FIRST FINANCIAL CORP /IN/ Form DEF 14A March 25, 2010

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549 SCHEDULE 14A

Proxy Statement Pursuant to Section 14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Amendment No. ____)

Filed by the Registrant b Filed by a Party other than the Registrant o Check the appropriate box:

- o Preliminary Proxy Statement
- o Confidential, for Use of the Commission Only (as permitted by Rule 14a-6(e)(2))
- b Definitive Proxy Statement
- o Definitive Additional Materials
- o Soliciting Material Pursuant to §240.14a-12

FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION

(Name of Registrant as Specified In Its Charter)

(Name of Person(s) Filing Proxy Statement, if other than the Registrant)

Payment of Filing Fee (Check the appropriate box):

- b No fee required.
- o Fee computed on table below per Exchange Act Rules 14a-6(i)(1) and 0-11.
 - (1) Title of each class of securities to which transaction applies:
 - (2) Aggregate number of securities to which transaction applies:
 - (3) Per unit price or other underlying value of transaction computed pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 0-11 (set forth the amount on which the filing fee is calculated and state how it was determined):
 - (4) Proposed maximum aggregate value of transaction:
 - (5) Total fee paid:

0	Fee paid previously with preliminary materials.	
0	Check box if any part of the fee is offset as provided by Exchange Act Rule 0-11(a)(2) and identify the filing which the offsetting fee was paid previously. Identify the previous filing by registration statement number, Form or Schedule and the date of its filing. (1) Amount Previously Paid:	_
	2) Form, Schedule or Registration Statement No.:	
	3) Filing Party:	
	4) Date Filed:	

Table of Contents

FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION One First Financial Plaza P.O. Box 540 Terre Haute, IN 47808

March 25, 2010

Dear Shareholders:

Our 2010 Annual Meeting of Shareholders will be held on Wednesday, April 21, 2010 at 11:00 a.m., local time, at One First Financial Plaza, Terre Haute, Indiana. We have enclosed a copy of our 2009 Annual Report to Shareholders for your review.

We hope you can attend the meeting. If you are unable to join us, we urge you to exercise your right as a shareholder and vote. *Please mark, sign, date, and return the enclosed proxy card in the envelope provided.* Your cooperation is appreciated.

This Proxy Statement is first being mailed to shareholders on or about March 25, 2010.

Sincerely,

/s/ Donald E. Smith
Chairman of the Board and President

FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION ONE FIRST FINANCIAL PLAZA P.O. BOX 540 TERRE HAUTE, INDIANA 47808 NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS TO BE HELD APRIL 21, 2010

To our Shareholders:

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the call of its Directors, an Annual Meeting of Shareholders of First Financial Corporation (Corporation) will be held on Wednesday, April 21, 2010 at 11:00 o clock a.m., local time, at One First Financial Plaza, Terre Haute, Indiana.

The purposes of the meeting are:

- (1) To elect W. Curtis Brighton, William R. Krieble, Ronald K. Rich, and Donald E. Smith to the Board of Directors of the Corporation for a three (3) year term to expire in 2013;
- (2) To ratify the appointment of Crowe Horwath and Company LLP as the independent registered public accounting firm of the Corporation for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2010; and
- (3) To transact such other business as may properly be presented at the meeting. Only shareholders of record at the close of business on March 17, 2010 will be entitled to notice of and to vote at the meeting.

By Order of the Board of Directors

Donald E. Smith Chairman of the Board and President

March 25, 2010

IMPORTANT PLEASE MAIL YOUR PROXY PROMPTLY
IN ORDER THAT THERE MAY BE PROPER REPRESENTATION AT
THE MEETING, YOU ARE URGED TO COMPLETE, SIGN, DATE AND
RETURN THE ENCLOSED PROXY IN THE ENVELOPE PROVIDED.
NO POSTAGE IS REQUIRED IF MAILED IN THE UNITED STATES.
Important Notice Regarding the Availability of Proxy Materials for the
Shareholders Meeting to be Held on April 21, 2010. This proxy statement
and our 2009 Annual Report to Shareholders are available at:
http://www.snl.com/IRWebLinkX/GenPage.aspx?IID=100502&GKP=203209

TABLE OF CONTENTS

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS ABOUT THE MEETING	Page 2
PROPOSAL 1: ELECTION OF DIRECTORS	5
BOARD COMMITTEES AND MEETINGS	6
Compensation of Directors	7
Director Compensation Table	7
Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation	8
Certain Relationships and Related Transactions	8
CORPORATE GOVERNANCE	10
<u>Gener</u> al	10
<u>Director Independence</u>	12
Code of Ethics	12
Communications with Independent Directors	12
EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION	12
Compensation Discussion and Analysis	12
Employment Agreement	20
Accounting and Tax Considerations	21
Compensation Committee Report	21
SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE	22
Grants of Plan-Based Awards	24
Pension Benefits	25
Nonqualified Deferred Compensation For 2009	25
Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change in Control of the Corporation	26
Employment Agreement with Norman L. Lowery	26

2001 and 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plans	29
SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT	31
PROPOSAL 2: RATIFICATION OF APPOINTMENT OF CROWE HORWATH AND COMPANY LLP AS THE CORPORATION S INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC	
ACCOUNTING FIRM	33
Report of Audit Committee	33
Fees Paid to Crowe Horwath and Company LLP	34
Audit Committee Pre-Approval of Audit and Permissible Non-Audit Services of Independent Auditors	34
SECTION 16 BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP REPORTING COMPLIANCE	35
SHAREHOLDER PROPOSALS	35
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	35
OTHER MATTERS	36

PROXY STATEMENT OF FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION ONE FIRST FINANCIAL PLAZA P.O. BOX 540 TERRE HAUTE, INDIANA 47808 (812) 238-6000

PROXY STATEMENT

This proxy statement is furnished in connection with the solicitation by the Board of Directors of First Financial Corporation (the Corporation or we) and contains information related to the Annual Meeting of Shareholders of the Corporation to be held on Wednesday, April 21, 2010, beginning at 11:00 a.m., local time, at One First Financial Plaza, Terre Haute, Indiana, and at any postponements or adjournments of the meeting. This proxy statement and accompanying form of proxy were first mailed to shareholders on or about March 25, 2010.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS ABOUT THE MEETING

Q: What is the purpose of the annual meeting?

At the annual meeting, shareholders will act upon the matters outlined in the notice of meeting accompanying this proxy statement, including the election of directors and the ratification of the selection of Crowe Horwath and Company LLP as the independent registered public accounting firm of the Corporation for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2010. In addition, the Corporation s management will report on the performance of the Corporation during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009, and respond to questions from shareholders.

Q: Who is entitled to vote at the meeting?

Only shareholders of record at the close of business on the record date, March 17, 2010, are entitled to receive notice of the annual meeting and to vote the common shares that they held on that date at the meeting, or any postponements or adjournments of the meeting. Each shareholder is entitled to one vote for each share of common stock held on the record date.

Q: Who can attend the meeting?

All shareholders as of the record date, or their duly appointed proxies, may attend the meeting. Admission to the meeting will be on a first-come, first-admitted basis.

Q: What constitutes a quorum?

The presence at the meeting, in person or by proxy, of the holders of a majority of the common shares outstanding on the record date will constitute a quorum, permitting the meeting to conduct its business. As of the record date, 13,129,630 common shares of the Corporation were outstanding. Proxies received but marked as abstentions and broker non-votes will be included in the calculation of the number of shares considered to be present at the meeting.

O: How do I vote?

If you complete and properly sign the accompanying proxy card and return it to us, it will be voted as you direct. If you are a registered shareholder and attend the meeting, you may deliver your completed proxy card in person. Street name shareholders who wish to vote at the meeting will need to obtain a proxy form from the institution that holds their shares.

2

Table of Contents

Q: Can I vote by telephone or electronically?

If you are a registered shareholder (that is, if you hold your shares in certificate form), you may only vote in person or by written proxy.

If your shares are held in street name, please check your proxy card or contact your broker or nominee to determine whether you will be able to vote by telephone or electronically through the Internet.

O: Can I change my vote after I return my proxy card?

Yes. Even after you have submitted your proxy, you may change your vote at any time before the proxy is exercised by filing with the Secretary of the Corporation, Rodger A. McHargue, First Financial Corporation, One First Financial Plaza, P.O. Box 540, Terre Haute, Indiana 47808, either a notice of revocation or a duly executed proxy bearing a later date. The powers of the proxy holders will be suspended if you attend the meeting in person and so request, although attendance at the meeting will not by itself revoke a previously granted proxy.

Q: What are the Board s recommendations?

Unless you give other instructions on your proxy card, the persons named as proxy holders on the proxy will vote in accordance with the recommendations of the Board of Directors (or Board). The Board's recommendations are set forth together with the description of each proposal in this proxy statement. In summary, the Board recommends a vote **FOR** election of the nominated slate of directors.

With respect to any other matter that properly comes before the meeting, the proxy holders will vote as recommended by the Board of Directors or, if no recommendation is given, in their best judgment.

Q: What vote is required to approve each item?

Directors will be elected by a plurality of the votes cast at the meeting. A properly executed proxy marked WITHHOLD AUTHORITY with respect to the election of one or more directors will not be voted with respect to the director or directors indicated, although it will be counted for purposes of determining whether there is a quorum. The affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the shares represented in person or by proxy and entitled to vote will be required for the ratification of Crowe Horwath and Company LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm. Action on any other matters to come before the meeting must be approved by an affirmative vote of a majority of the shares present, in person, or by proxy.

If you hold your shares in street name through a broker or other nominee, your broker or nominee may not be permitted to exercise voting discretion with respect to some of the matters to be acted upon. Thus, if you do not give your broker or nominee specific instructions, your shares may not be voted on those matters and will not be counted in determining the number of shares necessary for approval. However, shares represented by such broker non-votes will be counted in determining whether there is a quorum.

Q: What if other matters come up during the meeting?

If any matters other than those referred to in the notice of Annual Meeting of Shareholders properly come before the meeting, the individuals named in the accompanying form of proxy will vote the proxies held by them as recommended by the Board of Directors or, if no recommendation is given, in accordance with their best judgment. The Corporation is not aware of any business other than the items referred to in the Notice of Annual Meeting of Shareholders that may be considered at the meeting.

If for any reason any of the director/nominees becomes unable or is unwilling to serve at the time of the meeting (an event which the Board of Directors does not anticipate), the persons named as proxies in the accompanying form of proxy will have discretionary authority to vote for a substitute nominee or nominees named by the Governance/Nominating Committee if the Board of Directors elects to fill such nominees position. If any shareholder proposal intended to be presented at the 2010 Annual Meeting was not received by the Corporation on or before February 10, 2010, the proxies will have discretionary authority to vote on the matter.

3

Table of Contents

Q: Who pays to prepare, mail and solicit the proxies?

The Corporation pays all costs of preparing, mailing and soliciting proxies. The Corporation asks brokers, banks, voting trustees and other nominees and fiduciaries to forward proxy materials to the beneficial owners and to obtain authority to execute proxies. The Corporation will reimburse the brokers, banks, voting trustees and other nominees and fiduciaries upon request. In addition, proxies may be solicited by mail, in person, or by telephone by certain of the Corporation s officers, directors and employees, who will not be separately compensated for such activity.

Q: Whom should I call with other questions?

If you have additional questions about this proxy statement or the meeting or would like additional copies of this document or our 2009 Annual Report on Form 10-K, please contact: Rodger A. McHargue, Secretary, First Financial Corporation, One First Financial Plaza, P.O. Box 540, Terre Haute, Indiana 47808, (812) 238-6000.

4

Table of Contents

PROPOSAL 1: ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

The Board of Directors is currently composed of eleven (11) members. The Corporation s Articles of Incorporation divide the Board of Directors into three classes, as nearly equal in size as possible, with one class of directors elected each year for a term extending to the third succeeding Annual Meeting after such election. The nominees for election as director are nominated to serve for terms to expire as of the 2013 Annual Meeting. Each nominee is a current director of the Corporation. The following information is provided concerning each nominee and each incumbent director continuing in office.

Names and Ages of Nominees for Terms to Expire in 2013

W. Curtis Brighton, Age 56

Director since

2004

President of Hulman and Company

William R. Krieble, Age 62

Director Since

2009

Program Director for State of Indiana Bureau of Developmental Disabilities Services Initiatives

Ronald K. Rich, Age 71 Director since

2005

Financial Representative for Northwestern Mutual Financial Network

Donald E. Smith, Age 83 Director since

1983*

Director since 1983*

Chairman of the Board and President of the Corporation

Names and Ages of Incumbent Members of the Board of Directors Whose Terms Expire in 2011

Attorney with Cox Zwerner Gambill & Sullivan

Anton H. George, Age 50 Director since 1989

Past President of the Indianapolis Motor Speedway and Hulman and Company

Gregory L. Gibson, Age 47 Director since 1994

President of ReTec, Inc.

B. Guille Cox, Jr., Age 64

Virginia L. Smith, Age 61 Director since 1987

President of Princeton Mining Company, Inc.

Names and Ages of Incumbent Members of the Board of Directors Whose Terms to Expire in 2012

Thomas T. Dinkel, Age 59 Director since 1989

President of Sycamore Engineering, Inc.

Norman L. Lowery, Age 63 Director since 1989

Vice Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer of the Corporation, and President

and Chief Executive Officer of First Financial Bank, N.A.

William J. Voges, Age 55 Director since 2008

President of The Root Co.

* First Financial Corporation was formed in 1983.

5

Table of Contents

BOARD COMMITTEES AND MEETINGS

During the year ended December 31, 2009, the Board of Directors of the Corporation met 18 times. Each Director attended more than 75% of the aggregate of (i) all meetings of the Board held while he or she was a director and (ii) all meetings of committees on which he or she served during the period that he or she served on the committee. Although the Corporation has no formal policy on director attendance at annual meetings of shareholders, they are encouraged to attend such meetings. All directors attended the 2009 Annual Meeting of Shareholders. The Board of Directors has established a number of committees which facilitate the administration and oversight of the Corporation. Among these committees are the Audit, Compensation, and Governance / Nominating Committees. Governance/Nominating Committee. Members consist of Messrs. Cox, Rich and Voges. The Board of Directors has determined that Messrs. Cox, Rich and Voges are independent under the rules of the NASDAQ Global Select Market. The Governance/Nominating Committee identifies director nominees through a combination of referrals, including referrals from management, existing board members and shareholders. The Governance/Nominating Committee currently does not maintain any formal criteria for selecting directors and may take into consideration such factors and criteria as it deems appropriate. However, in reviewing qualifications for prospective nominees to the Board, the Governance/Nominating Committee may take into consideration, among other matters, the prospective nominee s business experience, educational experience or equivalent background, stature, judgment, conflicts of interest, integrity, ethics, commitment, reputation, time available to serve, community involvement, civic-mindedness, and ability to oversee the Corporation s business and affairs. The Governance/Nominating Committee does not evaluate nominees proposed by shareholders any differently than other nominees to the Board. This Committee met three times during 2009. A copy of the charter of this Committee is available on the Corporation s

web site at www.first-online.com.

Audit Committee. Members consist of Messrs. George, Dinkel and Rich. The Board of Directors has determined that Messrs. George, Dinkel and Rich are independent under Rule 10A-3 of the SEC and the rules of the NASDAQ Global Select Market. The Audit Committee reviews the Corporation's operations and management, accounting functions, the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal controls and internal auditing methods and procedures. The Committee is also responsible for the appointment, compensation, retention and oversight of the independent registered public accounting firm for the Corporation. The Audit Committee had four meetings during 2009. A copy of the charter of this Committee is available on the Corporation s website at www.first-online.com.

The Board of Directors has determined that a current member of the Audit Committee is financially sophisticated under applicable NASDAQ rules. The Board of Directors selected the members of the Audit Committee based on the Board s determination that they are fully qualified to monitor the performance of management, the public disclosures by the Corporation of its financial condition and performance, our internal accounting operations and our independent auditors. In addition, the Audit Committee has the ability on its own to retain independent accountants or other consultants whenever it deems appropriate.

The Board of Directors has determined that the Corporation currently does not have a director who qualifies as a financial expert under federal securities laws. To be considered a financial expert, an individual s past experience generally must include experience in the preparation or audit of comparable public company financial statements, or the supervision of someone in the preparation or audit of comparable public company financial statements. While it might be possible to recruit a person who meets these qualifications of a financial expert, the Board has determined that in order to fulfill all the functions of our Board and our Audit Committee, each member of our Board and our Audit Committee, including any financial expert, should ideally understand community banking and understand the markets in which the Corporation operates, and that it is not in the best interests of our Corporation to nominate as a director someone who does not have all the experience, attributes and qualifications we seek.

6

Table of Contents

Compensation Committee. Members consist of Messrs. George, Rich and Voges. The Board of Directors has determined that Messrs. George, Rich and Voges are independent under the rules of the NASDAQ Global Select Market. The Compensation Committee approves the compensation of the named executive officers. This committee also administers the compensation plans of the Corporation. The Compensation Committee met three times in 2009. A copy of the charter of this Committee is available on the Corporation s website at www.first-online.com.

Compensation of Directors

The goal of the compensation package is to attract and retain qualified candidates to serve on the Board of Directors. In setting compensation, the Board considers compensation levels of directors of other financial institutions of similar size. In addition, directors are compensated under the 2001 and 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan, which is directly linked to Corporation performance (as described below). Each director of the Corporation is also a director of First Financial Bank, N.A. (the Bank), the lead subsidiary bank of the Corporation, and receives directors fees from each of the Corporation and the Bank. During 2009 each director of the Corporation and the Bank received a fee of \$750 for each board meeting attended. No changes were made to director compensation arrangements in 2009 compared to 2008.

Non-employee directors also receive a fee for each meeting attended of the Audit Committee of \$1,000, the Compensation Committee of \$1,000, the Governance/Nominating Committee of \$500 and the Loan Committee of \$300. Each director also received from the Bank a semi-annual director s fee of \$2,500 on July 15th and December 16th. No non-employee director served as a director of any other subsidiary of the Corporation.

Director Compensation Table

Change in Pension

The table below summarizes the compensation paid by the Corporation to each non-employee Director for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009.

		Value and									
	F	ees Earned or		Nonequity							
		Paid		Incentive	Nonqualified Deferred	A	All Other				
				Plan	Compensation						
		in Cash	C	ompensation	Earnings		Compensation		Total		
Name		(\$)		(\$)	(\$)		(\$)		(\$)		
(a)(1)		(b)(2)(3)		(c)(4)	(d)	(e)(5)			(f)		
W. Curtis Brighton	\$	35,800	\$	51,200	N/A		-0-	\$	87,000		
B. Guille Cox, Jr.	\$	37,100	\$	51,200	N/A	\$	9,263	\$	97,563		
Thomas T. Dinkel	\$	39,800	\$	51,200	N/A		-0-	\$	91,000		
Anton H. George	\$	40,700	\$	51,200	N/A		-0-	\$	91,900		
Gregory L. Gibson	\$	36,000	\$	51,200	N/A	\$	12,834	\$	100,034		
William R. Krieble	\$	25,900	\$	-0-	N/A		-0-	\$	25,900		
Ronald K. Rich	\$	44,000	\$	51,200	N/A		-0-	\$	95,200		
Virginia L. Smith	\$	34,900	\$	51,200	N/A		-0-	\$	86,100		
William J. Voges	\$	37,300	\$	51,200	N/A		-0-	\$	88,500		

(1) Norman L.
Lowery, the
Vice Chairman
of the Board and
Chief Executive
Officer of the
Corporation, is
not included in
this table

because he is an employee of the

Corporation.

Donald E.

Smith, the

Chairman of the

Board and

President of the

Corporation, is

also not

included in this

table because he

is an employee

of the

Corporation.

The

compensation

received by

Mr. Lowery and

Mr. Smith as

employees of

the Corporation

is shown in the

Summary

Compensation

Table on page

23.

7

- (2) Amounts
 reported
 represent fees
 earned for
 serving on the
 Board of
 Directors of the
 Corporation, the
 Board of
 Directors of the
 Bank and
 committees of
 the Board of the
 Corporation
 during 2009.
- (3) Members of the Board of Directors have the ability to defer a portion of their director fees under the First Financial Corporation Directors Deferred Compensation Plan. For a more detailed discussion of this plan, see the narrative immediately following these footnotes.
- (4) Amounts
 reported
 represent
 compensation
 earned pursuant
 to participation
 in the
 Corporation s
 2005
 Long-Term
 Incentive Plan,

see the
Compensation
Discussion and
Analysis section
of this proxy on
page 13.

(5) Amounts
reported
represent
benefits earned
pursuant to
participation in
the Corporation s
Employee
Group Health
Plan.

First Financial Corporation Directors Deferred Compensation Plan. Directors of the Corporation and the Bank may participate in the First Financial Corporation 2005 Directors Deferred Compensation Plan. Under this plan, a director may defer up to \$6,000 of his or her director s fees each year over a five-year period provided that the director timely submits a deferral election to the Corporation. The amount of deferred fees is used to purchase an insurance product, which the Corporation is the beneficiary of, that funds benefit payments. An amount equal to the face amount of the policy will be paid to the director in addition to an amount equal to the tax savings the Corporation will receive by obtaining the proceeds from the policy on a tax-free basis. Payment will be made in 120 monthly installments beginning on the first day of the month after the earlier of the director s 65th birthday or death. If the director is still a director at the end of the five-year period, then he or she will be entitled to enter into a new deferred fee agreement with the Corporation and/or the Bank. Each year from the initial date of deferral until payments begin, the Corporation accrues a non-cash expense which will equal, in the aggregate, the amount of the payments to be made to the director over the ten-year period. If a director fails for any reason, other than death, to serve as a director during the entire five-year period, or the director fails to attend at least 12 regular or special meetings each year, the amount of benefits paid will be prorated appropriately. For 2009, the allocated cost of the deferred directors fees was \$183,721. First Financial Corporation 2001 and 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plans. Directors also may be compensated under the First Financial Corporation 2001 and 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plans, discussed under Compensation Discussion and Analysis, beginning on page 13. Under these plans, after having met the minimum threshold, directors may receive 90%, 100% or 110% of the directors award amount if the Corporation and the Bank attain certain performance goals established by the Compensation Committee. For 2009, each director earned an award of \$51,200 pursuant to the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan, which amount represented 100% of the director award amount under that plan for 2009.

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

No member of the Compensation Committee is or was formerly an officer or an employee of the Corporation or its subsidiaries.

Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

Certain family relationships exist among the directors of the Corporation. Donald E. Smith is the father of Virginia L. Smith and father-in-law of Norman L. Lowery. There are no arrangements or understandings between any of the directors pursuant to which any of them have been selected for their respective positions.

8

Table of Contents

The Audit Committee is responsible for approving any transactions between the Corporation or its subsidiaries and any related party, including loans or extensions of credit and any sale of assets or other financial transactions. Directors and principal officers of the Corporation and their associates were customers of, and have had transactions with, the Corporation and its subsidiary banks in the ordinary course of business during 2009. Comparable transactions may be expected to take place in the future. During 2009 various directors and officers of the Corporation and their respective associates were indebted to the subsidiary banks from time to time. These loans were made in the ordinary course of business on substantially the same terms, including interest rates and collateral, as those prevailing at the time for similar transactions with other persons and did not involve more than the normal risk of collectability or present other unfavorable features. Loans made to directors and executive officers are in compliance with federal banking regulations and thereby are exempt from the insider loan prohibitions included in the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

Related party transactions are evaluated on a case-by-case basis in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Articles of Incorporation and the Code of Business Conduct and Ethics of the Corporation.

The provisions of the Articles of Incorporation apply to contracts or transactions between the Corporation and (i) any Director; or (ii) any corporation, unincorporated association, business trust, estate, partnership, trust, joint venture, individual or other legal entity in which any Director has a material financial interest. The provisions of the Code of Business Conduct and Ethics apply to the Directors, officers and employees of the Corporation.

The Articles of Incorporation provide that contracts or transactions between the Corporation and any of the persons described above are valid for all purposes, if the material facts of the contract or transactions and the Director s interest were disclosed or known to the Board of Directors, a committee of the Board of Directors with authority to act thereon, or the shareholders entitled to vote thereon, and the Board of Directors, such committee or such shareholders authorized, approved or ratified the contract or transaction.

The Code of Business Conduct and Ethics provides that Directors, officers and employees of the Corporation must make business decisions for the Corporation free of conflicting influences. Such persons are expected to avoid situations that may lead to real or apparent material conflicts between such person self interest and their duties or responsibilities as a Director, officer or employee of the Corporation.

The Senior Compliance Officer is responsible for annually reaffirming compliance with this Code of Business Conduct and Ethics by the Directors, officers and employees of the Corporation.

During 2009, Platolene 500, Inc., an indirect subsidiary of Deep Vein Coal Company, Inc., received payments for providing fuel and services to First Financial Bank, N.A. in the amount of approximately \$124,229. Donald E. Smith (the Chairman of the Board of the Corporation), Virginia L. Smith (the daughter of Mr. Smith and a director of the Corporation), and Sarah J. Lowery, the wife of Norman L. Lowery (the Chief Executive Officer of the Corporation), own in the aggregate greater than a 10% equity interest in Deep Vein Coal Company, Inc. and serve as the Chairman, Vice President and Chief Operating Officer and Vice President, respectively, of Platolene 500, Inc.

9

Table of Contents

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

General

The Corporation aspires to the highest ethical standards for its employees, officers and directors, and remains committed to the interests of its shareholders. The Corporation believes it can achieve these objectives with a plan for corporate governance that clearly defines responsibilities, sets high standards of conduct and promotes compliance with the law. The Board of Directors has adopted policies and procedures designed to foster the appropriate level of corporate governance. Some of these procedures are discussed below.

The Board of Directors seeks directors who represent a variety of backgrounds and experiences which will enhance the quality of the Board s deliberations and decisions. When searching for new candidates, the Governance and Nominating Committee (the Committee) considers the evolving needs of the Board and searches for candidates who will fill any current or anticipated gaps. The Committee initially considers a candidate s business experience, educational experience or equivalent lifetime experience, background, stature, judgment, conflicts of interest, integrity, ethics, commitment, reputation, time available to serve, community involvement, civic-mindedness, and ability to oversee the Corporation s business and affairs. The Committee does not have a formal diversity policy; however, both the Board and the Committee believe it essential that Board members represent diverse experiences and viewpoints. The Committee considers the entirety of each candidate s credentials. With respect to Directors who are nominated for re-election, the Committee also considers the Director s previous contributions to the Board. The background and qualifications of each current Director including those standing for re-election are:

Donald E. Smith has served on the Board of First Financial Corporation since 1983 and currently serves as Chairman of the Board and President of the Company. He also served as the President and Chief Executive Officer of First Financial Bank for 23 years. Mr. Smith is a member of the Acquisition, Executive and Discount Committees. He also is the Chairman of the Board of Princeton Mining Company, Inc., Deep Vein Coal Company, R.J. Oil Company, and Lynch Coal Operators Reciprocal Association. Mr. Smith is a past member of the Boards of Trustees of Indiana State University and Rose-Hulman Institute of Technology.

W. Curtis Brighton joined the Board in 2004 and is a current member of the Loan Review, Enterprise Risk, Discount and Loan Policy and Procedures Committees. Mr. Brighton is the President of Hulman and Company. Prior to accepting that position in 2009, he was Executive Vice President and General Counsel. Mr. Brighton has been the General Manager of Lynch Coal Operators Reciprocal Association since 1985 and was a private practice Attorney for 12 years. He serves on the Boards of Templeton Coal Company, Inc., Deep Vein Coal Company, Inc., Princeton Mining Company, Inc., R.J. Oil Company, Inc., Union Hospital, Inc. and Lynch Coal Operators Reciprocal Association. Mr. Brighton earned a B.S. degree in Business Administration from Indiana State University and a Doctor of Jurisprudence degree from Drake University.

B. Guille Cox has served on the First Financial Corporation Board since 1983 and is the Chairman of the Trust Committee. He also serves on the Investment, Discount, and Governance / Nominating Committees. Mr. Cox has been a Senior Partner in the Law Firm Cox, Zwerner, Gambill & Sullivan since 1980. He also serves on the Boards of Hendrich Title Company and Katzenbach Inc. As a Rose-Hulman Institute of Technology Board Member Mr. Cox serves on the Executive and Investment Committees. Mr. Cox received a B.S. degree in Physics from MIT and a Doctor of Jurisprudence degree from Harvard Law School.

Thomas T. Dinkel joined the Board in 1989 and serves on the Operations, Audit, Community Reinvestment Act, Loan Review, Investment Services, and Discount Committees. Mr. Dinkel has been the President and Chief Executive Officer of Sycamore Engineering, Inc., Dinkel Associates, Sycamore Building Corporation and Dinkel Telekom since 1986 and has held various positions in the Company since 1966. Mr. Dinkel serves on the Board of Rose-Hulman Institute of Technology and is Chairman of the Business Administration and Compensation Committee. Additionally he serves on the Facilities, Investment Management, President Evaluation, Executive and Student Affairs Committees at Rose-Hulman. He earned his B.S. degree from Rose-Hulman Institute of Technology.

Anton H. George joined the Board in 1989. He serves on the Discount Committee and is Chairperson of both the Audit and Compensation and Employee Benefits Committees. Mr. George is the past President and Chief Executive Officer of the Indianapolis Motor Speedway and Hulman and Company. He also is a current Director of Vectren Corporation. Mr. George earned a B.S. degree in Business Administration from Indiana State University.

Table of Contents

Gregory L. Gibson joined the First Financial Corporation Board in 1994 and serves on the Loan Review and Discount Committees. Mr. Gibson is the President of ReTec, Inc. and serves on the Board of Rose-Hulman Institute of Technology and Saint Mary-of-the-Woods College. Mr. Gibson has also served on the Indiana Judicial Commission and is currently serving on the Indiana Port Commission as well as the Board of Directors for the Methodist Health Foundation in Indianapolis. He holds a B.S. degree from Rose Hulman.

William R. Krieble joined the Board in 2009 and serves on the Discount, Community Reinvestment Act and Affirmative Action Committees. Mr. Krieble is the Program Director for the Division of Disability and Rehabilitative Services of the State of Indiana where he has served since 1970. He received B.S. and M.S. degrees from Indiana State University.

Norman L. Lowery joined the First Financial Corporation Board in 1989. He serves on the Acquisition, Affirmative Action, Asset Liability, Community Reinvestment Act, Disaster Recovery, Disclosure, Discount, Executive, Enterprise Risk Management, Loan Policy and Procedures, Loan Review and the Strategic Planning Committees. Mr. Lowery is the Vice Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of First Financial Corporation. He is also the President and Chief Executive Officer of First Financial Bank, serving since 1996. Prior to joining First Financial Corporation, Mr. Lowery was a Partner in the law firm of Wright, Shagley and Lowery where he practiced for 19 years. Mr. Lowery is a member of the Board of Lynch Coal Operators Reciprocal Association and the Indiana State University Board of Trustees. He received a B.S. degree in Political Science from Indiana State University and a Doctor of Jurisprudence degree from Indiana University.

Ronald K. Rich joined the Board in 2005 and serves as the Chairman of the Governance and Nominating Committee. He is a member of the Discount, Compensation and Employee Benefits, Audit and Governance and Nominating Committees. Mr. Rich has been a Financial Representative for Northwestern Mutual Financial Network since 1963. He holds CLU and CHFC designations from American College.

Virginia L. Smith has served on the Board since 1987. She is a member of the Loan Review, Loan Policy and Procedures, Affirmative Action, Discount and Executive Committees. Ms. Smith has been the President of Princeton Mining Company, Inc. since 1990. She serves on the Boards of Deep Vein Coal Company, Princeton Mining Company, R.J. Oil Company and Saint Mary-of-the-Woods College. Ms. Smith received a B.S. degree in Education from Indiana State University and a B.S. in Business Administration from St. Mary-of-the-Woods College. William J. Voges joined the Board in 2008 and serves on the Compensation and Employee Benefits, Governance and Nominating and Discount Committees. Mr. Voges has served as President and Chief Executive Officer of the Root Company since 1996 and as General Counsel of the Root Company since 1990. Prior to joining the Root Company, he was a Partner in Fink, Loucks, Sweet, and Voges for nine years. Mr. Voges also serves as Chairman of the Board for Consolidated-Tomoka Land Company (a public company listed on the NYSE-AMEX under the symbol CTO), where he has prior service on the Audit, Executive and Corporate Governance Committees. He has prior experience on the Boards of several financial institutions. Mr. Voges received his B.S. in Business Administration from Stetson University and his J.D. from Stetson College of Law.

The Board of Directors has separated the roles of Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board in recognition of the differences between the two roles. The CEO is responsible for setting the strategic direction for the Corporation and the day to day leadership and performance of the Corporation, while the Chairman provides guidance to the CEO and sets the agenda for Board meetings and presides over meetings of the full Board. Because Mr. Smith, our Chairman, is an employee for the Corporation and is therefore not independent, our Board of Directors has appointed the Chairman of our Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, Ronald K. Rich, as presiding director to preside at all meetings of the independent directors. The independent directors met four times during 2009. For further information, including electronic versions of our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, Audit Committee Charter, Compensation Committee Charter and Nominating/Corporate Governance Committee Charter please contact the Secretary of the Corporation, Rodger A. McHargue, First Financial Corporation, One First Financial Plaza, P.O. Box 540, Terre Haute, Indiana 47808, (812) 238-6000, or visit our website at www.first-online.com.

Table of Contents

Director Independence

The Board of Directors has determined that a majority of the Board, including Messrs. Cox, Krieble, Rich, George, Dinkel and Voges, are independent, as independence is defined under revised listing standards of the Nasdaq Global Select Market applicable to the Corporation.

Code of Ethics

The Corporation has adopted a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics that applies to all of the Corporation s directors, officers and employees, including its principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer and controller. The Corporation intends to disclose any amendments to the Code by posting such amendments on its website. In addition, any waivers of the Code for directors or executive officers of the Corporation will be disclosed in a report on Form 8-K.

Communications with Independent Directors

Any shareholder who desires to contact the Chairman of the Board of Directors or the other members of the Board of Directors, or who desires to make a recommendation of a director candidate for consideration by the Governance/Nominating Committee, may do so electronically by sending an email to the following address: directors@ffc-in.com. Alternatively, a shareholder can contact the Chairman of the Board or the other members of the Board by writing to: Chairman, First Financial Corporation, P.O. Box 540, Terre Haute, IN 47808. The Governance/Nominating Committee will consider any candidate submitted by a shareholder in the manner described above. Communications received electronically or in writing are distributed to the Chairman of the Board or the other members of the Board as appropriate depending on the facts and circumstances outlined in the communication received. For example, if any complaints regarding accounting, internal accounting controls and auditing matters are received, then they will be forwarded by the Secretary to the Chairman of the Audit Committee for review.

EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Compensation Discussion and Analysis

Overview of the Compensation Program and the Compensation Committee

The Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors is responsible for evaluating and establishing compensation levels and compensation programs for the Corporation's named executive officers. The Committee has established a range of plans and programs which are intended to encourage both current year performance and long-term shareholder value, without exposing the corporation to excessive amounts of risk associated to the financial services industry. The Committee considered all the major operational risks of the Corporation including: credit risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk, reputation risk, compliance risk, and transaction risk and the added potential for loss that could result from any of the compensation plans or programs provided to all employees. Upon review of these risks the Committee has determined that no material adverse effect is likely to occur

Compensation Philosophy and Objectives

The Compensation Committee s executive compensation policies are designed to attract and retain highly qualified persons as named executive officers, to provide competitive levels of compensation to the named executive officers and to reward the named executive officers for satisfactory individual performance and for satisfactory performance of the Corporation as a whole. Additionally, the policies seek to provide a vehicle for the Committee to evaluate and measure the performance of the Corporation and the executives in accordance with the results of those evaluations. The individual goals established in the strategic plan and budget for the Corporation and the Bank are also utilized in setting compensation levels of the named executive officers. The Corporation seeks to achieve these objectives through a blend of both short and long-term compensation.

12

Table of Contents

Role of Named Executive Officers in Compensation Decisions

Mr. Smith and Mr. Lowery participate in meetings of the Compensation Committee at which compensation actions involving our named executive officers are discussed. Mr. Smith and Mr. Lowery assist at the invitation of the Committee, by making recommendations regarding compensation actions relating to the named executive officers other than themselves. Mr. Smith and Mr. Lowery each recuses himself and does not participate in any meetings of the Committee at which his or the others compensation is discussed. The other named executive officers do not participate in the meetings of the Committee or in establishing the compensation of the named executive officers.

Elements of Executive Compensation

The compensation programs of the Corporation for its named executive officers are administered by or under the direction of the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors and are reviewed on an annual basis to ensure that remuneration levels and benefits are comparable to other similarly sized corporations within our industry and reasonable using the guidelines described above. With respect to the named executive officers other than the Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer, the Compensation Committee reviews and compares individual performance with respect to individual goals, area goals and Corporation goals. Because the Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer have greater responsibility for the overall operations of the Corporation, the Compensation Committee reviews and compares the following with respect to their compensation:

the performance of the Corporation and the Bank compared to previous years and to the budget;

past compensation levels for these officers;

the compensation levels at comparable financial institutions, as discussed below; and

total shareholder return.

The elements of the compensation programs for the named executive officers are described in more detail below. *Base Salary*. Base salary is a fixed component of total cash compensation and is intended to reward the named executive officers for their past performance and to facilitate the attraction and retention of a skilled and experienced management team. The Board of Directors establishes a total pool for salaries for each fiscal year, typically expressed as a percentage increase over the prior year s total aggregate base salaries. Individual base salary increases for all employees, including the named executive officers, are awarded as allocations from the salary pool. In establishing the amount of the pool, the Board of Directors considers general economic conditions (such as inflation and recessionary factors), the performance of the Corporation and the Bank and other sources of information such as third-party compensation surveys, including Amalfi Consulting, Watson Wyatt, The Conference Board, Mercer, and Culpepper Pay Trends. For 2009, the Compensation Committee established a pool of 3.75% over the prior year s total aggregate base salaries.

The Compensation Committee does not use the third-party data sources for benchmarking the size of the pool, the base salaries, or any other element of compensation for the named executive officers. Rather, such sources are reviewed and considered by the Compensation Committee in order to stay abreast of current compensation practices, levels and structures and thereby better inform its compensation decisions. The Compensation Committee considers all sources of information together and utilizes its members—experience and judgment in determining the amount of the pool for base salary increases.

13

Table of Contents

With respect to individual named executive officers, annual increases to base salaries are awarded based on the idea that an increase should reward performance and not longevity. Executive officers whose performance may justify an increase could receive a greater allocation from the pool as a base salary increase than do executive officers who have not performed as well during the prior year. Executive officers who have exceeded job expectations may, in the discretion of the Compensation Committee, be awarded a base salary increase which is greater than the amount which would be otherwise dictated by the size of the pool. Conversely, executive officers who did not meet job expectations may, in the discretion of the Compensation Committee, receive little or no percentage increase in base salary. For 2009, the Compensation Committee did not exercise its discretion to award a named executive officer either a base salary increase of greater than the pool for exceeding performance expectations, or no salary increase for failing to meet minimum performance expectations.

More specifically, base salary for a named executive officer is determined after the officer s performance is reviewed by the Compensation Committee. This review includes an analysis of the performance of the Corporation and the Bank and an analysis of the individual s performance during the past fiscal year, with a focus on the officer s goal attainment; supervisory skills; dependability; initiative; attendance; overall skill level; and overall value to the Corporation. In addition, when setting base salaries, the Compensation Committee also reviews certain third-party surveys such as the Indiana Banker s Association Financial Institutions Compensation Survey. The Compensation Committee has not attempted to rank or otherwise assign relative weights to the factors that it considers. The Compensation Committee considers all of the factors as a whole and collectively makes its decision with respect to base salaries in light of the factors that each of the members consider important.

With respect to the determination of the base salary increase for the Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer, the Compensation Committee reviews and considers the factors above as well as the compensation levels of comparable peers in the same geographical area (generally, this consists of financial institutions in Midwestern markets with comparable demographics as the Corporation with assets between \$2 billion and \$5 billion). With respect to the Chief Executive Officer, the Compensation Committee also considers the terms of Mr. Lowery s employment agreement. Specifically, prior to a Change in Control (as discussed in Potential Payment Upon Termination or Change in Control of the Corporation on page 27), the Compensation Committee may only declare decreases in the base salary awarded to Mr. Lowery if the operating results of the Bank are significantly less favorable than those for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2001 and the Bank makes similar decreases in the base salary it pays to other executive officers of the Bank. Additional information concerning Mr. Lowery s employment agreement is provided below in the narrative under Employment Agreements. As of this time, the Compensation Committee has never decreased Mr. Lowery s base salary.

Similar to the manner in which the Compensation Committee uses third-party survey data in a general manner to inform its decision with respect to the amount of the base salary pool, the Compensation Committee uses the Indiana Banker's Association Financial Institutions Compensation Survey and other data in a general manner to inform its decisions with respect to setting the base salary of the individual named executive officers. The Compensation Committee does not benchmark the base salaries or any other element of compensation for the named executive officers against these data sources.

The Compensation Committee has not established a policy or a specific formula for determining the amount or relative percentage of total compensation which should be derived by the named executive officers from their base salary. Rather, the Compensation Committee considers all of the information available to it and utilizes its members experience and judgment in determining the amount of the base salaries of the named executive officers.

14

Table of Contents

Annual Bonus Amounts. The Compensation Committee is responsible for the determination of whether an annual bonus should be recommended to the Board for the named executive officers. It has not established a policy or a specific formula for determining the amount or relative percentage of total compensation which should be derived by the named executive officers from annual bonus payments and has discretion to consider such factors as it determines appropriate. Historically, the determination has been based upon the overall performance of the Corporation and the Bank relative to the established budget, the attainment of Region, Department, and individual goals. In the event that the Compensation Committee determines that a bonus payment is appropriate in light of the performance of the Company and the Bank, the specific amounts are determined subjectively by the Compensation Committee based upon its evaluation of the Corporation s and the Bank s performance to the respective budgets and prior year performance as well as the Compensation Committee s evaluation of the future prospects of the Corporation and the Bank.

For 2009, the Compensation Committee determined and the Board approved, in light of the Corporation s and the Bank s performance relative to budgeted growth of total assets, net loans, deposits, shareholder equity, budgeted net income, return on assets, return on equity, capital to assets, efficiency ratio, earnings per share, and dividends paid, a bonus payment to each of the named executive officers, in the amounts set forth in the Summary Compensation table. Because we endeavor to establish and pay remuneration levels and benefits which are comparable to other similarly sized corporations within our industry, as discussed above, and do not have a formula driven bonus plan the Compensation Committee has determined to pay the amount of bonus for 2009 as set forth in the Summary Compensation Table. The Compensation Committee has determined that such amount and the aggregate amount of salary and bonus is reasonable, given the performance of the Corporation for 2009 as compared to the performance measures listed above and has not varied the amount of the bonus payments from the prior year s level. First Financial Corporation 2001 and 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plans. Beginning in 1999, the Board began discussions with several consultants regarding compensation programs. These discussions focused on an analysis of compensation programs of other financial institutions and what actions were needed to provide comparable compensation packages to directors, officers and key employees of the Corporation and its subsidiaries. These discussions and the analysis of the information received culminated with the adoption by the Board in November 2000 of the First Financial Corporation 2001 Long-Term Incentive Plan (the 2001 Plan), effective January 1, 2001. The 2001 Plan was designed to enhance the Corporation s value to stockholders by attracting and retaining qualified directors, officers and other key employees and by providing further incentive for directors, officers and other key employees to give their maximum effort to the continued growth and success of the Corporation. The 2001 Plan is an unfunded, nonqualified plan of deferred compensation which is administered by the Compensation Committee. The 2001 Plan was frozen effective December 31, 2004 to exempt all amounts under the 2001 Plan from the application of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Code). The Board adopted the First Financial Corporation 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (the 2005 Plan) as a replacement plan, effective January 1, 2005. The terms of the 2005 Plan comply with the requirements of Code Section 409A and related guidance. Collectively the 2001 Plan and 2005 Plan are referred to as the Plans.

Directors and executive officers who are considered highly compensated employees and who are age 65 or under are eligible to participate in the 2005 Plan; however, the Compensation Committee exempted Mr. Smith from the age limitations at each Plan s inception and exempted Mr. Rich, who did not become a director until 2005, from the age limitation of the 2005 Plan. The Compensation Committee has designated as participants in the 2005 Plan all directors of the Corporation, the executive officers listed in the summary compensation table on page 23 and certain other officers. Individuals are not eligible to receive awards under the Plans after age 65, except for Messrs. Smith and Rich. Awards under the 2005 Plan are based upon the specific award amount for each individual specified. There are four tiers of participants, with a different award amount specified for each tier. The first tier consists of Mr. Smith and Mr. Lowery; the second tier consists of Messrs. Carty, White and Clary; the third tier consists of other senior officers; and the fourth tier consists of the directors. The award amounts were established after discussions with, and receipt of, advice from the Corporation s consultant (the predecessor to Clark Consulting) when the 2001 Plan was established, who had performed an analysis of a peer group of companies for the Corporation and the financial institutions industry generally.

Table of Contents

Under the incentive plan, threshold performance objectives must be met in order for any awards to occur. Payouts for each of the named executive officers equal 90% of the respective target award for performance at threshold, 100% of the respective target award for performance at target, and 110% of the respective target award for superior performance. The Compensation Committee spends a significant amount of time analyzing financial measures and determining the level of performance required to receive threshold, target and superior annual incentive payouts. The Compensation Committee established the performance objectives in amounts which it believes to be achievable given a sustained effort on the part of the named executive officers and which require increasingly greater effort to achieve the target and superior objectives. The Compensation Committee may increase or decrease the performance targets and the potential payouts at each performance target, if, in the discretion of the Compensation Committee, the circumstances warrant such an adjustment. The Compensation Committee did not exercise its discretion in this regard in 2009.

The annual incentive opportunities for each of the named executive officers are based upon weighted factors which are determined by the Compensation Committee based upon its assessment of what is important to the Corporation s and the Bank s overall performance and within the scope of control of the respective named executive officers. For 2009, the factors are weighted as follows:

		Contribution	Branch		
	Bank Net	to	Average	Average	
	Income	Income	Loans	Deposits	Discretionary
Donald E. Smith	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Norman L. Lowery	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Michael A. Carty	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Richard O. White	20%	10%	20%	20%	30%
Thomas Clary	25%	25%	25%	0%	25%

Points are awarded to each of the named executive officers based upon their achievement of certain predefined target levels of performance with respect to each of the factors. The point opportunities for Donald E. Smith, Norman L. Lowery, and Michael A. Carty for 2009 were as follows (\$ amounts in thousands):

		O						
		Points					3	Points
								(If
	2009	(If Less	1 P	oint	2 Pc	oints	(Greater
Factors	Target	Than)	(If Be	tween)	(If Be	tween)	,	Than)
Bank Net Income	\$ 22,985	\$ 18,387	\$ 18,388	\$ 22,984	\$ 22,985	\$27,581	\$	27,582

16

Table of Contents

The point opportunities for Richard White for 2009 are as follows (\$ amounts in thousands):

		Points Awarded for Achievement													
	O Points 2009 (If Less					1 Point				2 Points				3 Points (If Greater	
Factors	7	Target	7	Than)	(If Between)				(If Between)				Than)		
Bank Net Income	\$	22,985	\$	18,387	\$	18,388	\$	22,984	\$	22,985	\$	27,581	\$	27,582	
Contribution to															
Income	\$	32,027	\$	25,621	\$	25,622	\$	32,026	\$	32,027	\$	38,431	\$	38,432	
Branch Average															
Loans	\$	75,693	\$	60,553	\$	60,554	\$	75,691	\$	75,692	\$	90,831	\$	90,832	
Average															
Deposits	\$ 1	,538,303	\$1	,230,641	\$1	,230,642	\$ 1	,538,287	\$1	,538,288	\$1	,845,961	\$ 1	,845,962	

The point opportunities for Thomas Clary for 2009 are as follows (\$ amounts in thousands):

O Points			3 Points			
			(If			
(If Less	1 Point	2 Points	Greater			
Than)	(If Between)	(If Between)	Than)			
\$ 18 387	\$ 18 388 \$ 22 984	\$ 22 985 \$ 27 581	\$ 27.582			

Points Awarded for Achievement

							(
Factors	2009 Target	(If Less Than)	1 Po (If Bety			oints tween)	Greater Than)
Bank Net Income Contribution to	\$ 22,985	\$ 18,387	\$ 18,388	\$ 22,984	\$ 22,985	\$ 27,581	\$ 27,582
Income Branch Average	\$ 10,121	\$ 8,096	\$ 8,097	\$ 10,120	\$ 10,121	\$ 12,144	\$ 12,145
Loans	\$830,382	\$664,305	\$ 664,306	\$830,373	\$830,374	\$ 996,457	\$ 996,458

Actual award amounts are based upon weighted point totals. Any named executive officer that earns between one point and two points will be deemed to have achieved the threshold level of performance and will receive an award at the 90% level. Named executive officers who earn between two points and three points will be deemed to have achieved the target level of performance and will receive an award at the 100% level. Officers who earn three points or more will be deemed to have achieved the superior level of performance and will receive an award at the 110% level. Any named executive officer who fails to earn at least one point will be deemed to have not achieved the threshold level of performance and will not be entitle to receive an award unless, the Compensation Committee determines, in its discretion that the circumstances warrant. The Committee did not exercise its discretion in this regard in 2009.

17

Table of Contents

Payments under the 2001 and 2005 Plans generally do not begin until the earlier of January 1, 2015, or the January 1 immediately following the year in which the participant reaches age 65. Payment may also be made upon death, disability, and change in control or termination for other than cause. Mr. Smith s payout will not begin until the earlier of January 1, 2010 or death, disability, or change in control or termination for other than cause. If a participant is a key employee as defined by Code Section 409A, which Mr. Smith is, then payments will be suspended for the six-month period following the participant s separation from service. Payments are in cash only and are generally made in 180 equal consecutive monthly installments.

The Plan terminated on December 31, 2009 according to the stated term.

Life Insurance. As an incentive for executive officers to remain with the Corporation and the Bank, the Corporation also provides a life insurance program (the Life Insurance Program) for the named executive officers of the Bank other than Mr. Smith. Under the Life Insurance Program, the Bank purchased a life insurance policy on behalf of and pays the premiums on behalf of each executive officer of the Bank. The policy is owned by the individual and is intended to be fully paid at age 65 for those who were 55 or older, and at age 60 for those who were less than 55 years of age at the time the individual joined the Bank.

Employee Benefit Plans

401(k) Savings Plan. The First Financial Corporation Employees 401(k) Savings Plan (the Savings Plan) is a qualified salary reduction plan within the meaning of Code Section 401(k) available to substantially all of the employees of the Corporation and its subsidiaries. Under the Savings Plan all eligible employees may elect to have a portion of their compensation deferred and contributed to their individual accounts within the Savings Plan Trust. Subject to limits established under the Internal Revenue Code, contributions may be directed in any whole percentage between 1% and 50% of the employee s base compensation and certain variable pay including overtime pay, bonuses, commissions, but excluding welfare benefits, deferred compensation, reimbursements and expense allowances. Amounts contributed to a participant s individual account in the Savings Plan may be invested, at the direction of the Savings Plan participant, in certain investment fund choices made available for that purpose.

Retirement Plans. The Corporation sponsors the First Financial Corporation Employee Stock Ownership Plan (the ESOP) and the First Financial Corporation Employees Pension Plan (the Pension Plan) for the benefit of substantially all of the employees of the Corporation and its subsidiaries. These plans together constitute a floor offset retirement program, so that the Pension Plan provides each participant with a minimum benefit which is offset by the benefit provided by the ESOP.

Under the terms of the ESOP, the Corporation or its subsidiaries, as participating employers, may contribute Corporation common stock to the ESOP or contribute cash to the ESOP, which will be primarily invested by the Bank, as the ESOP trustee, in the Corporation s common stock. The amount of contributions, when they are made, is determined by the Board of Directors of the Corporation. No participant contributions are required or allowed under the ESOP. Participants have the right to direct the voting of the shares of the Corporation s stock allocated to their accounts under the ESOP on all corporate matters. Participants may elect to receive a direct payment of dividends paid on shares of the Corporation s common stock allocated to their accounts or to have the dividends reinvested in Corporation common stock within the ESOP. Upon completing ten years of participation in the ESOP and attaining age 55 1/2, an ESOP participant may elect to diversify over a six-year period up to 50% of the Corporation s common stock allocated to the participant s ESOP account.

For the year ended December 31, 2009, the Corporation contributed 35,000 shares of the Corporation s stock valued at \$971,250 to the ESOP. The stock will be allocated to the individual ESOP accounts of the participants who are eligible to receive allocations of those contributions, effective as of December 31, 2009, although the allocation to the individual accounts had not been made or calculated as of the date of mailing of this Proxy Statement.

18

Table of Contents

Defined Benefit Plan. The Pension Plan is a defined benefit pension plan sponsored by the Corporation for the benefit of substantially all of the employees of the Corporation and its subsidiaries. The monthly guaranteed minimum benefit under the Pension Plan is reduced by the monthly benefit derived from the vested portion of the participant s ESOP account balance, calculated by the actuary for the Pension Plan as a single life annuity. Unless the participant elects an alternate form of benefit under the Pension Plan, the normal retirement benefit, if any, payable under the Pension Plan, will begin at the later of the participant s retirement or age 65 and be paid monthly for as long as the participant lives. Messrs. Lowery, Carty, Clary and White, having surpassed their 55th birthday and served the Corporation for more than 5 years, are eligible for early retirement under the Pension Plan. The Pension Plan allows for an early retirement benefit equal to a participant s accrued benefit, determined before the reduction for the monthly ESOP benefit, reduced by 1/180 for each full month for the first five years and 1/360 for each full month for the next five years that the commencement of benefit payments precedes the participant s normal retirement date.

The following table shows the estimated annual benefits payable under the Pension Plan upon retirement at age 65 in 2009 for various periods of Benefit Service at specified levels of remuneration. A participant s Final Average Annual Compensation shown under the Pension Plan is generally based on the salary and bonus set forth in the Summary Compensation Table.

Final Average Annual Compensation(1)

Years of								
Benefit								
Service	\$70,000	\$100,000	\$130,000	\$160,000	\$190,000	\$220,000	\$250,000	\$300,000
10	14,455	22,405	30,355	38,305	46,255	54,205	62,155	75,405
20	28,910	44,810	60,710	76,610	92,510	108,410	124,310	150,810
30	36,365	57,215	78,065	98,915	119,765	140,615	161,465	196,215
40	36,593	58,418	80,243	102,068	123,893	145,718	167,543	203,918

offset by any
ESOP benefit
the participant
has. If the ESOP
benefit is
greater than the
Pension Plan
benefit, then no
benefit will be
paid by the
Pension Plan.

(1) The amounts

indicated in the chart will be

To the extent the Pension Plan

the Pension Plan

benefit exceeds

the ESOP

benefit, such

excess will be

paid by the

Pension Plan.

Explanation of ESOP/Pension Plan Offset Arrangement. The offset between the ESOP and the Pension Plan works in the following manner. If a participant s ESOP benefit exceeds the benefit he has accrued under the Pension Plan, the

participant will receive his ESOP benefit in lieu of the Pension Plan benefit. For example, a participant s ESOP benefit is \$120,000 and his Pension Plan benefit is \$100,000. The \$120,000 benefit will be paid from the ESOP and \$0 will be paid from the Pension Plan. However, if a participant s Pension Plan benefit exceeds his ESOP benefit, then the participant will receive his ESOP benefit along with the amount the Pension Plan benefit exceeded the ESOP benefit paid from the Pension Plan. For example, a participant s ESOP benefit is \$100,000 and his Pension benefit is \$120,000. The \$100,000 benefit will be paid from the ESOP and \$20,000 will be paid from the Pension Plan. Executive Supplemental Retirement Plan. The First Financial Corporation Executive Supplemental Retirement Plan. (the ESRP) provides supplemental retirement benefits for a select group of management or highly compensated employees to help recompense the employees for benefits reduced due to the imposition of Code limitations on benefits under the Pension Plan. Amounts payable under the ESRP are offset by amounts payable under the First Financial Executives Deferred Compensation Plan. The ESRP was frozen effective December 31, 2004 to exempt all amounts under the ESRP from Code Section 409A. The Board adopted The First Financial Corporation 2005 Executive Supplemental Retirement Plan (the 2005 ESRP) as a replacement plan, effective January 1, 2005. The 2005 ESRP is designed to comply with Code Section 409A. Amounts payable under the ESRP will be offset by amounts payable under the First Financial Corporation Executives Deferred Compensation Plan and amounts payable under the 2005 ESRP will be offset by amounts payable under the First Financial Corporation 2005 Executives Deferred Compensation Plan.

19

Table of Contents

Executives Deferred Compensation Plan. The First Financial Executives Deferred Compensation Plan (the EDC Plan) permits a select group of management or highly compensated employees to elect to defer compensation from the employers, in addition to that which can be deferred under the Savings Plan, without regard to the limitations imposed by the Internal Revenue Code on the amount of compensation which may be deferred. The EDC Plan also provides for a supplemental ESOP benefit which is equal to the amount of the benefit a participant would have been allocated under the ESOP if not for the limitations imposed by the Internal Revenue Code on the ESOP. Amounts payable under the supplemental ESOP portion of the EDC Plan will offset amounts payable under the ESRP. The EDC Plan was frozen effective December 31, 2004 to exempt all amounts accrued under the EDC from Code Section 409A. The Board adopted the First Financial Corporation 2005 Executives Deferred Compensation Plan (the 2005 EDC Plan) as a replacement plan, effective January 1, 2005. The 2005 EDC Plan is designed to comply with Code Section 409A. Amounts payable under the 2005 EDC Plan will offset amounts payable under the 2005 ESRP. Explanation of ESRP/EDC Arrangement. The offset between the ESRP and the EDC works just like the ESOP/Pension Plan offset. If a participant s EDC benefit exceeds the benefit he has accrued under the ESRP, the participant will receive his EDC benefit in lieu of the ESRP benefit. For example, a participant s EDC benefit is \$120,000 and his ESRP benefit is \$100,000. The \$120,000 benefit will be paid from the EDC and \$0 will be paid from the ESRP. However, if a participant s ESRP benefit exceeds his EDC benefit, then the participant will receive his EDC benefit along with the amount the ESRP benefit exceeded the EDC benefit paid from the ESRP. For example, a participant s EDC benefit is \$100,000 and his ESRP is \$120,000. The \$100,000 benefit will be paid from the EDC and \$20,000 will be paid from the ESRP.

Employment Agreement

The Bank agreed to enter into an Employment Agreement with Norman L. Lowery, its President and Chief Executive Officer, upon the beginning of Mr. Lowery s employment in January 1996. The Employment Agreement was finalized and became effective in 1997. It has been extended each year since that time, and was last extended effective January 1, 2010. The Employment Agreement is a five-year agreement which may be extended on each anniversary by the Board of Directors of the Bank for an additional one-year term. During the period of his employment, the Employment Agreement requires that Mr. Lowery devote all of his full business time, attention, skill and efforts to the faithful performance of his duties. He has also agreed to the following nonsolicitation, noncompetition and nondisclosure provisions:

Nonsolicitation. For a one year period after termination for any reason or the expiration of the term, Mr. Lowery will not: (i) solicit any non-legal business of any party which is a customer of the Bank at the time of such termination or during the one-year period immediately preceding such termination, (ii) request or advise any customers or suppliers of the Bank to terminate, reduce, limit or change their business or relationship with the Bank, or (iii) induce, request or attempt to influence any employee of the Bank to terminate his employment with the Bank.

Noncompetition. In the event Mr. Lowery voluntarily terminates his employment with the Bank, he will not during the period of his employment, and for a period of two years following termination: (i) engage in the same trade or business as the Bank which would conflict with the interests of the Bank or in a trade or business competitive with that of the Bank; or (ii) offer or provide employment to any person who then currently is, or who within one year prior to such offer has been, a management-level employee of the Bank.

Nondisclosure. Mr. Lowery will not, directly or indirectly, use any confidential information (as defined in the agreement) for any purpose other than for the benefit of the Bank provide any confidential information except as required in the normal course of his service as a consultant or employee of the Bank during the term of the agreement and following termination of the agreement until either (i) such confidential information becomes obsolete; or (ii) such confidential information becomes generally known in the Bank s trade or industry by means other than a breach of this covenant.

20

Table of Contents

Under the Employment Agreement, Mr. Lowery receives an annual salary equal to his current salary, which is \$500,074 for 2010, subject to increases or decreases approved by the Board of Directors, and is entitled to participate in other bonus and fringe benefit plans available to the Corporation s and the Bank s employees. Additional information regarding the terms of the Employment Agreement is included in the narrative discussion under Potential Payment Upon Termination or Change in Control of the Corporation on page 27.

Accounting and Tax Considerations

We have structured our compensation program to comply with Internal Revenue Code Sections 162(m) and 409A. Under Code Section 162(m), a limitation was placed on tax deductions of any publicly-held corporation for individual compensation to certain executives of such corporation exceeding \$1,000,000 in any taxable year, unless the compensation is performance-based. The Company has no individuals with non-performance based compensation paid in excess of the Internal Revenue Code Section 162(m) tax deduction limit. If an executive is entitled to nonqualified deferred compensation benefits that are subject to Section 409A, and such benefits do not comply with Section 409A, then the benefits are taxable in the first year they are not subject to a substantial risk of forfeiture. In such case, the executive is subject to payment of regular federal income tax, interest and an additional federal income tax of 20% of the benefit includible in income.

Compensation Committee Report

The Compensation Committee of the Corporation has reviewed and discussed the Compensation Discussion and Analysis required by Item 402(b) of Regulation S-K with management and, based on such review and discussions, the Compensation Committee recommended to the Board that the Compensation Discussion and Analysis be included in this Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A.

Members of the Compensation Committee

/s/ Anton H. George /s/ Ronald K. Rich /s/ William J. Voges

21

SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE

The following table sets forth information concerning total compensation earned or paid to our Chief Executive Officer, our Chief Financial Officer and our three most highly compensated executive officers who served in such capacities as of December 31, 2009, each of which had total annual compensation exceeding \$100,000 in 2009 or in either of the preceding two years (the named executive officers), for services rendered to the Corporation during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009.

								Change in				
		Pension										
		Value and										
	Non-Equity Nonqualified											
	Incentive Deferred											
						Plan	C	ompensation	A	ll Other		
Name, Age and		Salary		Bonus	Cor	npensation	n	Earnings (Con	npensation		Total
Principal Position	Year	(\$)		(\$)		(\$)		(\$)		(\$)		(\$)
(a)	(b)	(c)		(d)		(g) (1)		(h) (2)		(i) (3)		(j)
Donald E. Smith,	2009	\$ 640,590(4)	\$	160,000	\$	_		-0-		-0-(3)	\$ 1	1,341,890(3)
Age 83	2008	\$618,640	\$	160,000	\$	508,000		-0-		-0-		1,286,640
Chairman of the		·										
Board	2007	\$ 596,066	\$	160,000	\$	463,900		-0-		-0-	\$ 1	1,219,966
and President												
Norman L. Lowery,	2009	\$ 529,655(5)	\$	150,000	\$	451,000	\$	363,515	\$	32,144(3)(8)	\$ 1	1,526,314(3)
Age 63,	2008	\$512,128	\$	150,000	\$	423,200	\$	145,385	\$	30,477	\$ 1	1,261,190
Vice Chairman and	2007	\$492,224	\$	150,000	\$	386,500	\$	246,478	\$	32,698	\$ 1	1,307,900
Chief Executive												
Officer												
Michael A. Carty,	2009	\$ 201,863(6)	\$	20,000	\$	107,000	\$	199,609	\$	1,200(3)(9)	\$	529,672
Age 59,	2008	\$ 194,948	\$	20,000	\$	100,300	\$	0	\$	1,200	\$	316,448
Chief Financial												
Officer	2007	\$ 188,284	\$	20,000	\$	91,600	\$	184,180	\$	1,200	\$	485,264
Richard O. White,	2009	\$ 163,000	\$	12,000	\$	106,300	\$	250,484	\$	1,200(3)(9)	\$	532,984(3)
Age 62	2008	\$ 157,630	\$	12,000	\$	99,700		-0-	\$	1,200	\$	270,530
Senior Vice												
President	2007	\$ 152,316	\$	12,000	\$	81,900	\$	209,064	\$	1,200	\$	456,480
of First Financial												
Bank, N.A.												
Thomas S. Clary,	2009	\$ 178,629(7)	\$	17,000	\$	96,300	\$	49,442	\$	2,344(3)(9)	\$	343,715(3)
Age 58	2008	\$ 173,040	\$	15,000	\$	81,720	\$	31,582	\$	2,344	\$	303,686
Chief Credit Officer	2007	\$ 166,516	\$	15,000	\$	74,700	\$	28,108	\$	2,344	\$	286,668
and Senior Vice												
President of First												
Financial Bank,												
N.A.												

The amounts in column
 (g) reflect amounts
 awarded

pursuant to the

2005

Long-Term

Incentive

Compensation

Plan, which is

discussed in

more detail on

page 16 of the

Compensation

Discussion and

Analysis section

of this Proxy

Statement.

22

(2) The amounts in column (h) reflect the actuarial increase in the present value of the named executive officers benefits under the Pension Plan determined using interest rate and mortality rate assumptions consistent with those used in the Corporation s financial statements and includes amounts which the named executive officer may not be entitled to receive because such amounts are not vested. Because the ESOP and the Pension Plan constitute a floor offset retirement program as described on page 20, this column represents amounts that are required to be paid under the Pension Plan because they are not offset by the

executive s ESOP

benefit.

- (3) Allocations to the named individual s respective account in the First Financial Corporation Employee Stock Ownership Plan for 2009, which are properly included in this column, were not calculable as of the date of this Proxy Statement. Such amounts for 2008 were as follows: \$11,791 for Mr. Smith; \$11,791 for Mr. Lowery; \$10,835 for Mr. Carty; \$9,176 for Mr. Clary; and \$8,757 for Mr. White.
- (4) Includes \$13,500 for service as a director of the Corporation and \$18,500 for service as a director of the Bank.
- (5) Includes \$7,500 for service as a director of the Corporation, \$12,500 for service as a director of the Bank, \$12,000 in deferred director fees and \$4,800 for service as a director of

Portfolio Management Specialist A (a subsidiary of the Bank), Portfolio Management Specialist B (an indirect subsidiary of the Bank) and Global Portfolio Limited Partnership (an indirect subsidiary of the Bank).

(6) Includes \$4,800 for service as a director of Portfolio Management Specialist A (a subsidiary of the Bank), Portfolio Management Specialist B (an indirect subsidiary of the Bank) and Global Portfolio Limited Partnership (an indirect subsidiary of the Bank).

(7) Includes \$4,800 for service as an advisory director to the Bank s Sullivan region, \$6,200 for service as a director of The Morris Plan Company of Terre Haute, Inc. (a subsidiary of the Corporation) and

\$200 for service as a manager of First Financial Real Estate LLP (a real estate investment trust of the bank).

- (8) Includes (a) the premiums paid by the Corporation pursuant to a life insurance program for named executive officers, and (b) \$27,249 accrued under the Executive Supplemental Deferred Compensation Plan, which is discussed in more detail on page 21 of the Compensation Discussion and Analysis section of this Proxy Statement.
- (9) Represents the premiums paid by the Corporation pursuant to a life insurance program for named executive officers.

23

Table of Contents

Grants of Plan-Based Awards

The following table sets forth the plan-based grants made during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009, pursuant to the Corporation s 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan, which is discussed in more detail on page 7 of the Compensation Discussion and Analysis section of this Proxy Statement.

Estimated Future Payouts Under Non-Equity Incentive Plan Awards (1)

		T	hreshold	•	Target	S	Superior
Name	Grant Date		(\$)		(\$)		(\$)
(a)	(b)		(c)		(d)		(e)
Donald E. Smith	N/A	\$	487,170	\$	541,300(2)	\$	595,430
Norman L. Lowery	N/A	\$	405,900	\$	451,000(2)	\$	496,100
Michael A. Carty	N/A	\$	96,300	\$	107,000(2)	\$	117,700
Richard O. White	N/A	\$	95,670	\$	106,300(2)	\$	116,630
Thomas S. Clary	N/A	\$	86,670	\$	96,300(2)	\$	105,930

(1) Awards of compensation equal 90%, 100% or 110% of the individual s award amount. The percentage of the award made is dependent upon whether the participant attains either the threshold, target or superior level of performance goals established by the Compensation Committee for the Corporation and Bank. If the first target level is not attained, no award is made. If the threshold, target or superior levels of the performance

goals are

attained, the award will equal 90%, 100% or 110% of the award amount, respectively. Awards for 2009 were based on weighted point totals related to goals established for the Corporation and the Bank and various product line performance. Goals include net income, product growth, contribution to income, and the attainment of agreed levels of controllable expenditures for the respective participants.

(2) For the fiscal year 2009 Messrs. Smith, Lowery, Carty, White, and Clary achieved the Target level award, which amounts are included in the named executive officer s compensation in column (g) of the Summary Compensation Table on page 23 of this Proxy

Statement.

Table of Contents

Pension Benefits

The table below shows the present value of accumulated benefits payable to each of the named executive officers, including the number of years of service credited to each such named executive officer, under the Corporation's Qualified Pension Benefit Plan (the Pension Plan), the Corporation's Executive Supplemental Retirement Plan which was frozen on December 31, 2004 (the Frozen ESRP), and the Corporation's 2005 Executive Supplemental Retirement Plan (the 2005 ESRP). The benefits were determined using interest rate and mortality rate assumptions consistent with those used in the Corporation's financial statements and are not payable as a lump sum; they are generally paid as a monthly annuity for the life of the retiree. Information regarding these plans can be found on page 19 of the Compensation Discussion and Analysis section of this Proxy Statement.

		Number of Years Credited Service	 esent Value of Accumulated Benefit	Payments During Last Fiscal Year
Name	Plan Name	(#)	(\$)	(\$)
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d) (1)	(e)
	Qualified Pension			
Donald E. Smith	Plan	41	0(2)	0
	Qualified Pension			
Norman L. Lowery	Plan	14	\$ 602,410(3)(5)	0
	Frozen and 2005			
	ESRP	14	\$ 1,154,419(4)(5)	
	Qualified Pension			
Michael A. Carty	Plan	34	\$ 376,038(3)(5)	0
	Qualified Pension			
Richard O. White	Plan	41	\$ 314,778(3)(5)	0
	Qualified Pension			
Thomas S. Clary	Plan	8	\$ 195,382(3)(5)	0

- (1) The calculation of present value of accumulated benefit assumes a discount rate of 5.96% and mortality based on the 2009 IRS **Current Liability** Tables. Benefits are not payable as a lump sum; they are generally paid as a monthly annuity for the life of the retiree.
- (2) Mr. Smith is not entitled to a

benefit from the Pension Plan because the value of his ESOP benefit exceeds the value of his Pension Plan benefit pursuant to the floor offset arrangement discussed on page 19.

- (3) These amounts represent the amount that Messrs. Lowery, Carty, White and Clary s Pension Plan benefit exceeds their ESOP benefit pursuant to the floor offset arrangement discussed on page 8.
- (4) This amount represents the amount Mr. Lowery s Executive Supplemental Retirement benefit exceeds his Executive Deferred Compensation benefit.
- (5) As
 Messrs. Lowery,
 Carty, White and
 Clary were over
 55 years of age
 and had more
 than five years of
 service as of
 December 31,

2007, they would have qualified for early retirement benefits equal to approximately 87%, 63%, 80% and 60%, respectively, of their full retirement benefit if they had retired at December 31, 2009.

Nonqualified Deferred Compensation For 2009

Pursuant to the Corporation s Executive Deferred Compensation Plan, which was frozen on December 31, 2004 (the EDC), and the Corporation s 2005 Executive Deferred Compensation Plan (the 2005 EDC Plan), the Corporation permits certain management and highly compensated employees to defer a portion of their compensation and also provides supplemental benefits to certain highly compensated employees to recompense the employees for benefits lost due to the imposition of Code limitations in the ESOP. The amounts shown below represent the accumulated benefit cost to the Corporation for these plans.

			legistrant ntributions		ggregate rnings in	Aggr	egate		Aggregate Balance
		Executive	in		Last	Withdr	awal	s/	at Last
		Contributions	Last FY		FY	Distrib	ution	IS	FYE
		in Last							
Name		FY	(\$)		(\$)	(\$	S)		(\$)
(a)	Plan Name	(b)	(c)(1)	((d)(2)	(6	e)		(f)(3)
Norman L.	Frozen and 2005								
Lowery	EDC Plan	0	\$ 27,249	\$	30,871		0	\$	457,759
Richard O.	Frozen EDC Plan								
White		0	0		0		0	\$	14,881

(1) These amounts are included in the named executive officer s compensation in column (g) of the Summary Compensation Table on page 23 of this Proxy Statement.

- (2) These amounts include the aggregate earnings related to the employee s contributions made over the years in the amounts of \$30,781 and \$0 for Messrs. Lowery and White respectively.
- (3) These amounts include the aggregate balance at the last fiscal year related to the employee s contributions, earnings, and appreciation over the years in the amounts of \$207,237 and \$14,881 for Messrs. Lowery and White, respectively.

Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change in Control of the Corporation Employment Agreement with Norman L. Lowery

The Corporation entered into a five-year employment agreement with Mr. Lowery in 1997. The employment agreement, which may be extended each year by the board of directors of the Bank for an additional one-year term was last extended for an additional one-year term in January 2010 Mr. Lowery must satisfy the terms of the agreement, including its nonsolicitation, noncompetition and nondisclosure provisions, to receive the following severance benefits, in addition to any benefits he is due under the Corporation squalified and nonqualified employee benefit plans:

Termination For Cause, Death or Disability: If Mr. Lowery is terminated for cause (as defined below), death or disability, he is entitled to receive the base salary, bonuses, vested rights, and other benefits due him through his date of termination. Any benefits payable under insurance, health, retirement, bonus, incentive (including, but not limited to, the 2001 or 2005 Long Term Incentive Plans), performance or other plans as a result of his participation in such plans through such date of termination will be paid when and as due under those plans.

For purposes of the agreement, cause is defined as: (i) an intentional act of fraud, embezzlement, theft, or personal dishonesty; willful misconduct, or breach of fiduciary duty involving personal profit by the Mr. Lowery in the course of his employment or director service; (ii) intentional wrongful damage by Mr. Lowery to the business or property of the Bank; (iii) breach by Mr. Lowery of any confidentiality or non-disclosure obligation; (iv) gross negligence or insubordination in the performance of his duties; or (v) removal or permanent prohibition of Mr. Lowery from participating in the Bank s affairs by order under the Federal Deposit Insurance Act.

Termination by Corporation Without Cause or by Employee For Good Reason: If Mr. Lowery is terminated without cause or if he terminates his employment for good reason (as defined below), and such termination does not occur in connection with, or within 12 months after a change in control, he will receive an amount equal to the sum of the following benefits as if he had terminated employment on December 31, 2009: (i) four times his base salary and bonuses; (ii) the Corporation s portion of the cost of obtaining health insurance for himself and his spouse and child living in his home for a period of four years; (iii) the cost of obtaining disability insurance for a period of four years; (iv) the cost of obtaining life insurance for a period of four years; (v) the cost of existing professional and club dues for a period of four years, (vi) the cost of continuing legal education for a period of four years; (vii) the cost of automobile benefits for a period of four years; (viii) four times the benefit accrued in 2009 under the 2005 Executive Supplemental Retirement Plan; (ix) four times the benefit accrued in 2009 under the 2005 Executive Deferred Compensation Plan; (x) four times the benefit accrued in 2009 under the Employees Pension Plan; (xi) four times the benefit accrued in 2009 under the Employees Pension Plan; (xi) four times the benefit accrued in 2009 under the Employees Pension Plan; (xi) four times the benefit accrued in 2009 under the Employees Pension Plan; (xi) four times the benefit accrued in 2009 under the Employees Pension Plan; (xi) four times the benefit accrued in 2009 under the Employees Pension Plan; (xi) four times the benefit accrued in 2009 under the Employees Pension Plan; (xi) four times the benefit accrued in 2009 under the Employees Pension Plan; (xi) four times the benefit accrued in 2009 under the Employees Pension Plan; (xi) four times the benefit accrued in 2009 under the Employees Pension Plan; (xi) four times the benefit accrued in 2009 under the Employees Pension Plan; (xi) four

26

Table of Contents

For purposes of the agreement, good reason means the occurrence of any of the following events, which has not been consented to in advance by Mr. Lowery in writing: (i) the requirement that Mr. Lowery move his personal residence; (ii) a reduction of ten percent or more in Mr. Lowery s base salary, unless part of an institution-wide reduction and similar to the reduction in the base salary of all other executive officers of the Bank; (iii) the failure by the Bank to continue to provide Mr. Lowery with the base salary, bonuses or benefits provided for in the Employment Agreement, as the same may be increased from time to time, or with benefits substantially similar to those provided to him under those sections or under any benefit plan or program in which he now or hereafter becomes eligible to participate, or the taking of any action by the Bank which would directly or indirectly reduce any such benefits or deprive Mr. Lowery of any such benefit enjoyed by him, unless part of an institution-wide reduction and applied similarly to all other executive officers of the Bank; (v) the assignment to Mr. Lowery of duties and responsibilities materially different from those normally associated with his position; (vi) a failure to elect or re-elect Mr. Lowery to the Board of the Bank or a failure on the part of the Corporation to honor its obligation to nominate him to the Board of the Corporation; (vii) a material diminution or reduction in the Mr. Lowery s responsibilities or authority (including reporting responsibilities) in connection with his employment with the Bank; or (viii) a material reduction in the secretarial or administrative support of Mr. Lowery.

Termination due to Retirement: If Mr. Lowery voluntarily retires, he will receive full health, life and disability coverage for himself, his spouse and his children living in his home until both he and his spouse are eligible for Medicare. When both Mr. Lowery and his spouse are eligible for Medicare, the Bank agrees to pay for supplemental coverage until both his and his spouse s death. He is also entitled to receive a life insurance policy on his life in the amount of \$350,000 and a life insurance policy on his life in the amount established by the Bank s insurance program for executive officers.

Termination Following Change in Control: If Mr. Lowery is terminated for other than cause or is constructively discharged and this occurs in connection with, or within 12 months following a change in control (as defined below) of the Bank or Corporation he would be entitled to an amount equal to the greater of the amount he would receive if he was terminated by the Corporation without cause; or, the product of 2.99 times the sum of (i) his base salary in effect as of the date of the change in control; (ii) an amount equal to the bonuses received by or payable to him in or for the calendar year prior to the year in which the change in control occurs; and (iii) cash reimbursements in an amount equal to his cost of obtaining, for a period of three years, beginning on the date of termination, all benefits which he was eligible to participate in or receive as of the date of termination. Mr. Lowery is also entitled to the payment provided for in this paragraph if a change in control occurs that was not approved by a majority of the Board regardless of whether his employment is terminated within 12 months. If, as a result of a change in control, Mr. Lowery becomes entitled to any payments which are determined to be payments subject to the Code Section 280G, the amount due Mr. Lowery will be increased to include payment equal to the amount of excise tax imposed under Sections 280G and 4999 of the Code (the Excise Tax Payment) and the amount necessary to provide the Excise Tax Payment net of all income, payroll and excise taxes.

Termination for Good Reason: If Mr. Lowery terminates employment following one of the events specified above under the definition of good reason (with the exception that reason (i) above is modified to state a requirement that he perform his principal executive functions more than 30 miles from Terre Haute, Indiana) within 12 months following a change in control of the Bank or the Corporation, he is entitled to an amount equal to the greater of the compensation and benefits described above if he was terminated by the Corporation without cause; or, the product of 2.99 times the sum of (i) his base salary in effect as of the date of the change in control; (ii) an amount equal to the bonuses received by or payable to him in or for the calendar year prior to the year in which the change in control occurs; and (iii) cash reimbursements in an amount equal to his cost of obtaining for a period of three years, beginning on the date of termination, all

benefits which he was eligible to participate in or receive. If, as a result of a change in control, Mr. Lowery becomes entitled to any payments which are determined to be payments subject to the Code Section 280G, the amount due Mr. Lowery will be increased to include payment equal to the amount of excise tax imposed under Sections 280G and 4999 of the Code and the amount necessary to provide the Excise Tax Payment net of all income, payroll and excise taxes.

27

Table of Contents

For purposes of the agreement, change in control means:

- (i) Change in Ownership. Any person, or group of persons acquires ownership of stock of the Bank or the Corporation that, together with stock held by the person or group, constitutes more than 50% of the total fair market value or total voting power of the stock. However, if any person or group is considered to own more than 50% of the total fair market value or total voting power of the stock, the acquisition of additional stock by the same person or group is not considered to cause a change in the ownership of the Bank or the Corporation.
- (ii) Change in the Effective Control. (a) Any person or group acquires, or has acquired during the twelve-month period ending on the date of the most recent acquisition by such person(s), ownership of stock of the Bank or the Corporation possessing 35% or more of the total voting power; or (b) A majority of members of the Board is replaced during any twelve-month period by Directors whose appointment or election is not endorsed by a majority of the members of the Bank s or the Corporation s Board prior to the date of the appointment or election.
- (iii) Change in the Ownership of a Substantial Portion of the Bank s or First Financial Corporation s Assets. Any person or group acquires, or has acquired during the 12-month period ending on the date of the most recent acquisition by such person(s), assets from the Bank or the Corporation that have a total gross fair market value equal to or more than 40% of the total gross fair market value of all of the assets immediately prior to such acquisition(s). Gross fair market value means the value of the assets of the Bank or the Corporation, or the value of the assets being disposed of, determined without regard to any liabilities associated with such assets. However, there is no change in control when there is a transfer to an entity that is controlled by the shareholders of the Bank or the Corporation immediately after the transfer.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the acquisition of Bank or the Corporation stock by any retirement plan sponsored by the Bank or an affiliate of the Bank will not constitute a change in control.

If Mr. Lowery qualifies as a key employee at the time of his separation from service, the Corporation may not make certain payments earlier than six months following the date of his separation from service (or, if earlier, the date of his death). In this event, payments to which Mr. Lowery would otherwise be entitled during the first six months following the date of his separation from service will be accumulated and paid to Mr. Lowery on the first day of the seventh month following his separation from service. Mr. Lowery is currently considered a key employee for this purpose.

28

2001 and 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plans

The Corporation entered into award agreements with Messrs. Smith, Lowery, Carty, White and Clary under the 2001 and 2005 Plans. They are entitled to the following benefits upon a change in control (as defined below): *Mr. Smith*: In addition to the benefits otherwise payable, if Mr. Smith is terminated within 12 months following a change in control, for reasons other than cause (as defined below), disability or death, he will be paid the vested account balance under the 2001 and 2005 Plans. Any payments from the Corporation or the Bank which are determined to be payments subject to the golden parachute rules of the Code, the amount due will be increased to include payment equal to the amount of excise tax imposed under Code Sections 280G and 4999 (the Excise Tax Payment) and the amount necessary to provide the Excise Tax Payment net of all income, payroll and excise taxes. The applicable amount will be paid in one single sum, for the 2001 and 2005 Plan, within 180 days following termination of employment.

Mr. Lowery: In addition to the benefits otherwise payable, if Mr. Lowery is terminated within 12 months following a change in control, for reasons other than cause, disability or death, he will be paid the vested account balance under the 2001 and 2005 Plans. Any payments from the Corporation or the Bank which are determined to be payments subject to the golden parachute rules of the Code, the amount due will be increased to include payment equal to the amount of excise tax imposed under Code Sections 280G and 4999 (the Excise Tax Payment) and the amount necessary to provide the Excise Tax Payment net of all income, payroll and excise taxes. The applicable amount will be paid in one single sum, for the 2001 and 2005 Plans, within 180 days following termination of employment.

Messrs. Carty, White and Clary: In addition to the benefits otherwise payable, if Messrs. Carty, White or Clary are terminated within 12 months following a change in control, for reasons other than cause, disability or death, they will be paid the vested account balance under the 2001 and 2005 Plans as of the December 31 of the year preceding the year of termination under both Plans.

For purposes of the 2001 and 2005 Plans, cause is defined as: (i) an intentional act of fraud, embezzlement, theft or personal dishonesty, willful misconduct or breach of fiduciary duty involving personal profit by the participant in the course of his employment or director service. No act or failure to act shall be deemed to have been intentional or willful if it was due primarily to an error in judgment or negligence. An act or failure to act shall be considered intentional or willful if it is not in good faith and if it is without a reasonable belief that the action or failure to act is in the best interest of the Corporation or its subsidiaries; (ii) intentional wrongful damage by the participant to the business or property of the Corporation or its subsidiaries, causing material harm to the Corporation or its subsidiaries; (iii) breach by the participant of any confidentiality or non-disclosure and non-solicitation agreement in effect from time to time with the Corporation or its subsidiaries; (iv) gross negligence or insubordination by the participant in the performance of his or her duties; or (v) removal or permanent prohibition of the participant from participating in the conduct of the affairs of the Corporation or any of its subsidiaries, by an order issued under Section 8(e)(4) or 8(g)(1) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, 12 USC 1818(e)(4) and (g)(1).

For purposes of the 2001 and 2005 Plans, change in control is defined as:

(i) *Merger*. The Corporation merges into or consolidates with another corporation or business entity, or merges another corporation or business entity into the Corporation, and as a result less than 50% of the combined voting power of the resulting corporation or business entity immediately after the merger or consolidation is held by persons who were the holders of the Corporation s voting securities immediately before the merger or consolidation; (ii) *Acquisition of Significant Share Ownership*. A report on Schedule 13D, or a successor form or schedule is filed or is required to be filed under Sections 13(d) or 14(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, if the report discloses that the filing person or persons acting in concert has or have become the beneficial owner of 20% or more of a class of the Corporation s voting securities after the effective date of the 2001 or 2005 Plan, but this provision shall not apply to beneficial ownership of voting shares of the Corporation held in a fiduciary capacity by a subsidiary of the Corporation or to beneficial ownership of voting shares of the Corporation held by the ESOP;

Table of Contents

- (iii) Change in Board Composition. During any period of two consecutive years, individuals who constitute the Board at the beginning of the two year period cease for any reason to constitute at least a majority thereof. However, each director who, by a vote of at least two-thirds of the directors who were directors at the beginning of the period, is first (a) nominated by the Board for election by stockholders, or (b) elected to fill a vacancy on the Board, shall be deemed to have been a director at the beginning of the two-year period.
- (iv) *Sale of Assets*. The Corporation (a) transfers substantially all of its assets to another corporation or business entity which is not a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Corporation, or (b) sells substantially all of the assets of a subsidiary or affiliate which constitutes 20% or more of the assets of the Corporation and is a subsidiary or affiliate as of the effective date of the 2001 or 2005 Plan.

The following table sets forth the severance and change in control benefits for each named executive officer under the specifically described scenarios as if such change in control and termination occurred as of December 31, 2009.

			Termination by		
			Corporation		
			Without Cause,		
			by Executive		
			for	Termination	Amounts
			Good Reason		
			or	Within 12	Payable Under
			Within 12	Months	Internal
			Months	After	Revenue
		Termination	After Change	Change in	Code Section
					280G Gross
		due to	in Control	Control	Up
		Retirement	(Employment	(2005 Plan)	Provisions
Name	Plan Name	(\$)	Agreement)(\$)	(\$)	(\$)
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
Donald E.	2005 LTIP				
Smith				\$ 3,791,800(4)	
Norman L.	2005 LTIP				
Lowery				\$ 3,167,200(4)	
	Employment				
	Agreement	\$ 225,338(1)(2)	\$ 4,677,580(1)(3)		\$ 2,163,136
Michael A.	2005 LTIP				
Carty				\$ 761,800(4)	
Richard O.	2005 LTIP				
White				\$ 731,690(4)	
Thomas S.	2005 LTIP				
Clary				\$ 545,372(4)	

(1) Calculation of the health insurance amounts were based on the assumptions used for financial reporting

purposes under generally accepted accounting principles assuming (i) termination occurred on December 31, 2009; (ii) termination was as a result of retirement or change in control; and (iii) a 6.0% discount rate. Calculation of the life insurance amounts were based on the cost of buying a fully paid policy as of December 31, 2009.

(2) This amount consists of (i) \$88,863 for health, life and disability coverage; (ii) \$112,000 for the \$350,000 life insurance policy; and (iii) \$4,895 for the executive officer life insurance policy.

(3) This amount consists of (i) \$2,600,296 for base salary and bonuses; (ii) \$88,863 for health, life and

disability

coverage; (iii)

\$112,000 for the

\$350,000 life

insurance

policy; (iv)

\$4,895 for the

executive

officer life

insurance

policy; (v)

\$21,932 for

professional and

club dues; (vi)

\$840 for

continuing legal

education; (vii)

\$49,000 for

automobile

benefits; (viii)

\$547,428 for his

Pension Plan

benefit; (ix)

\$47,164 for his

ESOP benefit;

(x) \$906,632 for

his ESRP

benefit; (xi)

\$108,996 EDC

Plan benefit;

and (xii)

\$169,954

representing the

payment of

items (ii)-(vii)

net of all

income and

payroll taxes, as

discussed

beginning on

page 13.

(4) All participants in the plans are

entitled to

receive their

respective

vested benefits

upon the

occurrence of

any change of

control as listed on page 15.

30

SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT

The following table shows, as of March 17, 2010, the number and percentage of shares of common stock held by each person or entity known to the Corporation to own beneficially more than five percent (5%) of the issued and outstanding common stock of the Corporation:

Name and Address of Beneficial Owner	Number Of Shares Beneficially Owned	Percent of Shares Outstanding
First Financial Corporation Employee Stock Ownership Plan One First Financial Plaza Terre Haute, Indiana 47807 PNC Financial Services Group Inc.	827,661(1)	6.30%
PNC Financial Services Group Inc. One PNC Plaza 249 Fifth Avenue Pittsburgh, PA 15222 Princeton Mining Company	1,193,763	9.09%
State Road 46 South Terre Haute, Indiana 47803	1,310,074	9.98%
Dimensional Fund Advisors LP Palisades West, Building One 6300 Bee Cave Road Austin, TX 78746	726,222	5.53%
Blackrock, Inc. 40 East 52 nd Street New York, New York 10022	687,145	5.23%
(1) Represents shares held in trust by the Corporation s subsidiary, First Financial Bank, N.A.		

31

Table of Contents

The following table shows as of March 17, 2010 the number of our common shares beneficially owned (unless otherwise indicated) by the Corporation s nominees for election as directors, the executive officers named in the Summary Compensation Table, and the directors and executive officers of the Corporation as a group.

	Aggregate Number Of Shares Beneficially	Percent of Shares
Name (Age)	Owned(1)	Outstanding(2)
W. Curtis Brighton (56)	13,200	*
Michael A. Carty (58)	16,838(3)	*
Thomas S. Clary (58)	1,467(4)	*
B. Guille Cox, Jr. (64)	81,098(5)	*
Thomas T. Dinkel (59)	13,396	*
Anton H. George (50)	618	*
Gregory L. Gibson (47)	76,962	*
William R. Krieble (62)	375	
Norman L. Lowery (63)	20,616(6)	*
Ronald K. Rich (71)	2,050	*
Virginia L. Smith (61)	12,423	*
Donald E. Smith (83)	181,007(7)	1.38%
William J. Voges(55)	266,449	2.03%
Richard O. White (62)	23,387(8)	*
All directors and executive officers as a group (14		
persons)	709,886	5.41%

- * Represents less than 1% of the Corporation s outstanding common shares.
- (1) The information contained in this column is based upon stockholder records of the Corporation and information furnished to the Corporation by the individuals identified above. Unless otherwise indicated, each individual has sole voting and investment

power of the shares indicated.

- (2) Based on the number of shares outstanding at March 17, 2010.
- (3) Includes 16,700 shares held for Mr. Carty s account in the First Financial Corporation Employee Stock Ownership Plan.
- (4) Includes 1,467 shares held for Mr. Clary s account in the First Financial Corporation Employee Stock Ownership Plan.
- (5) Mr. Cox, under certain circumstances, has the power, with the consent of others, to vote an additional 117,968 shares (0.90%). These shares are not reflected in the number of shares or percent of class attributed to him in the above table.
- (6) Includes 4,934 shares held for Mr. Lowery s account in the First Financial

Corporation Employee Stock Ownership Plan.

(7) Includes
175,585 shares
held for
Mr. Smith s
account in the
First Financial
Corporation
Employee Stock
Ownership Plan.

(8) Includes 23,387 shares held for Mr. White s account in the First Financial Corporation Employee Stock Ownership Plan.

32

PROPOSAL 2: RATIFICATION OF APPOINTMENT OF CROWE HORWATH AND COMPANY LLP AS THE CORPORATION S INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors appointed Crowe Horwath and Company LLP (Crowe Horwath) as the Corporation s independent registered public accounting firm to audit the books, records and accounts of the Corporation for 2009 and 2008. At its March 2, 2010 meeting, the Audit Committee recommended and approved the appointment of Crowe Horwath as the Corporation s independent public accounting firm to audit the books, records, and accounts of the Corporation for 2010. The Corporation is seeking ratification of such action. Representatives of Crowe Horwath are expected to be in attendance at the annual meeting and will be provided an opportunity to make a statement should they desire to do so and to respond to appropriate inquiries from the shareholders.

Report of the Audit Committee

In accordance with its written charter adopted by the Board of Directors, the Audit Committee of the Board (Committee) assisted the Board in fulfilling its responsibility for oversight of the quality and integrity of the accounting, auditing and financial reporting practices of the Corporation. All of the members of the Committee are independent, as defined in the Corporation s listing requirements, from management and the Corporation. During the current year, the Committee met four times, and the Committee chair, as representative of the Committee, discussed the interim financial information contained in each quarterly earnings announcement with the CFO, Controller and Independent Auditors prior to public release.

In discharging its oversight responsibility as to the audit process, the Committee obtained from the independent auditors a formal written statement describing all relationships between the auditors and the Corporation that might bear on the auditors independence consistent with Independence Standards Board Standard No. 1, Independence Discussions with Audit Committees, discussed with the auditors any relationships that may impact their objectivity and independence and satisfied itself as to the auditors independence. The Committee also discussed with management, the internal auditors and the independent auditors the quality and adequacy of the Corporation's internal controls and the internal audit functions organization, responsibilities, budget and staffing. The Committee reviewed both with the independent and internal auditors their audit plans, audit scope and identification of audit risks. The Committee discussed and reviewed with the independent auditors all communications required by generally accepted auditing standards, including those described in Statement on Auditing Standards No. 61, as amended,

Communication with Audit Committees, and, with and without management present, discussed and reviewed the results of the independent auditors examination of the financial statements. The Committee also discussed the results of the internal audit examinations.

The Committee reviewed and discussed the audited financial statements of the Corporation as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, with management and the independent auditors. Management has the responsibility for the preparation of the Corporation s financial statements and the independent auditors have the responsibility for the examination of those statements.

Based on the above-mentioned review and discussions with management and the independent auditors, the Committee recommended to the Board that the Corporation s audited financial statements be included in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009, for filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Anton H. George, Audit Committee Chairman, Thomas T. Dinkel, Ronald K. Rich

33

Table of Contents

Fees Paid to Crowe Horwath and Company LLP

The following table sets forth the aggregate fees billed by Crowe Horwath for audit services rendered in connection with the consolidated financial statements and reports for fiscal year 2009 and fiscal year 2008 and for other services rendered during fiscal year 2009 and fiscal year 2008 on behalf of the Corporation and its subsidiaries, as well as all out-of-pocket costs incurred in connection with these services, which have been billed to the Corporation:

	2009	2008
Audit Fees	\$ 292,000	\$ 285,000
Audit Related Fees	27,600	4,500
Tax Fees	62,280	62,780
All Other Fees	4,500	4,000
Total	\$ 386,380	\$ 356,280

Audit Fees. Consists of fees billed for professional services rendered for (i) the audit of the Corporation s consolidated financial statements, (ii) the integrated audit over internal controls as required under Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, (iii) the review of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements included in quarterly reports, (iv) the services that are normally provided by Crowe Horwath in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements, and (v) attest services, except those not required by statute or regulation.

Audit-Related Fees. Consists of fees billed for assurance and related services that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit or review of the Corporation s consolidated financial statements and are not reported under Audit Fees. These services include accounting consultations and performance of attestation services for student loan servicing for 2008.

Tax Fees. Consists of tax compliance/preparation and other tax services. Tax compliance/preparation consists of fees billed for professional services related to federal and state tax compliance, and assistance with tax audits and appeals. Other tax services consist of fees billed for other miscellaneous tax consulting and planning.

All Other Fees. All other fees include Sarbanes-Oxley Section 404 and internal audit software licensing fees in both years.

Audit Committee Pre-Approval of Audit and Permissible Non-Audit Services of Independent Auditors

All of the fees and services described above under audit fees, audit-related fees, tax fees and all other fees were pre-approved by the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee pre-approves all audit and permissible non-audit services provided by the independent auditors. These services may include audit services, audit-related services, tax services and other services. The Audit Committee has adopted a policy for the pre-approval of services provided by the independent auditors. Under the policy, pre-approval is generally provided for up to one year and any pre-approval is detailed as to the particular service or category of services and is subject to a specific budget. In addition, the Audit Committee may also pre-approve particular services on a case-by-case basis. For each proposed service, the independent auditor is required to provide detailed back-up documentation at the time of approval. The Audit Committee may delegate pre-approval authority to one or more of its members. Such a member must report any decisions to the Audit Committee at the next scheduled meeting.

34

Table of Contents

SECTION 16 BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP REPORTING COMPLIANCE

Section 16(a) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 requires the Corporation s directors and executive officers, and persons who own more than ten percent of a registered class of the Corporation s equity securities, to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) initial reports of ownership and reports of changes in ownership of Corporation common stock and other equity securities of the Corporation. Officers, directors and greater than ten percent shareholders are required by SEC regulations to furnish the Corporation with copies of all Section 16(a) forms they file. To the best knowledge of the Corporation, during the most recent fiscal year all officers, directors and greater than ten percent beneficial owners of the Corporation timely filed all statements of beneficial ownership required to be filed with the SEC, with the exception of Mr. Cox, who filed one late Form 4 relating to a gift in 2008 of 894 shares of common stock of the Corporation. In making this disclosure, we have relied solely upon written representations of our directors and executive officers and copies of reports that those persons have filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and provided to us.

SHAREHOLDER PROPOSALS

Under our bylaws, no business may be brought before an annual meeting unless in one of the following ways: (i) it is specified in the notice of the meeting (which includes shareholder proposals that the Corporation is required to include in its proxy statement pursuant to Rule 14a-8 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934); (ii) such business is otherwise brought before the meeting by or at the direction of the Board of Directors; or (iii) such business is brought before the meeting by a shareholder who has delivered notice to the Corporation (containing certain information specified in our bylaws) not less than 120 days prior to the meeting, or December 22, 2009 for purposes of the 2010 Annual Meeting. These requirements are separate from and in addition to the SEC s requirements that a shareholder must meet in order to have a shareholder proposal included in the Corporation s proxy statement. All proposals and notifications should be addressed to the Secretary of the Corporation.

Any proposals which shareholders desire to present at the 2011 Annual Meeting must be received by the Corporation at its principal executive offices on or before November 25, 2010 to be considered for inclusion in the Corporation s proxy material for that meeting. The proxy rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission govern the content and form of stockholder proposals and the minimum stock holding requirement. All proposals must be a proper subject for action at the 2011 Annual Meeting.

For additional information regarding the shareholder nomination process, please see Communications with Independent Directors on page 13.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

UPON WRITTEN REQUEST, THE CORPORATION WILL PROVIDE WITHOUT CHARGE TO EACH REQUESTING SHAREHOLDER, A COPY OF THE CORPORATION S ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-K, WHICH IS REQUIRED TO BE FILED WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009. ADDRESS ALL REQUESTS TO:

RODGER A. MCHARGUE, SECRETARY AND TREASURER
FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION
ONE FIRST FINANCIAL PLAZA
P.O. BOX 540
TERRE HAUTE, INDIANA 47808

35

Table of Contents

OTHER MATTERS

As of the date of this Proxy Statement, the Corporation knows of no business that will be presented for consideration at the annual meeting other than the items referred to above. If any other matter is properly brought before the meeting for action by shareholders, proxies in the enclosed form returned to the Corporation will be voted in accordance with the recommendation of the Board of Directors or, in the absence of such a recommendation, in accordance with the judgment of the proxy holder.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

/s/ Donald E. Smith
Chairman of the Board and President

March 25, 2010

36

FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION

One First Financial Plaza P.O. Box 540

Terre Haute, Indiana 47808

THIS PROXY IS SOLICITED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The undersigned hereby appoints James E. Brown and Richard J. Shagley, or either of them as Proxies, each with the power to appoint his substitute, and hereby authorizes them to represent and to vote, as designated below, all shares of common stock of First Financial Corporation which the undersigned is entitled to vote at the Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be held at One First Financial Plaza, Terre Haute, Indiana on Wednesday, April 21, 2010, at 11:00 a.m. (local time), or any adjournment thereof, on the following matters:

- 1. Election of Directors
 - o For all nominees listed below for a three-year term to expire in 2013 (except as marked to the contrary below):
 - W. Curtis Brighton, William R. Krieble, Ronald K. Rich and Donald E. Smith.
 - o WITHHOLD AUTHORITY to vote for all nominees listed above.

(INSTRUCTIONS: To withhold authority to vote for any individual, strike a line through the nominees name in the list above.)

2.	Ratification of the selection of Crowe Horwath LLP, as the independent registered public accounting firm for the
	Corporation for the year ending December 31, 2009.
_	

For o Against o Abstain o

3. In their discretion, on such matters as may properly come before the meeting.

THIS PROXY WHEN PROPERLY EXECUTED WILL BE VOTED AS DIRECTED OR IF NO DIRECTION IS INDICATED, WILL BE VOTED FOR ALL THE NOMINEES LISTED ABOVE.

Please sign exactly as name appears below. If there are two or more owners, both must sign. When signing as attorney, executor, administrator, trustee, or guardian, please give full title as such. If a corporation, please sign in full corporate name by President or other authorized officer. If a partnership, please sign in partnership name by authorized person.

.	
Dated:	
	(Signature)
	(Signature, if held jointly)
	Your vote is important. Please mark, sign, and date and

return this Proxy promptly, using the enclosed envelope.