APARTMENT INVESTMENT & MANAGEMENT CO Form S-4/A December 06, 2006

As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 6, 2006 Registration No. 333-136801

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, DC 20549

Amendment No. 2 to Form S-4 REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

APARTMENT INVESTMENT AND MANAGEMENT COMPANY AIMCO PROPERTIES, L.P.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Apartment Investment and Management Company Maryland AIMCO Properties, L.P. Delaware (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization) Apartment Investment and Management Company 6798 AIMCO Properties, L.P. 6513 (Primary Standard Industrial Classification Code Number) Apartment Investment and Management Company 84-1259577 AIMCO Properties, L.P. 84-1275621 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

4582 South Ulster Street Parkway, Suite 1100 Denver, Colorado 80237 (303) 757-8101

(Address, Including Zip Code, and Telephone Number, Including Area Code, of Registrant s Principal Executive Offices)

Harry G. Alcock Executive Vice President and Chief Investment Officer

Apartment Investment and Management Company 4582 South Ulster Street Parkway, Suite 1100 Denver, Colorado 80237 (303) 757-8101

(Name, Address, Including Zip Code, and Telephone Number, Including Area Code, of Agent for Service)

With copies to:

Gregory M. Chait Alston & Bird LLP 1201 West Peachtree Street Atlanta, Georgia 30309-3424 Telephone: (404) 881-7000 Facsimile: (404) 881-4777

Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public: As soon as practicable after the effective date of the Registration Statement.

The Registrants hereby amend this Registration Statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the Registrants shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this Registration Statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 or until the Registration Statement shall become effective on such date as the Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

The information in this proxy statement-prospectus is not complete and may be changed. We may not sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities, and it is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted.

SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED DECEMBER 6, 2006

PROSPECTUS

APARTMENT INVESTMENT AND MANAGEMENT COMPANY AIMCO PROPERTIES, L.P.

NOTICE OF OFFER TO ACQUIRE SEVEN PROPERTIES OWNED BY VMS NATIONAL PROPERTIES JOINT VENTURE FOR PARTNERSHIP COMMON UNITS OR CASH

NOTICE OF INTENT TO SELL EIGHT PROPERTIES TO UNAFFILIATED THIRD PARTIES

VMS National Properties Joint Venture, or VMS, entered into an agreement to contribute certain of its properties to AIMCO Properties, LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of AIMCO Properties, L.P. in a transaction pursuant to which you may elect to receive partnership common units of AIMCO Properties, L.P. or cash or a combination of units and cash. The properties to be contributed are Casa de Monterey, Buena Vista Apartments, Crosswood Park, Mountain View Apartments, Pathfinder Village Apartments, Scotchollow Apartments, and The Towers of Westchester Park. Separately, VMS intends to sell its other eight properties to one or more unaffiliated third parties in one or more sales. The properties to be sold to third parties are North Park Apartments, Chapelle Le Grande, Terrace Gardens, Forest Ridge Apartments, The Bluffs, Watergate Apartments, Shadowood Apartments and Vista Village Apartments. On November 22, 2006, VMS entered into an agreement to sell Watergate Apartments to an unaffiliated third party for a total purchase price of \$7,710,000. On November 28, 2006, VMS entered into an agreement to sell Shadowood Apartments to an unaffiliated third party for a total purchase agreements have been entered into. Both transactions are described more fully in this proxy statement-prospectus.

Limited partners electing to waive any portion of the cash distribution and receive Common OP Units instead of all or a portion of cash otherwise distributable to them will receive that number of Common OP Units equal to (i) the amount of the cash distribution waived by such limited partner divided by (ii) the average daily closing price of a share of Class A Common Stock on the NYSE over the twenty trading-day period ended two days prior to consummation of the Affiliated Contribution. Although the Managing General Partner of VMS has provided estimates of the potential cash distributions to limited partners resulting from the Affiliated Contribution, a limited partner will not know the precise amount of the cash distribution or Common OP Units to be received at the time of such limited partner s election to receive cash, Common OP Units or a combination thereof.

VMS will not complete either of the transactions summarized above if limited partners owning more than 50% of the aggregate units of VMS National Residential Portfolio I and VMS National Residential Portfolio II, the sole participants of VMS National Properties Joint Venture, give written notice of objection to that transaction prior to _______, 2006. The process for objecting is more fully described in this proxy statement-prospectus.

You should read this entire proxy statement-prospectus carefully because it contains important information about the transactions.

In particular, you should read carefully the information under the section entitled Risk Factors, beginning on page 34.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The date of this proxy statement-prospectus is	, 2006 and is first being mailed to limited partners on or
about	, 2006.

WE ARE CURRENTLY SEEKING QUALIFICATION TO ALLOW ALL HOLDERS OF PARTNERSHIP INTERESTS IN VMS THE ABILITY TO ELECT TO RECEIVE COMMON OP UNITS IN CONNECTION WITH THE AFFILIATED CONTRIBUTION. HOWEVER, AT THE PRESENT TIME, IF YOU ARE A RESIDENT OF ONE OF THE FOLLOWING STATES, YOU ARE NOT PERMITTED TO ELECT TO RECEIVE COMMON OP UNITS IN CONNECTION WITH THE AFFILIATED CONTRIBUTION:

ALABAMA ALASKA FLORIDA KENTUCKY MARYLAND MICHIGAN MISSISSIPPI NEW HAMPSHIRE NEW JERSEY NEW YORK OREGON TENNESSEE TEXAS WASHINGTON WEST VIRGINIA

IF YOU ARE NOT A RESIDENT OF ONE OF THESE STATES, YOU MAY ELECT TO WAIVE YOUR RIGHT TO RECEIVE ANY PORTION OF THE CASH DISTRIBUTION WITH RESPECT TO THE AFFILIATED CONTRIBUTION AND TO RECEIVE COMMON OP UNITS DIRECTLY FROM AIMCO PROPERTIES, L.P., AS DESCRIBED HEREIN.

THE SECURITIES OFFERED HEREBY HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE DELAWARE SECURITIES ACT BUT RATHER VIA AN EXEMPTION TO THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF SUCH ACT. THE SUBSEQUENT RESALE OR TRANSFER OF THESE SECURITIES IN THE STATE OF DELAWARE CAN ONLY BE MADE PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE DELAWARE SECURITIES ACT OR A VALID EXEMPTION PROMULGATED THEREUNDER.

THESE SECURITIES ARE OFFERED IN THE STATE OF MARYLAND PURSUANT TO REGISTRATION WITH THE DIVISION OF SECURITIES OF THE DEPARTMENT OF LAW OF MARYLAND, BUT REGISTRATION IS PERMISSIVE ONLY AND DOES NOT CONSTITUTE A FINDING THAT THIS PROSPECTUS IS TRUE, COMPLETE, AND NOT MISLEADING, NOR HAS THE DIVISION OF SECURITIES PASSED IN ANY WAY UPON THE MERITS OF, RECOMMENDED, OR GIVEN APPROVAL TO THESE SECURITIES. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

A REGISTRATION STATEMENT RELATING TO THESE SECURITIES HAS BEEN FILED WITH THE CORPORATION AND SECURITIES BUREAU, MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE. THE DEPARTMENT HAS NOT UNDERTAKEN TO PASS UPON THE VALUE OF THESE SECURITIES NOR TO MAKE ANY RECOMMENDATIONS AS TO THEIR PURCHASE.

A REGISTRATION STATEMENT RELATING TO THESE SECURITIES HAS BEEN FILED WITH THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, BUT HAS NOT YET BECOME EFFECTIVE. INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS SUBJECT TO COMPLETION OR AMENDMENT. THESE SECURITIES MAY NOT BE SOLD NOR MAY OFFERS TO BUY BE ACCEPTED PRIOR TO THE TIME THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT BECOMES EFFECTIVE.

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK HAS NOT PASSED ON OR ENDORSED THE MERITS OF THIS OFFERING. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS UNLAWFUL.

HOW TO OBTAIN ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

This proxy statement-prospectus incorporates important business and financial information about VMS, the Aimco Operating Partnership and Aimco, that is not included in, or delivered with, this document. This information is described on page 104 under INFORMATION INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE. VMS, the Aimco Operating Partnership and Aimco file annual, quarterly and current reports, and other statements with the Securities

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and Exchange Commission (the Commission or the SEC). You may read and copy any filed document at the Commission s public reference room located at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the Commission at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the public reference room. Documents filed with the Commission are also available to the public at the Commission s website at http://www.sec.gov. VMS, the Aimco Operating Partnership or Aimco, as appropriate, will furnish without charge to you, upon written or oral request, a copy of any or all of the documents incorporated by reference, including the exhibits or schedules to these documents. You should direct any such requests to The Altman Group, Inc., 1200 Wall Street, 3rd Floor, Lyndhurst, New Jersey 07071; by fax at (201) 460-0050 or by telephone at (800) 217-9608.

PLEASE NOTE

Aimco and the Aimco Operating Partnership have not authorized anyone to provide you with any information or to make any representation other than as is contained or incorporated by reference in this proxy statement-prospectus. You must not rely upon any information or representation not contained or incorporated by reference in this proxy statement-prospectus. You should not assume that the information contained in this proxy statement-prospectus is accurate on any date subsequent to the date set forth on the front of the document or that any information incorporated by reference, even though this proxy statement-prospectus is delivered or securities are sold on a later date.

VMS NATIONAL RESIDENTIAL PORTFOLIO I

VMS NATIONAL RESIDENTIAL PORTFOLIO II (participants in VMS National Properties Joint Venture) , 2006

Dear Limited Partner:

VMS National Properties Joint Venture (VMS) entered into an agreement (the Contribution Agreement) to contribute certain of its properties to AIMCO Properties, LLC (Aimco Properties, LLC), a wholly owned subsidiary of AIMCO Properties, L.P. (the Aimco Operating Partnership), in a transaction pursuant to which you may elect to receive partnership common units (Common OP Units) of the Aimco Operating Partnership, cash or a combination of Common OP Units and cash (the Affiliated Contribution). The properties to be contributed in the Affiliated Contribution are Casa de Monterey, Buena Vista Apartments, Crosswood Park, Mountain View Apartments, Pathfinder Village Apartments, Scotchollow Apartments, and The Towers of Westchester Park (collectively, the Affiliated Contribution Properties), and are described in more detail below.

Limited partners electing to waive any portion of the cash distribution and receive Common OP Units instead of all or a portion of cash otherwise distributable to them will receive that number of Common OP Units equal to (i) the amount of the cash distribution waived by such limited partner divided by (ii) the average daily closing price of a share of Class A Common Stock on the NYSE over the twenty trading-day period ended two days prior to consummation of the Affiliated Contribution. Although the Managing General Partner of VMS has provided estimates of the potential cash distributions to limited partners resulting from the Affiliated Contribution, a limited partner will not know the precise amount of the cash distribution or Common OP Units to be received at the time of such limited partner s election to receive cash, Common OP Units or a combination thereof.

Separately, VMS intends to sell its other eight properties to one or more unaffiliated third parties in one or more sales (the Unaffiliated Sales, and together with the Affiliated Contribution, the Transactions). The properties to be sold in the Unaffiliated Sales are North Park Apartments, Chapelle Le Grande, Terrace Gardens, Forest Ridge Apartments, The Bluffs, Watergate Apartments, Shadowood Apartments and Vista Village Apartments (collectively, the

Unaffiliated Sale Properties and together with the Affiliated Contribution Properties, the Properties), and are described in more detail below. On November 22, 2006, VMS entered into an agreement to sell Watergate Apartments to an unaffiliated third party for a total purchase price of \$7,710,000. On November 28, 2006, VMS entered into an agreement to sell Shadowood Apartments to an unaffiliated third party for a total purchase price of \$5,300,000. The terms of the remaining Unaffiliated Sales are not yet defined as no other purchase agreements have been entered into.

We will not complete the Affiliated Contribution if limited partners owning more than 50% of the aggregate units of VMS National Residential Portfolio I (Portfolio I) and VMS National Residential Portfolio II (Portfolio II , and together with Portfolio I, the Partnerships) give written notice of objection prior to , 2006. A holder of limited partnership interests in either of the Partnerships may object to the Affiliated Contribution by following the procedures set forth in the proxy statement-prospectus on page 55. If the Affiliated Contribution is not consummated, VMS will continue to own the Affiliated Contribution Properties and remain responsible for the related mortgage debt. The Affiliated Contribution is more fully described in this proxy statement-prospectus.

Likewise, we will not complete the Unaffiliated Sales if limited partners owning more than 50% of the aggregate units of the Partnerships give written notice of objection prior to , 2006. A holder of limited partnership interests in either of the Partnerships may object to the Unaffiliated Sales by following the procedures set forth in the proxy statement-prospectus on page 55. Further, we will not complete an Unaffiliated Sale if the purchase price for such Unaffiliated Sale Property does not exceed eighty-five percent (85%) of the value of such Property estimated by the broker selected to market the Property for sale, or \$56,739,412 in the aggregate. If any of the Unaffiliated Sales are

not consummated, VMS will continue to own the Unaffiliated Sale Properties not sold and remain responsible for the related mortgage debt. The Unaffiliated Sales are more fully described in this proxy statement-prospectus.

In the event that the Transactions are consummated, immediately after the completion of the Affiliated Contribution or the sale of the last remaining Unaffiliated Sale Property, VMS shall liquidate and shall be dissolved, pursuant to the terms of the Joint Venture Agreement of VMS.

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MAERIL, Inc., the managing general partner (the Managing General Partner), will refinance all or a portion of the existing mortgage indebtedness prior to completion of the Transactions. If a disposition of the Properties is not consummated, there will be an increased risk that VMS will not be able to repay or refinance the existing mortgage and other debt on acceptable terms or fund any deficits, capital expenditures, or other costs and therefore an increased risk that VMS will default upon its indebtedness in the future, and perhaps lose its Properties in the future through mortgage foreclosure. Were VMS to lose any of its Properties, partners could recognize taxable gain and likely would not receive distributions sufficient to pay the tax then due.

Due to the terms of the existing mortgage indebtedness encumbering the Properties, including prohibitions on repayment prior to January 1, 2007, completion of either Transaction prior to that date would require the consent of the holders of that indebtedness. While the Managing General Partner may seek this consent, and although an affiliate of the Managing General Partner owns the junior mortgage indebtedness and could provide consent, the Managing General Partner is of the opinion that these efforts will likely be unsuccessful because, among other reasons, the owner of the senior mortgage indebtedness is a real estate mortgage investment conduit and its servicer s ability to amend or waive loan terms is limited. Were these efforts to be successful, there can be no assurance that the conditions precedent to such consent would not require the payment of prepayment penalties or be so onerous to VMS as to be impracticable or inadvisable to perform. As a result, the Managing General Partner believes that completion of the alternative refinancing or either Transaction prior to January 1, 2007 is unlikely.

Aimco Properties, LLC is an affiliate of ours. As a result, we had significant conflicts of interest in approving the Affiliated Contribution. However, as the managing general partner of the Partnerships, we approved the Transactions after determining that the Transactions are fair to, and in the best interests of, VMS, the Partnerships and the limited partners. In making this determination, we evaluated the tax consequences to the limited partners of a sale to a third party for cash, as well as the likely financial consequences of continuing to operate the Properties. In reaching a determination regarding the fairness of the consideration to be received in the Affiliated Contribution, we relied on appraisals of the Affiliated Contribution Properties prepared by KTR Newmark Real Estate Services LLC, an independent appraisal firm, and our own internal valuations.

WE ARE NOT ASKING YOU FOR A PROXY AND YOU ARE REQUESTED NOT TO SEND US A PROXY.

As more fully discussed in the proxy statement-prospectus, limited partners of the Partnerships are not entitled to appraisal rights under applicable law permitting them to seek a judicial determination of the value of their Partnership interests in lieu of accepting the distributions resulting from the Transactions. However, pursuant to the Contribution Agreement, VMS, the Partnerships and Aimco Properties, LLC have provided each limited partner with contractual dissenters appraisal rights with respect to the Affiliated Contribution that are generally based upon the dissenters appraisal rights that a limited partner would have were it a shareholder in a corporate merger under the corporation laws of the state of the Partnerships organization. See APPRAISAL RIGHTS.

If you want to object to either, or both, the Affiliated Contribution or the Unaffiliated Sales, please complete and sign the Notice of Objection included with this proxy statement-prospectus and return it to us at the address indicated on the Notice of Objection. Any Notice of Objection received after , 2006 will not be considered. The Managing General Partner currently anticipates that the Affiliated Contribution will be consummated no later than , 2007. If you want to receive Common OP Units rather than cash for the Affiliated Contribution, please complete and sign the Consideration Election Form included with this proxy statement-prospectus and return it to us at the address indicated on the Consideration Election Form. Any Consideration Election Form received after , 2006 will not be considered, unless the Managing General Partner elects, in its sole discretion, to extend the time for submission thereof. If you have any questions regarding this proxy statement-prospectus, please contact our information agent, The Altman Group, Inc., at (800) 217-9608 (toll-free).

Very truly yours,

MAERIL, Inc. Managing General Partner of the Partnerships

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SUMMARY

This summary highlights material terms of the proposed transactions in this proxy statement-prospectus. We urge you to read this entire proxy statement-prospectus, including the information and the financial statements and notes thereto that are incorporated herein by reference. See Where You Can Find More Information.

In this proxy statement-prospectus, interests in the Aimco Operating Partnership are sometimes referred to as OP Units, with Partnership Common Units referred to as Common OP Units, Partnership Preferred Units referred to as Preferred OP Units and High Performance Partnership Units referred to as High Performance Units or HPUs. Preferred OP Units are interests in the Aimco Operating Partnership that have distribution rights, or rights upon liquidation, winding up or dissolution, that are superior or prior to the Common OP Units. Holders of OP Units are sometimes referred to as OP Unitholders and holders of Common OP Units are referred to as Common OP Unitholders. Class A Common Stock of Apartment Investment and Management Company (Aimco) is referred to as Class A Common Stock. Finally, references to we and us refer to Aimco and the Aimco Operating Partnership as join. filers of this proxy statement-prospectus.

The Transactions. On August 21, 2006, VMS and Aimco Properties, LLC entered into an agreement (the Contribution Agreement) pursuant to which VMS agreed to the Affiliated Contribution. The Properties to be contributed in the Affiliated Contribution are Casa de Monterey, Buena Vista Apartments, Crosswood Park Apartments, Mountain View Apartments, Pathfinder Village Apartments, Scotchollow Apartments, and The Towers of Westchester Park. The value of the consideration to be received by VMS for each of the Affiliated Contribution Properties is \$224,228,260, which is equal to the greater of the appraised market value of the fee simple interest in such Properties and internal valuations prepared annually by Aimco. Separately, VMS intends to complete the Unaffiliated Sales. On November 22, 2006, VMS entered into an agreement to sell Watergate Apartments to an unaffiliated third party for a total purchase price of \$7,710,000. On November 28, 2006, VMS entered into an agreement to sell Shadowood Apartments to an unaffiliated third party for a total purchase price of \$5,300,000. The terms of the remaining Unaffiliated Sales are currently unknown as no other purchase agreements have been entered into providing for a sale of the Properties included in the Unaffiliated Sales. However, VMS will not complete an Unaffiliated Sale if the purchase price for such Unaffiliated Sale Property does not exceed eighty-five percent (85%) of the value of such Property estimated by the third party broker selected to market the Property for sale (the Minimum Unaffiliated Sale Price), or \$56,739,412 in the aggregate. We refer to the Affiliated Contribution and the Unaffiliated Sales collectively as the Transactions and individually as a Transaction in this proxy statement-prospectus. See SPECIAL FACTORS BACKGROUND AND REASONS FOR THE TRANSACTIONS. THE TRANSACTIONS. VMS AND THE PARTNERSHIPS Capital Replacement, and UNITED STATES FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE TRANSACTIONS.

Limited Partners Right to Object. In accordance with the terms of the VMS joint venture agreement and the partnership agreements of each of the Partnerships, VMS will not complete a Transaction if limited partners owning more than 50% of the aggregate units of the Partnerships give written notice of objection to that Transaction prior to , 2006. For additional information, see PROCEDURE FOR OBJECTING TO A TRANSACTION.

Choice of Consideration. The limited partners of the Partnerships are being given a choice as to the consideration they will receive with respect to the Affiliated Contribution. The limited partners may elect to waive the right to receive any portion of the cash distribution with respect to the Affiliated Contribution and receive that portion of the distributable proceeds from the Affiliated Contribution as Common OP Units

instead. Those who so elect and those that do not make an election will receive their portion of the distributable proceeds in cash. The choice of consideration with respect to the Affiliated Contribution is more fully described under THE TRANSACTIONS. After the first anniversary of becoming a holder of Common OP Units, each holder has the right, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the Aimco Operating Partnership s agreement of limited partnership (the Aimco Operating Partnership Agreement), to require the Aimco Operating Partnership to redeem all or a portion of the Common OP Units held by such party in exchange for shares of Class A Common Stock or a cash amount equal to the value of such shares, as

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the Aimco Operating Partnership may elect. See DESCRIPTION OF COMMON OP UNITS for additional information.

Advantages of the Transactions. The Managing General Partner believes that the Transactions have the following principal advantages:

Limited partners that elect to receive Common OP Units as consideration may be entitled to defer a portion of their taxable gain and have the opportunity to participate in the Aimco Operating Partnership s enterprise.

Limited partners that do not elect to receive Common OP Units will forego the potential deferral of taxable gain that may result from receipt of Common OP Units, but will receive a cash distribution of approximately \$25,774 per Portfolio I nondefaulted unit and \$25,599 per Portfolio II nondefaulted unit from the Affiliated Contribution.

The Unaffiliated Sales will result in cash distributions to the limited partners of approximately \$7,471 per Portfolio I nondefaulted unit and \$7,415 per Portfolio II nondefaulted unit, assuming the Minimum Unaffiliated Sale Price for each Unaffiliated Sale Property is achieved.

The Affiliated Contribution provides greater certainty than sales to third parties, due to, among other things, the short feasibility period and abbreviated conditions to closing. Simultaneous approval of the Unaffiliated Sales will permit the Partnerships to avoid the costs and delay of subsequent notifications to the partners.

There are various costs associated with being a public reporting company, including costs associated with preparing, auditing and filing periodic reports with the SEC, which would be eliminated if VMS were to terminate its registration and therefore its obligation to file annual, quarterly and other reports with the SEC pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act). The Managing General Partner estimates these expenses to be approximately \$87,000 per year. This represents approximately 13% of VMS s general and administrative expenses and 0.20% of its total expenses (based on 2005 expenses of approximately \$686,000 and \$42,508,000, respectively). In addition, as a result of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the Managing General Partner estimates these costs will increase by approximately 10% beginning in 2007.

All of the Properties currently require capital expenditures for which existing resources are not adequate. The refinancing of the Properties, while beneficial to the debt structure of the Partnerships and the Transactions, will not generate sufficient cash to fund the required capital expenditures.

The tax benefits of continued investment in the Properties have been reduced for most limited partners.

Disadvantages of the Proposed Transactions. The Managing General Partner believes that the Transactions have the following disadvantages:

The Unaffiliated Sales will result in taxable gain to the limited partners, and distributable proceeds to the limited partners will likely be insufficient to pay the resulting tax liability.

To the extent that limited partners in the Partnerships receive cash in connection with the Affiliated Contribution, all limited partners in the Partnership, including limited partners receiving Common OP Units and no cash, will recognize taxable gain.

The Managing General Partner is an affiliate of Aimco Properties, LLC, and the terms of the Affiliated Contribution, including the amount of consideration, were determined without an arms-length negotiation. VMS might obtain greater consideration in a sale to a third party or another transaction that involved independent third-party negotiations.

In structuring the Affiliated Contribution, no one separately represented the interests of the limited partners. Although the Managing General Partner has a fiduciary duty to the limited partners, it also has responsibilities to its stockholder, which is affiliated with Aimco Properties, LLC, resulting in a conflict of interest.

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For those limited partners that elect to receive solely Common OP Units as consideration, the Affiliated Contribution will not result in any immediate cash distribution.

For additional information, see RISK FACTORS, SPECIAL FACTORS BACKGROUND AND REASONS FOR THE TRANSACTIONS Expected Benefits of the Transactions and SPECIAL FACTORS BACKGROUND AND REASONS FOR THE TRANSACTIONS Disadvantages of the Transactions.

Conflicts of Interest. Apartment Investment and Management Company (Aimco) beneficially owns both the Managing General Partner of the Partnerships and the general partnership interest and approximately ninety percent (90%) of the common partnership units and equivalents of the Aimco Operating Partnership, as of September 30, 2006. The Aimco Operating Partnership is the sole member of Aimco Properties, LLC and is also a limited partner in the Partnerships. The Managing General Partner has fiduciary duties to the limited partners of the Partnerships, on the one hand, and to Aimco, as its sole stockholder, on the other. As a result, in considering the Affiliated Contribution, the Managing General Partner has substantial conflicts of interest. Dissolution of the partnership would result in the loss of management fees to the Managing General Partner and its affiliates. Aimco or its affiliates also hold the junior mortgage and certain other indebtedness and bankruptcy claims, including a mortgage participation, general partner loans and other accrued fees in an aggregate amount of \$90,581,533 that will be repaid as a part of the refinancing preceding the Transactions. See RISK FACTORS, CONFLICTS OF INTEREST and VMS AND THE PARTNERSHIPS Transactions with Affiliates for additional information.

Fairness of the Transactions. Although the Managing General Partner has interests that may conflict with those of the limited partners of the Partnerships, the Managing General Partner is of the opinion that each Transaction, considered independently, is fair to the limited partners in view of the factors listed below and described in greater detail under FAIRNESS OF THE TRANSACTIONS.

The consideration for the Affiliated Contribution Properties is equal in value to the greater of the appraised market value of the Properties and internal valuations prepared annually by Aimco.

VMS will not complete a Transaction if limited partners owning more than 50% of the aggregate units of the Partnerships give written notice of objection to that Transaction prior to , 2006.

The Managing General Partner arrived at the Minimum Unaffiliated Sale Prices by obtaining valuation estimates from a third party broker selected to market the Unaffiliated Sale Properties for sale and applying a 15% discount to each estimate.

Limited partners that elect to receive Common OP Units as consideration for the Affiliated Contribution may be entitled to defer a portion of their taxable gain and would have the opportunity to participate in the Aimco Operating Partnership s enterprise.

The junior mortgage loans encumbering the Properties and certain other indebtedness and bankruptcy claims of VMS are held by Aimco or its affiliates and will be repaid as part of the refinancing to be concluded prior to the closing of either of the Transactions.

Pursuant to the Contribution Agreement, VMS, the Partnerships and Aimco Properties, LLC have provided each limited partner with contractual dissenters appraisal rights with respect to the Affiliated Contribution that are generally based upon the dissenters appraisal rights that a limited partner would have were it a shareholder in a corporate merger under the corporation laws of the state of the Partnerships organization. The factors considered by the Managing General Partner in evaluating the fairness of the Transactions are more fully described under FAIRNESS OF THE TRANSACTIONS.

After the Transactions are Consummated. After completion of the Transactions, any available proceeds will be distributed to the partners in accordance with the joint venture and partnership agreements (including

default provisions with respect to limited partners failing to satisfy certain obligations thereunder), and the elections, if any, of the limited partners as to the nature of the consideration desired, and VMS and the Partnerships will be dissolved in accordance with the terms of their respective venture and partnership agreements. Upon dissolution of VMS, the Managing General Partner intends to file a notice with the SEC that will result in a termination of VMS s obligation to file annual, quarterly and other reports with the SEC pursuant to the Exchange Act. There are various costs associated with being a public reporting company, including costs associated with preparing, auditing and filing periodic reports with the SEC, which would be eliminated if VMS were to terminate its registration under the Exchange Act. For additional information, see PLANS AFTER THE TRANSACTIONS ARE CONSUMMATED.

VMS and the Partnerships. The general partners of VMS are Portfolio I and Portfolio II. VMS is owned 70.69% by Portfolio I and 29.31% by Portfolio II. There are currently 644 units of Portfolio I and 267 units of Portfolio II issued and outstanding, which are held of record by 669 and 257 limited partners, respectively. VMS s investment portfolio currently consists of the following 15 residential apartment complexes: Buena Vista Apartments, a 92-unit complex in Pasadena, California; Casa de Monterey, a 144-unit complex in Norwalk, California; Crosswood Park Apartments, a 180-unit complex in Citrus Heights, California; Mountain View Apartments, a 168-unit complex in San Dimas, California; Pathfinder Village Apartments, a 246-unit complex in Fremont, California; Scotchollow Apartments, a 418-unit complex in San Mateo, California; The Bluffs, a 137-unit complex in Milwaukee, Oregon; Vista Village Apartments, a 220-unit complex in El Paso, Texas; Chapelle Le Grande, a 105-unit complex in Merrillville, Indiana; Shadowood Apartments, a 120-unit complex in Monroe, Louisiana; The Towers of Westchester Park, a 303-unit complex in College Park, Maryland; Terrace Gardens, a 126-unit complex in Omaha, Nebraska; North Park Apartments, a 284-unit complex in Evansville, Indiana; Watergate Apartments, a 140-unit complex in Little Rock, Arkansas; and Forest Ridge Apartments, a 278-unit complex in Flagstaff, Arizona. An affiliate of the Aimco Operating Partnership currently serves as manager of the Properties. The principal executive offices of the Managing General Partner, the Partnerships and VMS are located at 55 Beattie Place, P.O. Box 1089, Greenville, South Carolina 29602, telephone (864) 239-1000. For additional information about VMS and the Partnerships, see VMS AND THE PARTNERSHIPS and GENERAL INFORMATION.

The Aimco Operating Partnership and Aimco. The Aimco Operating Partnership is a Delaware limited partnership that conducts substantially all of the operations of Aimco. As of September 30, 2006, Aimco beneficially owns approximately ninety percent (90%) of the Common OP Units and equivalents of the Aimco Operating Partnership. Aimco is a real estate investment trust (a REIT) that owns and manages multifamily apartment properties throughout the United States. The Aimco Operating Partnership, through its operating divisions and subsidiaries, holds substantially all of Aimco s assets and manages the daily operations of Aimco s business and assets. As of September 30, 2006, the Aimco Operating Partnership owned or managed a portfolio of 1,290 apartment properties containing 224,837 apartment units located in 47 states, the District of Columbia and Puerto Rico. Based on apartment unit data compiled by the National Multi Housing Council, as of January 1, 2006, Aimco is the largest owner of multifamily apartment properties in the United States. The general partner of the Aimco Operating Partnership is AIMCO-GP, Inc., a Delaware corporation, which is a wholly owned subsidiary of Aimco. The Aimco Operating Partnership is the sole member of Aimco Properties, LLC. The principal executive offices of Aimco, the Aimco Operating Partnership and Aimco Properties, LLC are located at 4582 South Ulster Street Parkway, Suite 1100, Denver, Colorado 80237, and their telephone number is (303) 757-8101. For additional information about Aimco, the Aimco Operating Partnership and Aimco Properties, LLC, see INFORMATION CONCERNING AIMCO AND THE AIMCO OPERATING PARTNERSHIP.

Tax Consequences of the Transactions. The Unaffiliated Sales will be taxable transactions for United States federal income tax purposes and likely for state and local income tax purposes as well. To the extent that

limited partners receive cash in connection with the Affiliated Contribution, the Affiliated Contribution will also be in part a taxable transaction for such tax purposes because VMS will receive cash in the Affiliated Contribution. Any taxable income from the Unaffiliated Sales and the Affiliated Contribution will pass through, and be taxable, to the partners. Taxable income from the Affiliated Contribution will pass

through, and be taxable, to all limited partners, including those who elect to receive Common OP Units rather than cash in connection with the Affiliated Contribution. Additional gain may be recognized in connection with actual or deemed distributions of cash by VMS and the Partnerships. There are also other tax considerations related to the Affiliated Contribution and to investment in the Aimco Operating Partnership and Aimco that you should consider. See UNITED STATES FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE TRANSACTIONS for additional information.

Appraisal Rights. Pursuant to the Contribution Agreement, VMS, the Partnerships and Aimco Properties, LLC have provided each limited partner with contractual dissenters appraisal rights with respect to the Affiliated Contribution that are generally based upon the dissenters appraisal rights that a limited partner would have were it a shareholder in a corporate merger under the corporation laws of the state of the Partnerships organization. To exercise this right, you must take the necessary steps provided by the Contribution Agreement. See APPRAISAL RIGHTS for additional information.

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SPECIAL FACTORS

BACKGROUND AND REASONS FOR THE TRANSACTIONS

General. VMS was formed as a general partnership pursuant to the Uniform Venture Act of the State of Illinois and a joint venture agreement dated September 27, 1984, between Portfolio I and Portfolio II. Its primary business is real estate ownership and related operations. VMS was formed for the purpose of making investments in various types of real properties that offer potential capital appreciation and cash distributions to its partners. Effective December 12, 1997, the managing general partner of each of the Partnerships was transferred from VMS Realty Investment, Ltd. (formerly VMS Realty Partners) to MAERIL, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of MAE GP Corporation and an affiliate of Insignia Financial Group, Inc. (Insignia). Effective February 25, 1998, MAE GP Corporation was merged with Insignia Properties Trust (IPT), which was an affiliate of Insignia and IPT were merged into Aimco effective October 1, 1998 and February 26, 1999, respectively. Thus, the Managing General Partner is now a wholly-owned subsidiary of Aimco.

Since that time, Aimco and the Managing General Partner have sought to maximize the operating results and, ultimately, the net realizable value of each of VMS s holdings in order to achieve the best possible return for the investors. The Managing General Partner regularly analyzes the effects of each Property s operating performance on the financial position of VMS and whether additional capital expenditures on these Properties or investments in alternative assets would benefit VMS s financial position. The Managing General Partner periodically evaluates the physical improvement requirements of the Properties and the availability of favorable financing opportunities to fund these requirements. In addition, the Managing General Partner monitors the conditions of the real estate markets affecting the Properties, considering whether a disposition of any of the Properties would further the Partnerships best interests.

The terms of the senior mortgages currently encumbering the Properties contemplate the payment of an agreed valuation amount of \$110,000,000 for such indebtedness, which is less than the applicable face amount of \$152,225,000, if repayment occurs after January 1, 2007 and on or prior to January 1, 2008, the maturity date. Approximately \$12,763,000 of the amount owing with respect to the senior mortgages has been paid as of . 2006 and the remaining unpaid portion of the agreed valuation amount will be repaid with the proceeds of the refinancing discussed elsewhere herein. The structure including an agreed valuation amount and a face amount is based on the VMS bankruptcy plan. The structure of certain secured notes originally held by the FDIC contemplated preservation of the full principal amount, in this case \$152,225,000, and an agreed valuation amount of \$110,000,000 that could be paid if there were no defaults. The discounted payoff was based on the actual value of the collateral underlying the notes from June, 1992, as determined in the bankruptcy proceeding. This structure reflects a basic principle of bankruptcy law that bases an allowed secured claim on the value of the collateral securing the claim, and treats any deficiency as unsecured. Bankruptcy provisions also permit any deficiency to continue to be secured by the property that originally collateralized the debt. The existing structure therefore reflects an outcome consistent with the bankruptcy laws. In addition, the mortgage indebtedness provides that if a default occurs with respect to a particular mortgage and that mortgage is subsequently repaid prior to January 1, 2008, then an additional prepayment premium (sometimes known as yield maintenance and referred to as the Prepayment Consideration) of not less than 1% of the agreed valuation amount would also be owed. The Prepayment Consideration is equal to the greater of: (x) one percent of the agreed valuation amount; and (y) the present value of a series of payments, each equal to the Payment Differential (as defined below) and payable on each monthly payment date over the remaining original term of the Amended, Restated, and Consolidated Senior Notes and on January 1, 2008, discounted at the Reinvestment Yield (as defined below) for the number of months remaining from the date prepayment is received through and including January 1, 2008.

With respect to the calculation of the Prepayment Consideration, (i) Reinvestment Yield means the lesser of (a) the yield on the US treasury issue (primary issue) with a maturity date closest to January 1, 2008, or (b) the yield on the US Treasury issue (primary issue) with a term equal to the remaining average life of the Debt, with each such yield being based on the bid price for such issue as published in the WSJ on the date that is 14 days prior to the date prepayment is received (or if such bid price is not published on that date, the next preceding date on which that bid price is so published); and (ii) Payment Differential means the difference between 8.5% per annum and the Reinvestment Yield, divided by 12, and then multiplied by the agreed valuation amount or such other lesser amount

being prepaid in order to reinstate the debt) on the date prepayment is actually made. In no event will it be less than zero.

In any event, if any of the mortgages are not paid on or before January 1, 2008, a default will occur and the full face amount of that mortgage, rather than the agreed valuation amount, will become due.

Under the terms of the existing outstanding mortgage indebtedness encumbering the Properties, including prohibitions on repayment prior to January 1, 2007, completion of either Transaction prior to that date would require the consent of the holders of that indebtedness. The prohibition on prepayment is reflected in the mortgage indebtedness provisions that preclude the right or privilege to prepay all or any portion of the unpaid principal balance of [the note] until January 1, 2007. Thus, because of the note provision that precludes prepayment, the consent of the holders of the note is required to be able to waive this provision. Further, a contrived default will not enable the notes to be prepaid without payment of the Prepayment Consideration outlined above. While the Managing General Partner may seek this consent, and although an affiliate of the Managing General Partner owns the junior mortgage indebtedness, the Managing General Partner is of the opinion that these efforts will likely be unsuccessful because, among other things, the owner of the senior mortgage indebtedness is a real estate mortgage investment conduit and its servicer s ability to amend or waive loan terms is limited. Were these efforts to be successful, there can be no assurance that the conditions precedent to such consent will not require the payment of prepayment penalties or be so onerous to VMS as to be impracticable or inadvisable to perform. As a result, without a restructuring of the outstanding indebtedness, the Managing General Partner believes that completion of any Transaction prior to January 1, 2007 is unlikely.

Additionally, as a result of limits on cash available for capital expenditures imposed by the terms of the senior mortgage indebtedness to be repaid with the proceeds of the refinancing, which limits such expenditures to an annual limit of \$300 per unit per Property, VMS does not have sufficient funds to pay for necessary capital expenditures. As noted below in ESTIMATED DISTRIBUTIONS AND TAX CONSEQUENCES, the Managing General Partner anticipates that the proceeds of the refinancing available for distribution to the limited partners will be approximately \$11,418,118. Even if VMS did not distribute those estimated proceeds, estimated capital expenditure needs of approximately \$32,100,498, described in more detail on pages 51-55 below, would exceed those proceeds by more than \$20,000,000. As a result, the Managing General Partner believes that operations will be insufficient, even following a favorable refinancing, to finance these necessary capital expenditures.

On April 4, 2006, Mr. Terry Considine, Mr. Thomas Herzog, Mr. Harry Alcock, Mr. Robert Walker, Ms. Martha Long, Mr. Scott Anderson and Mr. Derek McCandless convened to discuss the VMS debt and bankruptcy structure, including the impending maturity of the outstanding indebtedness and potential alternatives for addressing the shortfall in cash necessary for capital expenditures.

The attendees also discussed Aimco s potential interest in acquiring certain of the properties, as well as its fiduciary duties to the limited partners if such a transaction were undertaken. In light of the fiduciary duties owed to the unaffiliated limited partners, the group decided that the minimum purchase price for any property that Aimco acquired would be the valuation ascribed to such property by Aimco s internal valuations. The decision was made to obtain appraisals to confirm the value of the properties that Aimco had expressed an interest in acquiring. The decision was also made to evaluate the proceeds to limited partners in the event of a sale of such properties, as well as the tax consequences to limited partners from such a sale.

On May 4, 2006, Aimco s outside counsel distributed a draft purchase agreement containing terms upon which Aimco would purchase the Affiliated Contribution Properties for cash.

On May 16, 2006, Mr. Alcock, Ms. Long and Ms. Danielle McClure reviewed the results of the appraisals in light of the fiduciary duties owed to unaffiliated limited partners and Aimco s investment criteria. Mr. Alcock determined that

Aimco would pay an aggregate purchase price that included the full appraised values of the six Affiliated Contribution Properties with appraised values higher than Aimco s internal values. Mr. Alcock also confirmed that the aggregate purchase price would include Aimco s full internal value of the one property with an Aimco internal value higher than its appraised value.

On May 23, 2006, Mr. Anderson relayed to Mr. McCandless that the estimated tax consequences to limited partners of a cash sale of all of the Properties would require payment by limited partners of state and federal taxes of

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approximately \$12,000 per limited partnership unit above anticipated sales proceeds, assuming for purposes of this calculation that the Minimum Unaffiliated Sale Price was achieved. Mr. Anderson and Mr. McCandless discussed possible alternative transaction structures that might improve the negative tax situation facing limited partners in the event of an all-cash sale of the Properties. Mr. Anderson and Mr. McCandless also discussed these alternative transaction structures with members of Aimco s tax department.

Mr. Considine, Mr. Miles Cortez and Mr. McCandless discussed the potential for improved tax consequences to limited partners in the event of a transaction involving Common OP Units as consideration. Mr. Considine decided to pursue a transaction that would provide limited partners the opportunity to elect Common OP Units in lieu of cash.

On July 5, 2006, Mr. Alcock, Mr. Anderson, Mr. McCandless, Ms. Long and Mr. Jeff Ogden met to discuss the possibility of a refinancing accompanied by a cash distribution to limited partners. After discussing the consequences of an interim cash distribution resulting from a refinancing and the fact that a refinancing would assist with the sale and contribution of the Properties by eliminating the cross-collateralization features of the existing indebtedness, Mr. Alcock and Mr. Ogden decided to proceed with a refinancing prior to the sale and the contribution.

On August 17, 2006, Aimco s outside counsel circulated a revised draft of the purchase agreement containing provisions contemplating the structure described herein, whereby limited partners will be able to waive the right to receive cash and receive Common OP Units instead.

Therefore, the Managing General Partner will refinance the outstanding indebtedness to implement a debt structure that would provide greater flexibility than the existing indebtedness and will result in a cash distribution to limited partners. The Managing General Partner will complete the refinancing substantially as described herein. The Managing General Partner believes the refinancing will provide sufficient funds to repay the senior and junior mortgages on all of the Properties, loans made by the Managing General Partner and its affiliates to VMS, and other indebtedness owed to affiliates of the Managing General Partner and to fund the cash distribution to limited partners, all as described herein. As noted above, the refinancing is not expected to generate sufficient funds to fund the necessary capital expenditures required by the Properties, even if a cash distribution to limited partners did not occur. Therefore, even following the refinancing, the Managing General Partner believes it is in the best interests of the limited partners for VMS to dispose of the Properties. In light of the existing and ongoing capital expenditure needs of the Properties, the Managing General Partner does not believe that continuing to operate the Properties indefinitely is feasible.

In light of the foregoing, the Managing General Partner s review of existing market conditions for real estate such as the Affiliated Contribution Properties, Aimco s agreement to pay consideration equal to the greater of the appraised value or Aimco s internal valuation for each of the Affiliated Contribution Properties, the ability for limited partners to defer a certain amount of adverse tax consequences by electing to receive Common OP Units and the other benefits of the Affiliated Contribution described herein, the Managing General Partner agreed to the terms of the Affiliated Contribution.

As discussed above, the limited partners of the Partnerships are being given a choice as to the consideration they will receive with respect to the Affiliated Contribution. The Partnerships partnership agreements do not permit the Partnerships to distribute any consideration other than cash in liquidation of the interest of a limited partner. However, the limited partners may elect to waive the right to receive any portion of the cash distribution with respect to the Affiliated Contribution and receive Common OP Units directly from the Aimco Operating Partnership instead. Aimco and its affiliates which own limited partnership interests in the Partnerships currently intend to waive their right to receive any portion of the cash distribution and receive Common OP Units instead. The Partnerships partnership agreements also do not permit a special allocation of gain to the limited partners receiving cash, even if such special allocation would be permitted under applicable law. Thus, the receipt of cash by

some limited partners will have an adverse tax consequence on those limited partners who choose to waive any portion of the cash distribution and receive Common OP Units instead.

ESTIMATED DISTRIBUTIONS AND TAX CONSEQUENCES

It is anticipated that distributions to the limited partners will result from each of the (i) refinancing, (ii) the Unaffiliated Sales, and (iii) the Affiliated Contribution. In addition, each of the three items will have tax consequences to the limited partners. The following discussion and tables summarize the estimated distributions as well as the anticipated tax consequences. After the summaries of the estimated distributions with respect to each item, and of the anticipated tax consequences with respect to each item, there is an overall summary that combines the estimated distributions and tax consequences for all three items.

In a series of transactions from November 1999 until March 30, 2001, an affiliate of the Aimco Operating Partnership acquired a portion of the Class 3-C Claim, an unsecured claim under the confirmed VMS bankruptcy plan, for an aggregate cost of approximately \$13,809,159, and the MF VMS Interest, an additional claim under the confirmed VMS bankruptcy plan for an aggregate cost of approximately \$9,800,000. The Managing General Partner currently estimates that an affiliate of the Aimco Operating Partnership, as owner of a portion of the Class 3-C Claim, will receive approximately \$37,115,625 from the proceeds of the refinancing preceding the Transactions. Under the confirmed VMS bankruptcy plan, after the Class 3-C Claim is paid, the owner of the MF VMS Interest will also receive 25% of any surplus in the partnership advance account established under the confirmed VMS bankruptcy plan utilized to pay the Class 3-C Claim (the PAA). The Managing General Partner estimates that the surplus will be approximately \$11,532,608. Accordingly, 25% of the PAA surplus is estimated to be approximately \$2,883,152. The remaining 75% of that surplus will be paid to Portfolio I and Portfolio II. After the payments from the PAA are made, half of any remaining proceeds will be paid to Aimco as the owner of the MF VMS Interest, and half to VMS. The Managing General Partner estimates that this payment will equal \$51,009,991 from the proceeds of the refinancing and the Transactions. These estimates assume that the refinancing preceding the Transactions described herein occurs and the Properties are contributed or sold as described herein, although there can be no assurance that these estimates will be accurate when the refinancing and the Transactions actually occur.

Non-resident withholding tax paid by the Partnerships on behalf of a partner to a state tax jurisdiction should be creditable against the tax liability of that partner in the jurisdiction. Limited partners are advised to consult their tax advisors.

Unless otherwise expressly stated, amounts relate to units of each Partnership that are not in default under the applicable partnership agreement (nondefaulted units). The Managing General Partner has determined that roughly 5% of the units of each Partnership are in default (defaulted units). See Special Considerations for Defaulted Units.

Estimated Distributions

Proceeds of Refinancing. The Managing General Partner will complete the refinancing substantially as described herein prior to completion of the Transactions. Proceeds of the refinancing will be used to satisfy the outstanding mortgage and other indebtedness of VMS. Any available residual proceeds would be distributed to the partners in accordance with the joint venture and partnership agreements (including default provisions with respect to limited partners failing to satisfy certain obligations thereunder) and applicable law.

The first table below summarizes the total estimated proceeds of the refinancing. The two succeeding tables break down the total between the two portfolios, and summarize the estimated proceeds of the refinancing per unit of Portfolio I and per unit of Portfolio II.

Amounts below have been estimated as of January 1, 2007, the earliest date on which the refinancing will occur, based upon information available to the Managing General Partner as of September 30, 2006. For more detail regarding payments to Aimco and its affiliates, see CONFLICTS OF INTEREST.

TOTAL ESTIMATED DISTRIBUTIONS FROM REFINANCING

New mortgage principal Less: Estimated closing costs Less: Pay off of senior mortgages Less: Pay off of junior mortgages Less: Class 3-C Claim under Bankruptcy Plan Less: MF VMS Interest from Partnership Advance Account Less: 50% of residual to MF VMS Interest Less: Pay off of affiliate-loans Less: Estimated non-resident withholding taxes	\$ 207,550,000 (4,151,000) (95,693,052) (21,693,158) (42,000,000) (2,883,152) (16,240,091) (12,649,527) (821,902)
Distributable to Portfolio I & Portfolio II	\$ 11,418,118
ESTIMATED DISTRIBUTIONS FROM REFINANCING PER UNIT OF PORTFOLIO I	
Distributable to Portfolio I & Portfolio II Percentage to Portfolio I	\$ 11,418,118 70.69%
Distributable to Portfolio I Total number of Portfolio I units	8,071,468 611.25
Distributable per Portfolio I unit	\$ 13,205.00
ESTIMATED DISTRIBUTIONS FROM REFINANCING PER UNIT OF PORTFOLIO II	
Distributable to Portfolio I & Portfolio II Percentage to Portfolio II	\$ 11,418,118 29.31%
Distributable to Portfolio II Total number of Portfolio II units	3,346,650 255.42

Distributable per Portfolio II unit

Proceeds of Unaffiliated Sales. Following the completion of the Unaffiliated Sales, which is a condition to the Affiliated Contribution and which may occur on a property-by-property basis, any available proceeds will be distributed to the partners in accordance with the joint venture and partnership agreements (including default provisions with respect to limited partners failing to satisfy certain obligations thereunder) and applicable law.

\$

13,103.00

The first table below summarizes the total estimated proceeds of the Unaffiliated Sales. The two succeeding tables break down the total between the two portfolios, and summarize the estimated proceeds of the Unaffiliated Sales per unit of Portfolio I and per unit of Portfolio II.

The three tables below assume the Transaction was completed on September 30, 2006 and that proceeds from the Unaffiliated Sales were equal to the Minimum Unaffiliated Sale Prices. These calculations are estimates based upon information available to the Managing General Partner as of September 30, 2006. VMS will not proceed with an Unaffiliated Sale, however, if it is unable to attain at least the Minimum Unaffiliated Sale Price with respect to such Property.

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TOTAL ESTIMATED DISTRIBUTIONS FROM UNAFFILIATED SALES

Gross purchase price	\$ 56,739,412
Plus: Cash and cash equivalents	545,458
Plus: Other partnership assets	1,024,361
Less: Mortgage debt including accrued interest	(39,550,000)
Less: Due to affiliates	(52,734)
Less: 50% of residual proceeds to MF VMS Interest	(7,581,641)
Less: Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	(1,998,277)
Less: Reserve for contingencies	(202,415)
Less: Closing costs	(1,134,788)
Less: Estimated non-resident withholding taxes	(1,121,446)
Less: Estimated transfer taxes	(34,270)
Less: Estimated state entity taxes	(173,465)
Distributable to Portfolio I & Portfolio II	\$ 6,460,195

ESTIMATED DISTRIBUTIONS FROM UNAFFILIATED SALES

PER UNIT OF PORTFOLIO I

Distributable to Portfolio I & Portfolio II	\$ 6,460,195
Percentage to Portfolio I	70.69%
Distributable to Portfolio I	4,566,410
Total number of Portfolio I units	611.25
Distributable per Portfolio I unit	\$ 7,471
ESTIMATED DI FROM UNAFFII PER UNIT OF P	LIATED SALES

Distributable to Portfolio I & Portfolio II Percentage to Portfolio II	\$ 6,460,195 29.31%
Distributable to Portfolio II Total number of Portfolio II units	1,893,785 255.42%
Distributable per Portfolio II unit	\$ 7,414

Proceeds of Affiliated Contribution. Following the completion of the Affiliated Contribution, the cash proceeds will be distributed to the partners in accordance with the joint venture and partnership agreements (including default provisions with respect to limited partners failing to satisfy certain obligations thereunder), and the elections, if any, of the limited partners as to the nature of the consideration desired.

The first table below summarizes the estimated distribution to the limited partners that would have taken place if the Affiliated Contribution had been completed on September 30, 2006. Limited partners electing to receive Common OP Units instead of cash will receive Common OP Units. The number of Common OP Units will be equal to the amount of the cash distribution waived, divided by the average daily closing price of a share of Class A Common Stock on the NYSE over the twenty trading-day period ended two days prior to consummation of the Affiliated Contribution. Limited partners are instructed to contact The Altman Group, Inc. with any direct questions or requests for information, including an estimate of Common OP Units issuable with respect to waivers of

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particular cash amounts, as of the most recent practicable date. Please see the information set forth under HOW TO OBTAIN ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.

The calculations reflected in the tables below are estimates based upon information available to the Managing General Partner as of September 30, 2006. There can be no assurance that these estimates will prove accurate, particularly as relates to limited partners that elect to waive any portion of the cash distribution and receive Common OP Units instead, since the number of Common OP Units to be issued in exchange for the contribution of the Affiliated Contribution Properties will be fixed at the time the Affiliated Contribution is consummated as described above, and the market value of the Class A Common Stock will likely fluctuate between that date and the date Common OP Units are received by limited partners. The amount of state tax withholding will vary depending on the percentage of limited partners that elect to receive Common OP Units, and this variation may affect the amount of the cash distributions. However, such variation is not expected to be material.

ESTIMATED DISTRIBUTIONS FROM AFFILIATED CONTRIBUTION

Gross purchase price	\$ 224,228,260
Plus: Cash and cash equivalents	1,080,373
Plus: Other partnership assets	2,726,585
Less: Mortgage debt including accrued interest	(168,000,000)
Less: Due to affiliates	(58,008)
Less: 50% of residual proceeds to holder of MF VMS Interest	(27,643,259)
Less: Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	(2,342,610)
Less: Reserve for Contingencies	(799,923)
Less: Estimated non-resident withholding taxes	(5,349,163)
Less: Estimated transfer taxes	(1,548,161)
Less: Estimated state entity taxes	(1,600)
Distributable to Portfolio I & Portfolio II	\$ 22,292,494

Distributable to Portfolio I & Portfolio II

ESTIMATED DISTRIBUTIONS FROM AFFILIATED CONTRIBUTION PER UNIT OF PORTFOLIO I

Distributable to Portfolio I & Portfolio II Percentage to Portfolio I	\$ 22,292,494 70.69%
Distributable to Portfolio I Total number of Portfolio I units	15,754,182 611.25
Distributable per Portfolio I unit	\$ 25,774

ESTIMATED DISTRIBUTIONS FROM AFFILIATED CONTRIBUTION PER UNIT OF PORTFOLIO II

\$ 22,292,494 29.31%
6,538,313 255.42
\$ 25,599

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The table below indicates the number of Common OP Units that would be issuable in lieu of specified amounts of cash distributions that a limited partner might waive with respect to a Portfolio I or Portfolio II unit. On , 2006, the last reported sale price of Class A Common Stock on the NYSE was \$. The number of Common OP Units actually issuable with respect to a particular amount of cash waived may differ from the numbers set forth in the table below.

NUMBER OF COMMON OP UNITS ISSUED FOR WAIVED CASH AMOUNTS AT ASSUMED CLASS A COMMON STOCK PRICES

Assumed Class A Common Stock Prices	Potential Waived Cash Amounts				
	\$ 13,000	\$ 16,000	\$ 19,000	\$ 22,000	\$ 25,000
\$35.00	371.4286	457.1429	542.8571	628.5714	714.2857
\$40.00	325	400	475	550	625
\$45.00	288.8889	355.5556	422.2222	488.8889	555.5556
\$50.00	260	320	380	440	500
\$55.00	236.3636	290.9091	345.4545	400	454.5455
\$60.00	216.6667	266.6667	316.6667	366.6667	416.6667

Estimated Tax Consequences

Refinancing. In general, repayment of the senior debt at the agreed valuation amount, rather than at the applicable face amount, would result in cancellation of indebtedness (COD) income allocable to limited partners. COD income is generally taxable as ordinary income, and increases the tax basis of the partner in its partnership interest. However, the COD income should be offset, in part, by deductible interest expense, which reduces the partner s tax basis in its partnership interest.

It is estimated that the COD income, after taking into account the offsetting interest expense, will be \$11,847 per unit of Portfolio I and \$11,818 per unit of Portfolio II.

Although there can be no assurance, it is anticipated that a portion of the refinancing proceeds will be distributed to the limited partners, and that such distribution would be at least sufficient to enable the limited partners to pay any tax due on COD income allocated to them.

A partner s basis in its partnership interest is also affected by any net increase or decrease in allocations of any new debt to such partner as compared with the amounts of repaid liabilities that had been allocated to such partner. An increased share of partnership liabilities increases a partner s basis in its partnership interest. A decreased share of partnership liabilities is treated as a cash distribution that decreases a partner s basis in its partnership interest. An actual distribution of refinancing proceeds to a partner will be applied against any basis the partner has in its partnership interest, but, to the extent the proceeds are in excess of such basis, will be taxable gain.

Unaffiliated Sales. In connection with the Unaffiliated Sales, the Partnerships and the limited partners will recognize taxable gain. The Unaffiliated Sales will generate taxable gain to the Partnerships, which will be allocated to all of the partners of the Partnerships, including the limited partners. Accordingly, partners will recognize gain in the

Unaffiliated Sales as a result. The resulting tax liabilities are expected to exceed the cash distribution.

Assuming a purchase price (including assumed liabilities) of \$56,739,412, and basis of the properties as of September 30, 2006, the Managing General Partner estimates that the unrecaptured section 1250 gain per unit will be \$42,514 per unit of Portfolio I and \$42,392 per unit of Portfolio II. It is not expected that there will be any additional taxable gain per unit beyond the unrecaptured section 1250 gain.

Tax consequences to particular limited partners may vary depending on the effect of: (i) adjustments to the basis of Partnership property with respect to a limited partner that received its interest in the Partnership as a

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transferee and (ii) the difference between the tax basis of property of the Partnerships or VMS and the fair market value of such property at the time such property was contributed to or revalued by the Partnerships or VMS.

These calculations are estimates based upon information currently available to the Managing General Partner. The amounts to be allocated to the partners may vary depending on the reserves established to satisfy future obligations, if any, actual transaction costs, and factors beyond the control of the Managing General Partner. Each limited partner should consult his or her tax advisor regarding the tax consequences to him or her. See UNITED STATES FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE TRANSACTIONS for additional information.

Affiliated Contribution. To the extent that any limited partners receive cash with respect to the Affiliated Contribution, VMS will receive cash from Aimco Properties, LLC, and as a result will recognize taxable income. On the other hand, to the extent that limited partners elect to receive Common OP Units, VMS is not expected to recognize taxable income. Taxable income recognized by VMS will pass through to the Partnerships, and from the Partnerships to the partners, and therefore will be taxable to the partners, including limited partners who elect to receive Common OP Units. Thus the amount of taxable income recognized by a limited partner who elects to receive Common OP Units will depend, in part, on the extent to which other limited partners receive cash or Common OP Units in connection with the Affiliated Contribution.

The amounts to be allocated to the partners may vary depending on transaction costs and factors beyond the control of the Managing General Partner. Additionally, tax consequences to particular limited partners may vary depending on the effect of (i) adjustments to the basis of Partnership property with respect to a limited partner that received its interest in the Partnership as a transferee and (ii) the difference between the tax basis of property of the Partnerships or VMS and the fair market value of such property at the time such property was contributed to or received by the Partnerships or VMS.

The total amount of net taxable gain recognized by a limited partner who receives cash is not expected to vary depending on the extent to which other limited partners receive cash or Common OP Units, although the character of such gain may vary. The Managing General Partner estimates that, with respect to units that receive cash, the total taxable gain per unit will be \$173,715 per unit of Portfolio I and \$171,722 per unit of Portfolio II. Of that amount, the unrecaptured 1250 gain per unit is estimated to be \$75,248 per unit of Portfolio I and \$74,949 per unit of Portfolio II. Units that receive cash generally should expect to recognize the same amount of taxable gain regardless of the percentage of other units that elect to receive Common OP Units.

With respect to limited partners that elect to receive Common OP Units, the number of Common OP Units to be issued will be fixed at the time the Affiliated Contribution is consummated, and the market value of the Class A Common Stock will likely fluctuate between that date and the date of any distribution of Common OP Units to limited partners. Each limited partner should consult his or her tax advisor regarding the tax consequences to him or her. See UNITED STATES FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE TRANSACTIONS for additional information.

The following table is a summary of the estimated allocation to the limited partners of taxable gain from the Affiliated Contribution, assuming that the Transaction was completed September 30, 2006. No position is taken as to the character of such gain as capital gain or ordinary income. These calculations are estimates based upon information currently available to the Managing General Partner. The amount of estimated non-resident withholding tax decreases to the extent limited partners elect to receive Common OP Units as consideration.

ESTIMATED GAIN FROM AFFILIATED CONTRIBUTION PER UNIT RECEIVING COMMON OP UNITS

Cash Percentage	Gain per Unit Portfolio		rtfolio I	Portfolio II	
25% Cash	Total Gain	\$	48,236	\$	47,863
	Unrecaptured 1250 Gain		44,104		44,197
50% Cash	Total Gain		96,471		95,725
	Unrecaptured 1250 Gain		52,686		52,730
75% Cash	Total Gain		144,707		143,296
	Unrecaptured 1250 Gain		64,373		64,431
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Estimated Distributions and Tax Consequences Combined. The tables below summarize the estimated distributions and tax consequences to the limited partners of taxable gain from the refinancing and the Transactions, assuming that (i) the refinancing was completed on January 1, 2007, based upon information available to the Managing General Partner as of September 30, 2006, (ii) the Transactions were completed on September 30, 2006 and (iii) the indicated percentage of cash was received by the limited partners with respect to the Affiliated Contribution.

The first table below summarizes the estimated cash and taxable gain per unit receiving cash. The amount of state tax withholding will vary depending on the percentage of limited partners that elect to receive Common OP Units, and this variation may affect the amount of the cash distributions. However, such variation is not expected to be material. The second table summarizes the estimated taxable gain per unit receiving Common OP Units rather than cash. As noted above, the amount of taxable income recognized by a limited partner who elects to receive Common OP Units will depend, in part, on the extent to which other limited partners receive cash or Common OP Units in connection with the Affiliated Contribution.

ESTIMATED CASH AND GAIN PER UNIT RECEIVING CASH

	Portfolio I		Portfolio II	
Total gain per unit receiving cash Unrecaptured 1250 gain per unit receiving cash	\$	222,797 117,817	\$	220,633 117,382
Cash distribution per unit		46,440		46,115

ESTIMATED GAIN PER UNIT RECEIVING COMMON OP UNITS

Cash Percentage	Gain per Unit	Portfolio I		Portfolio II		
25% Cash	Total Gain	\$	97,213	\$	96,694	
	Unrecaptured 1250 Gain		86,445		86,604	
50% Cash	Total Gain		145,483		144,583	
	Unrecaptured 1250 Gain		91,161		91,251	
75% Cash	Total Gain		193,754		192,472	
	Unrecaptured 1250 Gain		104,035		104,128	

Special Considerations for Defaulted Units

The estimated distributions and tax consequences described above relate to units of each Partnership that are not in default under the applicable partnership agreement (nondefaulted units). The Managing General Partner has determined, however, that roughly 5% of the units of each Partnership are in default (defaulted units). The Managing General Partner does not expect that any distribution of cash will be made with respect to defaulted units. However, the holders of defaulted units generally will recognize taxable gain. The Managing General Partner estimates that, with respect to defaulted units, the total taxable gain per unit will be \$72,497 per unit of Portfolio I and \$74,519 per unit of Portfolio II. Of that amount, the unrecaptured 1250 gain per unit is estimated to be \$46,228 per unit of Portfolio I and \$47,621 per unit of Portfolio II. The Partnerships will be required to withhold state tax with respect to defaulted units, and such withheld tax should be creditable against the tax liability of that partner in the jurisdiction.

Limited partners are urged to consult their tax advisors.

Alternatives Considered

The following is a brief discussion of the benefits and disadvantages of the alternatives to the Transactions considered by VMS, the Partnerships, the Managing General Partner, AIMCO/IPT, Inc. (AIMCO/IPT), Aimco Properties, LLC, the Aimco Operating Partnership, AIMCO-GP, Inc. (AIMCO-GP) and Aimco (collectively, the VMS Related Parties) that could have been pursued by the Managing General Partner.

Continue to Hold All VMS Properties

Benefits of Continuing to Hold All VMS Properties. There are several potential benefits associated with retaining the Properties for the foreseeable future. Under certain circumstances, including a refinancing of the existing VMS debt, as is being sought by the Managing General Partner, and improving rental market conditions, the level of distributions from the Properties might increase over time. Additionally, any refinancing of the existing VMS debt, including the refinancing described herein, could result in improved cash flow in the future, which could result in increased distributions in the future. It is also possible that the resale market for apartment properties could improve over time and the disposition of the Properties at some point in the future could result in greater consideration. VMS s continuing to hold the Properties would allow you to continue to participate in any net income from the Properties and any net proceeds from the future sale of the Properties.

Disadvantages of Continuing to Hold All VMS Properties. There are several risks and disadvantages associated with retaining the Properties for the foreseeable future. Based on the estimates of the Managing General Partner, the Properties need substantial capital expenditures to be attractive to tenants. Without these expenditures, the condition of the Properties (and their expected rental income) is expected to deteriorate. Due to the terms of the current mortgage indebtedness encumbering the Properties, including prohibitions on repayment prior to January 1, 2007, refinancing any of the Properties prior to that date would require the consent of the holders of that indebtedness. While the Managing General Partner intends to seek this consent, and although an affiliate of the Managing General Partner owns the junior mortgage indebtedness, the Managing General Partner is of the opinion that these efforts will likely be unsuccessful because, among other things, the owner of the senior mortgage indebtedness is a real estate mortgage investment conduit and its servicer s ability to amend or waive loan terms is limited. Were these efforts to be successful, there can be no assurance that the conditions precedent to such consent will not require the payment of prepayment penalties or be so onerous to VMS as to be impracticable or inadvisable to perform. Although a refinancing of the existing mortgage indebtedness after January 1, 2007 can be completed without such consents, the Managing General Partner believes that such refinancing would not generate sufficient cash to satisfy the required capital expenditures and operating requirements of the Properties. The failure of the refinancing to satisfy such capital expenditure and operating requirements ultimately led the Managing General Partner to reject the option to hold the Properties for the foreseeable future.

In addition, you are likely to continue to receive allocations of taxable income from the Partnerships without any corresponding distributions. Unless you have losses from passive investments (including VMS) or other tax attributes to offset such taxable income, you may be required to pay taxes in respect of such income without any corresponding receipt of cash. This situation has arisen primarily because of the declining depreciation deductions of the Properties in which the Partnerships have invested through VMS. All of the cash flow is currently dedicated to the payment of operating expenses, capital expenditures and debt service.

Sale of all the Properties to Third-Party Purchasers

Benefits of Selling All of the Properties to Third Parties. As an alternative to contributing some of the Properties to Aimco Properties, LLC, the VMS Related Parties considered selling all the Properties to third parties. A sale to a third party would not have the conflicts of interest that are inherent in a transaction with an affiliate. The terms of such a transaction would be negotiated at arms length, which could result in greater consideration to VMS. The limited partners would benefit from this alternative by receiving a cash distribution from the net proceeds of the sale and from no longer continuing to recognize taxable income on their limited partnership interests after the liquidation and distribution.

Disadvantages of Selling All of the Properties to Third Parties. A sale of all of the Properties for cash would likely result in greater immediate taxable gain for the limited partners who elect to receive Common OP Units rather than

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cash with respect to the Affiliated Contribution. The market for the Properties is uncertain, and thus it is possible that a sale of all the Properties to third parties could result in prices lower than the value of the consideration offered in the Affiliated Contribution. There would be increased costs associated with marketing and selling fifteen rather than eight Properties to third parties. The Partnerships would incur some costs they would not incur in a contribution to Aimco Properties, LLC such as brokerage fees and fees associated with the full negotiation of purchase agreements with third parties, which the Managing General Partner expects would total approximately \$3,000,000 and which would reduce the net sale proceeds to the Partnerships. Similarly, a sale of the Properties to third parties would likely result in less speed and certainty of closing the transactions as compared to a quicker and

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more certain closing of a contribution to Aimco Properties, LLC. Each of the above factors led the Managing General Partner to ultimately reject the option of selling all the Properties to third parties.

Other Possible Transactions

The VMS Related Parties considered other potential transactions, such as selling all the Properties to Aimco Properties, LLC or a merger of VMS with another entity. The costs of marketing and selling to third parties, such as brokerage fees, would be reduced or eliminated and closing of sales to Aimco Properties, LLC would likely be quicker and more certain than sales to unaffiliated third parties. Given the geographical locations of the Properties, the existence of a suitable merger partner is uncertain, and thus it is possible that a merger could result in prices lower than the value of the consideration that could be obtained through a transaction with Aimco Properties, LLC. Considerable obstacles to these transactions existed however, such as Aimco Properties, LLC s lack of interest in all of the Properties and the necessity, and potential cost, of identifying a merger partner interested in all of the Properties. Additionally, in light of the large number of holders of limited partnership interests in the Partnerships, the Managing General Partner believes that the unanimous approval of a merger required by Illinois law was unlikely. As a result, these transactions were eliminated from consideration.

Expected Benefits of the Transactions

The VMS Related Parties believe that the Transactions have the following principal advantages:

Potential Tax Deferral. Limited partners that elect to receive Common OP Units as consideration may be entitled to defer a portion of their taxable gain.

Realization of Return on Investment. The tax benefits of continued investment in the Properties have been substantially eliminated for most limited partners due principally to declining depreciation deductions from the Properties. The Unaffiliated Sales would allow partners to realize return on their investment through immediate cash distribution to the partners from the sale proceeds. The Affiliated Contribution would give partners the choice to realize return on their investment through immediate cash distribution or to receive Common OP Units as consideration.

Allows VMS to Avoid Risk of Default and Foreclosure. In connection with the VMS plan of reorganization approved in September 1993, the Properties were encumbered with the mortgage indebtedness described elsewhere in this proxy statement-prospectus. Such mortgage indebtedness matures on January 1, 2008 and may not be prepaid prior to January 1, 2007. Even after completion of the refinancing, if a disposition of the Properties is not consummated, there will be an increased risk that VMS will not be able to repay some of its debt or fund necessary deficits, capital expenditures, or other costs, and therefore an increased risk that VMS will default upon its indebtedness in the future, and perhaps lose its Properties in the future through mortgage foreclosure.

No More Tax Allocations Without Distributions. Without the completion of the Transactions or a refinancing of the existing debt on more favorable terms, at existing rent levels at the Properties, the Partnerships may generate taxable income but will probably not distribute sufficient cash to limited partners to pay resulting tax liabilities for the foreseeable future.

Elimination of Management Fees. Affiliates of Aimco are contractually entitled to receive annual compensation for real estate advisory services and asset management services of \$300,000, adjusted annually by the consumer price index, reimbursement of expenses not to exceed \$100,000 per year and 4% of the gross receipts from all of the Properties as compensation for providing property management fees. Asset

management fees of approximately \$257,000, \$351,000, \$323,000 and \$325,000 were charged by affiliates of the Managing General Partner for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively. VMS paid, or accrued for payment, property management fees to such affiliates of approximately \$1,024,000, \$1,278,000, \$1,201,000 and \$1,253,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003. See VMS AND THE PARTNERSHIPS VMS Transactions with Affiliates. Following the transfer of a Property in a Transaction, VMS, and indirectly, the limited partners, will no longer be required to bear the cost of these fees.

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Disposition at Appraised Value. The value of the consideration for each of the Affiliated Contribution Properties is equal to the greater of the appraised market value of the fee simple interest in such Properties based on an appraisal dated April 2006 and internal valuations prepared annually by Aimco, and last updated February 2006. A sale of the Affiliated Contribution Properties to a third party could result in a lesser purchase price and/or could impose additional costs that do not exist in the Affiliated Contribution, which could lower the net proceeds to the Partnerships.

Growth Potential. The Aimco Operating Partnership s assets, organizational structure and access to capital enable it to pursue acquisition and development opportunities that are not available to VMS. Limited partners that elect to receive Common OP Units would have the opportunity to participate in the Aimco Operating Partnership s enterprise and could benefit from any future increase in the Class A Common Stock price and from any future increase in distributions on the Common OP Units.

Diversification. The Aimco Operating Partnership s portfolio of apartment properties is substantially larger and more diverse than the portfolio of properties that VMS proposes to contribute in the Affiliated Contribution. This exchange would therefore substantially diversify the portfolio of any limited partner that elected to receive Common OP Units as consideration for the Affiliated Contribution.

Elimination of Costs Associated with SEC Filing Requirements. There are various costs associated with being a public reporting company, including costs associated with preparing, auditing and filing periodic reports with the SEC, which would be eliminated if VMS were to terminate its registration under the Exchange Act. The Managing General Partner estimates these expenses to be approximately \$87,000 per year. This represents approximately 13% of VMS s general and administrative expenses and 0.20% of its total expenses (based on 2005 expenses of approximately \$686,000 and \$42,508,000, respectively). In addition, as a result of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the Managing General Partner estimates VMS s costs will increase by approximately 10% beginning in 2007.

Increased Operating Flexibility. Following the completion of the Affiliated Contribution, the Affiliated Contribution Properties will be wholly-owned by the Aimco Operating Partnership, which will permit greater flexibility in operating and financing the Affiliated Contribution Properties than currently is possible under the existing ownership structure.

Accounting by Aimco and the Aimco Operating Partnership. Effective January 1, 2006, Aimco and the Aimco Operating Partnership account for VMS and the Partnerships as consolidated subsidiaries. Accordingly, the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of VMS and the Partnerships are reported in the consolidated financial statements of Aimco and the Aimco Operating Partnership. The carrying amounts of the Properties as reported in such consolidated financial statements differ from the corresponding amounts reported in the combined financial statements of the Partnerships due to certain valuation adjustments that were recorded by the Managing General Partner and the Aimco \Operating Partnership in connection with their acquisitions of equity interests in the Partnerships in prior years. Units of the Partnerships held by limited partners other than the Aimco Operating Partnership; however the carrying amount of the minority interest is zero and Aimco does not allocate any losses of VMS and the Partnerships to the minority interest.

Aimco and the Aimco Operating Partnership will account for the Affiliated Contribution as an acquisition of a noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141, *Business Combinations*. This accounting treatment will result in increases in the carrying amounts of the Affiliated Contribution Properties by an aggregate amount equal to (i) the aggregate amount of cash and fair value of Common

OP Units received by VMS and the limited partners in exchange for the Affiliated Contribution Properties, multiplied by (ii) the aggregate percentage interest in the Partnerships held by limited partners other than the Aimco Operating Partnership. The Aimco Operating Partnership will record corresponding increases in partners capital and minority interest in consolidated real estate partnerships based on the relative proportions of the total consideration for the Affiliated Contribution Properties comprised by Common OP Units and cash, respectively. Aimco s accounting for the Affiliated Contribution will be identical to the accounting applied by the Aimco Operating Partnership, except that the increase in partners capital described in the preceding sentence will be reported by Aimco as an increase in minority

interest in Aimco Operating Partnership. No gain or loss will be recognized by Aimco or the Aimco Operating Partnership in connection with the Affiliated Contribution.

The Unaffiliated Sales are expected to be accounted for as real estate sales using the full accrual method in accordance with statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 66, *Accounting for Sales of Real Estate*. Accordingly, upon completion of the Unaffiliated Sales, which may occur on a property-by-property basis, Aimco and the Aimco Operating Partnership will no longer report the carrying amounts of the Unaffiliated Sale Properties in their consolidated financial statements and will recognize gain or loss for the difference between such carrying amounts and the related net sales proceeds. Based on the current carrying amounts and estimated fair values of the Unaffiliated Sale Properties, Aimco and the Aimco Operating Partnership expect to recognize a net gain upon completion of the Unaffiliated Sales.

The Affiliated Contribution will result in a decrease in the net book value of VMS equal to the net book value of the Affiliated Contribution Properties and will result in the loss of the net operating income that is generated by the Affiliated Contribution Properties. Based on the net book values of the Affiliated Contribution Properties as of September 30, 2006, the Affiliated Contribution will result in a decrease of approximately \$99,710,000 in the net book value of VMS, which represents approximately 47.51% of the total net book value of VMS. The amount attributable to Aimco and the Aimco Operating Partnership, based on a total ownership of approximately 22.05% in VMS, is approximately \$21,988,000 as of September 30, 2006, the Affiliated Contribution will result in a decrease of approximately 22.05% in VMS, is approximately \$364,000 (annualized) in the net loss of VMS, which represents approximately amount attributable to Aimco and the Aimco Operating Partnership, based on the net income of the Affiliated Contribution Properties for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, the Affiliated Contribution will result in a decrease of approximately \$364,000 (annualized) in the net loss of VMS, which represents approximately 2.22% of the total net loss (annualized) of VMS. The estimated amount attributable to Aimco and the Aimco Operating Partnership, based on a total ownership of approximately 2.20% of the total net loss (annualized) of VMS. The estimated amount attributable to Aimco and the Aimco Operating Partnership, based on a total ownership of approximately 22.05% in VMS, is net income of approximately \$180,000 for the year ended December 31, 2006.

Accounting by the Partnerships. For accounting purposes, VMS, the Partnerships and Aimco Properties, LLC are deemed to be entities under common control. Generally accepted accounting principles ordinarily preclude recognition of gains by the transferor entity in a transfer of assets between entities under common control. Accordingly, the Partnerships will not recognize any gain in connection with the transfer of the Affiliated Contribution Properties from VMS to Aimco Properties, LLC. The excess of (i) the aggregate amount of cash and fair value of Common OP Units received by VMS and the limited partners in exchange for the Affiliated Contribution Properties over (ii) the Partnerships aggregate carrying amount of the Affiliated Contribution Properties will be treated by the Partnerships as capital contributions from the Aimco Operating Partnership and be credited to partners deficit in the Partnerships combined financial statements. An offsetting charge to partners deficit will be recognized for the fair value of Common OP Units received by limited partners.

The Partnerships will account for the Unaffiliated Sales as sales of real estate and recognize a net gain upon completion of the sales, as described above for Aimco and Aimco Operating Partnership. The amount of the net gain recognized by the Partnerships will differ from the amount recognized by Aimco and the Aimco Operating Partnership due to certain valuation adjustments recorded by the Managing General Partner and the Aimco Operating Partnership in connection with their acquisitions of equity interests in the Partnerships in prior years.

Expected Detriments of the Transaction

The VMS Related Parties believe that the Transactions have the following principal detriments:

No Separate Representation of Limited Partners in the Affiliated Contribution. The Managing General Partner is an affiliate of Aimco Properties, LLC. In structuring the Affiliated Contribution and the consideration, no one separately represented the interests of the limited partners and the amount of consideration and the terms of

the Affiliated Contribution were determined without an arms-length negotiation. Although the Managing General Partner has a fiduciary duty to the limited partners, it also has responsibilities to its equity holders that could conflict with the interests of the limited partners. The Managing General Partner did not appoint, nor did Aimco Properties, LLC ask it to appoint, a party to represent only the interests of the limited partners. The terms of the Affiliated Contribution, including the value of the consideration, could differ if they were subject to independent negotiations.

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Taxable Gain to the Limited Partners. The Unaffiliated Sales will be considered taxable under United States federal tax laws and will result in taxable gain to the limited partners. Also, to the extent that any limited partners receive cash with respect to the Affiliated Contribution, VMS will receive cash from Aimco Properties, LLC, which will result in taxable income to the limited partners, including the limited partners who receive Common OP Units in the Affiliated Contribution. In addition, tax consequences to particular limited partners may vary depending on the effect of: (i) adjustments to the basis of Partnership property with respect to a limited partner that received its interest in the Partnership as a transferee and (ii) the difference between the tax basis of property of the Partnerships or VMS and the fair market value of such property at the time such property was contributed to or revalued by the Partnerships or VMS. Limited partners are urged to consult their tax advisors as to their particular situations and tax consequences.

Uncertain Future Value of Common OP Units and Distributions. In the Affiliated Contribution, limited partners have the option to receive Common OP Units as consideration. Each Common OP Unit is redeemable, at the option of its holder, after a one-year holding period, for one share of Class A Common Stock or cash equal to the market value of one share of Class A Common Stock at the time of redemption, as the Aimco Operating Partnership may elect. For a detailed description of these redemption rights, see DESCRIPTION OF COMMON OP UNITS Redemption Rights of Qualifying Partners. The number of Common OP Units to be issued to those that elected to waive any portion of the cash distribution and receive Common OP Units instead will be equal to (i) the amount of the cash distribution waived by such limited partner divided by (ii) the average daily closing price of a share of Class A Common Stock on the NYSE over the twenty trading-day period ended two days prior to consummation of the Affiliated Contribution. On , 2006, the last reported sale price of Class A Common Stock on the NYSE was \$. During the period , 2006 to , 2006, the high and low sales prices of the Class A Common Stock on the NYSE were \$ and \$, respectively. Limited partners are instructed to contact The Altman Group, Inc. with any direct questions or requests for information, including an estimate of Common OP Units issuable with respect to waivers of particular cash amounts, as of the most recent practicable date. Please see the information set forth under HOW TO OBTAIN ADDITIONAL INFORMATION. The market price of Class A Common Stock varies from time to time. These variations may be caused by a number of factors, including changes in Aimco s business, operations or prospects, regulatory considerations and general market and economic considerations. The number of Common OP Units will not be adjusted for any change in the market price of Class A Common Stock. Accordingly, if the market value of Class A Common stock and, correspondingly, Common OP Units declines prior to the time the Affiliated Contribution is consummated, the value of the consideration to be received will decline. In addition, because the date that the Affiliated Contribution is completed will be later than the date prior to which limited partners may object to it, limited partners will not know the exact value of the Common OP Units that will be issued in the Affiliated Contribution at the time they determine what form of consideration to elect. In addition, although the Aimco Operating Partnership makes quarterly distributions on its Common OP Units, there can be no assurance regarding the amounts of available cash that the Aimco Operating Partnership will generate or the portion that its general partner will choose to distribute. The following table presents the distributions declared and

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made by the Aimco Operating Partnership on its Common OP Units from with respect to the specified periods:

Quarter Ended	Amount per Unit			
December 31, 2001	\$	0.82		
March 31, 2002	\$	0.82		
June 30, 2002	\$	0.82		
September 30, 2002	\$	0.82		
December 31, 2002	\$	0.82		
March 31, 2003	\$	0.82		
June 30, 2003	\$	0.82		
September 30, 2003	\$	0.60		
December 31, 2003	\$	0.60		
March 31, 2004	\$	0.60		
June 30, 2004	\$	0.60		
September 30, 2004	\$	0.60		
December 31, 2004	\$	0.60		
March 31, 2005	\$	0.60		
June 30, 2005	\$	0.60		
September 30, 2005	\$	0.60		
December 31, 2005	\$	0.60		
March 31, 2006	\$	0.60		
June 30, 2006	\$	0.60		
September 30, 2006	\$	0.60		

No Participation in Possible Increase in Value of Sold Properties. The Properties may generate increased net income or cash flow or increase in value after their disposition. Because VMS will no longer own the Properties after completion of the Transactions, limited partners will not be able to participate in the net income or cash flow from the Properties or any net proceeds from the future sale of the Properties, although limited partners who elect to receive Common OP Units in lieu of cash will continue to participate indirectly with respect to the Affiliated Contribution Properties.

FAIRNESS OF THE TRANSACTIONS

The VMS Related Parties believe that each Transaction is fair to VMS, the Partnerships and all unaffiliated limited partners of the Partnerships, regardless of whether such limited partners receive cash or Common OP Units with respect to the Affiliated Contribution. In evaluating the fairness of the Transactions, the VMS Related Parties considered the following factors and information:

The fact that limited partners electing to receive Common OP Units may be able to achieve more favorable tax results than would be the case upon receipt of the cash distribution to which such limited partner would otherwise be entitled, as further described in UNITED STATES FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE TRANSACTIONS.

The fact that limited partners can elect to waive any portion of the cash distribution to be received in connection with the Affiliated Contribution and receive Common OP Units directly from the Aimco Operating Partnership instead, thereby providing limited partners the potential for more favorable tax results arising from the receipt of Common OP Units.

The fact that the Managing General Partner has significant conflicts of interest with respect to the Affiliated Contribution resulting from the fiduciary duties it owes to its sole stockholder, whose affiliate has an interest in obtaining the lowest price possible for the Affiliated Contribution Properties, and the fiduciary duties it

owes to the limited partners of the Partnerships, which have an interest in maximizing the consideration to be received for the Affiliated Contribution Properties.

The appraisals provided by KTR, which are described in detail under DETERMINATION OF CONSIDERATION BASED ON INDEPENDENT APPRAISALS, the Aimco internal valuations of the Affiliated Contribution Properties, and the consideration to be received by VMS and the limited partners for the Affiliated Contribution in cash and/or Common OP Units equal to approximately \$224,228,260, which is equal to the greater of the appraised market value of the fee simple interest in the Affiliated Contribution Properties and the internal valuations prepared by Aimco. The VMS Related Parties believe that the payment of the greater of the value determined by Aimco in connection with its annual financial reporting process and the value determined by an independent appraiser in the business of valuing properties like the Affiliated Contribution Properties increases the likelihood that the consideration is fair.

The fact that KTR has performed work for Aimco and its affiliates in the past and that this pre-existing relationship between KTR and Aimco could negatively impact KTR s independence. As noted elsewhere in this proxy statement-prospectus, the VMS Related Parties believe that this relationship had no effect on the results of the appraisals.

The consideration for the Unaffiliated Sales, assuming the Minimum Unaffiliated Sale Prices are attained, of at least \$56,739,412 in cash.

The fact that repayment of the senior mortgages encumbering the Properties prior to any default on or before the maturity date will result in greater proceeds to the limited partners than would otherwise be the case.

An analysis of the possible alternatives, including continuation without the proposed disposition of Properties, which included an evaluation of the condition and operating performance of the Properties and the need for substantial capital expenditures. Based on estimates made by the Managing General Partner, the Properties require approximately \$32.1 million in capital expenditures, an amount significantly in excess of the proceeds of the refinancing. The VMS Related Parties believe that the completion of the Transactions, in light of the available alternatives, creates more certain value for the limited partners and the potential for more favorable tax treatment than any of the available alternatives.

The fact that favorable loans from third parties or the Managing General Partner are not currently available to finance necessary capital expenditures and may not be available in the future or, when available, may not be on terms and conditions acceptable to the Managing General Partner or favorable to the Partnerships, which could result in increased stress on the operations of VMS as the Properties continue to deteriorate.

The absence of an unaffiliated representative to act solely on behalf of the Partnerships or the limited partners in negotiating the terms of the Affiliated Contribution on an independent, arms-length basis, which might have resulted in greater consideration for the Affiliated Contribution Properties.

The lack of a requirement that the Affiliated Contribution be approved by a majority of the limited partners unaffiliated with the Managing General Partner or Aimco, resulting in the direct application of the provisions of the Partnership Agreements which, in light of the limited partnership interests held by Aimco and its affiliates, requires []% of the unaffiliated limited partners to object in order to prevent the Affiliated Contribution from occurring, rather than a simple majority.

An evaluation of the market price of Class A Common Stock, which is traded on the New York Stock Exchange, as compared to the units of the Partnerships, which are not listed on any national securities

exchange or quoted on the NASDAQ system, the Electronic Bulletin Board or the Pink Sheets, and therefore have no established public trading market for the units. For more information, see VMS AND THE PARTNERSHIPS Distributions and Transfers of Units.

The fact that current quarterly distributions with respect to the Common OP Units are \$0.60 per unit, that since 1993 the Partnerships have paid no distributions and that limited partners electing to waive cash and receive Common OP Units instead would be entitled to receive such distributions in the future.

Pursuant to the Contribution Agreement, VMS, the Partnerships and Aimco Properties, LLC have provided each limited partner with contractual dissenters appraisal rights with respect to the Affiliated Contribution that are generally based upon the dissenters appraisal rights that a limited partner would have were it a shareholder in a corporate merger under the corporation laws of the state of the Partnerships organization.

In evaluating these factors, except as set forth above or in the referenced sections of this proxy statement-prospectus, the VMS Related Parties did not quantify or otherwise attach particular weight to any of them. In similar transactions, the determination of fairness is sometimes evaluated based on other factors, such as current market prices of the units, net book value of the properties, going concern value of the Partnerships, liquidation value of the Partnerships and purchase price paid for units in previous purchases. The VMS Related Parties did not consider these factors in the evaluation of the Affiliated Contribution. The VMS Related Parties are of the opinion that secondary market sales information is not a reliable measure of value in this instance because of the limited number of reported trades. The VMS Related Parties are also of the opinion that independent appraisals, which account for a reasonable marketing period, are a more accurate indicator of value for real estate assets such as the Affiliated Contribution Properties than other valuation techniques, such as net book value, because accumulated depreciation with respect to the Affiliated Contribution Properties results in an understated valuation on a net book value basis. The VMS Related Parties are also of the opinion that the valuations for the Affiliated Contribution Properties set forth in the appraisals are a reasonable approximation of the going concern and liquidation values for such Properties, based on the analysis performed by the appraiser.

Procedural Fairness. Each of the parties to the Affiliated Contribution is aware that Aimco and its affiliates have interests in the Affiliated Contribution or have relationships that present conflicts of interest in connection with the Affiliated Contribution and considered these conflicts of interest along with the other factors enumerated above in making its determination. See CONFLICTS OF INTEREST. In light of the conflicts of interest, the VMS Related Parties took into account the absence of the following procedural safeguards: (1) an unaffiliated representative to act solely on behalf of the Partnerships or the unaffiliated limited partners in negotiating the terms of the Affiliated with the Managing General Partner or Aimco. The Aimco Operating Partnership is a partnership managed by the Managing General Partner rather than a board of directors. The Managing General Partner is a corporation, the board of which is comprised entirely of affiliated representative of the unaffiliated limited partners. Despite the absence of these procedural safeguards, the VMS Related Parties are of the opinion that the Affiliated Contribution is procedurally fair to the unaffiliated limited partners.

An appraisal of the Affiliated Contribution Properties was obtained from an independent third party appraiser. In each case, the consideration as of the closing date of the Affiliated Contribution for the Affiliated Contribution Properties is at least equal in value to the greater of the appraised value and the Aimco internal valuations. Aimco Properties, LLC has indicated that it would not have paid more for the Affiliated Contribution Properties than the greater of these two amounts, even if an unaffiliated representative had been engaged to represent the interests of the unaffiliated limited partners.

By providing the information required by Form S-4 and Schedules 13E-3 and 14A of the Exchange Act, the Managing General Partner has provided sufficient information to each limited partner to make its own decision with respect to objecting to or electing the form of consideration for the Affiliated Contribution.

The Affiliated Contribution will not be consummated if limited partners holding a majority of the aggregate units of the Partnerships object in writing in the manner described herein.

The limited partners of the Partnerships have been given their choice of the form of consideration to be received with respect to their distributable portion of the Affiliated Contribution proceeds to give them an opportunity to defer certain tax liability as well as participate in the growth of the Aimco Operating Partnership enterprise.

Pursuant to the Contribution Agreement, VMS, the Partnerships and Aimco Properties, LLC have provided each limited partner with contractual dissenters appraisal rights with respect to the Affiliated Contribution that are generally based upon the dissenters appraisal rights that a limited partner would have were it a

shareholder in a corporate merger under the corporation laws of the state of the Partnerships organization. To exercise this right, you must take the necessary steps provided by the Contribution Agreement. See APPRAISAL RIGHTS.

In evaluating these factors, the VMS Related Parties did not quantify or otherwise attach particular weight to any of them.

DETERMINATION OF CONSIDERATION BASED ON INDEPENDENT APPRAISALS

Selection and Qualifications of Independent Appraiser. VMS retained the services of KTR Newmark Real Estate Services LLC (KTR), an independent third party, to appraise the market value of the Affiliated Contribution Properties. Although the Managing General Partner briefly considered other appraisers, it considered KTR s responsiveness, demonstrated on prior engagements with affiliates of the Managing General Partner, to be of particular importance in light of the impending maturity of the existing outstanding mortgage indebtedness and the potential need for quick responses and turnarounds on the initial appraisal and subsequent updates. Additionally, due to the geographically dispersed locations of the Properties, the Managing General Partner elected to retain a valuation consulting firm with a national presence. KTR is an experienced independent valuation consulting firm with offices in five U.S. cities. The Managing General Partner selected KTR based on these qualifications.

Factors Considered. KTR performed complete appraisals of each of the Affiliated Contribution Properties. KTR has represented that its report was prepared in conformity with the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice and the Code of Professional Ethics and Standards of Professional Practice of the Appraisal Institute. VMS furnished the appraiser with all of the necessary information requested by it in connection with the appraisal and represented to KTR that the information was true, correct and complete in all material respects. No limitations were imposed on KTR by VMS, Aimco Properties, LLC or any of their affiliates. In preparing its valuation of the Affiliated Contribution Properties, KTR, among other things:

Inspected the Properties;

Interviewed County and City officials regarding taxes, zoning requirements, flood zone information, demographic data, planned construction, recently completed developments, and other economic impacting events;

Consulted market participants, including real estate brokers and property managers, regarding market parameters and activity;

Conducted lender and investor surveys regarding investment parameters;

Interviewed leasing agents for competitive complexes for specific Property information;

Analyzed supply and demand factors affecting the local market for each Property;

Reviewed historical income and expense statements;

Reviewed the current rent roll; and

Reviewed other relevant financial and market information.

Summary of Approaches and Methodologies Employed. The following summary describes the approaches and analyses employed by KTR in preparing the appraisals. KTR principally relied on two approaches to valuation: (i) the sales comparison approach and (ii) the income capitalization approach.

Using the sales comparison approach technique, an appraiser reaches a determination of a property s value by comparing the subject to similar, nearby properties that have recently sold. Essentially, the procedure entails gathering information regarding bona fide, recent arm s length sales of comparable properties and comparing the most important characteristics of the sales to the subject. Adjustments are then made to the comparable properties for differences such as terms of financing, date of sale, location and physical characteristics. Attaining data with a high degree of comparability is most important when this technique is utilized. The reliability of this approach depends upon availability of comparable sales data, verification of the sales data, the degree of comparability and extent of adjustment necessary for differences and the absence of non-typical conditions affecting the sales price.

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As part of the sales comparison approach, KTR performed an effective gross income multiplier (EGIM) analysis. The EGIM analysis measures the relationship between the sale price of a property and its effective gross income, which is the total annual income that a property would produce after an allowance for vacancy and credit loss.

The income capitalization approach is a process by which the anticipated flow of future benefits is capitalized into a value indication. KTR reported that the income capitalization approach is widely applied in appraising income producing properties. The reliability of this technique depends upon the reliability of the net income estimate and the capitalization rate. According to the KTR reports, the value derived from the income capitalization approach is well documented and market oriented. Because the Affiliated Contribution Properties are income producing realty and anticipated to continue to be so, KTR employed this approach in the valuation of the Properties.

As part of the income capitalization approach, KTR used a direct capitalization analysis to derive value for the Affiliated Contribution Properties. According to KTR s report, the basic steps in the direct capitalization analysis are as follows: (i) calculate potential gross income from the dwelling units; (ii) estimate vacancy and credit loss to arrive at effective gross income; (iii) estimate operating expenses to arrive at the stabilized net operating income (NOI); (iv) develop the overall capitalization rate; and (v) divide NOI by the capitalization rate to arrive at the value.

The final step in the appraisal process is the reconciliation of the value indicators into a single value estimate. KTR considered the relative applicability of each of the approaches, examined the range between the value indications and placed major emphasis on the approach that appeared to produce the most reliable solution to the specific appraisal problem. The purpose of the appraisal, the type of property and the adequacy and reliability of the data were analyzed and appropriate weight was given to each of the approaches to value.

For the appraisal of the Affiliated Contribution Properties, KTR relied principally on the income capitalization approach to valuation and secondarily on the sales comparison approach. According to KTR s report, although the sales comparison approach is considered a reliable method for valuing property, KTR believes that the income capitalization approach is the primary approach used for valuing income producing property, such as the Properties.

Summary of Independent Appraisals of the Properties. KTR performed complete appraisals of the seven Affiliated Contribution Properties to be contributed in the Affiliated Contribution. The summary set forth below describes the material conclusions reached by KTR based on the values determined under the valuation approaches and subject to the assumptions and limitations described below. The estimated aggregate as is market value of the fee simple estate of the Affiliated Contribution Properties is \$222,100,000, which was determined by adding the appraised values determined by KTR for each of the Affiliated Contribution Properties.

CASA DE MONTEREY

The following is a summary of the appraisal of Casa de Monterey dated April 11, 2006:

Valuation Under the Sales Comparison Approach. KTR examined and analyzed the sales of five multifamily apartment properties in the competitive market. The sales reflected per unit unadjusted sales prices ranging from \$124,116 to \$167,157. After adjustment, the comparable sales illustrated a range from \$120,469 to \$130,322 per unit with an average of \$125,433 per unit. According to KTR s report, a few of the sales required minor adjustments for location as well as adjustment because of superior and inferior physical characteristics. Based on the adjustments considered and indicators exhibited by the sales data with primary emphasis placed on four of the sales, KTR estimated a value of \$125,000 per unit for Casa de Monterey. Applied to Casa de Monterey s 144 units, this resulted in KTR s total value estimate of approximately \$18,000,000.

KTR also performed an EGIM analysis. KTR estimated the operating expense ratio of Casa de Monterey to be 47%, with the expense ratio of the five comparable properties ranging from 35% to 47%, with EGIMs ranging from 9.2 to 12.5. KTR concluded an EGIM of 9.5 for Casa de Monterey and applied the EGIM to the effective gross income for Casa de Monterey (\$1,951,068), resulting in a value indication of approximately \$18,500,000.

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KTR estimated the value using the price per unit analysis at \$18,000,000 and the value using EGIM analysis at \$18,500,000. Due to the similarity of the resulting value indicators, KTR gave relatively equal consideration to both techniques when it concluded a final value via the sales comparison approach of \$18,250,000.

Valuation Under the Income Capitalization Approach. Using the income capitalization approach, KTR performed a direct capitalization analysis to derive a value for Casa de Monterey. The assumptions employed by KTR to determine the value of Casa de Monterey under the income capitalization approach included:

monthly economic rent potential of \$168,864 and annual gross rent potential of \$2,026,368;

a loss to lease expense of 4.0%;

a concession loss of 0.5%;

a combined vacancy and credit loss allowance of 6.5%;

estimated utility income of \$425 per unit;

other income of 4.3% of the gross rent potential or \$86,400;

total expenses of \$918,603; and

capitalization rate of 5.75%.

Using the income capitalization approach, KTR capitalized the estimated net operating income of \$1,032,465 at 5.75%, resulting in a value conclusion for Casa de Monterey of approximately \$18,000,000.

Reconciliation of Values and Conclusions of KTR. The sales comparison approach resulted in a value of \$18,250,000, and the income capitalization approach resulted in a value of \$18,000,000. KTR reported that the local market is active in terms of investment sales of similar apartment complexes and sufficient sales data was available to develop a defensible value via the sales comparison approach. KTR also stated in its report that the value derived through the use of the sales comparison approach supports the value concluded for the property via the income capitalization approach. Due to the income producing nature of Casa de Monterey, KTR emphasized the income capitalization approach when it determined a final estimate of value for Casa de Monterey of \$18,000,000.

BUENA VISTA APARTMENTS

The following is a summary of the appraisal of Buena Vista Apartments dated April 11, 2006:

Valuation Under the Sales Comparison Approach. KTR examined and analyzed the sales of five multifamily apartment properties in the competitive market. The sales reflected per unit unadjusted sales prices ranging from \$160,214 to \$229,190. After adjustment, the comparable sales illustrated a range from \$178,317 to \$200,656 per unit with an average of \$190,733 per unit. According to KTR s report, most of the sales required adjustments for location. Two of the sales required adjustments because of superior physical characteristics. Based on the adjustments considered and indicators exhibited by the sales data and equal emphasis placed on all of the sales, KTR estimated a value of \$191,000 per unit for Buena Vista Apartments. Applied to Buena Vista Apartment s 92 units, this resulted in KTR s total value estimate of approximately \$17,500,000.

KTR also performed an EGIM analysis. KTR estimated the operating expense ratio of Buena Vista Apartments to be 40%, with the expense ratio of the five comparable properties ranging from 28% to 47%, with EGIMs ranging from 9.2 to 13.4. KTR concluded an EGIM of 10.25 for Buena Vista Apartments and applied the EGIM to the effective gross income for Buena Vista Apartments (\$1,623,821), resulting in a value indication of approximately \$16,600,000.

KTR estimated the value using the price per unit analysis at \$17,500,000 and the value using EGIM analysis at \$16,600,000. Due to the similarity of the resulting value indicators, relatively equal consideration was given to both techniques when KTR concluded a final value via the sales comparison approach of \$17,000,000.

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Valuation Under the Income Capitalization Approach. Using the income capitalization approach, KTR performed a direct capitalization analysis to derive a value for Buena Vista Apartments. The assumptions employed by KTR to determine the value of Buena Vista Apartments under the income capitalization approach included:

monthly economic rent potential of \$141,144 and annual gross rent potential of \$1,693,728;

a loss to lease expense of 3.0%;

a concession loss of 1.5%;

a combined vacancy and credit loss allowance of 4.0%;

estimated utility income of \$255 per unit;

other income of 3.0% of the gross rent potential or \$50,600;

total expenses of \$650,492; and

capitalization rate of 5.75%.

Using the income capitalization approach, KTR capitalized the estimated net operating income of \$973,329 at 5.75%, resulting in a value conclusion for Buena Vista Apartments of approximately \$16,900,000.

Reconciliation of Values and Conclusions of KTR. The sales comparison approach resulted in a value of \$17,000,000, and the income capitalization approach resulted in a value of \$16,900,000. KTR reported that the local market is active in terms of investment sales of similar apartment complexes and sufficient sales data was available to develop a defensible value via the sales comparison approach. KTR also stated in its report that the value derived through the use of the sales comparison approach supports the value concluded for the property via the income capitalization approach. Due to the income producing nature of Buena Vista Apartments, KTR emphasized the income capitalization approach when it determined a final estimate of value for Buena Vista Apartments of \$16,900,000.

CROSSWOOD PARK

The following is a summary of the appraisal of Crosswood Park dated April 20, 2006:

Valuation Under the Sales Comparison Approach. KTR examined and analyzed the sales of five multifamily apartment properties in the competitive market. The sales reflected per unit prices ranging from \$75,280 to \$104,779. All of the five sales examined by KTR represent sales of apartments that are of similar construction componentry to Crosswood Park. All of the sales are similar in terms of location and physical condition. Two of the comparable sales are newer than Crosswood Park. Minor differences exist as to the specific location of each comparable sale and Crosswood Park. The primary difference between the comparable sales and Crosswood Park are age and average unit size. The most value influencing difference between Crosswood Park and the comparable sales is the amount of net operating income generated on a per unit basis. In an attempt to quantify appropriate adjustments to the prices indicated by the comparable sales, KTR analyzed the difference between the net operating income (NOI) per unit of the comparable sales relative to the NOI of Crosswood Park and adjusted the sale price of the comparable sales based on percentage differences in net income. The adjusted range of per unit prices is \$77,004 to \$94,301, and the mean adjusted per unit price is \$85,279. As no one sale required a significant degree of adjustment, KTR placed equal emphasis on each in concluding a value of \$85,000 per unit for Crosswood Park.

Applied to Crosswood Park s 180 units, this resulted in KTR s total value estimate of \$15,300,000.

KTR also performed an EGIM analysis. KTR estimated the operating expense ratio of Crosswood Park to be 51%, with the expense ratio of the five comparable properties ranging from 42% to 47%, with EGIMs ranging from 8.34 to 10.18. KTR concluded an EGIM of 7.75 for Crosswood Park and applied the EGIM to the effective gross income for Crosswood Park (\$1,998,730), resulting in a value indication of approximately \$15,500,000.

KTR estimated the value using the price per unit analysis at \$15,300,000 and the EGIM analysis at \$15,500,000. Due to the similarity of the resulting value indicators, KTR gave relatively equal consideration to both techniques when it concluded a final value via the sales comparison approach of \$15,400,000.

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Valuation Under the Income Capitalization Approach. Using the income capitalization approach, KTR performed a direct capitalization analysis to derive a value for Crosswood Park. The assumptions employed by KTR to determine the value of Crosswood Park under the income capitalization approach included:

monthly economic rent potential of \$184,260 and annual gross rent potential of \$2,211,120;

a loss to lease expense of 3.5%;

a concession loss of 4.0%;

a combined vacancy and credit loss allowance of 7.5%;

estimated utility income of \$64,000;

other income of 2.5% of the gross rent potential;

total expenses of \$1,083,549; and

capitalization rate of 6.0%.

Using the income capitalization approach, KTR capitalized the estimated net operating income of \$915,181 at 6.0%, resulting in a value conclusion for Crosswood Park of approximately \$15,300,000.

Reconciliation of Values and Conclusions of KTR. The sales comparison approach resulted in a value of \$15,400,000, and the income capitalization approach resulted in a value of \$15,300,000. KTR reported that the local market is active in terms of investment sales of similar apartment complexes and sufficient sales data was available to develop a defensible value via the sales comparison approach. KTR also stated in its report that the value derived through the use of the sales comparison approach supports the value concluded for the property via the income capitalization approach. Due to the income producing nature of Crosswood Park, KTR emphasized the income capitalization approach when it determined a final estimate of value for Crosswood Park of \$15,300,000.

MOUNTAIN VIEW APARTMENTS

The following is a summary of the appraisal of Mountain View Apartments dated April 11, 2006:

Valuation Under the Sales Comparison Approach. KTR examined and analyzed the sales of five multifamily apartment properties in the competitive market. The sales reflected per unit prices ranging from \$160,214 to \$229,190. According to KTR s report, all of the sales required adjustments for location. Two of the sales required adjustments because of superior physical characteristics. The three sales that required the least overall adjustments produced an average adjusted price of \$182,682 per unit. Based on the adjustments considered and indicators exhibited by the sales data and equal emphasis placed on the three most similar sales, KTR estimated a value of \$182,500 per unit for Mountain View Apartments. Applied to Mountain View Apartment s 168 units, this resulted in KTR s total value estimate of approximately \$30,700,000.

KTR also performed an EGIM analysis. KTR estimated the operating expense ratio of Mountain View Apartments to be 43%, with the expense ratio of the five comparable properties ranging from 28% to 47%, with EGIMs ranging from 9.2 to 13.4. KTR concluded an EGIM of 10.25 for Mountain View Apartments and applied the EGIM to the effective gross income for Mountain View Apartments (\$2,926,740), resulting in a value indication of approximately \$30,000,000.

KTR estimated the value using the price per unit analysis at \$30,700,000 and the value using EGIM analysis at \$30,000,000. Due to the similarity of the resulting value indicators, KTR gave relatively equal consideration to both techniques when it concluded a final value via the sales comparison approach of \$30,350,000.

Valuation Under the Income Capitalization Approach. Using the income capitalization approach, KTR performed a direct capitalization analysis to derive a value for Mountain View Apartments. The assumptions

employed by KTR to determine the value of Mountain View Apartments under the income capitalization approach included:

monthly economic rent potential of \$264,064 and annual gross rent potential of \$3,168,768;

a loss to lease expense of 6.0%;

a concession loss of 1.0%;

a combined vacancy and credit loss allowance of 7.0%;

estimated utility income of \$400 per unit;

other income of 4.2% of the gross rent potential or \$134,400;

total expenses of \$1,263,286; and

capitalization rate of 5.5%.

Using the income capitalization approach, KTR capitalized the estimated net operating income of \$1,663,454 at 5.5%, resulting in a value conclusion for Mountain View Apartments of approximately \$30,200,000.

Reconciliation of Values and Conclusions of KTR. The sales comparison approach resulted in a value of \$30,350,000, and the income capitalization approach resulted in a value of \$30,200,000. KTR reported that the local market is active in terms of investment sales of similar apartment complexes and sufficient sales data was available to develop a defensible value via the sales comparison approach. KTR also stated in its report that the value derived through the use of the sales comparison approach supports the value concluded for the property via the income capitalization approach. Due to the income producing nature of Mountain View Apartments, KTR emphasized the income capitalization approach when it determined a final estimate of value for Mountain View Apartments of \$30,200,000.

PATHFINDER VILLAGE APARTMENTS

The following is a summary of the appraisal of Pathfinder Village Apartments dated April 14, 2006:

Valuation Under the Sales Comparison Approach. KTR examined and analyzed the sales of six multifamily apartment properties in the competitive market. The sales reflected per unit prices ranging from \$108,824 to \$147,015. All of the comparable sales represent sales of apartments that are of similar construction to Pathfinder Village Apartments and are of the same general vintage and similar in terms of physical condition to Pathfinder Village Apartments. Minor differences exist as to the specific location of each comparable sale and Pathfinder Village Apartments. The primary difference between the comparable sales and Pathfinder Village Apartments are location and average unit size. The most value influencing difference between Pathfinder Village Apartments and the comparable sales is the amount of net operating income generated on a per unit basis. In an attempt to quantify appropriate adjustments to the prices indicated by the comparable sales, KTR analyzed the difference between the net operating income (NOI) per unit of the comparable sales relative to the NOI of Pathfinder Village Apartments. KTR adjusted the sale price of the comparable sales based on percentage differences in net income. The adjusted unit prices range from \$110,156 to \$145,031. The mean and median adjusted unit price is \$125,452 and \$121,791. KTR placed an emphasis on all of the sales due to their similarity compared to Pathfinder Village Apartment s 246 units, this resulted in KTR s total value estimate of \$30,750,000.

KTR also performed an EGIM analysis. KTR estimated the operating expense ratio of Pathfinder Village Apartments to be 53%, with the expense ratio of the six comparable properties ranging from 42% to 53%, with EGIMs ranging from 8.2 to 9.4. KTR concluded an EGIM of 9.25 for Pathfinder Village Apartments and applied the EGIM to the effective gross income for Pathfinder Village Apartments (\$3,837,984), resulting in a value indication of approximately \$35,500,000.

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KTR estimated the value using the price per unit analysis at \$30,750,000 and the value using EGIM analysis at \$35,500,000. Due to the similarity of the resulting value indicators, KTR gave relatively equal consideration to both techniques when it concluded a final value via the sales comparison approach of \$33,100,000.

Valuation Under the Income Capitalization Approach. Under the income capitalization approach, KTR performed a direct capitalization analysis to derive a value for Pathfinder Village Apartments. The assumptions employed by KTR to determine the value of Pathfinder Village Apartments under the income capitalization approach included:

monthly economic rent potential of \$337,384 and annual gross rent potential of \$4,408,608;

a loss to lease expense of 3.0%;

a concession loss of 5.0%;

a combined vacancy and credit loss allowance of 6.0%;

estimated utility income of \$625 per unit;

other income of 5.0% of the gross rent potential or \$202,430;

total expenses of \$2,044,799; and

capitalization rate of 5.5%.

Using the income capitalization approach, KTR capitalized the estimated net operating income of \$1,793,185 at 5.5%, resulting in a value conclusion for Pathfinder Village Apartments of approximately \$32,600,000.

Reconciliation of Values and Conclusions of KTR. The sales comparison approach resulted in a value of \$33,100,000, and the income capitalization approach resulted in a value of \$32,600,000. KTR reported that the local market is active in terms of investment sales of similar apartment complexes and sufficient sales data was available to develop a defensible value via the sales comparison approach. KTR also stated in its report that the value derived through the use of the sales comparison approach supports the value concluded for the property via the income capitalization approach. Due to the income producing nature of Pathfinder Village Apartments, KTR emphasized the income capitalization approach when it determined a final estimate of value for Pathfinder Village Apartments of \$32,600,000.

SCOTCHOLLOW APARTMENTS

The following is a summary of the appraisal of Scotchollow Apartments dated April 13, 2006:

Valuation Under the Sales Comparison Approach. KTR examined and analyzed the sales of six multifamily apartment properties in the competitive market. The sales reflected per unit prices ranging from \$126,818 to \$171,877. All of the comparable sales represent sales of apartments that are of similar construction to Scotchollow Apartments and are of the same general vintage and similar in terms of physical condition to Scotchollow Apartments. Minor differences exist as to the specific location of each comparable and Scotchollow Apartments. The primary difference between the comparable sales and Scotchollow Apartments are location and average unit size. The most value influencing difference between the subject and the comparable sales is the amount of net operating income generated on a per unit basis. In an attempt to quantify appropriate adjustments to the prices indicated by the comparable sales, KTR analyzed the difference between the net operating income (NOI) per unit of the comparable sales relative to the

NOI of Scotchollow Apartments. KTR adjusted the sale price of the comparable sales based on percentage differences in net income. The adjusted unit prices range from \$137,252 to \$177,033. The mean and median adjusted unit price is \$157,338 and \$154,394. KTR placed an emphasis on all of the sales in concluding to a value of \$155,000 per unit for Scotchollow Apartments. Applied to Scotchollow Apartment s 418 units, this resulted in KTR s total value estimate of \$64,790,000.

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KTR also performed an EGIM analysis. KTR estimated the operating expense ratio of Scotchollow Apartments to be 46%, with the expense ratio of the six comparable properties ranging from 42% pp to 52%, with EGIMs ranging from 9.3 to 10.8. KTR concluded an EGIM of 9.75 for Scotchollow Apartments and applied the EGIM to the stabilized effective gross income for Scotchollow Apartments (\$6,659,729), resulting in a value conclusion of approximately \$64,900,000.

KTR estimated the value using the price per unit analysis at \$64,800,000 and the value using EGIM analysis at \$64,900,000. Due to the similarity of the resulting value indicators, KTR gave relatively equal consideration to both techniques when it concluded a final value via the sales comparison approach of \$64,850,000.

Valuation Under the Income Capitalization Approach. Under the income capitalization approach, KTR performed a direct capitalization analysis to derive a value for Scotchollow Apartments. The assumptions employed by KTR to determine the value of Scotchollow Apartments under the income capitalization approach included:

monthly economic rent potential of \$597,042 and annual gross rent potential of \$7,164,504;

a loss to lease expense of 4.0%;

a concession loss of 4.0%;

a combined vacancy and credit loss allowance of 6.0%;

estimated utility income of \$335 per unit;

other income of 5.0% of the gross rent potential or \$358,225;

total expenses of \$3,061,039; and

capitalization rate of 5.75%.

Using the income capitalization approach, KTR capitalized the estimated net operating income of \$3,598,690 at 5.5%, resulting in a value conclusion for Scotchollow Apartments of approximately \$65,400,000.

Reconciliation of Values and Conclusions of KTR. The sales comparison approach resulted in a value of \$64,850,000, and the income capitalization approach resulted in a value of \$65,400,000. KTR reported that the local market is active in terms of investment sales of similar apartment complexes and sufficient sales data was available to develop a defensible value via the sales comparison approach. KTR also stated in its report that the value derived through the use of the sales comparison approach supports the value concluded for the property via the income capitalization approach. Due to the income producing nature of Scotchollow Apartments, KTR emphasized the income capitalization approach when it determined a final estimate of value for Scotchollow Apartments of \$65,400,000.

THE TOWERS OF WESTCHESTER PARK

The following is a summary of the appraisal of The Towers of Westchester Park dated April 20, 2006:

Valuation Under the Sales Comparison Approach. KTR examined and analyzed the sales of five multifamily apartment properties in the competitive market. The sales reflect per unit prices ranging from \$117,555 to \$177,083. The primary difference between the comparable sales and The Towers of Westchester Park are location, quality, condition and average unit size. The most value influencing difference between The Towers of Westchester Park and

the comparable sales is the amount of net operating income generated on a per unit basis. In an attempt to quantify appropriate adjustments to the prices indicated by the comparable sales, KTR analyzed the difference between the NOI per unit of the comparable sales relative to the NOI of The Towers of Westchester Park. KTR adjusted the sale price of the comparable sales based on percentage differences in net income. The adjusted unit prices range from \$116,802 to \$169,253 with an average of \$144,023. KTR estimated that the capitalization rate for The Towers of Westchester Park was 5.75% which is most similar to the capitalization rate reflected in two of the comparable sales, which reflect adjusted unit prices of \$142,987 and \$142,974. KTR concluded that The Towers of

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Westchester Park had a value slightly above these adjusted unit prices . Accordingly, KTR estimated the unit value for The Towers of Westchester Park to be \$144,000. Applied to The Towers of Westchester Park s 303 units, this resulted in KTR s total value estimate of approximately \$43,600,000.

Valuation Under the Income Capitalization Approach. Under the income capitalization approach, KTR performed a direct capitalization analysis to derive a value for The Towers of Westchester Park. The assumptions employed by KTR to determine the value of The Towers of Westchester Park under the income capitalization approach included:

based on current average contract rents and estimated annual market rent growth due to inflation, KTR estimated potential rental income of \$4,772,977 for the upcoming year;

a combined vacancy and credit loss of 5.0%;

a concession loss of 1.0%;

estimated utility reimbursement income of \$475 per unit for the upcoming year;

other income of \$600 per unit for the upcoming year;

total expenses of \$2,284,477 or \$7,540 per unit inclusive of reserves; and

capitalization rate of 5.75%.

Using the income capitalization approach, KTR capitalized the estimated net operating income of \$2,512,696 at 5.75%, resulting in a value conclusion for The Towers of Westchester Park of approximately \$43,700,000.

Reconciliation of Values and Conclusions of KTR. The sales comparison approach resulted in a value of \$43,600,000, and the income capitalization approach resulted in a value of \$43,700,000. KTR reported that sufficient sales data was available from the local and regional markets in order to develop a sales comparison approach. KTR also stated in its report that the value derived through the use of the sales comparison approach supports the value concluded for the property via the income capitalization approach. Due to the income producing nature of the subject property, KTR emphasized the income capitalization approach when it determined a final estimate of value for The Towers of Westchester Park of \$43,700,000.

Assumptions, Limitations and Qualifications of KTR s Valuation. In preparing the appraisal, KTR relied, without independent verification, on the accuracy and completeness of all information supplied or otherwise made available to it by or on behalf of VMS. In arriving at the appraisal, KTR assumed: that all information known to VMS and relative to the valuation had been accurately furnished and that there were no undisclosed leases, agreements, liens or other encumbrances affecting the use of the Properties; that ownership and management are competent and in responsible hands; no responsibility beyond reasonableness for matters of a legal nature, whether existing or pending; and information furnished or prepared by others was reliable.

Compensation of Appraiser. KTR s fee for the appraisals was approximately \$46,000. Because appraisals to establish the amount of consideration to be paid would not have been necessary in a sale to unrelated third parties, the parties agreed that Aimco Properties, LLC would pay the appraisal fees. In addition to the appraisals performed in connection with the Affiliated Contribution, during the prior two years, KTR has been paid approximately \$332,000 for appraisal services by the Aimco Operating Partnership and its affiliates. Except as set forth above, during the prior two years, no material relationship has existed between KTR and VMS or the Aimco Operating Partnership or any of their affiliates. The Managing General Partner believes that its relationship with KTR had no negative impact on its

independence in conducting its appraisals.

Availability of Appraisal Reports. You may obtain a full copy of KTR s appraisals upon request, without charge, by contacting the information agent at (800) 217-9608 (toll-free). Copies of the appraisals for the Affiliated Contribution Properties are also available for inspection and copying at the principal executive offices of VMS during regular business hours by any interested limited partner or his or her designated representative at his or her cost. In addition, a copy of the appraisals has been filed with the SEC.

Determination of Consideration. After receipt of KTR s appraisals, the VMS Related Parties considered the valuation approaches, methodologies and analyses described by KTR and determined that such valuation approaches, methodologies and analyses were appropriate in fairly valuing real estate assets such as the Affiliated Contribution Properties. Because the consideration for the Affiliated Contribution Properties was based on the greater of the appraised values for each of the Affiliated Contribution Properties noted above and Aimco s internal valuation for each such property, the VMS Related Parties then adopted the valuations established by the appraisals as the consideration for each Affiliated Contribution Property for which such appraised value exceeded Aimco s internal valuation for such Property, resulting in a total consideration valued at approximately \$224,228,260. In only one case, Buena Vista Apartments, was Aimco s internal valuation of \$19,028,260 higher than the appraised value of \$16,900,000 and used in arriving at the Consideration. In the case of the remaining six Affiliated Contribution Properties, the aggregate valuation established by the appraisals for such properties exceeded the aggregate valuation established by Aimco s internal valuation by \$12,458,414. The agreement by Aimco Properties, LLC to the Consideration is also based on the receipt of all seven properties described above in one transaction. Aimco Properties, LLC did not allocate the Consideration separately, but rather used the information described above as a basis for the Consideration for all seven Affiliated Contribution Properties. There can be no assurances that Aimco Properties, LLC would be willing to purchase less than all seven Affiliated Contribution Properties on the same basis, or at all.

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RISK FACTORS