CASS INFORMATION SYSTEMS INC Form 10-Q August 04, 2014

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, DC 20549

		FOF	RM 10-Q	
x	QUARTERLY REPORT PU 1934	JRSUANT T	TO SECTION 13 or 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE AC	CT OF
	For the quarterly period endo	ed <u>June 30.</u>), 2014	
OR				
	TRANSITION REPORT PU 1934	IRSUANT T	TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE A	ACT OF
	For the transition period from	m	to	
	C	ommission	File No. 000-20827	
	CASS IN	FORMA	TION SYSTEMS, INC.	
	(Exact nan	ne of registra	ant as specified in its charter)	
Missouri (State or other jurisdiction)	on of incorporation or		43-1265338 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)	
12444 Powerscourt Dri	ive, Suite 550		63131	
St. Louis, Missouri (Address of principal ex	ecutive offices)		(Zip Code)	
			4) 506-5500	
	(Registrant	s telephone	ne number, including area code)	
Act of 1934 during the			eports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities E eriod that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) I	
	Yes	X	No	

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes X No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

(Check one) Large Accelerated Filer Accelerated Filer X

Non-Accelerated Filer Smaller Reporting Company

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes No X

The number of shares outstanding of the registrant's only class of common stock as of July 30, 2014: Common stock, par value \$.50 per share 11,535,430 shares outstanding.

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Forward-looking Statements - Factors That May Affect Future Results

This report may contain or incorporate by reference forward-looking statements made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Although we believe that, in making any such statements, our expectations are based on reasonable assumptions, forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks, uncertainties, and other factors beyond our control, which may cause future performance to be materially different from expected performance summarized in the forward-looking statements. These risks, uncertainties and other factors are discussed in Part I, Item 1A, Risk Factors of the Company s 2013 Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), which may be updated from time to time in our future filings with the SEC. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements to reflect changed assumptions, the occurrence of anticipated or unanticipated events, or changes to future results over time.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CASS INFORMATION SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Dollars in Thousands except Share and Per Share Data)

	June 2014	30,	Dece	mber 31,
		(Unaudited)		2013
Assets	ф.	10.700	Ф.	11 202
Cash and due from banks	\$	19,790	\$	11,283
Interest-bearing deposits in other financial institutions		108,102 53,831		160,316 53,663
Federal funds sold and other short-term investments				
Cash and cash equivalents		181,723		225,262
Securities available-for-sale, at fair value		327,469		317,767
Loans		665,703		652,177
Less: Allowance for loan losses		11,853		11,679
Loans, net		653,850		640,498
Premises and equipment, net		14,823		13,231
Investment in bank-owned life insurance		15,299		15,437
Payments in excess of funding		124,277		77,650
Goodwill		11,590		11,590
Other intangible assets, net		2,981		3,222
Other assets		19,699		21,363
Total assets	\$	1,351,711	\$	1,326,020
Liabilities and Shareholders Equity				
Liabilities:				
Deposits:				
Noninterest-bearing	\$	147,664	\$	143,841
Interest-bearing		403,847		438,655
Total deposits		551,511		582,496
Accounts and drafts payable		585,858		543,953
Other liabilities		11,661		9,144
Total liabilities		1,149,030		1,135,593
Chambaldan Earitan	_			
Shareholders Equity: Preferred stock, par value \$.50 per share; 2,000,000				
shares authorized and no shares issued				
Common stock, par value \$.50 per share; 40,000,000				
shares authorized and 11,931,147 shares issued at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013		5,966		5,966
Additional paid-in capital		125,646		125,062
Retained earnings		83,173		75,939
Common shares in treasury, at cost (395,717 shares at June 30,				
2014 and 409,667 shares at December 31, 2013)		(10,983)		(10,980)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(1,121)		(5,560)
Total shareholders equity		202,681		190,427
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	\$	1,351,711	\$	1,326,020

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

CASS INFORMATION SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(Unaudited)

(Dollars in Thousands except Per Share Data)

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six	Months En Jun			
		2014		2013		2014		2013
Fee Revenue and Other Income:								
Information services payment and processing	\$	19,554	\$	17,448	\$	37,951	\$	34,024
revenue		251		202				
Bank service fees		271		302		556		606
Gains on sales of securities				1,684				3,137
Other		127		133		1,020		265
Total fee revenue and other income		19,952		19,567		39,527		38,032
Interest Income:								
Interest and fees on loans		7,475		8,343		14,780		16,758
Interest and dividends on securities:								
Taxable		9		18		14		29
Exempt from federal income taxes		2,352		2,141		4,662		4,474
Interest on federal funds sold and								
other short-term investments		139		121		291		218
Total interest income		9,975		10,623		19,747		21,479
Interest Expense:								
Interest on deposits		628		694		1,253		1,381
Net interest income		9,347		9,929		18,494		20,098
Provision for loan losses				300		,		500
Net interest income after provision for loan								
losses		9,347		9,629		18,494		19,598
Total net revenue		29,299		29,196		58,021		57,630
Operating Expense:								
Salaries and employee benefits		16,464		16,280		32,651		32,538
Occupancy		756		735		1,562		1,344
Equipment		1,121		923		2,147		1,831
Amortization of intangible assets		121		147		241		294
Other operating expense		2,844		2,932		5,730		5,399
Total operating expense		21,306		21,017		42,331		41,406
Income before income tax expense		7,993		8,179		15,690		16,224
Income tax expense		1,958		2,106		3,844		4,119
Net income	\$	6,035	\$	6,073	\$	11,846	\$	12,105
Basic earnings per share	\$.52	\$.53	\$	1.03	\$	1.06
Diluted earnings per share		.52		.52		1.02		1.04

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

CASS INFORMATION SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Unaudited) (Dollars In Thousands)

	Thr	ee Months I Ju	Ended ne 30,		Six			
		2014		2013		2014		2013
Comprehensive income:								
Net income	\$	6,035	\$	6,073	\$	11,846	\$	12,105
Other comprehensive income:								
Net unrealized gain (loss) on securities								
available-for-sale		3,395		(7,895)		7,084		(9,192)
Tax effect		(1,261)		2,933		(2,632)		3,415
Reclassification adjustments for gains								
included in net income				(1,685)				(3,137)
Tax effect				591				1,098
Foreign currency translation adjustments		(8)		25		(13)		(23)
Total comprehensive income	\$	8,161	\$	42	\$	16,285	\$	4,266

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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CASS INFORMATION SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited) (Dollars in Thousands)

Six Months Ended

		Jı	ıne 30,		
		2014	2		
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:					
Net income	\$	11,846	\$	12,105	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided					
by operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization		4,051		3,275	
Net gains on sales of securities				(3,137)	
Stock-based compensation expense		1,031		918	
Provision for loan losses				500	
Increase in income tax liability		923		1,109	
Increase in pension liability		356		1,253	
Other operating activities, net		395		(1,459)	
Net cash provided by operating activities		18,602		14,564	
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:					
Proceeds from sales of securities available-for-sale				63,660	
Proceeds from maturities of securities available-for-sale		8,290		6,803	
Purchase of securities available-for-sale		(13,362)		(16,030)	
Net (increase) decrease in loans		(13,352)		16,406	
Increase in payments in excess of funding		(46,627)		(10,451)	
Purchases of premises and equipment, net		(2,948)		(2,284)	
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities		(67,999)		58,104	
, , , ,		, ,		,	
Cash Flows From Financing Activities:					
Net increase (decrease) in noninterest-bearing demand deposits		3,823		(8,237)	
Net decrease in interest-bearing demand and savings deposits		(21,153)		(9,519)	
Net decrease in time deposits		(13,655)		(4,943)	
Net increase in accounts and drafts payable		41,905		83,309	
Cash dividends paid		(4,612)		(4,135)	
Distribution of stock awards, net		(450)		(378)	
Net cash provided by financing activities		5,858		56,097	
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(43,539)		128,765	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		225,262		141,088	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	181,723	\$	269,853	
Supplemental information:					
Cash paid for interest	\$	1,103	\$	1,398	
Cash paid for income taxes	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2,737	7	2,991	
1		_,		_,,,,	

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

CASS INFORMATION SYSTEMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring accruals, considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. For further information, refer to the audited consolidated financial statements and related footnotes included in Cass Information System, Inc. s (the Company or Cass) Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Note 2 Intangible Assets

The Company accounts for intangible assets in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 350, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets, (FASB ASC 350), which requires that intangibles with indefinite useful lives be tested annually for impairment and those with finite useful lives be amortized over their useful lives.

Details of the Company s intangible assets are as follows:

	Jun Gross	ie 30, 20)14	Decem Gross	aber 31, 2013	
	Carrying	-		Carrying	Accumulated Amortization	
(In thousands)	Amount			Amount		
Assets eligible for amortization:						
Customer lists	\$ 3,933	\$	(1,546)	\$ 3,933	\$	(1,387)
Non-compete agreements	261		(131)	261		(105)
Software	234		(195)	234		(156)
Other	500		(75)	500		(58)
Unamortized intangible assets:						
Goodwill ¹	11,817		(227)	11,817		(227)
Total intangible assets	\$ 16,745	\$	(2,174)	\$ 16,745	\$	(1,933)

Amortization through December 31, 2001 prior to adoption of FASB ASC 350.

The customer lists are amortized over seven and ten years; the non-compete agreements over five years; software over three years; and other intangible assets over fifteen years. Amortization of intangible assets amounted to \$241,000 and \$294,000 for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Estimated future amortization of intangibles is as follows: \$482,000 in 2014, \$404,000 in 2015, \$404,000 in 2016 and \$352,000 in each of 2017 and 2018.

Note 3 Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing net income by the sum of the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding and the weighted-average number of potential common shares outstanding. There were no anti-dilutive shares in the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013. The calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share are as follows:

	Thr	ee Months En Jun	nded e 30,		Six	Six Months Ended June 30,			
(In thousands except share and per share data)		2014 2013			2014	2013			
Basic									
Net income	\$	6,035	\$	6,073	\$	11,846	\$	12,105	
Weighted-average common shares									
outstanding		11,489,423		11,428,984		11,483,801		11,425,525	
Basic earnings per share	\$.52	\$.53	\$	1.03	\$	1.06	
Diluted									

Net income	\$ 6,035	\$ 6,073	\$ 11,846	\$ 12,105
Weighted-average common shares				
outstanding	11,489,423	11,428,984	11,483,801	11,425,525
Effect of dilutive restricted stock				
and stock appreciation rights	169,724	187,403	182,146	181,169
Weighted-average common shares				
outstanding assuming dilution	11,659,147	11,616,387	11,665,947	11,606,694
Diluted earnings per share	\$.52	\$.52	\$ 1.02	\$ 1.04

Note 4 Stock Repurchases

The Company maintains a treasury stock buyback program pursuant to which the Board of Directors has authorized the repurchase of up to 363,000 shares of the Company s common stock. The Company did not repurchase any shares during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2014 and 2013. As of June 30, 2014, 363,000 shares remained available for repurchase under the program. Repurchases may be made in the open market or through negotiated transactions from time to time depending on market conditions.

Note 5 Industry Segment Information

The services provided by the Company are classified into two reportable segments: Information Services and Banking Services. Each of these segments provides distinct services that are marketed through different channels. They are managed separately due to their unique service, processing and capital requirements.

The Information Services segment provides transportation, energy, telecommunication, and environmental invoice processing and payment services to large corporations. The Banking Services segment provides banking services primarily to privately held businesses and churches.

The Company s accounting policies for segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013. Management evaluates segment performance based on net income after allocations for corporate expenses and income taxes. Transactions between segments are accounted for at what management believes to be fair value.

Substantially all revenue originates from, and all long-lived assets are located within, the United States, and no revenue from any customer of any segment exceeds 10% of the Company s consolidated revenue.

Assets represent actual assets owned by Information Services and Banking Services and there is no allocation methodology used. Segment interest from customers is the actual interest earned on the loans owned by Information Services and Banking Services, respectively.

Summarized information about the Company s operations in each industry segment is as follows:

(In thousands) Three Months Ended June 30, 2014	Information Services		Banking Services		Corporate, Eliminations and Other			Total	
Fee revenue and other income:									
Income from customers	\$	23,737	\$	5,562	\$		\$	29,299	
	Φ	2,160	Φ	374	Φ	(2.534)	ф	29,299	
Intersegment income (expense) Net income		4.280		1.755		(2,534)		6,035	
Goodwill		,		,					
		11,454		136				11,590	
Other intangible assets, net Total assets		2,981		((2.546		(21.520)		2,981	
1 otal abbeto		709,693		663,546		(21,528)		1,351,711	
Three Months Ended June 30, 2013									
Fee revenue and other income	Ф	22 200	Φ.	5.005	Φ.		Φ.	20.107	
Income from customers	\$	23,309	\$	5,887	\$		\$	29,196	
Intersegment income (expense)	_	2,279		386		(2,665)			
Net income		4,166		1,868		39		6,073	
Goodwill	_	11,454		136				11,590	
Other intangible assets, net		3,463						3,463	
Total assets		720,841		641,114		(13,421)		1,348,534	
Six Months Ended June 30, 2014									
Fee revenue and other income:									
Income from customers	\$	46,952	\$	11,069	\$		\$	58,021	
Intersegment income (expense)		4,302		730		(5,032)			
Net income		8,380		3,466				11,846	
Goodwill		11,454		136				11,590	
Other intangible assets, net		2,981						2,981	
Total assets		709,693		663,546		(21,528)		1,351,711	

Six Months Ended June 30, 2013					
Fee revenue and other income					
Income from customers	\$ 45,769	\$	11,861	\$	\$ 57,630
Intersegment income (expense)	4,845		769	(5,614)	
Net income	7,859		4,120	126	12,105
Goodwill	11,454		136		11,590
Other intangible assets, net	3,463				3,463
Total assets	720,841	(541,114	(13,421)	1,348,534

Note 6 Loans by Type

A summary of loan categories is as follows:

	June 30,		December 31,	
(In thousands)		2014		2013
Commercial and industrial	\$	202,255	\$	171,304
Real estate				
Commercial:				
Mortgage		120,536		128,358
Construction		6,712		6,632
Church, church-related:				
Mortgage		313,793		326,832
Construction		14,061		9,817
Industrial Revenue Bond		8,266		9,167
Other		80		67
Total loans	\$	665,703	\$	652,177

The following table presents the aging of loans by loan categories at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013:

	Performing						Nonperforming 90 Days					
			30-	59	60-8	9	and	,	No	n-	To	tal
(In thousands)	(Current	D	ays	Day	'S	Ove	er	a	ccrual		Loans
June 30, 2014												
Commercial and industrial	\$	202,255	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	202,255
Real estate												
Commercial:						_		_				
Mortgage		120,168								368		120,536
Construction		6,712										6,712
Church, church-related:												
Mortgage		312,642				_		_		1,151		313,793
Construction		14,061										14,061
Industrial Revenue Bond		8,266				_		_				8,266
Other		80										80
Total	\$	664,184	\$		\$		\$		\$	1,519	\$	665,703
December 31, 2013												
Commercial and industrial	\$	171,293	\$		\$		\$		\$	11	\$	171,304
Real estate												
Commercial:						_		_				
Mortgage		127,879								479		128,358
Construction		6,632										6,632
Church, church-related:												
Mortgage		325,091		434		_		_		1,307		326,832
Construction		9,817										9,817
Industrial Revenue Bond		9,167				_		_				9,167
Other		67										67
Total	\$	649,946	\$	434	\$		\$		\$	1,797	\$	652,177

The following table presents the credit exposure of the loan portfolio by internally assigned credit grade as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013:

	Loans Subject to Normal			forming ns ject to cial	Loa Sub	nperformin ins iject pecial	g	Total
(In thousands)	Mo	onitoring ¹	Mo	nitoring ²	Monitoring ²			Loans
June 30, 2014								
Commercial and industrial	\$	198,643	\$	3,612	\$		\$	202,255
Real estate								
Commercial:								
Mortgage		103,658		16,510		368		120,536
Construction		6,712						6,712
Church, church-related:								
Mortgage		312,126		516		1,151		313,793
Construction		14,061						14,061
Industrial Revenue Bond		8,266						8,266
Other		80						80
Total	\$	643,546	\$	20,638	\$	1,519	\$	665,703
December 31, 2013								
Commercial and industrial	\$	167,878	\$	3,415	\$	11	\$	171,304
Real estate								
Commercial:								
Mortgage		119,521		8,358		479		128,358
Construction		6,632						6,632
Church, church-related:								
Mortgage		323,291		2,234		1,307		326,832
Construction		9,817						9,817
Industrial Revenue Bond		9,167						9,167
Other		67		1100=		1 = 0 =	_	67
Total	\$	636,373	\$	14,007	\$	1,797	\$	652,177

Loans subject to normal monitoring involve borrowers of acceptable-to-strong credit quality and risk, who have the apparent ability to satisfy their loan obligations.

Impaired loans consist primarily of nonaccrual loans, loans greater than 90 days past due and still accruing interest and troubled debt restructurings, both performing and nonperforming. Troubled debt restructuring involves the granting of a concession to a borrower experiencing financial difficulty resulting in the modification of terms of the loan, such as changes in payment schedule or interest rate. Management measures impairment in accordance with FASB ASC 310, Allowance for Credit Losses. At June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, all impaired loans were evaluated based on the fair value of the collateral. The fair value of the collateral is based upon an observable market price or current appraised value and therefore, the Company classifies these assets as nonrecurring Level 3. There were no loans delinquent 90 days or more and still accruing interest at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013. There were no loans classified as troubled debt restructuring at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

There were no foreclosed loans recorded as other real estate owned (included in other assets) as of June 30, 2014, and December 31, 2013.

Loans subject to special monitoring possess some credit deficiency or potential weakness which requires a high level of management attention.

The following table presents the recorded investment and unpaid principal balance for impaired loans at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013:

			Unpaid Principal			ated owance
	Rec	corded			for	Loan
(In thousands)	Inv	estment	В	alance	Losses	
June 30, 2014 Commercial and industrial:						
Nonaccrual	\$		\$		\$	
Real estate	Ψ		Ψ			
Commercial Mortgage:						
Nonaccrual		368		368		
Church Mortgage:						
Nonaccrual		1,151		1,151	_	171
Total impaired loans	\$	1,519	\$	1,519	\$	171
December 31, 2013						
Commercial and industrial:						
Nonaccrual	\$	11	\$	11	\$	6
Real estate						
Commercial Mortgage:						
Nonaccrual		479		479		89
Church Mortgage:						
Nonaccrual		1,307		1,307		223
Total impaired loans	\$	1,797	\$	1,797	\$	318

A summary of the activity in the allowance for loan losses from December 31, 2013 to June 30, 2014 is as follows:

	December 31,			arge			June 30,			
(In thousands)		2013	Offs		Offs Recove		Provision		2014	
Commercial and industrial	\$	3,036	\$	3	\$	30	\$ 18	\$	3,081	
Real estate										
Commercial:										
Mortgage		3,946				221	335		4,502	
Construction		151					(8)		143	
Church, church-related:										
Mortgage		4,354		76		2	(384)		3,896	
Construction		124					49		173	
Industrial Revenue Bond		68					(11)		57	
Other							1		1	
Total	\$	11,679	\$	79	\$	253	\$ 0	\$	11,853	

Note 7 Commitments and Contingencies

In the normal course of business, the Company is party to activities that contain credit, market and operational risks that are not reflected in whole or in part in the Company is consolidated financial statements. Such activities include traditional off-balance sheet credit-related financial instruments and commitments under operating leases. These financial instruments include commitments to extend credit, commercial letters of credit and standby letters of credit. The Company is maximum potential exposure to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the other party to the financial instrument for commitments to extend credit, commercial letters of credit and standby letters of credit is represented by the contractual amounts of those instruments. At June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, no amounts have been accrued for any estimated losses for these instruments.

Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a customer as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. Commercial and standby letters of credit are conditional commitments issued by the Company or its subsidiaries to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. These off-balance sheet financial instruments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of a fee. At June 30, 2014, the balance of unused loan commitments, standby and commercial letters of credit were \$14,298,000, \$11,422,000, and \$2,669,000, respectively. Since some of the financial instruments may expire without being drawn upon, the total amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. Commitments to extend credit and letters of credit are subject to the same underwriting standards as those financial instruments included on the consolidated balance sheets. The Company evaluates each customer s credit worthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral obtained, if deemed necessary upon extension of the credit, is based on management s credit evaluation of the borrower. Collateral held varies, but is generally accounts receivable, inventory, residential or income-producing commercial property or equipment. In the event of nonperformance, the Company or its subsidiaries may obtain and liquidate the collateral to recover amounts paid under guarantees on these financial instruments.

The following table summarizes contractual cash obligations of the Company related to operating lease commitments and time deposits at June 30, 2014:

	Amount of Commitment Expiration per Period									
			Le	ss than	1-3	}	3-5	5	Ov	er 5
(In thousands)	Total		1 Year		Years		Years		Years	
Operating lease commitments	\$	8,878	\$	1,340	\$	2,467	\$	2,026	\$	3,045
Time deposits		85,341		73,650		10,222		1,469		
Total	\$	94,219	\$	74,990	\$	12,689	\$	3,495	\$	3,045

The Company and its subsidiaries are involved in various pending legal actions and proceedings in which claims for damages are asserted. Management, after discussion with legal counsel, believes the ultimate resolution of these legal actions and proceedings will not have a material effect upon the Company s consolidated financial position or results of operations.

Note 8 Stock-Based Compensation

The Amended and Restated Omnibus Stock and Performance Compensation Plan (the Omnibus Plan) permits the issuance of up to 1,500,000 shares of the Company s common stock in the form of stock options, stock appreciation rights (SARs), restricted stock, restricted stock units and performance awards. The Company issues shares out of treasury stock for these awards. During the six months ended June 30, 2014, 21,990 restricted shares and 37,213 SARs were granted under the Omnibus Plan.

Restricted Stock

Restricted shares granted prior to April 16, 2013 are amortized to expense over a three-year vesting period. Beginning on April 16, 2013, restricted shares granted to Company employees are amortized to expense over a three-year vesting period whereas restricted shares granted to members of the Board of Directors are amortized to expense over a one-year service period, with the exception of those shares granted in lieu of cash payments for retainer fees which are expensed in the period earned. As of June 30, 2014, the total unrecognized compensation expense related to non-vested restricted shares was \$1,770,000, and the related weighted-average period over which it is expected to be recognized is approximately 1.0 years.

Following is a summary of the activity of the restricted stock:

	Six Month June 3	
		Fair
	Shares	 Value
Balance at December 31, 2013	58,649	\$ 37.45
Granted	21,990	\$ 59.24
Vested	(29,954)	\$ 35.27
Balance at June 30, 2014	50,685	\$ 48.19

SARs

SARs vest over a three-year period, with one-third of the shares vesting and becoming exercisable each year on the anniversary date of the grant, and they expire 10 years from the original grant date. As of June 30, 2014, the total unrecognized compensation expense was \$1,211,000, and the related weighted-average period over which it is expected to be recognized is 1.5 years. Following is a summary of the activity of the Company s SARs program for the six-month period ended June 30, 2014:

		Weighted- Average Exercise	Average Remaining Contractual	Aggregate Intrinsic Value		
	Shares	Price	Term Years	(In thousands)		
Outstanding at December 31, 2013	343,445	\$ 32.01	7.33	\$ 12,137		
Granted	37,213	\$ 61.64				
Exercised	(7,605)	\$ 34.77				
Outstanding at June 30, 2014	373,053	\$ 34.91	7.10	\$ 5,435		

Exercisable at June 30, 2014 \$ 29.40 \$ 4,982

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Following is a summary of the activity of the non-vested SARs during the six-month period ended June 30, 2014:

		•	Grant Date Fair		
	Shares		Value		
Non-vested at December 31, 2013	177,128	\$	37.11		
Granted	37,213	-\$	61.64		
Vested	(89,359)	\$	35.09		
Non-vested at June 30, 2014	124,982	\$	45.85		

The Company uses the Black-Scholes pricing model to determine the fair value of the SARs at the date of grant. Following are the assumptions used to estimate the per-share fair value of SARs granted:

	Six 1	Six Months Ended June 30,				
	30,					
	2	014	2013			
Risk-free interest rate	2	38%	1.29%			
Expected life	7	yrs.	7 yrs.			
Expected volatility	28	5.11%	28.72%			
Expected dividend yield	1	.30%	1.71%			

The risk-free interest rate is based on the zero-coupon U.S. Treasury yield for the period equal to the expected life of the SARs at the time of the grant. The expected life was derived using the historical exercise activity. The Company uses historical volatility for a period equal to the expected life of the rights using average monthly closing market prices of the Company s stock as reported on The Nasdaq Global Market. The expected dividend yield is based on the Company s current rate of annual dividends.

Note 9 Defined Pension Plans

The Company has a noncontributory defined-benefit pension plan, which covers most of its employees. The Company accrues and makes contributions designed to fund normal service costs on a current basis using the projected unit credit with service proration method to amortize prior service costs arising from improvements in pension benefits and qualifying service prior to the establishment of the plan over a period of approximately 30 years. Disclosure information is based on a measurement date of December 31 of the corresponding year. The following table represents the components of the net periodic pension costs for 2013 and an estimate for 2014:

	Estimated		Ac	tual
(In thousands)		2014		2013
Service cost benefits earned during the year	\$	3,073	\$	3,452
Interest cost on projected benefit obligations		3,132		2,819
Expected return on plan assets		(4,958)		(4,469)
Net amortization and deferral		393		1,729
Net periodic pension cost	\$	1,640	\$	3,531

Pension costs recorded to expense were \$410,000 and \$923,000 for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and totaled \$820,000 and \$1,858,000 for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Pension costs declined significantly in 2014 due to an increase in the discount rate assumption and the favorable asset return in 2013. The Company made no contribution to the plan during the six-month period ended June 30, 2014 and is evaluating the amount of additional contributions, if any, in 2014.

In addition to the above funded benefit plan, the Company has an unfunded supplemental executive retirement plan which covers key executives of the Company. This is a noncontributory plan in which the Company and its subsidiaries make accruals designed to fund normal service costs on a current basis using the same method and criteria as its defined benefit plan. The following table represents the components of the net periodic pension costs for 2013 and an estimate for 2014:

Estimated Actual

Weighted Average

(In thousands)	2014		2	2013
Service cost benefits earned during the year	\$	136	\$	144
Interest cost on projected benefit obligation		377		335
Net amortization		431		551
Net periodic pension cost	\$	944	\$	1,030

Pension costs recorded to expense were \$236,000 and \$255,000 for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and were \$472,000 and \$515,000 for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Note 10 Income Taxes

As of June 30, 2014, the Company s unrecognized tax benefits were approximately \$1,345,000, of which \$968,000 would, if recognized, affect the Company s effective tax rate. As of December 31, 2013, the Company's unrecognized tax benefits were approximately \$1,208,000, of which \$861,000 would, if recognized, affect the Company's effective tax rate. During the next 12 months, the Company may realize a reduction of its unrecognized tax benefits of approximately \$251,000 due to the lapse of federal and state statutes of limitations.

The Company recognizes interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions in income tax expense. The Company had \$58,000 and \$41,000 of gross interest accrued as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. There were no penalties for unrecognized tax benefits accrued at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

The Company is subject to income tax in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and numerous state jurisdictions. U.S. federal income tax returns for tax years 2010 through 2012 remain subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service. In addition, the Company is subject to state tax examinations for the tax years 2010 through 2012.

Note 11 Investment in Securities

Investment securities available-for-sale are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis. The Company s investment securities available-for-sale are measured at fair value using Level 2 valuations. The market evaluation utilizes several sources which include observable inputs rather than significant unobservable inputs and therefore fall into the Level 2 category. The amortized cost, gross unrealized gains, gross unrealized losses and fair value of investment securities are summarized as follows:

	June 30, 2014						
			Gross		Gross		
	An	nortized	Unrealized		ι	nrealized	
(In thousands)		Cost		Gains		Losses	Fair Value
State and political subdivisions	\$	311,021	\$	13,238	\$	540	\$ 323,719
Certificates of deposit		3,750					3,750
Total	\$	314,771	\$	13,238	\$	540	\$ 327,469
			D	ecember 3	31, 2	2013	
			G	Gross Gross		ross	
	An	nortized	U	nrealized	Uı	realized	
							Fair
(In thousands)	_	Cost		Gains	I	osses	Value
State and political subdivisions	\$	308,403	\$	8,537	\$	2,923	\$ 314,017
Certificates of deposit	_	3,750	_		_		3,750
Total	\$	312,153	\$	8,537	\$	2,923	\$ 317,767

The fair values of securities with unrealized losses are as follows:

			June 3	0, 2014		
	Less th	an 12				
	mon	ths	12 months	or more	Tota	al
	Estimated	d Unrealiz	zeŒstimated	Unrealize	d Estimated	Unrealized
	Fair		Fair		Fair	
(In thousands)	Value	Losses	Value	Losses	Value	Losses
State and political subdivisions	\$ 3,834	\$ 2	\$ 36,578	\$ 538	\$ 40,412	\$ 540
Certificates of deposit						
Total	\$ 3,834	\$ 2	\$ 3,578	\$ 538	\$ 40,412	\$ 540

		December 31, 2013										
	Less than 1	12 months	12 months	or more	Tota	l						
	Estimated	Estimated Unrealized Estimated Unrealized Est		d Estimated	Unrealized							
	Fair		Fair									
(In thousands)	Value	Losses	Value	Losses	Fair Value	Losses						
State and political subdivisions	\$ 101,792	\$ 2,661	\$ 3,554	\$ 262	\$ 105,346	\$ 2,923						
Certificates of deposit												
Total	\$ 101,792	\$ 2,661	\$ 3,554	\$ 262	\$ 105,346	\$ 2,923						

There were 36 securities, or 11% of the total (four greater than 12 months), in an unrealized loss position as of June 30, 2014. There were 102 securities, or 31% of the total (three greater than 12 months), in an unrealized loss position as of December 31, 2013. All unrealized losses were reviewed to determine whether the losses were other than temporary. Management believes that all unrealized losses are temporary since they were market driven, and it is more likely than not that the Company will not be required to sell prior to recovery of the amortized basis.

The amortized cost and fair value of investment securities by contractual maturity are shown in the following table. Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities because borrowers have the right to prepay obligations with or without prepayment penalties.

		June 3	0, 20)14
	Aı			
(In thousands)		Cost	Fa	air Value
Due in 1 year or less	\$	21,417	\$	21,789
Due after 1 year through 5 years		72,344		76,417
Due after 5 years through 10 years		144,456		149,664
Due after 10 years		76,554		79,599
Total	\$	314,771	\$	327,469

Proceeds from sales of investment securities classified as available for sale were \$0 and \$35,639,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and were \$0 and \$63,660,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Gross realized gains were \$0 and \$1,684,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and were \$0 and \$3,137,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. There were two securities totaling \$3,750,000 pledged to secure public deposits and for other purposes at June 30, 2014.

Note 12 Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Following is a summary of the carrying amounts and fair values of the Company s financial instruments:

	Ca	June 3	30, 20	December 31, 2013 Carrying				
(In thousands)		Amount		Fair Value		Amount		air Value
Balance sheet assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	181,723	\$	181,723	\$	225,262	\$	225,262
Investment securities		327,469		327,469		317,767		317,767
Loans, net		653,850		652,982		640,498		642,543
Accrued interest receivable		6,180		6,180		6,030		6,030
Total	\$	1,169,222	\$	1,168,354	\$	1,189,557	\$	1,191,602
Balance sheet liabilities:								
Deposits	\$	551,511	\$	551,805	\$	582,496	\$	583,989
Accounts and drafts payable		585,858		585,858		543,953		543,953
Accrued interest payable		70		70		88		88
Total	\$	1,137,439	\$	1,137,733	\$	1,126,537	\$	1,128,030

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate that value:

Cash and Cash Equivalents - The carrying amount approximates fair value.

Investment in Securities - The fair value is measured on a recurring basis using Level 2 valuations. Refer to Note 11, Investment in Securities, for fair value and unrealized gains and losses by investment type.

Loans - The fair value is estimated using present values of future cash flows discounted at risk-adjusted interest rates for each loan category designated by management and is therefore a Level 3 valuation. Management believes that the risk factor embedded in the interest rates along with the allowance for loan losses result in a fair valuation.

Impaired loans are valued using the fair value of the collateral which is based upon an observable market price or a current appraised value and therefore, the fair value is a nonrecurring Level 3 valuation.

Accrued Interest Receivable - The carrying amount approximates fair value.

Deposits - The fair value of demand deposits, savings deposits and certain money market deposits is the amount payable on demand at the reporting date. The fair value of fixed-maturity certificates of deposit is estimated using the rates currently offered for deposits of similar remaining maturities and therefore, is a Level 2 valuation. The fair value estimates above do not include the benefit that results from the low-cost funding provided by the deposit liabilities compared to the cost of borrowing funds in the market or the benefit derived from the customer relationship inherent in existing deposits

Accounts and Drafts Payable - The carrying amount approximates fair value.

Accrued Interest - The carrying amount approximates fair value.

There were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2 of the fair value hierarchy for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013. No financial instruments are measured using Level 3 inputs for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013.

Note 13 Subsequent Events

In accordance with FASB ASC 855, Subsequent Events, the Company has evaluated subsequent events after the consolidated balance sheet date of June 30, 2014, and there were no events identified that would require additional disclosures to prevent the Company s unaudited consolidated financial statements from being misleading.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Overview

Cass Information Systems, Inc. (Cass or the Company) provides payment and information processing services to large manufacturing, distribution and retail enterprises from its offices/locations in St. Louis, Missouri, Columbus, Ohio, Boston, Massachusetts, Greenville, South Carolina, Wellington, Kansas, Jacksonville, Florida, and Breda, Netherlands. The Company s services include transportation invoice rating, payment processing, auditing, and the generation of accounting and transportation information. Cass also processes and pays energy invoices, which include electricity and gas as well as waste and other facility related expenses. Cass is also in the telecommunications expense management market which includes bill processing and expense management solutions. Cass extracts, stores, and presents information from transportation, energy, telecommunication and environmental invoices, assisting its customers transportation, energy, environmental and information technology managers in making decisions that will enable them to improve operating performance. The Company receives data from multiple sources, electronic and otherwise, and processes the data to accomplish the specific operating requirements of its customers. It then provides the data in a central repository for access and archiving. The data is finally transformed into information through the Company s databases that allow client interaction as required and provide Internet-based tools for analytical processing. The Company, through Cass Commercial Bank, its St. Louis, Missouri-based bank subsidiary (the Bank), also provides banking services in the St. Louis metropolitan area and lending-related services in Orange County, California, and Colorado Springs, Colorado. In addition to supporting the Company s payment operations, the Bank provides banking services to its target markets, which include privately-owned businesses and churches and church-related ministries.

The specific payment and information processing services provided to each customer are developed individually to meet each customer s requirements, which can vary greatly. In addition, the degree of automation such as electronic data interchange, imaging, work flow, and web-based solutions varies greatly among customers and industries. These factors combine so that pricing varies greatly among the customer base. In general, however, Cass is compensated for its processing services through service fees and investment of account balances generated during the payment process. The amount, type, and calculation of service fees vary greatly by service offering, but generally follow the volume of transactions processed. Interest income from the balances generated during the payment processing cycle is affected by the amount of time Cass holds the funds prior to payment and the dollar volume processed. Both the number of transactions processed and the dollar volume

processed are therefore key metrics followed by management. Other factors will also influence revenue and profitability, such as changes in the general level of interest rates, which have a significant effect on net interest income. The funds generated by these processing activities are invested in overnight investments, investment grade securities, and loans generated by the Bank. The Bank earns most of its revenue from net interest income, or the difference between the interest earned on its loans and investments and the interest paid on its deposits and other borrowings. The Bank also assesses fees on other services such as cash management services.

Industry-wide factors that impact the Company include the willingness of large corporations to outsource key business functions such as transportation, energy, telecommunication and environmental payment and audit. The benefits that can be achieved by outsourcing transaction processing, and the management information generated by Cass—systems can be influenced by factors such as the competitive pressures within industries to improve profitability, the general level of transportation costs, deregulation of energy costs, and consolidation of telecommunication providers. Economic factors that impact the Company include the general level of economic activity that can affect the volume and size of invoices processed, the ability to hire and retain qualified staff, and the growth and quality of the loan portfolio. The general level of interest rates also has a significant effect on the revenue of the Company. As discussed in greater detail in Item 7A,—Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk,—in the Company—s 2013 Annual Report on Form 10-K, a decline in the general level of interest rates can have a negative impact on net interest income.

Currently, management views Cass major opportunity as the continued expansion of its payment and information processing service offerings and customer base. Management intends to accomplish this by maintaining the Company s leadership position in applied technology, which when combined with the security and processing controls of the Bank, makes Cass unique in the industry.

Critical Accounting Policies

The Company has prepared the consolidated financial statements in this report in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC). In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. These estimates have been generally accurate in the past, have been consistent and have not required any material changes. There can be no assurances that actual results will not differ from those estimates. Certain accounting policies that require significant management estimates and are deemed critical to the Company's results of operations or financial position have been discussed with the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors and are described below.

Investment in Debt Securities. The Company classifies its debt marketable securities as available-for-sale. Securities classified as available-for-sale are carried at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses, net of the related tax effect, are excluded from earnings and reported in accumulated other comprehensive income, a component of shareholders—equity. A decline in the fair value of any available-for-sale security below cost that is deemed other than temporary results in a charge to earnings and the establishment of a new cost basis for the security. To determine whether impairment is other than temporary, the Company considers whether it is more likely than not that the Company will not be required to sell prior to recovery of the amortized cost basis. Evidence considered in this assessment includes the reasons for impairment, the severity and duration of the impairment, changes in value subsequent to period-end and forecasted performance of the investee.

Allowance for Loan Losses. The Company performs periodic and systematic detailed reviews of its loan portfolio to assess overall collectability. The level of the allowance for loan losses reflects management s estimate of the collectability of the loan portfolio. Although these estimates are based on established methodologies for determining allowance requirements, actual results can differ significantly from estimated results. These policies affect both segments of the Company. The impact and associated risks related to these policies on the Company s business operations are discussed in the Provision and Allowance for Loan Losses section of this report. The Company s estimates have been materially accurate in the past, and accordingly, the Company expects to continue to utilize the present processes.

Impairment of Assets. The Company periodically evaluates certain long-term assets such as intangible assets including goodwill, foreclosed assets and assets held for sale for impairment. Generally, these assets are initially recorded at cost, and recognition of impairment is required when events and circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts of these assets will not be recoverable in the future. If impairment occurs, various methods of measuring impairment may be called for depending on the circumstances and type of asset, including quoted market prices, estimates based on similar assets, and estimates based on valuation techniques such as discounted projected cash flows. The Company had no impairment of goodwill and intangible assets for the six-month period ended June 30, 2014 or for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013, and management does not anticipate any future impairment loss. Investment securities available-for-sale are measured at fair value as determined by an independent research firm. These policies affect both segments of the Company and require significant management assumptions and estimates that could result in materially different results if conditions or underlying circumstances change.

Income Taxes. The objectives of accounting for income taxes are to recognize the amount of taxes payable or refundable for the current year and deferred tax liabilities and assets for the future tax consequences of events that have been recognized in an entity's financial statements or tax returns. Judgment is required in addressing the future tax consequences of events that have been recognized in the Company s financial statements or tax returns such as the realization of deferred tax assets or changes in tax laws or interpretations thereof. In addition, the Company is subject to the continuous examination of its income tax returns by the Internal Revenue Service and other taxing authorities. In accordance with FASB ASC 740, Income Taxes, the Company has unrecognized tax benefits related to tax positions taken or expected to be taken. See Note 10 to the unaudited consolidated financial statements contained herein.

Pension Plans. The amounts recognized in the unaudited consolidated financial statements related to pension plans are determined from actuarial valuations. Inherent in these valuations are assumptions, including expected return on plan assets, discount rates at which the liabilities could be settled at December 31, 2013, rate of increase in future compensation levels and mortality rates. These assumptions are updated annually and are disclosed in Note 10 to the consolidated financial statements filed with the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013. There have been no significant changes in the Company s long-term rate of return assumptions for the past three fiscal years ended December 31, and management believes they are not reasonably likely to change in the future. Pursuant to FASB ASC 715, Compensation Retirement Benefits, the Company has recognized the funded status of its defined benefit postretirement plan in its balance sheet and has recognized changes in that funded status through comprehensive income. The funded status is measured as the difference between the fair value of the plan assets and the projected benefit obligation as of the date of its fiscal year-end.

Results of Operations

The following paragraphs more fully discuss the results of operations and changes in financial condition for the three-month period ended June 30, 2014 (Second Quarter of 2014) compared to the three-month period ended June 30, 2013 (Second Quarter of 2013) and the six-month period ended June 30, 2014 (First Half of 2014) compared to the six-month period ended June 30, 2013 (First Half of 2013). The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the unaudited consolidated financial statements and related notes and with the statistical information and financial data appearing in this report, as well as in the Company's 2013 Annual Report on Form 10-K. Results of operations for the Second Quarter of 2014 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be attained for any other period.

Net Income

The following table summarizes the Company s operating results:

	S	econd		First Half of					
(Dollars in thousands except per				%					%
share data)	2014		2013	Change		2014		2013	Change
Net income	\$ 6,035	\$	6,073	(.6%)	\$	11,846	\$	12,105	(2.1%)
Diluted earnings per share	\$.52	\$.52		\$	1.02	\$	1.04	(1.9%)
Return on average assets	1.73%		1.83 %			1.72%		1.84%	
Return on average equity	12.22%		13.81%			12.24%		13.93%	

Fee Revenue and Other Income

The Company s fee revenue is derived mainly from transportation and expense management payment and processing fees. As the Company provides its processing and payment services, it is compensated by service fees which are typically calculated on a per-item basis and by the accounts and drafts payable balances generated in the payment process which can be used to generate interest income. Processing volumes and fee revenue were as follows:

	Se	cond	Quarter of			t Half of		
				%				%
(In thousands)	2014		2013	Change	2014		2013	Change
Transportation invoice transaction								
volume	8,874		7,935	11.8%	16,633		15,279	8.9%
Transportation invoice dollar volume	\$ 6,664,922	\$	5,869,694	13.5%	\$ 12,557,493	\$	11,285,059	11.3%
Expense management transaction								
volume*	5,181		4,800	7.9%	10,276		9,418	9.1%
Expense management dollar								
volume*	\$ 3,060,418	\$	2,762,513	10.8%	\$ 6,334,971	\$	5,402,756	17.3%
Payment and processing fees	\$ 19,554	\$	17,448	12.1%	\$ 37,951	\$	34,024	11.5%

Includes energy, telecom and environmental

Second Quarter of 2014 compared to Second Quarter of 2013:

Transportation and facility expense dollar volumes increased 13.5% and 10.8%, respectively. The increases were driven by growth in processing activity associated with the large number of new customers added in the past year plus increased activity from core transportation clients.

Bank service fees were slightly lower. There were no gains on sales of securities in the Second Quarter of 2014, compared to \$1,684,000 in the Second Quarter of 2013.

First Half of 2014 compared to First Half of 2013:

Transportation and expense management dollar volumes were up 11.3% and 17.3%, respectively for the same reasons as the Second Quarter. Transportation transaction volumes were up 8.9%. Expense transaction volumes were up 9.1 %.

There were no gains on sales of securities in the First Half of 2014, compared to \$3,137,000 in the First Half of 2013.

Net Interest Income

Net interest income is the difference between interest earned on loans, investments, and other earning assets and interest expense on deposits and other interest-bearing liabilities. Net interest income is a significant source of the Company s revenues. The following table summarizes the changes in tax-equivalent net interest income and related factors:

	Sec	ond	Quarter of	First Half of					
				%					%
(In thousands)	2014		2013	Change		2014		2013	Change
Average earnings assets	\$ 1,220,326	\$	1,176,943	3.69%	\$	1,227,932	\$	1,171,498	4.82%
Average interest-bearing									
liabilities	417,641		403,756	3.44%		419,810		404,369	3.82%
Net interest income*	10,636		11,062	(3.85)%		21,048		22,440	(6.20)%
Net interest margin*	3.50%		3.77%			3.46%		3.86%	
Yield on earning assets*	3.70%		4.01%			3.66%		4.10%	
Rate on interest-bearing liabilities	.60%		.69%			.60%		.69%	

^{*} Presented on a tax-equivalent basis assuming a tax rate of 35%.

Second Quarter of 2014 compared to Second Quarter of 2013:

Second Quarter of 2014 average earning assets increased \$43,383,000, or 3.69%, compared to the same period in the prior year (see discussion in the following paragraphs). The yield on earning assets and the tax equivalent net interest margin both decreased in 2014 as the general level of interest rates remains low and the impact becomes more pronounced as longer-term, higher-yielding assets re-price, mature or are sold.

Total average loans decreased \$5,337,000, or less than 1%, for the Second Quarter of 2014 as compared to the Second Quarter of 2013. Average investment securities increased \$39,216,000, or 14.22%, for the Second Quarter of 2014.

Total average interest-bearing deposits for the Second Quarter of 2014 increased \$13,885,000, or 3.44%, compared to the Second Quarter of 2013. Average accounts and drafts payable increased \$43,442,000, or 7.33%, for the Second Quarter of 2014 due to the increase in processing activity.

First Half of 2014 compared to First Half of 2013:

First Half of 2014 average earning assets increased \$56,434,000, or 4.82%, compared to the same period in the prior year (see following discussion). The yield on earning assets and the tax equivalent net interest margin both decreased in 2014 as the general level of interest rates remained low.

Total average loans decreased \$17,205,000 for the First Half of 2014 as compared to the First Half of 2013. This decrease was attributable to normal amortization of the loan portfolio and intense competition from other lenders for new loans. Average investment securities increased \$24,602,000, or 8.55%, as the Company took advantage of market opportunities.

Total average interest-bearing deposits for the First Half of 2014 increased \$15,441,000, or 3.82%, to \$419,810,000 compared to the First Half of 2013. Average accounts and drafts payable increased \$39,613,000, or 6.78%, to \$623,554,000.

For more information on the changes in net interest income, please refer to the tables that follow.

Distribution of Assets, Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity; Interest Rate and Interest Differential

The following tables show the condensed average balance sheets for each of the periods reported, the tax-equivalent interest income and expense on each category of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities, and the average yield on such categories of interest-earning assets and the average rates paid on such categories of interest-bearing liabilities for each of the periods reported.

Balance Expense Rate Balance Expense Rate Balance Expense Section		ncome/	Inte	orago	A 57	Yield/	erest come/	Int	Second				
Earning assets				0					_	AV			
Earning assets Loans ^{2, 2, 3} : Taxable \$ 662,504 \$ 7,423 4.49% \$ 675,641 \$ Tax-exempt ⁴ 8,410 74 3.53 610 Investment securities ⁵ : Taxable 1,097 9 3.29 1,070 Tax-exempt ⁴ 313,848 3,619 4.63 274,659 Certificates of deposit other financial institutions 117,023 97 .33 95,631 Federal funds sold and other short-term investments 113,694 42 .15 123,197 Total earning assets 1,220,326 11,264 3.70 1,176,943 1 Non-earning assets 1,220,326 11,264 3.70 1,176,943 1 Non-earning assets 11,722 12,398 Premises and equipment, net 14,030 12,027 Bank-owned life insurance 15,221 15,090 Goodwill and other intangibles 14,642 15,140 Other assets 134,296 110,587 Allowance for loan losses (11,850) (11,052) Total assets \$ 1,398,387 \$ 1,331,133 Liabilities and Shareholders Equity Interest-bearing liabilities Interest-bearing demand deposits \$ 312,458 \$ 406 .52% \$ 273,892 \$ Savings deposits 14,367 19 .53 19,100 Time deposits \$ 5100 29,035 83 1,15 34,151 Other time deposits 61,770 120 .78 76,612 Federal Funds purchased 11 Total interest-bearing deposits 417,641 628 .60 403,756 Non-interest bearing liabilities Demand deposits 136,457 132,434	.343 4.95%	Expense	E	Balance		Rate	xpense	E	Balance				
Loans ^{2,3} : Taxable \$ 662,504 \$ 7,423 4.49% \$ 675,641 \$ Tax-exempt ⁴ 8,410 74 3.53 610 Investment securities ⁵ : Taxable 1,097 9 3.29 1,070 Tax-exempt ⁴ 313,848 3,619 4.63 274,659 Certificates of deposit 3,750 6,135 6,135 Interest-bearing deposits in other financial institutions 117,023 97 .33 95,631 Federal funds sold and other short-term investments 113,694 42 .15 123,197 Total earning assets 1,220,326 11,264 3.70 1,176,943 1 Non-earning assets 1,220,326 11,264 3.70 1,176,943 1 Non-earning assets 11,722 12,398 12,292 12,292 1 Premises and equipment, net 14,030 12,027 1 15,090 1 Goodwill and other intangibles 14,642 15,140 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	.343 4.95%										13.0 2 4.0		
Taxable Tax-exempt ⁴ \$ 662,504 \$ 7,423 4.49% \$ 675,641 \$ 100 Investment securities ⁵ : 1,097 9 3.29 1,070 Taxable 1,097 9 3.29 1,070 Tax-exempt ⁴ 313,848 3,619 4.63 274,659 Certificates of deposit 3,750 6,135 1 Interest-bearing deposits in other financial institutions 117,023 97 .33 95,631 Federal funds sold and other short-term investments 113,694 42 .15 123,197 Total earning assets 1,220,326 11,264 3,70 1,176,943 1 Cash and due from banks 11,722 12,398 12,207 1 Bank-owned life insurance 15,221 15,090 1 Goodwill and other intangibles 14,642 15,140 1 Other assets 134,296 110,587 1 Allowance for loan losses (11,850) (11,052) 1 Total assets \$ 1,398,387 \$ 1,331,133 <	343 4.95%												
Tax-exempt ⁴ 8,410 74 3.53 610 Investment securities ⁵ : 1,097 9 3.29 1,070 Taxable 1,097 9 3.29 1,070 Tax-exempt ⁴ 313,848 3,619 4.63 274,659 Certificates of deposit 3,750 6,135 Interest-bearing deposits in other financial institutions 117,023 97 .33 95,631 Federal funds sold and other short-term investments 113,694 42 .15 123,197 Total earning assets 1,220,326 11,264 3.70 1,176,943 1 Non-earning assets 1,220,326 11,264 3.70 1,176,943 1 Non-earning assets 1,220,326 11,264 3.70 1,176,943 1 Non-earning assets 11,722 12,398 12,027 12,027 12,027 13,000 13,000 12,027 13,000 15,090 15,090 15,090 10,058 110,587 110,587 110,587 110,587 110,587	.343 4.97%	0.242	ф.	(75 (41	Ф.	4.4007	7.400	ф.	((2.504	Ф.			
Investment securities 5: Taxable 1.097 9 3.29 1,070 Tax - exempt 4 313,848 3,619 4.63 274,659 Certificates of deposit 3,750 6,135 Interest-bearing deposits in other financial institutions 117,023 97 .33 95,631 Federal funds sold and other short-term investments 113,694 42 .15 123,197 Total earning assets 1,220,326 11,264 3.70 1,176,943 1 Non-earning assets 1,220,326 11,264 3.70 1,176,943 1 Cash and due from banks 11,722 12,398 12,027 12,398 12,027 1 Bank-owned life insurance 15,221 15,090 15,090 15,090 15,090 10 10 10,587 10 10,587 10 10,587 10 10,587 10 10,587 10 10,587 10 10,587 10 10,587 10 10 10,587 10 10 10,587 10 1			Þ	,-	Э			Þ	,	• •			
Taxable 1,097 9 3,29 1,070 Tax-exempt ⁴ 313,848 3,619 4,63 274,659 Certificates of deposit 3,750 6,135 Interest-bearing deposits in other financial institutions 6,135 Federal funds sold and other short-term investments 113,694 42 .15 123,197 Total earning assets 1,220,326 11,264 3,70 1,176,943 1 Non-earning assets 1,220,326 11,264 3,70 1,176,943 1 Cash and due from banks 11,722 12,398 12,027 1 Bank-owned life insurance 15,221 15,090 15,090 Goodwill and other intangibles 14,642 15,140 10,587 Allowance for loan losses (11,850) (11,052) 101,587 Allowance for loan losses (11,850) (11,052) 101 Total assets \$ 1,398,387 \$ 1,331,133 \$ 1,331,133 Liabilities and Shareholders Equity 11 \$ 1,354,34 \$ 1,354,34 \$ 1,354,34 \$ 2	1 .66	1		610		3.33	/4		8,410				
Tax-exempt ⁴ 313,848 3,619 4.63 274,659 Certificates of deposit 3,750 6,135 Interest-bearing deposits in other financial institutions 117,023 97 .33 95,631 Federal funds sold and other short-term investments 113,694 42 .15 123,197 Total earning assets 1,220,326 11,264 3.70 1,176,943 1 Non-earning assets 1,220,326 11,264 3.70 1,176,943 1 Non-earning assets 11,722 12,398 12,027 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 2,027 1 3 1 2,027 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	10 3.75	10		1.070		2.20	0		1 007				
Certificates of deposit 3,750 6,135 Interest-bearing deposits in other financial institutions 117,023 97 .33 95,631 Federal funds sold and other short-term investments 113,694 42 .15 123,197 Total earning assets 1,220,326 11,264 3.70 1,176,943 1 Non-earning assets 11,722 12,398 12,2027 12,398 12,2027 12,398 12,2027 12,398 12,2027 12,398 12,027 13,398 12,027 13,398 13,090 12,027 13,090 14,030 12,027 13,090 14,030 12,027 13,090 14,042 15,140 15,140 15,140 15,140 15,140 15,140 110,587 110,587 110,587 110,587 110,587 110,587 110,587 110,587 110,587 170 13,331,133 13,331,133 13,331,133 13,331,133 13,331,133 13,331,133 13,331,133 13,331,133 13,331,133 13,331,133 13,331,133 13,331,133 13,331,133 13,331,													
Interest-bearing deposits in other financial institutions		3,273		,		4.63	3,619						
other financial institutions 117,023 97 .33 95,631 Federal funds sold and other short-term investments 113,694 42 .15 123,197 Total earning assets 1,220,326 11,264 3.70 1,176,943 1 Non-earning assets 1,220,326 11,264 3.70 1,176,943 1 Cash and due from banks 11,722 12,398 12,2027 12,2027 12,027 15,090 12,027 15,090 6 6 6 15,221 15,090 15,090 6 6 6 6 15,140 0 0 15,140 0 0 0 15,140 0 0 0 110,587 1 10,587 1 110,587 1 110,587 1 110,587 1 110,587 1	8 .52	8		6,135					3,750				
Federal funds sold and other short-term investments 113,694 42 .15 123,197 Total earning assets 1,220,326 11,264 3.70 1,176,943 1 Non-earning assets 11,220,326 11,264 3.70 1,176,943 1 Cash and due from banks 11,722 12,398 Premises and equipment, net 14,030 12,027 Bank-owned life insurance 15,221 15,090 Goodwill and other 134,296 110,587 Intagibles 14,642 110,587 Allowance for loan losses (11,850) (11,052) Total assets \$ 1,398,387 \$ 1,331,133 Liabilities and Shareholders \$ 1,398,387 \$ 1,331,133 Liabilities and Shareholders Equity Interest-bearing liabilities Interest-bearing demand deposits \$ 312,458 \$ 406 .52% \$ 273,892 \$ 273,892 \$ 32,458 \$ 406 .52% \$ 273,892 \$ 32,458 \$ 31,15 34,151 34,151 34,151 34,151 34,151 34,151 34,151	84 .35	9.4		05 (21		22	07		117.022		e ,		
Short-term investments	84 .35	84		93,031		.33	97		117,023				
Total earning assets 1,220,326 11,264 3.70 1,176,943 1 Non-earning assets 11,722 12,398 12,027 Premises and equipment, net 14,030 12,027 Bank-owned life insurance 15,221 15,090 Goodwill and other intangibles 14,642 15,140 Other assets 134,296 110,587 Allowance for loan losses (11,850) (11,052) Total assets \$ 1,398,387 \$ 1,331,133 Liabilities and Shareholders Equity Equity Interest-bearing liabilities \$ 1,398,387 \$ 273,892 \$ Savings deposits \$ 312,458 \$ 406 .52% \$ 273,892 \$ Savings deposits 14,367 19 .53 19,100 Time deposits >= \$100 29,035 83 1.15 34,151 Other time deposits 61,770 120 .78 76,612 Federal Funds purchased 11 1 1 Total interest-bearing deposits 417,641 628 .60 <td>27 12</td> <td>27</td> <td></td> <td>100 107</td> <td></td> <td>1.5</td> <td>40</td> <td></td> <td>112 (04</td> <td></td> <td></td>	27 12	27		100 107		1.5	40		112 (04				
Non-earning assets 11,722 12,398 Premises and equipment, net 14,030 12,027 Bank-owned life insurance 15,221 15,090 Goodwill and other intangibles 14,642 15,140 Other assets 134,296 110,587 Allowance for loan losses (11,850) (11,052) Total assets \$ 1,398,387 \$ 1,331,133 Liabilities and Shareholders Equity Interest-bearing liabilities Interest-bearing demand deposits \$ 312,458 \$ 406 .52% \$ 273,892 \$ 323,	37 .12												
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Goodwill and other intangibles 14,642 15,140 Other assets 134,296 110,587 Allowance for loan losses (11,850) (11,052) Total assets \$ 1,398,387 \$ 1,331,133 Liabilities and Shareholders Equity Interest-bearing liabilities Interest-bearing demand deposits \$ 312,458 \$ 406 .52% \$ 273,892 \$ 5273,892											1 1 7		
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Other assets 134,296 110,587 Allowance for loan losses (11,850) (11,052) Total assets \$ 1,398,387 \$ 1,331,133 Liabilities and Shareholders Equity Interest-bearing liabilities Interest-bearing demand deposits \$ 312,458 \$ 406 .52% \$ 273,892 \$ 58 Savings deposits 14,367 19 .53 19,100 Time deposits >= \$100 29,035 83 1.15 34,151 Other time deposits 61,770 120 .78 76,612 Federal Funds purchased 11 1 1 Total interest-bearing deposits 417,641 628 .60 403,756 Non-interest bearing liabilities 136,457 132,434				17.110						_			
Allowance for loan losses (11,850) (11,052)													
Total assets \$ 1,398,387 \$ 1,331,133 Liabilities and Shareholders Equity Interest-bearing liabilities Interest-bearing demand deposits \$ 312,458 \$ 406 .52% \$ 273,892 \$ 523,892										_			
Liabilities and Shareholders Equity Interest-bearing liabilities Interest-bearing demand deposits \$ 312,458 \$ 406 .52% \$ 273,892 \$ Savings deposits 14,367 19 .53 19,100 Time deposits >= \$100 29,035 83 1.15 34,151 34,151 Other time deposits 61,770 120 .78 76,612 Federal Funds purchased 11 Total interest-bearing deposits 417,641 628 .60 403,756 Non-interest bearing liabilities 136,457 132,434					_								
Interest-bearing liabilities Interest-bearing demand deposits \$ 312,458 \$ 406 .52% \$ 273,892 \$ Savings deposits 14,367 19 .53 19,100 Time deposits >= \$100 29,035 83 1.15 34,151 Other time deposits 61,770 120 .78 76,612 Federal Funds purchased 11 1 1 Total interest-bearing deposits 417,641 628 .60 403,756 Non-interest bearing liabilities 136,457 132,434				1,331,133	\$				1,398,387	\$			
Interest-bearing demand deposits \$ 312,458 \$ 406 .52% \$ 273,892 \$													
deposits \$ 312,458 \$ 406 .52% \$ 273,892 \$ Savings deposits 14,367 19 .53 19,100 Time deposits >= \$100 29,035 83 1.15 34,151 Other time deposits 61,770 120 .78 76,612 Federal Funds purchased 11 1 1 Total interest-bearing deposits 417,641 628 .60 403,756 Non-interest bearing liabilities 136,457 132,434										_			
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Time deposits >= \$100 29,035 83 1.15 34,151 Other time deposits 61,770 120 .78 76,612 Federal Funds purchased 11 1 Total interest-bearing deposits 417,641 628 .60 403,756 Non-interest bearing liabilities 136,457 132,434	423 .62%		\$		\$			\$		\$			
Other time deposits 61,770 120 .78 76,612 Federal Funds purchased 11 1 Total interest-bearing deposits 417,641 628 .60 403,756 Non-interest bearing liabilities Demand deposits 136,457 132,434	32 .67						19						
Federal Funds purchased 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	87 1.02	87		34,151		1.15	83						
Total interest-bearing deposits 417,641 628 .60 403,756 Non-interest bearing liabilities Demand deposits 136,457 132,434	152 .80	152		76,612		.78	120		61,770				
Non-interest bearing liabilities Demand deposits 136,457 132,434									11				
Demand deposits 136,457 132,434	694 .69	694		403,756		.60	628		417,641				
Accounts and drafts payable 635,849 592.407				132,434					136,457		Demand deposits		
				592,407					635,849		Accounts and drafts payable		
Other liabilities 10,390 26,070				- ,							Other liabilities		
Total liabilities 1,200,337 1,154,667				1,154,667					1,200,337		Total liabilities		
Shareholders equity 198,050 176,466				176,466					198,050		Shareholders equity		
Total liabilities and											Total liabilities and		
shareholders equity \$ 1,398,387 \$ 1,331,133				1,331,133	\$				1,398,387	\$	shareholders equity		
Net interest income \$ 10,636 \$ 1		11,062	\$				10,636	\$			Net interest income		
Net interest margin 3.50%	,062					3.50%					Net interest margin		
Interest spread 3.10	,062 3.77%					3.10					Interest spread		

^{1.} Balances shown are daily averages.

For purposes of these computations, nonaccrual loans are included in the average loan amounts outstanding. Interest on nonaccrual loans is recorded when
received as discussed further in Note 1 to the Company's 2013 consolidated financial statements, filed with the Company s 2013 Annual Report on Form
10-K.

^{3.} Interest income on loans includes net loan fees of \$62,000 and \$63,000 for the Second Quarter of 2014 and 2013, respectively.

^{4.} Interest income is presented on a tax-equivalent basis assuming a tax rate of 35%. The tax-equivalent adjustment was approximately \$1,289,000 and \$1,133,000 for the Second Quarter of 2014 and 2013, respectively.

^{5.} For purposes of these computations, yields on investment securities are computed as interest income divided by the average amortized cost of the investments.

	Av	First erage	Yield/	Av	First erage	Half Int Inc	Yield/			
(Dollars in thousands)		Balance	E	xpense	Rate		Balance	E	expense	Rate
Assets ¹				•					-	
Earning assets										
Loans ^{2, 3} :										
Taxable	\$	651,117	\$	14,686	4.55%	\$	676,341	\$	16,757	5.00%
Tax-exempt ⁴		8,638		138	3.22		619		2	.65
Investment securities ⁵ :										
Taxable		1,091		11	2.03		1,050		11	2.11
Tax-exempt ⁴		311,236		7,172	4.65		286,675		6,815	4.79
Certificates of deposit		3,750		3	.16		6,437		18	.56
Interest-bearing deposits in										
other financial institutions		134,114		211	.32		90,219		153	.34
Federal funds sold and other										
short-term investments		117,986		80	.14		110,157		65	.12
Total earning assets		1,227,932		22,301	3.66		1,171,498		23,821	4.10
Non-earning assets		-,,,,		,-			-,,		,	
Cash and due from banks		11,845					12,374			
Premises and equipment, net		13,704					11,782			
Bank-owned life insurance		15,294					15,025			
Goodwill and other		10,25 .					10,020			
intangibles		14,703					15,214			
Other assets		120.045					108,874			
Allowance for loan losses		(11,810)					(11,552)			
Total assets	\$	1,391,713				\$	1,323,215			
Liabilities and Shareholders Equity		1,07 1,11				-	-,,			
Interest-bearing liabilities										
Interest-bearing demand										
deposits	\$	308,609	\$	786	.51%	\$	274,167	\$	834	.61%
Savings deposits	φ	15,393	Φ	42	.55	Φ	18,866	φ	61	.65
Time deposits >= \$100		32,968		172	1.05		34,525		182	1.06
Other time deposits		62,834		253	.81		76,810		304	.80
Federal Funds purchased		62,834		233	.01		70,810		304	.80
Total interest-bearing deposits		419,810		1,253	.60		404,369		1,381	.69
Non-interest bearing liabilities		419,010		1,233	.00		404,309		1,361	.09
Demand deposits		143,271					134,246			
Accounts and drafts payable		623,554					583,941			
Other liabilities		9,929					25,406			
Total liabilities		1,196,564					1,147,962			
Shareholders equity Total liabilities and		195,149					175,253			
	\$	1 201 712				\$	1 222 215			
shareholders equity	•	1,391,713	\$	21.049		Ф	1,323,215	\$	22 440	
Net interest income			Þ	21,048	3.46%			Ф	22,440	3.86%
Net interest margin										
Interest spread					3.06					3.41

^{1.} Balances shown are daily averages.

For purposes of these computations, nonaccrual loans are included in the average loan amounts outstanding. Interest on nonaccrual loans is recorded when
received as discussed further in Note 1 to the Company's 2013 consolidated financial statements, filed with the Company s 2013 Annual Report on Form
10.K

^{3.} Interest income on loans includes net loan fees of \$112,000 and \$128,000 for the First Half of 2014 and 2013, respectively.

^{4.} Interest income is presented on a tax-equivalent basis assuming a tax rate of 35%. The tax-equivalent adjustment was approximately \$2,554,000 and \$2,342,000 for the First Half of 2014 and 2013, respectively.

^{5.} For purposes of these computations, yields on investment securities are computed as interest income divided by the average amortized cost of the investments.

Analysis of Net Interest Income Changes

The following tables present the changes in interest income and expense between periods due to changes in volume and interest rates. That portion of the change in interest attributable to the combined rate/volume variance has been allocated to rate and volume changes in proportion to the absolute dollar amounts of the change in each.

	Second Quarter of 2014 Over Second Quarter of 2013								
(In thousands)	V	olume		Rate		Total			
Increase (decrease) in interest income:									
Loans ^{1,2} :									
Taxable	\$	(160)	\$	(760)	\$	(920)			
Tax-exempt ³		54		19		73			
Investment securities:									
Taxable				(1)		(1)			
Tax-exempt ³		455		(109)		346			
Certificates of deposit		(2)		(6)		(8)			
Interest-bearing deposits in other financial institutions		18		(5)		13			
Federal funds sold and other short-term investments		(3)		8		5			
Total interest income		362		(854)		(492)			
Interest expense on:									
Interest-bearing demand deposits		55		(72)		(17)			
Savings deposits		(7)		(6)		(13)			
Time deposits of >=\$100		(14)		10		(4)			
Other time deposits		(29)		(3)		(32)			
Total interest expense		5		(71)		(66)			
Net interest income	\$	357	\$	(783)	\$	(426)			

- 1. Average balances include nonaccrual loans.
- Interest income includes net loan fees.
- 3. Interest income is presented on a tax-equivalent basis assuming a tax rate of 35%.

	First Half of 2014 Over First Half of 2013									
(In thousands)	V	olume		Rate		Total				
Increase (decrease) in interest income:										
Loans ^{1, 2} :										
Taxable	\$	(608)	\$	(1,463)	\$	(2,071)				
Tax-exempt ³		104		32		136				
Investment securities:										
Taxable										
Tax-exempt ³		571		(214)		357				
Certificates of deposit	_	(6)		(9)		(15)				
Interest-bearing deposits in other financial institutions		70		(12)		58				
Federal funds sold and other short-term investments	_	5		10		15				
Total interest income		136		(1,656)		(1,520)				
Interest expense on:	_									
Interest-bearing demand deposits		97		(145)		(48)				
Savings deposits	_	(10)		(9)		(19)				
Time deposits of >=\$100		(8)		(2)		(10)				
Other time deposits	_	(56)		5		(51)				
Total interest expense		23		(151)		(128)				
Net interest income	\$	113	\$	(1,505)	\$	(1,392)				

- 1. Average balances include nonaccrual loans.
- 2. Interest income includes net loan fees.
- 3. Interest income is presented on a tax-equivalent basis assuming a tax rate of 35%.

Provision and Allowance for Loan Losses

A potentially significant determinant of the Company's operating results is the provision for loan losses. Provision for loan losses were \$0 and \$300,000 during the Second Quarter of 2014 and the Second Quarter of 2013, respectively. During the First Half of 2014 and the First Half of 2013, the provision for loan losses were \$0 and \$500,000, respectively. As discussed below, the Company continually analyzes the outstanding loan portfolio based on the performance, financial condition and collateralization of the credits. Net loan recoveries were \$9,000 and \$20,000 during the Second Quarter of 2014 and the Second Quarter of 2013, respectively. Net loan recoveries were \$174,000 in the First Half of 2014 and net loan charge-offs were \$1,505,000 during the First Half of 2013.

The allowance for loan losses at June 30, 2014 was \$11,853,000 and at December 31, 2013 was \$11,679,000. The ratio of allowance for loan losses to total loans outstanding at June 30, 2014 was 1.78% compared to 1.79% at December 31, 2013. Nonperforming loans were \$1,519,000, or .23%, of total loans, at June 30, 2014 compared to \$1,797,000, or .3% of total loans, at December 31, 2013. These loans, which are also considered impaired, consisted of three nonaccrual loans at June 30, 2014. Total nonaccrual loans increased \$621,000 from June 30, 2013 to June 30, 2014, primarily due to the addition of one loan.

In addition to the loans discussed above, at June 30, 2014 one loan of \$4,174,000 not included in the table below was identified by management as subject to special monitoring. This loan possesses some credit deficiency and potential weakness which requires a high level of management attention.

The allowance for loan losses has been established and is maintained to absorb probable losses in the loan portfolio. An ongoing assessment of risk of loss is performed to determine if the current balance of the allowance is adequate to cover probable losses in the portfolio. Charges or credits are made to expense to cover any deficiency or reduce any excess, as required. The current methodology employed to determine the appropriate allowance consists of two components, specific and general. The Company develops specific allowances on commercial, commercial real estate, and construction loans based on individual review of these loans and an estimate of the borrower s ability to repay the loan given the availability of collateral, other sources of cash flow and collection options available. The general component relates to all other loans, which are evaluated based on loan grade. The loan grade assigned to each loan is typically evaluated on an annual basis, unless circumstances require interim evaluation. The Company assigns an allowance amount consistent with each loan's rating category. The allowance amount is based on derived loss experience over prescribed periods as well as review of peer data and other relevant factors. In addition to the amounts derived from the loan grades, a portion is added to the general allowance to take into account other factors including credit concentration risk, national and local economic conditions, downturns in specific industries including loss in collateral value, trends in credit quality at the Company and the banking industry, and trends in risk rating changes. As part of their examination process, federal and state agencies review the Company's methodology for maintaining the allowance for loan losses and the related balance. These agencies may require the Company to increase the allowance for loan losses based on their judgments and interpretations about information available to them at the time of their examination.

Summary of Asset Quality

The following table presents information on the Company's provision for loan losses and analysis of the allowance for loan losses:

	Second Q	uart	er of	First Half of					
(In thousands)	2014		2013		2014		2013		
Allowance at beginning of period	\$ 11,844	\$	11,032	\$	11,679	\$	12,357		
Provision charged to expense			300				500		
Loans charged off	(3)				(79)		(1,529)		
Recoveries on loans previously charged off	12		20		253		24		
Net (loans charged off) recoveries	9		20		174		(1,505)		
Allowance at end of period	\$ 11,853	\$	11,352	\$	11,853	\$	11,352		
Loans outstanding:									
Average	\$ 670,914	\$	676,251	\$	659,755	\$	676,960		
June 30	665,703		669,822		665,703		669,822		
Ratio of allowance for loan losses to loans outstanding:									
Average	1.77%		1.68%		1.80%		1.68%		
June 30	1.78		1.69%		1.78%		1.69%		
Impaired loans:									
Nonaccrual loans	\$ 1,519	\$	898	\$	1,519	\$	898		
Loans past due 90 days or more									
Troubled debt restructurings									
Total impaired loans	\$ 1,519	\$	898	\$	1,519	\$	898		
Foreclosed assets	\$		522	\$			522		
Impaired loans as percentage of average loans	.23%		.13%		.23%		.13%		

The Bank had no property carried as other real estate owned as of June 30, 2014 and one property carried as other real estate owned of \$522,000 as of June 30, 2013.

Operating Expenses

Total operating expenses for the Second Quarter of 2014 were up 1.38%, or \$289,000, compared to the Second Quarter of 2013.

Salaries and benefits expense for the Second Quarter of 2014 increased \$184,000 compared to the Second Quarter of 2013 and increased \$113,000 to \$32,651,000 for the First Half of 2014 compared to the First Half of 2013 due to the Company s continued investment in staff to support current growth and future new business, partially offset by lower pension costs.

Occupancy expense for the Second Quarter of 2014 increased \$21,000 to \$756,000 compared to the Second Quarter of 2013 and increased \$218,000, or 16.22%, for the First Half of 2014 from the First Half of 2013 due to the expansion of the Company s operating facilities for its transportation and waste management operations.

Equipment expense for the Second Quarter of 2014 increased \$198,000, or 21.45%, compared to the Second Quarter of 2013 and increased \$316,000, or 17.26%, for the First Half of 2014 from the First Half of 2013 due to depreciation on the new processing systems in the transportation and expense management businesses within the Information Services segment.

Amortization of intangible assets decreased \$26,000 in the Second Quarter of 2014 as compared to the prior year period and decreased \$53,000 for the First Half of 2014 from the First Half of 2013.

Other operating expenses for the Second Quarter of 2014 decreased \$88,000, or 3.0%, compared to the Second Quarter of 2013 due to a decrease in outside service fees. Other operating expense increased \$331,000 for the First Half of 2014 compared to the First Half of 2013 primarily due to higher legal expenses.

Income tax expense for the Second Quarter of 2014 decreased \$148,000 compared to the Second Quarter of 2013 and decreased \$275,000 for the First Half of 2014 compared to the First Half of 2013. The effective tax rate was 24.5% and 25.7% for the Second Quarters of 2014 and 2013, respectively, and was 24.5% and 25.4% for the First Halves of 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Financial Condition

Total assets at June 30, 2014 were \$1,351,711,000, an increase of \$25,691,000, or 1.94%, from December 31, 2013. The most significant changes in asset balances during this period were an increase in payments in excess of funding of \$46,627,000 due to growth in relationships utilizing this service and an increase in loans of \$13,526,000 offset by a decrease of \$52,214,000 in interest-bearing deposits in other financial institutions. Changes in cash and cash equivalents reflect the Company s daily liquidity position and are affected by the changes in the other asset balances and changes in deposit and accounts and drafts payable balances.

Total liabilities at June 30, 2014 were \$1,149,030,000, an increase of \$13,437,000, or 1.18%, from December 31, 2013. Accounts and drafts payable at June 30, 2014 were \$585,858,000, an increase of \$41,905,000, or 7.70%, from December 31, 2013. Total shareholders equity at June 30, 2014 was \$202,681,000, a \$12,254,000, or 6.44%, increase from December 31, 2013.

Accounts and drafts payable will fluctuate from period-end to period-end due to the payment processing cycle, which results in lower balances on days when checks clear and higher balances on days when checks are issued. For this reason, average balances are a more meaningful measure of accounts and drafts payable (for average balances refer to the tables under the Distribution of Assets, Liabilities and Shareholders Equity; Interest Rate and Interest Differential section of this report).

The increase in total shareholders equity of \$12,254,000 resulted primarily from net income of \$11,846,000 plus a decrease of \$4,439,000 in accumulated other comprehensive loss offset by dividends paid of \$4,612,000.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The balance of liquid assets consists of cash and cash equivalents, which include cash and due from banks, interest-bearing deposits in other financial institutions, federal funds sold and money market funds, and was \$181,723,000 at June 30, 2014, a decrease of \$43,539,000, or 19.33%, from December 31, 2013. At June 30, 2014, these assets represented 13.44% of total assets. These funds are the Company s and its subsidiaries primary source of liquidity to meet future expected and unexpected loan demand, depositor withdrawals or reductions in accounts and drafts payable.

Secondary sources of liquidity include the investment portfolio and borrowing lines. Total investment in securities was \$327,469,000 at June 30, 2014, an increase of \$9,702,000 from December 31, 2013. These assets represented 24.23% of total assets at June 30, 2014. Of this total, 99% were state and political subdivision securities. Of the total portfolio, 6.65% mature in one year or less, 23.34% mature in one to five years, and 70.01% mature in five or more years.

The Bank has unsecured lines of credit at correspondent banks to purchase federal funds up to a maximum of \$88,000,000 at the following banks: Bank of America, \$20,000,000; US Bank, \$20,000,000; Wells Fargo Bank, \$15,000,000; Frost National Bank, \$10,000,000; PNC Bank, \$12,000,000; UMB Bank, \$5,000,000; and JPM Chase Bank, \$6,000,000. The Bank also had secured lines of credit with the Federal Home Loan Bank of \$166,587,000 collateralized by commercial mortgage loans. The Company also has a secured line of credit of \$50,000,000 with UMB Bank. There were no amounts outstanding under any line of credit as of June 30, 2014 or December 31, 2013.

The deposits of the Company's banking subsidiary have historically been stable, consisting of a sizable volume of core deposits related to customers that utilize other commercial products of the Bank. The accounts and drafts payable generated by the Company has also historically been a stable source of funds. The Company is part of the Certificate of Deposit Account Registry Service (CDARS) and Insured Cash Sweep (ICS) deposit placement programs. Time deposits include \$58,315,000 of CDARS deposits and interest-bearing demand deposits include \$73,056,000 of ICS deposits. These programs offer the Bank is customers the ability to maximize Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance coverage. The Company uses these programs to retain or attract deposits from existing customers.

Net cash flows provided by operating activities were \$18,602,000 for the First Half of 2014, compared with \$14,564,000 for the First Half of 2013, an increase of \$4,038,000. Net cash flows from investing and financing activities fluctuate greatly as the Company actively manages its investment and loan portfolios and customer activity influences changes in deposit and accounts and drafts payable balances. Other causes for the changes in these account balances are discussed earlier in this report. Due to the daily fluctuations in these account balances, the analysis of changes in average balances, also discussed earlier in this report, can be more indicative of underlying activity than the period-end balances used in the statements of cash flows. Management anticipates that cash and cash equivalents, maturing investments and cash from operations will continue to be sufficient to fund the Company s operations and capital expenditures in 2014, which are estimated to be less than \$5,000,000.

The Company faces market risk to the extent that its net interest income and fair market value of equity are affected by changes in market interest rates. For information regarding the market risk of the Company s financial instruments, see Item 3, Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk.

There are several trends and uncertainties that may impact the Company s ability to generate revenues and income at the levels that it has in the past. In addition, these trends and uncertainties may impact available liquidity. Those that could significantly impact the Company include the general levels of interest rates, business activity, and energy costs as well as new business opportunities available to the Company.

As a financial institution, a significant source of the Company s earnings is generated from net interest income. Therefore, the prevailing interest rate environment is important to the Company s performance. A major portion of the Company s funding sources are the non-interest bearing accounts and drafts payable generated from its payment and information processing services. Accordingly, higher levels of interest rates will generally allow the Company to earn more net interest income. Conversely, a lower interest rate environment will generally tend to depress net interest income. The Company actively manages its balance sheet in an effort to maximize net interest income as the interest rate environment changes. This balance sheet management impacts the mix of earning assets maintained by the Company at any point in time. For example, in the lower interest rate environment currently faced by the Company, short-term, relatively lower rate liquid investments are reduced in favor of longer-term relatively higher yielding investments and loans.

The overall level of economic activity can have a significant impact on the Company s ability to generate revenues and income, as the volume and size of customer invoices processed may increase or decrease. Higher levels of economic activity increase both fee income (as more invoices are processed) and balances of accounts and drafts payable.

The relative level of energy costs can impact the Company s earnings and available liquidity. Higher levels of energy costs will tend to increase transportation and energy invoice amounts resulting in a corresponding increase in accounts and drafts payable. Increases in accounts and drafts payable generate higher interest income and improve liquidity.

New business opportunities are an important component of the Company s strategy to grow earnings and improve performance. Generating new customers allows the Company to leverage existing systems and facilities and grow revenues faster than expenses.

Risk-based capital guidelines require the Company to meet a minimum total capital ratio of 8.0%, of which at least 4.0% must consist of Tier 1 capital. Tier 1 capital generally consists of (a) common shareholders' equity (excluding the unrealized market value adjustments on the available-for-sale securities), (b) qualifying perpetual preferred stock and related surplus subject to certain limitations specified by the FDIC, (c) minority interests in the equity accounts of consolidated subsidiaries less (d) goodwill, (e) mortgage servicing rights within certain limits, and (f) any other intangible assets and investments in subsidiaries that the FDIC determines should be deducted from Tier 1 capital. The FDIC also requires a minimum leverage ratio of 3.0%, defined as the ratio of Tier 1 capital less purchased mortgage servicing rights to total assets, for banking organizations deemed the strongest and most highly rated by banking regulators. A higher minimum leverage ratio is required of less highly-rated banking organizations. Total capital, a measure of capital adequacy, includes Tier 1 capital, allowance for loan losses, and debt considered equity for regulatory capital purposes.

The Company and the Bank continue to exceed all regulatory capital requirements, as evidenced by the following capital amounts and ratios:

	June 30, 2014			December 31, 2013		
(Dollars in thousands)	Amount		Ratio	Amount		Ratio
Total capital (to risk-weighted assets)						
Cass Information Systems, Inc.	\$	200,809	21.70%	\$	191,984	22.27%
Cass Commercial Bank		86,881	15.51%		83,168	15.38%
Tier I capital (to risk-weighted assets)						
Cass Information Systems, Inc.	\$	189,240	20.45%	\$	181,198	21.02%
Cass Commercial Bank		79,861	14.25%		76,395	14.13%
Tier I capital (to average assets)						
Cass Information Systems, Inc.	\$	189,240	13.68%	\$	181,198	13.12%
Cass Commercial Bank		79,861	12.03%		76,395	11.37%

Effective July 2, 2013, the Federal Reserve Board approved final rules known as the Basel III Capital Rules that substantially revise the risk-based capital and leverage capital requirements applicable to bank holding companies and depository institutions, including the Company and the Bank. The Basel III Capital Rules implement aspects of the Basel III capital framework agreed upon by the Basel Committee and incorporates changes required by the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act. Among other things, the Basel III Capital Rules establish stricter capital requirements and calculation standards, as well as more restrictive risk weightings for certain loans and facilities. The Basel III Capital Rules will come into effect for the Company and the Bank on January 1, 2015 (subject to a phase-in period).

Inflation

The Company s assets and liabilities are primarily monetary, consisting of cash, cash equivalents, securities, loans, payables and deposits. Monetary assets and liabilities are those that can be converted into a fixed number of dollars. The Company's consolidated balance sheet reflects a net positive monetary position (monetary assets exceed monetary liabilities). During periods of inflation, the holding of a net positive monetary position will result in an overall decline in the purchasing power of a company. Management believes that replacement costs of equipment, furniture, and leasehold improvements will not materially affect operations. The rate of inflation does affect certain expenses, such as those for employee compensation, which may not be readily recoverable in the price of the Company s services.

Impact of New and Not Yet Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

The new accounting pronouncements are not applicable to the Company and/or do not materially impact the Company.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

As described in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company manages its interest rate risk through measurement techniques that include gap analysis and a simulation model. As part of the risk management process, asset/liability management policies are established and monitored by management. The policy objective is to limit the change in annualized net interest income to 15% from an immediate and sustained parallel change in interest rates of 200 basis points. Based on the Company's most recent evaluation, management does not believe the Company's risk position at June 30, 2014 has changed materially from that at December 31, 2013.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The Company s management, under the supervision and with the participation of the principal executive officer and the principal financial officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the Company s disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) as of the end of the period covered by this report and concluded that, as of such date, these controls and procedures were effective.

There were no changes in the Second Quarter of 2014 in the Company's internal control over financial reporting identified by the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer in connection with their evaluation that materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended).

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Company is the subject of various pending or threatened legal actions and proceedings, including those that arise in the ordinary course of business. Management believes the outcome of all such proceedings will not have a material effect on the businesses or financial conditions of the Company or its subsidiaries.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

The Company has included in Part I, Item 1A of its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, a description of certain risks and uncertainties that could affect the Company s business, future performance or financial condition (the Risk Factors). There are no material changes to the Risk Factors as disclosed in the Company s 2013 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

- (a) None.
- (b) There have been no material changes to the procedures by which security holders may recommend nominees to the Company s Board of Directors implemented in the Second Quarter of 2014.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit 31.1 Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

Exhibit 31.2 Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

Exhibit 32.1 Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

Exhibit 32.2 Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

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Exhibit 101.INS XBRL Instance Document.

Exhibit 101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.

Exhibit 101.CAL XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.

Exhibit 101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.

Exhibit 101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.

Exhibit 101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

CASS INFORMATION SYSTEMS, INC	N SYSTEMS, II	N S	ПС	₹МА	INFO	CASS
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DATE: August 4, 2014 By /s/ Eric H. Brunngraber

Eric H. Brunngraber

President and Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

DATE: August 4, 2014 By /s/ P. Stephen Appelbaum

P. Stephen Appelbaum

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

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