## MFS MULTIMARKET INCOME TRUST Form N-CSR

January 07, 2004

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM N-CSR

CERTIFIED SHAREHOLDER REPORT OF REGISTERED MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANIES

Investment Company Act file number 811-4975 MFS MULTIMARKET INCOME TRUST (Exact name of registrant as specified in charter) 500 Boylston Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02116 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code) Stephen E. Cavan Massachusetts Financial Services Company 500 Boylston Street Boston, Massachusetts 02116 (Name and address of agents for service) Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (617) 954-5000 Date of fiscal year end: October 31, 2003 Date of reporting period: October 31, 2003 ITEM 1. REPORTS TO STOCKHOLDERS. MFS(R) Mutual Funds ANNUAL REPORT 10/31/03 MFS(R) MULTIMARKET INCOME TRUST A path for pursuing opportunity [graphic omitted] [logo] M F S(R) INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT

MFS(R) PRIVACY POLICY: A COMMITMENT TO YOU

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Privacy is a concern for every investor today. At MFS Investment Management (R) and the MFS funds, we take this concern very seriously. We want you to understand our policies about every MFS investment product and service that we offer and how we protect the nonpublic personal information of investors who have a direct relationship with us and our wholly owned subsidiaries.

Throughout our business relationship, you provide us with personal information; we maintain information and records about you, your investments, and the services you use. Examples of the nonpublic personal information we maintain include

- o data from investment applications and other forms
- o share balances and transactional history with us, our affiliates, or others
- o facts from a consumer reporting agency

We do not disclose any nonpublic personal information about our customers or former customers to anyone except as permitted by law. We may share information with companies or financial institutions that perform marketing services on our behalf or to other financial institutions with which we have joint marketing arrangements.

Access to your nonpublic personal information is limited to appropriate personnel who provide products, services, or information to you. We maintain physical, electronic, and procedural safeguards that comply with applicable federal regulations.

If you have any questions about MFS" privacy policy, please call 1-800-225-2606 any business day between 8 a.m. and 8 p.m. Eastern time.

Note: If you own MFS products or receive MFS services in the name of a third party such as a bank or broker-dealer, their privacy policy may apply to you instead of ours.

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NOT FDIC INSURED MAY LOSE VALUE NO BANK GUARANTEE NOT A DEPOSIT NOT INSURED BY ANY FEDERAL GOVERNMENT AGENCY

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#### MFS(R) MULTIMARKET INCOME TRUST

The trust seeks to provide a high level of current income through investments in fixed-income securities.

New York Stock Exchange Symbol: MMT

To view MES" statement concerning regulatory issues affecting the mutual fund

To view MFS" statement concerning regulatory issues affecting the mutual fund industry and the firm, please visit www.mfs.com.

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LETTER FROM THE CHAIRMAN

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Dear Shareholders,

[Photo of Jeffrey L. Shames]

In our view, the past year has been a promising one for investors. Financial markets have improved steadily, spurred by indications of a global economic recovery.

These developments make this an encouraging time for MFS and for our shareholders. But we also think it's a time to reinforce the fundamentals of a sound investment strategy.

At MFS, we think in any market environment the best approach for investors is disciplined diversification. This method of investing involves three simple steps. First, allocate your holdings across the major asset classes. Second, diversify within each class so that you get exposure to different investment styles, such as growth and value, and market sectors, such as government and corporate bonds. Finally, to respond to the way market activity can shift the value of your accounts, rebalance your accounts on a routine schedule, such as once per year. Doing so will help you maintain your desired allocation across each asset class.

These investing fundamentals are often lost when markets are on an upswing. At such times, it's easy to be tempted to shift your holdings in the current, "hottest" performing investment. History suggests, however, that it is difficult to predict year after year what the best performing sector or market

will be. While it is true that the past cannot offer any guarantees for the future, the markets historically have demonstrated the benefits of taking the prudent approach and spreading your assets across a variety of holdings. For investors with long-term goals such as college or retirement, a balanced approach usually makes the most sense. As always, your investment professional can help you identify an appropriate mix of investments for your needs.

Respectfully,

/s/ Jeffrey L. Shames

Jeffrey L. Shames Chairman MFS Investment Management(R)

November 20, 2003

The opinions expressed in this letter are those of MFS and no forecasts can be guaranteed.

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#### MFS ORIGINAL RESEARCH (R)

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#### THE HUMAN SIDE OF MONEY MANAGEMENT

For nearly 80 years MFS has been offering investors clear paths to pursuing specific investment objectives. Today, millions of individuals and thousands of institutions all over the world look to MFS to manage their assets with insight and care.

Our success, we believe, has to do with the fact that we see investors as people with plans, not just dollars to invest.

When you invest with MFS, you invest with a company dedicated to helping you realize your long-term financial goals.

INVESTORS CHOOSE MFS FOR OUR

- o global asset management expertise across all asset classes
- o time-tested money management process for pursuing consistent results
- o full spectrum of investment products backed by MFS Original Research(R)
- o resources and services that match real-life needs

#### TURNING INFORMATION INTO OPPORTUNITY

Sound investments begin with sound information. MFS has been doing its own research and analyzing findings in-house for decades. The process we use to uncover opportunity is called MFS Original Research (R).

MFS ORIGINAL RESEARCH INVOLVES:

- o meeting with the management of 3,000 companies each year to assess their business plans and the managers" ability to execute those plans
- o making onsite visits to more than 2,000 companies annually to gain first-hand knowledge of their operations and products

- o analyzing financial statements and balance sheets
- o talking extensively with companies" customers and competitors
- o developing our own proprietary estimates of companies" earnings

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#### MANAGEMENT REVIEW

#### MARKET ENVIRONMENT

The bond market for the 12 months ended October 31, 2003, was influenced by accommodative worldwide monetary policies and low interest rates paid on government bonds. As the global economies began to respond to stimulative monetary policies, investors became less risk averse and turned toward investments they had avoided in 2002. As a result, high-yield corporate bonds and emerging market debt outperformed government debt and high-grade corporate bonds. Generally, over the past year, lower-rated bonds outperformed higher-rated issues.

Although global interest rates on October 31, 2003, were not that different from what they had been at the end of October 2002, they were volatile during that 12-month period. For example, the 10-year U.S. Treasury bond reached 3.10% in June 2003 - a four decade low. However, interest rates on the 10-year Treasury then backed up from late June through August until they reached 4.60% in September 2003.

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# TOP 5 PORTFOLIO ALLOCATIONS AS OF 10/31/03

HIGH-YIELD CORPORATES	30.7%
HIGH GRADE CORPORATES	24.4%
INTERNATIONAL SOVEREIGNS	16.5%
EMERGING MARKETS DEBT	9.2%
COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE-BACKED	8.3%
The portfolio is actively managed, and	current

The portfolio is actively managed, and current holdings may be different.

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#### TRUST POSITIONING

MFS Multimarket Income Trust is one of our more highly diversified closed-end offerings. Investments include U.S. government bonds, international bonds, high-grade and high-yield corporate bonds, and emerging market bonds.

The biggest shift in portfolio holdings was to increase the trust's holdings in high-yield bonds from nearly 18% at the start of the period to more than 30% of the portfolio. We also expanded our holdings in high-grade corporate bonds and emerging market debt. In the process, we sliced the size of our investments in U.S. Treasury securities, cut back positions in U.S. government agency bonds, and dramatically reduced trust holdings of mortgage-backed securities.

#### CONTRIBUTORS TO PERFORMANCE

The most significant performance drivers were the trust's investments in the single-B to triple-B quality categories, especially the lower ratings in that range. When the economy began exhibiting positive signs in 2002, these higher-yielding issuers found it easier to gain access to the capital they needed to keep their businesses expanding. That renewed access also helped allay investor concerns about the group's ability to meet future obligations, especially as the U.S. economy continued to improve in 2003.

The strongest industry sectors were industrials and telecommunications. Both groups had fallen out of favor with investors in 2002 for reasons that included structural problems, the threat of potential defaults, and limited access to capital. As the economy improved, investors realized that the default threat was not as severe as they had anticipated. Also, the capital markets loosened, and that easing proved to be a watershed event. That financing pulled companies such as Charter Communications back from the brink of bankruptcy.

Our positioning of international holdings also helped returns. We favored German government bonds, which performed well during the period. Our decision to avoid Japanese bonds also benefited the trust, especially when interest rates on those bonds rose by 1.15% from 0.45% to 1.6%, before ending the period at roughly 1.4%.

#### DETRACTORS FROM TRUST PERFORMANCE

The nature of this portfolio is to provide investors with broad diversification within the fixed-income markets. Relative performance results, when compared to different benchmark indices, will naturally differ from benchmark indices that are comprised of just one or very few fixed-income sectors. For this reporting period ended October 31, 2003, the trust's net asset value results were lower than its 100% high-yield benchmark index and the 100% emerging market debt index.

At the time yields on the 10-year U.S. Treasuries were rising, we had 2% to 3% of the trust's assets invested in that sector and less than 0.5% in U.S. government agency issues. The value of the trust's Treasury and agency holdings declined during the summer of 2003 and detracted from overall performance.

In addition, our high-yield position in the food distributor Fleming Company hurt performance. Although our holding in Fleming was small, the company's bonds declined when allegations of accounting irregularities were raised and the company subsequently filed for bankruptcy.

Respectfully,

/s/ Peter C. Vaream

Peter C. Vaream Portfolio Manager

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Visit mfs.com for our latest economic and investment outlook.

- o Under Updates & Announcements, click Week in Review for a summary of recent investment-related news.
- o From Week in Review, link to MFS Global Investment Perspective for our current view of the world.

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The opinions expressed in this report are those of the portfolio manager and are current only through the end of the period of the report as stated on the cover. These views are subject to change at any time based on market and other conditions, and no forecasts can be guaranteed.

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY THROUGH 10/31/03

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY THROUGH 10/31/03

All results are historical. Investment return and principal value will fluctuate, and shares, when sold, may be worth more or less than their original cost. More recent returns may be different from those shown. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

PRICE SUMMARY

Year ended 10/31/03

Date Price

Net asset value 10/31/2002 \$6.32

10/31/2003 \$6.76

New York Stock Exchange 10/31/2002 \$5.69

6/04/2003 (high) \* \$6.46

10/31/2003 \$6.41 \* For the period from November 1, 2002 through October 31, 2003.

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Year ended 10/31/03

TOTAL RETURN VS BENCHMARKS

New York Stock Exchange price\*

Net asset value

14.04%

Citigroup World Government Bond Non-dollar Hedged Index

Lehman Brothers Aggregate Bond Index

4.90%

Lehman Brothers High Yield Index

33.77%

J.P. Morgan EMBI Index Global

27.83%

<sup>\*</sup> Includes reinvestment of dividend and capital distributions.

#### INDEX DEFINITIONS

CITIGROUP WORLD GOVERNMENT BOND NON-DOLLAR HEDGED INDEX - measures the government bond markets around the world, ex-U.S.

LEHMAN BROTHERS AGGREGATE BOND INDEX - a measure of the U.S. bond market.

LEHMAN BROTHERS HIGH YIELD INDEX - measures the performance of the high-yield bond market.

J.P. MORGAN EMERGING MARKETS BOND INDEX GLOBAL (THE EMBI GLOBAL) - tracks debt instruments in the emerging markets (includes a broader array of countries than the EMBI Plus).

It is not possible to invest directly in an index.

#### KEY RISK CONSIDERATIONS

Investing in foreign and/or emerging markets securities involves risks relating to interest rates, currency exchange rates, economic, and political conditions.

Investments in high yield or lower-rated securities may provide greater returns but are subject to greater-than-average risk.

The portfolio may invest in derivative securities, which may include futures and options. These types of instruments can increase price fluctuation.

Because the portfolio invests in a limited number of companies a change in one security's value may have a more significant effect on the portfolio's value.

Government guarantees apply to the underlying securities only and not to the prices and yields of the portfolio.

These risks may increase share price volatility. Please see the prospectus for further information regarding these and other risk considerations.

In accordance with Section 23(c) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, the trust hereby gives notice that it may from time to time repurchase shares of the trust in the open market at the option of the Board of Trustees and on such terms as the Trustees shall determine.

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#### DIVIDEND REINVESTMENT AND CASH PURCHASE PLAN

MFS offers a Dividend Reinvestment and Cash Purchase Plan that allows you to reinvest either all of the distributions paid by the trust or only the longterm capital gains. Purchases are made at the market price unless that price exceeds the net asset value (the shares are trading at a premium). If the shares are trading at a premium, purchases will be made at a discounted price of either the net asset value or 95% of the market price, whichever is greater. Twice each year you can also buy shares. Investments in any amount over \$100 can be made in January and July on the 15th of the month or shortly thereafter.

If your shares are in the name of a brokerage firm, bank, or other nominee, you can ask the firm or nominee to participate in the plan on your behalf. If the nominee does not offer the plan, you may wish to request that your shares

be re-registered in your own name so that you can participate.

There is no service charge to reinvest distributions, nor are there brokerage charges for shares issued directly by the trust. However, when shares are bought on the New York Stock Exchange or otherwise on the open market, each participant pays a pro rata share of the commissions. The automatic reinvestment of distributions does not relieve you of any income tax that may be payable (or required to be withheld) on the distributions.

To enroll in or withdraw from the plan, or if you have any questions, call 1-800-637-2304 any business day from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Eastern time. Please have available the name of the trust and your account and Social Security numbers. For certain types of registrations, such as corporate accounts, instructions must be submitted in writing. Please call for additional details. When you withdraw, you can receive the value of the reinvested shares in one of two ways: a check for the value of the full and fractional shares, or a certificate for the full shares and a check for the fractional shares.

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RESULTS OF SHAREHOLDER MEETING (unaudited) - 10/31/03

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At the annual meeting of shareholders of MFS Multimarket Income Trust, which was held on October 7, 2003, the following actions were taken:

ITEM 1. To elect a Board of Trustees.

	NUMBER	OF SHARES
NOMINEE	FOR	WITHHOLD AUTHORITY
John W. Ballen	75,485,376.780	1,453,912.590
William J. Poorvu	75,484,724.020	1,454,565.350
J. Dale Sherratt	75,448,258.982	1,491,030.388
Ward Smith	75,365,597.457	1,573,691.913

ITEM 2. To ratify the selection of independent public accountants for the current fiscal year.

MILIMDED	OF	CHADEC
NUMBER	OF.	SHARES

For	75,596,591.897
Against	692,449.509
Abstain	650,247.964

PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS - 10/31/03

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The Portfolio of Investments is a complete list of all securities owned by your fund. It is categorized by broad-based asset classes.

Bonds - 96.8%

ISSUER	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT (000 Omitted)	\$ 7
U.S. Bonds - 63.0%		
Advertising & Broadcasting - 2.3%		
Allbritton Communications Co., 7.75s, 2012	\$1,000	\$1,020
Clear Channel Communications, Inc., 6.5s, 2005	275	333
Granite Broadcasting Corp., 10.375s, 2005	1,221	1,196
Lamar Media Corp., 7.25s, 2013	1,370	1,441
Muzak LLC, 10s, 2009	435	45
Paxson Communications Corp., 0s to 2006, 12.25s to 2009	2 <b>,</b> 275	1,91
Radio One, Inc., 8.875s, 2011	1,425	1,56°
XM Satellite Radio, Inc., 14s, 2009	380	325
XM Satellite Radio, Inc., 12s, 2010	1,450	1,613
Young Broadcasting, Inc., 8.5s, 2008	2,750	2,963
		\$12,830
Aerospace - 0.9%		
Boeing Capital Corp., 5.75s, 2007	\$1,153	\$1,235
Hexcel Corp., 9.875s, 2008	1,215	1,348
Hexcel Corp., 9.75s, 2009	800	834
K & F Industries, Inc., 9.25s, 2007	157	162
K & F Industries, Inc., 9.625s, 2010	1,500	1,680
		\$5,260
Airlines - 0.4%		
Continental Airlines, Inc., 6.545s, 2019	\$2,387	\$2,373
Airlines Pass-Through		
Airplane Pass-Through Trust, 10.875s, 2019	\$247	\$
Apparel Manufacturers - 0.1%		
Westpoint Stevens, Inc., 7.875s, 2005 (In Default)	\$2,150	\$24

Westpoint Stevens, Inc., 7.875s, 2008 (In Default)	1,225	140
		\$388
Automotive - 3.8%		
Collins & Aikman Products Co., 10.75s, 2011	\$1,173	\$985
Ford Motor Credit Co., 5.625s, 2004	255	297
Ford Motor Credit Co., 7s, 2013	1,000	983
Ford Motor Credit Co., 7.875s, 2010	3,058	3 <b>,</b> 199
General Motors Acceptance Corp., 6s, 2006	375	452
General Motors Acceptance Corp., 7s, 2012	2,610	2 <b>,</b> 697
General Motors Acceptance Corp., 8s, 2031	1,367	1,405
Lear Corp., 8.11s, 2009	5 <b>,</b> 765	6,644
Metaldyne Corp., 11s, 2012	2,025	1,701
Tenneco Automotive, Inc., 10.25s, 2013	1,705	1,884
TRW, Inc., 9.375s, 2013#	635	720
TRW, Inc., 11s, 2013#	200	236
		\$21,207
Banks & Credit Companies - 0.8%		
Credit Suisse First Boston Corp., 6.5s, 2012	\$3,033	\$3 <b>,</b> 349
Popular, Inc., 4.25s, 2008	1,525	1,544
		\$4 <b>,</b> 894
Basic Industry - 0.2%		
Trimas Corp., 9.875s, 2012	\$985	
Broadcast & Cable TV - 4.9%		
	\$3,300 	
Continental Cablevision, Inc., 9.5s, 2013		
CSC Holdings, Inc., 8.125s, 2009		
DirecTV Holdings LLC, 8.375s, 2013	600	675 
Jones Intercable, Inc., 8.875s, 2007		
Lenfest Communications, Inc., 10.5s, 2006	500	
Mediacom Communications Corp., 11s, 2013	2,600	2,717
TCI Communications Financing III, 9.65s, 2027	5,000	6,081

Tele Communications, Inc., 9.8s, 2012	1,135	1,474
		\$27 <b>,</b> 808
Building - 0.8%		
American Standard, Inc., 7.375s, 2008	\$1,015	\$1,119
Jacuzzi Brands, Inc., 9.625s, 2010#	500	530 
Nortek, Inc., 9.25s, 2007	125	129
Nortek, Inc., 8.875s, 2008	1,215	1,266
Williams Scotsman, Inc., 9.875s, 2007	1,455	1,476
Williams Scotsman, Inc., 10s, 2008#	205	
		\$4 <b>,</b> 747
Business Services - 1.1%		
Iron Mountain, Inc., 8.625s, 2013	\$985	\$1 <b>,</b> 076
Iron Mountain, Inc., 7.75s, 2015	1,630	1,740
Lucent Technologies, Inc., 5.5s, 2008	2,050	1,906
Xerox Corp., 7.625s, 2013	1,415	1,443
		\$6,165
Chemicals - 0.9%		<b></b>
Huntsman ICI Holdings LLC, 10.125s, 2009	\$1,900	\$1 <b>,</b> 809
JohnsonDiversey, Inc., 10.67s, 2013#	1,465	1,091
Koppers, Inc., 9.875s, 2013#	400	422
Lyondell Chemical Co., 9.875s, 2007	1,060	1,075
Nalco Co., 7.75s, 2011#	695	722
		\$5 <b>,</b> 121
Consumer Goods & Services - 0.8%		
KinderCare Learning Centers, Inc., 9.5s, 2009	\$1,450	\$1,479
Remington Arms, Inc., 10.5s, 2011	500	523
Samsonite Corp., 10.75s, 2008	740	777
Sealy Mattress Co., 9.875s, 2007	1,700	1,755
		\$4,534
Containers - 0.9%		
Owens-Brockway Glass Container, Inc., 8.875s, 2009	\$515	\$558

Owens-Brockway Glass Container, Inc., 8.25s, 2013	2 <b>,</b> 090	2,204
Pliant Corp., 13s, 2010	1,000	955
Silgan Holdings, Inc., 9s, 2009	1,425	1,473
		\$5,193
Corporate Asset-Backed - 8.5%		
Amresco Commercial Mortgage Funding Corp., 7s, 2029	\$3 <b>,</b> 570	\$3 <b>,</b> 545
Commercial Mortgage Acceptance Corp., 5.44s, 2030	8,000	6,996
CPS Auto Receivables Trust, 2.89s, 2009	1,286	1,300
Deutsche Mortgage Acceptance Corp., 7.5s, 2031	1,847	1,362
DLJ Mortgage Acceptance Corp., 8s, 2003+	60	59
Falcon Auto Dealership LLC, 3.875s, 2023 (Interest Only)	9,452	1,798
First Union-Lehman Brothers Bank, 0.757s, 2028 (Interest Only)	84,041	2,21
First Union-Lehman Brothers Bank, 7s, 2014	1,847	1,72°
First Union-Lehman Brothers Bank, 7.5s, 2029	1,847	1,708
GMAC Commercial Mortgage Security, Inc., 6.02s, 2033	5 <b>,</b> 800	5,15
LB Commercial Mortgage Trust, 1.161s, 2028 (Interest Only)	24,085	855
Morgan Stanley Capital I, Inc., 6.86s, 2010	2,215	2,320
Morgan Stanley Capital I, Inc., 7.709s, 2039	5 <b>,</b> 560	5,305
Mortgage Capital Funding, Inc., 7.214s, 2007	2 <b>,</b> 250	2 <b>,</b> 279
Mortgage Capital Funding, Inc., 1.083s, 2031 (Interest Only)	25 <b>,</b> 109	822
Multi Family Capital Access One, Inc., 6.65s, 2024	155	172
Nationslink Funding Corp., 5s, 2031	4,560	4,128
Residential Accredit Loans, Inc., 7.75s, 2027	1,747	1,74
TIAA Retail Commercial Mortgage Trust, 7.17s, 2032#	4,309	4,682
		\$48,183
Defense Electronics - 0.3%		
L-3 Communications Corp., 7.625s, 2012	\$1,455	\$1,58
Energy - Independent - 0.2%		
Ocean Energy, Inc., 4.375s, 2007	\$908	\$934

Energy - Integrated - 0.7%		
Triton Energy Ltd., 9.25s, 2005	\$3,500	\$3,801
Entertainment - 2.3%		: <b>-</b> -
AMC Entertainment, Inc., 9.5s, 2011	\$1,700	
Disney (Walt) Co., 6.75s, 2006	2,140	2,335
News America Holdings, Inc., 7.7s, 2025	517	591
News America, Inc., 6.55s, 2033	529	540
Regal Cinemas Corp., 9.375s, 2012	2 <b>,</b> 425	2,740
Six Flags, Inc., 9.75s, 2013	1,500	1,470
Turner Broadcasting Systems, Inc., 8.375s, 2013	419	504
Turner Broadcasting Systems, Inc., 8.4s, 2024	3,000	3,154
		\$13,122
Financial Institutions - 0.7%		
SLM Corp., 1.381s, 2007	\$4,120	\$4,120
Food & Non Alcoholic Beverages - 0.1%		
Seminis, Inc., 10.25s, 2013#	\$360	\$385
Forest & Paper Products - 1.2%		
Buckeye Cellulose Corp., 9.25s, 2008		\$2,182
Buckeye Technologies, Inc., 8.5s, 2013#	525	54
Georgia Pacific Corp., 9.375s, 2013	1,220	1,40
International Paper Co., 5.375s, 2006	140	16
MeadWestvaco Corp., 6.8s, 2032	2,678	
		\$7,03
Gaming & Lodging - 2.8%		
Aztar Corp., 8.875s, 2007	\$1,550	\$1,61
Forest City Enterprises, Inc., 7.625s, 2015	235	24
Hilton Hotels Corp., 7.625s, 2012	1,100	1,21
Host Marriott LP, 8.45s, 2008	2,635	2,74
MGM Mirage, Inc., 8.375s, 2011	1,550	1 <b>,</b> 72

Park Place Entertainment Corp., 8.875s, 2008	1,540	1,711
Pinnacle Entertainment, Inc., 8.75s, 2013	650	650
Starwood Hotels & Resorts, Inc., 7.875s, 2012	2,600	2,873
Venetian Casino Resort LLC, 11s, 2010	1,525	1,759
Wackenhut Corrections Corp., 8.25s, 2013#	1,110	1,176
		\$15 <b>,</b> 720
Home Construction - 0.8%		
Horton (D.R.), Inc., 8s, 2009	\$1,565	\$1,744
Pulte Homes, Inc., 6.375s, 2033	3,033	2,899
		\$4,644
Insurance - 0.2%		
Prudential Funding Corp., 6.6s, 2008#	\$1,230	\$1,370
Insurance - Property & Casualty - 0.8%		
Allstate Corp., 7.2s, 2009	\$1 <b>,</b> 668	\$1 <b>,</b> 938
Willis Corroon Corp., 9s, 2009	2,325	2,458
		\$4 <b>,</b> 397
Machinery & Tools - 1.9%		
AGCO Corp., 9.5s, 2008	\$2,000	\$2 <b>,</b> 180
Amsted Industries, Inc., 10.25s, 2011#	1,845	2,034
Blount, Inc., 7s, 2005	700	689
Manitowoc Co., Inc., 10.5s, 2012	1,180	1,339
Terex Corp., 9.25s, 2011	1,380	1,521
Terex Corp., 10.375s, 2011	1,140	1,285
United Rentals, Inc., 10.75s, 2008	1,600	1,79
		\$10,845
Medical & Health Technology & Services - 0.6%		
Alliance Imaging, Inc., 10.375s, 2011	\$1,600	\$1 <b>,</b> 692
Fisher Scientific International, Inc., 8.125s, 2012	1,133	1,217
Genesis Healthcare Corp., 8s, 2013#	255	260
		\$3,170

Metals & Mining - 0.5%		
Arch Western Finance LLC, 6.75s, 2013#	\$735	\$760
P&L Coal Holdings Corp., 6.875s, 2013	340	357
Phelps Dodge Corp., 8.75s, 2011	501	597
U.S. Steel Corp., 9.75s, 2010	1,010	1,065
		\$2,781 
Municipals - 2.6%		
Florida Board of Education Capital Outlay, 5s, 2030	\$3,000 	\$3,023
Metropolitan Transportation Authority, NY, 5s, 2031	3,000	3,015
New Jersey Economic Development Authority, 5.5s, 2012	1,500	1,705
Philadelphia, PA Water & Wastewater Revenue, 5s, 2031	2,700	2,706
State of Massachusetts, 5.5s, 2013	3,620	4,110
		\$14,560
Natural Gas - Distribution - 0.8%		
AmeriGas Partners LLP, 8.875s, 2011	\$1 <b>,</b> 635	\$1 <b>,</b> 773
Kinder Morgan Energy Partners, 7.3s, 2033	2,578	2,892
		\$4,666
Natural Gas - Pipeline - 0.9%		
ANR Pipeline Co., 8.875s, 2010	\$440	\$479
Southern Natural Gas Co., 8.875s, 2010	1,540	1,678
Williams Cos., Inc., 6.25s, 2006	667	683
Williams Cos., Inc., 7.125s, 2011	2,100	2,152
		\$4,994
Oils - 0.3%		
Valero Energy Corp., 6.875s, 2012	\$1,331	\$1,461
Personal Computers & Peripherals - 0.7%		
Jabil Circuit, Inc., 5.875s, 2010	\$1,033	\$1,06
Unisys Corp., 7.875s, 2008	2,655	2,76
		\$3,83
Photographic Products - 0.1%		
Eastman Kodak Co., 7.25s, 2013	\$833	\$84

Pollution Control - 0.5%		
Allied Waste North America, Inc., 7.875s, 2013	\$2,375	\$2,547
Printing & Publishing - 1.0%		
Dex Media East LLC, 9.875s, 2009	\$1,500	\$1,698
Dex Media West LLC, 9.875s, 2013#	1,490	1,694
Hollinger International Publishing, Inc., 9s, 2010	800	848
Mail-Well Corp., 9.625s, 2012	1,050	1,178
		\$5 <b>,</b> 420
Real Estate - 0.8%		
Boston Properties, Inc., 5s, 2015	\$2,949	\$2,774
Kimco Realty Corp., 6s, 2012	1,399	1,478
		\$4,253
Stores - 0.7%		
J. Crew Corp., 10.375s, 2007	\$1,100	\$1,133
Rite Aid Corp., 9.5s, 2011	1,760	1,980
Rite Aid Corp., 9.25s, 2013	815	876
		\$3 <b>,</b> 989
Supermarkets - 0.4%		
Fleming Cos., Inc., 9.25s, 2010 (In Default)	\$1,695	\$262
Roundy's, Inc., 8.875s, 2012	1,650	1,72
		\$1,980
Telecommunications - Wireline - 1.3%		
AT&T Corp., 8.5s, 2031	\$1,113	\$1,262
Qwest Services Corp., 13.5s, 2010#	1,600	1,868
Sprint Capital Corp., 6.875s, 2028	1,501	1,41
Verizon New York, Inc., 6.875s, 2012	2,473	2,71
		\$7,25
Tobacco - 0.1%		
Philip Morris Cos., Inc., 6.8s, 2003	\$593	\$594

U.S. Government Agencies - 3.4%		
FNMA, 6s, 2016	\$792 	\$823 
FNMA, 6s, 2017	2 <b>,</b> 237	2,326
FNMA, 6.5s, 2031	419	434
FNMA, 6.5s, 2032	5,366	5,575
FNMA, 5.5s, 2033	8,175	8,253
Small Business Administration, 5.34s, 2021	1,841	1,900
		\$19,314
U.S. Treasury Obligations - 2.4%		
U.S. Treasury Notes, 3.375s, 2007	\$12,598	\$13,738
Utilities - Electric Power - 5.7%		
AES Corp., 8.75s, 2013#	\$1,100	\$1 <b>,</b> 174
AES Corp., 9s, 2015#	1,100	1,177
Beaver Valley II Funding, 9s, 2017	1,491	1,733
BVPS II Funding Corp., 8.68s, 2017	870	1,000
Calpine Corp., 8.5s, 2011	750	536
Calpine Corp., 8.75s, 2013#	1,255	1,145
CMS Energy Corp., 8.5s, 2011	\$1,300	\$1,358
Dynegy, Inc., 6.875s, 2011	1,600	1,392
Entergy Louisiana, Inc., 8.09s, 2017	2,132	2,420
MidAmerican Energy Holdings Co., 3.5s, 2008	2,437	
MidAmerican Energy Holdings Co., 5.875s, 2012	3 <b>,</b> 552	
Niagara Mohawk Power Corp., 8.77s, 2018	2,309	2,40
NiSource, Inc., 7.875s, 2010	2,409	2,850
PG&E Corp., 6.875s, 2008#	400	424
PSEG Power LLC, 7.75s, 2007	3,120	3,15
Reliant Resources, Inc., 9.25s, 2010#	490	438
Reliant Resources, Inc., 9.5s, 2013#	575	51
TXU Corp., 6.375s, 2006	3,943	4,17
		\$31,951

Utilities - Telephone - 0.2%

\$1,205	\$1,229
\$1 <b>,</b> 925	\$1,848
500	500
1,270	1,320
1,500	1,537
495	502
475	425
1,055	1,110
1,715	1,792
	\$9,036
	\$355,295
\$630 	\$606
ARS93	\$25
\$249	142
	\$167
\$3,480	\$3 <b>,</b> 549
EUR 3,064	\$3 <b>,</b> 826
953	1,166
574	666
	\$5,659
EUR 685	\$795
	\$1,925 500 1,270 1,500 495 475 1,055 1,715  \$630  ARS93 \$249  \$3,480  EUR 3,064 953 574

Kingdom of Belgium, 5s, 2012	435	533
		\$1 <b>,</b> 328
Brazil - 2.0%		
Banco Nacional de Desenvolvi, 8.754s, 2008 (Banks & Credit Companies)	\$497	\$484
Federal Republic of Brazil, 2.063s, 2009	756	687 
Federal Republic of Brazil, 9.25s, 2010	1,330	1,326
Federal Republic of Brazil, 10s, 2011	1,801	1,837
Federal Republic of Brazil, 2.063s, 2012	975	819
Federal Republic of Brazil, 10.25s, 2013	399	410
Federal Republic of Brazil, 8s, 2014	4,110	3 <b>,</b> 825
Federal Republic of Brazil, 2s, 2024	537	425
Federal Republic of Brazil, 8.875s, 2024	1,764	1,459
Federal Republic of Brazil, 11s, 2040	117	114
		\$11 <b>,</b> 390
Bulgaria - 0.3%		
Republic of Bulgaria, 8.25s, 2015#	\$1,312	\$1 <b>,</b> 492
Canada - 1.8%		
Abitibi Consolidated, Inc., 6.95s, 2006 (Forest & Paper Products)	\$2,500	\$2,577
Abitibi Consolidated, Inc., 8.55s, 2010 (Forest & Paper Products)	1,384	1,505
Government of Canada, 5.5s, 2009	CAD 2,837	2,278
Government of Canada, 5.25s, 2012	1,606	1,258
Government of Canada, 8s, 2023	690	690
Rogers Cable, Inc., 6.25s, 2013 (Broadcast & Cable TV)	\$1,765	1,765
		\$10 <b>,</b> 075
Chile - 0.4%		
Empresa Nacional de Electricidad S.A., 8.35s, 2013 (Utilities - Electric Power)	\$1 <b>,</b> 231	\$1,325
HQI Transelec Chile S.A., 7.875s, 2011 (Utilities - Electric Power)	700	796
		\$2 <b>,</b> 121

Colombia - 0.3%		
Republic of Colombia, 9.75s, 2009	\$833 	\$905 
Republic of Colombia, 10.75s, 2013	455	497
Republic of Colombia, 10.375s, 2033	72 	72
		\$1 <b>,</b> 475
Denmark - 0.5%		
Kingdom of Denmark, 7s, 2007	DKK 4,819	\$850 
Kingdom of Denmark, 6s, 2009	8,242	1,423
Kingdom of Denmark, 6s, 2011	2,000	348
Kingdom of Denmark, 5s, 2013	2,999	487
		\$3,109
Dominican Republic - 0.1%		
Dominican Republic, 9.5s, 2006#	\$485	\$421
Dominican Republic, 9.04s, 2013#	386	297
		\$719
Ecuador		
Republic of Ecuador, 7s, 2030	\$79 	 \$52 
Finland - 1.1%		
Republic of Finland, 2.75s, 2006	EUR 147	\$169
Republic of Finland, 3s, 2008	3,368	3,808
Republic of Finland, 5.375s, 2013	1,621	2,037
		\$6,016
France - 2.7%		
Vivendi Universal S.A., 6.25s, 2008 (Advertising & Broadcasting)#	\$905	\$945
France Telecom S.A., 8.45s, 2006 (Telecommunications - Wireline)	105	11
Crown Cork & Seal Co., Inc., 9.5s, 2011 (Containers)	1,580	1,75
France Telecom S.A. (Telecom - Wireline), 9.75s, 2031 (Telecommunications - Wireline)	2,141	2,82
Republic of France, 4.75s, 2007	EUR 1,370	1,66
Republic of France, 4s, 2009	2 <b>,</b> 767	3,23

Republic of France, 4.75s, 2012	458	551
Republic of France, 5s, 2012	400	491
Republic of France, 5s, 2016	207	251
Rhodia S.A., 8.875s, 2011 (Chemicals)#	\$2 <b>,</b> 090	1,860
SNCF, 7.5s, 2008 (Railroad & Shipping)	EUR 750	1,004
Societe Generale Capital Trust I, 7.875s, 2049 (Banks & Credit Companies)	300	405
Vivendi Environnement, 5.875s, 2008 (Pollution Control)	250	309
		\$15 <b>,</b> 422
Germany - 6.4%		
Coca Cola Erfrischungsgetranke, 5.875s, 2005 (Food & Non Alcoholic Beverages)	EUR 600	\$724
DaimlerChrysler AG, 8.5s, 2031 (Automotive)	1,251	1,402
DePfa Deutsche Pfandbriefbk, 5.5s, 2010 (Corporate Asset-Backed)	960	1,204
Deutsche Telekom International Finance B.V., 8.75s, 2030 (Telecommunications - Wireline)	\$1,414	1,778
Federal Republic of Germany, 4s, 2009	EUR 716	841
Federal Republic of Germany, 4.5s, 2009	21,107	25,404
Federal Republic of Germany, 5.25s, 2010	1,209	1,506
Kreditanstalt fur Wiederaufbau, 3.25s, 2008 (Banks & Credit Compaines)	1,705	1,955
Kreditanstalt fur Wiederaufbau, 4.75s, 2006 (Banks & Credit Companies)	750	907
Kronos International, Inc., 8.875s, 2009 (Chemicals)	95 	114
		\$35 <b>,</b> 840
Greece - 0.2%		
Republic of Greece, 3.5s, 2008	EUR 592	\$684
Republic of Greece, 4.6s, 2013	370	435
		\$1,119
Ireland - 1.4%		
MDP Acquisitions PLC, 9.625s, 2012 (Forest & Paper Products)	\$940	\$1,043
Bank of Ireland UK Holdings, 7.4s, 2049 (Banks & Credit		

Companies)	EUR 500	666
Chalet Finance 1 PLC, 2.33s, 2013 (Home Loans)	300	350
Republic of Ireland, 4.25s, 2007	2,322	2,781
Republic of Ireland, 3.25s, 2009	1,662	1,884
Republic of Ireland, 5s, 2013	868	1,060
		\$7 <b>,</b> 786
Italy - 1.6%		
Republic of Italy, 4.5s, 2007	EUR 1,271	\$1 <b>,</b> 532
Republic of Italy, 4.5s, 2005	4,745	5,669
Republic of Italy, 4.75s, 2013	34	40
Republic of Italy, 5.25s, 2017	370	453
Telecom Italia S.p.A., 5.25s, 2013 (Telecommunications - Wireline)#	\$1,425	1,413
		\$9 <b>,</b> 109
Japan - 0.9%		
UFJ Holdings, Inc., 6.75s, 2013 (Banks & Credit Companies)	\$4,612	\$4,828
Kazakhstan - 0.5%		
Hurricane Finance B.V., 9.625s, 2010 (Oils)#	\$36 	\$39
<pre>Kazkommerts International B.V., 10.125s, 2007 (Banks &amp; Credit Companies)#</pre>	250	275
Kazkommerts International B.V., 8.5s, 2013 (Banks & Credit Companies)#	1,361	1,354
<pre>KazTransOil Co., 8.5s, 2006 (Oil Services)#</pre>	1,137	1,199
Turanalem Finance B.V., 7.875s, 2010 (Banks & Credit Companies)#	39	38
Turanelem Finance B.V., 7.875s, 2010 (Banks & Credit Companies)#	10	S
Luxembourg - 0.1%		\$2,915
Credit Suisse Group, 7.974s, 2010 (Banks & Credit Companies)	EUR 265	\$356
Malaysia - 0.4%		

Petronas Capital Ltd., 7.875s, 2022 (Oil Services)#	\$987	\$1,119
Petroliam Nasional, 7.75s, 2015 (Oils)	999	1,165
		\$2,285
Mexico - 2.5%		
Grupo Televisa S.A. de C.V., 8.5s, 2032 (Broadcast & Cable TV)	\$1,866	\$1,959
Grupo Elektra S.A. de C.V., 12s, 2008 (Electronics)	42	
Petroleos Mexicanos, 9.5s, 2027 (Oils)	302	351 
BBVA Bancomer, 10.5s, 2011 (Banks & Credit Companies)#	1,240	1,391
Innova S de R. L. De C.V., 9.375s, 2013 (Wireless Communications)#	711	716
Pemex Finance Ltd., 9.69s, 2009 (Energy - Integrated)	905	1,054
Pemex Project Funding Master Trust, 9.125s, 2010 (Quasi-Government)	980	1,146
Pemex Project Funding Master Trust, 8.625s, 2022 (Quasi-Governement)	2,834	3,089
TFM S.A. de C.V., 10.25s, 2007 (Transportation - Services)	15	15
TFM S.A. de C.V., 11.75s, 2009 (Transportation - Services)	16	16
TFM S.A. de C.V., 12.5s, 2012 (Transportation - Services)	344	378
United Mexican States, 8.125s, 2019	107	118
United Mexican States, 8s, 2022	24	26
United Mexican States, 11.5s, 2026	2,673	3 <b>,</b> 822
United Mexican States, 8.3s, 2031	12	13
		\$14,143
Netherlands - 1.1%		
Deutsche Telekom International Finance B.V., 8.125s, 2012 (Telecomnunications - Wireline)	EUR 130	\$183
Kingdom of Netherlands, 3.75s, 2009	3,364	3,901
Kingdom of Netherlands, 5s, 2012	1,722	2,111
		\$6,195
New Zealand - 0.5%		
Government of New Zealand, 8s, 2006	NZD 315	\$204
Government of New Zealand, 7s, 2009	2,682	1,715

	=	
Government of New Zealand, 6.5s, 2013	1,504	940
		\$2,860
Panama - 0.3%		
Republic of Panama, 1.938s, 2016	\$174	\$150
Republic of Panama, 9.375s, 2023	99	107
Republic of Panama, 9.375s, 2029	1,030	1,169
		\$1,427
Philippines		
Philippines Republic, 9.375s, 2017	\$77	\$81
Poland - 0.3%		
PTC International Finance II S.A., 11.25s, 2009 (Wireless Communications)	\$1,314	\$1 <b>,</b> 435
Portugal - 0.2%		
Republic of Portugal, 5.45s, 2013	EUR 1,067	\$1,339
Qatar - 0.2%		
State of Qatar, 9.75s, 2030#	\$20	\$27
State of Qatar, 9.75s, 2030	735	1,014
		\$1 <b>,</b> 042
Russia - 1.3%		
Gazprom, 9.625s, 2013 (Utilities - Gas)#	\$200	\$217
Mobile TeleSystems Finance S.A., 9.75s, 2008 (Wireless Communications)#	19	20
Mobile TeleSystems Finance S.A., 8.375s, 2010 (Wireless Communications)#	1,344	1,323
Russian Federation, 3s, 2011	380	286
Russian Federation, 11s, 2018#	113	150
Russian Federation, 5s, 2030#	1,433	1,336
Siberian Oil Co., 10.75s, 2009 (Energy - Integrated)	780	832
Tyumen Oil Co., 11s, 2007 (Oil Services)	1,560	1,770
Vimplecom B.V., 10.45s, 2005 (Wireless Communications)#	1,551	1,638

\$7,577

Singapore - 0.2%		
Flextronics International Ltd., 6.5s, 2013 (Electronics)#	\$1,130	\$1,115
Spain - 1.3%		
Kingdom of Spain, 6s, 2008	EUR 2,034	\$2 <b>,</b> 594
Kingdom of Spain, 5.35s, 2011	2,797	3 <b>,</b> 505
Spanish Broadcasting Systems, Inc., 9.625s, 2009 (Advertising & Broadcasting)	1,400	1,452
		\$7 <b>,</b> 552
Supra-National - 0.2%		
European Investment Bank, 5.375s, 2012 (Banks & Credit Companies)	EUR 750	\$937
Sweden - 0.3%		
Assa Abloy AB, 5.125s, 2006 (Consumer Goods & Services)	EUR 130	\$157
Spintab AB, 5s, 2008 (Banks & Credit Companies)	SEK 10,000	1,298
Turkey		\$1,455 
Republic of Turkey, 9.5s, 2014	\$25	\$26
Republic of Turkey, 11.875s, 2030	161	201
		\$228
Ukraine - 0.2%		
Republic of Ukraine, 7.65s, 2013#	\$973	\$975 
United Kingdom - 2.4%		
Abbey National Capital, 8.963s, 2049 (Banks & Credit Companies)	\$2,109	\$2 <b>,</b> 797
BAE Systems Holdings, Inc., 6.4s, 2011 (Aerospace)#	1,922	2,059
Barclays Bank PLC, 8.55s, 2049 (Banks & Credit Companies)#	2,141	2 <b>,</b> 626
Telewest Communications PLC, 9.625s, 2006 (Broadcast & Cable TV) (In Default)	350	185
Global TeleSystems, Inc., 10.875s, 2008 (Telecommunications - Wireline) (In Default)	165	
Europa Two Ltd., 2.472s, 2027 (Corporate Asset-Backed)	EUR 392	454

Granite Mortgages PLC, 1s, 2042 (Residential Mortgage-Backed)	350	426
National Westminster Bank PLC, 6.625s, 2049 (Banks & Credit Companies)	330	421
NGG Finance PLC, 5.25s, 2006 (Utilities - Electric Power)	200	241
OTE Telecommunications PLC, 6.125s, 2007 (Telecommunications - Wireline)	195	241
Pearson PLC, 6.125s, 2007 (Printing & Publishing)	135	167
Reed Elsevier Capital, Inc., 6.125s, 2006 (Advertising & Broadcasting)	230	250
Rolls Royce PLC, 6.375s, 2007 (Aerospace)	300	376
United Kingdom Treasury, 7.25s, 2007	GBP 1,562	2,876
Vodafone Airtouch PLC, 5.75s, 2006 (Wireless Communications)	EUR 140	173
Venezuela - 0.2%		\$13 <b>,</b> 298
Republic of Venezuela, 1.875s, 2007	\$107	\$98
Republic of Venezuela, 10.75s, 2013#	942	890
		\$989 
Vietnam		
Republic of Vietnam, 3.5s, 2028	\$166	\$115
Total Foreign Bonds		\$190 <b>,</b> 200
Total Bonds (Identified Cost, \$514,261,266)		\$545,496
Convertible Bonds - 0.2%		
U.S. Bonds - 0.2%		
Wireless Communications - 0.2%		
Nextel Communications, Inc., 5.25s, 2010	\$1,300	
Foreign Bonds		
United Kingdom		
Fortis Capital Co., 6.25s, 2049 (Banks & Credit Companies)	EUR 155	\$190
Total Convertible Bonds (Identified Cost, \$1,364,348)		\$1,438

ISSUER	SHARES	 \$ V
U.S. Stocks - 0.2%		·
Sind Holdings, Inc.*	5,720	\$371
Basic Industry		
Thermadyne Holdings Corp.*	812	\$10
Tobacco		
Reynolds (RJ) Tobacco Holdings, Inc.	2,302	\$110 
Utilities - Telephone - 0.1%		
ITC Deltacom, Inc.*	112,647	\$591
Total Stocks (Identified Cost, \$2,666,653)		\$1,084
Warrants		
U.S. Warrants		
Loral Orion Network Systems, Inc., Expire 1/15/07 (Business Services)*	1,625	
Loral Orion Network Systems, Inc., Expire 1/15/07 (Business Services)*	700	
Thermadyne Holdings Corp., Expire 5/23/04 (Basic Industry)*	1,285	1
Thermadyne Holdings Corp., Expire 5/23/06 (Basic Industry)*	777	
Total U.S. Warrants		\$1
Foreign Warrants		
Ono Finance PLC, Expire 2/15/20 (Broadcast & Cable TV)	1,000	
Total Warrants (Identified Cost, \$185,913)		\$2
Repurchase Agreement - 1.4%		

Goldman Sachs Group, LP dated 10/31/03 due 11/03/03, total to be received \$7,909,692 (secured by various U.S. Treasury and Federal Agency obligations in a jointly

traded account), at Cost	\$7,909	
Put Options Purchased		
ISSUER/EXPIRATION MONTH/STRIKE PRICE	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF CONTRACTS (000 Omitted)	\$ V
Brazil Federal Republic Bonds/December/91.825	\$271	\$1
Venezuela/December/85	105	
Total Put Options Purchased (Premiums Paid, \$9,937)		\$2
Total Investments (Identified Cost, \$526,397,117)		\$555 <b>,</b> 933
Put Options Written - (0.0)%		
Brazilian Government Bonds/December/91.75	BRL 135	\$
South African Rand/December/9.32	ZAR 4,660	
Total Put Options Written (Premiums Received, \$17,020)		Ş
Other Assets, Less Liabilities - 1.4%		7,828
Net Assets - 100.0%		\$563 <b>,</b> 760

- $^{\star}$  Non-income producing security.
- # SEC Rule 144A restriction.
- + Restricted security.

Abbreviations have been used throughout this report to indicate amounts shown in currencies other than the U.S. dollar. A list of abbreviations is shown below.

ARS =	Argentine Peso	MXN	=	Mexican Peso
AUD =	Australian Dollar	NZD	=	New Zealand Dollar
BRL =	Brazilian Real	PLN	=	Polish Zloty
CAD =	Canadian Dollar	RUB	=	Russian Ruble
CLP =	Chilean Peso	SEK	=	Swedish Krona
CNY =	Chinese Yuan	SGD	=	Singapore Dollar
COP =	Colombian Peso	THB	=	Thai Baht
DKK =	Danish Krone	TRL	=	Turkish Lira
EUR =	Euro	TWD	=	Taiwan New Dollar
GBP =	British Pound	UYU	=	Uraguayan Peso
IDR =	Indonesian Rupiah	ZAR	=	South African Rand

See notes to financial statements.

FINANCIAL	STATEMENTS	STATEMENT	OF	ASSETS	AND	LIABILITIES

This statement represents your fund's balance sheet, which details the assets and liabilities composing the total value of your fund.

#### AT 10/31/03

ASSETS

Investments, at value (identified cost, \$526,397,117)	\$555,933,111	
Cash	216,282	
Foreign currency, at value (identified cost, \$1,217)	1,242	
Receivable for forward foreign currency exchange contracts	1,503,676	
Receivable for investments sold	387,155	
Interest and dividends receivable	9,960,343	
Other assets	154,555	
Total assets		\$568 <b>,</b> 156
LIABILITIES		
Payable to dividend disbursing agent	\$233,006	
Payable for forward foreign currency exchange contracts	1,143,357	
Payable for investments purchased	2,323,381	
Payable for trust shares reacquired	83 <b>,</b> 870	
Written options outstanding, at value (premiums received, \$17,020)	948	
Payable for daily variation margin on open future contracts	59,641	
Payable to affiliates		
Management fee	11,385	
Transfer and dividend disbursing agent fee	13,642	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	526 <b>,</b> 789	
Total liabilities		\$4,396
Net assets		\$563 <b>,</b> 760

Statement of Assets and Liabilities - continued

NET ASSETS CONSIST OF

Paid-in capital \$632,782,515

Unrealized appreciation on investments and translation of

assets and liabilities in foreign currencies	29,954,893
Accumulated net realized loss on investments and foreign currency transactions	(90,560,905)
Accumulated distributions in excess of net investment income	(8,416,158)
Total	\$563 <b>,</b> 76
Shares of beneficial interest outstanding (89,758,854 issued, less 6,388,302 treasury shares)	83,37
Net asset value per share (net assets of \$563,760,345 / 83,370,552 shares of beneficial interest outstanding)	
See notes to financial statements.	
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS	
This statement describes how much your fund received in invegains and/or losses generated by fund operations.  FOR YEAR ENDED 10/31/03  NET INVESTMENT INCOME	stment income and paid in expenses.
Interest income	\$36,989,555
Dividends	15,910
Total investment income	\$37,00
Expenses	
Management fee	\$3,956,816
Trustees" compensation	94,137
Custodian fee	346,212
Transfer and dividend disbursing agent fee	182,836
Administrative fee	54,381
Auditing fees	49,820
Legal fees	3,576
Postage	43,985
Printing	72,607
	396,066

Total expenses		\$5 <b>,</b> 200
Fees paid indirectly	(16,612)	
Net expenses		\$5 <b>,</b> 183
Net investment income		\$31 <b>,</b> 821
Statement of Operations - continued		
REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS) ON INVESTMENTS		
Realized gain (loss) (identified cost basis)		
Investment transactions	\$25,146,731	
Written option transactions	2,258	
Futures transactions		\$(1 <b>,</b> 172
Foreign currency transactions		\$(15 <b>,</b> 887
Net realized gain on investments and foreign currency transactions		\$8,088
Change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation)		
Investments	\$28,647,462	
Written options	16,072	
Futures contracts	2,371	
Translation of assets and liabilities in foreign currencies	1,755,289	
Net unrealized gain on investments and foreign currency translation		\$30,421
Net realized and unrealized gain on investments and foreign currency		\$38 <b>,</b> 509
Net realized and unrealized gain on investments and foreign currency  Increase in net assets from operations		\$70 <b>,</b> 331
Net realized and unrealized gain on investments and foreign currency		\$70 <b>,</b> 331

This statement describes the increases and/or decreases in net assets resulting from operations, any distributions, and any shareholder

transactions.

FOR YEARS ENDED 10/31	2003	2002
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS		
OPERATIONS		
Net investment income	\$31,821,641	
Net realized gain (loss) on investments and foreign currency transactions	8,088,573	(34,318
Net unrealized gain on investments and foreign currency translation	30,421,194	11,488
Increase in net assets from operations	\$70,331,408	\$11 <b>,</b> 846
DISTRIBUTIONS DECLARED TO SHAREHOLDERS		
From net investment income	\$(33,246,025)	
TRUST SHARE (PRINCIPAL) TRANSACTIONS		
Cost of shares reacquired	\$(2,269,553)	\$(1 <b>,</b> 717
Total increase (decrease) in net assets	\$34,815,830	\$(25 <b>,</b> 822
NET ASSETS		
At beginning of period	\$528,944,515	\$554 <b>,</b> 766
At end of period (including accumulated distributions in excess of net investment income of \$8,416,158 and \$534,911, respectively)	\$563,760,345	\$528,944
See notes to financial statements.		

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The financial highlights table is intended to help you understand the fund's financial performance Certain information reflects financial results for a single fund share. The total returns in the which an investor would have earned (or lost) on an investment in the fund (assuming reinvestment information has been audited by the fund's independent auditors, whose report, together with the are included in this report.

FOR YEARS ENDED 10/31	2003	2002	2001
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$6.32	\$6.60	\$6.69

<pre>INCOME FROM INVESTMENT OPERATIONS#(S)   Net investment income</pre>	\$0.38	\$0.41	\$0.51			
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments and foreign currency	0.46	(0.26)	(0.06)			
Total from investment operations	\$0.84	\$0.15 	\$0.45 			
LESS DISTRIBUTIONS From net investment income	\$(0.40)	\$(0.43)	\$(0.49)			
From paid-in capital			(0.05)			
Total distributions	\$(0.40)	\$(0.43)	\$(0.54)			
Net increase from repurchase of capital shares	\$0.00+	\$0.00+	\$0.00+			
Net asset value, end of period	\$6.76	\$6.32 	\$6.60 			
Per share market value, end of period		\$5.69 	\$6.06			
Total return at market value (%)	20.11	0.72*	9.83			
RATIOS (%) TO AVERAGE NET ASSETS AND SUPPLEMENTAL DATA: Expenses## 0.94 0.96 1.06						
Net investment income(S)	5.76	6.49	7.65			
Portfolio turnover	126	152	103			
Net assets at end of period (000 Omitted)	\$563 <b>,</b> 760	\$528,945	\$554,767			

- # Per share data are based on average shares outstanding.
- ## Ratios do not reflect expense reductions from fees paid indirectly.
- + Per share data is less than \$0.01.
- (S) As required, effective November 1, 2001, the trust adopted the provisions of the AICPA Audit Investment Companies and began amortizing premium and accreting market discount on debt secur change for the year ended October 31, 2002 was to decrease net investment income per share an unrealized gains and losses per share. The impact of this change calculates to less than \$0.00 ratio of net investment income to average net assets decreased by 0.01%. Per share, ratios, a prior to October 30, 2002 have not been restated to reflect this change in presentation.
  - \* As revised, to reflect post closing activity on the NYSE at October 31, 2002. Such amount was

See notes to financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### (1) BUSINESS AND ORGANIZATION

MFS Multimarket Income Trust (the trust) is a non-diversified trust that is organized as a Massachusetts business trust and is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, as a closed-end management investment company.

#### (2) SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

GENERAL - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The trust can invest in foreign securities. Investments in foreign securities are vulnerable to the effects of changes in the relative values of the local currency and the U.S. dollar and to the effects of changes in each country's legal, political, and economic environment.

INVESTMENT VALUATIONS - Bonds and other fixed income securities (other than short-term obligations) in the trust's portfolio are valued at an evaluated bid price on the basis of quotes from brokers and dealers or on the basis of valuations furnished by a pricing service. Prices obtained from pricing services utilize both dealer-supplied valuations and electronic data processing techniques which take into account appropriate factors such as institutional-size trading in similar groups of securities, yield, quality, coupon rate, maturity, type of issue, trading characteristics and other market data without exclusive reliance upon quoted prices or exchange or over-thecounter prices, since such valuations are believed to reflect more accurately the fair value of such securities. Equity securities in the trust's portfolio for which market quotations are available are valued at the last sale or official closing price on the primary market or exchange on which they are primarily traded or at the last quoted bid price for securities in which there were no sales during the day. If no sales are reported, as is the case for most securities traded over the counter, securities are valued on the basis of quotations obtained from brokers and dealers or on the basis of valuations furnished by a pricing service. Forward contracts and currency options will be valued using a pricing model taking into consideration market data from an external pricing source. Use of the pricing services has been approved by the Board of Trustees. All other securities (other than short-term obligations), futures contracts and options in the trust's portfolio for which the principal market is one or more securities or commodities exchanges (whether domestic or foreign) will be valued at the last reported sale price or at the settlement price prior to the determination (or if there has been no current sale, at the closing bid price) on the primary exchange on which such securities, futures contracts or options are traded; but if a securities exchange is not the principal market for securities, such securities will, if market quotations are readily available, be valued at current bid prices. Short-term obligations in the trust's portfolio are valued at amortized cost, which constitutes fair value as determined by the Board of Trustees. Short-term obligations with a remaining maturity in excess of 60 days will be valued upon dealer-supplied valuations. Portfolio investments for which market quotations are not readily available, or whose values have been materially affected by events occurring after the close of their primary markets, are valued at fair value as determined in good faith by or at the direction of the Board of Trustees.

REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS - The trust may enter into repurchase agreements with institutions that the trust's investment adviser has determined are creditworthy. Each repurchase agreement is recorded at cost. The trust requires that the securities collateral in a repurchase transaction be transferred to the custodian in a manner sufficient to enable the trust to obtain those securities in the event of a default under the repurchase agreement. The trust monitors, on a daily basis, the value of the collateral to ensure that its value, including accrued interest, is greater than amounts owed to the trust under each such repurchase agreement. The trust, along with other affiliated entities of Massachusetts Financial Services Company (MFS),

may utilize a joint trading account for the purpose of entering into one or more repurchase agreements.

FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION - Investment valuations, other assets, and liabilities initially expressed in foreign currencies are converted each business day into U.S. dollars based upon current exchange rates. Purchases and sales of foreign investments, income, and expenses are converted into U.S. dollars based upon currency exchange rates prevailing on the respective dates of such transactions. Gains and losses attributable to foreign currency exchange rates on sales of securities are recorded for financial statement purposes as net realized gains and losses on investments. Gains and losses attributable to foreign exchange rate movements on income and expenses are recorded for financial statement purposes as foreign currency transaction gains and losses. That portion of both realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments that results from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates is not separately disclosed.

DEFERRED TRUSTEE COMPENSATION - Under a Deferred Compensation Plan (the Plan) independent Trustees may elect to defer receipt of all or a portion of their annual compensation. Deferred amounts are treated as though equivalent dollar amounts had been invested in shares of the trust or other MFS trust selected by the Trustee. Deferred amounts represent an unsecured obligation of the trust until distributed in accordance with the Plan. Included in other assets and accrued expenses and other liabilities is \$76,213 of Deferred Trustees" Compensation.

WRITTEN OPTIONS - The trust may write call or put options in exchange for a premium. The premium is initially recorded as a liability, which is subsequently adjusted to the current value of the option contract. When a written option expires, the trust realizes a gain equal to the amount of the premium received. When a written call option is exercised or closed, the premium received is offset against the proceeds to determine the realized gain or loss. When a written put option is exercised, the premium reduces the cost basis of the security purchased by the trust. The trust, as writer of an option, may have no control over whether the underlying securities may be sold (call) or purchased (put) and, as a result, bears the market risk of an unfavorable change in the price of the securities underlying the written option. In general, written call options may serve as a partial hedge against decreases in value in the underlying securities to the extent of the premium received. Written options may also be used as part of an income producing strategy reflecting the view of the trust's management on the direction of interest rates.

FUTURES CONTRACTS - The trust may enter into futures contracts for the delayed delivery of securities or currency, or contracts based on financial indices at a fixed price on a future date. In entering such contracts, the trust is required to deposit with the broker either in cash or securities an amount equal to a certain percentage of the contract amount. Subsequent payments are made or received by the trust each day, depending on the daily fluctuations in the value of the contract, and are recorded for financial statement purposes as unrealized gains or losses by the trust. The trust's investment in futures contracts is designed to hedge against anticipated future changes in interest or exchange rates or securities prices. Investments in interest rate futures for purposes other than hedging may be made to modify the duration of the portfolio without incurring the additional transaction costs involved in buying and selling the underlying securities. Investments in currency futures for purposes other than hedging may be made to change the trust's relative position in one or more currencies without buying and selling portfolio assets. Investments in equity index contracts or contracts on related options for purposes other than hedging, may be made when the trust has cash on hand and wishes to participate in anticipated market appreciation while the cash is being invested. Should interest or exchange rates or securities prices move

unexpectedly, the trust may not achieve the anticipated benefits of the futures contracts and may realize a loss.

FORWARD FOREIGN CURRENCY EXCHANGE CONTRACTS - The trust may enter into forward foreign currency exchange contracts for the purchase or sale of a specific foreign currency at a fixed price on a future date. Risks may arise upon entering into these contracts from the potential inability of counterparties to meet the terms of their contracts and from unanticipated movements in the value of a foreign currency relative to the U.S. dollar. The trust may enter into forward foreign currency exchange contracts for hedging purposes as well as for non-hedging purposes. For hedging purposes, the trust may enter into contracts to deliver or receive foreign currency it will receive from or require for its normal investment activities. The trust may also use contracts in a manner intended to protect foreign currency-denominated securities from declines in value due to unfavorable exchange rate movements. For non-hedging purposes, the trust may enter into contracts with the intent of changing the relative exposure of the trust's portfolio of securities to different currencies to take advantage of anticipated changes. The forward foreign currency exchange contracts are adjusted by the daily exchange rate of the underlying currency and any gains or losses are recorded as unrealized until the contract settlement date. On contract settlement date, the gains or losses are recorded as realized gains or losses on foreign currency transactions.

INVESTMENT TRANSACTIONS AND INCOME - Investment transactions are recorded on the trade date. Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis. All premium and discount is amortized or accreted for financial statement purposes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. All discount is accreted for tax reporting purposes as required by federal income tax regulations. Dividends received in cash are recorded on the ex-dividend date. Dividend and interest payments received in additional securities are recorded on the ex-dividend or ex-interest date in an amount equal to the value of the security on such date. Some securities may be purchased on a "when-issued" or "forward delivery" basis, which means that the securities will be delivered to the trust at a future date, usually beyond customary settlement time.

FEES PAID INDIRECTLY - The trust's custody fee is reduced according to an arrangement that measures the value of cash deposited with the custodian by the trust. This amount is shown as a reduction of total expenses on the Statement of Operations.

TAX MATTERS AND DISTRIBUTIONS - The trust's policy is to comply with the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code (the Code) applicable to regulated investment companies and to distribute to shareholders all of its net taxable income, including any net realized gain on investments. Accordingly, no provision for federal income or excise tax is provided.

Distributions to shareholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date. The trust distinguishes between distributions on a tax basis and a financial reporting basis and only distributions in excess of tax basis earnings and profits are reported in the financial statements as distributions from paid-in capital. Differences in the recognition or classification of income between the financial statements and tax earnings and profits, which result in temporary over-distributions for financial statement purposes, are classified as distributions in excess of net investment income or net realized gains. Common types of book and tax differences that could occur include differences in accounting for currency transactions, mortgage-backed securities, derivatives, defaulted bonds, capital losses, and amortization and accretion on debt securities.

The tax character of distributions declared for the years ended October 31, 2003 and October 31, 2002 was as follows:

Distributions declared from:	10/31/03	10/31/02
Ordinary income	\$33,246,025	\$35,951,308
Long-term capital gain	0	0
	\$33,246,025	\$35,951,308
Tax return of capital	0	0
Total distributions declared	\$33,246,025	\$35,951,308

During the year ended October 31, 2003 accumulated distributions in excess of net investment income increased by \$6,456,863, accumulated net realized loss on investments and foreign currency transactions decreased by \$6,455,775, and paid-in capital increased by \$1,088 due to differences between book and tax accounting for mortgage-backed securities, currency transactions, the offset of net investment loss against short-term capital gains, amortization and accretion on debt securities, market discount, capital losses, etc. This change had no effect on the net assets or net asset value per share.

As of October 31, 2003, the components of distributable earnings (accumulated losses) on a tax basis were as follows:

Undistributed ordinary income	\$249 <b>,</b> 409
Capital loss carryforward	(86,321,808)
Unrealized appreciation	25,352,988
Other temporary differences	(8,302,759)

For federal income tax purposes, the capital loss carryforward may be applied against any net taxable realized gains of each succeeding year until the earlier of its utilization or expiration.

### EXPIRATION DATE

October 31, 2007	\$(6,254,941)
October 31, 2008	(19,415,923)
October 31, 2009	(22,359,865)
October 31, 2010	(38,291,079)
Total	\$ (86,321,808)

### (3) TRANSACTIONS WITH AFFILIATES

INVESTMENT ADVISER - The trust has an investment advisory agreement with Massachusetts Financial Services Company (MFS) to provide overall investment advisory and administrative services, and general office facilities.

The management fee is computed daily and paid monthly at an annual rate of 0.34% of the trust's average daily net assets and 5.40% of investment income. Management fees incurred for the year ended October 31, 2003 were 0.72% of

average daily net assets on an annualized basis.

The trust pays compensation to the Independent Trustees ("Trustees") in the form of both a retainer and attendance fees, and pays no compensation directly to its Trustees who are officers of the investment adviser, or to officers of the trust, all of whom receive remuneration for their services to the trust from MFS. Certain officers and Trustees of the trust are officers or directors of MFS and MFS Service Center, Inc. (MFSC). The trust has an unfunded, defined benefit plan for inactive Trustees and an unfunded retirement benefit deferral plan for active Trustees. Included in Trustees" compensation is a net increase of \$14,569 as a result of the change in the trust's pension liability for active Trustees and a pension expense of \$16,170 for inactive trustees for the year ended October 31, 2003.

ADMINISTRATOR - The trust has an administrative services agreement with MFS to provide the trust with certain financial, legal, shareholder communications, compliance, and other administrative services. As a partial reimbursement for the cost of providing these services, the trust pays MFS an administrative fee not to exceed the following annual percentage rates of the trust's average daily net assets:

First \$2 billion	0.0175%
Next \$2.5 billion	0.0130%
Next \$2.5 billion	0.0005%
In excess of \$7 billion	0.0000%

TRANSFER AGENT - MFSC acts as registrar and dividend disbursing agent for the trust. The agreement provides that the trust will pay MFSC an account maintenance fee of no more than \$9.00 and a dividend services fee of \$0.75 per reinvestment and will reimburse MFSC for reasonable out-of-pocket expenses.

#### (4) PORTFOLIO SECURITIES

Purchases and sales of investments, other than purchased option transactions and short-term obligations, were as follows:

	PURCHASES	SALES
U.S. government securities	\$119,156,033	\$210,737,601
Investments (non-U.S. government securities)	\$564,052,665	\$496,088,626

The cost and unrealized appreciation and depreciation in the value of the investments owned by the trust, as computed on a federal income tax basis, are as follows:

Aggregate cost	\$530,635,497
Gross unrealized appreciation	\$33,169,265
Gross unrealized depreciation	(7,871,651)
Net unrealized appreciation	\$25,297,614

### (5) SHARES OF BENEFICIAL INTEREST

The trust's Declaration of Trust permits the Trustees to issue an unlimited number of full and fractional shares of beneficial interest. The Trustees have authorized 89,758,854 full and fractional shares of beneficial interest and have authorized the repurchase by the trust of up to 10% annually of its own shares of beneficial interest. The trust repurchased 381,600 shares of beneficial interest during the year ended October 31, 2003 at an average price per share of \$5.95 and a weighted average discount of 8.90% per share. The trust repurchased 294,300 shares of beneficial interest during the year ended October 31, 2002, at an average price per shares of \$5.83 and a weighted average discount of 9.43% per share. Transactions in trust shares were as follows:

	Year ended 10/31/03		Year ended	10/31/	
	SHARES	AMOUNT	SHARES	AM	
Treasury shares reacquired	(381,600)	\$(2,269,553)	(294,300)	\$ (	
Net decrease	(381,600)	\$(2,269,553)	(294,300)	\$ (	

### (6) LINE OF CREDIT

The trust, and other affiliated funds participate in an \$800 million unsecured line of credit provided by a syndication of banks under a line of credit agreement. Borrowings may be made for temporary financing needs. Interest is charged to each fund, based on its borrowings, at a rate equal to the bank's base rate. In addition, a commitment fee, based on the average daily unused portion of the line of credit, is allocated among the participating funds at the end of each quarter. The commitment fee allocated to the trust for the year ended October 31, 2003 was \$4,317. The trust had no borrowings during the year.

#### (7) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The trust trades financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk in the normal course of its investing activities in order to manage exposure to market risks such as interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates. These financial instruments include written options, forward foreign currency exchange contracts, and futures contracts. The notional or contractual amounts of these instruments represent the investment the trust has in particular classes of financial instruments and does not necessarily represent the amounts potentially subject to risk. The measurement of the risks associated with these instruments is meaningful only when all related and offsetting transactions are considered.

### Written Option Transactions

Outstanding, beginning of period	NUMBER OF CONTRACTS 	PREMIUMS RECEIVED \$
Options written	4	21,679
Options exercised	(1)	(2,401)
Options expired	(1)	(2,258)
Outstanding, end of period	2	\$17 <b>,</b> 020

\_\_\_\_\_

At October 31, 2003 the trust had sufficient cash and/or securities at least equal to the value of the written options.

Forward Foreign Currency Exchange Contracts

SALES

SETTLEMENT DATE		CONTRACTS TO DELIVER/ RECEIVE	IN EXCHANGE FOR	CONTRACTS AT VALUE	NET U APPR (DEPR
11/03/03	AUD	3,308,810	\$2,331,387	\$2,342,394	 \$ (
11/03/03-01/13/04	CAD	9,067,639	6,717,472	6,864,779	(1
12/17/03	DKK	20,189,606	3,173,618	3,149,283	
11/03/03-01/13/04	EUR	142,382,236	166,350,636	165,132,863	1,2
11/03/03-01/13/04	GBP	3,242,680	5,414,797	5,494,136	(
11/24/03	MXN	2,896,708	260,000	261,289	
11/03/03-12/17/03	NZD	9,633,240	5,735,653	5,883,207	(1
11/03/03-01/13/04	SEK	12,584,044	1,605,373	1,609,309	
11/03/03	SGD	544,256	313,268	312,823	
11/10/03	TRL	305,591,003,470	211,094	204,737	
			\$192,113,298	\$191,254,820	\$8
PURCHASES					
11/21/03	ARS	145 <b>,</b> 890	\$51 <b>,</b> 263	\$50,619	
11/03/03-01/13/04	AUD	6,617,620	4,524,356	4,666,945	1
11/24/03	BRL	290,000	100,000	100,443	
11/03/03-12/17/03	CAD	6,628,532	4,996,182	5,022,876	
11/24/03	CLP	95,925,000	150,000	153 <b>,</b> 037	
07/12/04	CNY	1,830,988	224,763	225,848	
11/14/03	COP	274,333,000	94,497	95,026	
12/17/03	DKK	4,262,782	674 <b>,</b> 822	664,932	
11/03/03-01/13/04	EUR	73,799,946	86,378,115	85,670,376	(7
11/03/03-01/13/04	GBP	3,536,351	5,914,976	5,989,411	
11/28/03	IDR	866,500,000	102,049	101,448	
11/24/03	MXN	8,814,849	790 <b>,</b> 683	795,116	
11/03/03	NZD	4,816,620	2,950,180	2,948,952	
11/24/03	PLN	1,184,531	299 <b>,</b> 766	292 <b>,</b> 992	
11/21/03	RUB	6,230,000	207,046	207,152	
11/03/03	SEK	5,390,135	696,304	690 <b>,</b> 483	
11/03/03-11/28/03	SGD	1,440,492	832,308	828 <b>,</b> 007	
11/21/03	THB	12,015,000	300,000	300,011	
11/10/03-11/24/03	TRL	877,468,253,470	595,966	584 <b>,</b> 285	(
11/07/03	TWD	8,587,000	256,405	253 <b>,</b> 099	
11/14/03	UYU	2,616,000	92 <b>,</b> 458	91 <b>,</b> 518	
11/14/03	ZAR	562,033	80,010	81,414	
			\$110,312,149	\$109,813,990	\$ (4

At October 31, 2003, the trust had sufficient cash and/or securities to cover any commitments under these contracts.

Futures Contracts

DESCRIPTION	EXPIRATION	CONTRACTS	POSITION	UNREALIZED APPRECIATION (DEPRECIATION)
U.S. Treasury Notes	December 2003	173	Short	\$3 <b>,</b> 361
U.S. Treasury Notes	December 2003	1	Short	\$ (990)
				\$2 <b>,</b> 371

At October 31, 2003, the trust had sufficient cash and/or securities to cover any commitments under these contracts.

#### (8) RESTRICTED SECURITIES

The trust may invest not more than 10% of its total assets in securities which are subject to legal or contractual restrictions on resale. At October 31, 2003, the trust owned the following restricted security, excluding securities issued under Rule 144A, constituting 0.01% of net assets which may not be publicly sold without registration under the Securities Act of 1933. The trust does not have the right to demand that such security be registered. The value of this security is determined by valuations furnished by dealers or by a pricing service, or if not available, in good faith at the direction of the Trustees.

		SHARE/		
	DATE OF	PRINCIPAL		
DESCRIPTION	ACQUISITION	AMOUNT	COST	VALUE
DLJ Mortgage Acceptance Corp.	4/9/01	59,905	\$54,963	\$59,669
		<u>-</u>		

#### (9) CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

As required, effective November 1, 2001, the trust adopted the provisions of the AICPA Audit and Accounting Guide for Investment Companies and began amortizing premium and accreting market discount on debt securities. Prior to November 1, 2001 the trust did not amortize premium nor accrete market discount on debt securities. The cumulative effect of this accounting change had no impact on total net assets of the trust, but resulted in a \$3,979,555 reduction in cost of securities and a corresponding \$3,979,555 decrease in net unrealized depreciation, based on securities held by the fund on November 1, 2001.

The effect of this change for the year ended October 31, 2002 was to increase net investment income by \$42,664, increase net unrealized depreciation by \$522,757, and decrease net realized losses by \$565,421. The Statement of Changes in Net Assets and Financial Highlights for prior periods has not been restated to reflect this change in presentation.

#### (10) LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Massachusetts Financial Services Company ("MFS"), the Trust's investment adviser, has been contacted by the Office of the New York State Attorney General ("NYAG") and the United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") in connection with their investigations of practices in the mutual fund industry identified as "market timing" mutual fund shares. MFS is cooperating with respect to these investigations. MFS has been informed that the SEC is considering whether to institute an enforcement action against MFS alleging false and misleading disclosure in certain MFS fund prospectuses and breach of fiduciary duty concerning market timing. The NYAG has also indicated that it is considering whether to commence an enforcement proceeding against MFS relating to these practices. MFS continues to discuss these matters with the SEC and the NYAG. Certain other regulatory authorities are also conducting investigations into these practices within the industry and have requested that MFS provide information to them.

In December 2003, MFS and Sun Life Financial Inc., along with certain MFS funds and Trustees who serve on the Board of Trustees of these MFS funds, were named as defendants in class action lawsuits filed in the United States District Court, District of Massachusetts seeking damages of unspecified amounts. The lawsuits were purportedly filed on behalf of people who purchased, owned and/or redeemed shares of certain MFS funds during specified periods. The suits allege that certain defendants permitted market timing and late trading in the MFS funds which allegedly caused financial injury to the funds" shareholders. The defendants are reviewing the allegations and will respond appropriately. Additional lawsuits based upon similar allegations may be filed in the future.

Any potential resolution of these matters may include, but not be limited to, sanctions, penalties, damages or injunctions regarding MFS, restitution to mutual fund shareholders and/or other financial penalties and structural changes in the governance of MFS" mutual fund business.

These regulatory developments do not relate to closed-end investment companies such as the Trust, and the Trust has not been named as a defendant in any of the aforementioned lawsuits. Although MFS does not believe that these lawsuits will have a material adverse effect on the Trust, there can be no assurance that the ongoing adverse publicity and/or other developments resulting from related regulatory investigations or developments will not result in an increase in the market discount of the Trust's shares or other adverse consequences to the Trust.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Trustees and Shareholders of MFS Multimarket Income Trust:

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities of MFS Multimarket Income Trust (the Fund), including the portfolio of investments, as of October 31, 2003, and the related statement of operations for the year then ended, the statement of changes in net assets for each of the two years in the period then ended and the financial highlights for each of the five years in the period then ended. These financial statements and financial highlights are the responsibility of the Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and financial highlights based on our audits

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements and financial highlights are free of material misstatement. An audit includes

examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements and financial highlights. Our procedures included confirmation of securities owned as of October 31, 2003, by correspondence with the custodian and brokers or by other appropriate auditing procedures where replies from brokers were not received. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements and financial highlights referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the MFS Multimarket Income Trust at October 31, 2003, the results of its operations for the year then ended, the changes in its net assets for each of the two years in the period then ended and its financial highlights for each of the five years in the period then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

/s/ ERNST & YOUNG LLP

Boston, Massachusetts December 12, 2003

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### TRUSTEES AND OFFICERS

The following tables present certain information regarding the Trustees and officers of the Trust their principal occupations, which, unless specific dates are shown, are of more than five years"

Name, age, position with the Trust, principal occupation, and other directorships(1)

INTERESTED TRUSTEES

JEFFREY L. SHAMES(2) (born 06/02/55)

Chairman

Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Chairman

although the titles may not have been the same throughout.

JOHN W. BALLEN(2) (born 09/12/59)

Trustee and President

Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Chief Executive Officer and Director

KEVIN R. PARKE(2) (born 12/14/59)

Trustee

Massachusetts Financial Services Company,
President, Chief Investment Officer, and Director

INDEPENDENT TRUSTEES

LAWRENCE H. COHN, M.D. (born 03/11/37)

Trustee

Brigham and Women's Hospital, Chief of Cardiac Surgery; Harvard Medical School, Professor of Surgery

WILLIAM R. GUTOW (born 09/27/41)

Trustee

Private investor and real estate consultant; Capitol Entertainment Management Company (video franchise), Vice Chairman ABBY M. O'NEILL (born 04/27/28)

Trustee

Private investor; Rockefeller Financial Inc. (investment advisers), Chairman and Executive Officer

LAWRENCE T. PERERA (born 06/23/35)

Trustee

Hemenway & Barnes (attorneys), Partner

WILLIAM J. POORVU (born 04/10/35)

Trustee

Private investor; Harvard University Gra School of Business Administration, Class Adjunct Professor in Entrepreneurship Em CBL & Associates Properties, Inc. (real investment trust), Director

J. DALE SHERRATT (born 09/23/38)

Trustee

Insight Resources, Inc. (acquisition pla specialists), President; Wellfleet Inves (investor in health care companies), Man General Partner (since 1993); Cambridge Nutraceuticals (professional nutritional products), Chief Executive Officer (unti 2001)

J. ATWOOD IVES (born 05/01/36)

Trustee

Private investor; KeySpan Corporation (energy related services), Director; Eastern Enterprises (diversified services company), Chairman, Trustee and Chief Executive Officer (until November 2000)

ELAINE R. SMITH (born 04/25/46)

Trustee

Independent health care industry consult

WARD SMITH (born 09/13/30)

Trustee

Private investor

(1) Directorships or trusteeships of companies required to report to the Securities and Exchange (i.e., "public companies").

(2) "Interested person" of MFS within the meaning of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (referred 1940 Act) which is the principal federal law governing investment companies like the Trust. T is 500 Boylston Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02116.

Trustees and Officers - continued

OFFICERS

JEFFREY L. SHAMES (born 06/02/55)

Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Chairman

JOHN W. BALLEN (born 09/12/59)

Trustee and President

Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Chief Executive Officer and Director

JAMES R. BORDEWICK, JR. (born 03/06/59) Assistant Secretary and Assistant Clerk

Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Senior

Vice President and Associate General Counsel

York, Senior Vice President (September 2 July 2002); Lexington Global Asset Management and Associate General Counsel

STEPHEN E. CAVAN (born 11/06/53)

Secretary and Clerk

Secretary and Clerk
Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Senior
Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary

STEPHANIE A. DESISTO (born 10/01/53)

Assistant Treasurer

Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Vice

President (since April 2003); Brown Brothers

Harriman & Co., Senior Vice President (November

2002 to April 2003); ING Groep N.V./Aeltus

Vice President

Vice President 2002 to April 2003); ING Groep N.V./Aeltus Investment Management, Senior Vice President (prior to November 2002)

ROBERT R. FLAHERTY (born 09/18/63)

Assistant Treasurer

Massachusetts Financial Services Company President (since August 2000); UAM Fund Senior Vice President (prior to August 2

RICHARD M. HISEY (born 08/29/58)

Treasurer

Massachusetts Financial Services Company Vice President (since July 2002); The Ba Officer, (prior to September 2000); Lexi Funds, Treasurer (prior to September 200

ELLEN MOYNIHAN (born 11/13/57)

Assistant Treasurer

Massachusetts Financial Services Company President

Vice President

The Trust does not hold annual shareholder meetings for the purpose of electing Trustees, and Trustees, elected for fixed terms. This means that each Trustee will be elected to hold office until his or successor is chosen and qualified or until his or her earlier death, resignation, retirement or r officer will hold office until his or her successor is chosen and qualified, or until he or she r resigns or is removed from office.

Messrs. Shames, Ives, Perera and Poorvu, and Ms. Smith, have served in their capacity as Trustee continuously since originally elected or appointed. Messrs. Ballen and Gutow have each served as the Trust since August 1, 2001. Messrs. Cohn, Sherratt and Smith, and Ms. O'Neill, were elected by shareholders and have served as Trustees of the Trust since January 1, 2002. Mr. Parke has served of the Trust since January 1, 2002.

Each of the Trust's Trustees and officers holds comparable positions with certain other funds of a subsidiary is the investment adviser or distributor and, in the case of the officers, with cert

affiliates of MFS. Each Trustee serves as a board member of 110 funds within the MFS Family of Fu

The Statement of Additional Information contains further information about the Trustees and is awwithout charge upon request, by calling 1-800-225-2606.

\_\_\_\_\_\_

INVESTMENT ADVISER

Massachusetts Financial Services Company

500 Boylston Street, Boston, MA

02116-3741

CUSTODIANS

State Street Bank and Trust Company

225 Franklin Street, Boston, MA

02110

PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

Peter C. Vaream(1)

JP Morgan Chase Bank One Chase Manhattan Plaza

New York, NY 10081

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young LLP

(1) MFS Investment Management

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FEDERAL TAX INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

In January 2004, shareholders will be mailed a Form 1099-DIV reporting the federal tax status of all distributions paid during the calendar year 2003.

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CONTACT INFORMATION AND NUMBER OF SHAREHOLDERS

\_\_\_\_\_\_

INVESTOR INFORMATION

Transfer Agent, Registrar and Dividend Disbursing Agent

Call 1-800-637-2304 any business day from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Eastern

time

Write to: State Street Bank and Trust Company

c/o MFS Service Center, Inc.

P.O. Box 55024

Boston, MA 02205-5024

A general description of the MFS Funds proxy voting policies is available without charge, upon request, by calling 1-800-225-2606, by visiting the About MFS section of mfs.com or by visiting the SEC's website at http://www.sec.gov.

NUMBER OF SHAREHOLDERS

As of October 31, 2003, our records indicate that there are 672 registered shareholders and approximately 5,400 shareholders owning trust shares in "street" name, such as through brokers, banks, and other financial intermediaries.

If you are a "street" name shareholder and wish to directly receive our reports, which contain important information about the trust, please write or call:

State Street Bank and Trust Company

c/o MFS Service Center, Inc.
P.O. Box 55024
Boston, MA 02205-5024
1-800-637-2304

[logo] M F S(R)
500 Boylston Street
Boston, MA 02116-3741

(C) 2003 MFS Investment Management(R) 500 Boylston Street, Boston, MA 02116

MMT-ANN-12/03 75M

ITEM 2. CODE OF ETHICS.

The Registrant has adopted a Code of Ethics pursuant to Section 406 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and as defined in the instructions to Form N-CSR that applies to the Registrant's principal executive officer and principal financial and accounting officer.

ITEM 3. AUDIT COMMITTEE FINANCIAL EXPERT.

Messrs. J. Atwood Ives and Ward Smith, members of the Audit Committee, have been determined by the Board of Trustees in their reasonable business judgment to meet the definition of "audit committee financial expert" as such term is defined in the instructions to Form N-CSR. In addition, Messrs. Ives and Smith are both "independent" members of the Audit Committee as defined in the instructions to Form N-CSR.

ITEM 4. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES.

Not applicable at this time. [Applicable for annual reports filed for the first fiscal year ending after December 15, 2003 (beginning with annual N-CSR filings at the end of February, 2004 for December 31, 2003 reporting period.)]

ITEM 5. AUDIT COMMITTEE OF LISTED REGISTRANTS.

Not applicable at this time. [Applicable for closed-end fund annual reports covering periods ending on or after the compliance date for the listing standards applicable to the closed-end fund. Listed issuers must be in compliance with the new listing rules by the earlier of the registrant's first annual shareholders meeting after January 15, 2004 or October 31, 2004.]

ITEM 6. [RESERVED]

ITEM 7. DISCLOSURE OF PROXY VOTING POLICIES AND PROCEDURES FOR CLOSED-END MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANIES.

The Board of Trustees and the Board of Managers of the investment companies (the "MFS Funds") advised by Massachusetts Financial Services Company ("MFS") have delegated to MFS the right and obligation to vote proxies for shares that are owned by the MFS Funds, in accordance with MFS' proxy voting policies and procedures (the "MFS Proxy Policies"). The MFS Proxy Policies are set forth below:

MASSACHUSETTS FINANCIAL SERVICES COMPANY

PROXY VOTING POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

SEPTEMBER 17, 2003

Massachusetts Financial Services Company, MFS Institutional Advisors, Inc. and MFS' other investment adviser subsidiaries (collectively, "MFS") have adopted proxy voting policies and procedures, as set forth below, with respect to securities owned by the clients for which MFS serves as investment adviser and has the power to vote proxies, including the registered investment companies included within the MFS Family of Funds (the "MFS Funds").

These policies and procedures include:

- A. Voting Guidelines;
- B. Administrative Procedures;
- C. Monitoring System;
- D. Records Retention; and
- E. Reports.

#### A. VOTING GUIDELINES

### 1. GENERAL POLICY; POTENTIAL CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

MFS' policy is that proxy voting decisions are made in what MFS believes to be the best long-term economic interests of MFS' clients, and not in the interests of any other party or in MFS' corporate interests, including interests such as the distribution of MFS Fund shares, administration of 401(k) plans, and institutional relationships.

MFS has carefully reviewed matters that in recent years have been presented for shareholder vote by either management or shareholders of public companies. Based on the guiding principle that all votes made by MFS on behalf of its clients must be in what MFS believes to be the best long-term economic interests of such clients, MFS has adopted proxy voting guidelines, which are set forth below, that govern how MFS generally plans to vote on specific matters presented for shareholder vote. In all cases, MFS will exercise its discretion to vote these items in accordance with this guiding principle. These underlying guidelines are simply that - guidelines. Each proxy item is considered on a case-by-case basis, in light of all relevant facts and circumstances, and there may be instances in which MFS may vote proxies in a manner different from these guidelines.

As a general matter, MFS maintains a consistent voting position with respect to similar proxy proposals made by various issuers. In addition, MFS generally votes consistently on the same matter when securities of an issuer are held by multiple client accounts. However, MFS recognizes that there are gradations in certain types of proposals that might result in different voting positions being taken with respect to the different proxy statements. There also may be situations involving matters presented for shareholder vote that are not clearly governed by the quidelines, such as proposed mergers and acquisitions. Some items that otherwise would be acceptable will be voted against the proponent when it is seeking extremely broad flexibility without offering a valid explanation. MFS reserves the right to override the guidelines with respect to a particular shareholder vote when such an override is, in MFS' best judgment, consistent with the quiding principle of voting proxies in the best long-term economic interests of MFS' clients.

From time to time, MFS receives comments on these guidelines

and regarding particular voting issues from its clients. Those comments are reviewed and considered periodically, and these guidelines are reviewed each year with MFS Equity Research Department management, the MFS Proxy Review Group and the MFS Proxy Consultant and are revised as appropriate.

These policies and procedures are intended to address any potential material conflicts of interest on the part of MFS or its affiliates that could arise in connection with the voting of proxies on behalf of MFS' clients. MFS shall be mindful of any and all potential material conflicts of interest that could arise in the voting of these proxies, shall identify, analyze, document and report on any such potential conflicts, and shall ultimately vote these proxies in what MFS believes to be the best long-term economic interests of its clients. The MFS Proxy Review Group is responsible for monitoring and reporting on all potential conflicts of interest.

#### 2. MFS' POLICY ON SPECIFIC ISSUES

#### NON-SALARY COMPENSATION PROGRAMS

Managements have become increasingly creative and generous with compensation programs involving common stock. The original stock option plans, which called for the optionee to pay the money to exercise the option, are now embellished with no risk benefits such as stock appreciation rights, the use of unexercised options to "buy" stock, and restricted stock at bargain prices.

Stock option plans are supposed to reward results rather than tenure, so the use of restricted stock at bargain prices is not favored. In some cases, restricted stock is granted to the recipient at deep discounts to fair market value, sometimes at par value. The holder cannot sell for a period of years, but in the meantime is able to vote and receive dividends. Eventually the restrictions lapse and the stock can be sold.

MFS votes against option programs for officers, employees or non-employee directors that do not require an investment by the optionee, that give "free rides" on the stock price, or that permit grants of restricted stock at deep discounts to fair market value. MFS generally votes against stock option plans that involve stock appreciation rights or the use of unexercised options to "buy" stock.

MFS opposes plans that provide unduly generous compensation for officers, directors or employees, or could result in excessive dilution to other shareholders. As a general guideline, MFS votes against stock option plans if all such plans for a particular company involve potential dilution, in the aggregate, of more than 15%.

MFS votes in favor of stock option plans for non-employee directors as long as they satisfy the requirements set forth above with respect to stock option plans for employees. Stock option plans that include options for consultants and other third parties not involved in the management of the company generally are opposed by MFS.

#### "GOLDEN PARACHUTES"

From time to time, shareholders of companies have submitted proxy proposals that would require shareholder approval of any severance packages for executive officers that exceed certain predetermined thresholds. MFS votes in favor of such shareholder

proposals when they would require shareholder approval of any severance package for an executive officer that exceeds a certain percentage of such officer's annual compensation. When put to a vote, MFS votes against very large golden parachutes.

#### ANTI-TAKEOVER MEASURES

In general, MFS votes against any measure that inhibits capital appreciation in a stock, including a possible takeover and any proposal that protects management from action by shareholders. These types of proposals take many forms, ranging from "poison pills" and "shark repellents" to board classification and super-majority requirements.

#### REINCORPORATION AND REORGANIZATION PROPOSALS

When presented with a proposal to reincorporate a company under the laws of a different state, or to effect some other type of corporate reorganization, MFS considers the underlying purpose and ultimate effect of such a proposal in determining whether or not to support such a measure. While MFS generally votes in favor of management proposals that it believes are in the best long-term economic interests of its clients, MFS may oppose such a measure if, for example, the intent or effect would be to create additional inappropriate impediments to possible acquisitions or takeovers.

#### DILUTION

There are many reasons for issuance of stock and most are legitimate. As noted above under "Non-Salary Compensation Programs", when a stock option plan (either individually or when aggregated with other plans of the same company) would substantially dilute the existing equity (e.g., by approximately 15% or more), MFS generally votes against the plan. In addition, MFS votes against proposals where management is asking for authorization to issue common or preferred stock with no reason stated (a "blank check") because the unexplained authorization could work as a potential anti-takeover device.

### CONFIDENTIAL VOTING

MFS votes in favor of proposals to ensure that shareholder voting results are kept confidential. For example, MFS supports proposals that would prevent management from having access to shareholder voting information that is compiled by an independent proxy tabulation firm.

### INDEPENDENCE OF BOARDS OF DIRECTORS AND COMMITTEES THEREOF

While MFS acknowledges the potential benefits of a company's inclusion of directors who are "independent" from management, MFS generally opposes shareholder proposals that would require that a majority (or a "super-majority") of a company's board be comprised of "independent" directors. Such proposals could inappropriately reduce a company's ability to engage in certain types of transactions, could result in the exclusion of talented directors who are not deemed "independent", or could result in the unnecessary addition of additional "independent" directors to a company's board. However, in view of the special role and responsibilities of various the audit committees of a board of directors, MFS supports proposals that would require that the Audit, Nominating and Compensation Committees be comprised entirely of directors who are deemed "independent" of the company.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

Recently, some shareholder groups have submitted proposals to limit the non-audit activities of a company's audit firm. Some proposals would prohibit the provision of any non-audit services (unless approved in advance by the full board) whereas other proposals would cap non-audit fees so that such fees do not exceed a certain percentage of the audit fees. MFS supports such shareholder proposals that would cap non-audit fees at an amount deemed to be not excessive.

### BEST PRACTICES STANDARDS

Best practices standards are rapidly evolving in the corporate governance areas as a result of recent corporate failures, the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and revised listing standards on major stock exchanges. MFS generally support these changes. However, many issuers are not publicly registered, are not subject to these enhanced listing standards or are not operating in an environment that is comparable to that in the United States. In reviewing proxy proposals under these circumstances, MFS votes for proposals that enhance standards of corporate governance so long as we believe that -- within the circumstances of the environment within which the issuers operate - the proposal is consistent with the best long-term economic interests of our clients.

#### FOREIGN ISSUERS - SHARE BLOCKING

In accordance with local law or business practices, many foreign companies prevent the sales of shares that have been voted for a certain period beginning prior to the shareholder meeting and ending on the day following the meeting ("share blocking"). Depending on the country in which a company is domiciled, the blocking period may begin a stated number of days prior to the meeting (e.g., one, three or five days) or on a date established by the company. While practices vary, in many countries the block period can be continued for a longer period if the shareholder meeting is adjourned and postponed to a later date. Similarly, practices vary widely as to the ability of a shareholder to have the "block" restriction lifted early (e.g., in some countries shares generally can be "unblocked" up to two days prior to the meeting whereas in other countries the removal of the block appears to be discretionary with the issuer's transfer agent). Due to these restrictions, MFS must balance the benefits to its clients of voting proxies against the potentially serious portfolio management consequences of a reduced flexibility to sell the underlying shares at the most advantageous time. For companies in countries with potentially long block periods, the disadvantage of being unable to sell the stock regardless of changing conditions generally outweighs the advantages of voting at the shareholder meeting for routine items. Accordingly, MFS generally will not vote those proxies in the absence of an unusual, significant vote. Conversely, for companies domiciled in countries with very short block periods, MFS generally will continue to cast votes in accordance with these policies and procedures.

### SOCIAL ISSUES

There are many groups advocating social change, and many have chosen the publicly-held corporation as a vehicle for their agenda. Common among these are resolutions requiring the corporation to refrain from investing or conducting business in certain countries, to adhere to some list of goals or principles (e.g., environmental

standards) or to report on various activities. MFS votes against such proposals unless their shareholder-oriented benefits will outweigh any costs or disruptions to the business, including those that use corporate resources to further a particular social objective outside the business of the company or when no discernible shareholder economic advantage is evident.

The laws of various states may regulate how the interests of certain clients subject to those laws are voted. For example, the General Laws of The Commonwealth of Massachusetts prohibit the investment of state funds, including retirement system assets, in the following types of investments: (i) financial institutions which directly or through any subsidiary have outstanding loans to any individual or corporation engaged in manufacturing, distribution or sale of firearms, munitions, rubber or plastic bullets, tear gas, armored vehicles or military aircraft for use or deployment in any activity in Northern Ireland; or (ii) any stocks, securities or obligations of any company so engaged.

Because of these statutory restrictions, it is necessary when voting proxies for securities held in Massachusetts public pension accounts to support the purpose of this legislation. Thus, on issues relating to these or similar state law questions, it may be necessary to cast ballots differently for these portfolios than MFS might normally do for other accounts.

#### B. ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES

#### 1. MFS PROXY REVIEW GROUP

The administration of these policies and procedures is overseen by the MFS Proxy Review Group, which includes senior MFS Legal Department officers and MFS' Proxy Consultant. The MFS Proxy Review Group:

- a. Reviews these policies and procedures at least annually and recommends any amendments considered to be necessary or advisable;
- b. Determines whether any material conflicts of interest exist with respect to instances in which (i) MFS seeks to override these guidelines and (ii) votes not clearly governed by these guidelines; and
- c. Considers special proxy issues as they may arise from time to time.  $\ensuremath{\text{\text{c}}}$

The current MFS Proxy Consultant is an independent proxy consultant who performs these services exclusively for MFS.

#### 2. POTENTIAL CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

The MFS Proxy Review Group is responsible for monitoring potential material conflicts of interest on the part of MFS or its affiliates that could arise in connection with the voting of proxies on behalf of MFS' clients. Any attempt to influence MFS' voting on a particular proxy matter should be reported to the MFS Proxy Review Group. The MFS Proxy Consultant will assist the MFS Proxy Review Group in carrying out these responsibilities.

In cases where proxies are voted in accordance with these policies and guidelines, no conflict of interest will be deemed to

exist. In cases where (i) MFS is considering overriding these policies and guidelines, or (ii) matters presented for vote are not clearly governed by these policies and guidelines, the MFS Proxy Review Group and the MFS Proxy Consultant will follow these procedures:

- a. Compare the name of the issuer of such proxy against a list of significant current and potential (i) distributors of MFS Fund shares, (ii) retirement plans administered by MFS, and (iii) MFS institutional clients (the "MFS Significant Client List");
- b. If the name of the issuer does not appear on the MFS Significant Client List, then no material conflict of interest will be deemed to exist, and the proxy will be voted as otherwise determined by the MFS Proxy Review Group;
- c. If the name of the issuer appears on the MFS Significant Client List, then the MFS Proxy Review Group will carefully evaluate the proposed votes in order to ensure that the proxy ultimately is voted in what MFS believes to be the best long-term economic interests of MFS' clients, and not in MFS' corporate interests; and
- d. For all potential material conflicts of interest identified under clause (c) above, the MFS Proxy Review Group will document: the name of the issuer, the issuer's relationship to MFS, the analysis of the matters submitted for proxy vote, and the basis for the determination that the votes ultimately were cast in what MFS believes to be the best long-term economic interests of MFS' clients, and not in MFS' corporate interests.

The MFS Proxy Review Group is responsible for creating and maintaining the MFS Significant Client List, in consultation with MFS' distribution, retirement plan administration and institutional business units. The MFS Significant Client List will be reviewed and updated as necessary, but no less frequently than quarterly.

### 3. GATHERING PROXIES

Nearly all proxies received by MFS originate at Automatic Data Processing Corp. ("ADP"). ADP and issuers send proxies and related material directly to the record holders of the shares beneficially owned by MFS' clients, usually to the client's custodian or, less commonly, to the client itself. Each client's custodian is responsible for forwarding all proxy solicitation materials to MFS (except in the case of certain institutional clients for which MFS does not vote proxies). This material will include proxy cards, reflecting the proper shareholdings of Funds and of clients on the record dates for such shareholder meetings, and proxy statements, the issuer's explanation of the items to be voted upon.

MFS, on behalf of itself and the Funds, has entered into an agreement with an independent proxy administration firm, Institutional Shareholder Services, Inc. (the "Proxy Administrator"), pursuant to which the Proxy Administrator performs various proxy vote processing and recordkeeping functions for MFS' Fund and institutional client accounts. The Proxy Administrator does not make recommendations to MFS as to how to vote any particular item. The Proxy Administrator receives proxy statements and proxy cards directly from various custodians, logs these materials into its database and matches

upcoming meetings with MFS Fund and client portfolio holdings, which are input into the Proxy Administrator's system by an MFS holdings datafeed. Through the use of the Proxy Administrator system, ballots and proxy material summaries for the upcoming shareholders' meetings of over 10,000 corporations are available on-line to certain MFS employees, the MFS Proxy Consultant and the MFS Proxy Review Group and most proxies can be voted electronically. In addition to receiving the hard copies of materials relating to meetings of shareholders of issuers whose securities are held by the Funds and/or clients, the ballots and proxy statements can be printed from the Proxy Administrator's system and forwarded for review.

#### 4. ANALYZING PROXIES

After input into the Proxy Administrator system, proxies which are deemed to be completely routine (e.g., those involving only uncontested elections of directors, appointments of auditors, and/or employee stock purchase plans) (1) are automatically voted in favor by the Proxy Administrator without being sent to either the MFS Proxy Consultant or the MFS Proxy Review Group for further review. Proxies that pertain only to merger and acquisition proposals are forwarded initially to an appropriate MFS portfolio manager or research analyst for his or her recommendation. All proxies that are reviewed by either the MFS Proxy Consultant or a portfolio manager or analyst are then forwarded with the corresponding recommendation to the MFS Proxy Review Group. (2)

Recommendations with respect to voting on non-routine issues are generally made by the MFS Proxy Consultant in accordance with the policies summarized under "Voting Guidelines," and all other relevant materials. His or her recommendation as to how each proxy proposal should be voted is indicated on copies of proxy cards, including his or her rationale on significant items. These cards are then forwarded to the MFS Proxy Review Group.

As a general matter, portfolio managers and investment analysts are consulted and involved in developing MFS' substantive proxy voting guidelines, but have little or no involvement in or knowledge of proxy proposals or voting positions taken by MFS. This is designed to promote consistency in the application of MFS' voting guidelines, to promote consistency in voting on the same or similar issues (for the same or for multiple issuers) across all client

<sup>(1)</sup> Proxies for foreign companies often contain significantly more voting items than those of U.S. companies. Many of these items on foreign proxies involve repetitive, non-controversial matters that are mandated by local law. Accordingly, there is an expanded list of items that are deemed routine (and therefore automatically voted in favor) for foreign issuers, including the following: (i) receiving financial statements or other reports from the board; (ii) approval of declarations of dividends; (iii) appointment of shareholders to sign board meeting minutes; (iv) the discharge of management and supervisory boards; and (v) approval of share repurchase programs.

<sup>(2)</sup> From time to time, due to travel schedules and other commitments, an appropriate portfolio manager or research analyst is not available to provide a recommendation on a merger or acquisition proposal. If such a recommendation cannot be obtained within a few business days prior to the shareholder meeting, the MFS Proxy Review Group will determine the vote in what MFS believes to be the best long-term economic interests of its clients.

accounts, and to minimize or remove the potential that proxy solicitors, issuers, and third parties might attempt to exert influence on the vote or might create a conflict of interest that is not in what MFS believes to be the best long-term economic interests of our clients. In limited, specific instances (e.g., mergers), the MFS Proxy Consultant or the MFS Proxy Review Group may consult with or seek recommendations from portfolio managers or analysts. The MFS Proxy Review Group would ultimately determine the manner in which all proxies are voted.

As noted above, MFS reserves the right to override the guidelines when such an override is, in MFS' best judgment, consistent with the guiding principle of voting proxies in the best long-term economic interests of MFS' clients. Any such override of the guidelines shall be examined, explained and reported in accordance with the procedures set forth in these policies.

### 5. VOTING PROXIES

After the proxy card copies are reviewed, they are voted electronically through the Proxy Administrator's system. In accordance with its contract with MFS, the Proxy Administrator also generates a variety of reports for the MFS Proxy Consultant and the MFS Proxy Review Group, and makes available on-line various other types of information so that the MFS Proxy Review Group and the MFS Proxy Consultant may monitor the votes cast by the Proxy Administrator on behalf of MFS' clients.

#### C. MONITORING SYSTEM

It is the responsibility of the Proxy Administrator and MFS' Proxy Consultant to monitor the proxy voting process. As noted above, when proxy materials for clients are received, they are forwarded to the Proxy Administrator and are input into the Proxy Administrator's system. Additionally, through an interface with the portfolio holdings database of MFS, the Proxy Administrator matches a list of all MFS Funds and clients who hold shares of a company's stock and the number of shares held on the record date with the Proxy Administrator's listing of any upcoming shareholder's meeting of that company.

When the Proxy Administrator's system "tickler" shows that the date of a shareholders' meeting is approaching, a Proxy Administrator representative checks that the vote for MFS Funds and clients holding that security has been recorded in the computer system. If a proxy card has not been received from the client's custodian, the Proxy Administrator calls the custodian requesting that the materials be forward immediately. If it is not possible to receive the proxy card from the custodian in time to be voted at the meeting, MFS may instruct the custodian to cast the vote in the manner specified and to mail the proxy directly to the issuer.

### D. RECORDS RETENTION

MFS will retain copies of these policies and procedures in effect from time to time and will retain all proxy voting reports submitted to the Board of Trustees and Board of Managers of the MFS Funds for a period of six years. Proxy solicitation materials, including electronic versions of the proxy cards completed by the MFS Proxy Consultant and the MFS Proxy Review Group, together with their respective notes and comments, are maintained in an electronic format by the Proxy Administrator and are accessible on-line by the MFS Proxy Consultant and the MFS Proxy Review Group. All proxy voting materials

and supporting documentation, including records generated by the Proxy Administrator's system as to proxies processed, the dates when proxies were received and returned, and the votes on each company's proxy issues, are retained for six years.

#### E. REPORTS

#### MFS FUNDS

Periodically, MFS will report the results of its voting to the Board of Trustees and Board of Managers of the MFS Funds. These reports will include: (i) a listing of how votes were cast; (ii) a review of situations where MFS did not vote in accordance with the guidelines and the rationale therefor; (iii) a review of the procedures used by MFS to identify material conflicts of interest; and (iv) a review of these policies and the guidelines and, as necessary or appropriate, any proposed modifications thereto to reflect new developments in corporate governance and other issues. Based on these reviews, the Trustees and Managers of the MFS Funds will consider possible modifications to these policies to the extent necessary or advisable.

#### ALL MFS ADVISORY CLIENTS

At any time, a report can be printed by MFS for each client who has requested that MFS furnish a record of votes cast. The report specifies the proxy issues which have been voted for the client during the year and the position taken with respect to each issue.

Generally, MFS will not divulge actual voting practices to any party other than the client or its representatives (unless required by applicable law) because we consider that information to be confidential and proprietary to the client.

ITEM 8. PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES BY CLOSED-END MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANY AND AFFILIATED PURCHASERS.

Not applicable at this time. [Required for closed-end funds for periods ending on or after June 15, 2004 (beginning with N-CSR's filed at the end of August, 2004 for June 30, 2004 reporting period.)]

### ITEM 9. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS.

Not required at this time. [Required for reporting periods ending after January 1, 2004 (beginning with N-CSR's filed at the end of March 2004, for January 31, 2004 reporting period).]

#### ITEM 10. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.

- (a) Based upon their evaluation of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as conducted within 90 days of the filing date of this Form N-CSR, the registrant's principal financial officer and principal executive officer have concluded that those disclosure controls and procedures provide reasonable assurance that the material information required to be disclosed by the registrant on this report is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms.
- (b) There were no changes in the registrant's internal controls over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 30a-3(d) under the Act) that occurred during the registrant's last fiscal half-year (the registrant's second fiscal half-year in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal

control over financial reporting.

ITEM 11. EXHIBITS.

- (a) File the exhibits listed below as part of this Form. Letter or number the exhibits in the sequence indicated.
  - (1) Any code of ethics, or amendment thereto, that is the subject of the disclosure required by Item 2, to the extent that the registrant intends to satisfy the Item 2 requirements through filing of an exhibit: Code of Ethics attached hereto.
  - (2) A separate certification for each principal executive officer and principal financial officer of the registrant as required by Rule 30a-2 under the Act (17 CFR 270.30a-2): Attached hereto.
  - (3) Any written solicitation to purchase securities under 23c-1 under the Act (17 C.F.R. 270.23c-1) sent or given during the period covered by the report by or on behalf of the registrant to 10 or more persons. Not applicable at this time. [For closed-end funds for periods ending on or after June 15, 2004 (beginning with N-CSR's filed at the end of August 2004 for June 30, 2004 reporting period.)]
- (b) If the report is filed under Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, provide the certifications required by Rule 30a-2(b) under the Act (17 CFR 270.30a-2(b)), Rule 13a-14(b) or Rule 15d-14(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13a-14(b) or 240.15d-14(b)) and Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code (18 U.S.C. 1350) as an exhibit. A certification furnished pursuant to this paragraph will not be deemed "filed" for the purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act (15 U.S.C. 78r), or otherwise subject to the liability of that section. Such certification will not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Exchange Act, except to the extent that the registrant specifically incorporates it by reference: Attached hereto.

#### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

(Registrant) MFS MULTIMARKET INCOME TRUST

By (Signature and Title) \* JOHN W. BALLEN

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John W. Ballen, President

Date: January 5, 2004

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Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

By (Signature and Title) \* JOHN W. BALLEN

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John W. Ballen, President (Principal Executive Officer)

Date: January 5, 2004

By (Signature and Title) \* RICHARD M. HISEY

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Richard M. Hisey, Treasurer

(Principal Financial Officer and Accounting Officer)

Date: January 5, 2004

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  Print name and title of each signing officer under his or her signature.