief Executive Officer
- 31.2 \* Certification pursuant to section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 Chief Financial Officer

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- \* Filed herewith
- + Represents management compensatory plans or agreements
- (1) Filed as an exhibit to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4, as amended (No. 333-61547), which was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The exhibit number is indicated in brackets and is incorporated herein by reference.
- (2) Filed as an exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2000. The exhibit number is indicated in brackets and is incorporated herein by reference.
- (3) Filed as an exhibit to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2001. The exhibit number is indicated in brackets and is incorporated herein by reference.
- (4) Filed as an exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2001. The exhibit number is indicated in brackets and is incorporated herein by reference.
- (5) Filed as an exhibit to current report on Form 8-K dated April 11, 2002. The exhibit number is indicated in brackets and is incorporated herein by reference.
- (6) Filed as an exhibit to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2003. The exhibit number is indicated in brackets and is incorporated herein by reference.
- (7) Filed as an exhibit to current report on Form 8-K dated October 22, 2003. The exhibit number is indicated in brackets and is incorporated herein by reference.
- (8) Filed as an exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003. The exhibit number is indicated in brackets and is incorporated herein by reference.
- (9) Filed as an exhibit to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2004. The exhibit number is indicated in brackets and is incorporated herein by reference.
  - (b) REPORTS ON FORM 8-K:

None.

#### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Continental Resources, Inc.

Date: May 13, 2004

By: ROGER V. CLEMENT

Roger V. Clement

Senior Vice President and

Chief Financial Officer

#### EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No.	Description	Method of Filing
3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Continental Resources, Inc.	Incorporated by reference
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws of Continental Resources, Inc.	Incorporated by reference
4.1	Fourth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated March 28, 2002, among the Registrant, Union Bank of California, N.A., Guaranty Bank, FSB and Fortis Capital Corp.	Incorporated by reference
4.1.1	First Amendment to the Revolving Credit Agreement dated June 12, 2003, among the Registrant, Union Bank of California, N.A., Guaranty Bank, FSB and Fortis Capital Corp. [10.1](6)	Incorporated by reference
4.1.2	Second Amendment to the Revolving Credit Agreement dated October 22, 2003, among the Registrant, Union Bank of California, N.A., Guaranty Bank, FSB and Fortis Capital Corp.	Incorporated by reference
4.1.3	Third Amendment to the Revolving Credit Agreement dated April 14, 2004, among the Registrant, Union Bank of California, N.A., Guaranty Bank, FSB, Fortis Capital Corp., and The Royal Bank of Scotland plc.	Filed herewith electronically
4.2	Indenture dated as of July 24, 1998, between Continental Resources, Inc. as Issuer, the Subsidiary Guarantors named therein and the United States Trust Company of New York, as Trustee.	Incorporated by reference
10.1	Unlimited Guaranty Agreement dated March 28, 2002.	Incorporated by reference
10.2	Security Agreement dated March 28, 2002, between Registrant and	Incorporated by reference

Guaranty Bank, FSB, as Agent.

10.3	Stock Pledge Agreement dated March 28, 2002, between Registrant and Guaranty Bank, FSB, as Agent.	Incorporated by reference
10.4	Continental Resources, Inc. 2000 Stock Option Plan.	Incorporated by reference
10.5	Form of Incentive Stock Option Agreement.	Incorporated by reference
10.6	Form of Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement.	Incorporated by reference
10.7	Collateral Assignment of Contracts dated March 28, 2002, between Registrant and Guaranty Bank, FSB, as Agent.	Incorporated by reference
12.1	Statement re computation of ratio of debt to Adjusted EBITDA.	Filed herewith electronically
12.2	Statement re computation of ratio of earning to fixed charges.	Filed herewith electronically
31.1	Certification pursuant to section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 - Chief Executive Officer	Filed herewith electronically
31.2	Certification pursuant to section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 - Chief Financial Officer	Filed herewith electronically