METLIFE INC Form 10-Q November 06, 2014

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q (Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM TO

Commission file number: 001-15787

MetLife, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 13-4075851 (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

200 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10166-0188 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(212) 578-2211

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \flat No "Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes \flat No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer b

Accelerated filer o Smaller reporting company o

Non-accelerated filer " (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes "No b

At October 31, 2014, 1,136,042,027 shares of the registrant's common stock, \$0.01 par value per share, were outstanding.

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As used in this Form 10 Q, "MetLife," the "Company," "we," "our" and "us" refer to MetLife, Inc., a Delaware corporation incorporated in 1999, its subsidiaries and affiliates.

Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10 Q, including Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, may contain or incorporate by reference information that includes or is based upon forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

Forward-looking statements give expectations or forecasts of future events. These statements can be identified by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. They use words such as "anticipate," "estimate," "expect," "project," "intend," "plan," "believe" and other words and terms of similar meaning, or are tied to future periods, in connection with a discussion of future operating or financial performance. In particular, these include statements relating to future actions, prospective services or products, future performance or results of current and anticipated services or products, sales efforts, expenses, the outcome of contingencies such as legal proceedings, trends in operations and financial

Any or all forward-looking statements may turn out to be wrong. They can be affected by inaccurate assumptions or by known or unknown risks and uncertainties. Many such factors will be important in determining the actual future results of MetLife, Inc., its subsidiaries and affiliates. These statements are based on current expectations and the current economic environment. They involve a number of risks and uncertainties that are difficult to predict. These statements are not guarantees of future performance. Actual results could differ materially from those expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements. Risks, uncertainties, and other factors that might cause such differences include the risks, uncertainties and other factors identified in MetLife, Inc.'s filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). These factors include: (1) difficult conditions in the global capital markets; (2) increased volatility and disruption of the capital and credit markets, which may affect our ability to meet liquidity needs and access capital, including through our credit facilities, generate fee income and market-related revenue and finance statutory reserve requirements and may require us to pledge collateral or make payments related to declines in value of specified assets, including assets supporting risks ceded to certain of our captive reinsurers or hedging arrangements associated with those risks; (3) exposure to financial and capital market risks, including as a result of the disruption in Europe; (4) impact of comprehensive financial services regulation reform on us, as a potential non-bank systemically important financial institution, or otherwise; (5) numerous rulemaking initiatives required or permitted by the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act which may impact how we conduct our business, including those compelling the liquidation of certain financial institutions; (6) regulatory, legislative or tax changes relating to our insurance, international, or other operations that may affect the cost of, or demand for, our products or services, or increase the cost or administrative burdens of providing benefits to employees; (7) adverse results or other consequences from litigation, arbitration or regulatory investigations; (8) potential liquidity and other risks resulting from our participation in a securities lending program and other transactions; (9) investment losses and defaults, and changes to investment valuations; (10) changes in assumptions related to investment valuations, deferred policy acquisition costs, deferred sales inducements, value of business acquired or goodwill; (11) impairments of goodwill and realized losses or market value impairments to illiquid assets; (12) defaults on our mortgage loans; (13) the defaults or deteriorating credit of other financial institutions that could adversely affect us; (14) economic, political, legal, currency and other risks relating to our international operations, including with respect to fluctuations of exchange rates; (15) downgrades in our claims paying ability, financial strength or credit ratings; (16) a deterioration in the experience of the "closed block" established in connection with the reorganization of Metropolitan Life Insurance Company; (17) availability and effectiveness of reinsurance or indemnification arrangements, as well as any default or failure of counterparties to perform; (18) differences between actual claims experience and underwriting and reserving assumptions; (19) ineffectiveness of risk management policies and procedures; (20) catastrophe losses; (21) increasing cost and limited market capacity for statutory life insurance reserve financings; (22) heightened competition, including with respect to pricing, entry of new competitors, consolidation of distributors, the development of new products by new and existing competitors, and for personnel; (23) exposure to losses related to variable annuity guarantee benefits, including from significant and sustained downturns or extreme volatility in equity markets, reduced interest rates, unanticipated policyholder behavior, mortality or longevity, and the

adjustment for nonperformance risk; (24) our ability to address difficulties, unforeseen liabilities, asset impairments, or rating agency actions arising from business acquisitions, including our acquisition of American Life Insurance Company and Delaware American Life Insurance Company, and integrating and managing the growth of such acquired businesses, or arising from dispositions of businesses or legal entity reorganizations; (25) the dilutive impact on our stockholders resulting from the settlement of our outstanding common equity units; (26) regulatory and other restrictions affecting MetLife, Inc.'s ability to pay dividends and repurchase common stock; (27) MetLife, Inc.'s primary reliance, as a holding company, on dividends from its subsidiaries to meet debt payment obligations and the applicable regulatory restrictions on the ability of the subsidiaries to pay such dividends; (28) the possibility that MetLife, Inc.'s Board of Directors may influence the outcome of stockholder votes through the voting provisions of the MetLife Policyholder Trust; (29) changes in accounting standards, practices and/or policies; (30) increased expenses relating to pension and postretirement benefit plans, as well as health care and other employee benefits; (31) inability to protect our intellectual property rights or claims of infringement of the intellectual property rights of others; (32) inability to attract and retain sales representatives; (33) provisions of laws and our incorporation documents may delay, deter or prevent takeovers and corporate combinations involving MetLife; (34) the effects of business disruption or economic contraction due to disasters such as terrorist attacks, cyberattacks, other hostilities, or natural catastrophes, including any related impact on the value of our investment portfolio, our disaster recovery systems, cyber- or other information security systems and management continuity planning; (35) the effectiveness of our programs and practices in avoiding giving our associates incentives to take excessive risks; and (36) other risks and uncertainties described from time to time in MetLife, Inc.'s filings with the SEC. MetLife, Inc. does not undertake any obligation to publicly correct or update any forward-looking statement if

MetLife, Inc. later becomes aware that such statement is not likely to be achieved. Please consult any further disclosures MetLife, Inc. makes on related subjects in reports to the SEC.

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Corporate Information

We announce financial and other information about MetLife to our investors through the MetLife Investor Relations Web page at www.metlife.com, as well as SEC filings, press releases, public conference calls and webcasts. MetLife encourages investors to visit the Investor Relations Web page from time to time, as information is updated and new information is posted. The information found on our website is not incorporated by reference into this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or in any other report or document we file with the SEC, and any references to our website are intended to be inactive textual references only.

Note Regarding Reliance on Statements in Our Contracts

See "Exhibit Index — Note Regarding Reliance on Statements in Our Contracts" for information regarding agreements included as exhibits to this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

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MetLife, Inc.

Interim Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

September 30, 2014 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2013

(In millions, except share and per share data)

Part I — Financial Information

Item 1. Financial Statements

	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Assets		
Investments:		
Fixed maturity securities available-for-sale, at estimated fair value (amortized cost:		
\$341,198 and \$333,599, respectively; includes \$4,097 and \$4,005, respectively, relating	\$ 368,070	\$ 350,187
to variable interest entities)		
Equity securities available-for-sale, at estimated fair value (cost: \$3,111 and \$3,012, respectively)	3,689	3,402
Fair value option and trading securities, at estimated fair value (includes \$690 and		
\$662, respectively, of actively traded securities; and \$67 and \$92, respectively, relating to variable interest entities)	17,246	17,423
Mortgage loans (net of valuation allowances of \$307 and \$322, respectively; includes		
\$313 and \$1,621, respectively, at estimated fair value, relating to variable interest	58,038	57,706
entities; includes \$298 and \$338, respectively, under the fair value option)	30,030	31,100
Policy loans (includes \$3 and \$2, respectively, relating to variable interest entities)	11,756	11,764
Real estate and real estate joint ventures (includes \$8 and \$1,141, respectively, relating	11,750	11,701
to variable interest entities, includes \$173 and \$186, respectively, of real estate	10,393	10,712
held-for-sale)	- ,	- , -
Other limited partnership interests (includes \$53 and \$53, respectively, relating to	0.214	7.401
variable interest entities)	8,214	7,401
Short-term investments, principally at estimated fair value (includes \$35 and \$8,	12,240	13,955
respectively, relating to variable interest entities)	12,240	13,933
Other invested assets, principally at estimated fair value (includes \$56 and \$78,	17,905	16,229
respectively, relating to variable interest entities)		
Total investments	507,551	488,779
Cash and cash equivalents, principally at estimated fair value (includes \$61 and \$70,	8,783	7,585
respectively, relating to variable interest entities)	-,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Accrued investment income (includes \$23 and \$26, respectively, relating to variable	4,380	4,255
interest entities)	,	,
Premiums, reinsurance and other receivables (includes \$33 and \$22, respectively,	23,814	21,859
relating to variable interest entities) Deformed policy acquisition costs and value of business acquired (includes \$240 and		
Deferred policy acquisition costs and value of business acquired (includes \$240 and \$255, respectively, relating to variable interest entities)	25,503	26,706
Goodwill	10,216	10,542
Other assets (includes \$135 and \$152, respectively, relating to variable interest entities)	8,900	8,369
Separate account assets (includes \$1,140 and \$1,033, respectively, relating to variable	•	•
interest entities)	319,480	317,201
Total assets	\$ 908,627	\$885,296
Liabilities and Equity	•	,
Liabilities		
Future policy benefits (includes \$557 and \$516, respectively, relating to variable	\$ 189,282	\$ 187,942
interest entities)	Ψ 107,202	Ψ 107,942

Policyholder account balances (includes \$63 and \$56, respectively, relating to variable interest entities)	215,226	212,885	
Other policy-related balances (includes \$197 and \$123, respectively, relating to variable interest entities)	15,026	15,214	
Policyholder dividends payable	710	675	
Policyholder dividend obligation	2,825	1,771	
Payables for collateral under securities loaned and other transactions	33,776	30,411	
Short-term debt	100	175	
Long-term debt (includes \$186 and \$1,868, respectively, at estimated fair value,	16,389	18,653	
relating to variable interest entities)	4 106	4 106	
Collateral financing arrangements Junior subordinated debt securities	4,196	4,196	
Current income tax payable	3,193 293	3,193 186	
Deferred income tax liability	11,357	6,643	
Other liabilities (includes \$75 and \$88, respectively, relating to variable interest	•	0,043	
entities)	25,373	23,168	
Separate account liabilities (includes \$1,140 and \$1,033, respectively, relating to			
variable interest entities)	319,480	317,201	
Total liabilities	837,226	822,313	
Contingencies, Commitments and Guarantees (Note 14)	007,220	022,616	
Redeemable noncontrolling interests	102	887	
Equity			
MetLife, Inc.'s stockholders' equity:			
Preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share; 200,000,000 shares authorized: 84,000,000	1	1	
shares issued and outstanding; \$2,100 aggregate liquidation preference	1	1	
Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share; 3,000,000,000 shares authorized;			
1,130,449,364 and 1,125,224,024 shares issued at September 30,	11	11	
2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively; 1,119,087,159 and 1,122,030,137 shares	11	11	
outstanding at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively			
Additional paid-in capital	29,488	29,277	
Retained earnings	30,928	27,332	
Treasury stock, at cost; 11,362,205 and 3,193,887 shares at September 30, 2014 and	(615)	(172)
December 31, 2013, respectively		•	,
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	10,992	5,104	
Total MetLife, Inc.'s stockholders' equity	70,805	61,553	
Noncontrolling interests	494	543	
Total equity Total lightistics and aguita	71,299	62,096	
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 908,627	\$885,296	
See accompanying notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.			

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MetLife, Inc.
Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss)
For the Three Months and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (Unaudited)
(In millions, except per share data)

	Three M Ended Septem 2014				Nine Mo Ended Septemb 2014			
Revenues								
Premiums	\$9,703		\$9,094		\$28,795		\$27,403	
Universal life and investment-type product policy fees	2,628		2,372		7,507		7,034	
Net investment income	5,410		5,026		15,704		16,385	
Other revenues	518		476		1,486		1,446	
Net investment gains (losses):								
Other-than-temporary impairments on fixed maturity securities	(17)	(13)	(40)	(77)
Other-than-temporary impairments on fixed maturity securities	(1.4	`	(21	`	(16	`	(56	\
transferred to other comprehensive income (loss)	(14)	(21)	(16)	(56)
Other net investment gains (losses)	140		(51)	(371)	472	
Total net investment gains (losses)	109		(85)	(427)	339	
Net derivative gains (losses)	478		(546	-	1,132		(2,866)
Total revenues	18,846		16,337	ĺ	54,197		49,741	
Expenses	,		,		,		,	
Policyholder benefits and claims	9,512		9,472		28,824		27,827	
Interest credited to policyholder account balances	1,817		1,600		4,995		6,036	
Policyholder dividends	347		312		1,047		954	
Other expenses	4,218		3,977		12,603		12,140	
Total expenses	15,894		15,361		47,469		46,957	
Income (loss) from continuing operations before provision for income					•			
tax	2,952		976		6,728		2,784	
Provision for income tax expense (benefit)	858		3		1,916		308	
Income (loss) from continuing operations, net of income tax	2,094		973		4,812		2,476	
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income tax	2,074		2		(3)		
Net income (loss)	2,094		975		4,809	,	2,477	
Less: Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	2,034		3		21		17	
Net income (loss) attributable to MetLife, Inc.	2,094		972		4,788		2,460	
Less: Preferred stock dividends	30		30		91		91	
			\$942					
Net income (loss) available to MetLife, Inc.'s common shareholders	\$2,064			`	\$4,697 \$10,682		\$2,369	`
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$1,972		\$(188)	\$10,082		\$(3,891)
Less: Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling	(56)	(58)	6		(54)
interests, net of income tax	¢2.020		¢ (120	`	¢ 10 (7)		¢ (2.027	`
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to MetLife, Inc.	\$2,028		\$(130)	\$10,676		\$(3,837)
Income (loss) from continuing operations, net of income tax, available	2							
to MetLife, Inc.'s common shareholders per common share:	ф 1 O2		ΦΩΩ Γ		¢ 4 17		ΦΩ 15	
Basic	\$1.83		\$0.85		\$4.17		\$2.15	
Diluted National Action 1997	\$1.81		\$0.84		\$4.12		\$2.14	
Net income (loss) available to MetLife, Inc.'s common shareholders p	er							
common share:	0.1.02				.		Φ2.17	
Basic	\$1.83		\$0.85		\$4.17		\$2.15	

Diluted	\$1.81	\$0.84	\$4.12	\$2.14
Cash dividends declared per common share	\$0.350	\$ —	\$0.975	\$0.735
See accompanying notes to the interim condensed consolidated finance	cial statemer	nts.		

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MetLife, Inc.

Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Equity

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 (Unaudited)

(In millions)

,						Accumu Income (her Compr	ehensive				
		f Eore e S toc	Paid-in	al Retained Earnings	Treasur Stock at Cost	Net yUnrealiz Investme	e 0 ther-1	Foreign Chan- Currency rary Translatio nents Adjustme	Benefit	Total MetLife, Stockhol	Nonco Inc. s Interes ders (I)	ontrolling Total sts Equity	r >
Balance at December 31,	¢ 1	¢ 1 1	\$20.277	\$27.222	\$ (172)	¢ 0 552	\$(120)	\$(1,659)	¢ (1 651)	¢61 552	¢542	\$62,000	6
2013	ֆ1	\$11	\$29,211	\$21,332	\$(172)	\$6,333	\$(139)	\$(1,039)	\$(1,031)	\$01,333	\$343	\$62,090	3
Treasury stock acquired in connection with share repurchases					(443)					(443)	(443)
Stock-based			211							211		211	
compensation Dividends on													
preferred stock				(91						(91)	(91)
Dividends on common stock Change in				(1,101)					(1,101)	(1,101)
equity of noncontrolling interests										_	(55)	(55)
Net income (loss) Other				4,788						4,788	21	4,809	
comprehensive income (loss), net of income tax						6,206	69	(501)	114	5,888	(15)	5,873	
Balance at September 30, 2014	\$1	\$11	\$29,488	\$30,928	\$(615)	\$14,759	\$(70)	\$(2,160)	\$(1,537)	\$70,805	\$494	\$71,299	9

Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests excludes losses of redeemable noncontrolling interests of less than \$1 million.

See accompanying notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

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MetLife, Inc.

Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Equity — (Continued)

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

(In millions)

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Net Total TreasuryUnrealizedOther-Than-Currency Benefit
Stock InvestmentTemporary
at Cost Gains Impairments
(Losses) Adjustmentsdjustment Additional Retained MetLife, Noncontrolling Interests Equity Inc.'s **Earnings** Stockhold (1s) ent Equity (Losses) Balance at December 31, \$1 \$11 \$28,011 \$25,205 \$(172) \$14,642 \$(223) \$(533) \$(2,489) \$64,453 \$384 \$64,837 2012 Common stock 1,000 1,000 1,000 issuance Stock-based 249 249 249 compensation Dividends on (91) (91) (91) preferred stock Dividends on (808) (808) (808)))) common stock Change in equity of (39) (39) 11 (28)) noncontrolling interests Net income 2,460 2,460 17 2,477 (loss) Other comprehensive income (loss), (5,389)70(1,085) 107 (6,297) (71) (6,368) net of income tax Balance at September 30, \$1 \$11 \$29,221 \$26,766 \$(172) \$9,253 \$(153) \$(1,618) \$(2,382) \$60,927 \$341 \$61,268 2013

⁽¹⁾ Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests excludes gains of redeemable noncontrolling interests of less than \$1 million.

See accompanying notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

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MetLife, Inc.

Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (Unaudited)

(In millions)

	Nine Mont Ended September 2014	r 30, 2013	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$10,950	\$9,984	
Cash flows from investing activities			
Sales, maturities and repayments of:		0.7.0.	
Fixed maturity securities	85,187	95,972	
Equity securities	455	567	
Mortgage loans	10,917	8,000	
Real estate and real estate joint ventures	532	323	
Other limited partnership interests	555	546	
Purchases of:	(0.4.00 .		
Fixed maturity securities	(94,085) (93,304)
Equity securities	(455) (812)
Mortgage loans	(11,772) (9,570)
Real estate and real estate joint ventures	(1,382) (991)
Other limited partnership interests	(1,338) (1,077)
Cash received in connection with freestanding derivatives	977	1,333	
Cash paid in connection with freestanding derivatives	(2,530) (5,593)
Sales of businesses, net of cash and cash equivalents disposed of \$262 and \$13,	452	386	
respectively			,
Sale of bank deposits		(6,395)
Purchases of investments in insurance joint ventures	(277) —	,
Net change in policy loans	(19) (93)
Net change in short-term investments	1,496	4,272	,
Net change in other invested assets	(251) (121)
Other, net	(131) (18)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(11,669) (6,575)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Policyholder account balances:	72.055	60.160	
Deposits	73,855	60,168	
Withdrawals	(71,301) (65,141)
Net change in payables for collateral under securities loaned and other transactions	3,481	(1,821)
Net change in bank deposits		8	
Net change in short-term debt	(75) —	
Long-term debt issued	1,000		
Long-term debt repaid	(2,802) (765)
Common stock issued, net of issuance costs		1,000	
Treasury stock acquired in connection with share repurchases	(443) —	
Dividends on preferred stock	(91) (91)
Dividends on common stock	(1,101) (808)
Other, net	(546) (134)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	1,977	(7,584)
	(60) (187)

Effect of change in foreign currency exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents			
balances			
Change in cash and cash equivalents	1,198	(4,362)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	7,585	15,738	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$8,783	\$11,376	
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information			
Net cash paid (received) for:			
Interest	\$841	\$891	
Income tax	\$413	\$539	
Non-cash transactions:			
Real estate and real estate joint ventures acquired in satisfaction of debt	\$3	\$55	
Deconsolidation of MetLife Core Property Fund (see Note 6):			
Reduction of redeemable noncontrolling interests	\$774	\$ —	
Reduction of long-term debt	\$413	\$ —	
Reduction of real estate and real estate joint ventures	\$1,132	\$ —	
See accompanying notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.			
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MetLife, Inc.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

1. Business, Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies Business

"MetLife" or the "Company" refers to MetLife, Inc., a Delaware corporation incorporated in 1999, its subsidiaries and affiliates. MetLife is a global provider of life insurance, annuities, employee benefits and asset management. MetLife is organized into six segments: Retail; Group, Voluntary & Worksite Benefits; Corporate Benefit Funding; and Latin America (collectively, the "Americas"); Asia; and Europe, the Middle East and Africa ("EMEA"). Basis of Presentation

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") requires management to adopt accounting policies and make estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported in the interim condensed consolidated financial statements. In applying these policies and estimates, management makes subjective and complex judgments that frequently require assumptions about matters that are inherently uncertain. Many of these policies, estimates and related judgments are common in the insurance and financial services industries; others are specific to the Company's business and operations. Actual results could differ from estimates.

The accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of MetLife, Inc. and its subsidiaries, as well as partnerships and joint ventures in which the Company has control, and variable interest entities ("VIEs") for which the Company is the primary beneficiary. Intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

Certain international subsidiaries have a fiscal year cutoff of November 30. Accordingly, the Company's interim condensed consolidated financial statements reflect the assets and liabilities of such subsidiaries as of August 31, 2014 and November 30, 2013 and the operating results of such subsidiaries for the three months and nine months ended August 31, 2014 and 2013.

The Company uses the equity method of accounting for investments in equity securities when it has significant influence or at least 20% interest and for investments in real estate joint ventures and other limited partnership interests ("investees") when it has more than a minor ownership interest or more than a minor influence over the investee's operations, but does not have a controlling financial interest. The Company generally recognizes its share of the investee's earnings on a three-month lag in instances where the investee's financial information is not sufficiently timely or when the investee's reporting period differs from the Company's reporting period. The Company uses the cost method of accounting for investments in which it has virtually no influence over the investee's operations. Certain amounts in the prior year periods' interim condensed consolidated financial statements and related footnotes thereto have been reclassified to conform with the 2014 presentation as discussed throughout the Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

The accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements are unaudited and reflect all adjustments (including normal recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods presented in conformity with GAAP. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of full year performance. The December 31, 2013 consolidated balance sheet data was derived from audited consolidated financial statements included in MetLife, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10 K for the year ended December 31, 2013 (the "2013 Annual Report"), which include all disclosures required by GAAP. Therefore, these interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements of the Company included in the 2013 Annual Report.

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MetLife, Inc.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

1. Business, Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncements

Effective January 1, 2014, the Company adopted new guidance regarding reporting of discontinued operations and disclosures of disposals of components of an entity. The guidance increases the threshold for a disposal to qualify as a discontinued operation, expands the disclosures for discontinued operations and requires new disclosures for certain disposals that do not meet the definition of a discontinued operation. Disposals must now represent a strategic shift that has or will have a major effect on the entity's operations and financial results to qualify as discontinued operations. As discussed in Note 3, the Company sold its wholly-owned subsidiary, MetLife Assurance Limited ("MAL"). As a result of the adoption of this new guidance, the results of operations of MAL and the loss on sale have been included in income from continuing operations.

Effective January 1, 2014, the Company adopted new guidance regarding the presentation of an unrecognized tax benefit. The new guidance requires that an unrecognized tax benefit, or a portion of an unrecognized tax benefit, be presented in the financial statements as a reduction to a deferred tax asset for a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss, or a tax credit carryforward. However, when the carryforwards are not available at the reporting date to settle any additional income taxes that would result from the disallowance of a tax position or the applicable tax law does not require, and the entity does not intend to use, the deferred tax asset for such purpose, the unrecognized tax benefit will be presented in the financial statements as a liability and will not be combined with the related deferred tax asset. The adoption was prospectively applied and resulted in a reduction to other liabilities and a corresponding increase to deferred income tax liability in the amount of \$277 million.

Effective January 1, 2014, the Company adopted new guidance regarding foreign currency that requires an entity that ceases to have a controlling financial interest in a subsidiary or group of assets within a foreign entity to release any related cumulative translation adjustment into net income. Accordingly, the cumulative translation adjustment should be released into net income only if the sale or transfer results in the complete or substantially complete liquidation of the foreign entity in which the subsidiary or group of assets had resided. For an equity method investment that is a foreign entity, a pro rata portion of the cumulative translation adjustment should be released into net income upon a partial sale of such an equity method investment. The new guidance did not have a material impact on the financial statements upon adoption.

Effective January 1, 2014, the Company adopted new guidance regarding liabilities that requires an entity to measure obligations resulting from joint and several liability arrangements for which the total amount of the obligation within the scope of the guidance is fixed at the reporting date, as the sum of the amount the reporting entity agreed to pay on the basis of its arrangement among its co-obligors and any additional amount the reporting entity expects to pay on behalf of its co-obligors. In addition, the amendments require an entity to disclose the nature and amount of the obligation, as well as other information about the obligation. The new guidance did not have a material impact on the financial statements upon adoption.

Effective January 1, 2014, the Company adopted new guidance on other expenses which address how health insurers should recognize and classify in their income statements fees mandated by the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, as amended by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act. The amendments in this standard specify that the liability for the fee should be estimated and recorded in full once the entity provides qualifying health insurance in the applicable calendar year in which the fee is payable with a corresponding deferred cost that is amortized to expense using the straight-line method of allocation unless another method better allocates the fee over the calendar year that it is payable. In accordance with the adoption of the new accounting pronouncement on January 1, 2014, the Company recorded \$57 million in other liabilities, and a corresponding deferred cost, in other assets.

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MetLife, Inc.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

1. Business, Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Future Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued new guidance on transfers and servicing (Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014 11, Transfers and Servicing (Topic 860): Repurchase-to-Maturity Transactions, Repurchase Financings, and Disclosure), effective prospectively for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2014 and interim periods within those years. The new guidance requires that repurchase-to-maturity transactions and repurchase financing arrangements be accounted for as secured borrowings and provides for enhanced disclosures, including the nature of collateral pledged and the time to maturity. Certain interim period disclosures for repurchase agreements and securities lending transactions are not required until the second quarter of 2015. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this guidance on its consolidated financial statements. In May 2014, the FASB issued a comprehensive new revenue recognition standard (ASU 2014 09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)), effective retrospectively for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016 and interim periods within those years. Early adoption of this standard is not permitted. The new guidance will supersede nearly all existing revenue recognition guidance under GAAP; however, it will not impact the accounting for insurance contracts, leases, financial instruments and guarantees. For those contracts that are impacted by the new guidance, the guidance will require an entity to recognize revenue upon the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled to, in exchange for those goods or services. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this guidance on its consolidated financial statements.

In January 2014, the FASB issued new guidance regarding investments (ASU 2014 01, Investments — Equity Method and Joint Ventures (Topic 323): Accounting for Investments in Qualified Affordable Housing Projects), effective retrospectively for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2014 and interim reporting periods within those years. The new guidance is applicable to investments in flow-through limited liability entities that manage or invest in affordable housing projects that qualify for the low-income housing tax credit. Under the guidance, an entity that meets certain conditions is permitted to make an accounting policy election to amortize the initial cost of its investment in proportion to the tax credits and other tax benefits received and recognize the net investment performance on the statement of operations as a component of income tax expense (benefit). The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this guidance on its consolidated financial statements.

2. Segment Information

MetLife is organized into six segments, reflecting three broad geographic regions: Retail; Group, Voluntary & Worksite Benefits; Corporate Benefit Funding; and Latin America (collectively, the "Americas"); Asia; and EMEA. In addition, the Company reports certain of its results of operations in Corporate & Other.

Americas

The Americas consists of the following segments:

Retail

The Retail segment offers a broad range of protection products and services and a variety of annuities to individuals and employees of corporations and other institutions, and is organized into two businesses: Life & Other and Annuities. Life & Other insurance products and services include variable life, universal life, term life and whole life products. Additionally, through broker-dealer affiliates, the Company offers a full range of mutual funds and other securities products. Life & Other products and services also include individual disability income products and personal lines property & casualty insurance, including private passenger automobile, homeowners and personal excess liability insurance. Annuities includes a variety of variable and fixed annuities which provide for both asset accumulation and asset distribution needs.

Group, Voluntary & Worksite Benefits

The Group, Voluntary & Worksite Benefits segment offers a broad range of protection products and services to individuals and corporations, as well as other institutions and their respective employees. Group insurance products

and services include variable life, universal life and term life products. Group insurance products and services also include dental, group short- and long-term disability and accidental death and dismemberment ("AD&D") coverages. Voluntary & Worksite products and services include personal lines property & casualty insurance, including private passenger automobile, homeowners and personal excess liability insurance offered to employees on a voluntary basis. The Voluntary & Worksite business also includes long-term care, prepaid legal plans and critical illness products.

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MetLife, Inc.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

2. Segment Information (continued)

Corporate Benefit Funding

The Corporate Benefit Funding segment offers a broad range of annuity and investment products, including guaranteed interest products and other stable value products, income annuities, and separate account contracts for the investment management of defined benefit and defined contribution plan assets. This segment also includes structured settlements and certain products to fund postretirement benefits and company-, bank- or trust-owned life insurance used to finance non-qualified benefit programs for executives.

Latin America

The Latin America segment offers a broad range of products to both individuals and corporations, as well as other institutions and their respective employees, which include life insurance, accident & health insurance, group medical, dental, credit insurance, endowment and retirement & savings products written in Latin America. The Latin America segment also includes U.S. sponsored direct business, comprised of group and individual products sold through sponsoring organizations and affinity groups. Products included are life, dental, group short- and long-term disability, AD&D coverages, property & casualty and other accident & health coverages, as well as non-insurance products such as identity protection.

Asia

The Asia segment offers a broad range of products to both individuals and corporations, as well as other institutions and their respective employees, which include whole life, term life, variable life, universal life, accident & health insurance, fixed and variable annuities, credit insurance and endowment products.

EMEA

The EMEA segment offers a broad range of products to both individuals and corporations, as well as other institutions and their respective employees, which include life insurance, accident & health insurance, credit insurance, annuities, endowment and retirement & savings products.

Corporate & Other

Corporate & Other contains the excess capital, as well as certain charges and activities, not allocated to the segments, including external integration costs, internal resource costs for associates committed to acquisitions, enterprise-wide strategic initiative restructuring charges, and various business activities such as start-up and certain run-off businesses. Start-up businesses include expatriate benefits insurance, as well as direct and digital marketing products. Corporate & Other also includes assumed reinsurance of certain variable annuity products from the Company's former operating joint venture in Japan. Under this in-force reinsurance agreement, the Company reinsures living and death benefit guarantees issued in connection with variable annuity products. Corporate & Other also includes the investment management business through which the Company offers fee-based investment management services to institutional clients. Additionally, Corporate & Other includes interest expense related to the majority of the Company's outstanding debt and expenses associated with certain legal proceedings and income tax audit issues. Corporate & Other also includes the elimination of intersegment amounts, which generally relate to intersegment loans, which bear interest rates commensurate with related borrowings.

Financial Measures and Segment Accounting Policies

Operating earnings is the measure of segment profit or loss the Company uses to evaluate segment performance and allocate resources. Consistent with GAAP guidance for segment reporting, operating earnings is the Company's measure of segment performance and is reported below. Operating earnings should not be viewed as a substitute for income (loss) from continuing operations, net of income tax. The Company believes the presentation of operating earnings as the Company measures it for management purposes enhances the understanding of its performance by highlighting the results of operations and the underlying profitability drivers of the business.

Operating earnings is defined as operating revenues less operating expenses, both net of income tax.

Operating revenues and operating expenses exclude results of discontinued operations and other businesses that have been or will be sold or exited by MetLife and are referred to as divested businesses. Operating revenues also excludes

net investment gains (losses) and net derivative gains (losses). Operating expenses also excludes goodwill impairments.

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MetLife, Inc.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

2. Segment Information (continued)

The following additional adjustments are made to GAAP revenues, in the line items indicated, in calculating operating revenues:

Universal life and investment-type product policy fees excludes the amortization of unearned revenue related to net investment gains (losses) and net derivative gains (losses) and certain variable annuity guaranteed minimum income benefits ("GMIBs") fees ("GMIB Fees");

Net investment income: (i) includes amounts for scheduled periodic settlement payments and amortization of premium on derivatives that are hedges of investments or that are used to replicate certain investments, but do not qualify for hedge accounting treatment, (ii) includes income from discontinued real estate operations, (iii) excludes post-tax operating earnings adjustments relating to insurance joint ventures accounted for under the equity method, (iv) excludes certain amounts related to contractholder-directed unit-linked investments, and (v) excludes certain amounts related to securitization entities that are VIEs consolidated under GAAP; and

Other revenues are adjusted for settlements of foreign currency earnings hedges.

The following additional adjustments are made to GAAP expenses, in the line items indicated, in calculating operating expenses:

Policyholder benefits and claims and policyholder dividends excludes: (i) changes in the policyholder dividend obligation related to net investment gains (losses) and net derivative gains (losses), (ii) inflation-indexed benefit adjustments associated with contracts backed by inflation-indexed investments and amounts associated with periodic crediting rate adjustments based on the total return of a contractually referenced pool of assets and other pass through adjustments, (iii) benefits and hedging costs related to GMIBs ("GMIB Costs"), and (iv) market value adjustments associated with surrenders or terminations of contracts ("Market Value Adjustments");

Interest credited to policyholder account balances includes adjustments for scheduled periodic settlement payments and amortization of premium on derivatives that are hedges of policyholder account balances ("PABs") but do not qualify for hedge accounting treatment and excludes amounts related to net investment income earned on contractholder-directed unit-linked investments;

Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs ("DAC") and value of business acquired ("VOBA") excludes amounts related to: (i) net investment gains (losses) and net derivative gains (losses), (ii) GMIB Fees and GMIB Costs, and (iii) Market Value Adjustments;

Amortization of negative VOBA excludes amounts related to Market Value Adjustments;

Interest expense on debt excludes certain amounts related to securitization entities that are VIEs consolidated under GAAP; and

Other expenses excludes costs related to: (i) noncontrolling interests, (ii) implementation of new insurance regulatory requirements, and (iii) acquisition and integration costs.

Operating earnings also excludes the recognition of certain contingent assets and liabilities that could not be recognized at acquisition or adjusted for during the measurement period under GAAP business combination accounting guidance. In addition to the tax impact of the adjustments mentioned above, provision for income tax expense (benefit) also includes the impact related to the timing of certain tax credits, as well as certain tax reforms. In the first quarter of 2014, MetLife, Inc. began reporting the operations of MAL as divested business. See Note 3. Consequently, the results for Corporate Benefit Funding decreased by \$2 million, net of \$0 of income tax, and \$11 million, net of \$5 million of income tax, for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively. Also, the results for Corporate & Other decreased by \$3 million, net of \$2 million of income tax, and \$10 million, net of \$6 million of income tax, for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively.

Set forth in the tables below is certain financial information with respect to the Company's segments, as well as Corporate & Other, for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013. The segment accounting policies are the same as those used to prepare the Company's consolidated financial statements, except for

operating earnings adjustments as defined above. In addition, segment accounting policies include the method of capital allocation described below.

Economic capital is an internally developed risk capital model, the purpose of which is to measure the risk in the business and to provide a basis upon which capital is deployed. The economic capital model accounts for the unique and specific nature of the risks inherent in the Company's business.

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MetLife, Inc.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

2. Segment Information (continued)

The Company's economic capital model aligns segment allocated equity with emerging standards and consistent risk principles. The model applies statistics-based risk evaluation principles to the material risks to which the Company is exposed. These consistent risk principles include calibrating required economic capital shock factors to a specific confidence level and time horizon and applying an industry standard method for the inclusion of diversification benefits among risk types.

For the Company's domestic segments, net investment income is credited or charged based on the level of allocated equity; however, changes in allocated equity do not impact the Company's consolidated net investment income, operating earnings or income (loss) from continuing operations, net of income tax.

Net investment income is based upon the actual results of each segment's specifically identifiable investment portfolios adjusted for allocated equity. Other costs are allocated to each of the segments based upon: (i) a review of the nature of such costs; (ii) time studies analyzing the amount of employee compensation costs incurred by each segment; and (iii) cost estimates included in the Company's product pricing.

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MetLife, Inc.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

2. Segment Information (continued)

Operating Earnings											
	Americas										
Three Months Ended September 30, 2014	Retail	Group, Volunta & Work Benefits		rate Latin It Ameri ng	Total ca	Asia	EME	Corpo A& Other	Total	Adju	Total stments Consolida
D.	(In milli	ons)									
Revenues	¢1.060	¢ 4 O1O	¢ 451	¢704	¢7.104	¢ 1 020	¢ 5 01	¢ 11	¢0.605	¢ 10	¢0.702
Premiums	\$1,869	\$4,010	\$451	\$794	\$7,124	\$1,939	\$581	\$41	\$9,685	\$18	\$9,703
Universal life and	1 211	180	60	328	1,879	487	127	20	2 522	106	2 620
investment-type product policy fees	1,311	100	00	328	1,879	467	127	29	2,522	106	2,628
Net investment income	1,983	473	1,493	346	4,295	730	131	37	5,193	217	5,410
Other revenues	275	103	71	7	4,293	27	22	13	5,193	<i>Z17</i>	518
Net investment gains (losses)			, i	_						109	109
Net derivative gains (losses)										478	478
Total revenues	5,438	4,766	2,075	1,475	13,754	3,183	861	120	17,918	928	18,846
Expenses	-,	,	,	,	- ,	-,			. ,-		- ,
Policyholder benefits and claims and policyholder dividends	2,555	3,729	1,033	719	8,036	1,535	252	31	9,854	5	9,859
Interest credited to policyholder account balances	567	38	279	97	981	394	43	8	1,426	391	1,817
Capitalization of DAC	(239)	(37)	(11)	(97)	(384)	(507	(165)	(15)	(1,071)	· —	(1,071)
Amortization of DAC and VOBA	335	38	5	101	479	367	152	1	999	55	1,054
Amortization of negative VOBA						(89	(7)) —		(11)	
Interest expense on debt	(1)		2		1		_	291	292	3	295
Other expenses	1,156	634	139	417	2,346	1,026	454	177	4,003	44	4,047
Total expenses	4,373	4,402	1,447	1,237	11,459	2,726	729	493	15,407	487	15,894
Provision for income tax expense (benefit)	366	127	220	86	799	151	36	(330)	656	202	858
Operating earnings	\$699	\$237	\$408	\$152	\$1,496	\$306	\$96	\$(43)	1,855		
Adjustments to:											
Total revenues									928		
Total expenses									(487)	
Provision for income tax (expense									(202)	
Income (loss) from continuing op	erations,	net of inc	ome tax						\$2,094		\$2,094

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MetLife, Inc.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

2. Segment Information (continued)

<u> </u>	T .
Operating	Harninge
Operaning	Lamings
	_

Α	merica	as

Revenues	Three Months Ended September 30, 2013	Retail (In milli	Group, Voluntar & Work Benefits ons)	Corpor Benefi site Fundir	t Ameri	Total ca	Asia	EMEA	Corpora A & Other	ate Total	Adjus	Total stments Consolid
Universal life and investment-type product policy 1,257 171 54 222 1,704 438 100 34 2,276 96 2,372 fees 7,084 7,085 7,08	Revenues	`	,									
investment-type product policy 1,257 171 54 222 1,704 438 100 34 2,276 96 2,372 16cs Net investment income 1,928 459 1,384 354 4,125 696 124 53 4,998 28 5,026 Other revenues 267 103 68 438 22 21 5 486 (10) 476 Net investment gains (losses)	Premiums	\$1,607	\$3,767	\$450	\$692	\$6,516	\$1,922	\$586	\$30	\$9,054	\$40	\$9,094
Net investment income	Universal life and											
Other revenues		1,257	171	54	222	1,704	438	100	34	2,276	96	2,372
Net investment gains (losses)	Net investment income	1,928	459	1,384	354	4,125	696	124	53	4,998	28	5,026
Net derivative gains (losses)	Other revenues	267	103	68		438	22	21	5	486	(10)	476
Total revenues 5,059 4,500 1,956 1,268 12,783 3,078 831 122 16,814 (477) 16,337 Expenses Policyholder benefits and claims and policyholder dividends Interest credited to policyholder account balances Capitalization of DAC (318) (37) (2) (103) (460) (515) (173) (5) (1,153) (1,	Net investment gains (losses)		_			_			_	_	(85)	(85)
Policyholder benefits and claims and policyholder dividends 2,234 3,527 1,071 637 7,469 1,506 243 25 9,243 541 9,784 1,500 1,472 128 1,600 1,018 1	Net derivative gains (losses)			_							(546)	(546)
Policyholder benefits and claims and policyholder dividends Interest credited to policyholder account balances Sa2 38 292 106 1,018 407 37 10 1,472 128 1,600 1,153 1,000 1,472	Total revenues	5,059	4,500	1,956	1,268	12,783	3,078	831	122	16,814	(477)	16,337
and policyholder dividends Interest credited to policyholder account balances Capitalization of DAC (318) (37) (2) (103) (460) (515) (173) (5) (1,153) — (1,153) Amortization of DAC and VOBA 315 37 4 63 419 393 166 1 979 (138) 841 Amortization of negative VOBA — — (1) (1) (99) (13) — (113) (13) (126) Interest expense on debt (1) — 3 — 2 — — 286 288 29 317 Other expenses 1,245 595 129 395 2,364 1,040 443 179 4,026 72 4,098 Total expenses 4,057 4,160 1,497 1,097 10,811 2,732 703 496 14,742 619 15,361 Provision for income tax expense (benefit) Operating earnings \$659 \$226 \$298 \$133 \$1,316 \$257 \$85 \$(133) 1,525 Adjustments to: Total revenues Total expenses Provision for income tax (expense) benefit	Expenses											
account balances Capitalization of DAC (318) (37) (2) (103) (460) (515) (173) (5) (1,153) — (1,153) Amortization of DAC and VOBA 315 37 4 63 419 393 166 1 979 (138) 841 Amortization of negative VOBA — — — (1) (1) (99) (13) — (113) (13) (126) Interest expense on debt (1) — 3 — 2 — — 286 288 29 317 Other expenses 1,245 595 129 395 2,364 1,040 443 179 4,026 72 4,098 Total expenses 4,057 4,160 1,497 1,097 10,811 2,732 703 496 14,742 619 15,361 Provision for income tax expense (benefit) Operating earnings \$659 \$226 \$298 \$133 \$1,316 \$257 \$85 \$(133) 1,525 Adjustments to: Total revenues Total expenses Provision for income tax (expense) benefit Total expenses Provision for income tax (expense) benefit		2,234	3,527	1,071	637	7,469	1,506	243	25	9,243	541	9,784
Amortization of DAC and VOBA 315	* *	582	38	292	106	1,018	407	37	10	1,472	128	1,600
Amortization of negative VOBA — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Capitalization of DAC	(318)	(37)	(2)	(103)	(460)	(515	(173)	(5)	(1,153)	_	(1,153)
Interest expense on debt (1) — 3 — 2 — — 286 288 29 317 Other expenses 1,245 595 129 395 2,364 1,040 443 179 4,026 72 4,098 Total expenses 4,057 4,160 1,497 1,097 10,811 2,732 703 496 14,742 619 15,361 Provision for income tax expense (benefit) 343 114 161 38 656 89 43 (241) 547 (544) 3 Operating earnings Adjustments to: \$659 \$226 \$298 \$133 \$1,316 \$257 \$85 \$(133) 1,525 Adjustments to: (477) Total revenues (477) Total expenses (619) Provision for income tax (expense) benefit 544	Amortization of DAC and VOBA	315	37	4	63	419	393	166	1	979	(138)	841
Other expenses 1,245 595 129 395 2,364 1,040 443 179 4,026 72 4,098 Total expenses 4,057 4,160 1,497 1,097 10,811 2,732 703 496 14,742 619 15,361 Provision for income tax expense (benefit) Operating earnings \$659 \$226 \$298 \$133 \$1,316 \$257 \$85 \$(133) 1,525 Adjustments to: Total revenues Total expenses Provision for income tax (expense) benefit Total expenses Provision for income tax (expense) benefit	Amortization of negative VOBA				(1)	(1)	(99	(13)		(113)	(13)	(126)
Total expenses 4,057 4,160 1,497 1,097 10,811 2,732 703 496 14,742 619 15,361 Provision for income tax expense (benefit) Operating earnings \$659 \$226 \$298 \$133 \$1,316 \$257 \$85 \$(133) 1,525 Adjustments to: Total revenues Total expenses Provision for income tax (expense) benefit Total expenses Provision for income tax (expense) benefit	•	,					_					
Provision for income tax expense (benefit) 343 114 161 38 656 89 43 (241) 547 (544) 3 Operating earnings \$659 \$226 \$298 \$133 \$1,316 \$257 \$85 \$(133) 1,525 Adjustments to: Total revenues Total expenses (477) Provision for income tax (expense) benefit 544	•					,	-			-		-
(benefit) Operating earnings \$659 \$226 \$298 \$133 \$1,316 \$257 \$85 \$(133) 1,525 Adjustments to: Total revenues Total expenses Provision for income tax (expense) benefit Total expenses From Fig. 101 58 600 89 43 (241) 347 (344) 3 (477) (619) (619)	•	*	4,160	1,497	1,097	10,811	2,732	703	496	14,742	619	15,361
Adjustments to: Total revenues (477) Total expenses (619) Provision for income tax (expense) benefit 544		343	114	161	38	656	89	43	(241)	547	(544)	3
Total revenues (477) Total expenses (619) Provision for income tax (expense) benefit 544	Operating earnings	\$659	\$226	\$298	\$133	\$1,316	\$257	\$85	\$(133)	1,525		
Total expenses (619) Provision for income tax (expense) benefit 544	Adjustments to:											
Provision for income tax (expense) benefit 544	Total revenues									(477)		
	-									,		
Income (loss) from continuing operations, net of income tax \$973												
	Income (loss) from continuing op	erations,	net of inc	come ta	X					\$973		\$973

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MetLife, Inc.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

2. Segment Information (continued)

	Operation America	ng Earnin as	gs									
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014	Retail (In mill	Group, Voluntar & Works Benefits	Corpora Benefit Site Funding		Total a	Asia	EMEA	Corpo & Other	rate Total	Adjı	Total istments Consoli	da
Revenues	(111 111111	ions)										
Premiums	\$5,405	\$12,050	\$1,438	\$2,242	\$21,135	\$5,742	\$1,762	\$116	\$28,755	\$40	\$28,795	5
Universal life and												
investment-type product policy fees	3,814	538	172	956	5,480	1,276	353	96	7,205	302	7,507	
Net investment income	5,960	1,384	4,346	1,003	12,693	2,140	388	152	15,373	331	15,704	
Other revenues	785	314	214	23	1,336	78	49	39	1,502	(16	1,486	
Net investment gains (losses)	_	_	_	_	_					(427)(427)
Net derivative gains (losses)	_	_	_	_	_				_	1,13	21,132	
Total revenues	15,964	14,286	6,170	4,224	40,644	9,236	2,552	403	52,835	1,36	254,197	
Expenses												
Policyholder benefits and claims and policyholder dividends	7,400	11,299	3,194	2,066	23,959	4,357	784	91	29,191	680	29,871	
Interest credited to policyholder account balances	1,683	117	844	295	2,939	1,175	112	26	4,252	743	4,995	
Capitalization of DAC	(722)(107)(30)(279)(1,138)(1,458)(511)(41)(3,148)(1)(3,149)
Amortization of DAC and VOBA	1,142	109	15	261	1,527	1,067	476	4	3,074	100	3,174	
Amortization of negative VOBA				(1)(1)(275)(22)—	(298)(35)(333)
Interest expense on debt	(1)—	6	_	5	_	_	880	885	34	919	
Other expenses	3,475	1,900	393	1,231	6,999	2,992	1,356	586	11,933	59	11,992	
Total expenses	12,977	13,318	4,422	3,573	34,290	7,858	2,195	1,546	45,889	1,58	047,469	
Provision for income tax expense (benefit)	1,024	338	611	156	2,129	425	80	(756)1,878	38	1,916	
Operating earnings Adjustments to:	\$1,963	\$630	\$1,137	\$495	\$4,225	\$953	\$277	\$(387)5,068			
Total revenues									1,362			
Total expenses									(1,580)		
Provision for income tax (expense	e) benefi	it							(38)		
Income (loss) from continuing op			come tax	ζ					\$4,812	•	\$4,812	
. ,											•	

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MetLife, Inc.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

2. Segment Information (continued)

	Operatin America	g Earning	gs							
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013	Retail	Group, Voluntar & Works Benefits	Corpora y Benefit site Funding	Latin America	Total a	Asia	EMEA	Corpor & Other	rate Total	Adjust
D.	(In milli	ons)								
Revenues Premiums	\$4,735	\$11,438	\$1,369	\$2,077	\$19,619	\$5,900	\$1,711	\$84	\$27,314	\$89
Universal life and	Ψ4,733	φ11, 4 30	\$1,509	\$2,077	\$19,019	\$3,500	φ1,/11	φ04	\$27,314	\$69
investment-type product policy fees	3,662	521	187	682	5,052	1,324	287	105	6,768	266
Net investment income	5,876	1,384	4,176	912	12,348	2,151	372	266	15,137	1,248
Other revenues	767	316	208	9	1,300	63	82	22	1,467	(21)
Net investment gains (losses)				_	_				_	339
Net derivative gains (losses)		_		_	_			_	_	(2,86)6
Total revenues	15,040	13,659	5,940	3,680	38,319	9,438	2,452	477	50,686	(945)
Expenses										
Policyholder benefits and claims and policyholder dividends	6,659	10,681	3,168	1,792	22,300	4,354	736	52	27,442	1,339
Interest credited to policyholder account balances	1,750	116	940	313	3,119	1,286	109	33	4,547	1,489
Capitalization of DAC	(1,036)	(105	(25)	(316)	(1,482)	(1,583)	(542)	(14)	(3,621) —
Amortization of DAC and VOBA	1,042	104	21	220	1,387	1,186	526	1	3,100	(477)
Amortization of negative VOBA		_		(2)		(325)	(41)			(42)
Interest expense on debt		1	7	_	8			855	863	96
Other expenses	3,788	1,761	384	1,157	7,090	3,188	1,351	489	12,118	471
Total expenses	12,203	12,558	4,495	3,164	32,420	8,106	2,139	1,416	44,081	2,876
Provision for income tax expense (benefit)	971	370	507	115	1,963	412	73	(641)	1,807	(1,499
Operating earnings Adjustments to:	\$1,866	\$731	\$938	\$401	\$3,936	\$920	\$240	\$(298)	4,798	
Total revenues									(945)
Total expenses									(2,876	<i>'</i>
Provision for income tax (expense	e) benefit								1,499	
Income (loss) from continuing open		net of inco	me tax						\$2,476	

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MetLife, Inc.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

2. Segment Information (continued)

The following table presents total assets with respect to the Company's segments, as well as Corporate & Other, at:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2014	2013
	(In millions)	
Retail	\$354,857	\$349,516
Group, Voluntary & Worksite Benefits	44,797	43,404
Corporate Benefit Funding	231,996	220,612
Latin America	73,317	69,874
Asia	124,127	119,717
EMEA	29,713	33,382
Corporate & Other	49,820	48,791
Total	\$908.627	\$885,296

3. Disposition

In May 2014, the Company completed the sale of its wholly-owned subsidiary, MAL, for \$702 million (£418 million) in net cash consideration. As a result of the sale, a loss of \$633 million (\$442 million, net of income tax), was recorded for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, which includes a reduction to goodwill of \$60 million (\$51 million, net of income tax), as well as \$77 million (\$50 million, net of income tax) related to net investments in foreign operation hedges. The loss is reflected within net investment gains (losses) on the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss). The loss on the sale was increased by net income from MAL of \$77 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014. MAL's results of operations are included in continuing operations. They were historically included in the Corporate Benefit Funding segment. See Note 2.

4. Insurance

Guarantees

As discussed in Notes 1 and 4 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in the 2013 Annual Report, the Company issues variable annuity products with guaranteed minimum benefits. The non-life-contingent portion of guaranteed minimum withdrawal benefits ("GMWBs") and the portion of certain GMIBs that does not require annuitization are accounted for as embedded derivatives in PABs and are further discussed in Note 7.

The Company also issues annuity contracts that apply a lower rate on funds deposited if the contractholder elects to surrender the contract for cash and a higher rate if the contractholder elects to annuitize ("two tier annuities"). These guarantees include benefits that are payable in the event of death, maturity or at annuitization. Additionally, the Company issues universal and variable life contracts where the Company contractually guarantees to the contractholder a secondary guarantee or a guaranteed paid-up benefit.

Based on the type of guarantee, the Company defines net amount at risk as listed below. These amounts include direct and assumed business, but exclude offsets from hedging or reinsurance, if any.

Variable Annuity Guarantees

In the Event of Death

Defined as the death benefit less the total contract account value, as of the balance sheet date. It represents the amount of the claim that the Company would incur if death claims were filed on all contracts on the balance sheet date and includes any additional contractual claims associated with riders purchased to assist with covering income taxes payable upon death.

At Annuitization

Defined as the amount (if any) that would be required to be added to the total contract account value to purchase a lifetime income stream, based on current annuity rates, equal to the minimum amount provided under the guaranteed benefit. This amount represents the Company's potential economic exposure to such guarantees in the event all contractholders were to annuitize on the balance sheet date, even though the contracts contain terms that allow

annuitization of the guaranteed amount only after the 10th anniversary of the contract, which not all contractholders have achieved.

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MetLife, Inc.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

4. Insurance (continued)

Two Tier Annuities

Defined as the excess of the upper tier, adjusted for a profit margin, less the lower tier, as of the balance sheet date. These contracts apply a lower rate on funds if the contractholder elects to surrender the contract for cash and a higher rate if the contractholder elects to annuitize.

Universal and Variable Life Contracts

Defined as the guarantee amount less the account value, as of the balance sheet date. It represents the amount of the claim that the Company would incur if death claims were filed on all contracts on the balance sheet date.

Information regarding the types of guarantees relating to annuity contracts and universal and variable life contracts was as follows at:

September 30, 2014

December 31, 2013

	Septement co,	_01.	2000111001 01, 2010			
	In the	At	In the	At		
	Event of Death Annuitization		Event of Death	Annuitization		
	(In millions)					
Annuity Contracts (1)						
Variable Annuity Guarantees						
Total contract account value (2)	\$197,533	\$99,800	\$201,395	\$100,527		
Separate account value	\$163,022	\$95,823	\$164,500	\$96,459		
Net amount at risk	\$4,588	\$1,755	\$4,203	\$1,219		
Average attained age of contractholders	64 years	64 years	63 years	63 years		
Two Tier Annuities						
General account value	N/A	\$1,014	N/A	\$880		
Net amount at risk	N/A	\$305	N/A	\$234		
Average attained age of contractholders	N/A	50 years	N/A	50 years		
	September 30,	September 30, 2014 D Secondary Paid-Up S		2013		
	Secondary			Paid-Up		
	Guarantees	Guarantees	Guarantees	Guarantees		
	(In millions)					
Universal and Variable Life Contracts (1)						
Account value (general and separate account)	\$16,765	\$3,610	\$16,048	\$3,700		
Net amount at risk	\$182,946	\$20,681	\$185,920	\$21,737		
Average attained age of policyholders	56 years	61 years	55 years	60 years		

⁽¹⁾ The Company's annuity and life contracts with guarantees may offer more than one type of guarantee in each contract. Therefore, the amounts listed above may not be mutually exclusive.

⁽²⁾ Includes amounts, which are not reported on the consolidated balance sheets, from assumed reinsurance of certain variable annuity products from the Company's former operating joint venture in Japan.

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MetLife, Inc.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

5. Closed Block

On April 7, 2000 (the "Demutualization Date"), Metropolitan Life Insurance Company ("MLIC") converted from a mutual life insurance company to a stock life insurance company and became a wholly-owned subsidiary of MetLife, Inc. The conversion was pursuant to an order by the New York Superintendent of Insurance approving MLIC's plan of reorganization, as amended (the "Plan"). On the Demutualization Date, MLIC established a closed block for the benefit of holders of certain individual life insurance policies of MLIC.

Experience within the closed block, in particular mortality and investment yields, as well as realized and unrealized gains and losses, directly impact the policyholder dividend obligation. Amortization of the closed block DAC, which resides outside of the closed block, is based upon cumulative actual and expected earnings within the closed block. Accordingly, the Company's net income continues to be sensitive to the actual performance of the closed block. Closed block assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses are combined on a line-by-line basis with the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses outside the closed block based on the nature of the particular item.

Information regarding the closed block liabilities and assets designated to the closed block was as follows at:

	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
	(In millions)	
Closed Block Liabilities		
Future policy benefits	\$41,683	\$42,076
Other policy-related balances	282	298
Policyholder dividends payable	493	456
Policyholder dividend obligation	2,825	1,771
Current income tax payable	23	18
Other liabilities	629	582
Total closed block liabilities	45,935	45,201
Assets Designated to the Closed Block		
Investments:		
Fixed maturity securities available-for-sale, at estimated fair value	28,976	28,374
Equity securities available-for-sale, at estimated fair value	90	86
Mortgage loans	6,091	6,155
Policy loans	4,651	4,669
Real estate and real estate joint ventures	586	492
Other invested assets	882	814
Total investments	41,276	40,590
Cash and cash equivalents	349	238
Accrued investment income	501	477
Premiums, reinsurance and other receivables	91	98
Deferred income tax assets	301	293
Total assets designated to the closed block	42,518	41,696
Excess of closed block liabilities over assets designated to the closed block	3,417	3,505
Amounts included in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		
("AOCI")		
Unrealized investment gains (losses), net of income tax	2,109	1,502
Unrealized gains (losses) on derivatives, net of income tax	12	(3)
Allocated to policyholder dividend obligation, net of income tax	(1,836)	(1,151)
Total amounts included in AOCI	285	348
Maximum future earnings to be recognized from closed block assets and liabilities	\$3,702	\$3,853
	C 11	

Information regarding the closed block policyholder dividend obligation was as follows:

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 (In millions)	Year Ended December 31, 2013		
Balance, beginning of period	\$1,771	\$3,828		
Change in unrealized investment and derivative gains (losses)	1,054	(2,057)	
Balance, end of period	\$2,825	\$1,771		
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MetLife, Inc.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

5. Closed Block (continued)

Information regarding the closed block revenues and expenses was as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,		
	2014 2013			2014	2013	
	(In millions)					
Revenues						
Premiums	\$461	\$478		\$1,380	\$1,431	
Net investment income	516	514		1,568	1,576	
Net investment gains (losses)	_	(7)	8	20	
Net derivative gains (losses)	17	(16)	13	(1)
Total revenues	994	969		2,969	3,026	
Expenses						
Policyholder benefits and claims	620	651		1,889	1,963	
Policyholder dividends	255	251		731	740	
Other expenses	39					