

ALLIED CAPITAL CORP

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PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT
(To Prospectus dated June 22, 2006)

\$1,000,000,000

This prospectus supplement supplements the prospectus dated June 22, 2006, relating to our offer, from time to time, of up to \$1,000,000,000 in aggregate principal amount in one or more classes or series of debt securities, including notes, debentures, medium-term notes, commercial paper, retail notes or similar obligations evidencing indebtedness in one or more offerings, by providing certain information regarding our recent developments and our third quarter 2006 financial results. As of the date of this prospectus supplement, we have issued debt securities totaling \$400,000,000 of the \$1,000,000,000 of debt securities.

Please read this prospectus supplement, and the accompanying prospectus, before investing, and keep it for future reference. The prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus contain important information about us that a prospective investor should know before investing in our common stock. We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information about us with the Securities and Exchange Commission. This information is available free of charge by contacting us at 1919 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Washington, DC, 20006, or by telephone at (202) 721-6100 or on our website at www.alliedcapital.com. The SEC also maintains a website at www.sec.gov that contains such information.

You should review the information, including the risk of leverage, set forth under **Risk Factors** on page 9 of the accompanying prospectus before investing.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The date of this prospectus supplement is November 20, 2006

We have not authorized any dealer, salesman or other person to give any information or to make any representation other than those contained in this prospectus or any prospectus supplement, if any, or any pricing supplement, if any, to this prospectus. You must not rely upon any information or representation not contained in this prospectus or any such supplements as if we had authorized it. This prospectus and any such supplements do not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of any offer to buy any security other than the registered securities to which they relate, nor do they constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any securities in any jurisdiction to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such an offer or solicitation in such jurisdiction. The information contained in this prospectus and any such supplements is accurate as of the dates on their covers; however, the prospectus and any supplements will be updated to reflect any material changes.

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ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS

This prospectus is part of a registration statement that we have filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission using the shelf registration process. Under the shelf registration process, which constitutes a delayed offering in reliance on Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, we may offer, from time to time, up to \$1,000,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of debt securities on the terms to be determined at the time of the offering. The debt securities may be offered at prices and on terms described in one or more supplements to this prospectus. This prospectus provides you with a general description of the debt securities that we may offer. Each time we use this prospectus to offer debt securities, we will provide a prospectus supplement and, if applicable, a pricing supplement that will contain specific information about the terms of that offering. Please carefully read this prospectus and any such supplements together with the additional information described under **Where You Can Find Additional Information** in the **Prospectus Summary** and **Risk Factors** sections before you make an investment decision.

A prospectus supplement and, if applicable, a pricing supplement may also add, update or change information contained in this prospectus.

(i)

INTERIM MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following analysis of the financial condition and results of operations of the Company should be read in conjunction with the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements and the Notes thereto included herein and in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005. In addition, this quarterly report on Form 10-Q contains certain forward-looking statements. These statements include the plans and objectives of management for future operations and financial objectives and can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as may, will, expect, intend, anticipate, estimate, or continue or the negative thereof or variations thereon or comparable terminology. These forward-looking statements are subject to the inherent uncertainties in predicting future results and conditions. Certain factors that could cause actual results and conditions to differ materially from those projected in these forward-looking statements are set forth below in the Risk Factors section. Other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially include:

changes in the economy and general economic conditions;

risks associated with possible disruption in our operations due to terrorism;

future changes in laws or regulations and conditions in our operating areas; and

other risks and uncertainties as may be detailed from time to time in our public announcements and SEC filings.

Financial or other information presented for private finance portfolio companies has been obtained from the portfolio companies, and the financial information presented may represent unaudited, projected or pro forma financial information, and therefore may not be indicative of actual results. In addition, the private equity industry uses financial measures such as EBITDA or EBITDAM (Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation, Amortization and, in some instances, Management fees) in order to assess a portfolio company's financial performance and to value a portfolio company. EBITDA and EBITDAM are not intended to represent cash flow from operations as defined by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles and such information should not be considered as an alternative to net income, cash flow from operations or any other measure of performance prescribed by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

OVERVIEW

As a business development company, we are in the private equity business. Specifically, we provide long-term debt and equity investment capital to companies in a variety of industries. Our lending and investment activity has generally been focused on private finance and commercial real estate finance, which included primarily the investment in non-investment grade commercial mortgage-backed securities, which we refer to as CMBS, and collateralized debt obligation bonds and preferred shares, which we refer to as CDOs.

On May 3, 2005, we completed the sale of our portfolio of CMBS and real estate related CDO investments. Upon the completion of this transaction, our lending and investment activity has been focused primarily on private finance investments. Our private finance activity principally involves providing financing to middle market U.S. companies through privately negotiated long-term debt and equity investment capital. Our financing is generally used to fund growth, acquisitions, buyouts, recapitalizations, note purchases, bridge financings, and other types of financings. We generally invest in private companies though, from time to time, we may invest in companies that are public but lack access to additional public capital. Our investment objective is to achieve current income and capital gains.

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Our portfolio composition at September 30, 2006 and 2005, and at December 31, 2005, was as follows:

	September 30, 2006		December 31, 2005
Private finance	97%	96%	96%
Commercial real estate finance	3%	4%	4%

Our earnings depend primarily on the level of interest and dividend income, fee and other income, and net realized and unrealized gains or losses on our investment portfolio after deducting interest expense on borrowed capital, operating expenses and income taxes including excise tax. Interest income results from the stated interest rate earned on a loan or debt security and the amortization of loan origination fees and discounts. The level of interest income is directly related to the balance of the interest-bearing investment portfolio outstanding during the period multiplied by the weighted average yield. Our ability to generate interest income is dependent on economic, regulatory, and competitive factors that influence new investment activity, interest rates on the types of loans we make, the level of repayments in the portfolio, the amount of loans and debt securities for which interest is not accruing and our ability to secure debt and equity capital for our investment activities.

Because we are a regulated investment company for tax purposes, we intend to distribute substantially all of our annual taxable income as dividends to our shareholders. See "Other Matters" below.

PORTFOLIO AND INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

The total portfolio at value, investment activity, and the yield on interest-bearing investments at and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, and at and for the year ended December 31, 2005, were as follows:

(\$ in millions)	At and for the Three Months Ended September 30,		At and for the Nine Months Ended September 30,		At and for the Year Ended December 31,
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2005
Portfolio at value	\$ 4,119.6	\$ 3,223.8	\$ 4,119.6	\$ 3,223.8	\$ 3,606.4
Investments funded ⁽¹⁾	\$ 629.5	\$ 673.4	\$ 1,880.8	\$ 1,328.2	\$ 1,675.8
Change in accrued or reinvested interest and dividends ⁽²⁾	\$ 7.2	\$ 5.5	\$ (1.8)	\$ 1.9	\$ 6.6
Principal collections related to investment repayments or sales	\$ 116.3	\$ 151.0	\$ 885.9	\$ 1,241.8	\$ 1,503.4
Yield on interest-bearing investments ⁽³⁾	12.3%	12.6%	12.3%	12.6%	12.8%

⁽¹⁾ Investments funded for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, included a \$150 million subordinated debt investment in Advantage Sales & Marketing, Inc. received in conjunction with the sale of Advantage and a \$30 million subordinated debt investment in STS Operating, Inc. received in conjunction with the sale of STS. See discussion below. Investments funded also include investments acquired through the issuance of our common stock as consideration totaling zero and \$7.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, and \$7.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2005.

⁽²⁾

Includes changes in accrued or reinvested interest of \$1.3 million and \$3.0 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, respectively, related to our investments in money market securities.

- (3) The weighted average yield on interest-bearing investments is computed as the (a) annual stated interest on accruing loans and debt securities plus the annual amortization of loan origination fees, original issue discount, and market discount on accruing loans and debt securities less the annual amortization of loan origination costs, divided by (b) total interest-bearing investments at value. The weighted average yield is computed as of the balance sheet date.

Private Finance

The private finance portfolio at value, investment activity, and the yield on loans and debt securities at and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, and at and for the year ended December 31, 2005, were as follows:

	At and for the Three Months Ended September 30,				At and for the Nine Months Ended September 30,				At and for the Year Ended December 31,	
	2006		2005		2006		2005		2005	
(in millions)	Value	Yield ⁽²⁾	Value	Yield ⁽²⁾	Value	Yield ⁽²⁾	Value	Yield ⁽²⁾	Value	Yield
Portfolio at value:										
Loans and debt securities:										
Senior loans	\$ 342.4	8.7%	\$ 255.9	8.6%	\$ 342.4	8.7%	\$ 255.9	8.6%	\$ 239.8	9.1%
Unitranche debt	745.8	11.2%	197.2	11.8%	745.8	11.2%	197.2	11.8%	294.2	11.1%
Subordinated debt	1,817.0	13.7%	1,586.5	13.8%	1,817.0	13.7%	1,586.5	13.8%	1,560.9	13.8%
Loans and debt securities	\$ 2,905.2	12.5%	\$ 2,039.6	13.0%	\$ 2,905.2	12.5%	\$ 2,039.6	13.0%	\$ 2,094.9	13.0%
Debt securities	1,082.6		1,041.4		1,082.6		1,041.4		1,384.4	
Portfolio	\$ 3,987.8		\$ 3,081.0		\$ 3,987.8		\$ 3,081.0		\$ 3,479.3	
Investments funded ⁽¹⁾	\$ 629.2		\$ 665.7		\$ 1,866.6		\$ 1,131.9		\$ 1,462.3	
Change in accrued or deferred interest and fees	\$ 5.8		\$ 5.9		\$ (5.4)		\$ 20.4		\$ 24.6	
Principal collections										
Added to investment portfolio	\$ 115.6		\$ 146.5		\$ 868.0		\$ 476.5		\$ 703.9	

(1) Investments funded for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, included a \$150 million subordinated debt investment in Advantage Sales & Marketing, Inc. received in conjunction with the sale of Advantage and a \$30 million subordinated debt investment in STS Operating, Inc. received in conjunction with the sale of STS. See discussion below.

(2) The weighted average yield on loans and debt securities is computed as the (a) annual stated interest on accruing loans and debt securities plus the annual amortization of loan origination fees, original issue discount, and market discount on accruing loans and debt securities less the annual amortization of loan origination costs, divided by (b) total loans and debt securities at value. The weighted average yield is computed as of the balance sheet date.

Our investment activity is focused on making long-term investments in the debt and equity of primarily private middle market companies. Debt investments may include senior loans, unitranche debt (a single debt investment that is a blend of senior and subordinated debt), or subordinated debt (with or without equity features). The junior debt that we invest in that is lower in repayment priority than senior debt is also known as mezzanine debt. Equity investments may include a minority equity stake in connection with a debt investment or a substantial equity stake in connection with a buyout transaction. In a buyout transaction, we generally invest in senior and/or subordinated debt and equity (preferred and/or voting or non-voting common) where our equity ownership represents a significant portion of the

equity, but may or may not represent a controlling interest.

In addition, we may fund most or all of the debt and equity capital upon the closing of certain buyout transactions, which may include investments in lower-yielding senior debt. Subsequent to the closing, the portfolio company may refinance all or a portion of the lower-yielding senior debt, which would reduce our investment. Repayments include repayments of senior debt funded by us that was subsequently refinanced or repaid by the portfolio companies.

We intend to take a balanced approach to private equity investing that emphasizes a complementary mix of debt investments and buyout investments. The combination of these two types of investments provides current interest and related portfolio income and the potential for future capital gains. To address the current market, our strategy is to focus on buyout and recapitalization transactions where we can manage risk through the structure and terms of our debt and equity investments and where we can potentially realize more attractive total returns from both current interest and fee income and future capital gains. We are also focusing our debt investing on smaller middle market companies where we can provide both senior and subordinated debt or unitranche debt, where our combined current yield may be lower than traditional subordinated debt only. We believe that providing both senior and subordinated debt or unitranche debt provides us with greater protection in the capital structures of our portfolio companies.

Investments Funded. Investments funded and the weighted average yield on investments funded for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, and for the year ended December 31, 2005, consisted of the following:

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006						
(\$ in millions)	Debt Investments		Buyout Investments		Total	
	Amount	Weighted Average Yield⁽¹⁾	Amount	Weighted Average Yield⁽¹⁾	Amount	Weighted Average Yield⁽¹⁾
Loans and debt securities:						
Senior loans ⁽⁴⁾	\$ 202.4	9.4%	\$ 167.3	8.8%	\$ 369.7	9.1%
Unitranche debt ⁽²⁾	348.7	10.6%	146.5	12.9%	495.2	11.3%
Subordinated debt ⁽³⁾	508.0	13.1%	250.8	13.9%	758.8	13.3%
Total loans and debt securities	1,059.1	11.5%	564.6	12.1%	1,623.7	11.8%
Equity	62.9		180.0		242.9	
Total	\$ 1,122.0		\$ 744.6		\$ 1,866.6	

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2005						
(\$ in millions)	Debt Investments		Buyout Investments		Total	
	Amount	Weighted Average Yield⁽¹⁾	Amount	Weighted Average Yield⁽¹⁾	Amount	Weighted Average Yield⁽¹⁾
Loans and debt securities:						
Senior loans	\$ 50.7	10.6%	\$ 186.8	6.0%	\$ 237.5	7.0%
Unitranche debt ⁽²⁾	154.9	10.5%			154.9	10.5%
Subordinated debt	239.0	12.6%	313.9	12.6%	552.9	12.6%
Total loans and debt securities	444.6	11.7%	500.7	10.2%	945.3	10.9%
Equity	23.9		162.7		186.6	
Total	\$ 468.5		\$ 663.4		\$ 1,131.9	

(1) The weighted average yield on loans and debt securities is computed as the (a) annual stated interest on accruing loans and debt securities, divided by (b) total loans and debt securities funded.

(2) Unitranche debt is a single debt investment that is a blend of senior and subordinated debt terms. The yield on a unitranche investment reflects the blended yield of senior and subordinated debt combined.

(3) Debt investments for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, included a \$150 million, 12.0% subordinated debt investment in Advantage Sales & Marketing, Inc. received in conjunction with the sale of Advantage and a \$30 million, 15.0% subordinated debt investment in STS Operating, Inc. received in conjunction with the sale of STS. See discussion below.

(4)

Senior loans funded for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, included \$192.2 million that was repaid during the nine months ended September 30, 2006.

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For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

(\$ in millions)	Debt Investments		Buyout Investments		Total	
	Amount	Weighted Average Yield ⁽¹⁾	Amount	Weighted Average Yield ⁽¹⁾	Amount	Weighted Average Yield ⁽¹⁾
Loans and debt securities:						
Senior loans ⁽³⁾	\$ 76.8	10.0%	\$ 250.2	6.4%	\$ 327.0	7.2%
Unitranche debt ⁽²⁾	259.5	10.5%			259.5	10.5%
Subordinated debt	296.9	12.3%	330.9	12.5%	627.8	12.4%
Total loans and debt securities	633.2	11.3%	581.1	9.9%	1,214.3	10.6%
Equity	82.5		165.5		248.0	
Total	\$ 715.7		\$ 746.6		\$ 1,462.3	

- (1) The weighted average yield on loans and debt securities is computed as the (a) annual stated interest on accruing loans and debt securities, divided by (b) total loans and debt securities funded.
- (2) Unitranche debt is a single debt investment that is a blend of senior and subordinated debt terms. The yield on a unitranche investment reflects the blended yield of senior and subordinated debt combined.
- (3) Buyout senior loans funded included \$174.9 million that was repaid during 2005 and \$14.1 million that was repaid during the nine months ended September 30, 2006.

We generally fund new investments using cash. In addition, we may acquire securities in exchange for our common equity. Also, we may acquire new securities through the reinvestment of previously accrued interest and dividends in debt or equity securities, or the current reinvestment of interest and dividend income through the receipt of a debt or equity security (payment-in-kind income). From time to time we may opt to reinvest accrued interest receivable in a new debt or equity security in lieu of receiving such interest in cash.

The level of investment activity for investments funded and principal repayments for private finance investments can vary substantially from period to period depending on the number and size of investments that we make or that we exit and many other factors, including the amount of debt and equity capital available to middle market companies, the level of merger and acquisition activity for such companies, the general economic environment, and the competitive environment for the types of investments we make. We believe that merger and acquisition activity in the middle market is strong, which has resulted in an increase in private finance investment opportunities, as well as increased repayments. We continue to have an active pipeline of new investments under consideration. We believe that merger and acquisition activity for middle market companies will remain strong for the remainder of 2006 and into 2007.

Through our wholly owned subsidiary, AC Finance LLC (AC Finance), we generally originate, underwrite and arrange senior loans. Senior loans originated and underwritten by AC Finance may or may not be funded by us at closing. When these senior loans are closed, we may fund all or a portion of the underwritten commitment pending sale of the loan to other investors, which may include loan sales to Callidus Capital Corporation (Callidus) or funds managed by Callidus, a portfolio company controlled by us. After completion of the sale process, we may or may not retain a position in these senior loans. AC Finance generally earns a fee on the senior loans originated and underwritten whether or not we fund the underwritten commitment.

Yield. The weighted average yield on private finance loans and debt securities was 12.5% at September 30, 2006, as compared to 13.0% at both September 30, 2005 and December 31, 2005. The weighted average yield on the private finance loans and debt securities may fluctuate from period to period, depending on the yield on new loans and debt securities funded, the yield on loans and debt securities repaid, the amount of loans and debt securities for which interest is not accruing (see Portfolio Asset Quality Loans and Debt Securities on Non-Accrual Status below) and the amount of lower-yielding senior or unitranche debt in the portfolio at the end of the period. The yield on the private finance portfolio has declined partly due to our strategy to pursue investments where our position in the portfolio company capital structure is more senior, such as senior debt and unitranche investments. These investments typically have lower yields than subordinated debt investments.

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Outstanding Investment Commitments. At September 30, 2006, we had outstanding private finance investment commitments as follows:

(\$ in millions)	Companies More Than 25% Owned ⁽¹⁾	Companies 5% to 25% Owned	Companies Less Than 5% Owned	Total
Senior loans	\$ 19.6	\$ 12.6	\$ 93.3	\$ 125.5 ⁽²⁾
Unitranche debt			85.8	85.8
Subordinated debt	36.6	3.1	6.8	46.5
Total loans and debt securities	56.2	15.7	185.9	257.8
Equity securities	86.7	11.7	43.3	141.7 ⁽³⁾
Total	\$ 142.9	\$ 27.4	\$ 229.2	\$ 399.5

- ⁽¹⁾ Includes various commitments to Callidus Capital Corporation (Callidus), which owns 80% (subject to dilution) of Callidus Capital Management, LLC, an asset management company that structures and manages collateralized debt obligations (CDOs), collateralized loan obligations (CLOs), and other related investments as follows:

(\$ in millions)	Committed Amount	Amount Drawn	Amount Available to be Drawn
Subordinated debt to support warehouse facilities & warehousing activities ^(*)	\$ 36.0	\$	\$ 36.0
Revolving line of credit for working capital	4.0		4.0
Purchase of preferred equity in future CLO transactions	77.0		77.0
Total	\$ 117.0	\$	\$ 117.0

- ^(*) Callidus has a secured warehouse credit facility with a third party for up to \$240 million. The facility is used primarily to finance the acquisition of loans pending securitization through a CDO or CLO. In conjunction with this warehouse credit facility, we have agreed to designate our \$36 million subordinated debt commitment for Callidus to draw upon to provide first loss capital as needed to support the warehouse facility.

- ⁽²⁾ Includes \$114.3 million in the form of revolving senior debt facilities to 22 companies.

- ⁽³⁾ Includes \$55.0 million to 16 private equity and venture capital funds, including \$5.9 million in co-investment commitments to Pine Creek Equity Partners, LLC.

In addition to these outstanding investment commitments at September 30, 2006, we may be required to fund additional amounts under earn-out arrangements primarily related to buyout transactions in the future if those

companies meet agreed-upon performance targets. We also had commitments to private finance portfolio companies in the form of standby letters of credit and guarantees totaling \$240.5 million. See Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources.

Our largest investment at value at September 30, 2006, was in Business Loan Express, LLC (BLX) and our largest investments at value at December 31, 2005, were in Advantage Sales & Marketing, Inc. (Advantage) and BLX.

Business Loan Express, LLC. At September 30, 2006, our investment in BLX totaled \$295.1 million at cost and \$284.9 million at value, or 6.2% of our total assets, which included unrealized depreciation of \$10.2 million. We acquired BLX in 2000.

Total interest and related portfolio income earned from the Company's investment in BLX for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, was as follows:

(\$ in millions)	2006	2005
Interest income	\$ 11.9	\$ 10.5
Dividend income		9.0
Fees and other income	6.3	7.0
Total interest and related portfolio income	\$ 18.2	\$ 26.5

Interest income from BLX for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, included interest income of \$5.7 million and \$5.1 million, respectively, which was paid in kind. The interest paid in kind was paid to us through the issuance of additional Class A equity interests. Accrued interest and dividends receivable at September 30, 2006, included accrued interest due from BLX totaling \$1.2 million, of which \$0.7 million was paid in cash in October 2006.

Net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation included a net decrease on our investment in BLX of \$67.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, and a net increase on our investment in BLX of \$15.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2005. See Results of Operations for a discussion of the net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation related to this investment.

BLX is a national, non-bank lender that participates in the SBA's 7(a) Guaranteed Loan Program and is licensed by the SBA as a Small Business Lending Company (SBLC). BLX is a preferred lender, as designated by the SBA, and originates, sells, and services small business loans. In addition, BLX originates conventional small business loans and small investment real estate loans. BLX has offices across the United States and is headquartered in New York, New York. Changes in the laws or regulations that govern SBLCs or the SBA 7(a) Guaranteed Loan Program or changes in government funding for this program could have a material adverse impact on BLX and, as a result, could negatively affect our financial results.

As a limited liability company, BLX's taxable income flows through directly to its members. BLX's annual taxable income generally differs from its book income for the fiscal year due to temporary and permanent differences in the recognition of income and expenses. We hold all of BLX's Class A and Class B interests, and 94.9% of the Class C interests. BLX's taxable income is first allocated to the Class A interests to the extent that dividends are paid in cash or in kind on such interests, with the remainder being allocated to the Class B and C interests. BLX may declare dividends on its Class B interests. If declared, BLX would determine the amount of such dividend considering its estimated annual taxable income allocable to such interests.

At December 31, 2005, BLX had a three-year \$275.0 million revolving credit facility provided by third party lenders that was scheduled to mature in January 2007. As the controlling equity owner in BLX, we had provided an unconditional guaranty to the revolving credit facility lenders in an amount equal to 50% of the total obligations (consisting of principal, letters of credit issued under the facility, accrued interest, and other fees) of BLX under the revolving credit facility. At December 31, 2005, the principal amount of loans outstanding on the revolving credit facility was \$228.2 million and letters of credit issued under the facility were \$41.7 million. The total obligation guaranteed by us at December 31, 2005, was \$135.4 million.

On March 17, 2006, BLX closed on a new three-year \$500.0 million revolving credit facility that matures in March 2009, which replaced the existing facility. The revolving credit facility may be expanded through new or additional commitments up to \$600.0 million at BLX's option. This new facility provides for a sub-facility for the issuance of letters of credit for up to an amount equal to 25% of the committed facility. We have provided an unconditional guaranty to these revolving credit facility lenders in an amount equal to 50% of the total obligations (consisting of principal, letters of credit issued under the facility, accrued interest, and other fees) of BLX under this facility. At September 30, 2006, the principal amount outstanding on the revolving credit facility was \$319.9 million and letters of credit issued under the facility were \$55.9 million. The total obligation guaranteed by us at September 30, 2006, was \$188.1 million. This guaranty can be called by the lenders only in the event of a default under the BLX credit facility, which includes certain defaults under our revolving credit facility. BLX has determined it was in compliance with the terms of this facility at September 30, 2006.

At September 30, 2006, we had also provided four standby letters of credit totaling \$29.5 million in connection with four term securitization transactions completed by BLX. In consideration for providing the revolving credit facility

guaranty and the standby letters of credit, BLX paid us fees of \$4.6 million and \$4.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, which were included in fees and other income above.

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Advantage Sales & Marketing, Inc. At December 31, 2005, our investment in Advantage totaled \$257.7 million at cost and \$660.4 million at value, or 16.4% of our total assets, which included unrealized appreciation of \$402.7 million. We completed the purchase of a majority ownership in Advantage in June 2004.

On March 29, 2006, we sold our majority equity interest in Advantage. We were repaid our \$184 million in subordinated debt outstanding and realized a gain at closing on our equity investment sold of \$433.1 million, subject to post-closing adjustments. As consideration for the common stock sold in the transaction, we received a \$150 million subordinated note, with the balance of the consideration paid in cash. Approximately \$34 million of our cash proceeds from the sale of the common stock were placed in escrow at closing, subject to certain holdback provisions. In the second and third quarters of 2006, we realized additional gains resulting from post-closing adjustments totaling \$1.3 million. In addition, there is potential for us to receive additional consideration through an earn-out payment that would be based on Advantage's 2006 audited results. Our realized gain of \$434.4 million as of September 30, 2006, subject to post-closing adjustments, excludes any earn-out amounts. For tax purposes, the receipt of the \$150 million subordinated note as part of our consideration for the common stock sold will allow us, through installment treatment, to defer the recognition of taxable income for a portion of our realized gain until the note is collected. In connection with the transaction, we retained an equity investment in the business valued at \$15 million at closing as a minority shareholder.

Total interest and related portfolio income earned from our investment in Advantage while we held a majority equity interest was \$14.1 million, which included a prepayment premium of \$5.0 million, for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, and \$28.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2005. In addition, we earned structuring fees of \$2.3 million on our new \$150 million subordinated debt investment in Advantage upon the closing of the sale transaction.

Our investment in Advantage at September 30, 2006, which was composed of subordinated debt and a minority equity interest, totaled \$152.9 million at cost and \$163.9 million at value, which included unrealized appreciation of \$11.0 million. Subsequent to the completion of the sale transaction, our interest income from our subordinated debt investment in Advantage for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, was \$4.6 million and \$9.4 million, respectively.

Advantage is a sales and marketing agency providing outsourced sales, merchandising, and marketing services to the consumer packaged goods industry. Advantage has offices across the United States and is headquartered in Irvine, CA.

Commercial Real Estate Finance

The commercial real estate finance portfolio at value, investment activity, and the yield on interest-bearing investments at and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, and at and for the year ended December 31, 2005, were as follows:

(\$ in millions)	At and for the Three Months Ended September 30,				At and for the Nine Months Ended September 30,				At and for the Year Ended December 31,	
	2006		2005		2006		2005		2005	
	Value	Yield ⁽¹⁾	Value	Yield ⁽¹⁾	Value	Yield ⁽¹⁾	Value	Yield ⁽¹⁾	Value	Yield ⁽¹⁾
Portfolio at value:										
Commercial mortgage loans	\$ 94.4	7.7%	121.2	6.6%	\$ 94.4	7.7%	121.2	6.6%	102.6	7.6%
Real estate owned	15.3		15.1		15.3		15.1		13.9	
Equity interests	22.1		6.5		22.1		6.5		10.6	
Total portfolio	\$ 131.8		\$ 142.8		\$ 131.8		\$ 142.8		\$ 127.1	
Investments funded	\$ 0.3		\$ 7.7		\$ 14.2		\$ 196.3		\$ 213.5	
Change in accrued or reinvested interest	\$ 0.1		\$ (0.4)		\$ 0.6		\$ (18.5)		\$ (18.0)	
Principal collections related to investment repayments or sales ⁽²⁾	\$ 0.7		\$ 4.5		\$ 17.9		\$ 765.3		\$ 799.5	

⁽¹⁾ The weighted average yield on the commercial mortgage loans is computed as the (a) annual stated interest on accruing loans plus the annual amortization of loan origination fees, original issue discount, and market discount on accruing loans less the annual amortization of origination costs, divided by (b) total interest-bearing investments at value. The weighted average yield is computed as of the balance sheet date.

⁽²⁾ Principal collections related to investment repayments or sales for the year ended December 31, 2005, included \$718.1 million related to the sale of our CMBS and CDO portfolio in May 2005.

Our commercial real estate investments funded for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, and for the year ended December 31, 2005, were as follows:

(\$ in millions)	Face Amount	Discount	Amount Funded
For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006			
Commercial mortgage loans	\$ 7.7	\$	\$ 7.7
Equity interests	6.5		6.5
Total	\$ 14.2	\$	\$ 14.2

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2005

CMBS bonds (4 new issuances) ⁽¹⁾	\$ 211.5	\$ (90.5)	\$ 121.0
Commercial mortgage loans	73.5	(0.9)	72.6
Equity interests	2.7		2.7
Total	\$ 287.7	\$ (91.4)	\$ 196.3

For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

CMBS bonds (4 new issuances) ⁽¹⁾	\$ 211.5	\$ (90.5)	\$ 121.0
Commercial mortgage loans	88.5	(0.8)	87.7
Equity interests	4.8		4.8
Total	\$ 304.8	\$ (91.3)	\$ 213.5

(1) The CMBS bonds invested in during 2005 were sold on May 3, 2005.

At September 30, 2006, we had outstanding funding commitments related to commercial mortgage loans and equity interests of \$9.1 million and commitments in the form of standby letters of credit and guarantees related to equity interests of \$6.9 million.

Sale of CMBS Bonds and Collateralized Debt Obligation Bonds and Preferred Shares. On May 3, 2005, we completed the sale of our portfolio of commercial mortgage-backed securities (CMBS) and real estate related collateralized debt obligation (CDO) bonds and preferred shares to affiliates of Caisse de dépôt et placement du Québec (the Caisse) for cash proceeds of \$976.0 million and a net realized gain of \$227.7 million, after transaction and other costs of \$7.8 million. Transaction costs included investment banking fees, legal and other professional fees, and other transaction costs. The CMBS and CDO assets sold had a cost basis at closing of \$739.8 million, including accrued interest of \$21.7 million. Upon the closing of the sale, we settled all the hedge positions relating to these assets, which resulted in a net realized loss of \$0.7 million, which was included in the net realized gain on the sale.

Simultaneous with the sale of our CMBS and CDO portfolio, we entered into a platform assets purchase agreement with CWCapital Investments LLC, an affiliate of the Caisse (CWCapital), pursuant to which we agreed to sell certain commercial real estate related assets, including servicer advances, intellectual property, software and other platform assets, subject to certain adjustments. Under this agreement, we have agreed not to invest in CMBS and real estate-related CDOs and refrain from certain other real estate-related investing or servicing activities for a period of three years, or through May 2008, subject to certain limitations and excluding our existing portfolio and related activities.

The real estate securities purchase agreement, under which we sold the CMBS and CDO portfolio, and the platform asset purchase agreement contain customary representations and warranties, and require us to indemnify the affiliates of the Caisse that are parties to the agreements for certain liabilities arising under the agreements, subject to certain limitations and conditions.

Hedging Activities

We have invested in commercial mortgage loans, which were purchased at prices that were based in part on comparable Treasury rates. We have entered into transactions with one or more financial institutions to hedge against movement in Treasury rates on certain of these commercial mortgage loans. These transactions, referred to as short sales, involve receiving the proceeds from the short sales of borrowed Treasury securities, with the obligation to replenish the borrowed Treasury securities at a later date based on the then current market price, whatever that price may be. Risks in these contracts arise from movements in the value of the borrowed Treasury securities due to changes in interest rates and from the possible inability of counterparties to meet the terms of their contracts. If the value of the borrowed Treasury securities increases, we will incur losses on these transactions. These losses are limited to the increase in value of the borrowed Treasury securities; conversely, the value of the hedged commercial mortgage loans would likely increase. If the value of the borrowed Treasury securities decreases, we will incur gains on these transactions which are limited to the decline in value of the borrowed Treasury securities; conversely, the value of the hedged commercial mortgage loans would likely decrease. We do not anticipate nonperformance by any counterparty in connection with these transactions.

The total obligations to replenish borrowed Treasury securities, including accrued interest payable on the obligations, were \$17.7 million at both September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005. The net proceeds related to the sales of the borrowed Treasury securities plus or minus the additional cash collateral provided or received under the terms of the transactions were \$17.7 million at both September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005. The amount of the hedge will vary from period to period depending upon the amount of commercial mortgage loans that we own and have hedged as of the balance sheet date.

PORTFOLIO ASSET QUALITY

Portfolio by Grade. We employ a grading system for our entire portfolio. Grade 1 is used for those investments from which a capital gain is expected. Grade 2 is used for investments performing in accordance with plan. Grade 3 is used

for investments that require closer monitoring; however, no loss of investment return or principal is expected. Grade 4 is used for investments that are in workout and for which some loss of current

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investment return is expected, but no loss of principal is expected. Grade 5 is used for investments that are in workout and for which some loss of principal is expected.

At September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, our portfolio was graded as follows:

Grade (\$ in millions)	2006		2005	
	Portfolio at Value	Percentage of Total Portfolio	Portfolio at Value	Percentage of Total Portfolio
1	\$ 1,082.1	26.3%	\$ 1,643.0	45.6%
2	2,767.1	67.2	1,730.8	48.0
3	153.4	3.7	149.1	4.1
4	57.9	1.4	26.5	0.7
5	59.1	1.4	57.0	1.6
	\$ 4,119.6	100.0%	\$ 3,606.4	100.0%

The amount of the portfolio in each grading category may vary substantially from period to period resulting primarily from changes in the composition of the portfolio as a result of new investment, repayment, and exit activity, changes in the grade of investments to reflect our expectation of performance, and changes in investment values.

Total Grade 4 and 5 portfolio assets were \$117.0 million and \$83.5 million, respectively, or were 2.8% and 2.3%, respectively, of the total portfolio at value at September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005. Grade 4 and 5 assets include loans, debt securities, and equity securities. We expect that a number of investments will be in the Grades 4 or 5 categories from time to time. Part of the private equity business is working with troubled portfolio companies to improve their businesses and protect our investment. The number and amount of investments included in Grade 4 and 5 may fluctuate from period to period. We continue to follow our historical practice of working with portfolio companies in order to recover the maximum amount of our investment.

Loans and Debt Securities on Non-Accrual Status. At September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, loans and debt securities at value not accruing interest for the total investment portfolio were as follows:

(\$ in millions)	2006	2005
Loans and debt securities in workout status (classified as Grade 4 or 5) ⁽¹⁾		
Private finance		
Companies more than 25% owned	\$ 52.3	\$ 15.6
Companies 5% to 25% owned	2.7	
Companies less than 5% owned	24.8	11.4
Commercial real estate finance	6.7	12.9
Loans and debt securities not in workout status		
Private finance		
Companies more than 25% owned	36.0	58.0
Companies 5% to 25% owned	7.2	0.5

Companies less than 5% owned	18.3	49.5
Commercial real estate finance	13.7	7.9
Total	\$ 161.7	\$ 155.8
Percentage of total portfolio	3.9%	4.3%

(1) Workout loans and debt securities exclude equity securities that are included in the total Grade 4 and 5 assets above.

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Loans and Debt Securities Over 90 Days Delinquent. Loans and debt securities greater than 90 days delinquent at value at September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, were as follows:

(\$ in millions)	2006	2005
Private finance	\$ 41.2	\$ 74.6
Commercial mortgage loans	3.7	6.1
Total	\$ 44.9	\$ 80.7
Percentage of total portfolio	1.1%	2.2%

In general, interest is not accrued on loans and debt securities if we have doubt about interest collection or where the enterprise value of the portfolio company may not support further accrual. In addition, interest may not accrue on loans to portfolio companies that are more than 50% owned by us depending on such company's capital requirements. To the extent interest payments are received on a loan that is not accruing interest, we may use such payments to reduce our cost basis in the investment in lieu of recognizing interest income.

As a result of these and other factors, the amount of the portfolio that is greater than 90 days delinquent or on non-accrual status may vary from period to period. Loans and debt securities on non-accrual status and over 90 days delinquent should not be added together as they are two separate measures of portfolio asset quality. Loans and debt securities that are in both categories (i.e., on non-accrual status and over 90 days delinquent) totaled \$44.9 million and \$60.7 million at September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, respectively.

PORTFOLIO RETURNS

Since our merger on December 31, 1997, through September 30, 2006, our combined aggregate cash flow Internal Rate of Return (IRR) has been approximately 22% for private finance and CMBS/CDO investments exited during this period. The IRR is calculated using the aggregate portfolio cash flow for all investments exited over this period. For investments exited during this period, we invested capital totaling \$3.8 billion. The weighted average holding period of these investments was 35 months. Investments are considered to be exited when the original investment objective has been achieved through the receipt of cash and/or non-cash consideration upon the repayment of our debt investment or sale of an equity investment, or through the determination that no further consideration was collectible and, thus, a loss may have been realized. The aggregate cash flow IRR for private finance investments was approximately 21% and for CMBS/CDO investments was approximately 24% for the same period. The weighted average holding period of the private finance and CMBS/CDO investments was 48 months and 22 months, respectively, for the same period. These IRR results represent historical results. Historical results are not necessarily indicative of future results.

OTHER ASSETS AND OTHER LIABILITIES

Other assets is composed primarily of fixed assets, assets held in deferred compensation trusts, deferred financing and offering costs, and accounts receivable, which includes amounts received in connection with the sale of portfolio companies, including amounts held in escrow, and other receivables from portfolio companies. At September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, other assets totaled \$119.5 million and \$87.9 million, respectively. The increase since year end was primarily the result of amounts received in connection with the sales of Advantage and STS Operating, Inc., that are being held in escrow. See Results of Operations below.

Accounts payable and other liabilities is primarily composed of the liabilities related to the deferred compensation trust and accrued interest, bonus and taxes, including excise tax. At September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, accounts payable and other liabilities totaled \$133.1 million and \$102.9 million, respectively. The increase since year end was primarily the result of an increase in accrued interest payable by \$22.2 million. Accrued interest fluctuates from period to period depending on the amount of debt outstanding and the contractual payment dates of the interest on such debt. Interest on our debt is primarily due on a semi-annual basis, which results in fluctuations of the quarter-end liability.

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RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**Comparison of Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006 and 2005**

The following table summarizes the Company's operating results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005.

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,				For the Nine Months Ended September 30,			
(Thousands, except per share amounts)	2006	2005	Change	Percentage Change	2006	2005	Change	Percentage Change
	(unaudited)				(unaudited)			
Investment and Related Portfolio Income								
Dividends	\$ 98,668	\$ 76,353	\$ 22,315	29%	\$ 282,982	\$ 232,628	\$ 50,354	21%
Other income	14,715	18,504	(3,789)	(20)%	51,868	43,355	8,513	19%
Investment and related portfolio income	113,383	94,857	18,526	20%	334,850	275,983	58,867	21%
Realized gains	26,109	17,929	8,180	46%	72,455	57,483	14,972	26%
Change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation	25,228	13,969	11,259	81%	67,054	52,302	14,752	28%
Stock options	3,649		3,649	100%	11,852		11,852	100%
Other	8,153	14,936	(6,783)	(45)%	29,348	58,563	(29,215)	(50)%
Operating expenses	63,139	46,834	16,305	35%	180,709	168,348	12,361	7%
Investment income before income taxes	50,244	48,023	2,221	5%	154,141	107,635	46,506	43%
Income tax expense (benefit), including excise	1,586	1,889	(303)	(16)%	13,988	7,482	6,506	87%
Investment income	48,658	46,134	2,524	5%	140,153	100,153	40,000	40%
Realized and Unrealized Gains (Losses)								
Realized gains	9,916	70,714	(60,798)	*	542,991	288,495	254,496	47%
Change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation	19,312	(3,680)	22,992	*	(471,942)	156,026	(627,968)	(40)%
Realized gains	29,228	67,034	(37,806)	*	71,049	444,521	(373,472)	(52)%
Net income	\$ 77,886	\$ 113,168	\$ (35,282)	(31)%	\$ 211,202	\$ 544,674	\$ (333,472)	(61)%
Earnings per common share	\$ 0.53	\$ 0.82	\$ (0.29)	(35)%	\$ 1.47	\$ 3.99	\$ (2.52)	(63)%
Average common shares outstanding	147,112	138,058	9,054	7%	144,030	136,669	7,361	5%

* Net realized gains (losses) and net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation can fluctuate significantly from period to period. As a result, comparisons may not be meaningful.

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Total Interest and Related Portfolio Income. Total interest and related portfolio income includes interest and dividend income, loan prepayment premiums, and fees and other income.

Interest and Dividends. Interest and dividend income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, was composed of the following:

(\$ in millions)	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Interest				
Private finance loans and debt securities	\$ 90.9	\$ 67.4	\$ 262.1	\$ 177.2
CMBS and CDO portfolio				29.4
Commercial mortgage loans	1.7	1.7	6.5	5.2
Cash and cash equivalents, U.S. Treasury bills and other	5.0	2.0	10.9	6.1
Total interest	97.6	71.1	279.5	217.9
Dividends	1.1	5.3	3.5	14.7
Total interest and dividends	\$ 98.7	\$ 76.4	\$ 283.0	\$ 232.6

Our interest income from our private finance loans and debt securities has increased period over period as a result of the growth in this portfolio as shown below.

There was no interest income from the CMBS and real estate-related CDO portfolio in 2006 as we sold this portfolio on May 3, 2005. The CMBS and CDO portfolio sold had a cost basis of \$718.1 million and a weighted average yield on the cost basis of the portfolio of approximately 13.8%. We generally reinvested the principal proceeds from the CMBS and CDO portfolio into our private finance portfolio.

The level of portfolio-related interest income, which includes interest paid in cash and in kind, is directly related to the balance of the interest-bearing investment portfolio outstanding during the period multiplied by the weighted average yield. The interest-bearing investments in the portfolio at value and the yield on the interest-bearing investments in the portfolio at September 30, 2006 and 2005, were as follows:

(\$ in millions)	2006		2005	
	Value	Yield ⁽¹⁾	Value	Yield ⁽¹⁾
Private finance loans and debt securities	\$ 2,905.2	12.5%	\$ 2,039.6	13.0%
Commercial mortgage loans	94.4	7.7%	121.2	6.6%
Total	\$ 2,999.6	12.3%	\$ 2,160.8	12.6%

⁽¹⁾ The weighted average yield on loans and debt securities is computed as the (a) annual stated interest on accruing loans and debt securities plus the annual amortization of loan origination fees, original issue discount, and market

discount on accruing loans and debt securities less the annual amortization of loan origination costs, divided by (b) total loans and debt securities at value. The weighted average yield is computed as of the balance sheet date.

The private finance portfolio yield at September 30, 2006, of 12.5% as compared to the private finance portfolio yield of 13.0% at September 30, 2005, reflects the mix of debt investments in the private finance portfolio. The weighted average yield varies from period to period based on the current stated interest on interest-bearing investments and the amount of loans and debt securities for which interest is not accruing. See the discussion of the private finance portfolio yield above under the caption Portfolio and Investment Activity Private Finance.

Dividend income results from the dividend yield on preferred equity interests, if any, or the declaration of dividends by a portfolio company on preferred or common equity interests. Dividend income will vary from period to period depending upon the timing and amount of dividends that are declared or paid by a portfolio company

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on preferred or common equity interests. Dividend income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, did not include any dividends from BLX. Dividend income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2005, included \$4.0 million and \$9.0 million, respectively, of dividends from BLX on the Class B equity interests held by us, which were paid in cash. See the discussion of BLX above under the caption **Portfolio and Investment Activity** Private Finance.

Fees and Other Income. Fees and other income primarily include fees related to financial structuring, diligence, transaction services, management and consulting services to portfolio companies, commitments, guarantees, and other services and loan prepayment premiums. As a business development company, we are required to make significant managerial assistance available to the companies in our investment portfolio. Managerial assistance includes, but is not limited to, management and consulting services related to corporate finance, marketing, human resources, personnel and board member recruiting, business operations, corporate governance, risk management and other general business matters.

Fees and other income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, included fees and other income relating to the following:

(\$ in millions)	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Structuring and diligence	\$ 9.3	\$ 10.2	\$ 28.4	\$ 19.1
Management, consulting and other services provided to portfolio companies	2.6	4.0	9.1	10.8
Commitment, guaranty, transaction and other fees from portfolio companies	2.1	1.7	6.7	6.5
Loan prepayment premiums	0.7	2.1	7.7	4.6
Other income		0.5		2.4
Total fees and other income	\$ 14.7	\$ 18.5	\$ 51.9	\$ 43.4

Fees and other income are generally related to specific transactions or services and therefore may vary substantially from period to period depending on the level of investment activity and types of services provided. Loan origination fees that represent yield enhancement on a loan are capitalized and amortized into interest income over the life of the loan.

Structuring and diligence fees for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, included structuring fees from both companies more than 25% owned and 5% to 25% owned totaling \$10.1 million and \$6.8 million, respectively. Structuring and diligence fees from companies 5% to 25% owned for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, included a structuring fee from Advantage Sales and Marketing totaling \$2.3 million. Structuring and diligence fees may vary substantially from period to period based on the level of new investment originations and the market rates for these types of fees. Private finance investments funded were \$1.9 billion for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, as compared to \$1.1 billion for the nine months ended September 30, 2005.

Management fees for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, included \$1.8 million in management fees from Advantage prior to its sale on March 29, 2006. See **Portfolio and Investment Activity** above for further discussion.

Management fees for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2005, included \$1.8 million and \$4.9 million, respectively, in management fees from Advantage.

Fees and other income related to the CMBS and CDO portfolio for the nine months ended September 30, 2005, were \$4.1 million. As noted above, we sold our CMBS and CDO portfolio on May 3, 2005.

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Loan prepayment premiums for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, included \$5.0 million related to the repayment of our subordinated debt in connection with the sale of our majority equity interest in Advantage on March 29, 2006. See Portfolio and Investment Activity above for further discussion. While the scheduled maturities of private finance and commercial real estate loans generally range from five to ten years, it is not unusual for our borrowers to refinance or pay off their debts to us ahead of schedule. Therefore, we generally structure our loans to require a prepayment premium for the first three to five years of the loan. Accordingly, the amount of prepayment premiums will vary depending on the level of repayments and the age of the loans at the time of repayment.

BLX and Advantage. BLX was our largest investment at value at September 30, 2006, and represented 6.2% of our total assets. Advantage and BLX were our largest investments at September 30, 2005, and together represented 22.9% of our total assets.

Total interest and related portfolio income from these investments for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, was as follows:

(\$ in millions)	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
BLX	\$ 6.1	\$ 9.9	\$ 18.2	\$ 26.5
Advantage ⁽¹⁾	\$	\$ 9.6	\$ 14.1	\$ 28.2

⁽¹⁾ Includes income from the period we held a majority equity interest only. See Portfolio and Investment Activity above for further discussion.

See Portfolio and Investment Activity above for further detail on BLX and Advantage.

Operating Expenses. Operating expenses include interest, employee, employee stock options, and administrative expenses.

Interest Expense. The fluctuations in interest expense during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, were primarily attributable to changes in the level of our borrowings under various notes payable and debentures and our revolving line of credit. Our borrowing activity and weighted average cost of debt, including fees and debt financing costs, at and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, were as follows:

(\$ in millions)	At and for the Three Months Ended September 30,		At and for the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Total outstanding debt	\$ 1,590.7	\$ 968.3	\$ 1,590.7	\$ 968.3
Average outstanding debt	\$ 1,507.5	\$ 980.8	\$ 1,433.5	\$ 1,058.4
Weighted average cost ⁽¹⁾	6.6%	6.8%	6.6%	6.8%

⁽¹⁾ The weighted average annual interest cost is computed as the (a) annual stated interest rate on the debt plus the annual amortization of commitment fees, other facility fees and debt financing costs that are recognized into interest expense over the contractual life of the respective borrowings, divided by (b) debt outstanding on the balance sheet date.

In addition, interest expense included interest paid to the Internal Revenue Service related to installment sale gains totaling \$0.3 million and \$0.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, and \$0.7 million and \$0.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. See Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources below.

Interest expense also included interest on our obligations to replenish borrowed Treasury securities related to our hedging activities of \$0.2 million for both the three months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, and \$0.5 million and \$1.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

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Employee Expense. Employee expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, were as follows:

(\$ in millions)	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 19.6	\$ 11.0	\$ 54.6	\$ 34.5
Transition compensation, net		(0.1)		5.4
Individual performance award (IPA)	2.1	1.7	6.0	5.5
IPA mark to market expense (benefit)	1.2	(0.4)	0.6	1.5
Individual performance bonus (IPB)	2.3	1.8	5.9	5.4
Total employee expense	\$ 25.2	\$ 14.0	\$ 67.1	\$ 52.3
Number of employees at end of period	168	127	168	127

The change in salaries and employee benefits reflects the effect of an increase in the number of employees, compensation increases and the change in mix of employees given their area of responsibility and relevant experience level. Salaries and employee benefits include an accrual for employee bonuses, which are generally paid annually after the completion of the fiscal year. The quarterly accrual is based upon an estimate of annual bonuses and is subject to change. The amount of the current year bonuses will be finalized by the Compensation Committee and the Board of Directors at the end of the year. Salaries and employee benefits include accrued bonuses of \$10.7 million and \$3.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, and \$27.6 million and \$10.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

At September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, the total accrued bonus was \$27.6 million and \$26.9 million, respectively, and was included in Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities on the accompanying Balance Sheet.

Transition compensation costs were \$6.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2005, including \$3.4 million of costs under retention agreements and \$3.1 million of transition services bonuses awarded to certain employees in the commercial real estate group as a result of the sale of the CMBS and CDO portfolio. Transition compensation expenses were reduced by \$1.1 million for salary reimbursements from CWC Capital under the transition services agreement, resulting in net expense related to the sale of the CMBS and CDO portfolio of \$5.4 million. See the caption Portfolio and Investment Activity Commercial Real Estate Finance for additional information.

The Individual Performance Award (IPA) is a long-term incentive compensation program for certain officers. The IPA, which is generally determined annually at the beginning of each year, is deposited into a deferred compensation trust generally in four equal installments, on a quarterly basis, in the form of cash. The accounts of the trust are consolidated with our accounts. We are required to mark to market the liability of the trust and this adjustment is recorded to the IPA compensation expense. Because the IPA is deferred compensation, the cost of this award is not a current expense for purposes of computing our taxable income. The expense is deferred for tax purposes until distributions are made from the trust.

As a result of changes in regulation by the Jobs Creation Act of 2004 associated with deferred compensation arrangements, as well as an increase in the competitive market for recruiting talent in the private equity industry, the Compensation Committee and the Board of Directors determined that for 2005 and 2006 a portion of the IPA should

be replaced with an individual performance bonus (IPB). The IPB is distributed in cash to award recipients in equal bi-weekly installments (beginning in February of each respective year) as long as the recipient remains employed by us.

The Compensation Committee and the Board of Directors have determined the IPA and the IPB for 2006. We currently estimate the IPA and IPB to be approximately \$8.1 million each; however, the Compensation Committee may adjust the IPA or IPB as needed, or make new awards as new officers are hired. If a recipient

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terminates employment during the year, any further cash contribution for the IPA or remaining cash payments under the IPB would be forfeited.

In connection with our 2006 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, the stockholders approved the issuance of up to 2.5 million shares of our common stock in exchange for the cancellation of vested in-the-money stock options granted to certain officers and directors under our Amended Stock Option Plan. Under the initiative, which has been reviewed and approved by our Board of Directors, all optionees who hold vested stock options with exercise prices below the market value of the stock (or in-the-money options), would be offered the opportunity to receive an Option Cancellation Payment (OCP) equal to the in-the-money value of the stock options cancelled, which would be paid one-half in cash and one-half in shares of our common stock, in exchange for their voluntary cancellation of their vested stock options. As part of this initiative, the Board of Directors has adopted a target ownership structure that establishes minimum ownership levels for our senior officers and continues to further align the interests of our officers with those of our stockholders.

Unlike the accounting treatment typically associated with a stock option exercise, the OCP would be recorded as an expense for financial reporting purposes, and the expense may be significant. Based on the 13 million vested options outstanding and the market price of \$30.50 of our stock on March 10, 2006, the date used for disclosure in our 2006 proxy, the expense related to the OCP would be approximately \$106 million if all option holders choose to cancel all vested in-the-money options in exchange for the OCP. As of September 30, 2006, there were 17 million vested options outstanding, which were all in-the-money. Using the market price of \$30.21 of our stock on September 30, 2006, the expense related to the OCP would be approximately \$109 million if all option holders chose to cancel all vested in-the-money options in exchange for the OCP. For income tax purposes, our tax expense resulting from the OCP would be similar to the tax expense that would result from an exercise of stock options in the market. Any tax deduction for us resulting from the OCP or an exercise of stock options in the market would be limited by Section 162(m) of the Code for persons subject to Section 162(m).

Stock Options Expense. In December 2004, the FASB issued Statement No. 123 (Revised 2004), *Share-Based Payment* (the Statement), which requires companies to recognize the grant-date fair value of stock options and other equity-based compensation issued to employees in the income statement. The Statement was effective January 1, 2006, and it applies to our stock option plan. Our employee stock options are typically granted with ratable vesting provisions, and we amortize the compensation cost over the related service period. With respect to options granted prior to January 1, 2006, we have used the modified prospective method for adoption of the Statement. Under this method, the unamortized cost of previously awarded options that were unvested as of January 1, 2006, is recognized over the remaining service period in the statement of operations beginning in 2006. With respect to options granted on or after January 1, 2006, compensation cost is recognized in the statement of operations over the service period. The effect of this adoption for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, was as follows:

(\$ in millions)	For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2006	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006
Employee Stock Option Expense:		
Previously awarded, unvested options as of January 1, 2006	\$ 3.2	\$ 9.9
Options granted on or after January 1, 2006	0.4	2.0
Total employee stock option expense	\$ 3.6	\$ 11.9

In addition to the employee stock option expense, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, administrative expense included zero and \$0.2 million of expense related to options granted to directors during the period. Options granted to non-officer directors vest on the grant date and therefore, the full expense is recorded on the grant date.

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We estimate that the employee-related stock option expense under the Statement that will be recorded in our statement of operations will be approximately \$16.2 million, \$10.5 million, and \$3.4 million for the years ended December 31, 2006, 2007, and 2008, respectively, which includes approximately \$2.7 million, \$1.7 million, and \$0.9 million, respectively, related to options granted in the nine months ended September 30, 2006. This estimate may change if our assumptions related to future option forfeitures change. This estimate does not include any expense related to future stock option grants as the fair value of those stock options will be determined at the time of grant.

Administrative Expense. Administrative expenses include legal and accounting fees, valuation assistance fees, insurance premiums, the cost of leases for our headquarters in Washington, DC, and our regional offices, portfolio origination and development expenses, travel costs, stock record expenses, directors' fees and stock options expense, and various other expenses. Administrative expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, were as follows:

(\$ in millions)	For the Three Months Ending September 30,		For the Nine Months Ending September 30,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Administrative expenses	\$ 7.6	\$ 8.0	\$ 25.3	\$ 25.9
Investigation related costs	0.6	6.9	4.0	32.7
Total administrative expenses	\$ 8.2	\$ 14.9	\$ 29.3	\$ 58.6

Investigation related costs include costs associated with requests for information in connection with two government investigations. These expenses remain difficult to predict. See *Legal Proceedings* in the accompanying prospectus.

Income Tax Expense (Benefit), Including Excise Tax. Income tax expense (benefit) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, was as follows:

(\$ in millions)	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Income tax expense (benefit), net	\$ (0.6)	\$ 0.6	\$ 0.2	\$ 2.2
Excise tax expense ⁽¹⁾	2.2	1.3	13.8	5.3
Income tax expense (benefit), including excise tax	\$ 1.6	\$ 1.9	\$ 14.0	\$ 7.5

⁽¹⁾ Includes an accrual for the 2006 estimated excise tax of \$2.5 million and \$14.1 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, respectively, net of the reversal of over accrued excise taxes related to 2005 of \$0.3 million for both the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006.

Our wholly owned subsidiary, A.C. Corporation, is a corporation subject to federal and state income taxes and records a benefit or expense for income taxes as appropriate based on its operating results in a given period. In addition, our estimated annual taxable income for 2006 currently exceeds our estimated dividend distributions to shareholders from

such taxable income in 2006, and such estimated excess taxable income will be distributed in 2007. Therefore, we will be required to pay a 4% excise tax on the excess of 98% of our taxable income over the amount of actual distributions from such taxable income. Accordingly, we have accrued an estimated excise tax of \$2.5 million and \$14.1 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, respectively, based upon our estimated excess taxable income earned for the 2006 period. See Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources. While excise tax expense is presented in the Consolidated Statement of Operations as a reduction to net investment income, excise tax relates to both net investment income and net realized gains. At September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, excise tax payable was \$14.1 million and \$6.2 million, respectively, which was included in accounts payable and other liabilities on the accompanying Balance Sheet.

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Realized Gains and Losses. Net realized gains primarily result from the sale of equity securities associated with certain private finance investments, the sale of CMBS bonds and CDO bonds and preferred shares, and the realization of unamortized discount resulting from the sale and early repayment of private finance loans and commercial mortgage loans, offset by losses on investments. Net realized gains for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, were as follows:

(\$ in millions)	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Realized gains	\$ 12.6	\$ 79.8	\$ 550.1	\$ 339.2
Realized losses	(2.7)	(9.1)	(7.1)	(50.7)
Net realized gains	\$ 9.9	\$ 70.7	\$ 543.0	\$ 288.5

When we exit an investment and realize a gain or loss, we make an accounting entry to reverse any unrealized appreciation or depreciation, respectively, we had previously recorded to reflect the appreciated or depreciated value of the investment. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, we reversed previously recorded unrealized appreciation or depreciation when gains or losses were realized as follows:

(\$ in millions)	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Reversal of previously recorded unrealized appreciation associated with realized gains	\$ (10.2)	\$ (80.5)	\$ (499.4)	\$ (107.0)
Reversal of previously recorded unrealized depreciation associated with realized losses	2.2	7.4	5.4	49.3
Total reversal	\$ (8.0)	\$ (73.1)	\$ (494.0)	\$ (57.7)

Realized gains for the three months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, were as follows:

(\$ in millions)

	2006	
Portfolio Company		Amount
Private Finance:		
Oriental Trading Company, Inc.		\$ 8.9
Component Hardware Group, Inc.		2.8
Advantage Sales & Marketing, Inc.		0.7

Other		0.2
Total private finance		12.6
Total gross realized gains	\$	12.6

	2005	
	Portfolio Company	Amount
Private Finance:		
Housecall Medical Resources, Inc.		\$ 52.0
Fairchild Industrial Products Company		16.2
Apogen Technologies, Inc.		9.0
Other		0.8
Total private finance		78.0
Commercial Real Estate:		
Other		1.8
Total commercial real estate		1.8
Total gross realized gains	\$	79.8

Realized losses for the three months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, were as follows:

(\$ in millions)

	2006	
	Portfolio Company	Amount
Private Finance:		
Cooper Natural Resources, Inc.		\$ 2.2
Other		0.5
Total private finance		2.7
Total gross realized losses		\$ 2.7

	2005	
	Portfolio Company	Amount
Private Finance:		
HealthASPex, Inc.		\$ 3.5
MortgageRamp, Inc.		3.5
Other		2.1
Total private finance		9.1
Total gross realized losses		\$ 9.1

Realized gains for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, were as follows:

(\$ in millions)

	2006	
	Portfolio Company	Amount
Private Finance:		
Advantage Sales & Marketing, Inc.		\$ 434.4
STS Operating, Inc.		94.8
Oriental Trading Company, Inc.		8.9
United Site Services, Inc.		3.3
Component Hardware Group, Inc.		2.8
Nobel Learning Communities, Inc.		1.5
MHF Logistical Solutions, Inc.		1.2
The Debt Exchange, Inc.		1.1
Other		1.5
Total private finance		549.5

Commercial Real Estate:

Other	0.6
Total commercial real estate	0.6
Total gross realized gains	\$ 550.1

2005	
Portfolio Company	Amount

Private Finance:

Housecall Medical Resources, Inc.	\$ 52.0
Fairchild Industrial Products Company	16.2
Apogen Technologies, Inc.	9.0
Polaris Pool Systems, Inc.	7.4
MasterPlan, Inc.	3.7
U.S. Security Holdings, Inc.	3.3
Ginsey Industries, Inc.	2.8
E-Talk Corporation	1.6
Professional Paint, Inc.	1.0
Oriental Trading Company, Inc.	1.0
Other	4.2
Total private finance	102.2

Commercial Real Estate:

CMBS/CDO assets, net ⁽¹⁾	227.7
Other	9.3
Total commercial real estate	237.0
Total gross realized gains	\$ 339.2

⁽¹⁾ Net of net realized losses from related hedges of \$0.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2005.

STS Operating, Inc. In the second quarter of 2006, we completed the sale of STS Operating, Inc. (STS). We were repaid our \$6.8 million in subordinated debt outstanding and we realized a gain on the sale of our common stock in STS of \$94.8 million, subject to post-closing adjustments. The cost basis of our equity was \$3.5 million. As part of the consideration for the sale of our equity investment, we received a \$30 million subordinated note. Approximately \$11.2 million of our proceeds are subject to certain holdback provisions and post-closing adjustments. For tax purposes, the receipt of the \$30 million subordinated note as part of our consideration for the common stock sold will allow us, through installment treatment, to defer the recognition of taxable income for a portion of our realized gain until the note is collected.

Realized losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, were as follows:

(\$ in millions)

	2006	
	Portfolio Company	Amount
Private Finance:		
Cooper Natural Resources, Inc.		\$ 2.2
Aspen Pet Products, Inc.		1.6
Nobel Learning Communities, Inc.		1.4
Other		1.0
Total private finance		6.2
Commercial Real Estate:		
Other		0.9
Total commercial real estate		0.9
Total gross realized losses		\$ 7.1

	2005	
	Portfolio Company	Amount
Private Finance:		
Norstan Apparel Shops, Inc.		\$ 18.5
E-Talk Corporation		9.0
Garden Ridge Corporation		7.1
MortgageRamp, Inc.		3.5
HealthASPex, Inc.		3.5
Other		3.5
Total private finance		45.1
Commercial Real Estate:		
Other		5.6
Total commercial real estate		5.6
Total gross realized losses		\$ 50.7

Change in Unrealized Appreciation or Depreciation. We determine the value of each investment in our portfolio on a quarterly basis, and changes in value result in unrealized appreciation or depreciation being recognized in our statement of operations. Value, as defined in Section 2(a)(41) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, is (i) the market price for those securities for which a market quotation is readily available and (ii) for all other securities and assets, fair value is as determined in good faith by the Board of Directors. Since there is typically no readily available

market value for the investments in our portfolio, we value substantially all of our portfolio investments at fair value as determined in good faith by the Board of Directors pursuant to our valuation policy and a consistently applied valuation process. At September 30, 2006, portfolio investments recorded at fair value were approximately 90% of our total assets. Because of the inherent uncertainty of determining the fair value of investments that do not have a readily available market value, the fair value of our investments determined in good faith by the Board of Directors may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market existed for the investments, and the differences could be material.

There is no single standard for determining fair value in good faith. As a result, determining fair value requires that judgment be applied to the specific facts and circumstances of each portfolio investment while employing a consistently applied valuation process for the types of investments we make. Unlike banks, we are not permitted to provide a general reserve for anticipated loan losses. Instead, we are required to specifically value each individual investment on a quarterly basis. We will record unrealized depreciation on investments when we believe that an investment has become impaired, including where collection of a loan or realization of an equity security is doubtful, or when the enterprise value of the portfolio company does not currently support the cost of our debt or equity investment. Enterprise value means the entire value of the company to a potential buyer, including the sum of the values of debt and equity securities used to capitalize the enterprise at a point in time. We will record unrealized appreciation if we believe that the underlying portfolio company has appreciated in value and/or our equity security has also appreciated in value. Changes in fair value are recorded in the statement of operations as net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation.

As a business development company, we have invested in illiquid securities including debt and equity securities of companies. The structure of each debt and equity security is specifically negotiated to enable us to protect our investment and maximize our returns. We include many terms governing interest rate, repayment terms, prepayment penalties, financial covenants, operating covenants, ownership parameters, dilution parameters, liquidation preferences, voting rights, and put or call rights. Our investments may be subject to certain restrictions on resale and generally have no established trading market. Because of the type of investments that we make and the nature of our business, our valuation process requires an analysis of various factors. Our fair value methodology includes the examination of, among other things, the underlying investment performance, financial condition, and market changing events that impact valuation.

Valuation Methodology Private Finance. Our process for determining the fair value of a private finance investment begins with determining the enterprise value of the portfolio company. The fair value of our investment is based on the enterprise value at which the portfolio company could be sold in an orderly disposition over a reasonable period of time between willing parties other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The liquidity event whereby we exit a private finance investment is generally the sale, the recapitalization or, in some cases, the initial public offering of the portfolio company.

There is no one methodology to determine enterprise value and, in fact, for any one portfolio company, enterprise value is best expressed as a range of fair values. We derive a single estimate of enterprise value. To determine the enterprise value of a portfolio company, we analyze its historical and projected financial results. We generally require portfolio companies to provide annual audited and quarterly unaudited financial statements, as well as annual projections for the upcoming fiscal year. Typically in the private equity business, companies are bought and sold based on multiples of EBITDA, cash flow, net income, revenues or, in limited instances, book value. The private equity industry uses financial measures such as EBITDA or EBITDAM (Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation, Amortization and, in some instances, Management fees) in order to assess a portfolio company's financial performance and to value a portfolio company. EBITDA and EBITDAM are not intended to represent cash flow from operations as defined by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles and such information should not be considered as an alternative to net income, cash flow from operations, or any other measure of performance prescribed by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. When using EBITDA to determine enterprise value, we may adjust EBITDA for non-recurring items. Such adjustments are intended to normalize EBITDA to reflect the portfolio company's earnings power. Adjustments to EBITDA may include compensation to previous owners, acquisition, recapitalization, or restructuring related items or one-time non-recurring income or expense items.

In determining a multiple to use for valuation purposes, we generally look to private merger and acquisition statistics, discounted public trading multiples or industry practices. In estimating a reasonable multiple, we consider not only the fact that our portfolio company may be a private company relative to a peer group of public comparables, but we also consider the size and scope of our portfolio company and its specific strengths and weaknesses. In some cases, the best valuation methodology may be a discounted cash flow analysis based on future projections. If a portfolio company is distressed, a liquidation analysis may provide the best indication of enterprise value.

If there is adequate enterprise value to support the repayment of our debt, the fair value of our loan or debt security normally corresponds to cost unless the borrower's condition or other factors lead to a determination of fair value at a different amount. The fair value of equity interests in portfolio companies is determined based on various factors, including the enterprise value remaining for equity holders after the repayment of the portfolio company's debt and other preference capital, and other pertinent factors such as recent offers to purchase a portfolio company, recent transactions involving the purchase or sale of the portfolio company's equity securities, liquidation events or other events. The determined equity values are generally discounted when we have a minority position, restrictions on resale, specific concerns about the receptivity of the capital markets to a specific company at a certain time, or other factors.

As a participant in the private equity business, we invest primarily in private middle market companies for which there is generally no publicly available information. Because of the private nature of these businesses, there is a need to maintain the confidentiality of the financial and other information that we have for the private companies in our portfolio. We believe that maintaining this confidence is important, as disclosure of such information could disadvantage our portfolio companies and could put us at a disadvantage in attracting new investments. Therefore, we do not intend to disclose financial or other information about our portfolio companies, unless required, because we believe doing so may put them at an economic or competitive disadvantage, regardless of our level of ownership or control.

We will continue to work with third-party consultants to obtain assistance in determining fair value for a portion of the private finance portfolio each quarter. We work with these consultants to obtain assistance as

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additional support in the preparation of our internal valuation analysis. In addition, we may receive third-party assessments of a particular private finance portfolio company's value in the ordinary course of business, most often in the context of a prospective sale transaction or in the context of a bankruptcy process. The valuation analysis prepared by management using these third-party valuation resources, when applicable, is submitted to our Board of Directors for its determination of fair value of the portfolio in good faith.

For 2006 and 2005, we received third-party valuation assistance from Duff & Phelps, LLC and Houlihan Lokey Howard and Zukin for our private finance portfolio as follows:

	Q1	2006 Q2	Q3	Q1	2005 Q2	Q3
Number of private finance portfolio companies reviewed	78	78	105	36	72	89
Percentage of private finance portfolio reviewed at value	87.0%	89.6%	86.5% ⁽¹⁾	74.5%	83.0%	89.3%
⁽¹⁾ Of the remaining 13.5% of the private finance portfolio at value at September 30, 2006, 10.9% represented deals closed during the quarter ended September 30, 2006.						

Professional fees for third-party valuation assistance were \$1.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2005, and are estimated to be approximately \$1.5 million for 2006.

Valuation Methodology CDO and CLO Bonds and Preferred Shares/Income Notes (CDO/CLO Assets). CDO/CLO Assets are carried at fair value, which is based on a discounted cash flow model that utilizes prepayment and loss assumptions based on historical experience and projected performance, economic factors, the characteristics of the underlying cash flow and comparable yields for similar bonds and preferred shares/income notes, when available. We recognize unrealized appreciation or depreciation on our CDO/CLO Assets as comparable yields in the market change and/or based on changes in estimated cash flows resulting from changes in prepayment or loss assumptions in the underlying collateral pool. As each bond ages, the expected amount of losses and the expected timing of recognition of such losses in the underlying collateral pool is updated and the revised cash flows are used in determining the fair value of the bonds. We determine the fair value of our CDO/CLO Assets on an individual security-by-security basis. If we were to sell a group of these CDO/CLO Assets in a pool in one or more transactions, the total value received for that pool may be different than the sum of the fair values of the individual bonds or preferred shares/income notes.

Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation or Depreciation. Net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, consisted of the following:

(\$ in millions)	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2006 ⁽¹⁾	2005 ⁽¹⁾	2006 ⁽¹⁾	2005 ⁽¹⁾
Net unrealized appreciation or depreciation	\$ 27.3	\$ 69.4	\$ 22.1	\$ 213.7
Reversal of previously recorded unrealized appreciation associated with realized gains	(10.2)	(80.5)	(499.4)	(107.0)
Reversal of previously recorded unrealized depreciation associated with realized losses	2.2	7.4	5.4	49.3

Net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation	\$ 19.3	\$ (3.7)	\$ (471.9)	\$ 156.0
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(1) The net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation can fluctuate significantly from period to period. As a result, quarterly comparisons may not be meaningful.

At September 30, 2006, our largest investment was in BLX. Our investment in BLX totaled \$295.1 million at cost and \$284.9 at value at September 30, 2006, and \$299.4 million at cost and \$357.1 million at value at December 31, 2005.

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The following is a summary of the methodology that we used to determine the fair value of this investment.

Business Loan Express, LLC. To determine the value of our investment in BLX at September 30, 2006, we continued to perform four separate valuation analyses to determine a range of values: (1) analysis of comparable public company trading multiples, (2) analysis of BLX's value assuming an initial public offering, (3) analysis of merger and acquisition transactions for financial services companies, and (4) a discounted dividend analysis. In addition, for the quarter ended September 30, 2006, we performed a fifth analysis whereby the value of BLX was determined by adding BLX's net asset value (adjusted for certain discounts) to the value of BLX's business operations, which was determined by using a discounted cash flow model. We received valuation assistance from Duff & Phelps for our investment in BLX at September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005.

With respect to the analysis of comparable public company trading multiples and the analysis of BLX's value assuming an initial public offering, we compute a median trailing and forward price earnings multiple to apply to BLX's pro-forma net income adjusted for certain capital structure changes that we believe would likely occur should the company be sold. Each quarter we evaluate which public commercial finance companies should be included in the comparable group. The comparable group at September 30, 2006, was made up of CIT Group, Inc., Financial Federal Corporation, GATX Corporation, and Marlin Business Services Corporation, which is consistent with the comparable group at June 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005.

Our investment in BLX at September 30, 2006, was valued at \$284.9 million. This fair value was within the range of values determined by the five valuation analyses. Unrealized depreciation on our investment was \$10.2 million at September 30, 2006. Net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation included a net decrease on our investment in BLX of \$34.3 million and \$67.9 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, respectively. The decrease resulted from a reduction in enterprise value at September 30, 2006, of approximately 7% as compared to the enterprise value at December 31, 2005.

Furthermore, in determining the fair value of our investment in BLX at September 30, 2006, we considered the following items. First, the bank lending environment for small business loans remains very competitive and, as a result, BLX continues to experience significant loan prepayments in its securitized portfolio. This has also had an effect on BLX's ability to grow its new loan origination volume. Second, the Office of the Inspector General of the SBA and the Department of Justice have been conducting investigations into the lending activities of BLX and its Detroit office. These investigations are ongoing.

Per Share Amounts. All per share amounts included in the Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section have been computed using the weighted average common shares used to compute diluted earnings per share, which were 147.1 million and 138.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, and were 144.0 million and 136.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

OTHER MATTERS

Regulated Investment Company Status. We have elected to be taxed as a regulated investment company under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. As long as we qualify as a regulated investment company, we are not taxed on our investment company taxable income or realized net capital gains, to the extent that such taxable income or gains are distributed, or deemed to be distributed, to shareholders on a timely basis.

Taxable income generally differs from net income for financial reporting purposes due to temporary and permanent differences in the recognition of income and expenses, and generally excludes net unrealized appreciation or depreciation, as gains or losses are not included in taxable income until they are realized. In addition, gains realized

for financial reporting purposes may differ from gains included in taxable income as a result of our election to recognize gains using installment sale treatment, which results in the deferment of gains for tax purposes until notes or other amounts, including amounts held in escrow, received as consideration from the sale of investments are collected in cash.

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Dividends declared and paid by us in a year generally differ from taxable income for that year as such dividends may include the distribution of current year taxable income, the distribution of prior year taxable income carried over into and distributed in the current year, or returns of capital. We are generally required to distribute 98% of our taxable income during the year the income is earned to avoid paying an excise tax. If this requirement is not met, the Internal Revenue Code imposes a nondeductible excise tax equal to 4% of the amount by which 98% of the current year's taxable income exceeds the distribution for the year. The taxable income on which an excise tax is paid is generally carried over and distributed to shareholders in the next tax year. Depending on the level of taxable income earned in a tax year, we may choose to carry over taxable income in excess of current year distributions from such taxable income into the next tax year and pay a 4% excise tax on such income, as required. See Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources below.

In order to maintain our status as a regulated investment company and obtain regulated investment company tax benefits, we must, in general, (1) continue to qualify as a business development company; (2) derive at least 90% of our gross income from dividends, interest, gains from the sale of securities and other specified types of income; (3) meet asset diversification requirements as defined in the Internal Revenue Code; and (4) timely distribute to shareholders at least 90% of our annual investment company taxable income as defined in the Internal Revenue Code. We intend to take all steps necessary to continue to qualify as a regulated investment company. However, there can be no assurance that we will continue to qualify for such treatment in future years.

FINANCIAL CONDITION, LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Dividends and Distributions

Dividends to common shareholders for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, were \$255.4 million and \$231.2 million, respectively, or \$1.80 per common share for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and \$1.72 per common share for the nine months ended September 30, 2005. An extra cash dividend of \$0.03 per common share was declared during 2005 and was paid to shareholders on January 27, 2006.

The Board of Directors has declared a dividend of \$0.62 per common share for the fourth quarter of 2006.

Dividends are generally determined based upon an estimate of annual taxable income and the amount of taxable income carried over from the prior year for distribution in the current year. Taxable income includes our taxable interest, dividend and fee income, as well as taxable net capital gains. As discussed above, taxable income generally differs from net income for financial reporting purposes due to temporary and permanent differences in the recognition of income and expenses, and generally excludes net unrealized appreciation or depreciation, as gains or losses are not included in taxable income until they are realized. Taxable income includes non-cash income, such as changes in accrued and reinvested interest and dividends and the amortization of discounts and fees. Cash collections of income resulting from contractual payment-in-kind interest or the amortization of discounts and fees generally occur upon the repayment of the loans or debt securities that include such items. Non-cash taxable income is reduced by non-cash expenses, such as realized losses and depreciation and amortization expense.

Our Board of Directors reviews the dividend rate quarterly, and may adjust the quarterly dividend throughout the year. Dividends are declared based upon our estimate of annual taxable income available for distribution to shareholders and the amount of taxable income carried over from the prior year for distribution in the current year. Our goal is to declare what we believe to be sustainable increases in our regular quarterly dividends. To the extent that we earn annual taxable income in excess of dividends paid from such taxable income for the year, we may carry over the excess taxable income into the next year and such excess taxable income will be available for distribution in the next year as permitted under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. Excess taxable income carried over and paid out in the next year is generally subject to a 4% excise tax. See Other Matters Regulated Investment Company Status above.

We believe that carrying over excess taxable income into future periods may provide increased visibility with respect to taxable earnings available to pay the regular quarterly dividend. The taxable income carried over from 2005 for distribution to shareholders in 2006 was \$156.5 million.

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We currently expect that our estimated annual taxable income for 2006 will be in excess of our estimated dividend distributions to shareholders in 2006 from such taxable income, and, therefore, we expect to carry over excess taxable income for distribution to shareholders in 2007. We expect that we will generally be required to pay a 4% excise tax on the excess of 98% of our taxable income for 2006 over the amount of actual distributions from such taxable income in 2006. Accordingly, for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, we have accrued an excise tax of \$14.1 million. Excise taxes are accrued based upon estimated excess taxable income as estimated taxable income is earned, therefore, the excise tax accrued to date in 2006 may be adjusted as appropriate in the remainder of 2006 to reflect changes in our estimate of the carry over amount and additional excise tax may be accrued during the remainder of 2006 as additional excess taxable income is earned, if any. Our ability to earn the estimated annual taxable income for 2006 depends on many factors, including our ability to make new investments at attractive yields, the level of repayments in the portfolio, the realization of gains or losses from portfolio exits, and the level of operating expenses incurred. See Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and Risk Factors.

In addition to excess taxable income available to be carried over from the current tax year for distribution in the following tax year, we currently estimate that we have cumulative deferred taxable income related to installment sale gains of \$39.6 million as of December 31, 2005, and approximately \$170 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, for a total of approximately \$210 million as of September 30, 2006. These gains have been recognized for financial reporting purposes in the respective years they were realized, but will be deferred for tax purposes until the notes or other amounts received from the sale of the related investments are collected in cash. The installment sale gains for 2006 are estimates and will not be finally determined until we file our 2006 tax return in September 2007. See Other Matters Regulated Investment Company Status above. To the extent that installment sale gains are deferred for recognition in taxable income, we pay interest to the Internal Revenue Service. Installment-related interest expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, was \$0.7 million and \$0.4 million, respectively. This interest is included in interest expense in our Consolidated Statement of Operations.

Because we are a regulated investment company, we distribute our taxable income and, therefore, from time to time we will raise new debt or equity capital in order to fund our investments and operations.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

At September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, our liquidity portfolio (see below), cash and investments in money market and other securities, total assets, total debt outstanding, total shareholders' equity, debt to equity ratio and asset coverage for senior indebtedness were as follows:

(\$ in millions)	2006	2005
Liquidity portfolio (including money market and other securities: 2006-\$74.0; 2005-\$100.0)	\$ 201.6	\$ 200.3
Cash and investments in money market and other securities (including money market and other securities: 2006-\$42.9; 2005-\$22.0)	\$ 46.0	\$ 53.3
Total assets	\$ 4,565.5	\$ 4,025.9
Total debt outstanding	\$ 1,590.7	\$ 1,284.8
Total shareholders' equity	\$ 2,823.9	\$ 2,620.5
Debt to equity ratio ⁽¹⁾	0.56	0.49
Asset coverage ratio ⁽²⁾	278%	309%

⁽¹⁾ The debt to equity ratio adjusted for the liquidity portfolio is 0.49 and 0.41 at September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, which is calculated as (a) total debt less the value of the liquidity portfolio divided by (b)

total shareholders' equity.

- (2) As a business development company, we are generally required to maintain a minimum ratio of 200% of total assets to total borrowings.

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We have a liquidity portfolio that is composed of U.S. Treasury bills, money market securities and a certificate of deposit. At September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, the value and yield of the securities in the liquidity portfolio were as follows:

(\$ in millions)	2006		2005	
	Value	Yield	Value	Yield
U.S. Treasury bills ⁽¹⁾	\$ 127.6	4.9%	\$ 100.3	4.3%
Money market securities	34.0	5.2%	100.0	4.1%
Certificate of Deposit ⁽¹⁾	40.0	5.6%		
Total	\$ 201.6	5.1%	\$ 200.3	4.2%

⁽¹⁾ The Treasury bills and certificate of deposit mature in 2006.

The liquidity portfolio was established to provide a pool of liquid assets within our balance sheet. Our investment portfolio is primarily composed of private, illiquid assets for which there is no readily available market. Our portfolio's liquidity was reduced when we sold our portfolio of CMBS assets in May 2005, particularly BB rated bonds, which were generally more liquid than assets in our private finance portfolio. We assess the amount held in and the composition of the liquidity portfolio throughout the year.

We invest otherwise uninvested cash in U.S. government- or agency-issued or guaranteed securities that are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, or in high quality, short-term securities. We place our cash with financial institutions and, at times, cash held in checking accounts in financial institutions may be in excess of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insured limit.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2006, we sold new equity of \$218.9 million in public offerings. We did not sell new equity in a public offering during the nine months ended September 30, 2005, or for the year ended December 31, 2005. In addition, shareholders' equity increased by \$23.2 million, \$66.6 million and \$77.5 million through the exercise of stock options, the collection of notes receivable from the sale of common stock, and the issuance of shares through our dividend reinvestment plan for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, and the year ended December 31, 2005, respectively.

We employ an asset-liability management approach that focuses on matching the estimated maturities of our investment portfolio to the estimated maturities of our borrowings. We use our revolving line of credit facility as a means to bridge to long-term financing in the form of debt or equity capital, which may or may not result in temporary differences in the matching of estimated maturities. Availability on the revolving line of credit, net of amounts committed for standby letters of credit issued under the line of credit facility, was \$877.0 million on September 30, 2006. We evaluate our interest rate exposure on an ongoing basis. Generally, we seek to fund our primarily fixed-rate investment portfolio with fixed-rate debt or equity capital. To the extent deemed necessary, we may hedge variable and short-term interest rate exposure through interest rate swaps or other techniques.

We currently target a debt to equity ratio ranging between 0.50:1.00 to 0.70:1.00 because we believe that it is prudent to operate with a larger equity capital base and less leverage.

At September 30, 2006, we had outstanding debt as follows:

(\$ in millions)	Facility Amount	Amount Outstanding	Annual Interest Cost ⁽¹⁾
Notes payable and debentures:			
Privately issued unsecured notes payable	\$ 1,190.7	\$ 1,190.7	6.2%
Publicly issued unsecured notes payable	400.0	400.0	6.8%
SBA debentures ⁽²⁾			
Total notes payable and debentures	1,590.7	1,590.7	6.4%
Revolving line of credit	922.5		(3)
Total debt	\$ 2,513.2	\$ 1,590.7	6.6% ⁽⁴⁾

- (1) The weighted average annual interest cost is computed as the (a) annual stated interest on the debt plus the annual amortization of commitment fees, other facility fees and the amortization of debt financing costs that are recognized into interest expense over the contractual life of the respective borrowings, divided by (b) debt outstanding on the balance sheet date.
- (2) The SBA debentures were repaid in full during the third quarter of 2006.
- (3) There were no amounts drawn on the revolving line of credit at September 30, 2006. The annual interest cost for total debt includes the annual costs of commitment fees, other facility fees and the amortization of debt financing costs on the revolving line of credit regardless of the amount drawn on the balance sheet date. The annual cost of commitment fees, other facility fees and amortization of debt financing costs was \$3.9 million at September 30, 2006.
- (4) The annual interest cost for total debt includes the annual cost of commitment fees, other facility fees and the amortization of debt financing costs on the revolving line of credit regardless of the amount outstanding on the facility as of the balance sheet date.

Privately Issued Unsecured Notes Payable. We have privately issued unsecured long-term notes to institutional investors, primarily insurance companies. The notes have five- or seven-year maturities, with maturity dates beginning in 2006 and have fixed rates of interest. The notes generally require payment of interest only semi-annually, and all principal is due upon maturity. The notes may be prepaid in whole or in part, together with an interest premium, as stipulated in the note agreements.

On October 16, 2006, we repaid \$150.0 million of unsecured long-term debt that matured. This debt had a fixed interest rate of 7.2%. We used cash generated from operations and borrowings on our revolving line of credit to repay this debt.

On May 1, 2006, we issued \$50.0 million of unsecured long-term debt with a fixed interest rate of 6.75%. This debt matures in May 2013. The proceeds of this issuance were used to repay \$25 million of 7.49% unsecured long-term debt that matured on May 1, 2006, and the remainder was used to fund new portfolio investments and for general corporate purposes.

Publicly Issued Unsecured Notes Payable. On July 25, 2006, we completed a public issuance of \$400.0 million of five-year, unsecured notes with a fixed interest rate of 6.625%. This debt matures on July 15, 2011. The notes require

payment of interest only semi-annually, and all principal is due upon maturity. We have the option to redeem these notes in whole or in part, together with a redemption premium, as stipulated in the notes.

Small Business Administration Debentures. Through our small business investment company subsidiary, we had debentures payable to the Small Business Administration (SBA) with contractual maturities of ten years. The notes required payment of interest only semi-annually, and all principal was due upon maturity. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, we repaid \$28.5 million and \$49.0 million, respectively, of this outstanding debt. At September 30, 2006, we had no outstanding borrowings from the SBA. As of September 30, 2006, Allied Investments L.P., our Small Business Investment Company (SBIC) subsidiary, surrendered its SBIC license and on October 1, 2006, Allied Investments L.P. was merged into its parent, Allied Capital Corporation.

Revolving Line of Credit. At December 31, 2005, we had an unsecured revolving line of credit with a committed amount of \$772.5 million that expires on September 30, 2008. In May 2006, we expanded the

committed amount to \$922.5 million. The revolving line of credit is now fully committed. The revolving line of credit generally bears interest at a rate equal to (i) LIBOR (for the period we select) plus 1.05% or (ii) the higher of the Federal Funds rate plus 0.50% or the Bank of America N.A. prime rate. The revolving line of credit requires the payment of an annual commitment fee equal to 0.20% of the committed amount. The revolving line of credit generally requires payments of interest at the end of each LIBOR interest period, but no less frequently than quarterly, on LIBOR based loans and monthly payments of interest on other loans. All principal is due upon maturity.

At September 30, 2006, there were no outstanding borrowings on our unsecured revolving line of credit. The amount available under the line at September 30, 2006, was \$877.0 million, net of amounts committed for standby letters of credit of \$45.5 million. Net repayments under the revolving line of credit for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, were \$91.8 million.

We have various financial and operating covenants required by the revolving line of credit and the privately issued unsecured notes payable outstanding at September 30, 2006. These covenants require us to maintain certain financial ratios, including debt to equity and interest coverage, and a minimum net worth. These credit facilities provide for customary events of default, including, but not limited to, payment defaults, breach of representations or covenants, cross-defaults, bankruptcy events, failure to pay judgments, attachment of our assets, change of control and the issuance of an order of dissolution. Certain of these events of default are subject to notice and cure periods or materiality thresholds. Our credit facilities also limit our ability to declare dividends if we default under certain provisions. As of September 30, 2006, we were in compliance with these covenants.

We have certain financial and operating covenants that are required by the publicly issued unsecured notes payable, including that we will maintain a minimum ratio of 200% of total assets to total borrowings, as required by the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, while these notes are outstanding. At September 30, 2006, we were in compliance with these covenants.

The following table shows our significant contractual obligations for the repayment of debt and payment of other contractual obligations as of September 30, 2006.

(\$ in millions)	Payments Due By Year						After 2010
	Total	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	
Notes payable and debentures:							
Unsecured notes payable ⁽²⁾	\$ 1,590.7	\$ 150.0	\$	\$ 153.0	\$ 268.2	\$ 408.0	\$ 611.5
Revolving line of credit ⁽¹⁾							
Operating leases	25.6	1.1	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.4	6.6
Total contractual obligations	\$ 1,616.3	\$ 151.1	\$ 4.4	\$ 157.5	\$ 272.8	\$ 412.4	\$ 618.1

(1) At September 30, 2006, \$877.0 million remained unused and available, net of amounts committed for standby letters of credit of \$45.5 million issued under the credit facility.

(2) The unsecured notes payable of \$150.0 million maturing in 2006 were repaid on October 16, 2006.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The following table shows our contractual commitments that may have the effect of creating, increasing, or accelerating our liabilities as of September 30, 2006.

(\$ in millions)	Total	Amount of Commitment Expiration Per Year					After 2010
		2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	
Guarantees	\$ 201.9	\$ 2.1	\$ 0.7	\$ 3.0	\$ 190.6	\$	\$ 5.5
Standby letters of credit ⁽¹⁾	45.5	0.1	3.9	41.5			
Total commitments	\$ 247.4	\$ 2.2	\$ 4.6	\$ 44.5	\$ 190.6	\$	\$ 5.5

- ⁽¹⁾ Standby letters of credit are issued under our revolving line of credit that expires in September 2008. Therefore, unless a standby letter of credit is set to expire at an earlier date, we have assumed that the standby letters of credit will expire contemporaneously with the expiration of our line of credit in September 2008.

In addition, we had outstanding commitments to fund investments totaling \$408.6 million at September 30, 2006. See Portfolio and Investment Activity Outstanding Commitments above. We intend to fund these commitments and prospective investment opportunities with existing cash, through cash flow from operations before new investments, through borrowings under our line of credit or other long-term debt agreements, or through the sale or issuance of new equity capital.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements are based on the selection and application of critical accounting policies, which require management to make significant estimates and assumptions. Critical accounting policies are those that are both important to the presentation of our financial condition and results of operations and require management's most difficult, complex, or subjective judgments. Our critical accounting policies are those applicable to the valuation of investments and certain revenue recognition matters as discussed below.

Valuation of Portfolio Investments. As a business development company, we invest in illiquid securities including debt and equity securities of companies and CDO and CLO bonds and preferred shares/income notes. Our investments may be subject to certain restrictions on resale and generally have no established trading market. We value substantially all of our investments at fair value as determined in good faith by the Board of Directors in accordance with our valuation policy. We determine fair value to be the amount for which an investment could be exchanged in an orderly disposition over a reasonable period of time between willing parties other than in a forced or liquidation sale. Our valuation policy considers the fact that no ready market exists for substantially all of the securities in which we invest. Our valuation policy is intended to provide a consistent basis for determining the fair value of the portfolio. We will record unrealized depreciation on investments when we believe that an investment has become impaired, including where collection of a loan or realization of an equity security is doubtful, or when the enterprise value of the portfolio company does not currently support the cost of our debt or equity investments. Enterprise value means the entire value of the company to a potential buyer, including the sum of the values of debt and equity securities used to capitalize the enterprise at a point in time. We will record unrealized appreciation if we believe that the underlying portfolio company has appreciated in value and/or our equity security has also appreciated in value. The value of

investments in publicly traded securities is determined using quoted market prices discounted for restrictions on resale, if any.

See Results of Operations Change in Unrealized Appreciation or Depreciation above.

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Loans and Debt Securities. For loans and debt securities, fair value generally approximates cost unless the borrower's enterprise value, overall financial condition or other factors lead to a determination of fair value at a different amount. The value of loan and debt securities may be greater than our cost basis if the amount that would be repaid on the loan or debt security upon the sale of the portfolio company is greater than our cost basis.

When we receive nominal cost warrants or free equity securities (nominal cost equity), we allocate our cost basis in our investment between debt securities and nominal cost equity at the time of origination. At that time, the original issue discount basis of the nominal cost equity is recorded by increasing the cost basis in the equity and decreasing the cost basis in the related debt securities.

Interest income is recorded on an accrual basis to the extent that such amounts are expected to be collected. For loans and debt securities with contractual payment-in-kind interest, which represents contractual interest accrued and added to the loan balance that generally becomes due at maturity, we will not accrue payment-in-kind interest if the portfolio company valuation indicates that the payment-in-kind interest is not collectible. In general, interest is not accrued on loans and debt securities if we have doubt about interest collection or where the enterprise value of the portfolio company may not support further accrual. Loans that are classified as Grade 4 or 5 assets under our internal grading system do not accrue interest. In addition, interest may not accrue on loans or debt securities to portfolio companies that are more than 50% owned by us depending on such company's capital requirements. Loan origination fees, original issue discount, and market discount are capitalized and then amortized into interest income using a method that approximates the effective interest method. Upon the prepayment of a loan or debt security, any unamortized loan origination fees are recorded as interest income and any unamortized original issue discount or market discount is recorded as a realized gain. Prepayment premiums are recorded on loans and debt securities when received.

Equity Securities. Our equity securities in portfolio companies for which there is no liquid public market are valued at fair value based on the enterprise value of the portfolio company, which is determined using various factors, including cash flow from operations of the portfolio company and other pertinent factors, such as recent offers to purchase a portfolio company, recent transactions involving the purchase or sale of the portfolio company's equity securities, liquidation events, or other events. The determined equity values are generally discounted to account for restrictions on resale or minority ownership positions.

The value of our equity securities in public companies for which market quotations are readily available is based on the closing public market price on the balance sheet date. Securities that carry certain restrictions on sale are typically valued at a discount from the public market value of the security.

Dividend income on preferred equity securities is recorded as dividend income on an accrual basis to the extent that such amounts are expected to be collected and to the extent that we have the option to receive the dividend in cash. Dividend income on common equity securities is recorded on the record date for private companies or on the ex-dividend date for publicly traded companies.

Collateralized Debt Obligations (CDO) and Collateralized Loan Obligations (CLO). CDO and CLO bonds and preferred shares/income notes (CDO/CLO Assets) are carried at fair value, which is based on a discounted cash flow model that utilizes prepayment and loss assumptions based on historical experience and projected performance, economic factors, the characteristics of the underlying cash flow, and comparable yields for similar bonds and preferred shares/income notes, when available. We recognize unrealized appreciation or depreciation on our CDO/CLO Assets as comparable yields in the market change and/or based on changes in estimated cash flows resulting from changes in prepayment or loss assumptions in the underlying collateral pool. We determine the fair value of our CDO/CLO Assets on an individual security-by-security basis.

We recognize income from the amortization of original issue discount using the effective interest method using the anticipated yield over the projected life of the investment. Yields are revised when there are changes in actual and estimated prepayment speeds or actual and estimated credit losses. Changes in estimated yield are

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recognized as an adjustment to the estimated yield over the remaining life of the CDO/CLO Assets from the date the estimated yield was changed.

Net Realized Gains or Losses and Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation or Depreciation. Realized gains or losses are measured by the difference between the net proceeds from the repayment or sale and the cost basis of the investment without regard to unrealized appreciation or depreciation previously recognized, and include investments charged off during the year, net of recoveries. Net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation primarily reflects the change in portfolio investment values during the reporting period, including the reversal of previously recorded unrealized appreciation or depreciation when gains or losses are realized. Net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation also reflects the change in the value of U.S. Treasury bills and deposits of proceeds from sales of borrowed Treasury securities, and depreciation on accrued interest and dividends receivable and other assets where collection is doubtful.

Fee Income. Fee income includes fees for loan prepayment premiums, guarantees, commitments, and services rendered by us to portfolio companies and other third parties such as diligence, structuring, transaction services, management and consulting services, and other services. Loan prepayment premiums are recognized at the time of prepayment. Guaranty and commitment fees are generally recognized as income over the related period of the guaranty or commitment, respectively. Diligence, structuring, and transaction services fees are generally recognized as income when services are rendered or when the related transactions are completed. Management, consulting and other services fees are generally recognized as income as the services are rendered.

Federal and State Income Taxes and Excise Tax

We intend to comply with the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code (Code) that are applicable to regulated investment companies (RIC) and real estate investment trusts (REIT). We and any of our subsidiaries that qualify as a RIC or a REIT intend to distribute or retain through a deemed distribution all of our annual taxable income to shareholders; therefore, we have made no provision for income taxes for these entities. Income taxes for AC Corp are accounted for under the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases as well as operating loss and tax credit carryforwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled.

If we do not distribute at least 98% of our annual taxable income in the year earned, we will generally be required to pay an excise tax equal to 4% of the amount by which 98% of our annual taxable income exceeds the distributions from such taxable income for the year. To the extent that we determine that our estimated current year annual taxable income will be in excess of estimated current year dividend distributions from such taxable income, we accrue excise taxes, if any, on estimated excess taxable income as taxable income is earned using an annual effective excise tax rate. The annual effective excise tax rate is determined by dividing the estimated annual excise tax by the estimated annual taxable income.

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET**

(in thousands, except per share amounts)	September 30, 2006 (unaudited)	December 31, 2005
ASSETS		
Portfolio at value:		
Private finance		
Companies more than 25% owned (cost: 2006-\$1,464,190; 2005-\$1,489,782)	\$ 1,401,877	\$ 1,887,651
Companies 5% to 25% owned (cost: 2006-\$413,374; 2005-\$168,373)	417,455	158,806
Companies less than 5% owned (cost: 2006-\$2,217,811; 2005-\$1,448,268)	2,168,484	1,432,833
Total private finance (cost: 2006-\$4,095,375; 2005-\$3,106,423)	3,987,816	3,479,290
Commercial real estate finance (cost: 2006-\$125,454; 2005-\$131,695)	131,810	127,065
Total portfolio at value (cost: 2006-\$4,220,829; 2005-\$3,238,118)	4,119,626	3,606,355
U.S. Treasury bills (cost: 2006-\$125,000; 2005-\$100,000)	127,561	100,305
Investments in money market and other securities	116,855	121,967
Deposits of proceeds from sales of borrowed Treasury securities	17,733	17,666
Accrued interest and dividends receivable	61,012	60,366
Other assets	119,493	87,858
Cash	3,178	31,363
Total assets	\$ 4,565,458	\$ 4,025,880
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY		
Liabilities:		
Notes payable and debentures (maturing within one year: 2006-\$150,000; 2005-\$175,000)	\$ 1,590,699	\$ 1,193,040
Revolving line of credit		91,750
Obligations to replenish borrowed Treasury securities	17,733	17,666
Accounts payable and other liabilities	133,145	102,878
Total liabilities	1,741,577	1,405,334
Commitments and contingencies		
Shareholders' equity:		
Common stock, \$0.0001 par value, 200,000 shares authorized; 145,722 and 136,697 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, respectively	15	14
Additional paid-in capital	2,430,410	2,177,283
Common stock held in deferred compensation trust	(26,030)	(19,460)

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Notes receivable from sale of common stock	(2,863)	(3,868)
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	(117,617)	354,325
Undistributed earnings	539,966	112,252
Total shareholders' equity	2,823,881	2,620,546
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 4,565,458	\$ 4,025,880
Net asset value per common share	\$ 19.38	\$ 19.17

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

(in thousands, except per share amounts)	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
	(unaudited)		(unaudited)	
Interest and Related Portfolio Income:				
Interest and dividends				
Companies more than 25% owned	\$ 23,812	\$ 31,137	\$ 77,377	\$ 89,587
Companies 5% to 25% owned	10,977	5,205	28,046	16,723
Companies less than 5% owned	63,879	40,011	177,559	126,318
Total interest and dividends	98,668	76,353	282,982	232,628
Fees and other income				
Companies more than 25% owned	6,486	9,019	24,222	21,777
Companies 5% to 25% owned	10	677	4,008	802
Companies less than 5% owned	8,219	8,808	23,638	20,776
Total fees and other income	14,715	18,504	51,868	43,355
Total interest and related portfolio income	113,383	94,857	334,850	275,983
Expenses:				
Interest	26,109	17,929	72,455	57,483
Employee	25,228	13,969	67,054	52,302
Employee stock options	3,649		11,852	
Administrative	8,153	14,936	29,348	58,563
Total operating expenses	63,139	46,834	180,709	168,348
Net investment income before income taxes	50,244	48,023	154,141	107,635
Income tax expense (benefit), including excise tax	1,586	1,889	13,988	7,482
Net investment income	48,658	46,134	140,153	100,153
Net Realized and Unrealized Gains (Losses):				
Net realized gains (losses)				
Companies more than 25% owned	394	64,677	528,793	47,192
Companies 5% to 25% owned	93	(6)	(324)	4,702
Companies less than 5% owned	9,429	6,043	14,522	236,601
Total net realized gains	9,916	70,714	542,991	288,495

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Net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation	19,312	(3,680)	(471,942)	156,026
Total net gains (losses)	29,228	67,034	71,049	444,521
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 77,886	\$ 113,168	\$ 211,202	\$ 544,674
Basic earnings per common share	\$ 0.54	\$ 0.84	\$ 1.50	\$ 4.06
Diluted earnings per common share	\$ 0.53	\$ 0.82	\$ 1.47	\$ 3.99
Weighted average common shares outstanding basic	144,163	135,322	141,002	134,110
Weighted average common shares outstanding diluted	147,112	138,058	144,030	136,669

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

(in thousands, except per share amounts)	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2006	2005
	(unaudited)	
Operations:		
Net investment income	\$ 140,153	\$ 100,153
Net realized gains	542,991	288,495
Net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation	(471,942)	156,026
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	211,202	544,674
Shareholder distributions:		
Common stock dividends	(255,430)	(231,163)
Net decrease in net assets resulting from shareholder distributions	(255,430)	(231,163)
Capital share transactions:		
Sale of common stock	218,882	
Issuance of common stock for portfolio investments		7,200
Issuance of common stock in lieu of cash distributions	11,050	7,456
Issuance of common stock upon the exercise of stock options	11,108	57,805
Stock option expense	12,088	
Net decrease in notes receivable from sale of common stock	1,005	1,332
Purchase of common stock held in deferred compensation trust	(7,226)	(6,034)
Distribution of common stock held in deferred compensation trust	656	1,756
Other		4,182
Net increase in net assets resulting from capital share transactions	247,563	73,697
Total increase in net assets	203,335	387,208
Net assets at beginning of period	2,620,546	1,979,778
Net assets at end of period	\$ 2,823,881	\$ 2,366,986
Net asset value per common share	\$ 19.38	\$ 17.37
Common shares outstanding at end of period	145,722	136,289

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(in thousands)	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2006	2005
	(unaudited)	
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 211,202	\$ 544,674
Adjustments:		
Portfolio investments	(1,700,751)	(1,320,611)
Principal collections related to investment repayments or sales	885,872	1,241,827
Change in accrued or reinvested interest and dividends	1,820	(1,905)
Amortization of discounts and fees	(3,644)	(3,339)
Redemption of (investments in) U.S. Treasury bills	(22,875)	
Redemption of (investments in) money market securities	7,581	(21,620)
Stock option expense	12,088	
Changes in other assets and liabilities	33,897	33,399
Depreciation and amortization	1,303	1,404
Realized gains from the receipt of notes and other securities as consideration from sale of investments, net of collections	(209,049)	(4,605)
Realized losses	7,063	50,661
Net change in unrealized (appreciation) or depreciation	471,942	(156,026)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(303,551)	363,859
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Sale of common stock	218,882	
Sale of common stock upon the exercise of stock options	11,108	57,805
Collections of notes receivable from sale of common stock	1,005	1,332
Borrowings under notes payable and debentures	450,000	
Repayments on notes payable and debentures	(53,500)	(94,700)
Net borrowings under (repayments on) revolving line of credit	(91,750)	(112,000)
Purchase of common stock held in deferred compensation trust	(7,226)	(6,034)
Other financing activities	(4,674)	(4,594)
Common stock dividends and distributions paid	(248,479)	(226,367)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	275,366	(384,558)
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(28,185)	(20,699)
Cash at beginning of period	31,363	57,160
Cash at end of period	\$ 3,178	\$ 36,461

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INVESTMENTS

Private Finance		September 30, 2006		
Portfolio Company		(unaudited)		
(in thousands, except number of shares)	Investment ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Principal	Cost	Value
Companies More Than 25% Owned				
Acme Paging, L.P. ⁽⁴⁾	Senior Loan (6.0%, Due 12/07) ⁽⁶⁾	\$ 3,750	\$ 3,750	\$
(Telecommunications)	Subordinated Debt (10.0%, Due 1/08) ⁽⁶⁾	881	881	
	Common Stock (23,513 shares)		27	
Alaris Consulting, LLC	Senior Loan (16.5%, Due 12/05 12/07) ⁽⁹⁾	27,055	27,002	
(Business Services)	Equity Interests		5,305	
	Guaranty (\$1,100)			
Avborne, Inc. ⁽⁷⁾	Preferred Stock (12,500 shares)		658	897
(Business Services)	Common Stock (27,500 shares)			
Avborne Heavy Maintenance, Inc. ⁽⁷⁾	Preferred Stock (1,568 shares)		2,401	
(Business Services)	Common Stock (2,750 shares)			
	Guaranty (\$2,401)			
Border Foods, Inc.	Preferred Stock (100,000 shares)		12,721	
(Consumer Products)	Common Stock (148,838 shares)		3,848	
Business Loan Express, LLC	Class A Equity Interests(25.0%)	66,379	66,379	66,379
(Financial Services)	Class B Equity Interests		119,436	114,562
	Class C Equity Interests		109,301	103,939
	Guaranty (\$188,109 See Note 3)			
	Standby Letters of Credit (\$29,500 See Note 3)			
Calder Capital Partners, LLC ⁽⁵⁾	Senior Loan (8.0%, Due 5/09) ⁽⁶⁾	500	500	500
(Financial Services)	Equity Interests		1,901	1,901
Callidus Capital Corporation	Subordinated Debt (18.0%, Due 10/08)	5,513	5,513	5,513
(Financial Services)	Common Stock (10 shares)		2,058	17,665
Coverall North America, Inc.	Unitranche Debt (12.0%, Due 7/11)	36,500	36,324	36,324

(Business Services)	Subordinated Debt (15.0%, Due 7/11)	6,000	5,971	5,971
	Common Stock (884,880 shares)		16,649	17,379
CR Brands, Inc.	Subordinated Debt (16.6%, Due 2/13)	39,232	39,054	39,054
(Consumer Products)	Common Stock (37,200,551 shares)		33,321	32,574
Diversified Group Administrators, Inc.	Preferred Stock (1,000,000 shares)		700	742
(Business Services)	Preferred Stock (1,451,380 shares)		841	841
	Common Stock (1,451,380 shares)			50
Financial Pacific Company	Subordinated Debt (17.4%, Due 2/12 8/12)	71,232	70,995	70,995
(Financial Services)	Preferred Stock (10,964 shares)		10,276	15,183
	Common Stock (14,735 shares)		14,819	58,183
ForeSite Towers, LLC (Tower Leasing)	Equity Interests		7,620	14,278

- (1) Interest rates represent the weighted average annual stated interest rate on loans and debt securities, which are presented by nature of indebtedness for a single issuer. The maturity dates represent the earliest and the latest maturity dates.
- (2) Common stock, preferred stock, warrants, options, and equity interests are generally non-income producing and restricted.
- (3) Public company.
- (4) Non-U.S. company or principal place of business outside the U.S.
- (5) Non-registered investment company.
- (6) Loan or debt security is on non-accrual status and therefore is considered non-income producing.
- (7) Avborne, Inc. and Avborne Heavy Maintenance, Inc. are affiliated companies.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Private Finance Portfolio Company (in thousands, except number of shares)	Investment ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	September 30, 2006 (unaudited)		
		Principal	Cost	Value
Global Communications, LLC	Senior Loan (10.7%, Due 9/02 11/07) ⁽⁶⁾	\$ 15,957	\$ 15,957	\$ 15,957
(Business Services)	Subordinated Debt (17.0%, Due 12/03 9/05) ⁽⁹⁾	11,339	11,336	9,138
	Preferred Equity Interest		14,067	
	Options		1,639	
Gordian Group, Inc.	Senior Loan (10.0%, Due 6/06 12/08) ⁽⁶⁾	11,792	11,807	
(Business Services)	Common Stock (1,000 shares)		6,762	
Healthy Pet Corp.	Senior Loan (10.0%, Due 8/10)	18,638	18,638	18,638
(Consumer Services)	Subordinated Debt (15.0%, Due 8/10)	43,503	43,352	43,352
	Common Stock (30,142 shares)		30,142	28,728
HMT, Inc.	Preferred Stock (554,052 shares)		2,637	2,637
(Energy Services)	Common Stock (300,000 shares)		3,000	8,664
	Warrants		1,155	3,336
Impact Innovations Group, LLC	Equity Interests in Affiliate			872
(Business Services)				
Insight Pharmaceuticals Corporation	Subordinated Debt (16.1%, Due 9/12)	59,663	59,455	59,455
(Consumer Products)	Preferred Stock (25,000 shares)		25,000	28,350
	Common Stock (620,000 shares)		6,325	208
Jakel, Inc.	Subordinated Debt (15.5%, Due 3/08) ⁽⁶⁾	15,192	15,192	11,493
(Industrial Products)	Preferred Stock (6,460 shares)		6,460	
	Common Stock (158,061 shares)		9,347	
Legacy Partners Group, LLC	Senior Loan (14.0%, Due 5/09) ⁽⁶⁾	7,646	7,646	6,516
(Financial Services)	Subordinated Debt (18.0%, Due 5/09) ⁽⁶⁾	2,952	2,952	
	Equity Interests		4,248	
Litterer Beteiligungs-GmbH ⁽⁴⁾	Subordinated Debt (8.0%, Due 3/07)	665	665	665
(Business Services)	Equity Interest		1,809	1,739
Mercury Air Centers, Inc.				

	Subordinated Debt (16.0%, Due 4/09)			
(Business Services)	11/12)	48,858	48,702	48,702
	Common Stock (57,970 shares)		35,053	153,025
	Standby Letters of Credit (\$1,581)			
MVL Group, Inc.	Senior Loan (12.0%, Due 10/07 7/09)	26,498	26,392	26,392
(Business Services)	Subordinated Debt (14.5%, Due 6/09)	34,571	34,166	34,166
	Common Stock (648,661 shares)		643	757
Penn Detroit Diesel Allison, LLC	Subordinated Debt (15.5%, Due 8/13)	37,983	37,798	37,798
(Business Services)	Equity Interests		21,128	21,128
Powell Plant Farms, Inc.	Senior Loan (15.0%, Due 12/06) ⁽⁶⁾	34,290	25,442	25,195
(Consumer Products)	Subordinated Debt (20.0%, Due 6/03) ⁽⁶⁾	19,291	19,223	
	Preferred Stock (1,483 shares)			
	Warrants			

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ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Private Finance Portfolio Company (in thousands, except number of shares)	Investment ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	September 30, 2006 (unaudited)		
		Principal	Cost	Value
Service Champ, Inc. (Business Services)	Subordinated Debt (15.5%, Due 4/12) Common Stock (63,888 shares)	\$ 27,557	\$ 27,438 13,662	\$ 27,438 13,388
Staffing Partners Holding Company, Inc. (Business Services)	Subordinated Debt (13.5%, Due 1/07) ⁽⁶⁾ Preferred Stock (439,600 shares) Common Stock (69,773 shares) Warrants Guaranty (\$1,300)	5,987	5,987 4,968 50 10	
Startec Global Communications Corporation (Telecommunications)	Senior Loan (10.0%, Due 5/07 5/09) Common Stock (19,180,000 shares)	19,569	19,569 37,256	19,569 11,535
Sweet Traditions, LLC (Consumer Products)	Senior Loan (9.0%, Due 8/11) Equity Interests Standby Letter of Credit (\$120)	40,000	35,940 450	35,940 450
Triview Investments, Inc. ⁽⁸⁾ (Broadcasting & Cable/Business Services/Consumer Products)	Senior Loan (9.6%, Due 6/07) Subordinated Debt (14.8%, Due 7/12 9/11) Subordinated Debt (16.8%, Due 7/08 7/12) ⁽⁶⁾ Common Stock (202 shares) Guaranty (\$800) Standby Letter of Credit (\$200)	14,325 40,288 19,600	14,308 40,086 19,520 98,557	14,308 40,086 19,520 29,802
Total companies more than 25% owned			\$ 1,464,190	\$ 1,401,877
Companies 5% to 25% Owned				
Advantage Sales & Marketing, Inc.	Subordinated Debt (12.0%, Due 3/14)	\$ 151,546	\$ 150,850	\$ 150,850

(Business Services)	Equity Interests		2,032	13,000
Air Medical Group Holdings LLC	Senior Loan (9.1%, Due 3/11)	671	602	602
(Healthcare Services)	Subordinated Debt (14.0%, Due 11/12)	34,912	34,858	34,858
	Equity Interests		3,470	4,900
Alpine ESP Holdings, Inc.	Preferred Stock (622 shares)		622	622
(Business Services)	Common Stock (13,513 shares)		14	14
Amerex Group, LLC	Subordinated Debt (12.0%, Due 1/13)	8,400	8,400	8,400
(Consumer Products)	Equity Interests		3,546	8,047
BB&T Capital Partners/Windsor Mezzanine Fund, LLC ⁽⁵⁾	Equity Interests		5,873	5,867
(Private Equity Fund)				
Becker Underwood, Inc.	Subordinated Debt (14.5%, Due 8/12)	24,090	24,005	24,005
(Industrial Products)	Common Stock (5,073 shares)		5,813	3,200
BI Incorporated	Subordinated Debt (13.5%, Due 2/14)	30,154	30,015	30,015
(Business Services)	Common Stock (40,000 shares)		4,000	4,100

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- (3) Public company.
- (4) Non-U.S. company or principal place of business outside the U.S.
- (5) Non-registered investment company.
- (6) Loan or debt security is on non-accrual status and therefore is considered non-income producing.
- (8) Triview Investments, Inc. holds investments in Longview Cable & Data, LLC (Broadcasting & Cable) with a cost of \$66.5 million and a value of \$6.3 million, Triax Holdings, LLC (Consumer Products) with a cost of \$98.9 million and a value of \$90.4 million, and Crescent Hotels & Resorts, LLC and affiliates (Business Services) with a cost of \$7.0 million and a value of \$7.0 million.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Private Finance Portfolio Company (in thousands, except number of shares)	Investment⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	September 30, 2006 (unaudited)		
		Principal	Cost	Value
CitiPostal, Inc. and Affiliates	Senior Loan (11.1%, Due 8/13 11/14)	\$ 20,790	\$ 20,685	\$ 20,685
(Business Services)	Equity Interests		4,447	4,447
Creative Group, Inc.	Subordinated Debt (12.0%, Due 9/13)	15,000	13,627	13,627
(Business Services)	Warrant		1,387	1,387
MedBridge Healthcare, LLC	Senior Loan (6.0%, Due 8/09) ⁽⁶⁾	7,164	7,164	7,164
(Healthcare Services)	Subordinated Debt (10.0%, Due 8/14) ⁽⁶⁾	5,184	5,184	443
	Convertible Subordinated Debt (2.0%, Due 8/14) ⁽⁶⁾	2,970	984	
	Equity Interests		1,306	
Nexcel Synthetics, LLC	Subordinated Debt (14.5%, Due 6/09)	10,901	10,878	10,878
(Consumer Products)	Equity Interests		1,755	1,866
Pres Air Trol LLC	Unitranche Debt (12.0%, Due 4/10) ⁽⁶⁾	5,770	5,452	2,215
(Industrial Products)	Equity Interests		1,361	
Progressive International Corporation	Subordinated Debt (16.0%, Due 12/09)	7,514	7,494	7,494
(Consumer Products)	Preferred Stock (500 shares)		500	1,002
	Common Stock (197 shares)		13	1,200
	Warrants			
Regency Healthcare Group, LLC	Senior Loan (11.1%, Due 6/12)	1,250	1,230	1,230
(Healthcare Services)	Unitranche Debt (11.1%, Due 6/12)	20,000	19,904	19,904
	Equity Interests		1,500	1,500
SGT India Private Limited ⁽⁴⁾	Common Stock (109,524 shares)		3,944	3,944
(Business Services)				
Soteria Imaging Services, LLC	Subordinated Debt (11.7%, Due 11/10)	16,500	15,541	15,541
(Healthcare Services)	Equity Interests		2,163	2,445
Universal Environmental Services, LLC		10,989	10,960	10,960

	Unitranche Debt (13.5%, Due 2/09)			
(Business Services)	Equity Interests		1,795	1,043
Total companies 5% to 25% owned			\$ 413,374	\$ 417,455
Companies Less Than 5% Owned				
3SI Security Systems, Inc.	Subordinated Debt (14.5%, Due 8/13)	\$ 26,612	\$ 26,491	\$ 26,491
(Consumer Products)				
AgData, L.P.	Unitranche Debt (10.3%, Due 7/12)	10,800	10,739	10,739
(Consumer Services)				
Anthony, Inc.	Subordinated Debt (13.3%, Due 8/11)			
(Industrial Products)	9/12)	14,780	14,728	14,728
Bantek West, Inc.	Subordinated Debt (11.6%, Due 1/11)	30,000	30,000	23,884
(Business Services)				
Benchmark Medical, Inc.	Warrants		18	
(Healthcare Services)				
BenefitMall, Inc.	Unitranche Debt (13.3%, Due 8/12)	110,030	109,631	109,631
(Business Services)	Common Stock (45,528,000 shares) ⁽¹¹⁾		45,528	45,528
	Warrants			
	Standby Letters of Credit (\$9,981)			
Broadcast Electronics, Inc.	Senior Loan (9.2%, Due 7/12)	4,975	4,941	4,941
(Business Services)				

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- (3) Public company.
- (4) Non-U.S. company or principal place of business outside the U.S.
- (5) Non-registered investment company.
- (6) Loan or debt security is on non-accrual status and therefore is considered non-income producing.
- (11) Common stock is non-voting. In addition to non-voting stock ownership, the Company has an option to acquire a majority of the voting securities of the portfolio company at fair market value.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Private Finance Portfolio Company (in thousands, except number of shares)	Investment⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	September 30, 2006 (unaudited)		
		Principal	Cost	Value
C&K Market, Inc. (Retail)	Subordinated Debt (14.0%, Due 12/08)	\$ 27,679	\$ 27,588	\$ 27,588
Callidus Debt Partners CDO Fund I, Ltd. ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁹⁾ (Senior Debt Fund)	Class C Notes (12.9%, Due 12/13) Class D Notes (17.0%, Due 12/13)	18,800 9,400	18,957 9,478	18,957 9,478
Callidus Debt Partners CLO Fund III, Ltd. ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁹⁾ (Senior Debt Fund)	Preferred Shares (23,600,000 shares)		23,594	23,594
Callidus Debt Partners CLO Fund IV, Ltd. ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁹⁾ (Senior Debt Fund)	Income Notes		13,334	13,334
Callidus MAPS CLO Fund I LLC ⁽⁹⁾ (Senior Debt Fund)	Class E Notes (10.9%, Due 12/17) Income Notes	17,000	17,000 50,737	17,000 50,737
Camden Partners Strategic Fund II, L.P. ⁽⁵⁾ (Private Equity Fund)	Limited Partnership Interest		2,141	3,102
Carlisle Wide Plank Floors, Inc. (Consumer Products)	Unitranche Debt (10.5%, Due 6/11) Preferred Stock (400,000 Shares)	14,000	13,895 400	13,895 400
Catterton Partners V, L.P. ⁽⁵⁾ (Private Equity Fund)	Limited Partnership Interest		3,034	3,171
Catterton Partners VI, L.P. ⁽⁵⁾ (Private Equity)	Limited Partnership Interest			
Centre Capital Investors IV, LP ⁽⁵⁾	Limited Partnership Interest		1,752	1,701

(Private Equity Fund)

Commercial Credit Group, Inc. (Financial Services)	Subordinated Debt (14.8%, Due 2/11) Preferred Stock (32,500 shares) Warrants	5,000	4,957 3,900	4,957 3,900
Community Education Centers, Inc. (Education Services)	Subordinated Debt (16.0%, Due 12/10)	33,898	33,801	33,801
Component Hardware Group, Inc. (Industrial Products)	Subordinated Debt (13.5%, Due 1/13)	18,100	18,013	18,013
Cook Inlet Alternative Risk, LLC (Business Services)	Unitranche Debt (10.5%, Due 4/12) Equity Interests	72,400	72,029 2,000	72,029 2,000
Cortec Group Fund IV, L.P. ⁽⁵⁾ (Private Equity)	Limited Partnership Interest		1,137	1,136
CSAV, Inc. (Business Services)	Subordinated Debt (11.9%, Due 6/13)	37,500	37,500	37,500
DCWV Acquisition Corporation (Consumer Products)	Senior Loan (8.8%, Due 7/12) Unitranche Debt (11.0%, Due 7/12)	1,274 16,788	1,259 16,690	1,259 16,690
Deluxe Entertainment Services Group, Inc. (Business Services)	Subordinated Debt (13.6%, Due 7/11)	30,000	30,000	30,000

- (1) Interest rates represent the weighted average annual stated interest rate on loans and debt securities, which are presented by nature of indebtedness for a single issuer. The maturity dates represent the earliest and the latest maturity dates.
- (2) Common stock, preferred stock, warrants, options, and equity interests are generally non-income producing and restricted.
- (3) Public company.
- (4) Non-U.S. company or principal place of business outside the U.S.
- (5) Non-registered investment company.
- (6) Loan or debt security is on non-accrual status and therefore is considered non-income producing.
- (9) The fund is managed by Callidus Capital, a portfolio company of Allied Capital.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Private Finance Portfolio Company (in thousands, except number of shares)	Investment⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	September 30, 2006 (unaudited)		
		Principal	Cost	Value
Distant Lands Trading Co.	Unitranche Debt (10.3%, Due 1/11)	\$ 25,000	\$ 24,873	\$ 24,873
(Consumer Products)	Common Stock (1,500 shares)		1,500	1,079
Drilltec Patents & Technologies Company, Inc.	Subordinated Debt (18.0%, Due 8/06)	4,119	4,119	4,119
(Energy Services)	Subordinated Debt (10.0%, Due 8/06) ⁽⁶⁾	10,994	10,918	11,115
Driven Brands, Inc.	Senior Loan (8.9%, Due 6/11)	37,070	36,909	36,909
d/b/a Meineke and Econo Lube	Subordinated Debt (12.1%, Due 6/12 6/13)	83,000	82,667	82,667
(Consumer Services)	Common Stock (11,675,331 shares) ⁽¹¹⁾		29,455	23,977
	Warrants			
Digital VideoStream, LLC	Unitranche Debt (11.0%, Due 2/12)	19,578	19,467	19,467
(Business Services)	Convertible Subordinated Debt (10.0%, Due 2/16)	3,639	3,623	3,623
Dynamic India Fund IV ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	Equity Interests		3,850	3,850
(Private Equity Fund)				
Century Capital Partners, L.P. ⁽⁵⁾	Limited Partnership Interest		5,649	858
(Private Equity Fund)				
Elexis Beta GmbH ⁽⁴⁾	Options		426	50
(Industrial Products)				
Event Rentals, Inc.	Senior Loan (10.8%, Due 11/11)	25,313	25,190	25,190
(Consumer Services)				
Farley s & Sathers Candy Company, Inc.	Subordinated Debt (11.6%, Due 3/11)	20,000	19,926	19,926
(Consumer Products)				
Frozen Specialties, Inc.	Warrants		435	320
(Consumer Products)				
Garden Ridge Corporation	Subordinated Debt (7.0%, Due 5/12) ⁽⁶⁾	22,500	22,500	13,630
(Retail)				
Geotrace Technologies, Inc.	Subordinated Debt (10.0%, Due 6/09)	24,394	22,857	22,857
(Energy Services)	Warrants		2,350	1,800
Ginsey Industries, Inc.	Subordinated Debt (12.5%, Due 3/07)	2,988	2,988	2,988

(Consumer Products)				
Grant Broadcasting Systems II	Subordinated Debt (5.0%, Due 6/11)	3,005	3,005	3,005
(Broadcasting & Cable)				
Grotech Partners, VI, L.P. ⁽⁵⁾	Limited Partnership Interest		8,451	5,959
(Private Equity Fund)				
Guren Capital Partners, L.P. ⁽⁵⁾	Limited Partnership Interest		21	
(Private Equity)				
Havco Wood Products LLC	Senior Loan (11.3%, Due 8/11)	2,200	2,180	2,180
(Industrial Products)	Unitranche Debt (11.1%, Due 8/11)	21,054	19,992	19,992
	Equity Interests		1,049	2,300
Haven Eldercare of New England, LLC ⁽¹⁰⁾	Subordinated Debt (12.0%, Due 8/09) ⁽⁶⁾	3,162	3,162	3,162
(Healthcare Services)				
Haven Healthcare Management, LLC ⁽¹⁰⁾	Subordinated Debt (18.0%, Due 4/07) ⁽⁶⁾			
(Healthcare Services)				

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- (2) Common stock, preferred stock, warrants, options, and equity interests are generally non-income producing and restricted.
- (3) Public company.
- (4) Non-U.S. company or principal place of business outside the U.S.
- (5) Non-registered investment company.
- (6) Loan or debt security is on non-accrual status and therefore is considered non-income producing.
- (10) Haven Eldercare of New England, LLC and Haven Healthcare Management, LLC are affiliated companies.
- (11) Common stock is non-voting. In addition to non-voting stock ownership, the Company has an option to acquire a majority of the voting securities of the portfolio company at fair market value.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Private Finance Portfolio Company (in thousands, except number of shares)	Investment⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	September 30, 2006 (unaudited)		
		Principal	Cost	Value
HealthASPex Services Inc. (Business Services)	Senior Loan (4.0%, Due 7/08)	\$ 500	\$ 500	\$ 309
The Hillman Companies, Inc. ⁽³⁾ (Consumer Products)	Subordinated Debt (10.0%, Due 9/11)	44,580	44,419	44,419
Homax Holdings, Inc. (Consumer Products)	Subordinated Debt (12.0%, Due 8/11)	14,000	13,147	13,147
	Preferred Stock (89 shares)		89	64
	Common Stock (28 shares)		6	6
	Warrants		1,106	1,054
Hot Stuff Foods, LLC (Consumer Products)	Senior Loan (8.8%, Due 2/11-2/12)	46,970	46,970	46,970
	Subordinated Debt (13.7%, Due 8/12 2/13)	60,374	60,107	60,107
	Subordinated Debt (16.0%, Due 2/13) ⁽⁶⁾	13,341	13,287	6,577
	Common Stock (375,000 shares) ⁽¹¹⁾		37,500	
	Warrants			
Integrity Interactive Corporation (Business Services)	Unitranche Debt (10.5%, Due 2/12)	30,000	29,804	29,804
International Fiber Corporation (Industrial Products)	Subordinated Debt (14.0%, Due 6/12)	21,874	21,799	21,799
	Preferred Stock (25,000 shares)		2,500	2,100
Jones Stephens Corporation (Consumer Products)	Senior Loan (9.1%, Due 9/12)	2,400	2,400	2,400
Kodiak Fund LP ⁽⁵⁾ (Private Equity Fund)	Equity Interests		4,875	4,875
Line-X, Inc.	Senior Loan (9.1%, Due 8/11)	2,600	2,580	2,580

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(Consumer Products)	Unitranche Debt (10.0% Due 8/11) Standby Letter of Credit (\$1,500)	49,600	49,387	49,387
MedAssets, Inc. (Business Services)	Preferred Stock (227,865 shares) Warrants		2,049	3,555 200
MHF Logistical Solutions, Inc. (Business Services)	Subordinated Debt (11.5%, Due 6/12) Subordinated Debt (18.0%, Due 6/13) ⁽⁶⁾ Common Stock (20,934 shares) ⁽¹¹⁾ Warrants	33,600 11,211	33,441 11,154 20,942	33,441 8,323
Mid-Atlantic Venture Fund IV, L.P. ⁽⁵⁾ (Private Equity Fund)	Limited Partnership Interest		6,600	2,845
Mogas Energy, LLC (Energy Services)	Subordinated Debt (9.5%, Due 3/12 4/12) Warrants	16,455	15,180 1,774	15,180 2,900
Network Hardware Resale, Inc. (Business Services)	Unitranche Debt (10.5%, Due 12/11) Convertible Subordinated Debt (9.8%, Due 12/15)	37,607 12,000	37,820 12,070	37,820 12,070
Norwesco, Inc. (Industrial Products)	Subordinated Debt (12.6%, Due 1/12 7/12) Common Stock (559,603 shares) ⁽¹¹⁾ Warrants	82,377	82,047 38,313	82,047 64,889
Novak Biddle Venture Partners III, L.P. ⁽⁵⁾ (Private Equity Fund)	Limited Partnership Interest		1,744	1,830

- (1) Interest rates represent the weighted average annual stated interest rate on loans and debt securities, which are presented by nature of indebtedness for a single issuer. The maturity dates represent the earliest and the latest maturity dates.
- (2) Common stock, preferred stock, warrants, options, and equity interests are generally non-income producing and restricted.
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- (5) Non-registered investment company.
- (6) Loan or debt security is on non-accrual status and therefore is considered non-income producing.
- (11) Common stock is non-voting. In addition to non-voting stock ownership, the Company has an option to acquire a majority of the voting securities of the portfolio company at fair market value.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Private Finance Portfolio Company (in thousands, except number of shares)	Investment ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	September 30, 2006 (unaudited)		
		Principal	Cost	Value
Oahu Waste Services, Inc. (Business Services)	Stock Appreciation Rights		\$ 239	\$ 800
Odyssey Investment Partners Fund III, LP ⁽⁵⁾ (Private Equity Fund)	Limited Partnership Interest		1,882	1,669
Opinion Research Corporation ⁽³⁾ (Business Services)	Warrants		996	2,682
Palm Coast Data, LLC (Business Services)	Senior Loan (9.0%, Due 8/10)	\$ 15,288	15,224	15,224
	Subordinated Debt (15.5%, Due 8/12 8/15)	30,126	30,003	30,003
	Common Stock (21,743 shares) ⁽¹¹⁾		21,743	30,732
	Warrants			
Passport Health Communications, Inc. (Healthcare Services)	Subordinated Debt (14.0%, Due 4/12)	10,067	10,022	10,022
Performant Financial Corporation (Business Services)	Preferred Stock (651,381 shares)		2,000	2,000
Pro Mach, Inc. (Industrial Products)	Common Stock (478,816 shares)		734	
Promo Works, LLC (Business Services)	Subordinated Debt (13.8%, Due 6/12)	14,444	14,372	14,372
Red Hawk Industries, LLC (Business Services)	Equity Interests		1,500	2,200
S.B. Restaurant Company (Retail)	Unitranche Debt (10.3%, Due 12/11)	31,000	30,716	30,716
	Guaranty (\$1,200)			
	Unitranche Debt (11.0%, Due 4/11)	56,483	56,242	56,242
SBBUT, LLC (Consumer Products)	Unitranche Debt (10.3%, Due 4/11)	35,501	35,101	35,101
Service Center Metals, LLC (Industrial Products)	Preferred Stock (54,125 shares)		135	135
	Warrants		619	1,200
	Standby Letters of Credit (\$2,611)			
	Equity Interests			
	Subordinated Debt (15.5%, Due 9/11)	5,000	4,975	4,975
	Equity Interests		313	313

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Soff-Cut Holdings, Inc. (Industrial Products)	Preferred Stock (300 shares)		300	300
	Common Stock (2,000 shares)		200	148
SPP Mezzanine Fund, L.P. ⁽⁵⁾ (Private Equity Fund)	Limited Partnership Interest		2,551	2,775
Stag-Parkway, Inc. (Business Services)	Unitranche Debt (10.8%, Due 7/12)	63,000	62,698	62,698
STS Operating, Inc. (Industrial Products)	Subordinated Debt (15.0%, Due 1/13)	30,158	30,017	30,017

- (1) Interest rates represent the weighted average annual stated interest rate on loans and debt securities, which are presented by nature of indebtedness for a single issuer. The maturity dates represent the earliest and the latest maturity dates.
- (2) Common stock, preferred stock, warrants, options, and equity interests are generally non-income producing and restricted.
- (3) Public company.
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- (5) Non-registered investment company.
- (6) Loan or debt security is on non-accrual status and therefore is considered non-income producing.
- (11) Common stock is non-voting. In addition to non-voting stock ownership, the Company has an option to acquire a majority of the voting securities of the portfolio company at fair market value.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Private Finance Portfolio Company (in thousands, except number of shares)	Investment ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	September 30, 2006 (unaudited)		
		Principal	Cost	Value
The Step2 Company, LLC	Senior Loan (9.0%, Due 4/12)	\$ 2,000	\$ 1,849	\$ 1,849
(Consumer Products)	Unitranche Debt (10.5%, Due 4/12)	68,149	67,838	67,838
	Equity Interests		2,000	2,000
Tradesmen International, Inc.	Subordinated Debt (12.0%, Due 12/09)	15,000	14,430	14,430
(Business Services)	Warrants		710	3,300
TransAmerican Auto Parts, LLC	Subordinated Debt (14.0%, Due 11/12)	12,882	12,826	12,826
(Consumer Products)	Equity Interests		1,190	993
TransTechnology Corporation ⁽³⁾	Senior Loan (10.2%, Due 5/11)	10,000	10,000	10,000
(Industrial Products)				
Universal Air Filter Company	Unitranche Debt (11.0%, Due 11/11)	19,367	19,272	19,272
(Industrial Products)				
Universal Tax Systems, Inc.	Subordinated Debt (14.5%, Due 10/13)	19,432	19,368	19,368
(Business Services)				
Udata Venture Partners II, L.P. ⁽⁵⁾	Limited Partnership Interest		5,077	4,779
(Private Equity Fund)				
Venturehouse-Cibernet Investors, LLC	Equity Interest		42	42
(Business Services)				
Venturehouse Group, LLC ⁽⁵⁾	Equity Interest		598	399
(Private Equity Fund)				
VICORP Restaurants, Inc. ⁽³⁾	Warrants		33	
(Retail)				
Walker Investment Fund II, LLLP ⁽⁵⁾	Limited Partnership Interest		1,330	516
(Private Equity Fund)				
Wear Me Apparel Corporation	Subordinated Debt (15.0%, Due 12/10)	40,000	39,296	39,296
(Consumer Products)	Warrants		1,219	2,900
Wilton Industries, Inc.	Subordinated Debt (16.0%, Due 6/08)	2,400	2,400	2,400
(Consumer Products)				
Woodstream Corporation		52,934	52,804	52,804

	Subordinated Debt (13.5%, Due 11/12 5/13)			
(Consumer Products)	Common Stock (180 shares)		673	3,885
	Warrants			2,815
York Insurance Services Group, Inc.	Subordinated Debt (14.5%, Due 1/14)	44,067	43,855	43,855
(Business Services)	Common Stock (15,000 shares)		1,500	1,500
Other companies	Other debt investments ⁽⁶⁾	467	467	315
	Other equity investments		8	
	Guaranty (\$118)			
Total companies less than 5% owned			\$ 2,217,811	\$ 2,168,484
Total private finance (143 portfolio companies)			\$ 4,095,375	\$ 3,987,816

- (1) Interest rates represent the weighted average annual stated interest rate on loans and debt securities, which are presented by nature of indebtedness for a single issuer. The maturity dates represent the earliest and the latest maturity dates.
- (2) Common stock, preferred stock, warrants, options, and equity interests are generally non-income producing and restricted.
- (3) Public company.
- (4) Non-U.S. company or principal place of business outside the U.S.
- (5) Non-registered investment company.
- (6) Loan or debt security is on non-accrual status and therefore is considered non-income producing.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Commercial Real Estate Finance

(in thousands, except number of loans)

			September 30, 2006	
	Interest Rate Ranges	Number of Loans	(unaudited) Cost	Value
Commercial Mortgage Loans				
	Up to 6.99%	3	\$ 20,286	\$ 19,481
	7.00% 8.99%	25	48,965	48,991
	9.00% 10.99%	3	21,993	21,993
	15.00% and above	2	3,970	3,970
Total commercial mortgage loans ⁽¹²⁾		33	\$ 95,214	\$ 94,435
Real Estate Owned			\$ 13,236	\$ 15,253
Equity Interests ⁽²⁾ Companies more than 25% owned (Guarantees \$6,871)			\$ 17,004	\$ 22,122
Total commercial real estate finance			\$ 125,454	\$ 131,810
Total portfolio			\$ 4,220,829	\$ 4,119,626

	Yield	Cost	Value
Liquidity Portfolio			
U.S. Treasury bills (Due October 2006)	4.9%	\$ 100,004	\$ 102,163
U.S. Treasury bills (Due December 2006)	4.9%	24,996	25,398
SEI Daily Income Tr Prime Obligation Fund ⁽¹³⁾	5.2%	34,003	34,003
Certificate of Deposit (Due December 2006) ⁽¹³⁾	5.6%	40,000	40,000
Total liquidity portfolio		\$ 199,003	\$ 201,564

Other Investments in Money Market Securities⁽¹³⁾

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Columbia Treasury Reserves Money Market Fund	5.2%	\$ 2,809	\$ 2,809
Columbia Money Market Reserves	5.2%	\$ 34,583	\$ 34,583
M & T Investment Group Commercial Paper	5.2%	\$ 5,025	\$ 5,029
AIM Premier Portfolio Money Market Fund	5.3%	\$ 431	\$ 431

- (1) Interest rates represent the weighted average annual stated interest rate on loans and debt securities, which are presented by nature of indebtedness for a single issuer. The maturity dates represent the earliest and the latest maturity dates.
- (2) Common stock, preferred stock, warrants, options, and equity interests are generally non-income producing and restricted.
- (3) Public company.
- (4) Non-U.S. company or principal place of business outside the U.S.
- (5) Non-registered investment company.
- (12) Commercial mortgage loans totaling \$20.4 million at value were on non-accrual status and therefore were considered non-income producing.
- (13) Included in investments in money market and other securities on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheet.
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**(Information at and for the three and nine months ended
September 30, 2006 and 2005 is unaudited)**

Note 1. Organization

Allied Capital Corporation, a Maryland corporation, is a closed-end management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a business development company (BDC) under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (1940 Act). Allied Capital Corporation (ACC) has a subsidiary, Allied Investments L.P. (Allied Investments), which was licensed under the Small Business Investment Act of 1958 as a Small Business Investment Company (SBIC). As of September 30, 2006, Allied Investments surrendered its SBIC license and on October 1, 2006, Allied Investments was merged into ACC. In addition, ACC has a real estate investment trust subsidiary, Allied Capital REIT, Inc. (Allied REIT), and several subsidiaries that are single member limited liability companies established primarily to hold real estate properties. ACC also has a subsidiary, A.C. Corporation (AC Corp), that generally provides diligence and structuring services as well as transaction, management, consulting and other services to the Company and its portfolio companies. AC Corp has a wholly-owned subsidiary, AC Finance LLC (AC Finance), that generally originates, underwrites and arranges senior loans.

ACC and its subsidiaries, collectively, are referred to as the Company. The Company consolidates the results of its subsidiaries for financial reporting purposes.

Pursuant to Article 6 of Regulation S-X, the financial results of the Company's portfolio investments are not consolidated in the Company's financial statements. Portfolio investments are held for purposes of deriving investment income and future capital gains.

The investment objective of the Company is to achieve current income and capital gains. In order to achieve this objective, the Company has primarily invested in companies in a variety of industries.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2005 balances to conform with the 2006 financial statement presentation.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for interim financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete consolidated financial statements. In the opinion of management, the unaudited consolidated financial results of the Company included herein contain all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring accruals) necessary to present fairly the financial position of the Company as of September 30, 2006, the results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, and changes in net assets and cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005. The results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, are not necessarily indicative of the operating results to be expected for the full year.

The private finance portfolio and the interest and related portfolio income and net realized gains (losses) on the private finance portfolio are presented in three categories: companies more than 25% owned, which represent portfolio companies where the Company directly or indirectly owns more than

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ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

25% of the outstanding voting securities of such portfolio company and, therefore, are deemed controlled by the Company under the 1940 Act; companies owned 5% to 25%, which represent portfolio companies where the Company directly or indirectly owns 5% to 25% of the outstanding voting securities of such portfolio company or where the Company holds one or more seats on the portfolio company's board of directors and, therefore, are deemed to be an affiliated person under the 1940 Act; and companies less than 5% owned which represent portfolio companies where the Company directly or indirectly owns less than 5% of the outstanding voting securities of such portfolio company and where the Company has no other affiliations with such portfolio company. The interest and related portfolio income and net realized gains (losses) from the commercial real estate finance portfolio and other sources are included in the companies less than 5% owned category on the consolidated statement of operations.

In the ordinary course of business, the Company enters into transactions with portfolio companies that may be considered related party transactions.

Valuation Of Portfolio Investments

The Company, as a BDC, has invested in illiquid securities including debt and equity securities of companies and CDO and CLO bonds and preferred shares/income notes. The Company's investments may be subject to certain restrictions on resale and generally have no established trading market. The Company values substantially all of its investments at fair value as determined in good faith by the Board of Directors in accordance with the Company's valuation policy. The Company determines fair value to be the amount for which an investment could be exchanged in an orderly disposition over a reasonable period of time between willing parties other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The Company's valuation policy considers the fact that no ready market exists for substantially all of the securities in which it invests. The Company's valuation policy is intended to provide a consistent basis for determining the fair value of the portfolio. The Company will record unrealized depreciation on investments when it believes that an investment has become impaired, including where collection of a loan or realization of an equity security is doubtful, or when the enterprise value of the portfolio company does not currently support the cost of the Company's debt or equity investments. Enterprise value means the entire value of the company to a potential buyer, including the sum of the values of debt and equity securities used to capitalize the enterprise at a point in time. The Company will record unrealized appreciation if it believes that the underlying portfolio company has appreciated in value and/or the Company's equity security has also appreciated in value. The value of investments in publicly traded securities is determined using quoted market prices discounted for restrictions on resale, if any.

Loans and Debt Securities

For loans and debt securities, fair value generally approximates cost unless the borrower's enterprise value, overall financial condition or other factors lead to a determination of fair value at a different amount. The value of loan and debt securities may be greater than the Company's cost basis if the amount that would be repaid on the loan or debt security upon the sale of the portfolio company is greater than the Company's cost basis.

When the Company receives nominal cost warrants or free equity securities (nominal cost equity), the Company allocates its cost basis in its investment between its debt securities and its

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ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

nominal cost equity at the time of origination. At that time, the original issue discount basis of the nominal cost equity is recorded by increasing the cost basis in the equity and decreasing the cost basis in the related debt securities.

Interest income is recorded on an accrual basis to the extent that such amounts are expected to be collected. For loans and debt securities with contractual payment-in-kind interest, which represents contractual interest accrued and added to the loan balance that generally becomes due at maturity, the Company will not accrue payment-in-kind interest if the portfolio company valuation indicates that the payment-in-kind interest is not collectible. In general, interest is not accrued on loans and debt securities if the Company has doubt about interest collection or where the enterprise value of the portfolio company may not support further accrual. Loans that are classified as Grade 4 or 5 assets under the Company's internal grading system do not accrue interest. In addition, interest may not accrue on loans or debt securities to portfolio companies that are more than 50% owned by the Company depending on such company's capital requirements. Loan origination fees, original issue discount, and market discount are capitalized and then amortized into interest income using a method that approximates the effective interest method. Upon the prepayment of a loan or debt security, any unamortized loan origination fees are recorded as interest income and any unamortized original issue discount or market discount is recorded as a realized gain. Prepayment premiums are recorded on loans and debt securities when received.

The weighted average yield on loans and debt securities is computed as the (a) annual stated interest on accruing loans and debt securities plus the annual amortization of loan origination fees, original issue discount, and market discount on accruing loans and debt securities less the annual amortization of loan origination costs, divided by (b) total loans and debt securities at value. The weighted average yield is computed as of the balance sheet date.

Equity Securities

The Company's equity securities in portfolio companies for which there is no liquid public market are valued at fair value based on the enterprise value of the portfolio company, which is determined using various factors, including cash flow from operations of the portfolio company and other pertinent factors, such as recent offers to purchase a portfolio company, recent transactions involving the purchase or sale of the portfolio company's equity securities, liquidation events, or other events. The determined equity values are generally discounted to account for restrictions on resale or minority ownership positions.

The value of the Company's equity securities in public companies for which market quotations are readily available is based on the closing public market price on the balance sheet date. Securities that carry certain restrictions on sale are typically valued at a discount from the public market value of the security.

Dividend income on preferred equity securities is recorded as dividend income on an accrual basis to the extent that such amounts are expected to be collected and to the extent that the Company has the option to receive the dividend in cash. Dividend income on common equity securities is recorded on the record date for private companies or on the ex-dividend date for publicly traded companies.

ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Collateralized Debt Obligations (CDO) and Collateralized Loan Obligations (CLO)

CDO and CLO bonds and preferred shares/income notes (CDO/CLO Assets) are carried at fair value, which is based on a discounted cash flow model that utilizes prepayment and loss assumptions based on historical experience and projected performance, economic factors, the characteristics of the underlying cash flow, and comparable yields for similar bonds and preferred shares/income notes, when available. The Company recognizes unrealized appreciation or depreciation on its CDO/CLO Assets as comparable yields in the market change and/or based on changes in estimated cash flows resulting from changes in prepayment or loss assumptions in the underlying collateral pool. The Company determines the fair value of its CDO/CLO Assets on an individual security-by-security basis.

The Company recognizes income from the amortization of original issue discount using the effective interest method using the anticipated yield over the projected life of the investment. Yields are revised when there are changes in actual and estimated prepayment speeds or actual and estimated credit losses. Changes in estimated yield are recognized as an adjustment to the estimated yield over the remaining life of the CDO/CLO Assets from the date the estimated yield was changed.

Net Realized Gains or Losses and Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation or Depreciation

Realized gains or losses are measured by the difference between the net proceeds from the repayment or sale and the cost basis of the investment without regard to unrealized appreciation or depreciation previously recognized, and include investments charged off during the year, net of recoveries. Net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation primarily reflects the change in portfolio investment values during the reporting period, including the reversal of previously recorded unrealized appreciation or depreciation when gains or losses are realized. Net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation also reflects the change in the value of U.S. Treasury bills and deposits of proceeds from sales of borrowed Treasury securities, and depreciation on accrued interest and dividends receivable and other assets where collection is doubtful.

Fee Income

Fee income includes fees for loan prepayment premiums, guarantees, commitments, and services rendered by the Company to portfolio companies and other third parties such as diligence, structuring, transaction services, management and consulting services, and other services. Loan prepayment premiums are recognized at the time of prepayment. Guaranty and commitment fees are generally recognized as income over the related period of the guaranty or commitment, respectively. Diligence, structuring, and transaction services fees are generally recognized as income when services are rendered or when the related transactions are completed. Management, consulting and other services fees are generally recognized as income as the services are rendered.

Guarantees

Guarantees meeting the characteristics described in FASB Interpretation No. 45, *Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others* (the Interpretation) and issued or modified after December 31, 2002, are recognized

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ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

at fair value at inception. However, certain guarantees are excluded from the initial recognition provisions of the Interpretation. See Note 5.

Financing Costs

Debt financing costs are based on actual costs incurred in obtaining debt financing and are deferred and amortized as part of interest expense over the term of the related debt instrument using a method that approximates the effective interest method. Costs associated with the issuance of common stock, such as underwriting, accounting and legal fees, and printing costs are recorded as a reduction to the proceeds from the sale of common stock.

Dividends to Shareholders

Dividends to shareholders are recorded on the record date.

Stock Compensation Plans

The Company has a stock-based employee compensation plan. See Note 9. Effective January 1, 2006, the Company adopted the provisions of Statement No. 123 (Revised 2004), *Share-Based Payment* (the Statement). With respect to options granted prior to January 1, 2006, the Company has used the modified prospective method for adoption of the Statement. Under this method, the unamortized cost of previously awarded options that were unvested as of January 1, 2006, is recognized over the remaining service period in the statement of operations beginning in 2006. With respect to options granted on or after January 1, 2006, compensation cost is recognized over the related service period in the statement of operations. The effect of this adoption for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, was as follows:

(\$ in millions, except per share amounts)	For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2006	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006
Employee Stock Option Expense:		
Previously awarded, unvested options as of January 1, 2006	\$ 3.2	\$ 9.9
Options granted on or after January 1, 2006	0.4	2.0
Total employee stock option expense	\$ 3.6	\$ 11.9
Per basic share	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.08
Per diluted share	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.08

In addition to the employee stock option expense, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, administrative expense included zero and \$0.2 million, respectively, of expense related to options granted to directors during the period. Options granted to non-officer directors vest on the grant date and therefore, the full expense is recorded on the grant date.

Prior to January 1, 2006, the Company accounted for this plan under the recognition and measurement principles of APB Opinion No. 25, *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees*, and related interpretations. Prior to January 1, 2006, no stock-based compensation cost was reflected in net increase in net assets resulting from operations, as all options granted under this plan had an exercise price equal to the market value of the underlying common stock on the date of grant. The following

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ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

table illustrates the effect on net increase in net assets resulting from operations and earnings per share if the Company had applied the fair value recognition provisions of FASB Statement No. 123, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation*, to stock-based compensation for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2005.

(\$ in millions, except per share amounts)		For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2005	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2005
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations as reported	\$	113.2	\$ 544.7
Less total stock-based compensation expense determined under fair value based method for all awards, net of related tax effects		(2.6)	(9.5)
Pro forma net increase in net assets resulting from operations available to common shareholders	\$	110.6	\$ 535.2
Basic earnings per common share:			
As reported	\$	0.84	\$ 4.06
Pro forma	\$	0.82	\$ 3.99
Diluted earnings per common share:			
As reported	\$	0.82	\$ 3.99
Pro forma	\$	0.80	\$ 3.92

The stock option expense for 2006 and the pro forma expense for 2005 shown in the tables above were based on the underlying value of the options granted by the Company. The fair value of each option grant was estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model and expensed over the vesting period. The following weighted average assumptions were used to calculate the fair value of options granted during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005:

	For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2006		For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Expected term (in years)	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Risk-free interest rate	4.7%	4.1%	4.8%	4.1%
Expected volatility	26.8%	35.0%	29.1%	35.1%
Dividend yield	9.0%	9.0%	9.0%	9.0%
Weighted average fair value per option	\$ 3.12	\$ 3.96	\$ 3.47	\$ 3.94

The expected term of the options granted represents the period of time that such options are expected to be outstanding. To determine the expected term of the options, the Company used historical data to estimate option exercise time frames, including considering employee terminations. The risk free rate was based on the U.S. Treasury bond yield curve at the date of grant. Expected volatilities were determined based on the historical volatility of the Company's common stock over a historical time period consistent with the expected term. The dividend yield was determined based on the Company's historical dividend yield over a historical time period consistent with the expected term.

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ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

To determine the stock options expense, the calculated fair value of the options granted is applied to the options granted, net of assumed future option forfeitures. The Company estimates that the employee-related stock option expense under the Statement that will be recorded in the Company's statement of operations will be approximately \$16.2 million, \$10.5 million, and \$3.4 million for the years ended December 31, 2006, 2007, and 2008, respectively, which includes approximately \$2.7 million, \$1.7 million, and \$0.9 million, respectively, related to options granted in the nine months ended September 30, 2006. This estimate may change if the Company's assumptions related to future option forfeitures change. This estimate does not include any expense related to future stock option grants as the fair value of those stock options will be determined at the time of grant. The aggregate total stock option expense remaining as of September 30, 2006, is expected to be recognized over an estimated weighted-average period of 1.23 years.

Federal and State Income Taxes and Excise Tax

The Company intends to comply with the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code (Code) that are applicable to regulated investment companies (RIC) and real estate investment trusts (REIT). ACC and any subsidiaries that qualify as a RIC or a REIT intend to distribute or retain through a deemed distribution all of their annual taxable income to shareholders; therefore, the Company has made no provision for income taxes for these entities. Income taxes for AC Corp are accounted for under the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases as well as operating loss and tax credit carryforwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled.

If the Company does not distribute at least 98% of its annual taxable income in the year earned, the Company will generally be required to pay an excise tax equal to 4% of the amount by which 98% of the Company's annual taxable income exceeds the distributions from such taxable income for the year. To the extent that the Company determines that its estimated current year annual taxable income will be in excess of estimated current year dividend distributions from such taxable income, the Company accrues excise taxes, if any, on estimated excess taxable income as taxable income is earned using an annual effective excise tax rate. The annual effective excise tax rate is determined by dividing the estimated annual excise tax by the estimated annual taxable income.

Per Share Information

Basic earnings per common share is calculated using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period presented. Diluted earnings per common share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if options to issue common stock were exercised into common stock. Earnings per share is computed after subtracting dividends on preferred shares, if any.

Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts

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ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

The consolidated financial statements include portfolio investments at value of \$4.1 billion and \$3.6 billion at September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, respectively. At both September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, 90% of the Company's total assets represented portfolio investments whose fair values have been determined by the Board of Directors in good faith in the absence of readily available market values. Because of the inherent uncertainty of valuation, the Board of Directors' determined values may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market existed for the investments, and the differences could be material.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2006, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes*, which clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise's financial statements in accordance with FASB Statement No. 109, *Accounting for Income Taxes*. This interpretation is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. The Company does not expect the adoption of this interpretation to have a significant effect on the Company's consolidated financial position or its results of operations.

In September 2006, the FASB issued Statement No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*. This statement defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. This statement is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company does not expect the adoption of this statement to have a significant effect on the Company's consolidated financial position or its results of operations.

In September 2006, the SEC released SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin (SAB) No. 108, *Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements when Quantifying Misstatements in Current Year Financial Statements*, which addresses how uncorrected errors in previous years should be considered when quantifying errors in current year financial statements and requires registrants to consider the effect of all carry over and reversing effects of prior year misstatements when quantifying errors in current year financial statements. The SAB allows registrants to record the effects of adopting the guidance as a cumulative effect adjustment which must be reported as of the beginning of the first fiscal year ending after November 15, 2006. The Company does not expect the SAB to have a significant effect on the Company's consolidated financial position or its results of operations.

ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 3. Portfolio

Private Finance

At September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, the private finance portfolio consisted of the following:

(\$ in thousands)	Cost	2006 Value	Yield ⁽¹⁾	Cost	2005 Value	Yield ⁽¹⁾
Loans and debt securities:						
Senior loans	\$ 386,721	\$ 342,441	8.7%	\$ 284,680	\$ 239,838	9.5%
Unitranche debt ⁽²⁾	748,993	745,756	11.2%	294,201	294,201	11.4%
Subordinated debt	1,882,017	1,817,022	13.7%	1,610,228	1,560,851	13.8%
Total loans and debt securities ⁽³⁾	3,017,731	2,905,219	12.5%	2,189,109	2,094,890	13.0%
Equity securities	1,077,644	1,082,597		917,314	1,384,400	
Total	\$ 4,095,375	\$ 3,987,816		\$ 3,106,423	\$ 3,479,290	

(1) The weighted average yield on loans and debt securities is computed as the (a) annual stated interest on accruing loans and debt securities plus the annual amortization of loan origination fees, original issue discount, and market discount on accruing loans and debt securities less the annual amortization of loan origination costs, divided by (b) total loans and debt securities at value. At September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, the cost and value of subordinated debt include the Class A equity interests in BLX and the guaranteed dividend yield on these equity interests is included in interest income. The weighted average yield is computed as of the balance sheet date.

(2) Unitranche debt is a single debt investment that is a blend of senior and subordinated debt terms.

(3) The total principal balance outstanding on loans and debt securities was \$3,051.3 million and \$2,216.3 million at September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, respectively. The difference between principal and cost is represented by unamortized loan origination fees and costs, original issue discounts, and market discounts totaling \$33.6 million and \$27.2 million at September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, respectively.

The Company's private finance investment activity principally involves providing financing through privately negotiated long-term debt and equity investments. The Company's private finance debt and equity investments are generally issued by private companies and are generally illiquid and may be subject to certain restrictions on resale.

The Company's private finance debt investments are generally structured as loans and debt securities that carry a relatively high fixed rate of interest, which may be combined with equity features, such as conversion privileges, or warrants or options to purchase a portion of the portfolio company's equity at a pre-determined strike price, which is generally a nominal price for warrants or options in a private company. The annual stated interest rate is only one factor in pricing the investment relative to the Company's rights and priority in the portfolio company's capital structure, and will vary depending on many factors, including if the Company has received nominal cost equity or other components of investment return, such as loan origination fees or market discount. The stated interest rate may

include some component of contractual payment-in-kind interest, which represents contractual interest accrued and added to the loan balance that generally becomes due at maturity.

At both September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, 87% of the private finance loans and debt securities had a fixed rate of interest and 13% had a floating rate of interest. Senior loans generally carry a floating rate of interest, usually set as a spread over LIBOR. Senior loans generally have contractual maturities of three to six years and interest is generally paid to the Company monthly or quarterly. Loans other than senior loans generally carry a fixed rate of interest with contractual

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ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 3. Portfolio, continued

maturities of five to ten years. Loan and debt securities generally have interest-only payments in the early years and payments of both principal and interest in the later years, although maturities and principal amortization schedules may vary. Interest is generally paid to the Company quarterly.

Equity securities consist primarily of securities issued by private companies and may be subject to certain restrictions on their resale and are generally illiquid. The Company may make equity investments for minority stakes in portfolio companies in conjunction with its debt investments. The Company may also invest in the equity (preferred and/or voting or non-voting common) of a portfolio company where the Company's equity ownership may represent a significant portion of the equity, but may or may not represent a controlling interest. If the Company invests in non-voting equity in a buyout investment, the Company generally has the option to acquire a controlling stake in the voting securities of the portfolio company at fair market value. The Company may incur costs associated with making buyout investments that will be included in the cost basis of the Company's equity investment. These include costs such as legal, accounting and other professional fees associated with diligence, referral and investment banking fees, and other costs. Equity securities generally do not produce a current return, but are held with the potential for investment appreciation and ultimate gain on sale.

The Company's largest investment at value at September 30, 2006, was in Business Loan Express, LLC (BLX). The Company's largest investments at value at December 31, 2005, were in Advantage Sales & Marketing, Inc. (Advantage) and BLX. On March 29, 2006, the Company sold its majority equity interest in Advantage.

Business Loan Express, LLC. The Company's investment in BLX totaled \$295.1 million at cost and \$284.9 million at value at September 30, 2006, and \$299.4 million at cost and \$357.1 million at value at December 31, 2005. BLX is a small business lender that participates in the U.S. Small Business Administration's 7(a) Guaranteed Loan Program. At September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, the Company owned 94.9% of the voting Class C equity interests. BLX has an equity appreciation rights plan for management which will dilute the value available to the Class C equity interest holders. BLX is headquartered in New York, NY.

Total interest and related portfolio income earned from the Company's investment in BLX for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, was as follows:

(\$ in millions)	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Interest income on subordinated debt and Class A equity interests	\$ 4.1	\$ 3.6	\$ 11.9	\$ 10.5
Dividend income on Class B equity interests		4.0		9.0
Fees and other income	2.0	2.3	6.3	7.0
Total interest and related portfolio income	\$ 6.1	\$ 9.9	\$ 18.2	\$ 26.5

Interest income from BLX for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, included interest income of \$2.0 million and \$5.7 million, respectively, which was paid in kind. Interest income from BLX for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2005, included interest income of \$1.7 million and \$5.1 million, respectively, which was paid in kind. The interest paid in kind was paid to the Company through the issuance of additional Class A equity interests.

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ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 3. Portfolio, continued

Net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation included a net decrease on the Company's investment in BLX of \$34.3 million and \$67.9 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, respectively. Net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2005, included a net increase in unrealized appreciation of \$14.6 million and \$15.9 million, respectively, on the Company's investment in BLX.

At December 31, 2005, the Company had a commitment to BLX of \$30.0 million in the form of a subordinated revolving credit facility to provide working capital to BLX. There was \$10.0 million outstanding under this facility at December 31, 2005. Outstanding borrowings under this facility were repaid in full and this facility matured on April 30, 2006.

As a limited liability company, BLX's taxable income flows through directly to its members. BLX's annual taxable income generally differs from its book income for the fiscal year due to temporary and permanent differences in the recognition of income and expenses. The Company holds all of BLX's Class A and Class B interests, and 94.9% of the Class C interests. BLX's taxable income is first allocated to the Class A interests to the extent that dividends are paid in cash or in kind on such interests, with the remainder being allocated to the Class B and Class C interests. BLX may declare dividends on its Class B interests. If declared, BLX would determine the amount of such dividend considering its estimated annual taxable income allocable to such interests.

At the time of the corporate reorganization of BLX, Inc. from a C corporation to a limited liability company in 2003, for tax purposes BLX had a built-in gain representing the aggregate fair market value of its assets in excess of the tax basis of its assets. As a RIC, the Company will be subject to special built-in gain rules on the assets of BLX. Under these rules, taxes will be payable by the Company at the time and to the extent that the built-in gains on BLX's assets at the date of reorganization are recognized in a taxable disposition of such assets in the 10-year period following the date of the reorganization. At such time, the built-in gains realized upon the disposition of these assets will be included in the Company's taxable income, net of the corporate level taxes paid by the Company on the built-in gains. At the date of BLX's reorganization, the Company estimated that its future tax liability resulting from the built-in gains may total up to a maximum of \$40 million. However, if these assets are disposed of after the 10-year period, there will be no corporate level taxes on these built-in gains. While the Company has no obligation to pay the built-in gains tax until these assets or its interests in BLX are disposed of in the future, it may be necessary to record a liability for these taxes in the future should the Company intend to sell the assets of or its interests in BLX within the 10-year period. At September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, the Company considered the increase in fair value of its investment in BLX due to BLX's tax attributes as an LLC and has also considered the reduction in fair value of its investment due to these estimated built-in gain taxes in determining the fair value of its investment in BLX.

At December 31, 2005, BLX had a three-year \$275.0 million revolving credit facility provided by third party lenders that was scheduled to mature in January 2007. As the controlling equity owner in BLX, the Company had provided an unconditional guaranty to the revolving credit facility lenders in an amount equal to 50% of the total obligations (consisting of principal, letters of credit issued under the facility, accrued interest, and other fees) of BLX under the revolving credit facility. The total obligation guaranteed by the Company at December 31, 2005, was \$135.4 million.

On March 17, 2006, BLX closed on a new three-year \$500.0 million revolving credit facility that matures in March 2009, which replaced the existing facility. The revolving credit facility may be

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ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 3. Portfolio, continued

expanded through new or additional commitments up to \$600.0 million at BLX's option. This new facility provides for a sub-facility for the issuance of letters of credit for up to an amount equal to 25% of the committed facility. The Company has provided an unconditional guaranty to these BLX credit facility lenders in an amount equal to 50% of the total obligations (consisting of principal, letters of credit issued under the facility, accrued interest, and other fees) on this facility. The amount guaranteed by the Company at September 30, 2006, was \$188.1 million. This guaranty can be called by the lenders only in the event of a default under the BLX credit facility, which includes certain defaults under the Company's revolving credit facility. BLX has determined it was in compliance with the terms of this facility at September 30, 2006.

At September 30, 2006, the Company had also provided four standby letters of credit totaling \$29.5 million in connection with four term securitization transactions completed by BLX. In consideration for providing the revolving credit facility guaranty and the standby letters of credit, BLX paid the Company fees of \$1.5 million and \$1.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, and \$4.6 million and \$4.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

Advantage Sales and Marketing, Inc. In June 2004, the Company completed the purchase of a majority voting ownership in Advantage, which was subject to dilution by a management option pool. Advantage is a sales and marketing agency providing outsourced sales, merchandising, and marketing services to the consumer packaged goods industry. Advantage has offices across the United States and is headquartered in Irvine, CA.

At December 31, 2005, the Company's investment in Advantage totaled \$257.7 million at cost and \$660.4 million at value, which included unrealized appreciation of \$402.7 million.

On March 29, 2006, the Company sold its majority equity interest in Advantage. The Company was repaid its \$184 million in subordinated debt outstanding and realized a gain at closing on its equity investment sold of \$433.1 million, subject to post-closing adjustments. As consideration for the common stock sold in the transaction, the Company received a \$150 million subordinated note, with the balance of the consideration paid in cash. Approximately \$34 million of the Company's cash proceeds from the sale of the common stock were placed in escrow at closing, subject to certain holdback provisions. In the second and third quarters of 2006, the Company realized additional gains resulting from post-closing adjustments totaling \$1.3 million. In addition, there is potential for the Company to receive additional consideration through an earn-out payment that would be based on Advantage's 2006 audited results. The Company's realized gain of \$434.4 million as of September 30, 2006, subject to post-closing adjustments, excludes any earn-out amounts. In connection with the transaction, the Company retained an equity investment in the business valued at \$15 million at closing as a minority shareholder.

The Company's investment in Advantage at September 30, 2006, which was composed of subordinated debt and a minority equity interest, totaled \$152.9 million at cost and \$163.9 million at value. This investment was included in companies 5% to 25% owned in the consolidated financial statements as the Company continues to hold a seat on Advantage's board of directors.

Total interest and related portfolio income earned from the Company's investment in Advantage while the Company held a majority equity interest for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, was \$14.1 million and \$28.2 million, respectively.

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ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 3. Portfolio, continued

Net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, included the reversal of \$389.7 million of previously recorded unrealized appreciation associated with the realization of a gain on the sale of the Company's majority equity interest in Advantage and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2005, included an increase in unrealized appreciation of \$33.6 million and \$153.5 million, respectively, related to the Company's majority equity interest investment in Advantage.

Collateralized Loan Obligations (CLOs) and Collateralized Debt Obligations (CDOs) At September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, the Company owned bonds and preferred shares/income notes in collateralized loan obligations (CLOs) and a collateralized debt obligation (CDO) as follows:

(\$ in millions)	2006		2005	
	Cost	Value	Cost	Value
Callidus Debt Partners CDO Fund I, Ltd.	\$ 28.4	\$ 28.4	\$ 28.5	\$ 28.5
Callidus Debt Partners CLO Fund III, Ltd.	23.6	23.6	24.2	24.2
Callidus Debt Partners CLO Fund IV, Ltd.	13.3	13.3		
Callidus MAPS CLO Fund I LLC	67.7	67.7	65.1	65.1
Total	\$ 133.0	\$ 133.0	\$ 117.8	\$ 117.8

These CLO and CDO investments are managed by Callidus Capital, a portfolio company controlled by the Company.

The bonds, preferred shares and income notes of the CLOs and CDO in which the Company has invested are junior in priority for payment of interest and principal to the more senior notes issued by the CLOs and CDO. Cash flow from the underlying collateral assets in the CLOs and CDO is generally allocated first to the senior bonds in order of priority, then any remaining cash flow is generally distributed to the preferred shareholders and income note holders. To the extent there are defaults and unrecoverable losses on the underlying collateral assets that result in reduced cash flows, the preferred shares/income notes would bear this loss first and then the subordinated bonds would bear any loss after the preferred shares/income notes.

At both September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, the face value of the CLO and CDO bonds held by the Company were subordinate to approximately 82% to 85% of the face value of the securities issued in these CLOs and CDO. At both September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, the face value of the CLO preferred shares/income notes held by the Company were subordinate to approximately 86% to 91% of the face value of the securities issued in these CLOs.

ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 3. Portfolio, continued

At September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, the underlying collateral assets of these CLO and CDO investments, consisting primarily of senior debt, were issued by 431 issuers and 336 issuers, respectively, and had balances as follows:

(\$ in millions)	2006	2005
Bonds	\$ 240.5	\$ 230.7
Syndicated Loans	1,354.9	704.0
Cash ⁽¹⁾	77.8	238.4
Total underlying collateral assets	\$ 1,673.2	\$ 1,173.1

⁽¹⁾ Includes undrawn liability amounts.

At September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, there were no delinquencies in the underlying collateral assets of the CLO and CDO issuances owned by the Company.

The initial yields on the CLO and CDO bonds, preferred shares and income notes are based on the estimated future cash flows from the underlying collateral assets expected to be paid to these CLO and CDO classes. As each CLO and CDO bond, preferred share or income note ages, the estimated future cash flows are updated based on the estimated performance of the underlying collateral assets, and the respective yield is adjusted as necessary. As future cash flows are subject to uncertainties and contingencies that are difficult to predict and are subject to future events that may alter current assumptions, no assurance can be given that the anticipated yields to maturity will be achieved.

Loans and Debt Securities on Non-Accrual Status. At September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, private finance loans and debt securities at value not accruing interest were as follows:

(\$ in thousands)	2006	2005
Loans and debt securities in workout status (classified as Grade 4 or 5)		
Companies more than 25% owned	\$ 52,342	\$ 15,622
Companies 5% to 25% owned	2,658	
Companies less than 5% owned	24,835	11,417
Loans and debt securities not in workout status		
Companies more than 25% owned	35,977	58,047
Companies 5% to 25% owned	7,164	534
Companies less than 5% owned	18,286	49,458
Total	\$ 141,262	\$ 135,078

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ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 3. Portfolio, continued

Industry and Geographic Compositions. The industry and geographic compositions of the private finance portfolio at value at September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, were as follows:

	2006	2005
Industry		
Business services	38%	42%
Consumer products	22	14
Financial services	12	14
Industrial products	9	10
Consumer services	7	6
Healthcare services	2	2
Retail	2	3
Energy services	2	2
Other ⁽¹⁾	6	7
Total	100%	100%

⁽¹⁾ Includes investments in senior debt CDO and CLO funds, which represented 3% of the private finance portfolio at value at both September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005. These funds invest in senior debt representing a variety of industries.

	2006	2005
Geographic Region⁽¹⁾		
Mid-Atlantic	31%	29%
Midwest	30	21
West	18	34
Southeast	17	12
Northeast	4	4
Total	100%	100%

⁽¹⁾ The geographic region for the private finance portfolio depicts the location of the headquarters for the Company's portfolio companies. The portfolio companies may have a number of other locations in other geographic regions.

Commercial Real Estate Finance

At September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, the commercial real estate finance portfolio consisted of the following:

(\$ in thousands)	Cost	2006 Value	Yield ⁽¹⁾	Cost	2005 Value	Yield ⁽¹⁾
Commercial mortgage loans	\$ 95,214	\$ 94,435	7.7%	\$ 103,878	\$ 102,569	7.6%
Real estate owned	13,236	15,253		14,240	13,932	
Equity interests	17,004	22,122		13,577	10,564	
Total	\$ 125,454	\$ 131,810		\$ 131,695	\$ 127,065	

⁽¹⁾ The weighted average yield on the commercial mortgage loans is computed as the (a) annual stated interest on accruing loans plus the annual amortization of loan origination fees, original issue discount, and market discount on accruing loans less the annual amortization of origination costs, divided by (b) total interest-bearing investments at value. The weighted average yield is computed as of the balance sheet date.

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ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 3. Portfolio, continued

Commercial Mortgage Loans and Equity Interests. The commercial mortgage loan portfolio contains loans that were originated by the Company or were purchased from third-party sellers. At both September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, approximately 97% and 3% of the Company's commercial mortgage loan portfolio was composed of fixed and adjustable interest rate loans, respectively. At September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, loans with a value of \$20.4 million and \$20.8 million, respectively, were not accruing interest. Loans greater than 120 days delinquent generally do not accrue interest.

Equity interests consist primarily of equity securities issued by privately owned companies that invest in single real estate properties. These equity interests may be subject to certain restrictions on their resale and are generally illiquid. Equity interests generally do not produce a current return, but are generally held in anticipation of investment appreciation and ultimate realized gain on sale.

The property types and the geographic composition securing the commercial real estate finance portfolio at value at September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, were as follows:

	2006	2005
Property Type		
Hospitality	36%	37%
Housing	28	30
Office	18	11
Retail	15	16
Other	3	6
Total	100%	100%
Geographic Region		
Mid-Atlantic	32%	31%
Southeast	31	25
West	16	18
Midwest	15	21
Northeast	6	5
Total	100%	100%

ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 4. Debt

At September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, the Company had the following debt:

	2006			2005		
	Facility Amount	Amount Drawn	Annual Interest Cost ⁽¹⁾	Facility Amount	Amount Drawn	Annual Interest Cost ⁽¹⁾
(\$ in thousands)						
Notes payable and debentures:						
Privately issued unsecured notes payable	\$ 1,190,699	\$ 1,190,699	6.2%	\$ 1,164,540	\$ 1,164,540	6.2%
Publicly issued unsecured notes payable	400,000	400,000	6.8%			
SBA debentures				28,500	28,500	7.5%
Total notes payable and debentures	1,590,699	1,590,699	6.4%	1,193,040	1,193,040	6.3%
Revolving line of credit	922,500		⁽²⁾	772,500	91,750	5.6% ⁽²⁾
Total debt	\$ 2,513,199	\$ 1,590,699	6.6% ⁽³⁾	\$ 1,965,540	\$ 1,284,790	6.5% ⁽³⁾

⁽¹⁾ The weighted average annual interest cost is computed as the (a) annual stated interest on the debt plus the annual amortization of commitment fees, other facility fees and amortization of debt financing costs that are recognized into interest expense over the contractual life of the respective borrowings, divided by (b) debt outstanding on the balance sheet date.

⁽²⁾ There were no amounts drawn on the revolving line of credit at September 30, 2006. The annual interest cost for total debt includes the annual costs of commitment fees, other facility fees and amortization of debt financing costs on the revolving line of credit regardless of the amount drawn on the balance sheet date. The annual cost of commitment fees, other facility fees and amortization of debt financing costs was \$3.9 million and \$3.3 million at September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, respectively.

⁽³⁾ The annual interest cost for total debt includes the annual cost of commitment fees, other facility fees and amortization of debt financing costs on the revolving line of credit regardless of the amount outstanding on the facility as of the balance sheet date.

Notes Payable and Debentures

Privately Issued Unsecured Notes Payable. The Company has privately issued unsecured long-term notes to institutional investors. The notes have five- or seven-year maturities and have fixed rates of interest. The notes generally require payment of interest only semi-annually, and all principal is due upon maturity. At September 30, 2006, the notes had maturities from October 2006 to May 2013. The notes may be prepaid in whole or in part,

together with an interest premium, as stipulated in the note agreements.

On October 16, 2006, the Company repaid \$150.0 million of unsecured long-term debt that matured. This debt had a fixed interest rate of 7.2%.

On May 1, 2006, the Company issued \$50.0 million of seven-year, unsecured notes with a fixed interest rate of 6.75%. This debt matures in May 2013. The proceeds from the issuance of the notes were used in part to repay \$25 million of 7.49% unsecured long-term notes that matured on May 1, 2006.

Publicly Issued Unsecured Notes Payable. On July 25, 2006, the Company completed a public issuance of \$400.0 million of five-year, unsecured notes with a fixed interest rate of 6.625%. This debt matures on July 15, 2011. The notes require payment of interest only semi-annually, and all principal is due upon maturity. The Company has the option to redeem these notes in whole or in part, together with a redemption premium, as stipulated in the notes.

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ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 4. Debt, continued

SBA Debentures. At December 31, 2005, the Company had debentures payable to the SBA with original terms of ten years and at fixed interest rates ranging from 5.9% to 6.4%. The debentures required semi-annual interest-only payments with all principal due upon maturity. The SBA debentures were subject to prepayment penalties if paid prior to the fifth anniversary date of the notes. During the first and third quarters of 2006, the Company repaid \$12.0 million and \$16.5 million, respectively, of the SBA debentures. During the first and third quarters of 2005, the Company repaid \$31.0 million and \$18.0 million, respectively, of the SBA debentures. At September 30, 2006, the Company had no debentures payable to the SBA.

Scheduled Maturities. Scheduled future maturities of notes payable and debentures at September 30, 2006, were as follows:

Year	Amount Maturing (\$ in thousands)
2006	\$ 150,000 ⁽¹⁾
2007	
2008	153,000
2009	268,199
2010	408,000
Thereafter	611,500
Total	\$ 1,590,699

⁽¹⁾ The company repaid this debt in October 2006.

Revolving Line of Credit

At December 31, 2005, the Company had an unsecured revolving line of credit with a committed amount of \$772.5 million that expires on September 30, 2008. In May 2006, the Company expanded the committed amount to \$922.5 million. The revolving line of credit is now fully committed. At the Company's option, borrowings under the revolving line of credit generally bear interest at a rate equal to (i) LIBOR (for the period the Company selects) plus 1.05% or (ii) the higher of the Federal Funds rate plus 0.50% or the Bank of America, N.A. prime rate. The revolving line of credit requires the payment of an annual commitment fee equal to 0.20% of the committed amount (whether used or unused). The revolving line of credit generally requires payments of interest at the end of each LIBOR interest period, but no less frequently than quarterly, on LIBOR based loans and monthly payments of interest on other loans. All principal is due upon maturity.

The annual cost of commitment fees, other facility fees and amortization of debt financing costs was \$3.9 million and \$3.3 million at September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, respectively.

The revolving credit facility provides for a sub-facility for the issuance of letters of credit for up to an amount equal to 16.66% of the committed facility or \$153.7 million. The letter of credit fee is 1.05% per annum on letters of credit issued, which is payable quarterly.

The average debt outstanding on the revolving line of credit was \$137.3 million and \$42.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. The maximum amount borrowed under this facility and the weighted average stated interest rate for the nine months ended

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ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 4. Debt, continued

September 30, 2006 and 2005, were \$540.3 million and 6.3%, respectively, and \$263.3 million and 4.4%, respectively. As of September 30, 2006, the amount available under the revolving line of credit was \$877.0 million, net of amounts committed for standby letters of credit of \$45.5 million issued under the credit facility.

Covenant Compliance

The Company has various financial and operating covenants required by the privately issued unsecured notes payable and the revolving line of credit outstanding at September 30, 2006. These covenants require the Company to maintain certain financial ratios, including debt to equity and interest coverage, and a minimum net worth. These credit facilities provide for customary events of default, including, but not limited to, payment defaults, breach of representations or covenants, cross-defaults, bankruptcy events, failure to pay judgments, attachment of our assets, change of control and the issuance of an order of dissolution. Certain of these events of default are subject to notice and cure periods or materiality thresholds. The Company's credit facilities limit its ability to declare dividends if the Company defaults under certain provisions. As of September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, the Company was in compliance with these covenants.

The Company has certain financial and operating covenants that are required by the publicly issued unsecured notes payable, including that the Company will maintain a minimum ratio of 200% of total assets to total borrowings, as required by the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, while these notes are outstanding. As of September 30, 2006, the Company was in compliance with these covenants.

Note 5. Guarantees and Commitments

In the ordinary course of business, the Company has issued guarantees and has extended standby letters of credit through financial intermediaries on behalf of certain portfolio companies. All standby letters of credit have been issued through Bank of America, N.A. As of September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, the Company had issued guarantees of debt, rental obligations, and lease obligations aggregating \$201.9 million and \$148.6 million, respectively, and had extended standby letters of credit aggregating \$45.5 million and \$37.1 million, respectively. Under these arrangements, the Company would be required to make payments to third-party beneficiaries if the portfolio companies were to default on their related payment obligations. The maximum amount of potential future payments was \$247.4 million and \$185.7 million at September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, respectively. At September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, \$2.6 million and \$2.5 million, respectively, had been recorded as a liability for the Company's guarantees and no amounts had been recorded as a liability for the Company's standby letters of credit.

ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 5. Guarantees, continued

As of September 30, 2006, the guarantees and standby letters of credit expire as follows:

	Total	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	After 2010
(in millions)							
Guarantees	\$ 201.9	\$ 2.1	\$ 0.7	\$ 3.0	\$ 190.6	\$	\$ 5.5
Standby letters of credit ⁽¹⁾	45.5	0.1	3.9	41.5			
Total	\$ 247.4	\$ 2.2	\$ 4.6	\$ 44.5	\$ 190.6	\$	\$ 5.5

⁽¹⁾ Standby letters of credit are issued under the Company's revolving line of credit that expires in September 2008. Therefore, unless a standby letter of credit is set to expire at an earlier date, it is assumed that the standby letters of credit will expire contemporaneously with the expiration of the Company's line of credit in September 2008.

In the ordinary course of business, the Company enters into agreements with service providers and other parties that may contain provisions for the Company to indemnify such parties under certain circumstances.

At September 30, 2006, the Company had outstanding commitments to fund investments totaling \$408.6 million, including \$399.5 million related to private finance investments and \$9.1 million related to commercial real estate finance investments. In addition, during the fourth quarter of 2004 and the first quarter of 2005, the Company sold certain commercial mortgage loans that the Company may be required to repurchase under certain circumstances. These recourse provisions expire by April 2007. The aggregate outstanding principal balance of these sold loans was \$11.1 million at September 30, 2006.

Note 6. Shareholders' Equity

Sales of common stock for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, were as follows:

(in thousands)	2006	2005 ⁽¹⁾
Number of common shares	8,175	
Gross proceeds	\$ 229,804	\$
Less costs, including underwriting fees	(10,922)	
Net proceeds	\$ 218,882	\$

⁽¹⁾ The Company did not sell any common stock during the nine months ended September 30, 2005.

The Company issued 0.3 million shares of common stock with a value of \$7.2 million as consideration for an additional investment in Mercury Air Centers, Inc. during the nine months ended September 30, 2005.

The Company issued 0.5 million and 2.6 million shares of common stock upon the exercise of stock options during the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

The Company has a dividend reinvestment plan, whereby the Company may buy shares of its common stock in the open market or issue new shares in order to satisfy dividend reinvestment requests. If the Company issues new shares, the issue price is equal to the average of the closing sale prices reported for the Company's common stock for the five consecutive trading days immediately

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ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 6. Shareholders' Equity, continued

prior to the dividend payment date. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, the Company issued new shares in order to satisfy dividend reinvestment requests.

Dividend reinvestment plan activity for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, was as follows:

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
(in thousands, except per share amounts)	2006	2005
Shares issued	369	268
Average price per share	\$ 29.95	\$ 27.82

Note 7. Earnings Per Common Share

Earnings per common share for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, were as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
(in thousands, except per share amounts)	2006	2005	2006	2005
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations available to common shareholders	\$ 77,886	\$ 113,168	\$ 211,202	\$ 544,674
Weighted average common shares outstanding basic	144,163	135,322	141,002	134,110
Dilutive options outstanding	2,949	2,736	3,028	2,559
Weighted average common shares outstanding diluted	147,112	138,058	144,030	136,669
Basic earnings per common share	\$ 0.54	\$ 0.84	\$ 1.50	\$ 4.06
Diluted earnings per common share	\$ 0.53	\$ 0.82	\$ 1.47	\$ 3.99

Note 8. Employee Compensation Plans

The Company has a deferred compensation plan. Amounts deferred by participants under the deferred compensation plan are funded to a trust, which is administered by trustees. The accounts of the deferred compensation trust are consolidated with the Company's accounts. The assets of the trust are classified as other assets and the liability to the

plan participants is included in other liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. The deferred compensation plan accounts at September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, totaled \$17.7 million and \$16.6 million, respectively.

The Company has an Individual Performance Award (IPA) plan, which was established as a long-term incentive compensation program for certain officers. In conjunction with the program, the Board of Directors has approved a non-qualified deferred compensation plan (DCP II), which is

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ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 8. Employee Compensation Plans, continued

administered through a trust by a third-party trustee. The administrator of the DCP II is the Compensation Committee of the Company's Board of Directors (DCP II Administrator).

The IPA is generally determined annually at the beginning of each year but may be adjusted throughout the year. The IPA is deposited in the trust in four equal installments, generally on a quarterly basis, in the form of cash. The Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors designed the DCP II to require the trustee to use the cash to purchase shares of the Company's common stock in the open market. During both the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, 0.2 million shares were purchased in the DCP II.

All amounts deposited and then credited to a participant's account in the trust, based on the amount of the IPA received by such participant, are credited solely for purposes of accounting and computation and remain assets of the Company and subject to the claims of the Company's general creditors. Amounts credited to participants under the DCP II are immediately vested and generally non-forfeitable once deposited by the Company into the trust. A participant's account shall generally become distributable only after his or her termination of employment, or in the event of a change of control of the Company. Upon the participant's termination of employment, one-third of the participant's account will be immediately distributed in accordance with the plan, one-half of the then current remaining balance will be distributed on the first anniversary of his or her employment termination date and the remainder of the account balance will be distributed on the second anniversary of the employment termination date. Distributions are subject to the participant's adherence to certain non-solicitation requirements. All DCP II accounts will be distributed in a single lump sum in the event of a change of control of the Company. To the extent that a participant has an employment agreement, such participant's DCP II account will be fully distributed in the event that such participant's employment is terminated for good reason as defined under that participant's employment agreement. Sixty days following a distributable event, the Company and each participant may, at the discretion of the Company and subject to the Company's trading window during that time, redirect the participant's account to other investment options.

During any period of time in which a participant has an account in the DCP II, any dividends declared and paid on shares of the Company's common stock allocated to the participant's account shall be reinvested by the trustee as soon as practicable in shares of the Company's common stock.

The IPA amounts are contributed into the DCP II trust and invested in the Company's common stock. The accounts of the DCP II are consolidated with the Company's accounts. The common stock is classified as common stock held in deferred compensation trust in the accompanying financial statements and the deferred compensation obligation, which represents the amount owed to the employees, is included in other liabilities. Changes in the value of the Company's common stock held in the deferred compensation trust are not recognized. However, the liability is marked to market with a corresponding charge or credit to employee compensation expense. At September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, common stock held in DCP II was \$26.0 million and \$19.5 million, respectively, and the IPA liability was \$29.2 million and \$22.3 million, respectively. At September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, the DCP II held 0.9 million and 0.7 million shares, respectively, of the Company's common stock.

ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 8. Employee Compensation Plans, continued

The IPA expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, were as follows:

(\$ in millions)	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
IPA contributions	\$ 2.1	\$ 1.7	\$ 6.0	\$ 5.5
IPA mark to market expense (benefit)	1.2	(0.4)	0.6	1.5
Total IPA expense	\$ 3.3	\$ 1.3	\$ 6.6	\$ 7.0

The Company also has an individual performance bonus (IPB) plan which is distributed in cash to award recipients in equal bi-weekly installments as long as the recipient remains employed by the Company. If a recipient terminated employment during the year, any remaining cash payments under the IPB would be forfeited. For the three months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, the IPB expense was \$2.3 million and \$1.8 million, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, the IPB expense was \$5.9 million and \$5.4 million, respectively. The IPA and IPB expenses are included in employee expenses.

Note 9. Stock Option Plan

The purpose of the stock option plan (Option Plan) is to provide officers and non-officer directors of the Company with additional incentives. Options are exercisable at a price equal to the fair market value of the shares on the day the option is granted. Each option states the period or periods of time within which the option may be exercised by the optionee, which may not exceed ten years from the date the option is granted. The options granted generally vest ratably over a three-to five-year period. Options granted to non-officer directors vest on the grant date.

All rights to exercise options terminate 60 days after an optionee ceases to be (i) a non-officer director, (ii) both an officer and a director, if such optionee serves in both capacities, or (iii) an officer (if such officer is not also a director) of the Company for any cause other than death or total and permanent disability. In the event of a change of control of the Company, all outstanding options will become fully vested and exercisable as of the change of control.

There are 32.2 million shares authorized under the Option Plan. At September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, the number of shares available to be granted under the Option Plan was 1.5 million and 3.0 million, respectively.

ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 9. Stock Option Plan, continued

Information with respect to options granted, exercised and forfeited under the Option Plan for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, was as follows:

	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price Per Share	Weighted Average Contractual Remaining Term (Years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value at September 30, 2006 ⁽¹⁾
(in thousands, except per share amounts)				
Options outstanding at January 1, 2006	22,259	\$ 24.52		
Granted	1,805	\$ 29.88		
Exercised	(481)	\$ 23.07		
Forfeited	(304)	\$ 27.67		
Outstanding at September 30, 2006	23,279	\$ 24.92	6.53	\$ 123,217
Exercisable at September 30, 2006	16,752	\$ 23.70	5.85	\$ 109,114
Exercisable and expected to be exercisable at September 30, 2006 ⁽²⁾	22,686	\$ 24.84	6.48	\$ 121,958

(1) Represents the difference between the market value of the options at September 30, 2006, and the cost for the option holders to exercise the options.

(2) The amount of options expected to be exercisable at September 30, 2006, is calculated based on an estimate of expected forfeitures.

The fair value of the shares vested during the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, was \$16.1 million and \$16.2 million, respectively. The total intrinsic value of options exercised during the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, was \$3.4 million and \$17.1 million, respectively.

Note 10. Dividends and Distributions and Taxes

The Company's Board of Directors declared and the Company paid a dividend of \$0.59, \$0.60 and \$0.61 per common share for the first, second, and third quarters of 2006, respectively. The Company's Board of Directors declared and the Company paid a dividend of \$0.57 per common share for each of the first and second quarters of 2005 and \$0.58 per common share for the third quarter of 2005. These dividends totaled \$255.4 million and \$231.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. The Company declared an extra cash dividend of \$0.03 per

share during 2005 and this was paid to shareholders on January 27, 2006.

The Company's Board of Directors also declared a dividend of \$0.62 per common share for the fourth quarter of 2006.

The Company will generally be required to pay a nondeductible excise tax equal to 4% of the amount by which 98% of the Company's annual taxable income exceeds the distributions for the year. The Company currently estimates that its annual taxable income for 2006 will be in excess of its dividend distributions from such taxable income in 2006, and that such estimated excess taxable income will be carried over for distribution in 2007. The Company accrues an excise tax on the estimated excess taxable income earned for the respective periods. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, the Company accrued an excise tax of \$2.5 million and \$14.1 million, respectively. The Company accrued an excise tax of \$1.3 million and \$5.3 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2005, respectively.

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ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 11. Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information

For the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, the Company paid \$50.1 million and \$44.2 million, respectively, for interest.

Principal collections related to investment repayments or sales included the collection of discounts previously amortized into interest income and added to the cost basis of a loan or debt security totaling \$0.2 million and \$7.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

Non-cash operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, included the following:

- a note received as consideration from the sale of the Company's equity investment in Advantage of \$150.0 million;

- a note received as consideration from the sale of the Company's equity investment in STS Operating, Inc. of \$30.0 million;

- the exchange of existing debt securities and accrued interest of S.B. Restaurant Company with a cost basis of \$29.2 million for new debt securities;

- the exchange of existing debt securities, preferred stock and common stock of Border Foods, Inc. with a cost basis of \$16.6 million for new preferred and common equity securities; and

- the exchange of existing preferred stock and common stock of Redox Brands, Inc. with a cost basis of \$10.2 million for common stock in CR Brands, Inc.

Non-cash operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2005, included the following:

- the exchange of existing subordinated debt securities and accrued interest of BLX with a cost basis of \$44.8 million for additional Class B equity interests;

- the exchange of debt securities and accrued interest of Coverall North America, Inc. with a cost basis of \$24.2 million for new debt securities and warrants with a total cost basis of \$26.8 million;

- the exchange of debt securities of Garden Ridge Corporation with a cost basis of \$25.0 million for a new loan with a cost basis of \$22.5 million; and

- the contribution to capital of existing debt securities of GAC Investments, Inc. (GAC) with a cost basis of \$11.0 million, resulting in a decrease in the Company's debt cost basis and an increase in the Company's common stock cost basis in GAC. During the third quarter of 2005, GAC changed its name to Triview Investments, Inc.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, the Company's non-cash financing activities included \$11.1 million and \$7.5 million, respectively, related to the issuance of common stock in lieu of cash distributions. In

addition, the non-cash financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2005, also included the issuance of \$7.2 million of the Company's common stock as consideration for an additional investment in Mercury Air Centers, Inc.

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ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 12. Hedging Activities

The Company has invested in commercial mortgage loans that were purchased at prices that were based in part on comparable Treasury rates. The Company has entered into transactions with one or more financial institutions to hedge against movement in Treasury rates on certain of these commercial mortgage loans. These transactions, referred to as short sales, involve the Company receiving the proceeds from the short sales of borrowed Treasury securities, with the obligation to replenish the borrowed Treasury securities at a later date based on the then current market price. Borrowed Treasury securities and the related obligations to replenish the borrowed Treasury securities at value, including accrued interest payable on the obligations, as of September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, consisted of the following:

(\$ in thousands)

Description of Issue	2006	2005
5-year Treasury securities, due April 2010	\$ 17,733	\$ 17,666

As of September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, the total obligations to replenish borrowed Treasury securities had decreased since the related original sale dates due to changes in the yield on the borrowed Treasury securities, resulting in unrealized appreciation on the obligations of \$0.5 million and \$0.4 million, respectively.

At both September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, the net proceeds related to the sales of the borrowed Treasury securities were \$17.9 million and under the terms of the transactions, the Company had received cash payments of \$0.2 million for the difference between the net proceeds related to the sales of the borrowed Treasury securities and the obligations to replenish the securities.

The Company has deposited the proceeds related to the sales of the borrowed Treasury securities and the additional cash collateral, if any, with Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC under repurchase agreements. The repurchase agreements are collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities and are settled weekly. As of September 30, 2006, the repurchase agreements were due on October 4, 2006, and had an interest rate of 4.9%. The interest rate on the repurchase agreements as of December 31, 2005, was 3.3%.

ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 13. Financial Highlights

	At and for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006 ⁽¹⁾ 2005		At and for the Year Ended December 31, 2005
Per Common Share Data			
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$ 19.17	\$ 14.87	\$ 14.87
Net investment income ⁽²⁾	0.97	0.73	1.00
Net realized gains ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	3.77	2.11	1.99
Net investment income plus net realized gains ⁽²⁾	4.74	2.84	2.99
Net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	(3.27)	1.15	3.37
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations ⁽²⁾	1.47	3.99	6.36
Net decrease in net assets from shareholder distributions	(1.80)	(1.72)	(2.33)
Net increase in net assets from capital share transactions ⁽²⁾	0.54	0.23	0.27
Net asset value, end of period	\$ 19.38	\$ 17.37	\$ 19.17
Market value, end of period	\$ 30.21	\$ 28.63	\$ 29.37
Total return ⁽⁴⁾	9.2%	17.9%	23.5%
Ratios and Supplemental Data			
(\$ and shares in thousands, except per share amounts)			
Ending net assets	\$ 2,823,881	\$ 2,366,986	\$ 2,620,546
Common shares outstanding at end of period	145,722	136,289	136,697
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	144,030	136,669	137,274
Employee, employee stock option and administrative expenses/average net assets	3.99%	5.14%	6.58%
Total operating expenses/average net assets	6.65%	7.77%	9.99%
Net investment income/average net assets	5.16%	4.63%	6.08%
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations/average net assets	7.78%	25.15%	38.68%
Portfolio turnover rate	23.61%	40.89%	47.72%
Average debt outstanding	\$ 1,433,452	\$ 1,058,420	\$ 1,087,118
Average debt per share ⁽²⁾	\$ 9.95	\$ 7.74	\$ 7.92

(1) The results for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, are not necessarily indicative of the operating results to be expected for the full year.

(2) Based on diluted weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period.

(3) Net realized gains and net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation can fluctuate significantly from period to period. As a result, quarterly comparisons may not be meaningful.

⁽⁴⁾ Total return assumes the reinvestment of all dividends paid for the periods presented.

Note 14. Litigation

On June 23, 2004, the Company was notified by the SEC that the SEC is conducting an informal investigation of the Company. On December 22, 2004, the Company received letters from the U.S. Attorney for the District of Columbia requesting the preservation and production of information regarding the Company and Business Loan Express, LLC in connection with a criminal investigation. Based on the information available to the Company at this time, the inquiries appear to primarily pertain to matters related to portfolio valuation and the Company's portfolio company, Business Loan

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ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 14. Litigation, continued

Express, LLC. To date, the Company has produced materials in response to requests from both the SEC and the U.S. Attorney's office, and a director and certain current and former employees have provided testimony and have been interviewed by the staff of the SEC and, in some cases, the U.S. Attorney's Office. The Company is voluntarily cooperating with these investigations.

In addition, the Company is party to certain lawsuits in the normal course of business.

While the outcome of these legal proceedings cannot at this time be predicted with certainty, the Company does not expect that the outcome of these proceedings will have a material effect upon the Company's financial condition or results of operations.

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors and Shareholders
Allied Capital Corporation:

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Allied Capital Corporation and subsidiaries, including the consolidated statement of investments, as of September 30, 2006, the related consolidated statements of operations for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, and the consolidated statement of changes in net assets and cash flows and the financial highlights (included in Note 13) for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2006 and 2005. These consolidated financial statements and financial highlights are the responsibility of the Company's management.

We conducted our reviews in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our reviews, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the consolidated financial statements and financial highlights referred to above for them to be in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

We have previously audited, in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheet of Allied Capital Corporation and subsidiaries, including the consolidated statement of investments, as of December 31, 2005, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows (not presented herein), and the financial highlights, for the year then ended; and in our report dated March 9, 2006, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet including the consolidated statement of investments as of December 31, 2005, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated balance sheet from which it has been derived.

(KPMG LLP LOGO)

Washington, D.C.
November 7, 2006

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Schedule 12-14

ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS IN AND ADVANCES TO AFFILIATES

PRIVATE FINANCE		Amount of Interest or Dividend	December 31, 2005		September 30, 2006	
Portfolio Company	Investment(1)	Credited to Income(6)Other(2)	Value	Gross Additions(3)	Gross Reductions(4)	Value
(in thousands)						
Companies More Than 25% Owned						
Acme Paging, L.P. (Telecommunications)	Senior Loan(5) Subordinated Debt(5) Common Stock		\$	\$	\$	\$
Advantage Sales & Marketing, Inc.(7) (Business Services)	Subordinated Debt Subordinated Debt Common Stock	1,712 5,555	59,787 124,000 476,578	213 374	(60,000) (124,374) (476,578)	
Alaris Consulting, LLC (Business Services)	Senior Loan(5) Equity Interests	(48)		48	(48)	
American Healthcare Services, Inc. and Affiliates (Healthcare Services)	Senior Loan(5)	\$ 1	4,097	502	(4,599)	
Avborne, Inc. (Business Services)	Preferred Stock Common Stock		892	5		897
Avborne Heavy Maintenance, Inc. (Business Services)	Preferred Stock Common Stock					
Border Foods, Inc. (Consumer Products)	Preferred Stock Common Stock					
Business Loan Express, LLC (Financial Services)	Subordinated Debt Class A Equity Interests Class B Equity Interests Class C Equity Interests	38 11,890	10,000 60,693 146,910 139,521	15,000 5,686	(25,000) (32,348) (35,582)	 66,379 114,562 103,939
Calder Capital Partners, LLC (Financial Services)	Senior Loan(5) Equity Interests			500 1,901		500 1,901
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Callidus Capital Corporation (Financial Services)	Senior Loan	441	600	8,705	(9,305)	
	Subordinated Debt	713	4,832	681		5,513
	Common Stock		7,968	9,697		17,665
Coverall North America, Inc. (Business Services)	Unitranche Debt	797		36,324		36,324
	Subordinated Debt	164		5,971		5,971
	Common Stock			17,489	(110)	17,379
	Warrants					
CR Brands, Inc. (Consumer Products)	Senior Loan	1,109		37,219	(37,219)	
	Subordinated Debt	4,013		39,054		39,054
	Common Stock			33,321	(747)	32,574
Diversified Group Administrators, Inc. (Business Services)	Preferred Stock	33	728	14		742
	Preferred Stock		841			841
	Common Stock	68	502		(452)	50
Financial Pacific Company (Financial Services)	Subordinated Debt	9,287	69,904	1,091		70,995
	Preferred Stock		13,116	2,067		15,183
	Common Stock		44,180	14,003		58,183
ForeSite Towers, LLC (Tower Leasing)	Equity Interests	244	9,750	4,528		14,278
Global Communications, LLC (Business Services)	Senior Loan(5)		15,957			15,957
	Subordinated Debt(5)		11,198	138	(2,198)	9,138
	Preferred Equity Interest		4,303		(4,303)	
	Options					
Gordian Group, Inc. (Business Services)	Senior Loan(5)	(13)	4,161	396	(4,557)	
	Common Stock			220	(220)	
Healthy Pet Corp. (Consumer Services)	Senior Loan	1,203	4,086	15,752	(1,200)	18,638
	Subordinated Debt	4,899	38,535	5,003	(186)	43,352
	Common Stock		25,766	4,500	(1,538)	28,728

See related footnotes at the end of this schedule.

PRIVATE FINANCE		Amount of Interest or Dividend		December 31, 2005		September 30, 2006	
Portfolio Company		Credited to			Gross	Gross	
(in thousands)	Investment(1)	Income(6)	Other(2)	Value	Additions(3)	Reductions(4)	Value
HMT, Inc. (Energy Services)	Preferred Stock			2,637			2,637
	Common Stock			5,343	3,321		8,664
	Warrants			2,057	1,279		3,336
Impact Innovations Group, LLC (Business Services)	Equity Interests in Affiliate			742	130		872
Insight Pharmaceuticals Corporation (Consumer Products)	Subordinated Debt	\$ 7,248		58,298	1,157		59,455
	Preferred Stock			26,791	1,559		28,350
Jakel, Inc. (Industrial Products)	Common Stock			236		(28)	208
	Subordinated Debt(5)				11,493		11,493
	Preferred Stock						
	Common Stock						
Legacy Partners Group, LLC (Financial Services)	Senior Loan (5)			5,029	1,487		6,516
	Subordinated Debt(5)						
	Equity Interests				18	(18)	
Litterer Beteiligungs-GmbH (Business Services)	Subordinated Debt	32		621	44		665
	Equity Interest			2,226		(487)	1,739
Mercury Air Centers, Inc. (Business Services)	Senior Loan	1,231		31,720	4,000	(35,720)	
	Subordinated Debt	6,041		46,519	5,183	(3,000)	48,702
	Common Stock			88,898	64,127		153,025
MVL Group, Inc. (Business Services)	Senior Loan	2,688		27,218	147	(973)	26,392
	Subordinated Debt	3,735		32,417	1,749		34,166
	Common Stock			3,211		(2,454)	757
Penn Detroit Diesel Allison, LLC (Business Services)	Subordinated Debt	986			37,798		37,798
	Equity Interests				21,128		21,128
Pennsylvania Avenue Investors, L.P. (Private Equity Fund)	Equity Interests			1,864	1,193	(3,057)	
Powell Plant Farms, Inc. (Consumer Products)	Senior Loan	2,394		23,792	9,875	(8,472)	25,195
	Subordinated Debt(5)			7,364		(7,364)	
	Preferred Stock						
	Warrants						
Redox Brands, Inc. (Consumer Products)	Preferred Stock	363		12,097	1,708	(13,805)	
	Warrants			500	84	(584)	
Service Champ, Inc. (Business Services)	Subordinated Debt	3,235		26,906	532		27,438
	Common Stock			13,319	69		13,388
Staffing Partners Holding Company, Inc. (Business Services)	Subordinated Debt(5)		\$ 355	6,343		(6,343)	
	Preferred Stock			1,812		(1,812)	
	Common Stock						

Warrants

Startec Global Communications Corporation	Senior Loan	1,717	21,685	3,540	(5,656)	19,569
(Telecommunications)	Common Stock			11,535		11,535
STS Operating, Inc. (Industrial Products)	Subordinated Debt	328	6,593	123	(6,716)	
	Common Stock		64,963		(64,963)	
	Options		560		(560)	
Sweet Traditions, LLC (Consumer Products)	Senior Loan	641		35,940		35,940
	Equity Interests			450		450
Triview Investments, Inc. (Broadcasting & Cable/ Consumer Products)	Senior Loan	945	7,449	6,859		14,308
	Subordinated Debt	3,688	30,845	9,241		40,086
	Subordinated Debt(5)		19,520			19,520
	Common Stock		29,171	10,319	(9,688)	29,802
Total companies more than 25% owned		\$ 77,377	\$ 1,887,651			\$ 1,401,877

See related footnotes at the end of this schedule.

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PRIVATE FINANCE		Amount of Interest or Dividend		December 31, 2005		September 30, 2006	
Portfolio Company		Credited to	Other(2)	Value	Gross Additions(3)	Gross Reductions(4)	Value
(in thousands)	Investment(1)	Income(6)					
Companies 5% to 25% Owned							
Advantage Sales & Marketing, Inc.(7) (Business Services)	Subordinated Debt Equity Interests	\$ 9,379		\$	\$ 150,850 15,000	\$ (2,000)	\$ 150,850 13,000
Air Medical Group Holdings LLC (Healthcare Services)	Senior Loan Subordinated Debt Equity Interests	2,016 2,145 1,694		42,267 4,025	6,400 35,218 2,343	(5,798) (42,627) (1,468)	602 34,858 4,900
Alpine ESP Holdings, Inc. (Business Services)	Preferred Stock Common Stock				622 14		622 14
Amerex Group, LLC (Consumer Products)	Subordinated Debt Equity Interests	412			8,400 8,084	(37)	8,400 8,047
Aspen Pet Products, Inc. (Consumer Products)	Subordinated Debt Preferred Stock Common Stock Warrants	1,130 29		19,959 1,638 17	399 516 123	(20,358) (2,154) (140)	
BB&T Capital Partners/Windsor Mezzanine Fund, LLC (Private Equity Fund)	Equity Interests				5,867	5,867	
Becker Underwood, Inc. (Industrial Products)	Subordinated Debt Common Stock	2,643		23,543 2,200	462 1,000		24,005 3,200
BI Incorporated (Business Services)	Senior Loan Subordinated Debt Common Stock	125 2,435			15,000 30,015 4,100	(15,000)	30,015 4,100
CitiPostal, Inc. and Affiliates (Business Services)	Senior Loan Common Stock	491			20,685 4,447		20,685 4,447
Creative Group, Inc. (Business Services)	Subordinated Debt Common Stock	104			13,627 1,387		13,627 1,387
The Debt Exchange Inc. (Business Services)	Preferred Stock			3,219		(3,219)	
MedBridge Healthcare, LLC (Healthcare Services)	Senior Loan(5) Subordinated Debt(5) Convertible Subordinated Debt(5)			7,093 534	71 380	(471)	7,164 443

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	Equity Interests			501	(501)	
Nexcel Synthetics, LLC	Subordinated Debt	1,195	10,588	290		10,878
(Consumer Products)	Equity Interests		1,367	499		1,866
Pres Air Trol LLC	Unitranche Debt(5)	\$ 261	5,820	10	(3,615)	2,215
(Industrial Products)	Equity Interests		318	5	(323)	
Progressive International Corporation	Subordinated Debt	912	7,376	118		7,494
(Consumer Products)	Preferred Stock		884	118		1,002
	Common Stock		13	1,187		1,200
	Warrants					
Regency Healthcare Group, LLC	Senior Loan	36		1,230		1,230
(Healthcare Services)	Unitranche Debt	579		19,904		19,904
	Equity Interests			1,500		1,500
SGT India Private Limited	Common Stock			3,944		3,944
(Business Services)						
Soteria Imaging Services, LLC	Subordinated Debt	1,480	13,447	2,094		15,541
(Healthcare Services)	Equity Interests		2,308	137		2,445
Universal Environmental Services, LLC	Unitranche Debt	1,241	10,862	98		10,960
(Business Services)	Equity Interests		1,328	13	(298)	1,043
Total companies 5% to 25% owned		\$ 28,046	\$ 158,806			\$ 417,455

This schedule should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements, including the consolidated statement of investments and Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements. Note 3 includes additional information regarding activities in the private finance portfolio.

- (1) Common stock, preferred stock, warrants, options, and equity interests are generally non-income producing and restricted. The principal amount for loans and debt securities and the number of shares of common stock and preferred stock is shown in the consolidated statement of investments as of September 30, 2006.
- (2) Other includes interest, dividend, or other income which was applied to the principal of the investment and therefore reduced the total investment. These reductions are also included in the Gross Reductions for the investment, as applicable.
- (3) Gross additions include increases in the cost basis of investments resulting from new portfolio investments, paid-in-kind interest or dividends, the amortization of discounts and closing fees, the exchange of one or more existing securities for one or more new securities and the movement of an existing portfolio company into this category from a different category. Gross additions also include net increases in unrealized appreciation or net decreases in unrealized depreciation.
- (4) Gross reductions include decreases in the cost basis of investments resulting from principal collections related to investment repayments or sales, the exchange of one or more existing securities for one or more new securities and the movement of an existing portfolio company out of this category into a different category. Gross reductions also include net increases in unrealized depreciation or net decreases in unrealized appreciation.
- (5) Loan or debt security is on non-accrual status at September 30, 2006, and is therefore considered non-income producing. Loans or debt securities on non-accrual status at the end of the period may or may not have been on non-accrual status for the full period.
- (6) Represents the total amount of interest or dividends credited to income for the portion of the year an investment was included in the companies more than 25% owned or companies 5% to 25% owned categories, respectively.
- (7) Included in the companies more than 25% owned category while the Company held a majority equity interest. On March 29, 2006, the Company sold its majority equity interest in Advantage. The Company's investment in Advantage after the sale transaction is included in the companies 5% to 25% owned category. See Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements for further information.

**NOTICE REGARDING INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
REVIEW REPORT**

With respect to the unaudited interim financial information as of September 30, 2006, and for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, included herein, KPMG LLP has reported that they applied limited procedures in accordance with professional standards for a review of such information. However, their separate report included herein states that they did not audit and they do not express an opinion on that interim financial information. Accordingly, the degree of reliance on their report on such information should be restricted in light of the limited nature of the review procedures applied. The accountants are not subject to the liability provisions of Section 11 of the Securities Act of 1933 for their report on the unaudited interim financial information because that report is not a report or a part of the registration statement prepared or certified by the accountants within the meaning of Sections 7 and 11 of the Securities Act of 1933.

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PROSPECTUS

\$1,000,000,000
Debt Securities

We may offer, from time to time, up to an aggregate principal amount of \$1,000,000,000 of one or more classes or series of debt securities, including notes, debentures, medium-term notes, commercial paper, retail notes or similar obligations evidencing indebtedness in one or more offerings.

The debt securities may be offered at prices and on terms to be described in one or more supplements to this prospectus.

We are an internally managed closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

Our investment objective is to achieve current income and capital gains. We seek to achieve our investment objective by investing in primarily private middle market companies in a variety of industries. No assurances can be given that we will continue to achieve our objective.

Please read this prospectus, the accompanying prospectus supplement, if any, and the pricing supplement, if any, before investing in our debt securities and keep it for future reference. The prospectus contains and the accompanying prospectus supplement, if any, and the pricing supplement, if any, will contain important information about us that a prospective investor should know before investing in our debt securities. We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission. This information is available free of charge by contacting us at 1919 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Washington, DC, 20006 or by telephone at (202) 721-6100 or on our website at www.alliedcapital.com. The SEC also maintains a website at www.sec.gov that contains such information.

You should review the information set forth under *Risk Factors* on page 9 of this prospectus before investing in our debt securities.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

This prospectus may not be used to consummate sales of our debt securities unless accompanied by a prospectus supplement and, if applicable, a pricing supplement.

June 22, 2006

We have not authorized any dealer, salesman or other person to give any information or to make any representation other than those contained in this prospectus or any prospectus supplement, if any, or any pricing supplement, if any, to this prospectus. You must not rely upon any information or representation not contained in this prospectus or any such supplements as if we had authorized it. This prospectus and any such supplements do not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of any offer to buy any security other than the registered securities to which they relate, nor do they constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any securities in any jurisdiction to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such an offer or solicitation in such jurisdiction. The information contained in this prospectus and any such supplements is accurate as of the dates on their covers; however, the prospectus and any supplements will be updated to reflect any material changes.

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ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS

This prospectus is part of a registration statement that we have filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission using the shelf registration process. Under the shelf registration process, which constitutes a delayed offering in

reliance on Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, we may offer, from time to time, up to \$1,000,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of debt securities on the terms to be determined at the time of the offering. The debt securities may be offered at prices and on terms described in one or more supplements to this prospectus. This prospectus provides you with a general description of the debt securities we may offer. Each time we use this prospectus to offer debt securities, we will provide a prospectus supplement and, if applicable, a pricing supplement that will contain specific information about the terms of that offering. Please carefully read this prospectus and any such supplements together with the additional information described under **Where You Can Find Additional Information** in the **Prospectus Summary** and **Risk Factors** sections before you make an investment decision.

A prospectus supplement and, if applicable, a pricing supplement may also add to, update or change information contained in this prospectus.

(i)

PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

The following summary contains basic information about this offering. It may not contain all the information that is important to an investor. For a more complete understanding of this offering, we encourage you to read this entire prospectus and the documents that are referred to in this prospectus, together with any accompanying supplements.

In this prospectus or any accompanying supplement, unless otherwise indicated, Allied Capital , we , us or our refer to Allied Capital Corporation and its subsidiaries.

BUSINESS (Page 71)

We are a business development company and we are in the private equity business. We provide long-term debt and equity capital to primarily private middle market companies in a variety of industries. We have participated in the private equity business since we were founded in 1958 and have financed thousands of companies nationwide. Our investment objective is to achieve current income and capital gains.

We believe the private equity capital markets are important to the growth of small and middle market companies because such companies often have difficulty accessing the public debt and equity capital markets. We use the term middle market to include companies with annual revenues typically between \$50 million and \$500 million. We believe that we are well positioned to be a source of capital for such companies.

We primarily invest in the American entrepreneurial economy. Our private finance portfolio includes investments in over 100 companies with aggregate annual revenue of over \$12 billion and employ more than 90,000 people.

We generally target companies in less cyclical industries in the middle market with, among other things, high return on invested capital, management teams with meaningful equity ownership, well-constructed balance sheets, and the ability to generate free cash flow. As a private equity investor, we spend significant time and effort identifying, structuring, performing due diligence, monitoring, developing, valuing and ultimately exiting our investments.

Our investment activity is primarily focused on making long-term investments in the debt and equity of primarily private middle market companies. Debt investments may include senior loans, unitranche debt (a single debt investment that is a blend of senior and subordinated debt), or subordinated debt (with or without equity features). Equity investments may include a minority equity stake in connection with a debt investment or a substantial equity stake in connection with a buyout transaction. In a buyout transaction, we generally invest in senior debt, subordinated debt and equity (preferred and/or voting or non-voting common) where our equity ownership represents a significant portion of the equity, but may or may not represent a controlling interest.

Our investments in the debt and equity of primarily private middle market companies are generally long-term in nature and are privately negotiated, and no readily available market exists for them. This makes our investments highly illiquid and, as result, we cannot readily trade them. When we make an investment, we enter into a long-term arrangement where our ultimate exit from that investment may be three to ten years in the future.

The capital we provide is used by portfolio companies to fund buyouts, acquisitions, growth, recapitalizations, note purchases, or other types of financings.

Our investments are typically structured to provide recurring cash flow in the form of interest income to us as the investor. In addition to earning interest income, we may structure our investments to generate income from management, consulting, diligence, structuring, or other fees. We may also enhance our total return from capital gains through equity features, such as nominal cost warrants, or by investing in equity investments.

We provide managerial assistance to our portfolio companies, including management and consulting services related to corporate finance, marketing, human resources, personnel and board member recruiting, business operations, corporate governance, risk management and other general business matters.

We have elected to be taxed as a regulated investment company under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, which we refer to as the Code. Our status as a regulated investment company generally eliminates a corporate-level income tax on taxable income we timely distribute to our stockholders as dividends, if certain requirements are met. See Tax Status. We determine our regular quarterly dividends considering our estimate of annual taxable income available for distribution. Since 1963, our portfolio has generally provided sufficient ordinary taxable income and net capital gains to sustain or grow our dividends over time.

We are a Maryland corporation and a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, which we refer to as the 1940 Act.

As a business development company, we are required to meet certain regulatory tests, the most significant relating to our investments and borrowings. A business development company is required to invest at least 70% of its assets in eligible portfolio companies. A business development company must also maintain a coverage ratio of assets to senior securities of at least 200%. See Certain Government Regulations and Risk Factors.

Our executive offices are located at 1919 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Washington, DC, 20006 and our telephone number is (202) 721-6100. In addition, we have regional offices in New York, Chicago and Los Angeles.

Our Internet website address is www.alliedcapital.com. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus and you should not consider information contained on our website to be part of this prospectus.

Our common stock is traded on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol ALD.

DETERMINATION OF NET ASSET VALUE (Page 94)

Our portfolio investments are generally recorded at fair value as determined in good faith by our Board of Directors in the absence of readily available public market values.

Pursuant to the requirements of the 1940 Act, we value substantially all of our portfolio investments at fair value as determined in good faith by the Board of Directors on a quarterly basis. Since there is typically no readily available market value for the investments in our portfolio, our Board of Directors determines in good faith the fair value

of these portfolio investments pursuant to our valuation policy and consistently applied valuation process.

There is no single standard for determining fair value in good faith. As a result, determining fair value requires that judgment be applied to the specific facts and circumstances of each portfolio investment while employing a consistently applied valuation process for the types of investments we make. Unlike banks, we are not permitted to provide a general reserve for anticipated loan losses. Instead we are required to specifically value each individual investment and record unrealized depreciation for an investment that we believe has become impaired including where collection of a loan or realization of an equity security is doubtful or when the enterprise value of the company does not currently support the cost of our debt or equity investment. Enterprise value means the entire value of the company to a potential buyer including the sum of the values of all debt and equity securities used to capitalize the enterprise at a point in time. Conversely, we will record unrealized appreciation if we believe that the underlying portfolio company has appreciated in value and/or our equity security has appreciated in value. Without a readily available market value and because of the inherent uncertainty of valuation, the fair value of our investments determined in good faith by the Board of Directors may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market existed for the investments, and the differences could be material.

We adjust the valuation of our portfolio quarterly to reflect the change in the value of each investment in our portfolio. Any changes in value are recorded in our statement of operations as net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION *(Page 146)*

We may offer, from time to time, up to \$1,000,000,000 aggregate principal amount of debt securities, including notes, debentures, medium-term notes, commercial paper, retail notes or similar obligations evidencing indebtedness, on terms to be determined at the time of the offering.

Our debt securities may be offered at prices and on terms described in one or more supplements to this prospectus. Our debt securities may be offered directly to one or more purchasers, through agents designated from time to time by us, or to or through underwriters or dealers. The supplements to this prospectus relating to any offering of debt securities will identify any agents or underwriters involved in the sale of our debt securities, and will set forth any applicable purchase price, fee and commission or discount arrangement or the basis upon which such amount may be calculated.

We may not sell debt securities pursuant to this prospectus without delivering a prospectus supplement and, if applicable, a pricing supplement describing the method and terms of the offering of such debt securities.

USE OF PROCEEDS *(Page 19)*

We intend to use the net proceeds from selling debt securities for general corporate purposes, which includes investing in debt or equity securities in primarily privately negotiated transactions, repayment of indebtedness, acquisitions and other general corporate purposes.

The supplements to this prospectus relating to any offering of debt securities will more fully identify the use of proceeds from such offering.

RISK FACTORS *(Page 9)*

Investment in our debt securities involves a number of significant risks relating to our business and our investment objective that you should consider before investing in our debt securities.

Our portfolio of investments is generally illiquid. Our portfolio includes securities primarily issued by private companies. These investments may involve a high degree of business and financial risk; they are illiquid, and may not produce current returns or capital gains. If we were forced to immediately liquidate some or all of the investments in the portfolio, the proceeds of such liquidation could be significantly less than the current value of such investments. We may be required to liquidate some or all of our portfolio investments to meet our debt service obligations or in the event we are required to fulfill our obligations under agreements pursuant to which we guarantee the repayment of indebtedness by third parties.

An economic slowdown may affect the ability of a portfolio company to engage in a liquidity event, which is a transaction that involves the sale or recapitalization of all or part of a portfolio company. These conditions could lead to financial losses in our portfolio and a decrease in our revenues, net income and assets. Numerous other factors may affect a borrower's ability to repay its loan, including the failure to meet its business plan, a downturn in its industry or negative economic conditions.

Our total investment in companies may be significant individually or in the aggregate. As a result, if a significant investment in one or more companies fails to perform as expected, our financial results could be more negatively affected and the magnitude of the loss could be more significant than if we had made smaller investments in more companies.

We may not borrow money unless we mai