

SONY CORP
Form 6-K
August 11, 2010

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20549
FORM 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER

Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16 of
the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the month of June 2010

Commission File Number: 001-06439

SONY CORPORATION

(Translation of registrant's name into English)

7-1, KONAN 1-CHOME, MINATO-KU, TOKYO 108-0075, JAPAN

(Address of principal executive offices)

The registrant files annual reports under cover of Form 20-F.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F,
Form 20-F Form 40-F

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this Form is also thereby
furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934,
Yes No

If "Yes" is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the registrant in connection with
Rule 12g3-2(b):82-

Quarterly Securities Report
For the three months ended June 30, 2010

(TRANSLATION)

Sony Corporation

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Note for readers of this English translation

On August 11, 2010, Sony Corporation (the “Company”) filed its Japanese-language Quarterly Securities Report (Shihanki Houkokusho) for the three months ended June 30, 2010 with the Kanto Local Finance Bureau in Japan pursuant to the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan. This document is an English translation of the Quarterly Securities Report in its entirety, except for (i) information that had been filed previously with or submitted to the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) in a Form 20-F, Form 6-K or any other forms and (ii) a description of differences between generally accepted accounting principles in the U.S. (“U.S. GAAP”) and generally accepted accounting principles in Japan (“J-GAAP”), which are required to be described in the Quarterly Securities Report under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan if the Company prepares its financial statements in conformity with accounting principles other than J-GAAP.

Cautionary Statement

Statements made in this translation with respect to the current plans, estimates, strategies and beliefs and other statements of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries (collectively “Sony”) that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements about the future performance of Sony. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, those statements using words such as “believe,” “expect,” “plans,” “strategy,” “prospects,” “forecast,” “estimate,” “project,” “anticipate,” “aim,” “intend,” “seek,” “may,” “might,” “could” or “should,” and words of similar meaning in connection with a discussion of future operations, financial performance, events or conditions. From time to time, oral or written forward-looking statements may also be included in other materials released to the public. These statements are based on management’s assumptions and beliefs in light of the information currently available to it. Sony cautions you that a number of important risks and uncertainties could cause actual results to differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements, and therefore you should not place undue reliance on them. You also should not rely on any obligation of Sony to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. Sony disclaims any such obligation. Risks and uncertainties that might affect Sony include, but are not limited to (i) the global economic environment in which Sony operates and the economic conditions in Sony’s markets, particularly levels of consumer spending; (ii) exchange rates, particularly between the yen and the U.S. dollar, the euro and other currencies in which Sony makes significant sales and incurs production costs, or in which Sony’s assets and liabilities are denominated; (iii) Sony’s ability to continue to design and develop and win acceptance of, as well as achieve sufficient cost reductions for, its products and services, including LCD televisions and game platforms, which are offered in highly competitive markets characterized by continual new product and service introductions, rapid development in technology and subjective and changing consumer preferences; (iv) Sony’s ability and timing to recoup large-scale investments required for technology development and production capacity; (v) Sony’s ability to implement successful business restructuring and transformation efforts under changing market conditions; (vi) Sony’s ability to implement successful hardware, software, and content integration strategies for all segments excluding the Financial Services segment, and to develop and implement successful sales and distribution strategies in light of the Internet and other technological developments; (vii) Sony’s continued ability to devote sufficient resources to research and development and, with respect to capital expenditures, to prioritize investments correctly (particularly in the Consumer, Professional & Devices segment); (viii) Sony’s ability to maintain product quality; (ix) the success of Sony’s acquisitions, joint ventures and other strategic investments; (x) Sony’s ability to forecast demands, manage timely procurement and control inventories; (xi) the outcome of pending legal and/or regulatory proceedings; (xii) shifts in customer demand for financial services such as life insurance and Sony’s ability to conduct successful asset liability management in the Financial Services segment; and (xiii) the impact of unfavorable conditions or developments (including market

fluctuations or volatility) in the Japanese equity markets on the revenue and operating income of the Financial Services segment. Risks and uncertainties also include the impact of any future events with material adverse impacts.

I Corporate Information

(1) Selected Consolidated Financial Data

	Yen in millions, Yen per share amounts		
	Three Months Ended June 30, 2009	Three Months Ended June 30, 2010	Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2010
Sales and operating revenue	1,599,853	1,661,049	7,213,998
Operating income (loss)	(25,700))	67,016	31,772
Income (loss) before income taxes	(32,944))	78,911	26,912
Net income (loss) attributable to Sony Corporation's stockholders	(37,093))	25,737	(40,802))
Total equity	3,244,539	3,204,956	3,285,555
Total assets	12,366,462	12,741,481	12,866,114
Stockholders' equity per share of common stock (yen)	2,958.91	2,866.98	2,955.47
Net income (loss) attributable to Sony Corporation's stockholders per share of common stock, basic (yen)	(36.96))	25.65	(40.66))
Net income (loss) attributable to Sony Corporation's stockholders per share of common stock, diluted (yen)	(36.96))	25.61	(40.66))
Ratio of stockholders' equity to total assets (%)	24.0	22.6	23.1
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	56,918	(6,848))	912,907
Net cash used in investing activities	(172,858))	(181,791))	(746,004))
Net cash provided by financing activities	265,254	26,200	365,014
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	807,931	994,627	1,191,608
Number of employees	170,800	171,900	167,900

Notes:

1. The Company's consolidated financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. GAAP.
2. The Company reports equity in net income (loss) of affiliated companies as a component of operating income (loss).
 3. Consumption taxes are not included in sales and operating revenue.
 4. Total equity is presented based on U.S. GAAP.
5. Stockholders' equity per share of common stock and Ratio of stockholders' equity to total assets are calculated by using total equity attributable to the stockholders of the Company.
6. The Company prepares consolidated financial statements. Therefore parent-only selected financial data is not presented.

(2) Business Overview

There was no significant change in the business of Sony during the three months ended June 30, 2010. Sony realigned its reportable segments effective from the first quarter of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2011. For further information on the realignment, please refer to "V Financial Statements – Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – 7. Business segment information".

As of June 30, 2010, the Company had 1,304 subsidiaries and 87 affiliated companies, of which 1,273 companies are consolidated subsidiaries (including variable interest entities) of the Company. The Company has applied the equity accounting method for 80 affiliated companies.

(3) Changes in Subsidiaries and Affiliated Companies

Changes in subsidiaries and affiliated companies for the three months ended June 30, 2010 include the following

Name	Address	Common stock in millions of yen	Main business	Percentage of voting rights held (%)	Business relationship
(C o n s o l i d a t e d Subsidiary)					The subsidiary is renting buildings from the Company for office use.
Sony Business Solutions Corporation	Minato-ku Tokyo Japan	1,111	Consumer, Professional & Devices	(100.0) 100.0	There is concurrent assignment of directors/officers between the Company and this subsidiary.

Notes:

1. The description of Main business shows the name of applicable operating segment.
2. The number inside the parenthesis of Percentage of voting rights held presents the percentage of voting rights indirectly owned by the Company.

(4) Number of Employees

The following table shows the number of employees as of June 30, 2010.

Consolidated	171,900*
Parent-only	16,805

* Figures less than one hundred are rounded to the nearest unit.

II State of Business

(1) Manufacturing, Orders Received and Sales

The products that Sony manufactures and sells are extremely diverse. Due to the cyclical nature of electronic devices, home game consoles, game software, and music and video software, Sony generally manufactures products based on forecasts. Because Sony carries out the manufacturing of its products such that it maintains a relatively stable and necessary level of product inventory, its level of production in the Consumer, Professional & Devices (“CPD”) and Networked Products & Services (“NPS”) segments is generally similar to the level of sales in these segments. Accordingly the status of production and sales in the CPD and NPS segments is discussed in connection with the operating results of these segments in “(4) Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition, Results of Operations and Status of Cash Flows” below.

(2) Risk Factors

Note for readers of this English translation:

Aside from the amount of the revised estimate of the restructuring charges for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2011 in the risk factor below, there was no significant change from the information presented in the Risk Factors section of the Annual Report on Form 20-F filed with the SEC on June 28, 2010. Any forward-looking statement included in the descriptions below is based on the current judgment of management.

URL: The Annual Report on Form 20-F filed with the SEC on June 28, 2010

<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/313838/000095012310061435/k02298e20vf.htm>

Sony’s business restructuring and transformation efforts are costly and may not attain their objectives.

Sony continued to implement restructuring initiatives in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2010 that focused on a review of the Sony Group’s investment plan, the realignment of its manufacturing sites, the reallocation of its workforce and headcount reductions. As a result of these restructuring initiatives, a total of 124.3 billion yen in restructuring charges, including 7.9 billion yen of non-cash charges related to depreciation associated with restructured assets, has been recorded in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2010. Sony expects to record approximately 75 billion yen of restructuring charges for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2011. Restructuring charges are recorded in cost of sales, selling, general and administrative expenses and loss (gain) on sale, disposal or impairment of assets and other, net and thus initially deteriorate Sony’s operating income (loss) and net income (loss) attributable to Sony’s stockholders. Sony expects to continue rationalizing its manufacturing operations, shifting and aggregating manufacturing to lower-cost countries and increasing the utilization of third-party original equipment and design manufacturers (OEMs and ODMs). In addition, as a part of its transformation efforts, since April 1, 2009 Sony has established three horizontal platforms for (1) manufacturing, logistics, procurement and customer services, (2) R&D and common software development and (3) global sales and marketing functions, and has been undertaking business process optimization to enhance profitability. Furthermore Sony started developing a common procurement platform as well as consolidating its suppliers during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2010. In January 2010, Sony announced that it would outsource a part of the human resources and accounting operation services of Sony and certain of its subsidiaries in Japan starting in April 2010. Sony has and will become more reliant upon outsourcing services provided by external business partners.

Due to internal or external factors, projected growth, efficiencies and cost savings from the above-noted restructuring and transformation initiatives may not be realized as scheduled and, even if those benefits are realized, Sony may not be able to achieve the level of profitability expected due to the worsening of market conditions beyond expectations. Such possible internal factors may include, for example, changes in restructuring and transformation plans, an inability to implement the initiatives effectively with available resources, or delays in implementing the new business processes or strategies. Possible external factors may include, for example, increased burdens from regional labor regulations, labor union agreements and Japanese customary labor practices that may prevent Sony from executing its restructuring initiatives as planned. The inability to fully and successfully implement restructuring and transformation programs may adversely affect Sony's operating results and financial condition. Additionally, operating cash flows may be reduced as a result of the payment for restructuring charges.

(3) Material Contracts

There were no material contracts executed during the three months ended June 30, 2010.

Note for readers of this English translation:

The above means that there is no update from the description in the Annual Report on Form 20-F ("Patents and Licenses" in item 4) filed with the SEC on June 28, 2010.

URL: The Annual Report on Form 20-F filed with the SEC on June 28, 2010

<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/313838/000095012310061435/k02298e20vf.htm>

(4) Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition, Results of Operations and Status of Cash Flows

i) Results of Operations

Note for readers of this English translation:

Except for information specifically included in this English translation, this document omits certain information set out in the Japanese-language Quarterly Securities Report for the three month period ended June 30, 2010, since it is the same as described in the press release previously submitted to the SEC. Please refer to "Consolidated Financial Results for the First Quarter Ended June 30, 2010" submitted to the SEC on Form 6-K on July 29, 2010.

URL: The press release titled "Consolidated Financial Results for the First Quarter Ended June 30, 2010"

<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/313838/000115752310004424/a6374264.htm>

Foreign Exchange Fluctuations and Risk Hedging

Note for readers of this English translation:

Even though foreign exchange rates fluctuated, there was no significant change in risk hedging policy from the description in the Annual Report on Form 20-F filed with the SEC on June 28, 2010.

URL: The Annual Report on Form 20-F filed with the SEC on June 28, 2010

<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/313838/000095012310061435/k02298e20vf.htm>

Status of Cash Flow

Note for readers of this English translation:

Except for information specifically included in this English translation, this document omits certain information set out in the Japanese-language Quarterly Securities Report for the three month period ended June 30, 2010, since it is the same as described in the press release previously submitted to the SEC. Please refer to “Consolidated Financial Results for the First Quarter Ended June 30, 2010” submitted to the SEC on Form 6-K on July 29, 2010.

URL: The press release titled “Consolidated Financial Results for the First Quarter Ended June 30, 2010”

<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/313838/000115752310004424/a6374264.htm>

ii) Issues Facing Sony and Management’s Response to those Issues

Note for readers of this English translation:

Excluding the below, there was no significant change from the information presented as Issues Facing Sony and Management’s Response to those Issues in the Trend Information section of the Annual Report on Form 20-F filed with the SEC on June 28, 2010. Any forward-looking statement included in the descriptions below is based on the current judgment of management.

URL: The Annual Report on Form 20-F filed with the SEC on June 28, 2010

<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/313838/000095012310061435/k02298e20vf.htm>

Sony expects to record restructuring charges of approximately 75 billion yen in the fiscal year ending March 31, 2011, compared with the 124.3 billion yen, including 7.9 billion yen of non-cash charges related to depreciation associated with restructured assets, recorded in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2010.

Sony realigned its reportable segments from the first quarter of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2011, to reflect modifications to the organizational structure as of April 1, 2010, primarily repositioning the operations of the previously reported B2B & Disc Manufacturing segment. In connection with this realignment, the Consumer Products & Devices segment was renamed the Consumer, Professional & Devices (“CPD”) segment. The CPD segment includes televisions, digital imaging, audio and video, semiconductors and components as well as professional solutions (the B2B business

which was previously included in the B2B & Disc Manufacturing segment). The equity results of S-LCD Corporation, a joint venture with Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd., are also included within the CPD segment. The disc manufacturing business previously included in the B2B & Disc Manufacturing segment is now included in All Other.

The NPS, Pictures, Music and Financial Services segments remain unchanged. The equity earnings from Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB continue to be presented as a separate segment.

Despite the realignment of Sony's reportable segments mentioned above, there has been no change in either the issues management believes each business continues to face or how each business is addressing those issues.

iii) Research and Development

Note for readers of this English translation:

Excluding the below, Research and Development is the same as that found in the Research and Development section of the Annual Report on Form 20-F filed with the SEC on June 28, 2010.

URL: The Annual Report on Form 20-F filed with the SEC on June 28, 2010

<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/313838/000095012310061435/k02298e20vf.htm>

Research and development costs for the three months ended June 30, 2010 decreased 0.7 billion yen, or 0.7%, to 99.1 billion yen, compared with the same quarter of the previous fiscal year. The ratio of research and development costs to sales (which excludes financial services segment revenue) decreased from 7.3% to 6.6% due to the sales increase. Expenses in the CPD segment decreased 0.5 billion yen, or 0.7%, to 66.7 billion yen and expenses in the NPS segment decreased 1.4 billion yen, or 6.2%, to 21.0 billion yen. In the CPD segment, approximately 72% of expenses were for the development of new product prototypes while the remaining 28% was spent on the development of mid- to long-term new technologies in areas such as next-generation displays, semiconductors, new materials and software.

(iv) Liquidity and Capital Resources

Note for readers of this English translation:

Aside from the description of a translated amount into yen of the total amount of committed lines of credit below, there was no significant change from the information presented in the Annual Report on Form 20-F filed with the SEC on June 28, 2010. Any forward-looking statement included in the descriptions below is based on the current judgment of management.

URL: The Annual Report on Form 20-F filed with the SEC on June 28, 2010

<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/313838/000095012310061435/k02298e20vf.htm>

Sony typically raises funds through straight bonds, CP programs and bank loans (including syndicated loans); however, in the event Sony cannot access liquidity from these sources, Sony could also draw on committed lines of credit from various financial institutions. Sony has a total, translated into yen, of 773.1 billion yen in committed lines of credit, none of which had been used as of June 30, 2010. Details of those committed lines of credit are: a 475 billion yen committed line of credit contracted with a syndicate of Japanese banks, effective until November 2012, a 1.5 billion U.S. dollar multi-currency committed line of credit also with a syndicate of Japanese banks, effective until December 2013, and a 1.87 billion U.S. dollar multi-currency committed line of credit contracted with a syndicate of global banks, effective until April 2012, in all of which Sony Corporation and Sony Global Treasury Services Plc, a consolidated subsidiary of Sony Corporation, are defined as the borrowers. These contracts are aimed at securing sufficient liquidity in the event of financial and capital markets turmoil like that seen in the period following September 2008.

III Property, Plant and Equipment

(1) Major Property, Plant and Equipment

There was no significant change during the three months ended June 30, 2010.

(2) Plans for the Purchase and Retirement of Major Property, Plant and Equipment

During the three months ended June 30, 2010, primarily as a result of the increase of the planned capital expenditures in the Semiconductor business, Sony's planned capital expenditures for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2011 are 230 billion yen, an increase of 10 billion yen from the plan at the end of March 31, 2010. During the three months ended June 30, 2010, there was no significant new firm plan for the purchase, retirement and other measures of major property, plant and equipment.

IV Company Information

(1) Information on the Company's Shares

i) Total Number of Shares

1) Total Number of Shares

Class	Total number of shares authorized to be issued
Common stock	3,600,000,000
Total	3,600,000,000

2) Number of Shares Issued

Charles A. Main, a brother of Timothy L. Main, the Chief Executive Officer, President and a director of Jabil, is employed by Jabil's EMS division as a Business Unit Director and his compensation for the 2009 fiscal year consisted of the following items: a base salary of \$145,503, equity grants (Jabil's fiscal year 2009 expense calculated under Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123R, reference revised under the Accounting Standards Codification to ASC 718 (FAS 123R/ASC 718) for all of Mr. Main's awards, which were awarded to him in the 2009 fiscal year and prior fiscal years, consisting of performance-based and time-based restricted shares and stock-settled stock appreciation rights was \$81,326), a bonus of \$130,000, an \$8,109 contribution by Jabil on his behalf to his 401(k) plan, a payment of \$679 as a result of his participation in Jabil's Profit Sharing Plan and reimbursement of \$38,397 for costs associated with his expatriate assignment outside of the U.S. and certain associated taxes (for total compensation of \$404,014).

Table of Contents**Director Compensation**

It is the general practice of the Board that compensation for non-management directors be a mix of cash and equity. For fiscal year 2009, the non-management directors received the following annual retainers, payable quarterly:

POSITION	ANNUAL RETAINER
Non-management Board members	\$ 58,000(1)
Audit Committee Chair	\$ 20,000
Other Audit Committee members	\$ 10,000
Compensation Committee Chair	\$ 10,000
Other Compensation Committee members	\$ 5,000
Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee Chair	\$ 10,000
Other Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee members	\$ 5,000

(1) This amount became effective on October 22, 2008. Between September 1 and October 21, 2008, the annual amount in effect was \$56,000.

No director currently receives any additional cash compensation for attendance at Board or committee meetings. Directors are entitled to reimbursement for expenses incurred in connection with their attendance at Board and committee meetings. In addition, non-employee directors are also eligible to receive awards under Jabil's 2002 Stock Incentive Plan. For fiscal year 2009, each non-employee director received a time based restricted stock award of 16,475 shares of Jabil's common stock, 1/8th of which vest every six months.

Name (1)	Fees Earned or Paid in		Stock Awards	Total
	Cash	(\$)(2)		
William D. Morean	57,720	194,384	194,384	252,104
Thomas A. Sansone	67,720	194,384	194,384	262,104
Laurence S. Grafstein(3)	65,220	120,382	120,382	185,602
Mel S. Lavitt	72,720	194,384	194,384	267,104
Timothy L. Main				
Lawrence J. Murphy	70,220	194,384	194,384	264,604
Frank A. Newman	75,220	194,384	194,384	269,604
Steven A. Raymund	80,220	194,384	194,384	274,604
Kathleen A. Walters	67,720	194,384	194,384	262,104

(1) As of the end of the fiscal year 2009, the

following directors had outstanding stock awards: Mr. Grafstein 0; Mr. Lavitt 24,886; Mr. Morean 24,886; Mr. Murphy 24,886; Mr. Newman 24,886; Mr. Raymund 24,886; Mr. Sansone 24,886; and Ms. Walters 24,886. As of the end of the fiscal year 2009, the following directors had outstanding option awards: Mr. Grafstein 39,000; Mr. Lavitt 63,000; Mr. Morean 53,000; Mr. Murphy 113,000; Mr. Newman 63,000; Mr. Raymund 61,040; Mr. Sansone 140,100; and Ms. Walters 0.

- (2) Amounts shown under the Stock Awards column reflect the expense recognized by Jabil for financial statement reporting

purposes.
Amounts shown reflect the partial amortization of grants made in fiscal year 2009 as well as the partial amortization of stock awards granted in prior years which were not yet fully vested. The assumptions used for the valuations are set forth in Note 12 to our audited consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2009. Pursuant to SEC rules, we disregarded the estimates of forfeitures related to service-based vesting conditions. The grant date fair value of the stock awards granted in fiscal year 2009, computed in accordance with FAS 123R/ASC 718, is \$132,624 for each director. This amount is determined by multiplying the total number of shares

awarded, 16,475,
by the closing
stock price on
the date of grant
(October 22,
2008) of \$8.05,
and is the
aggregate
amount of
expense that will
be recognized by
us for financial
statement
reporting
purposes in
accordance with
FAS 123R/ASC
718 over the
requisite service
period of the
award granted.

- (3) Mr. Grafstein
resigned from
Jabil's Board of
Directors at the
end of fiscal year
2009. Because
many of the
shares granted to
him did not vest
before his
resignation,
24,886 of these
shares were
cancelled.

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**PROPOSAL NO. 1
ELECTION OF DIRECTORS**

Nominees

Nine directors are to be elected at the 2009 Annual Meeting. Jabil's Board of Directors has authorized the nomination at the Annual Meeting of the persons named herein as candidates. Unless otherwise instructed, the proxy holders will vote the proxies received by them for Jabil's nine nominees named below, all of whom are presently directors of Jabil. If any nominee of Jabil is unable or declines to serve as a director at the time of the Annual Meeting, the proxies will be voted for any nominee who shall be designated by the present Board of Directors to fill the vacancy. Jabil is not aware of any nominee who will be unable or will decline to serve as a director. The term of office of each person elected as a director will continue until the next Annual Meeting of Stockholders and until a successor has been elected and qualified, or until his or her earlier death, resignation or removal.

The names of Jabil's nominees for director and certain information about them are set forth below:

Name	Age	Principal Position	Director Since
William D. Morean	54	Chairman of the Board of Directors	1978
Thomas A. Sansone	60	Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors	1983
Mel S. Lavitt	72	Director	1991
Timothy L. Main	52	Chief Executive Officer, President and Director	1999
Lawrence J. Murphy	67	Director	1989
Frank A. Newman	61	Director	1998
Steven A. Raymund	54	Director	1996
David M. Stout	55	Director	2009
Kathleen A. Walters	58	Director	2005

Except as set forth below, each of the nominees has been engaged in his or her principal occupation during the past five years. There are no family relationships among any of the directors and executive officers of Jabil. There are no arrangements or understandings between any of the persons nominated to be a director and any other persons pursuant to which any of such nominees was selected. A majority of the directors are independent as defined in the applicable listing standards of the NYSE.

William D. Morean. Mr. Morean has served as Chairman of the Board of Directors since 1988 and as a director since 1978. Mr. Morean joined Jabil in 1977 and assumed management of day-to-day operations the following year. Mr. Morean was Chief Executive Officer from 1988 to 2000. Mr. Morean has also served as Jabil's President and Vice President and held various operating positions with Jabil.

Thomas A. Sansone. Mr. Sansone served as President of Jabil from 1988 to 1999 when he became Vice Chairman of the Board. Mr. Sansone joined Jabil in 1983 as Vice President and has served as a director since that time. Prior to joining Jabil, Mr. Sansone was a practicing attorney with a specialized practice in taxation. He holds a B.A. from Hillsdale College, a J.D. from Detroit College of Law and an LL.M. in taxation from New York University.

Mel S. Lavitt. Mr. Lavitt has served as a director of Jabil since 1991. Currently, Mr. Lavitt is a Senior Advisor to Needham & Company, LLC, an investment bank. He is also the Managing Member of The Lavitt Group L.L.C., a financial consulting firm and serves on the Board of Directors of the Utah Governor's Office of Economic Development. From July 2007 to June 2008, Mr. Lavitt held several positions with GC Capital Management LLC, a registered advisory firm, including Co-Managing Partner and Senior Advisor. Mr. Lavitt served as a Managing Director at the investment banking firm of C.E. Unterberg, Towbin (or its predecessor) from 1992 (and also as Vice

Chairman beginning in December 1999) until July 2007. From 1987 until 1992, Mr. Lavitt was President of Lavitt Management, a business consulting firm. From 1978 until 1987, Mr. Lavitt served as an Administrative Managing Director for the investment banking firm of L.F. Rothschild, Unterberg, Towbin, Inc. Mr. Lavitt is a graduate of Brown University.

Timothy L. Main. Mr. Main has served as Chief Executive Officer of Jabil since 2000, and as President and director since 1999. He joined Jabil in 1987 as a Production Control Manager, was shortly thereafter promoted to

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Operations Manager in 1987, to Project Manager in 1989, to Vice President Business Development in 1991, and to Senior Vice President, Business Development in 1996. Prior to joining Jabil, Mr. Main was a commercial lending officer, international division for the National Bank of Detroit. Mr. Main earned a B.S. from Michigan State University and Master of International Management from the American Graduate School of International Management (Thunderbird).

Lawrence J. Murphy. Mr. Murphy is an independent business consultant focusing on mergers and acquisition related matters and has served as a director of Jabil since 1989 and as an independent consultant to Jabil from 1997 until 2004. From 1992 until 1997, Mr. Murphy served as a director of Core Industries, a diversified conglomerate where he held various executive level positions since 1981, including Executive Vice President and Secretary. Prior to joining Core Industries, Mr. Murphy was a practicing attorney at the law firm of Bassey, Selesko, Couzens & Murphy, P.C. and a certified public accountant with the accounting firm of Deloitte & Touche. Mr. Murphy is currently a member of the Board of Advisors for Baker Financial, a financial consulting services firm and the McCoig Group, a privately-held ready-mix concrete company based in Michigan.

Frank A. Newman. Mr. Newman has served as a director of Jabil since 1998. Mr. Newman has been Chairman of Medical Nutrition USA, Inc., a nutrition-medicine company, since 2003 and its Chief Executive Officer since 2002. From 2001 until 2002, Mr. Newman was a private investor and advisor to health care and pharmaceutical companies. From 2000 until 2001, Mr. Newman was President, Chief Executive Officer and a director of more.com, an Internet pharmacy company. From 1993 until 2000, Mr. Newman was the President, Chief Operating Officer and a director of Eckerd Corporation, a retail drug store chain, and was its Chief Executive Officer from 1996 until 2000 and its Chairman of the Board of Directors from 1997 until 2000. From 1986 until 1993, Mr. Newman was the President, Chief Executive Officer and a director of F&M Distributors, Inc., a retail drug store chain. Mr. Newman is also a director of JoAnn Stores, Inc. and Medical Nutrition USA, Inc.

Steven A. Raymund. Mr. Raymund has served as a director of Jabil since 1996. Mr. Raymund began his career at Tech Data Corporation, a distributor of personal computer products, in 1981 as Operations Manager. He became Chief Operating Officer in 1984, and was promoted to the position of Chief Executive Officer of Tech Data Corporation in 1986. Effective October 2006, Mr. Raymund resigned from his position as Chief Executive Officer of Tech Data Corporation. Mr. Raymund currently serves as Chairman of the Board of Directors of Tech Data Corporation and is also a director of WESCO International, Inc.

David M. Stout. Mr. Stout became a director of Jabil in September 2009. He is also currently a director of Airgas, Inc., NanoBio Corporation, Allos Therapeutics and Shire PLC. From 2003 to 2008, Mr. Stout was President, Pharmaceuticals, GlaxoSmithKline, with responsibility for global pharmaceutical operations. From 1999 to 2003, he served as President of U.S. Pharmaceuticals. From 1996 until 1998, he served as Senior Vice President and Director, Sales and Marketing-U.S., for SmithKline Beecham. From 1994 until 1996, Mr. Stout was President of Schering Laboratories, a division of Schering-Plough Corporation and held various executive and sales and marketing positions with Schering-Plough from 1979.

Kathleen A. Walters. Ms. Walters has served as a director of Jabil since October 2005. Beginning in 2004, Ms. Walters has had a variety of roles with Georgia-Pacific Corp., and is currently the Executive Vice President of the Global Consumer Products Group for Georgia-Pacific LLC with responsibility for the company's consumer and business to business packaged goods businesses worldwide. She began her career at Chase Manhattan Bank in 1973 and joined Scott Paper Company in 1978, performing in a variety of financial and business management roles for 17 years. After Scott Paper was acquired by Kimberly-Clark Corp. in 1995, Ms. Walters spent six years with Kimberly-Clark, primarily as President of its away-from-home business in Europe. Before joining Georgia-Pacific, Ms. Walters served as President and CEO of Sappi Fine Paper North America from 2002 to 2004. She earned a Bachelor of Science degree in Mathematics from Syracuse University and a Master of Business Administration degree (specializing in finance) from the Wharton School at the University of Pennsylvania.

Recommendation of the Board of Directors

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS UNANIMOUSLY RECOMMENDS A VOTE FOR EACH OF THE NOMINEES LISTED ABOVE.

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PROPOSAL NO. 2
AN AMENDMENT OF THE 2002 STOCK INCENTIVE PLAN
TO INCREASE SHARES AVAILABLE FOR ISSUANCE

The Jabil 2002 Stock Incentive Plan (the "Stock Incentive Plan") was adopted by the Board of Directors in October 2001 and approved by the stockholders in January 2002. This plan and the 2002 Employee Stock Purchase Plan are the only active plans under which stock rights may be granted. The stockholders subsequently approved amendments to the Stock Incentive Plan in January 2004, January 2006, August 2007, January 2008, and January 2009. The Stock Incentive Plan provides for the granting of both incentive stock options as defined in Section 422 of the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code") and non-statutory stock options, as well as restricted stock, stock appreciation rights and other stock-based awards. Jabil also adopted sub-plans under the Stock Incentive Plan for its United Kingdom employees (the "CSOP Plan") and for its French employees (the "FSOP Plan"). The CSOP Plan and FSOP Plan are tax advantaged plans for Jabil's United Kingdom and French employees, respectively. Shares are issued under the CSOP Plan and FSOP Plan from the authorized shares under the Stock Incentive Plan. For the 2007, 2008, and 2009 fiscal years, and thus far in its 2010 fiscal year, the maximum number of restricted shares of stock awarded to our named executive officers for each of those years that can ultimately be retained based on achieving certain performance criteria exceeded the number of shares subject to stock appreciation rights and restricted shares awarded for each year that are subject to time-based vesting. For the remainder of its 2010 fiscal year, Jabil intends to have at least a majority of the number of shares subject to equity awards granted to those executive officers whom Jabil expects will be its named executive officers for the 2010 fiscal year be performance-based awards, absent any changes in the applicable accounting rules, tax or other laws, or any significant business developments.

As previously disclosed, in connection with certain historical stock option grants, Jabil is involved in a putative stockholder class action and was involved in stockholder derivative actions and a SEC informal inquiry, and has received a subpoena from the U.S. Attorney's office for the Southern District of New York. In light of these developments, through its legal counsel assisted by accounting advisors, Jabil undertook a review of certain of its historical stock option grant practices. A further discussion of this review, along with the review of its recognition of revenue for certain historical transactions is set forth in Item 3 of Part I of Jabil's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2009. In partial response to the review of these matters conducted by Jabil and a special committee of our Board, Jabil has adopted the equity-based compensation award practices described in the "Our Equity-Based Compensation Award Practices" subsection of the "Compensation Discussion and Analysis" section.

Proposal

The Board of Directors recently adopted an amendment to the Stock Incentive Plan, subject to stockholder approval. Therefore, this amendment will not become effective if the stockholders do not approve it.

The amendment to the Stock Incentive Plan provides for an 8,200,000 share increase in the aggregate number of shares of Jabil common stock that may be subject to future awards under the Stock Incentive Plan. If the amendment is approved by stockholders, the shares available for future awards (as of August 31, 2009) will increase to 13,328,096 shares. As of August 31, 2009, 5,128,096 shares remained available for grant under the Stock Incentive Plan, including the CSOP and FSOP sub-plans, of which a majority has been or will be granted to employees and directors during fiscal year 2010.

This amendment is proposed in order to give Jabil flexibility to grant restricted stock, stock appreciation rights and other stock-based awards under the Stock Incentive Plan. Jabil believes that grants of stock-based awards help to motivate high levels of performance and provide an effective means of recognizing employee contributions to the success of Jabil. Moreover, stock-based award grants align the interests of the employees with the interests of the stockholders. When Jabil performs well, employees are rewarded along with other stockholders. Jabil believes that stock-based award grants are of great value in recruiting and retaining highly qualified technical and other key personnel who are in great demand. The Board of Directors believes that the ability to grant stock-based awards will be important to Jabil's future success by allowing it to remain competitive in attracting and retaining such key personnel.

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Recommendation of the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors believes that it is in the best interests of Jabil to provide employees with the opportunity to acquire an ownership interest in Jabil through their participation in the Stock Incentive Plan and thereby encourage them to remain in Jabil's employ and more closely align their interests with those of the stockholders.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS UNANIMOUSLY RECOMMENDS A VOTE FOR THIS PROPOSAL.

Summary of the Stock Incentive Plan, as Amended, Subject to Stockholder Approval

The following summary of the Stock Incentive Plan is qualified in its entirety by the terms of the Stock Incentive Plan, a copy of which reflecting the amendment referenced herein is attached to this proxy as Appendix A.

Purpose. The purposes of the Stock Incentive Plan are to attract and retain the best available personnel for positions of substantial responsibility, to provide additional incentive to employees and consultants of Jabil and to promote the success of Jabil's business.

Awards. The Stock Incentive Plan provides for awards of incentive stock options, nonstatutory stock options, stock awards, performance units, performance shares and stock appreciation rights. The Board may adopt sub-plans applicable to particular Subsidiaries. With limited exceptions, the rules of such sub-plans may take precedence over other provisions of the Stock Incentive Plan. The ability to adopt such sub-plans will facilitate Jabil's global expansion.

Stock Subject to the Stock Incentive Plan. The aggregate number of shares of common stock that may be issued pursuant to awards under the Stock Incentive Plan as of August 31, 2009 (prior to the proposed 8,200,000 share increase), subject to adjustment upon a change in capitalization, is 33,608,726 shares, which includes shares that were available on August 31, 2009 to be subject to future awards, plus shares that were subject to awards on August 31, 2009, and all shares issued prior to August 31, 2009. Such shares of common stock may be authorized, but unissued, or reacquired shares of common stock. Shares of common stock that were subject to Stock Incentive Plan awards that expire or become unexercisable without having been exercised in full shall become available for future awards under the Stock Incentive Plan. With respect to stock appreciation rights, when a stock-settled stock appreciation right is exercised, the shares of common stock subject to the stock appreciation right shall be counted against the shares of common stock available for issuance as one share for every share subject to the stock appreciation right, regardless of the number of shares used to settle the stock appreciation right upon exercise. The purpose of this proposal is to increase the number of securities subject to the Stock Incentive Plan by 8,200,000 shares.

Administration. The Stock Incentive Plan may be administered by the Board of Directors or one or more committees of the Board (the Administrator). The Board may require that the Administrator be constituted to comply with Rule 16b-3 under the Exchange Act, Section 162(m) of the Code, or both. Subject to the other provisions of the Stock Incentive Plan, the Administrator has the power to determine the terms of each award granted, including the exercise price, the number of shares subject to the award and the exercisability thereof. The Administrator may not modify or amend any outstanding stock option so as to specify a lower exercise price or accept the surrender of an outstanding stock option and authorize the granting of a new stock option with a lower exercise price in substitution for the surrendered stock option. In accordance with applicable law, the Board may, by a resolution adopted by the Board, authorize one or more officers of Jabil to designate officers (other than the officer so authorized) and employees of Jabil to be recipients of stock options and determine the number of stock options to be granted. Such a Board resolution must specify the total number and the terms, including exercise price, of the stock options that an officer or officers of Jabil may grant.

Eligibility. The Stock Incentive Plan provides that the Administrator may grant awards to employees and consultants, including non-employee directors. However, the Administrator may grant incentive stock options only to employees. A grantee who has received a grant of an award may, if he is otherwise eligible, receive additional award grants. The Administrator selects the grantees and determines the number of shares of common stock to be subject to each award. In making such determination, the Administrator shall take into account the duties and

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responsibilities of the employee or consultant, the value of his services, his potential contribution to the success of Jabil, the anticipated number of years of future service and other relevant factors. The Administrator shall not grant to any employee, in any fiscal year of Jabil, stock options to purchase more than 3,000,000 shares of common stock.

Maximum Term and General Terms and Conditions of Awards. With respect to any grantee who owns stock possessing 10% or more of the voting power of all classes of stock of Jabil (a 10% Stockholder) at the time of the grant, the maximum term of any incentive stock option granted to such optionee must not exceed five years. The term of all other options granted under the Stock Incentive Plan may not exceed 10 years.

Each award granted under the Stock Incentive Plan is evidenced by a written agreement between the grantee and Jabil and is subject to the following general terms and conditions:

(a) *Termination of Employment.* If a grantee's continuous status as an employee or consultant terminates for any reason (other than upon the grantee's death or disability), the grantee may exercise his unexercised option or stock appreciation right, but only within such period of time as is determined by the Administrator (with such determination being made at the time of grant and not exceeding three months in the case of an incentive stock option) and only to the extent that the grantee was entitled to exercise it at the date of such termination (but in no event may the option or stock appreciation right be exercised later than the expiration of the term of such award as set forth in the award agreement). A grantee's stock award shall be forfeited, to the extent it is forfeitable immediately before the date of such termination, or settled by delivery of the appropriate number of unrestricted shares, to the extent it is nonforfeitable. A grantee's performance shares or performance units with respect to which the performance period has not ended as of the date of such termination shall terminate.

(b) *Disability.* If a grantee's continuous status as an employee or consultant terminates as a result of permanent and total disability (as defined in Section 22(e)(3) of the Code), the grantee may exercise his unexercised option or stock appreciation right, but only within 12 months from the date of such termination, and only to the extent that the optionee was entitled to exercise it at the date of such termination (but in no event may the option or stock appreciation right be exercised later than the expiration of the term of such award as set forth in the award agreement). A grantee's stock award shall be forfeited, to the extent it is forfeitable immediately before the date of such termination, or settled by delivery of the appropriate number of unrestricted shares, to the extent it is nonforfeitable. A grantee's performance shares or performance units with respect to which the performance period has not ended as of the date of such termination shall terminate.

(c) *Death.* In the event of a grantee's death, the grantee's estate or a person who acquired the right to exercise the deceased grantee's option or stock appreciation right by bequest or inheritance may exercise the option or stock appreciation right, but only within 12 months following the date of death, and only to the extent that the grantee was entitled to exercise it at the date of death (but in no event may the option or stock appreciation right be exercised later than the expiration of the term of such award as set forth in the award agreement). A grantee's stock award shall be forfeited, to the extent it is forfeitable immediately before the date of such termination, or settled by delivery of the appropriate number of unrestricted shares, to the extent it is nonforfeitable. A grantee's performance shares or performance units with respect to which the performance period has not ended as of the date of such termination shall terminate.

(d) *Nontransferability of Awards.* Except as described below, an award granted under the Stock Incentive Plan is not transferable by the grantee, other than by will or the laws of descent and distribution, and is exercisable during the grantee's lifetime only by the grantee. In the event of the grantee's death, an option or stock appreciation right may be exercised by a person who acquires the right to exercise the award by bequest or inheritance. To the extent and in the manner permitted by applicable law and the Administrator, a grantee may transfer an award to certain family members and other individuals and entities.

(e) *Buyout of Awards.* With the prior approval or consent of Jabil's stockholders, the Administrator may at any time offer to buy out an award for a payment in cash or shares of common stock.

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Terms and Conditions of Options. Each option granted under the Stock Incentive Plan is subject to the following terms and conditions:

(a) *Exercise Price.* The Administrator determines the exercise price of options to purchase shares of common stock at the time the options are granted. As a general rule, the exercise price of an option must be no less than 100% (110% for an incentive stock option granted to a 10% Stockholder) of the fair market value of the common stock on the date the option is granted. The Stock Incentive Plan provides exceptions for certain options granted in connection with an acquisition by Jabil of another corporation or granted as inducements to an individual's commencing employment with Jabil. For so long as Jabil's common stock is traded on the NYSE, the fair market value of a share of common stock shall be the closing sales price for such stock (or the closing bid if no sales were reported) as quoted on such system on the day of determination of such fair market value.

(b) *Exercise of the Option.* Each award agreement specifies the term of the option and the date when the option is to become exercisable. The terms of such vesting are determined by the Administrator. An option is exercised by giving written notice of exercise to Jabil, specifying the number of full shares of common stock to be purchased and by tendering full payment of the purchase price to Jabil.

(c) *Form of Consideration.* The consideration to be paid for the shares of common stock issued upon exercise of an option is determined by the Administrator and set forth in the award agreement. Such form of consideration may vary for each option, and may consist entirely of cash, check, promissory note, other shares of Jabil's common stock, any combination thereof, or any other legally permissible form of consideration as may be provided in the Stock Incentive Plan and the award agreement.

(d) *Value Limitation.* If the aggregate fair market value of all shares of common stock subject to a grantee's incentive stock option which are exercisable for the first time during any calendar year exceeds \$100,000, the excess options shall be treated as nonstatutory options.

(e) *Other Provisions.* The award agreement may contain such other terms, provisions and conditions not inconsistent with the Stock Incentive Plan as may be determined by the Administrator. Shares of common stock covered by options which have terminated and which were not exercised prior to termination will be returned to the Stock Incentive Plan.

Stock Appreciation Rights. The Administrator may grant stock appreciation rights in tandem with an option or alone and unrelated to an option. Tandem stock appreciation rights shall expire no later than the expiration of the related option. Stock appreciation rights may be exercised by the delivery to Jabil of a notice of exercise. The exercise of a stock appreciation right will entitle the grantee to receive the excess of the percentage stated in the award agreement of the fair market value of a share of common stock over the exercise price for each share of common stock with respect to which the stock appreciation right is exercised. Payment upon exercise of a stock appreciation right may be in cash, shares of common stock or a combination of cash and shares of common stock, as determined by the Administrator. The Administrator shall not grant to any employee, in any fiscal year of Jabil, stock appreciation rights covering more than 3,000,000 shares of common stock.

Stock Awards. The Administrator may grant awards of shares of common stock and awards denominated in units representing rights to receive shares in such amount and upon such terms and conditions as the Administrator specifies in the award agreement. A stock award made in shares of common stock that are subject to forfeiture conditions and/or other restrictions may be designated as an award of restricted stock. A stock award denominated in units that are subject to forfeiture conditions and/or other restrictions may be designated as an award of restricted stock units. No more than a total of 3,000,000 shares of common stock and/or units may be granted pursuant to stock awards to an individual in any calendar year.

Code Section 162(m) Provisions. To the extent the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors considers it desirable for compensation delivered pursuant to a stock award to be eligible to qualify for an exemption from the limit on tax deductibility of compensation under Section 162(m) of the Code, the Committee may provide that the lapsing of restrictions on the stock award and the distribution of shares, as applicable, shall be subject to satisfaction of one, or more than one, objective performance target(s). The Committee shall determine the performance targets that will be applied with respect to each such stock award at the time of grant, but in no event later than 90 days after the commencement of the period of service to which the performance target(s) relate. The performance criteria applicable

to such stock awards will be one or more of the following criteria: stock price; market share; sales; earnings per share, core earnings per share or variations thereof; return on equity; costs; revenue; cash to cash cycle;

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days payables outstanding; days of supply; days sales outstanding; cash flow; operating income; profit after tax; profit before tax; return on assets; return on sales; inventory turns; invested capital; net operating profit after tax; return on invested capital; total shareholder return; earnings; return on equity or average shareowners' equity; total shareowner return; return on capital; return on investment; income or net income; operating income or net operating income; operating profit or net operating profit; operating margin; return on operating revenue; contract awards or backlog; overhead or other expense reduction; growth in shareowner value relative to the moving average of the Standard & Poor's 500 Composite Stock Index (S&P 500) or a peer group index; credit rating; strategic plan development and implementation; net cash provided by operating activities; gross margin; economic value added; customer satisfaction; financial return ratios and market performance.

The Compensation Committee may appropriately adjust any evaluation of performance under the criteria set forth above to exclude certain items or events or in such other manner and to such extent as the Committee deems appropriate under the applicable circumstances. The Committee may not increase the number of shares granted pursuant to any such stock award, nor may it waive the achievement of any performance target. Prior to the payment of any such stock award, the Committee shall certify in writing that the applicable performance target(s) was met.

Performance Units and Performance Shares. The Administrator may grant awards of performance units and performance shares in such amounts and upon such terms and conditions, including the performance goals and the performance period, as the Administrator specifies in the award agreement. The Administrator will establish an initial value for each performance unit on the date of grant.

The initial value of a performance share will be the fair market value of a share of common stock on the date of grant. Payment of earned performance units or performance shares will occur following the close of the applicable performance period and in the form of cash, shares of common stock or a combination of cash and shares of common stock.

Adjustment upon Changes in Capitalization. In the event of changes in the outstanding stock of Jabil by reason of any stock splits, reverse stock splits, stock dividends, mergers, recapitalizations or other change in the capital structure of Jabil, an appropriate adjustment shall be made by the Board of Directors in: (i) the number of shares of common stock subject to the Stock Incentive Plan, (ii) the number and class of shares of common stock subject to any award outstanding under the Stock Incentive Plan and (iii) the exercise price of any such outstanding award. The determination of the Board of Directors as to which adjustments shall be made shall be conclusive.

Change in Control. In the event of a change in control of Jabil, any award outstanding on the date of such change in control that is not yet vested shall become fully vested on the earlier of (i) the first anniversary of the date of such change in control, if the grantee's continuous status as an employee or consultant of Jabil does not terminate prior to such anniversary, or (ii) the date of termination of the grantee's continuous status as an employee or consultant of Jabil as a result of termination by Jabil or its successor without cause or resignation by the grantee for good reason. However, an award will not become fully vested due to a change in control if the grantee's continuous status as an employee or consultant terminates as a result of termination by Jabil or its successor for cause or resignation by the grantee without good reason.

In the event of a proposed dissolution or liquidation of Jabil, all outstanding awards will terminate immediately before the consummation of such proposed action. The Board may, in the exercise of its sole discretion in such instances, declare that any option or stock appreciation right shall terminate as of a date fixed by the Board and give each grantee the right to exercise his option or stock appreciation right as to all or any part of the stock covered by such award, including shares as to which the option or stock appreciation right would not otherwise be exercisable.

In the event of a merger of Jabil with or into another corporation, the sale of substantially all of the assets of Jabil or the acquisition by any person, other than Jabil, of 50% or more of Jabil's then outstanding securities, each outstanding option and stock appreciation right shall be assumed or an equivalent option and stock appreciation right shall be substituted by the successor corporation; provided, however, if such successor or purchaser refuses to assume the then outstanding options or stock appreciation rights, the Stock Incentive Plan provides for the acceleration of the exercisability of all or some outstanding options and stock appreciation rights.

For awards granted prior to October 22, 2009, change in control means (i) the occurrence of any person, as such term is used in Sections 13(d) and 14(d) of the Exchange Act (other than Jabil, a Jabil subsidiary or a Jabil employee

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benefit plan, including any trustee of such plan acting as trustee) is or becomes the beneficial owner (as defined in Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act), directly or indirectly, of securities of Jabil representing fifty percent (50%) or more of the combined voting power of Jabil's then outstanding securities or (ii) the occurrence of a transaction requiring stockholder approval, and involving the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of Jabil or the merger of Jabil with or into another corporation.

For awards granted on or after October 22, 2009, change in control means the occurrence of any of the following: (i) the direct or indirect sale, lease, transfer, conveyance or other disposition (other than by way of merger or consolidation), in one or a series of related transactions, of all or substantially all of the properties or assets of Jabil and its subsidiaries taken as a whole to any person (as such term is used in

Sections 13(d) and 14(d) of the Exchange Act) other than Jabil or one of its subsidiaries; (ii) the adoption of a plan relating to Jabil's liquidation or dissolution; (iii) the consummation of any transaction (including, without limitation, any merger or consolidation) the result of which is that any person other than Jabil or its subsidiaries, becomes the beneficial owner (as defined in Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act), directly or indirectly, of more than 50% of the combined voting power of Jabil's voting stock or other voting stock into which Jabil's voting stock is reclassified, consolidated, exchanged or changed, measured by voting power rather than number of shares; (iv) Jabil consolidates with, or merges with or into, any person, or any person consolidates with, or merges with or into, Jabil, in any such event pursuant to a transaction in which any of the voting stock of Jabil or such other person is converted into or exchanged for cash, securities or other property, other than any such transaction where the shares of voting stock of Jabil outstanding immediately prior to such transaction directly or indirectly constitute, or are converted into or exchanged for, a majority of the voting stock of the surviving person immediately after giving effect to such transaction; or (v) the first day on which a majority of the members of the Board are not continuing directors.

Continuing directors means, as of any date of determination with respect to any award, any member of the Board who (i) was a member of the Board on the date of grant of such award; or (ii) was nominated for election or elected to the Board with the approval of a majority of the continuing directors who were members of the Board at the time of such nomination or election.

Amendment and Termination of the Stock Incentive Plan. The Board may at any time amend, alter, suspend or terminate the Stock Incentive Plan. Jabil shall obtain stockholder approval of any amendment to the Stock Incentive Plan in such a manner and to such a degree as is necessary and desirable to comply with Rule 16b-3 of the Exchange Act or Section 422 of the Code (or any other applicable law or regulation, including the requirements of any exchange or quotation system on which the common stock is listed or quoted). Furthermore, Jabil shall obtain stockholder approval of any modification or amendment to the extent that the Board of Directors, in its sole and absolute discretion, reasonably determines, in accordance with the requirements of any exchange or quotation system on which the common stock is listed or quoted, that such modification or amendment constitutes a material revision or material amendment of the Stock Incentive Plan. No amendment or termination of the Stock Incentive Plan shall impair the rights of any grantee, unless mutually agreed otherwise between the grantee and Jabil, which agreement must be in writing and signed by the grantee and Jabil. In any event, the Stock Incentive Plan shall terminate on October 17, 2011. Any awards outstanding under the Stock Incentive Plan at the time of its termination shall remain outstanding until they expire by their terms.

Federal Tax Information

Pursuant to the Stock Incentive Plan, Jabil may grant either incentive stock options, as defined in Section 422 of the Code, nonstatutory options, stock appreciation rights, stock awards, performance units or performance shares.

An optionee who receives an incentive stock option grant will not recognize any taxable income either at the time of grant or exercise of the option, although the exercise may subject the optionee to the alternative minimum tax.

Upon the sale or other disposition of the shares more than two years after the grant of the option and one year after the exercise of the option, any gain or loss will be treated as a long-term or short-term capital gain or loss, depending upon the holding period. If these holding periods are not satisfied, the optionee will recognize ordinary income at the time of sale or disposition equal to the difference between the exercise price and the lower of (a) the fair market of the shares at the date of the option exercise or (b) the sale price of the shares. Jabil will be entitled to a deduction in the same amount as the ordinary income recognized by the optionee. Any gain or loss recognized on such a

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premature disposition of the shares in excess of the amount treated as ordinary income will be characterized as long-term or short-term capital gain or loss, depending on the holding period.

All options that do not qualify as incentive stock options are referred to as nonstatutory options. An optionee will not recognize any taxable income at the time he or she receives a nonstatutory option grant. However, upon exercise of the nonstatutory option, the optionee will recognize ordinary taxable income generally measured as the excess of the fair market value of the shares purchased on the date of exercise over the purchase price. Any taxable income recognized in connection with an option exercise by an optionee who is also an employee of Jabil will be subject to tax withholding by Jabil. Upon the sale of such shares by the optionee, any difference between the sale price and the fair market value of the shares on the date of exercise of the option will be treated as long-term or short-term capital gain or loss, depending on the holding period. Jabil will be entitled to a tax deduction in the same amount as the ordinary income recognized by the optionee with respect to shares acquired upon exercise of a nonstatutory option. With respect to stock awards, stock appreciation rights, performance units and performance shares that may be settled either in cash or in shares of common stock that are either transferable or not subject to a substantial risk of forfeiture under Section 83 of the Code, the grantee will realize ordinary taxable income, subject to tax withholding, equal to the amount of the cash or the fair market value of the shares of common stock received. Jabil will be entitled to a deduction in the same amount and at the same time as the compensation income is received by the participant. With respect to shares of common stock that are both nontransferable and subject to a substantial risk of forfeiture, the participant will realize ordinary taxable income equal to the fair market value of the shares of common stock at the first time the shares of common stock are either transferable or not subject to a substantial risk of forfeiture. Jabil will be entitled to a deduction in the same amount and at the same time as the ordinary taxable income realized by the grantee.

All of the above-described deductions are subject to the limitations on deductibility described in Section 162(m) of the Code. It is Jabil's intention that the plan be construed and administered in a manner that maximizes the deductibility of compensation under Section 162(m) of the Code.

The foregoing is only a summary of the effect of federal income taxation upon the grantee and Jabil with respect to the grant and exercise of awards under the Stock Incentive Plan, does not purport to be complete and does not discuss the tax consequences of the grantee's death or the income tax laws of any municipality, state or foreign country in which a grantee may reside.

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**PROPOSAL NO. 3
RATIFICATION OF APPOINTMENT OF
INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors has selected KPMG LLP to audit the financial statements of Jabil for the fiscal year ending August 31, 2010 and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of August 31, 2010, and to perform other appropriate services. KPMG LLP (or its predecessor firm) has audited Jabil's financial statements since the fiscal year ended August 31, 1984. A representative of KPMG LLP is expected to be present at the Annual Meeting, will have the opportunity to make a statement and will be available to respond to questions.

AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT

Jabil Circuit, Inc.'s Audit Committee serves to assist Jabil's Board in fulfilling the oversight responsibilities it has under the law with respect to financial reports and other financial information provided by Jabil to the public, Jabil's systems of internal controls regarding finance and accounting that management and the Board have established and Jabil's auditing, accounting and financial reporting processes generally.

The Audit Committee is comprised solely of independent directors, as defined in the listing standards of the New York Stock Exchange, as well as other statutory, regulatory and other requirements applicable to Jabil.

The Audit Committee operates under a written charter adopted by the Board, a copy of which is available in the Investor Relations section of Jabil's website (www.jabil.com). The Audit Committee annually reviews and assesses the adequacy of its charter in order to insure early or timely compliance with statutory, regulatory, listing and other requirements applicable to Jabil.

Jabil's management has primary responsibility for the preparation, presentation and integrity of Jabil's financial statements and its financial reporting process, including internal control over financial reporting. Jabil's independent registered public accounting firm, KPMG LLP, is responsible for expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Jabil's internal control over financial reporting and conformity of Jabil's financial statements with United States generally accepted accounting principles. The Audit Committee members are not professional accountants or auditors and their functions are not intended to duplicate or to certify the activities of management or the independent registered public accounting firm.

The Audit Committee has the authority and responsibility to select, evaluate and, when appropriate, replace the independent registered public accounting firm. The Audit Committee also has periodic discussions with management and the independent registered public accounting firm with regard to the quality and adequacy of Jabil's internal controls. Management's and the independent registered public accounting firm's presentations to, and discussions with, the Audit Committee also cover various topics and events that may have significant financial impact or are the subject of discussions between management or the independent registered public accounting firm.

In this context, the Audit Committee reports as follows:

1. The Audit Committee has reviewed and discussed the audited financial statements with Jabil's management and KPMG LLP.

2. The Audit Committee has discussed with KPMG LLP the matters required to be discussed by SAS 61 (Codification of Statements on Auditing Standard, AU §380).

3. The Audit Committee has received and reviewed the written disclosures and the letter from KPMG LLP required by the applicable requirements of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board regarding the independent accountant's communications with the Audit Committee concerning independence and has discussed with KPMG LLP its independence from Jabil.

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4. Based on the review and discussion referred to in paragraphs (1) through (3) above, the Audit Committee recommended to Jabil's Board, and the Board has approved, that the audited financial statements be included in Jabil's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2009, for filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Audit Committee has also appointed KPMG LLP as Jabil's independent registered public accounting firm for the fiscal year ending August 31, 2010.

Submitted by the Audit Committee

Steven A. Raymund, Chair

Lawrence J. Murphy

Frank A. Newman

The information contained in the above Audit Committee Report shall not be deemed soliciting material or filed with the SEC, or subject to the liabilities of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, except to the extent that we specifically incorporate it by reference into such filings.

Principal Accounting Fees and Services

The following table presents fees for professional audit services rendered by KPMG LLP for the audit of Jabil's annual financial statements for the fiscal years ended August 31, 2009 and August 31, 2008, and fees billed for other services rendered by KPMG LLP during those periods.

Fee Category	Fiscal Year 2009 Fees	Fiscal Year 2008 Fees
Audit Fees	\$ 6,305,000	\$ 7,349,000
Audit-Related Fees		
Tax Fees	\$ 618,000	\$ 514,000
All Other Fees		
Total Fees	\$ 6,923,000	\$ 7,863,000

Audit Fees. Consists of fees billed for professional services rendered for the audit of Jabil's consolidated financial statements, the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting and review of the interim financial statements included in quarterly reports and services that are normally provided by KPMG LLP in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements.

Audit-Related Fees. Consists of fees billed for assurance and related services that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit or review of Jabil's financial statements and are not reported under Audit Fees. These services include attest services that are not required by statute or regulation and consultations regarding financial accounting and reporting standards.

Tax Fees. Consists of fees billed for professional services for tax compliance, tax advice and tax planning. These services include assistance regarding federal, state and international tax compliance, and tax planning (domestic and international).

All Other Fees. Jabil did not incur any additional fees under this category.

Policy on Audit Committee Pre-Approval of Audit, Audit-Related and Permissible Non-Audit Services of the Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Audit Committee's policy is to pre-approve all audit, audit-related and permissible non-audit services provided by the independent registered public accounting firm in order to assure that the provision of such services does not impair the auditor's independence. These services may include audit services, audit-related services, tax services and other services. Pre-approval is generally provided for up to one year and any pre-approval is detailed as to the particular service or category of services and is generally subject to a specific budget. Management is required to

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periodically report to the Audit Committee regarding the extent of services provided by the independent registered public accounting firm in accordance with this pre-approval, and the fees for the services performed to date. During fiscal year 2009, all services were pre-approved by the Audit Committee in accordance with this policy.

Recommendation of the Board of Directors

If the stockholders do not approve the selection of KPMG LLP, the appointment of the independent registered public accounting firm will be reconsidered by the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors.

**THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS UNANIMOUSLY RECOMMENDS A VOTE FOR THIS PROPOSAL.
PROPOSAL NO. 4**

**TRANSACTION OF SUCH OTHER BUSINESS
AS MAY PROPERLY COME BEFORE THE ANNUAL MEETING,
INCLUDING ANY ADJOURNMENT THEREOF**

The Board does not know of any matter for action by stockholders at the 2009 Annual Meeting other than Proposals 1, 2, and 3. The enclosed proxy card, however, will confer discretionary authority to the persons named in the proxy card (Robert L. Paver and Forbes I.J. Alexander, or either of them) with respect to matters which are unknown at the date of printing this proxy statement and which may properly come before the meeting (including any adjournment thereof). Messrs. Paver and Alexander intend to vote on any such matter in accordance with their judgment on such matter.

Recommendation of the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors believes that it is in Jabil's best interests to authorize Messrs. Paver and Alexander to vote on any matters which are unknown at the date of printing this proxy statement and which may properly come before the 2009 Annual Meeting (including any adjournment thereof).

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COMPENSATION DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

Executive Summary

Our executive compensation program is designed to: 1) align our compensation with stockholders' interests by incentivizing our global leaders to drive growth while achieving operating results that protect the business's long term health and stockholder value; 2) emphasize a pay-for-performance philosophy and the achievement of long term goals; and 3) allow us to offer a competitive compensation program in order to attract and retain qualified executive leadership. Our compensation elements consist of salaries, annual cash incentives, and equity grants for both motivation and retention. A majority of our total compensation is performance-based.

In order to achieve growth, maintain a healthy operating performance and drive stockholder value, Jabil utilizes both annual and multi-year targets, choosing measures that emphasize long term business performance consistent with strategic opportunity. To achieve fiscal year 2009 targeted annual cash incentives, we set a growth target for core operating income in combination with a return on invested capital target. These are paired with measures of performance that are appropriate to the compensated officer, such as those associated with a particular business segment. The annual cash incentive targets are supplemented with equity grants with vesting of a majority of the awards tied to performance: awards with multi-year growth targets of core earnings per share and awards measuring total shareholder return as compared to the return of the S&P 500. The balance of equity awards are time-based and vest over three years, which we believe promotes retention by requiring continuation of employment to receive the awards' full benefits.

Our pay for performance philosophy is designed to motivate the achievement of our financial and strategic goals by establishing a mix of elements and selection of targets that places a significant portion of compensation at-risk. We believe that incentive compensation is not an entitlement and set the expectations for achievement at a high degree of difficulty.

In order to retain and attract talented and quality leadership, we review, with the assistance of a compensation consultant, peer group and general compensation surveys, and consider trends in compensation practices to deliver a competitive compensation program. We utilize market data at or above the 50th percentile when setting the targeted total compensation. Our executives also have the opportunity to achieve significantly higher compensation as a reward for exceptional performance that exceeds targeted expectations.

In general, for our named executive officers (NEOs) to obtain targeted compensation, they must achieve growth in core operating income over the prior year, efficiently deploy capital, attain total shareholder return that has outperformed the S&P 500, and realize compounded core earnings per share growth over a multiple year period. Over the last several years, a number of factors, including our strategically challenging operating performance objectives, most recently a difficult macro-economic environment and generally our compensation practices, have contributed to the actual compensation received by our NEOs being at amounts less than target. These results demonstrate that our compensation practices emphasize at-risk, performance-based compensation and the setting of ambitious targets.

We believe that the following three tables are helpful in understanding the actual performance-based compensation received by our NEOs. These tables are supplemental to the Summary Compensation Table, the Grants of Plan-Based Awards in Fiscal Year 2009 Table, and the Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal 2009 Year End Table, that are found on pages 42-47.

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The first table below illustrates the actual payout of the performance-based cash incentives over the previous three fiscal years:

NEO	Fiscal Year	Cash Incentives		
		Target Annual Incentive	Actual Annual Incentive Payout	Actual Payout Against Target
Timothy L. Main	2009	\$ 1,450,000	\$ 524,103	36.1%
	2008	\$ 1,350,000	\$ 155,925	11.6%
	2007	\$ 1,100,000	\$ 345,488	31.4%
Forbes I.J. Alexander	2009	\$ 468,000	\$ 169,159	36.1%
	2008	\$ 450,000	\$ 51,975	11.6%
	2007	\$ 427,500	\$ 134,269	31.4%
Mark T. Mondello	2009	\$ 700,000	\$ 253,015	36.1%
	2008	\$ 675,000	\$ 77,963	11.6%
	2007	\$ 600,000	\$ 188,448	31.4%
John P. Lovato	2009	\$ 450,000	\$ 253,013	56.2%
	2008	\$ 427,500	\$ 43,819	10.3%
	2007	\$ 360,000	\$ 140,976	39.2%
William D. Muir, Jr.	2009	\$ 450,000	\$ 151,763	33.7%
	2008	\$ 427,500	\$ 43,819	10.3%
	2007	\$ 360,000	\$ 140,976	39.2%

The next two tables below illustrate the performance-based equity compensation earned by our NEOs. Note that the Summary Compensation Table presents the expensed value of the equity-based compensation as recognized for financial statement reporting purposes in accordance with FAS 123R/ASC 718. We believe that the supplemental tables below present a helpful illustration of the actual value received from the equity awards granted to our NEOs at fiscal year end. The data set forth in these two tables presents information only for performance-based equity awards and excludes time-based equity grants. These two tables are intended to offer meaningful examples of the impact of our compensation philosophies, aggressive target setting practices and the economic environment on the actual performance-based equity compensation received by our NEOs.

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The following table summarizes all of the outstanding option awards (stock options and stock appreciation rights) granted to our NEOs, and shows that these grants were on average underwater at fiscal year end. In fact, a review of the individual grants shown in the Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year End table shows that each grant was underwater at the market value of Jabil's shares on the date the fiscal year ended.

	Securities Underlying Options (1) (#)	Average Exercise Price at FYE (\$)	Market Value at FYE (\$10.95/share) (2) (\$)
NEO			
Timothy L. Main	1,190,000	25.15	0
Forbes I.J. Alexander	273,992	26.48	0
Mark T. Mondello	644,963	23.57	0
John P. Lovato	314,734	26.32	0
William D. Muir, Jr.	346,142	22.37	0

(1) Includes outstanding incentive stock options, nonqualified stock options and stock appreciation rights awarded since 1999, both exercisable and unexercisable. The numbers shown are an aggregate of these shown in the Option Awards columns in the Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal 2009 Year End table.

(2) The market value at the close of fiscal year end is the closing sales price on the NYSE of Jabil's

common stock
on August 31,
2009 - \$10.95.

The next table reflects information related to performance-based restricted stock awards. With respect to the performance-based restricted stock awards made to NEOs in fiscal years 2006 and 2007, none of the performance criteria were met and, therefore, none of the awards vested. For those restricted stock awards made in fiscal years 2008 and 2009, only one performance period of those that have concluded has resulted in the vesting of stock, which was achieved at the 50% level.

Fiscal Year	Date of Grant	Performance Measure CAGR of Core EPS(1)	Performance Measure TSR vs. S&P 500(1)
2006	October 11 or 25, 2005	0% vested (2)	no TSR granted
2007	October 26, 2006	0% vested (2)	no TSR granted
2008	October 24, 2007	3 year performance period remains open	50% vested (Only the 3 rd performance period remains open)
2009	October 22, 2008	3 year performance period remains open	0% vested (The 2 nd and 3 rd performance periods remain open)

(1) These terms are defined and explained in detail in Long-Term, Equity-Based Compensation Performance-Based Awards.

(2) Because these shares did not vest, they are no longer outstanding, and therefore do not appear in the Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal 2009 Year End table.

The above Executive Summary highlights certain aspects of our compensation program. To obtain a full understanding of the program, please read the remainder of our compensation discussion and analysis set forth below.

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Contents of Compensation Discussion and Analysis

We invite you to read the details of our compensation program that describe our philosophies and approach. This Compensation Discussion and Analysis should be read in conjunction with the Summary Compensation Table and the related tables and narrative disclosure that follow. We discuss the following topics in our Compensation Discussion and Analysis:

Our guiding principles, the alignment of our compensation elements with these principles, and the philosophies that our compensation program is designed to promote.

Our executive compensation process, including the roles of those involved in setting compensation and our utilization of a compensation consultant and competitive benchmarking.

Other compensation, policies and considerations.

The details of our fiscal year 2009 compensation program.

Guiding Principles of the Executive Compensation Program

The following table shows each of the guiding principles of our executive compensation program, the rationale for each principle and the elements of compensation that align with each principle:

Guiding Principles	Rationale	Elements of Compensation
<i>Alignment with Stockholders Interests</i>	We seek to provide an appropriate link between compensation and the creation of long-term stockholder value. Our executives interests are more directly aligned with the interests of our stockholders when our compensation programs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> emphasize long-term performance, business objectives and the strategic focus of our businesses; are significantly impacted by the value of our stock; and result in a continuing significant ownership of our stock. 	Equity incentives
<i>Pay for Performance</i>	An effective way to reach our short- and long-term financial and strategic objectives is to make a significant portion of an executive s overall compensation dependent on the achievement of such goals and objectives and on the performance of our stock. The portion of an executive s total compensation that varies with performance should be a function of the executive s responsibilities and ability to drive and influence results. As an executive s responsibility and influence increase, so should the level of performance-based, at-risk compensation. <p>While total compensation should be both competitive and tied to achievement of financial and strategic objectives, performance that exceeds target should be appropriately rewarded.</p>	Annual cash incentives and performance-based equity incentives
<i>Competitiveness</i>	To attract the best qualified executives, motivate executives to perform at their highest levels and retain executives with the leadership abilities and skills necessary to drive and build	Salary, annual cash incentives, equity incentives

long-term stockholder value, our total compensation must be competitive and reflect the value of each executive's position in the market and within Jabil.

Table of Contents**Elements and Philosophy of Our Executive Compensation Program**

The Compensation Committee believes that the elements of our executive compensation program are competitive and further our guiding principles. The following table summarizes the major elements of Jabil's executive compensation program and the philosophies that guide the Compensation Committee:

Element	Philosophies
<i>Salaries</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provide a fixed amount of compensation. Consider an officer's experience, business judgment and role in developing and implementing overall business strategy. Recognize individual performance with an annual review. Are reviewed on a periodic basis and compared with salaries of comparable executives in our peer group. Apply qualitative and subjective factors.
<i>Annual Cash Incentives</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Communicate strategic priorities and identify key financial and business objectives. Motivate achievement of short-term objectives. Are at-risk, with a minimum threshold that must be achieved to receive any payout. Ensure achievement is variable, measured against a mix of multiple defined targets, with payouts ranging from 0% (below threshold performance) to a maximum of 200% of target payout as a percent of salary. Align chosen financial measures to an individual's scope of influence.
<i>Equity Incentives</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Motivate attainment of long term financial and shareholder return goals. Align executive's interests with those of our stockholders. Ensure majority of grants are at-risk, and are tied to multiple financial performance measures. Provide for multi-year vesting. Reward longevity and create retention value with vesting schedules that span several years.

Balance of Elements The Compensation Committee views all of the compensation elements together to set each NEO's total compensation annually. The allocation among elements varies for each NEO to reflect the differences in responsibilities. In addition, the Committee balances the compensation elements to motivate each NEO to achieve both long-term and short-term objectives. Salaries and cash incentives are considered together to set a fair cash compensation level for attracting quality leaders and driving performance. We believe that the performance measure targets for the cash incentives should appropriately balance the objectives of being challenging and also providing motivation to the executives by establishing carefully determined thresholds and maximum achievement levels. The cash and equity incentives are set under terms approved by our stockholders, within the Annual Incentive Plan and the 2002 Stock Incentive Plan, respectively.

Our Executive Compensation Process

Jabil's executive compensation program is administered and overseen by the Compensation Committee with assistance from senior management and an independent compensation consultant selected and retained by the Committee. Generally, compensation amounts, measures and criteria are determined using, among other things, periodic review of compensation data and pay practices from Jabil's peer group and broader compensation survey information, considerations of financial and strategic goals, balances between the elements of compensation and historical compensation data with an emphasis on creating a performance-based environment. This information is discussed among the Compensation Committee, the independent compensation consultant and senior management. Typically, annual salaries, cash incentive targets and equity incentive targets and grants are set and awarded following the end of our fiscal year when data regarding performance is available. In addition, the Committee considers outside

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counsel's legal advice and corporate governance agency opinions, solicits the opinions of the other Board members and inquires regarding accounting treatment for the compensation program.

Role of Consultants The Compensation Committee has the sole authority to hire, and to dismiss, its compensation consultant. Reports and advice from the consultant may be requested by the Committee and are shared with the Board and management at the Committee's discretion. The Committee has retained Watson Wyatt Worldwide as its compensation consultant. In prior years, Watson Wyatt Worldwide has provided an executive compensation study and assisted in benchmarking the competitiveness of executive officer compensation. For fiscal year 2009 the Committee did not request a new executive compensation study and benchmarking report, but did request an incentive plan performance goal review. The information from this analysis was used by the Committee in establishing fiscal year 2009 performance goals and corresponding potential award levels for the annual and long-term incentive programs. Watson Wyatt Worldwide was also engaged by the Committee to assist in evaluating data and trends regarding other elements of compensation that have not been a part or a significant part of Jabil's compensation program, such as retirement and severance benefits.

Role of Management As part of the annual compensation planning process, our chief executive officer, chief operating officer, chief financial officer and senior vice president of human development determine recommendations of compensation elements and amounts, performance measures and targets for our incentive compensation programs, and present these recommendations to the Compensation Committee. Such recommendations are based upon: (i) an annual performance review process, including assessment of the achievement of established financial and strategic business objectives and other accomplishments; (ii) Jabil's annual operating plan, targeted earnings, and overall and divisional financial performance; (iii) market data for relevant companies; and/or (iv) the NEO's expected contribution in light of the responsibilities inherent in his position.

Role of Compensation Committee The Compensation Committee sets policies and gives direction to senior management on all aspects of the executive compensation program. The key goals of the compensation program are balanced with the market data and Jabil's financial planning and expectations to determine each NEO's compensation. The Committee makes compensation decisions for the NEOs for each of the compensation elements, establishes the short and long-term financial measures, weighting and targets, and issues equity incentive awards. In making these decisions, the Committee reviews: (i) senior management's recommended compensation elements and amounts, and recommended performance measures and targets for our incentive compensation programs; (ii) data provided by the compensation consultant; (iii) the compensation history of each NEO; and (iv) the financial performance of Jabil's various operating segments.

At the beginning of each fiscal year, the Compensation Committee meets in executive session to conduct a performance review of our CEO. During such review, the Committee evaluates the CEO's overall performance and other accomplishments of the past fiscal year, taking into consideration Jabil's financial performance relative to peers and industry performance, as well as input from certain officers.

The Compensation Committee Charter, posted on our website at www.jabil.com, sets forth the Compensation Committee's full responsibilities.

Competitive Benchmarking The Compensation Committee periodically reviews compensation data and pay practices from both Jabil's peer group and broader compensation survey data as part of its decision-making process. The Committee has not formally established a percentile benchmark of a specific market to which it annually targets NEO compensation. While the Committee reviews compensation data, it retains discretion in setting an executive's compensation, and as a result compensation for an executive may differ materially from the survey data and is influenced by factors including experience, position, tenure, individual and organizational factors, retention needs and other factors.

The Compensation Committee periodically evaluates and selects which companies to benchmark against for purposes of NEO compensation competitiveness. With guidance from the compensation consultant and input and discussion with management, the Compensation Committee discusses whether the mix of companies in the peer group produces a valid competitive analysis relative to our talent requirements. The peer group is validated on a regular basis and consists of companies with one or more of the following attributes: business operations in the industries and businesses in which we participate, global operations, similar annual revenue and market

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capitalization, and businesses that are complex and broad and/or compete with us for executive talent. The peer group for the most recent assessment consisted of the following companies:

- Advanced Micro Devices
- Applied Materials, Inc.
- Avnet, Inc.
- Electronic Data Systems Corporation
- Emerson Electric Company
- Micron Technology, Inc.
- Qualcomm, Inc.
- Sun Microsystems, Inc.
- Texas Instruments, Inc.
- Apple, Inc.
- Arrow Electronics, Inc.
- Celestica Inc. (Canada)
- EMC Corporation
- Flextronics International
- NCR Corporation
- Sanmina-SCI Corporation
- Tech Data Corporation

Electronic Data Systems Corporation was acquired in a merger with and into Hewlett-Packard Company that closed on August 28, 2008. For fiscal year 2009, the Compensation Committee decided not to reevaluate the members of the peer group.

Our Equity-Based Compensation Award Practices The annual grant cycle for grants of equity based awards to our NEOs typically occurs at the start of each fiscal year following the release of our financial results for the preceding fiscal year so that relevant information is available to the public, which is the same time as decisions are made relating to salaries, annual cash payouts for the previous fiscal year performance and the establishment of annual cash incentive targets for the current fiscal year. The dates for the meetings at which such grants are made are set well in advance of such meetings. The Compensation Committee may also make grants of equity awards at other times during the year due to special circumstances, such as new hires or promotions. We do not seek to time equity grants to take advantage of information, either positive or negative, about Jabil which has not been publicly disclosed. The exercise price of options is the closing market price of our common stock on the date of grant.

In deciding the type and value of equity compensation to grant, the Compensation Committee typically considers Jabil's financial performance, the need to retain experienced people to execute the strategies of the business, the accounting impact of the grant, the dilutive effect to the stockholders and the incentive opportunity Jabil desires to provide to the NEOs.

For fiscal years 2008 and 2009, a majority of equity incentive awards granted to our executive officers have been in the form of performance-based restricted stock. One form of the performance-based restricted stock awards conditions vesting of shares on the compounded annual growth rate in Jabil's core earnings per share over a three-year period. The second form of performance-based restricted stock awards bases the vesting of shares on total shareholder return relative to the return of the S&P 500 during three annual measurement periods. Prior to fiscal year 2008, we also granted stock appreciation rights or stock options, which result in gain to the recipient only if our stock price increases above the exercise price.

When setting compensation for fiscal year 2009, our compensation consultant advised us that the trend within general market executive compensation practices is to combine performance-based restricted stock awards with time-based restricted stock awards. Taking this into consideration, along with our guiding principle of competitiveness, the Compensation Committee decided in October 2008 to grant time-based restricted stock awards to our NEOs for fiscal year 2009 instead of stock appreciation rights. The rationale for combining grants of performance-based and

time-based restricted stock awards is based on the different natures and durations of the two types of awards. The performance-based restricted stock awards are at-risk and depend upon the achievement of the specific financial and shareholder return performance goals during a three year period. If the financial performance results during this three year period indicate that the performance goals are unlikely to be achieved, the recipients may perceive the performance-based restricted stock awards as not having significant value. Such a perception diminishes the retention value of the awards. A simultaneous award of time-based restricted stock with vesting over three years provides the recipient with the likelihood of long-term value, directly aligned with the stock price, without regard to the outcome of the performance-based restricted stock awards. Even with the addition of time-based restricted stock awards, a majority of our equity incentives are still in the form of performance-based restricted stock.

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In October 2007, our Board of Directors adopted a stock incentive and compensation award policy. This policy was developed partially in response to the results of the reviews of our historical stock option grant practices by a Special Committee of our Board of Directors, and partially to satisfy a portion of our obligations under the settlement of previously disclosed stockholder derivative actions. Our Board of Directors directed that the award policy would be effective without material amendment for a minimum period of two years. The components of the award policy are:

Grant timing guidelines, including requirements to establish before the beginning of each fiscal year and disclose pre-set dates on which awards may be granted;

Exercise price guidelines, including a requirement that the exercise prices of stock options and stock appreciation rights generally will be no less than the closing price of a share of Jabil's common stock on the date of grant;

Grant authorization guidelines, including specific deadlines for award requests by management in advance of award grant dates and prohibitions on delegation of grant authority and approval of grants by written consent; and

Grant implementation and miscellaneous procedural guidelines, including attendance by legal counsel at all meetings at which awards and other final compensation decisions are made.

In accordance with the award policy, the Compensation Committee designates the dates on which stock incentive awards may be granted to officers, directors and employees (including new hires and promoted employees) during each fiscal year. The dates designated by the Committee for fiscal year 2010 are the dates on which the Compensation Committee will hold in-person meetings in connection with the quarterly in-person meetings of the Board during fiscal year 2010: October 2009 and, as currently scheduled, January 2010, April 2010 and July 2010.

Other Compensation, Policies and Considerations

Severance Arrangements Jabil's NEOs do not have employment agreements or severance benefit agreements. Accordingly, upon a termination for any reason whatsoever, the NEO is entitled to receive only salary and annual incentive compensation earned to the date of termination, and shall be permitted to exercise vested stock options and stock appreciation rights in accordance with the applicable award agreements. On a case by case basis, we have at the time of termination entered into severance payment agreements for various reasons, including but not limited to obtaining agreements from departing employees not to compete with Jabil for specified periods of time.

Retirement and Pension Plan Jabil does not have a non-qualified retirement plan and does not provide pension benefits for any of our NEOs.

Change in Control Arrangements The NEOs do not have change in control severance agreements. Awards granted under the 1992 Stock Option Plan and the 2002 Stock Incentive Plan may be impacted, however, by a change in control.

In the event of a change in control, any award outstanding under the 2002 Stock Incentive Plan will become fully vested on the earlier of (i) the first anniversary of the date of the change in control if the grantee has remained as an employee or consultant, or (ii) the date the grantee is terminated without cause or resigns for good reason. However, an award will not fully vest due to a change in control if the grantee is terminated for cause or resigns without good reason prior to the first anniversary of the date of such change in control.

In the event of a proposed dissolution or liquidation of Jabil, all outstanding awards will terminate immediately before the consummation of such proposed action. The Board of Directors has sole discretion to declare that any option or stock appreciation right will terminate as of a date fixed by the Board of Directors and give grantees the right to exercise their options or stock appreciation rights as to all or any part of the stock covered, including shares not otherwise be exercisable.

In the event of a merger or the sale of substantially all of the assets of Jabil, each outstanding option and stock appreciation right will be assumed or an equivalent option and stock appreciation right will be substituted by the successor corporation, unless otherwise determined by the Board of Directors in its discretion. If such successor refuses to assume or provide a substitute for the outstanding options or stock appreciation rights, the exercisability

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and termination of all or some outstanding and unexercisable options and stock appreciation rights will be accelerated, unless otherwise determined by the Board of Directors in its discretion.

In the event of the acquisition by any person other than Jabil of 50% or more of Jabil's then outstanding securities, unless otherwise determined by the Board of Directors in its discretion, all outstanding options and stock appreciation rights which are vested and exercisable will be terminated in exchange for a cash payment.

A summary of potential payments upon termination or a change in control for our NEOs is set forth in the *Potential Payments Upon Termination or a Change in Control* section.

Additional Compensation Programs in Which NEOs May Participate Our NEOs are eligible to participate in the following programs that are also offered to a broad-based group of our employees:

401(k) and Retirement Programs - We maintain a 401(k) Retirement Plan (*401(k) Plan*), which is a tax-qualified, defined contribution retirement plan available to our U.S.-based employees who have completed a 90-day period of service. Subject to applicable Internal Revenue Code limits, employees may contribute a portion of their eligible compensation. We make a matching contribution of 100% of the first 3% of eligible compensation, plus 50% of the next 2% of eligible compensation. Additional contributions by Jabil may be made at the discretion of the Board of Directors.

Profit Sharing Plan - Jabil has had a profit sharing plan since 1980. Under this plan, on a quarterly basis Jabil may allocate a discretionary contribution in cash or 401(k) deferral (if so elected) to all eligible employees. Eligibility to participate in the profit sharing plan is based upon the completion of 12 months of service in which the employee has worked a minimum of 1,000 hours. Profit sharing contributions were suspended for executives and other employees in the last two fiscal year quarters of 2009 due to economic conditions.

Employee Stock Purchase Plan - We maintain an employee stock purchase plan (*ESPP*) that is intended to qualify for favorable tax treatment for U.S.-based employees under section 423 of the Internal Revenue Code. Employees are eligible to participate in the ESPP after 90 days of employment. The ESPP permits eligible employees to purchase common stock during two six-month offering periods each year through payroll deductions, which may not exceed 10% of an employee's compensation, as defined in the ESPP, capped at \$12,500 per offering period, at a price equal to 85% of the fair market value of the common stock at the beginning or end of the offering period, whichever is lower.

Welfare and Other Benefits - We maintain welfare benefit programs for our U.S.-based employees, including medical and prescription coverage, dental and vision programs, short and long-term disability insurance, group life insurance and supplemental life insurance as well as customary vacation, leave of absence and other similar policies.

Other Compensation The most significant payments outside of salary, cash incentive and equity incentive compensation are to those NEOs whom we asked to relocate overseas. These NEOs receive expatriate benefits that are intended to compensate them for additional economic costs for such items as housing, transportation expenses and foreign income taxes resulting from providing services in such foreign jurisdiction. For fiscal year 2009, the value of other elements of compensation provided to our NEOs has been less than \$10,000 each. These are disclosed in detail in the Summary Compensation Table under the *All Other Compensation* column and the related notes.

Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Jabil does not provide a nonqualified deferred compensation arrangement for any of our NEOs.

Recovery of Executive Compensation Jabil has not established any policies or decisions regarding the adjustment or recovery of awards or payments if the relevant performance measures upon which they are based are restated or otherwise adjusted in a manner that would reduce the size of an award or payment.

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Insider Trading Policy Our publicly-available insider trading policy prohibits directors, employees and certain family members from purchasing or selling any type of security, whether issued by us or another company, while aware of material non-public information relating to the issuer or from providing such material non-public information to any person who may trade while aware of such information. We restrict trading by our officers and directors, as well as other categories of employees who may be expected in the ordinary course of performing their duties to have access to material non-public information, to certain quarterly trading windows. While we do not have a policy that specifically prohibits our executive officers from hedging the economic risk of stock ownership in our stock, we discourage our executive officers from entering into certain types of hedges with respect to our securities. In addition, federal securities laws prohibit our executive officers from selling short our stock.

Tax Deductibility of Executive Compensation Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code generally prohibits a public company from deducting compensation paid in any year to NEOs (excluding our principal financial officer) in excess of \$1 million unless it qualifies as performance-based. In evaluating whether to structure executive compensation components as qualified performance-based compensation and thus, tax deductible, the Compensation Committee considers the net cost to us, its ability to effectively administer executive compensation in the long-term interest of stockholders, and the specific corporate goal underlying the various items of compensation.

Stock option grants, stock appreciation rights and performance-based restricted stock awards granted to executive officers that may be covered under Section 162(m) are generally structured to be fully deductible. The Compensation Committee believes, however, that it is important to preserve flexibility in administering compensation programs so as to promote corporate goals. Accordingly, the Committee from time to time has approved elements of compensation that were consistent with the objectives of our executive compensation program, but that may not be fully deductible. For example, even though they were based upon specified individual performance measures, the incentive compensation awards for some executive officers in fiscal year 2009 did not satisfy all of the requirements for the qualified performance-based compensation exception to the Section 162(m) deduction limit.

Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code requires that nonqualified deferred compensation be deferred and paid under plans or arrangements that satisfy the requirements of the law with respect to the timing of deferral elections, timing of payments and certain other matters. In general, it is our intention to design and administer our compensation and benefits plans and arrangements for all of our employees so that they are either exempt from, or satisfy the requirements of, Section 409A.

Accounting for Share-Based Compensation Before we grant share-based compensation awards, or modify previously granted awards, we consider the accounting impact of the proposed award or modification.

Fiscal Year 2009 Compensation***NEO Total Direct Compensation Mix***

For its fiscal year 2009 NEO compensation decisions, the Compensation Committee reviewed: (i) senior management's recommended compensation elements and amounts, performance measures and targets for our incentive compensation programs; (ii) an executive compensation study for fiscal year 2008 and fiscal year 2009 incentive plan performance goal review provided by the compensation consultant; (iii) the financial performance of Jabil's various operating segments; and (iv) the compensation history for each NEO.

The following charts illustrate the target fiscal year 2009 compensation for our NEOs by type of compensation as a percentage of our NEOs' targeted total direct compensation. The charts demonstrate the compensation philosophy that the significant majority of our NEOs' compensation is at-risk and tied to performance. These charts reflect the Compensation Committee's desired mix of salary and cash and equity-based incentives at the target levels established at the beginning of fiscal year 2009. These amounts differ from those shown in the Summary Compensation Table, which reflects actual cash incentives earned in fiscal year 2009 and the accounting expense of stock-based compensation associated with multiple years of stock grants, including grants in fiscal year 2009.

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CEO TARGET COMPENSATION MIX

2009 Total = \$5,421,500

OTHER NEOs TARGET COMPENSATION MIX

2009 Average Total = \$2,414,493

In the above charts, the percentages illustrate the portion of targeted total direct compensation that each of the components represents. Salary is the annual salary approved for the NEOs effective September 1, 2008; Cash Incentives are at the targets for fiscal year 2009; and the Performance-Based Equity and Time-Based Equity are the grant date fair values at target for fiscal year 2009. For the Other NEOs Target Compensation Mix, each section represents an average of all of the NEOs other than the CEO for that type of compensation.

Salary

In July 2008, the Compensation Committee determined that salary increases were appropriate for the NEOs other than the CEO, resulting in salary increases for Messrs. Alexander, Mondello, Lovato, and Muir ranging from 3.7% to 5.3%. The CEO's salary was not increased in fiscal year 2009. In addition, the Committee determined in July and October 2009 that it would not make any merit increases in salaries for the remainder of fiscal year 2009 and for fiscal year 2010.

Table of Contents**Annual Cash Incentives**

Selection of Performance Measures Each year, the Compensation Committee selects the metrics to be used to measure performance. As in previous years, for fiscal year 2009 the Committee selected annual core operating income, average monthly core return on invested capital over the last six months of the fiscal year (ROIC) and divisional core operating income. Each of these metrics includes the element of core operating income, which is reviewed by the Audit Committee based on the results related directly to Jabil s manufacturing operations, and may exclude items such as amortization of intangibles, stock-based compensation expense, foreign exchange adjustments, restructuring and impairment charges, and other charges. The Compensation Committee views the core measure as containing the most relevant items for measuring overall operating performance. The Committee selected ROIC as it allows executives to measure whether Jabil is achieving an efficient return on its capital deployed. In previous years, for Messrs. Lovato and Muir, the Committee had selected the measure of divisional combined free cash flow, but decided to eliminate this metric due to challenges associated with fairly allocating free cash flow at facilities shared by multiple divisions.

For fiscal year 2009, the Compensation Committee established the specific targets for each of the selected performance measures before the beginning of the fiscal year, in July 2008. The Committee sets incentive compensation for executive officers and non-executive officers at the same time. For fiscal year 2009, the Committee wanted the non-executive officers to know their cash incentive performance criteria and targets at the beginning of the fiscal year. Year over year conditions were established where no cash incentive would be earned for the operating income measures unless operating income for fiscal year 2009 equaled or exceeded that of fiscal year 2008. Less than 90 days after the beginning of fiscal year 2009, the Committee determined that the specific performance targets and the year over year conditions were not appropriate as a result of extraordinary economic circumstances that were beyond the control of Jabil s officers, and they were concerned that the absence of potential incentive compensation for the balance of fiscal year 2009 would not meet aspects of our guiding principles relating to motivating the achievement of financial and strategic goals and providing a competitive compensation program. As a result, in November 2008 the Committee revised the financial performance targets that had initially been established in July 2008.

The Compensation Committee believes that these performance measures effectively motivated our NEOs to focus on improving both revenue and profitability because the targets were challenging but obtainable, measurable, clearly understood and the drivers of the creation of sustainable long-term value for our stockholders.

Determination of Incentive Targets For each of the selected performance measures for the cash incentives (annual core operating income, ROIC and divisional core operating income) the Compensation Committee set specific targets for fiscal year 2009. All these performance measures are at-risk. The ROIC target calculation was based on the operating income target, providing a strong correlation of desired results between operating income and asset efficiency.

Next, the Compensation Committee determined how the achievement of each of these performance measures would translate into the calculation of each NEO s fiscal year 2009 cash incentives. The Compensation Committee chose ranges that it believed were relevant in an uncertain economic environment. The table below, under the heading Percentage of achievement level payout, lists the percentages used to calculate each NEO s fiscal year 2009 cash incentive based on the different levels of achievement of each of the performance measures. The maximum payout, capped at 200%, recognizes achievement that would bring superior value to Jabil and its stockholders. Where achievement is less than the threshold, there is no payout.

Annual			Consumer Division			EMS Division					
Core Operating Income			ROIC			Core Operating Income			Core Operating Income		
Threshold	Target	Max	Threshold	Target	Max	Threshold	Target	Max	Threshold	Target	Max
\$202m	\$455m	\$495m	5%	12%	15%	\$36m	\$87m	\$105m	\$144m	\$320m	\$337m
<u>Percentage of achievement level payout</u>											
25%	100%	200%	25%	100%	200%	25%	100%	200%	25%	100%	200%

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Next, the Compensation Committee determined how each performance measure was weighted for the purposes of calculating each NEO's fiscal year 2009 cash incentives. The weightings vary based on each NEO's role and area of influence. This weighting is set forth in the table below.

NEO	Weighting of Performance Measures		
	Annual Core Operating Income	ROIC	Divisional Core Operating Income
Timothy L. Main	65%	35%	
Forbes I.J. Alexander	65%	35%	
Mark T. Mondello	65%	35%	
John P. Lovato	25%	25%	50%
William D. Muir, Jr.	25%	25%	50%

Finally, the Compensation Committee determined each NEO's fiscal year 2009 cash incentive target as a percentage of salary. The percentages vary depending on the metrics chosen and the individual's responsibilities, as well as on market data considerations. The percentages demonstrate the emphasis on at-risk compensation. For fiscal year 2009, the targets were as follows:

NEO	Cash Incentive Target as a % of Salary
Timothy L. Main	145%
Forbes I.J. Alexander	90%
Mark T. Mondello	100%
John P. Lovato	90%
William D. Muir, Jr.	90%

Actual Cash Incentives For fiscal year 2009, annual core operating income was \$240.0 million, ROIC was 7.8%, and core operating income for the Consumer and EMS divisions was \$73.5 million and \$160.0 million, respectively. The table below shows the percentage of each cash incentive performance measure that was actually achieved as compared to the target, as certified by the Compensation Committee in October 2009, and sets forth the total cash incentive value at target compared to the total cash incentive amount actually received:

NEO	Actual Achievement as a % of Target			Targeted Total Cash Incentive Amount	Actual Total Cash Incentive Received	% of Actual Payout Against Target
	Annual Core Operating Income	ROIC	Divisional Core Operating Income			
Timothy L. Main	33.1%	41.8%		\$ 1,450,000	\$ 524,103	36.1%
Forbes I.J. Alexander	33.1%	41.8%		\$ 468,000	\$ 169,159	36.1%
Mark T. Mondello	33.1%	41.8%		\$ 700,000	\$ 253,015	36.1%
John P. Lovato	33.1%	41.8%	75%	\$ 450,000	\$ 253,013	56.2%
William D. Muir, Jr.	33.1%	41.8%	30%	\$ 450,000	\$ 151,763	33.7%

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The values of the fiscal year 2009 actual cash incentives also appear in the Summary Compensation Table under the Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation column.

Long-Term, Equity-Based Compensation

For fiscal year 2009, the Compensation Committee granted our NEOs two types of performance-based restricted stock awards and one type of time-based restricted stock awards, with the potential to achieve the most value placed on the performance-based grants. At the target amounts, the performance-based awards and time-based awards represented approximately 66% and 34%, respectively, of the total value. The Compensation Committee established this allocation between performance and time-based awards to balance several of the objectives within the guiding principles of our compensation program.

The Compensation Committee decided in July 2009 to change the manner in which it provides for dividend rights for performance-based and time-based restricted stock awards. As a result, for restricted stock awards granted after July 2009, the grantees will not receive dividends until such time as the restricted stock becomes vested. Upon vesting, the grantees will receive payment of the cumulative dividends (without interest).

Performance-Based Awards These awards are at-risk and variable. For one group of our fiscal year 2009 performance-based restricted stock awards, vesting was based on the compounded annual growth rate (CAGR) of Jabil s core earnings per share (Core EPS) over a three-year performance period. The Compensation Committee believes that measuring performance against a three-year measurement of Core EPS and CAGR aligns the NEOs compensation with stockholders interests over the long term horizon.

For the other group of our fiscal year 2009 performance-based restricted stock awards, vesting was based on Jabil s total shareholder return (TSR) relative to the TSR of the S&P 500 measured each fiscal year over a three-year performance period. The Compensation Committee chose the S&P 500 as it believes that a portion of the equity awards should measure performance against well-run, global companies and not just against Jabil s peer group companies, since stockholders may invest in any company of their choice.

A summary of our fiscal year 2009 performance-based restricted stock awards, including the target measure and the range of potential achievement is:

	Performance Measure CAGR of Core EPS*	Performance Measure TSR vs. S&P 500
Performance period	3 year period beginning 9/1/08 and ending 8/31/11	Measured each fiscal year during a 3 year performance period (FY 2009 to 2011)
Range of achievement	0% if CAGR is <2%/year 100% if CAGR is at 11%/year or up to 200% if CAGR is ≥21%/year	0% if TSR is < 100% of S&P s TSR 33.33% if TSR is 100% to 105% of S&P s TSR 50% if TSR is >105% of S&P s TSR ACHIEVEMENT IS CAPPED AT 100% OF SHARES GRANTED.

* Based upon a compounded annual growth rate of Jabil s Core EPS over a three-year performance period.

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We believe that using Core EPS and TSR as performance measures for the vesting of our performance-based restricted stock awards encourages our executives to focus on improving earnings over the long-term and supports our guiding principle of alignment with stockholders' interests. The table below shows the results of those performance-based awards with performance periods that expired during fiscal year 2009:

Fiscal Year	Date of Grant	Performance Measure CAGR of Core EPS	Performance Measure TSR vs. S&P 500
2007	October 26, 2006	0% vested	no TSR granted
2008	October 24, 2007	3 year performance period remains open	50% vested (Only the 3 rd performance period remains open)
2009	October 22, 2008	3 year performance period remains open	0% vested (The 2 nd and 3 rd performance periods remain open)

For additional information relating to the terms and conditions of our performance-based awards, see the notes to the Grants of Plan-Based Awards in Fiscal 2009 Table.

Time-Based Awards The time-based awards made for fiscal year 2009 vest at the rate of 30% on the first anniversary, 30% on the second anniversary, and the remaining 40% on the third anniversary. Each of our NEOs received a grant of restricted stock, except for Mr. Lovato, who received restricted stock units as he is based in Belgium where the restricted stock grants would have resulted in adverse tax treatment. The Compensation Committee believes that providing time-based awards supports our guiding principle of competitiveness and promotes retention. The market data provided by the compensation consultant indicates that providing time-based awards is a practice commonly adopted in recent years. In times of macroeconomic decline, time-based awards provide a superior retention value. As many of the performance-based grants did not vest as noted above, they no longer create a retention value, and this outcome is balanced by the time-based awards. The Compensation Committee chose a graduated vesting schedule to further the goal of retention, as the greatest percentage of shares vest in the third year of the grant.

COMPENSATION COMMITTEE REPORT

The following Compensation Committee Report does not constitute soliciting material and the Report should not be deemed filed or incorporated by reference into any other previous or future filings by Jabil under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, except to the extent that Jabil specifically incorporates this Report by reference therein.

The Compensation Committee has reviewed and discussed with management the Compensation Discussion and Analysis section of this proxy statement. Based on its review and discussion, the Compensation Committee has recommended to the Board and the Board has approved, that this Compensation Discussion and Analysis be included in this proxy statement for the 2009 Annual Meeting of Stockholders and incorporated by reference in Jabil's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2009.

By the Compensation Committee

Kathleen A. Walters, Chair
Mel S. Lavitt
David M. Stout

Table of Contents**SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE**

The following table summarizes the compensation of our named executive officers (NEOs) for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2009. The NEOs are our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, along with each of our next three most highly compensated executive officers, based upon their total compensation as reflected in the table below.

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary (\$)(1)	Stock Awards (\$)(2)	Option Awards (\$)(3)	Non-Equity Incentive		Total (\$)
					Plan Compensation (\$)(4)	All Other Compensation (\$)(5)	
Timothy L. Main <i>Chief Executive Officer, President</i>	2009	1,000,000	1,641,363	964,853	524,103	4,421	4,134,740
	2008	1,000,000	1,350,310	964,853	155,925	20,029	3,491,117
	2007	1,000,000	1,346,065	1,012,366	345,488	19,698	3,723,617
Forbes I.J. Alexander <i>Chief Financial Officer</i>	2009	519,615	670,099	299,120	169,159	6,878	1,664,871
	2008	500,000	478,200	299,120	51,975	12,706	1,342,001
	2007	475,000	463,417	311,259	134,269	7,778	1,391,723
Mark T. Mondello <i>Chief Operating Officer</i>	2009	699,519	1,009,488	484,346	253,015	8,783	2,455,151
	2008	675,000	716,933	484,346	77,963	14,017	1,968,259
	2007	600,000	685,714	499,753	188,448	8,336	1,982,251
John P. Lovato <i>Executive Vice President, Chief Executive Officer, Consumer Division</i>	2009	499,519	511,218	269,856	253,013	1,670,363	3,203,969
	2008	475,000	360,930	269,856	43,819	841,230	1,990,835
	2007	400,000	370,942	270,526	140,976	955,895	2,138,339
William D. Muir, Jr. <i>Executive Vice President, Chief Executive Officer, EMS Division</i>	2009	499,519	534,551	269,856	151,763	294,139	1,749,828
	2008	475,000	369,863	269,856	43,819	249,950	1,408,488
	2007	400,000	370,942	262,737	140,976	404,358	1,579,013

(1) The Salary column reflects the salaries set on an accrual basis.

(2) Amounts shown under the Stock Awards column reflect the expense recognized by us for financial statement reporting purposes in accordance with FAS 123R/ASC

718 for fiscal year 2009. Amounts shown reflect the partial amortization of grants made in fiscal year 2009 as well as the partial amortization of stock awards granted in prior years which were not yet fully vested. The assumptions used for the valuations are set forth in Note 12 to our audited consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2009. Pursuant to SEC rules, we disregarded the estimates of forfeitures related to service-based vesting conditions. See the Grants of Plan-Based Awards in Fiscal Year 2009 Table and the Compensation Discussion and Analysis for information

with respect to stock grants made in fiscal year 2009 and the Outstanding Equity Awards at 2009 Fiscal Year End Table with respect to stock awards made prior to fiscal year 2009. Amounts reflect our accounting for these grants and do not correspond to the actual values that may be recognized by the NEOs.

- (3) Amounts shown under the Option Awards column reflect the expense recognized by us for financial statement reporting purposes in accordance with FAS 123R/ASC 718 for fiscal year 2009 with respect to stock appreciation rights granted to NEOs. Amounts shown reflect partial amortization of stock appreciation rights grants made in fiscal year 2008 as well as the partial amortization of

stock options and stock appreciation rights granted in prior years which were not fully vested. We recognized expense ratably in monthly increments over the vesting period. The assumptions used for the valuations are set forth in Note 12 to our audited consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2009. Pursuant to SEC rules, we disregarded the estimates of forfeitures related to service-based vesting conditions. See the Outstanding Equity Awards at 2009 Fiscal Year End Table for information with respect to options and stock appreciation rights granted prior to fiscal year 2009. These amounts reflect our

accounting for
these stock
option and stock
appreciation
rights grants and
do not
correspond to
the actual values
that may be
recognized by
the NEOs.

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- (4) Amounts shown under the Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation column represent annual incentive award amounts under our Annual Incentive Plan for services performed in each fiscal year. For additional information about our Annual Incentive Plan and these payouts see the Compensation Discussion and Analysis and the Grants of Plan-Based Awards in Fiscal Year 2009 Table.
- (5) This column does not include any cash dividends paid on shares of restricted stock held by the NEOs during fiscal year 2009, as these dividends were reflected in the grant date fair value of each of the applicable restricted stock grants (as calculated under FAS 123R/ASC

718). The following table describes the components of the All Other Compensation column for fiscal year 2009:

Name	Jabil Contributions to 401(k)		Perquisites and Other		Total (\$)
	Plan (\$)	Profit Sharing (\$)	Personal Benefits (\$)	Expatriate Benefits (\$)	
Timothy L. Main	0	4,421	(a)		4,421
Forbes I.J. Alexander	4,976	1,902			6,878
Mark T. Mondello	4,654	2,677	1,452(a)		8,783
John P. Lovato	9,577	1,670		1,659,116(b)	1,670,363
William D. Muir, Jr.	6,923	1,733		285,483(c)	294,139

(a) Jabil maintains a golf club membership for Messrs. Main and Mondello for business purposes. If the membership is used for personal purposes, the incremental cost is paid by the user and therefore we have not included any amount in this table associated with such use. For Mr. Mondello, the \$1,452 represents a benefit received by the executive officer as a result of Jabil paying certain

expenses
associated with
such executive
officer
undergoing a
physical
examination at
the Mayo
Clinic.

(b) This sum is
equal to the
following
amounts paid by
Jabil to
Mr. Lovato, or
to some third
party on behalf
of Mr. Lovato,
as a result of his
work
assignment in
Belgium:

- (i) \$70,621 in connection with Mr. Lovato's housing and utilities in Belgium.
- (ii) \$63,792 in order to compensate Mr. Lovato for the difference in purchasing power between St. Petersburg, Florida and Belgium.
- (iii) \$10,543 for Mr. Lovato's car and other transportation expenses while in Belgium.
- (iv) \$12,621 for travel expenses incurred by Mr. Lovato and his family in traveling from Belgium to St. Petersburg, Florida and then back to Belgium.
- (v) \$1,426,285 payment on behalf of Mr. Lovato of 2007 Belgium tax assessments resulting from him providing services to Jabil in Belgium.
- (vi) \$34,856 for education expenses for dependents.
- (vii) \$2,411 for mobile phone usage and a passport fee.
- (viii) \$25,915 to reimburse Mr. Lovato for his 2008 U.S. income taxes resulting from the benefits listed in (i) through (vii) above.
- (ix) \$11,691 as a U.S. tax gross-up reimbursement for the additional Belgium income taxes owed by Mr. Lovato as a result of the benefits listed in (i) through (vii) above.
- (x) \$381 as a U.S. tax gross-up reimbursement for the additional U.S. income taxes owed by Mr. Lovato as a result of the benefit listed in (viii) above.

(c) This sum is
equal to the
following
amounts paid by
Jabil to
Mr. Muir, or to
some third party
on behalf of
Mr. Muir, as a
result of his

work
assignment in
Singapore:

- (i) \$151,532 in connection with Mr. Muir's housing and utilities in Singapore.
- (ii) \$6,294 in order to compensate Mr. Muir for the difference in purchasing power between St. Petersburg, Florida and Singapore.
- (iii) \$12,902 for Mr. Muir's car and other transportation expenses while in Singapore.
- (iv) \$28,762 for relocation expenses.
- (v) \$30,067 for education expenses for dependents.
- (vi) \$38,710 to reimburse Mr. Muir for his 2008 U.S. income taxes resulting from the benefits listed in (i) through (iv) above.
- (vii) \$3,295 as a U.S. tax gross-up reimbursement for the additional Singapore income taxes owed by Mr. Muir as a result of the benefits listed in (i) through (iv) above.
- (viii) \$13,921 as a tax gross-up reimbursement for the additional U.S. income taxes owed by Mr. Muir as a result of the benefit listed in (vi) above.

Table of Contents**GRANTS OF PLAN-BASED AWARDS IN FISCAL YEAR 2009**

The following table provides information about cash and equity incentive compensation awarded to our NEOs in fiscal year 2009, including: (1) the grant date of equity awards; (2) the range of possible cash payouts under our Annual Incentive Plan for fiscal year 2009 performance; (3) the range of performance-based restricted stock shares that may be earned in respect of the fiscal years 2009 to 2011 performance period; (4) the number of time-based restricted shares granted; and (5) the grant date fair value of performance-based restricted stock and time-based restricted stock computed under FAS 123R/ASC 718.

Name	Grant Date	Estimated Possible Payouts Under Non-Equity Incentive Plan Awards (1)			Type	Estimated Future Payouts Under Equity Incentive Plan Awards (2)			Grant Date
		Threshold (\$)	Target (\$)	Maximum (\$)		Threshold (#)	Target (#)(3)	Maximum (#)	Fair Value of Stock Awards (\$)(4)
Timothy L. Main	10/22/08	362,500	1,450,000	2,900,000	CAGR	12,500	125,000	250,000	2,971,500
	10/22/08				TSR	87,500	175,000	175,000	
	10/22/08				TBRS	125,000	125,000	125,000	
Forbes I.J. Alexander	10/22/08	117,000	468,000	936,000	CAGR	5,300	53,000	106,000	1,267,040
	10/22/08				TSR	37,750	75,500	75,500	
	10/22/08				TBRS	53,000	53,000	53,000	
Mark T. Mondello	10/22/08	175,000	700,000	1,400,000	CAGR	8,500	85,000	170,000	2,026,100
	10/22/08				TSR	60,000	120,000	120,000	
	10/22/08				TBRS	85,000	85,000	85,000	
William D. Muir, Jr.	10/22/08	112,500	450,000	900,000	CAGR	4,480	44,800	89,600	1,070,904
	10/22/08				TSR	31,900	63,800	63,800	
	10/22/08				TBRS	44,800	44,800	44,800	
John P. Lovato	10/22/08	112,500	450,000	900,000	CAGR	4,660	46,600	93,200	1,005,928
	10/22/08				TSR	31,400	62,800	62,800	
	10/22/08				TBRS	46,600	46,600	46,600	

(1) The Estimated Possible Payouts Under Non-Equity Incentive Plan Awards column shows the range of possible cash payouts under our Annual Incentive Plan in respect of

fiscal year 2009 performance. If performance is below threshold then no amounts will be paid. For additional information related to the annual cash incentive awards including performance targets, measures and weighting, see the Compensation Discussion and Analysis section of this proxy statement.

- (2) The Estimated Future Payouts Under Equity Incentive Plan Awards column shows the range of shares that may be earned in respect of performance-based restricted stock awards granted under our 2002 Stock Incentive Plan in fiscal year 2009 for the three-year performance period covering fiscal years 2008 through 2011. For additional information related to the performance measures and targets, see the Compensation Discussion and Analysis section of this proxy statement. During the performance

period, cash dividend payments are paid to each NEO other than Mr. Lovato in an amount equal to dividends paid on our common stock.

See the

Long-Term, Equity-Based Compensation portion of the Compensation Discussion and Analysis section for treatment of dividends under restricted stock awards granted after July 2009. In order to avoid adverse foreign tax consequences, the performance-based and time-based restricted stock awards granted to Mr. Lovato do not provide rights to dividends. A NEO must remain employed with us through the last day of the performance period to earn an award. See the Potential Payments Upon Termination or a Change in Control section for treatment of restricted stock upon a change in control.

- (3) The determination of the number of shares awarded was predicated on a target value based

on a six month average stock price for the period from March 3, 2008 to August 31, 2008, calculated as \$13.59.

- (4) The Grant Date Fair Value of Stock Awards column shows the full grant date fair value of the performance-based restricted stock and time-based restricted stock granted to the NEOs in fiscal year 2009. The grant date fair value of the awards is determined under FAS 123R/ASC 718 and represents the amount we would expense in our financial statements over the vesting schedule for the awards. In accordance with SEC rules, the amounts in this column reflect the actual FAS 123R/ASC 718 accounting cost without reduction for estimates of forfeitures related to service-based vesting conditions. The assumptions used for determining values are set forth in Note 12 to our audited financial statements in our Annual

Report on Form
10-K for the fiscal
year ended
August 31, 2009.
The amounts reflect
our accounting for
these grants and do
not correspond to
the actual values
that may be
recognized by the
NEOs.

Table of Contents**OUTSTANDING EQUITY AWARDS AT FISCAL 2009 YEAR END**

The following table provides information regarding outstanding unexercised stock options (including stock appreciation rights) and unvested stock awards held by each of our NEOs as of August 31, 2009. Each grant of options or unvested stock awards is shown separately for each NEO. The vesting schedule for each award of options is shown following this table based on the option grant date.

Name	Option Grant Date	Option Awards (1)			Option Expiration Date	Number of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (#)(2)	Stock Awards		
		Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options Exercisable (#)	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options Not Exercisable (#)	Exercise Price (\$)			Market Value of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (\$)(3)	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Number of Unearned Shares or Other Rights that Have Not Vested (#)(4)	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Market or Payout Value of Unearned Shares, Units or Other Rights that Have Not Vested (\$)(5)
Timothy L. Main	10/20/1999	141,600		23.09	10/20/2009				
	10/12/2000	141,900		42.75	10/12/2010				
	9/21/2001	198,900		15.00	9/21/2011				
	10/17/2002	115,600		12.95	10/17/2012				
	10/2/2003	105,000		26.14	10/2/2013				
	12/16/2003	65,000		26.75	12/16/2013				
	10/20/2004	105,000		24.02	10/20/2014	50,000	547,500		
	10/25/2005	128,333	11,667	30.05	10/24/2015				
	10/26/2006	81,666	58,334	29.31	10/25/2016				
	10/24/2007	9,249	27,751	21.56	10/23/2017			186,000	2,036,700
10/22/2008					125,000	1,368,750	300,000	3,285,000	
Forbes I.J. Alexander	10/20/1999	20,000		23.09	10/20/2009				
	10/12/2000	13,100		42.75	10/12/2010				
	10/17/2002	11,592		12.95	10/17/2012				
	10/2/2003	50,000		26.14	10/2/2013				
	12/16/2003	15,000		26.75	12/16/2013				
	10/20/2004	65,000		24.02	10/20/2014	25,000	273,750		
	10/11/2005	35,325	3,212	29.79	10/10/2015				
	10/26/2006	26,695	19,068	29.31	10/25/2016				
	10/24/2007	3,749	11,251	21.56	10/23/2017			60,000	657,000
	10/22/2008					53,000	580,350	128,500	1,407,075
Mark T. Mondello	10/20/1999	30,000		23.09	10/20/2009				
	10/12/2000	28,300		42.75	10/12/2010				

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	9/21/2001	101,600		15.00	9/21/2011				
	10/17/2002	80,500		12.95	10/17/2012				
	10/2/2003	75,000		26.14	10/2/2013				
	12/16/2003	50,000		26.75	12/16/2013				
	10/20/2004	120,000		24.02	10/20/2014	25,000	273,750		
	10/11/2005	59,244	5,386	29.79	10/10/2015				
	10/26/2006	43,710	31,223	29.31	10/25/2016				
	10/24/2007	4,999	15,001	21.56	10/23/2017			100,000	1,095,000
	10/22/2008					85,000	930,750	205,000	2,244,750
John P. Lovato	10/12/2000	19,900		42.75	10/12/2010				
	10/17/2002	21,592		12.95	10/17/2012				
	10/2/2003	65,000		26.14	10/2/2013				
	12/16/2003	50,000		26.75	12/16/2013				
	10/20/2004	65,000		24.02	10/20/2014	20,000	219,000		
	10/11/2005	29,437	2,677	29.79	10/10/2015				
	10/26/2006	21,074	15,054	29.31	10/25/2016				
	10/24/2007	6,249	18,751	21.56	10/23/2017			45,000	492,750
	10/22/2008					46,600	510,270	109,400	1,197,930

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Name	Option Awards (1)					Stock Awards			
	Option Grant Date	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options Exercisable (#)	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options Not Exercisable (#)	Exercise Price (\$)	Option Expiration Date	Number of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (#)(2)	Market Value of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (\$)(3)	Awards: Number of Unearned Shares or Units of Stock that Have Not Vested (#)(4)	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Market or Payout Value of Unearned Shares, Units or Rights that Have Not Vested (\$)(5)
William D. Muir, Jr.	10/20/1999	17,000		23.09	10/20/2009				
	12/22/2000	10,500		21.38	12/22/2010				
	9/21/2001	30,786		15.00	9/21/2011				
	9/21/2001	214		24.85	9/21/2011				
	10/17/2002	64,400		12.95	10/17/2012				
	10/2/2003	50,000		26.14	10/2/2013				
	12/16/2003	15,000		26.75	12/16/2013				
	10/20/2004	65,000		24.02	10/20/2014	20,000	219,000		
	10/11/2005	29,437	2,677	29.79	10/10/2015				
	10/26/2006	21,074	15,054	29.31	10/25/2016				
	10/24/2007	6,249	18,751	21.56	10/23/2017			45,000	492,750
	10/22/2008					44,800	490,560	108,600	1,189,170

(1) The options include incentive stock options, nonqualified stock options and stock appreciation rights. The exercise or base price for all grants is the closing price of a share of our common stock on the last

trading day
before the date
of grant, in
accordance with
the terms of our
equity incentive
plans as in
effect prior to
October 25,
2007. The
exercise price of
stock options
may be paid in
cash and/or
shares of our
common stock,
or an option
holder may use
broker assisted
cashless
exercise
procedures. All
stock
appreciation
rights are settled
in shares of our
common stock.
In the event of
termination of
employment for
any reason,
stock options
and stock
appreciation
rights may be
exercised only
to the extent
they were
vested on the
date of
termination. In
the event of
termination for
any reason other
than death or
disability, stock
options and
stock
appreciation
rights may be
exercised during

the 30-day period following termination. In the event of death or disability, stock options and stock appreciation rights remain exercisable for a period of 12 months. The following table details the vesting schedule for stock option and stock appreciation rights grants based upon the grant date. In general, stock options and stock appreciation rights expire 10 years from the date of grant.

Grant Date

10/20/1999,
10/12/2000,
12/12/2000,
09/21/2001,
10/17/2002,
10/02/2003

12/16/2003

10/20/2004

10/11/2005

Vesting

Options vested at a rate of 12% after the first six months (on April 20, 2000; April 12, 2001; June 12, 2001; March 21, 2002; April 17, 2003; and April 2, 2004, respectively) and 2% per month thereafter, becoming fully vested after a 50-month period (on December 20, 2003; December 12, 2004; February 12, 2005; November 21, 2005; December 17, 2006; and December 2, 2007, respectively).

Options vest upon the earlier of 7 years (on December 16, 2010) or satisfaction of specific performance goals. The performance goals associated with this grant are based upon Jabil's total shareholder return compared to peer group companies.

Options vest at a rate of 12% after the first six months (on April 20, 2005) and 2% per month thereafter, becoming fully vested after a 50-month period (on December 20, 2008).

Stock appreciation rights vest at a rate of one-twelfth fifteen months after the grant date (on January 11, 2007) with an additional one-twelfth vesting at the end of each three-month period thereafter, becoming fully vested after a 48-month

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Grant Date

10/26/2006

Vesting

Stock appreciation rights vest at a rate of one-twelfth fifteen months after the grant date (on January 26, 2008) with an additional one-twelfth vesting at the end of each three-month period thereafter, becoming fully vested after a 48-month period (on October 26, 2010).

10/24/2007

Stock appreciation rights vest at a rate of one-twelfth fifteen months after the grant date (on January 24, 2009) with an additional one-twelfth vesting at the end of each three-month period thereafter, becoming fully vested after a 48-month period (on October 24, 2011).

- (2) These are grants of time-based restricted shares and shares under a time accelerated restricted stock appreciation program (TARSAP). Shares granted under the TARSAP vest and will cease being restricted upon the earlier of 5 years from the date of grant or satisfaction of specific performance goals. Time-based restricted shares vest and will cease being restricted at the rate of 30% on the first anniversary of the grant date, 30% on the second anniversary of the grant date, and 40% on the third anniversary of the grant date. During the restriction period of the restricted stock, the holder may

exercise full voting rights, but may not transfer or otherwise dispose of such shares.

Dividends are paid in cash on shares of restricted stock in an amount equal to the dividend payments on our common stock. See the Long-Term, Equity-Based Compensation portion of the Compensation Discussion and Analysis section for treatment of dividends under restricted stock awards granted after July 2009. Upon termination of employment for any reason prior to full vesting, unvested shares of restricted stock are forfeited. See the Potential Payments Upon Termination or a Change in Control section for treatment of restricted stock upon a change in control.

- (3) The market value shown was determined by multiplying the number of shares of stock that have not vested by \$10.95, the closing market price of Jabil common stock on August 31, 2009.

- (4) These amounts represent the number of shares of performance-based restricted stock granted in (a) fiscal year 2008 with a three-year performance period covering fiscal years 2008 through 2010, (b) fiscal year 2009 with a three-year performance period covering fiscal years 2009 through 2011. The number of shares and related values as of August 31, 2009 represent the award that was granted at target. Actual results may cause our NEOs to earn more or fewer shares. All performance-based restricted stock shares awarded to each NEO other than those awarded to Mr. Lovato in fiscal years 2008 and 2009 provide for the payment of cash dividends in an amount equal to the dividend payments on our common stock. See the Long-Term, Equity-Based Compensation portion of the Compensation Discussion and Analysis section for treatment of

dividends under restricted stock awards granted after July 2009. In order to avoid adverse foreign tax consequences, the performance-based restricted stock awards granted to Mr. Lovato in fiscal years 2008 and 2009 do not provide rights to dividends. For more information regarding performance-based restricted stock, see the Grants of Plan-Based Awards in Fiscal Year 2009 Table and the Compensation Discussion and Analysis section.

- (5) The market value shown was determined by multiplying the number of unearned performance-based restricted stock shares (at target) by \$10.95, the closing market price of Jabil common stock on August 31, 2009.

OPTION EXERCISES AND STOCK VESTED IN FISCAL YEAR 2009

None of our NEOs exercised options or stock appreciation rights during fiscal 2009. None of our NEOs acquired any shares upon the vesting of stock awards during fiscal 2009.

Table of Contents**POTENTIAL PAYMENTS UPON TERMINATION
OR A CHANGE IN CONTROL**

Jabil's NEOs do not have employment or severance agreements. Accordingly, upon a termination, for cause, no cause, change in control or any other reason whatsoever, the applicable NEO(s) shall only receive salary and bonus earned to the date of termination, unless Jabil decides at that time to voluntarily make some type of severance payment. The only other scenario in which our NEOs may receive any additional amounts is a change in control. In the event of a change in control, awards outstanding under the 2002 Stock Incentive Plan will accelerate on the first anniversary of the change in control if the NEO has remained an employee or a consultant, or on the date the grantee is terminated without cause or resigns for good reason. These are more fully discussed in the Change in Control Arrangements section above. The following table sets forth the additional amounts that could have been realized by each NEO if termination of his employment were to have occurred as of August 31, 2009 as a result of a change in control.

	All NEOs	Termination Due to Change in Control
Salary		\$0
Short term cash incentives		\$0
Equity		All unvested equity grants would be accelerated, resulting in these values(1):
		Timothy L. Main \$9,625,050
		Forbes I.J. Alexander \$3,827,025
		Mark T. Mondello \$6,022,500
		John P. Lovato \$3,203,970
		William D. Muir, Jr. \$3,155,790

(1) The value represents achievement of the maximum amount that could be realized at the market price on August 31, 2009. The only equity grants with value are restricted stock grants. As the closing price on the NYSE was less than the exercise price of the unvested options and SARs, the value of these

unvested
options and
SARs,
calculated as the
number of
unvested
options and
SARs on
August 31, 2009
multiplied by
the difference
between the
closing price on
such date and
the exercise
price for such
options and
SARs, would
equal zero.

OTHER PROCEDURAL MATTERS

Jabil knows of no other matters to be submitted at the Annual Meeting. If any other matters properly come before the Annual Meeting, it is the intention of the persons named in the enclosed proxy card to vote the shares they represent as Jabil may recommend.

Jabil's Annual Report on Form 10-K, as filed by Jabil with the SEC (excluding exhibits), is a portion of the Annual Report that is being mailed, together with this Proxy Statement, to all stockholders entitled to vote at the Annual Meeting. However, such Annual Report, including the Annual Report on Form 10-K is not to be considered part of this proxy solicitation material.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

St. Petersburg, Florida

December 11, 2009

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APPENDIX A

PROPOSED REVISIONS SUBJECT TO STOCKHOLDERS APPROVAL ARE MARKED, WITH THE NEW LANGUAGE APPEARING AS UNDERLINED

**JABIL CIRCUIT, INC.
2002 STOCK INCENTIVE PLAN**

1. Purposes of the Plan. The purposes of this Stock Incentive Plan are to attract and retain the best available personnel for positions of substantial responsibility, to provide additional incentive to Employees and Consultants, and to promote the success of the Company's business. Awards granted under the Plan may be Incentive Stock Options, Nonstatutory Stock Options, Stock Awards, Performance Units, Performance Shares or Stock Appreciation Rights.

2. Definitions. As used herein, the following definitions shall apply:

(a) Administrator means the Board or any Committee or person as shall be administering the Plan, in accordance with Section 4 of the Plan.

(b) Applicable Law means the legal requirements relating to the administration of the Plan under applicable federal, state, local and foreign corporate, tax and securities laws, and the rules and requirements of any stock exchange or quotation system on which the Common Stock is listed or quoted.

(c) Award means an Option, Stock Appreciation Right, Stock Award, Performance Unit or Performance Share granted under the Plan.

(d) Award Agreement means the agreement, notice and/or terms or conditions by which an Award is evidenced, documented in such form (including by electronic communication) as may be approved by the Administrator.

(e) Board means the Board of Directors of the Company.

(f) Change in Control means the happening of any of the following, unless otherwise provided by the Award Agreement:

(i) the direct or indirect sale, lease, transfer, conveyance or other disposition (other than by way of merger or consolidation), in one or a series of related transactions, of all or substantially all of the properties or assets of the Company and its subsidiaries taken as a whole to any person (as such term is used in Sections 13(d) and 14(d) of the Exchange Act) other than the Company or one of its subsidiaries;

(ii) the adoption of a plan relating to the Company's liquidation or dissolution;

(iii) the consummation of any transaction (including, without limitation, any merger or consolidation) the result of which is that any person other than the Company or its subsidiaries, becomes the beneficial owner (as defined in Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act), directly or indirectly, of more than 50% of the combined voting power of the Company's voting stock or other voting stock into which the Company's voting stock is reclassified, consolidated, exchanged or changed, measured by voting power rather than number of shares;

(iv) the Company consolidates with, or merges with or into, any person, or any person consolidates with, or merges with or into, the Company, in any such event pursuant to a transaction in which any of the voting stock of the Company or such other person is converted into or exchanged for cash, securities or other property, other than any such transaction where the shares of voting stock of the Company outstanding immediately prior to such transaction directly or indirectly constitute, or are converted into or exchanged for, a majority of the voting stock of the surviving person immediately after giving effect to such transaction; or

(v) the first day on which a majority of the members of the Board are not Continuing Directors. Continuing Director means, as of any date of determination with respect to any Award, any member of the Board who (1) was a member of the Board on the Date of Grant of such Award; or (2) was nominated for election or elected to the Board with the approval of a majority of the continuing directors who were members of the Board at the time of such nomination or election.

(g) Change in Control Price means, as determined by the Board,

(i) the highest Fair Market Value of a Share within the 60 day period immediately preceding the date of determination of the Change in Control Price by the Board (the 60-Day Period), or

(ii) the highest price paid or offered per Share, as determined by the Board, in any bona fide transaction or bona fide offer related to the Change in Control of the Company, at any time within the 60-Day Period, or

(iii) some lower price as the Board, in its discretion, determines to be a reasonable estimate of the fair market value of a Share.

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- (h) Code means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
- (i) Committee means a Committee appointed by the Board in accordance with Section 4 of the Plan.
- (j) Common Stock means the Common Stock, \$.001 par value, of the Company.
- (k) Company means Jabil Circuit, Inc., a Delaware corporation.
- (l) Consultant means any person, including an advisor, engaged by the Company or a Parent or Subsidiary to render services and who is compensated for such services, including without limitation non-Employee Directors who are paid only a director's fee by the Company or who are compensated by the Company for their services as non-Employee Directors. In addition, as used herein, consulting relationship shall be deemed to include service by a non-Employee Director as such.
- (m) Continuous Status as an Employee or Consultant means that the employment or consulting relationship is not interrupted or terminated by the Company, any Parent or Subsidiary. Continuous Status as an Employee or Consultant shall not be considered interrupted in the case of (i) any leave of absence approved in writing by the Board, an Officer, or a person designated in writing by the Board or an Officer as authorized to approve a leave of absence, including sick leave, military leave, or any other personal leave; provided, however, that for purposes of Incentive Stock Options, any such leave may not exceed 90 days, unless reemployment upon the expiration of such leave is guaranteed by contract (including certain Company policies) or statute, or (ii) transfers between locations of the Company or between the Company, a Parent, a Subsidiary or successor of the Company; or (iii) a change in the status of the Grantee from Employee to Consultant or from Consultant to Employee.
- (n) Covered Stock means the Common Stock subject to an Award.
- (o) Date of Grant means the date on which the Administrator makes the determination granting the Award, or such other later date as is determined by the Administrator. Notice of the determination shall be provided to each Grantee within a reasonable time after the Date of Grant.
- (p) Date of Termination means the date on which a Grantee's Continuous Status as an Employee or Consultant terminates.
- (q) Director means a member of the Board.
- (r) Disability means total and permanent disability as defined in Section 22(e)(3) of the Code.
- (s) Employee means any person, including Officers and Directors, employed by the Company or any Parent or Subsidiary of the Company. Neither service as a Director nor payment of a director's fee by the Company shall be sufficient to constitute employment by the Company.
- (t) Exchange Act means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
- (u) Fair Market Value means, as of any date, the value of Common Stock determined as follows:
 - (i) If the Common Stock is listed on any established stock exchange or a national market system, including without limitation the National Market System of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. Automated Quotation (NASDAQ) System, the Fair Market Value of a Share of Common Stock shall be the closing sales price for such stock (or the closing bid, if no sales were reported) as quoted on such system or exchange (or the exchange with the greatest volume of trading in Common Stock) on the day of determination, as reported in The Wall Street Journal or such other source as the Administrator deems reliable;
 - (ii) If the Common Stock is quoted on the NASDAQ System (but not on the National Market System thereof) or is regularly quoted by a recognized securities dealer but selling prices are not reported, the Fair Market Value of a Share of Common Stock shall be the mean between the high bid and low asked prices for the Common Stock on the day of determination, as reported in The Wall Street Journal or such other source as the Administrator deems reliable;
 - (iii) In the absence of an established market for the Common Stock, the Fair Market Value shall be determined in good faith by the Administrator.
- (v) Grantee means an individual who has been granted an Award.
- (w) Incentive Stock Option means an Option intended to qualify as an incentive stock option within the meaning of Section 422 of the Code and the regulations promulgated thereunder.
- (x) Mature Shares means Shares for which the holder thereof has good title, free and clear of all liens and encumbrances, and that such holder either (i) has held for at least six months or (ii) has purchased on the open market.

- (y) Nonstatutory Stock Option means an Option not intended to qualify as an Incentive Stock Option.
- (z) Officer means a person who is an officer of the Company within the meaning of Section 16 of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.
- (aa) Option means a stock option granted under the Plan.

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(bb) **Parent** means a corporation, whether now or hereafter existing, in an unbroken chain of corporations ending with the Company if each of the corporations other than the Company holds at least 50 percent of the voting shares of one of the other corporations in such chain.

(cc) **Performance Period** means the time period during which the performance goals established by the Administrator with respect to a Performance Unit or Performance Share, pursuant to Section 9 of the Plan, must be met.

(dd) **Performance Share** has the meaning set forth in Section 9 of the Plan.

(ee) **Performance Unit** has the meaning set forth in Section 9 of the Plan.

(ff) **Plan** means this 2002 Stock Incentive Plan.

(gg) **Rule 16b-3** means Rule 16b-3 promulgated under the Exchange Act or any successor to Rule 16b-3, as in effect when discretion is being exercised with respect to the Plan.

(hh) **Share** means a share of the Common Stock, as adjusted in accordance with Section 11 of the Plan.

(ii) **Stock Appreciation Right** or **SAR** has the meaning set forth in Section 7 of the Plan.

(jj) **Stock Grant** means Shares that are awarded to a Grantee pursuant to Section 8 of the Plan.

(kk) **Subsidiary** means a corporation, domestic or foreign, of which not less than 50 percent of the voting shares are held by the Company or a Subsidiary, whether or not such corporation now exists or is hereafter organized or acquired by the Company or a Subsidiary

3. **Stock Subject to the Plan.** Subject to the provisions of Section 11 of the Plan and except as otherwise provided in this Section 3, the maximum aggregate number of Shares that may be subject to Awards under the Plan since the Plan became effective is 41,808,726, which includes Shares that were available on August 31, 2009 to be subject to future Awards, plus Shares that were subject to Awards on August 31, 2009, and all Shares issued prior to August 31, 2009. The Shares may be authorized, but unissued, or reacquired Common Stock.

If an Award expires or becomes unexercisable without having been exercised in full the remaining Shares that were subject to the Award shall become available for future Awards under the Plan (unless the Plan has terminated). With respect to Stock Appreciation Rights, if the payment upon exercise of a SAR is in the form of Shares, the Shares subject to the SAR shall be counted against the available Shares as one Share for every Share subject to the SAR, regardless of the number of Shares used to settle the SAR upon exercise.

4. **Administration of the Plan.**

(a) **Procedure.**

(i) **Multiple Administrative Bodies.** The Plan may be administered by different bodies with respect to different groups of Employees and Consultants. Except as provided below, the Plan shall be administered by (A) the Board or (B) a committee designated by the Board and constituted to satisfy Applicable Law.

(ii) **Rule 16b-3.** To the extent the Board or the Committee considers it desirable for transactions relating to Awards to be eligible to qualify for an exemption under Rule 16b-3, the transactions contemplated under the Plan shall be structured to satisfy the requirements for exemption under Rule 16b-3.

(iii) **Section 162(m) of the Code.** To the extent the Board or the Committee considers it desirable for compensation delivered pursuant to Awards to be eligible to qualify for an exemption from the limit on tax deductibility of compensation under Section 162(m) of the Code, the transactions contemplated under the Plan shall be structured to satisfy the requirements for exemption under Section 162(m) of the Code.

(iv) **Authorization of Officers to Grant Options.** In accordance with Applicable Law, the Board may, by a resolution adopted by the Board, authorize one or more Officers to designate Officers and Employees (excluding the Officer so authorized) to be Grantees of Options and determine the number of Options to be granted to such Officers and Employees; provided, however, that the resolution adopted by the Board so authorizing such Officer or Officers shall specify the total number and the terms (including the exercise price, which may include a formula by which such price may be determined) of Options such Officer or Officers may so grant.

(b) **Powers of the Administrator.** Subject to the provisions of the Plan, and in the case of a Committee or an Officer, subject to the specific duties delegated by the Board to such Committee or Committee, the Administrator shall have the authority, in its sole and absolute discretion:

(i) to determine the Fair Market Value of the Common Stock, in accordance with Section 2(u) of the Plan;

(ii) to select the Consultants and Employees to whom Awards will be granted under the Plan;

Plan;
(iii) to determine whether, when, to what extent and in what types and amounts Awards are granted under the

Plan;
(iv) to determine the number of shares of Common Stock to be covered by each Award granted under the

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(v) to determine the forms of Award Agreements, which need not be the same for each grant or for each Grantee, and which may be delivered electronically, for use under the Plan;

(vi) to determine the terms and conditions, not inconsistent with the terms of the Plan, of any Award granted under the Plan. Such terms and conditions, which need not be the same for each grant or for each Grantee, include, but are not limited to, the exercise price, the time or times when Options and SARs may be exercised (which may be based on performance criteria), the extent to which vesting is suspended during a leave of absence, any vesting acceleration or waiver of forfeiture restrictions, and any restriction or limitation regarding any Award or the shares of Common Stock relating thereto, based in each case on such factors as the Administrator shall determine;

(vii) to construe and interpret the terms of the Plan and Awards;

(viii) to prescribe, amend and rescind rules and regulations relating to the Plan, including, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, rules and regulations relating to the operation and administration of the Plan to accommodate the specific requirements of local and foreign laws and procedures;

(ix) to modify or amend each Award (subject to Section 13 of the Plan). However, the Administrator may not modify or amend any outstanding Option so as to specify a lower exercise price or accept the surrender of an outstanding Option and authorize the granting of a new Option with a lower exercise price in substitution for such surrendered Option;

(x) to authorize any person to execute on behalf of the Company any instrument required to effect the grant of an Award previously granted by the Administrator;

(xi) to determine the terms and restrictions applicable to Awards;

(xii) to make such adjustments or modifications to Awards granted to Grantees who are Employees of foreign Subsidiaries as are advisable to fulfill the purposes of the Plan or to comply with Applicable Law;

(xiii) to delegate its duties and responsibilities under the Plan with respect to sub-plans applicable to foreign Subsidiaries, except its duties and responsibilities with respect to Employees who are also Officers or Directors subject to Section 16(b) of the Exchange Act;

(xiv) to provide any notice or other communication required or permitted by the Plan in either written or electronic form; and

(xv) to make all other determinations deemed necessary or advisable for administering the Plan.

(c) Effect of Administrator's Decision. The Administrator's decisions, determinations and interpretations shall be final and binding on all Grantees and any other holders of Awards.

5. Eligibility and General Conditions of Awards.

(a) Eligibility. Awards other than Incentive Stock Options may be granted to Employees and Consultants. Incentive Stock Options may be granted only to Employees. If otherwise eligible, an Employee or Consultant who has been granted an Award may be granted additional Awards.

(b) Maximum Term. Subject to the following provision, the term during which an Award may be outstanding shall not extend more than ten years after the Date of Grant, and shall be subject to earlier termination as specified elsewhere in the Plan or Award Agreement; provided, however, that any deferral of a cash payment or of the delivery of Shares that is permitted or required by the Administrator pursuant to Section 10 of the Plan may, if so permitted or required by the Administrator, extend more than ten years after the Date of Grant of the Award to which the deferral relates.

(c) Award Agreement. To the extent not set forth in the Plan, the terms and conditions of each Award, which need not be the same for each grant or for each Grantee, shall be set forth in an Award Agreement. The Administrator, in its sole and absolute discretion, may require as a condition to any Award Agreement's effectiveness that the Award Agreement be executed by the Grantee, including by electronic signature or other electronic indication of acceptance, and that the Grantee agree to such further terms and conditions as specified in the Award Agreement.

(d) Termination of Employment or Consulting Relationship. In the event that a Grantee's Continuous Status as an Employee or Consultant terminates (other than upon the Grantee's death or Disability), then, unless otherwise provided by the Award Agreement, and subject to Section 11 of the Plan:

(i) the Grantee may exercise his or her unexercised Option or SAR, but only within such period of time as is determined by the Administrator, and only to the extent that the Grantee was entitled to exercise it at the Date of

Termination (but in no event later than the expiration of the term of such Option or SAR as set forth in the Award Agreement). In the case of an Incentive Stock Option, the Administrator shall determine such period of time (in no event to exceed three months from the Date of Termination) when the Option is granted. If, at the Date of Termination, the Grantee is not entitled to exercise his or her entire Option or SAR, the Shares covered by the unexercisable portion of the Option or SAR shall revert to the Plan. If, after the Date of Termination, the Grantee does not exercise his or her Option or SAR within the time specified by the Administrator, the Option or SAR shall terminate, and the Shares covered by such Option or SAR shall revert to the Plan. An Award Agreement may also provide that if the exercise of an Option following the Date of Termination would be prohibited at any time because the issuance of Shares would violate Company policy regarding compliance with Applicable Law, then the exercise period shall terminate on the

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earlier of (A) the expiration of the term of the Option set forth in Section 6(b) of the Plan or (B) the expiration of a period of 10 days after the Date of Termination during which the exercise of the Option would not be in violation of such requirements;

(ii) the Grantee's Stock Awards, to the extent forfeitable immediately before the Date of Termination, shall thereupon automatically be forfeited;

(iii) the Grantee's Stock Awards that were not forfeitable immediately before the Date of Termination shall promptly be settled by delivery to the Grantee of a number of unrestricted Shares equal to the aggregate number of the Grantee's vested Stock Awards;

(iv) any Performance Shares or Performance Units with respect to which the Performance Period has not ended as of the Date of Termination shall terminate immediately upon the Date of Termination.

(e) Disability of Grantee. In the event that a Grantee's Continuous Status as an Employee or Consultant terminates as a result of the Grantee's Disability, then, unless otherwise provided by the Award Agreement:

(i) the Grantee may exercise his or her unexercised Option or SAR at any time within 12 months from the Date of Termination, but only to the extent that the Grantee was entitled to exercise the Option or SAR at the Date of Termination (but in no event later than the expiration of the term of the Option or SAR as set forth in the Award Agreement). If, at the Date of Termination, the Grantee is not entitled to exercise his or her entire Option or SAR, the Shares covered by the unexercisable portion of the Option or SAR shall revert to the Plan. If, after the Date of Termination, the Grantee does not exercise his or her Option or SAR within the time specified herein, the Option or SAR shall terminate, and the Shares covered by such Option or SAR shall revert to the Plan.

(ii) the Grantee's Stock Awards, to the extent forfeitable immediately before the Date of Termination, shall thereupon automatically be forfeited;

(iii) the Grantee's Stock Awards that were not forfeitable immediately before the Date of Termination shall promptly be settled by delivery to the Grantee of a number of unrestricted Shares equal to the aggregate number of the Grantee's vested Stock Awards;

(iv) any Performance Shares or Performance Units with respect to which the Performance Period has not ended as of the Date of Termination shall terminate immediately upon the Date of Termination.

(f) Death of Grantee. In the event of the death of an Grantee, then, unless otherwise provided by the Award Agreement,

(i) the Grantee's unexercised Option or SAR may be exercised at any time within 12 months following the date of death (but in no event later than the expiration of the term of such Option or SAR as set forth in the Award Agreement), by the Grantee's estate or by a person who acquired the right to exercise the Option or SAR by bequest or inheritance, but only to the extent that the Grantee was entitled to exercise the Option or SAR at the date of death. If, at the time of death, the Grantee was not entitled to exercise his or her entire Option or SAR, the Shares covered by the unexercisable portion of the Option or SAR shall immediately revert to the Plan. If, after death, the Grantee's estate or a person who acquired the right to exercise the Option or SAR by bequest or inheritance does not exercise the Option or SAR within the time specified herein, the Option or SAR shall terminate, and the Shares covered by such Option or SAR shall revert to the Plan.

(ii) the Grantee's Stock Awards, to the extent forfeitable immediately before the date of death, shall thereupon automatically be forfeited;

(iii) the Grantee's Stock Awards that were not forfeitable immediately before the date of death shall promptly be settled by delivery to the Grantee's estate or a person who acquired the right to hold the Stock Grant by bequest or inheritance, of a number of unrestricted Shares equal to the aggregate number of the Grantee's vested Stock Awards;

(iv) any Performance Shares or Performance Units with respect to which the Performance Period has not ended as of the date of death shall terminate immediately upon the date of death.

(g) Buyout Provisions. Except as otherwise provided in this Section 5(g), the Administrator may at any time offer to buy out, for a payment in cash or Shares, an Award previously granted, based on such terms and conditions as the Administrator shall establish and communicate to the Grantee at the time that such offer is made. No such buy out shall occur without the prior approval or consent of the Company's stockholders. Any such cash offer made to an Officer or Director shall comply with the provisions of Rule 16b-3 relating to cash settlement of stock appreciation

rights. This provision is intended only to clarify the powers of the Administrator and shall not in any way be deemed to create any rights on the part of Grantees to buyout offers or payments.

(h) Nontransferability of Awards.

(i) Except as provided in Section 5(h)(iii) below, each Award, and each right under any Award, shall be exercisable only by the Grantee during the Grantee's lifetime, or, if permissible under Applicable Law, by the Grantee's guardian or legal representative.

(ii) Except as provided in Section 5(h)(iii) below, no Award (prior to the time, if applicable, Shares are issued in respect of such Award), and no right under any Award, may be assigned, alienated, pledged, attached, sold or otherwise transferred to encumbered by a Grantee otherwise than by will or by the laws of descent and distribution (or in the case of Stock Awards, to the Company) and any such purported assignment, alienation, pledge, attachment, sale, transfer or encumbrance shall be void and unenforceable against the Company or any Subsidiary; provided, that the designation of a beneficiary shall not constitute an assignment, alienation, pledge, attachment, sale, transfer or encumbrance.

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(iii) To the extent and in the manner permitted by Applicable Law, and to the extent and in the manner permitted by the Administrator, and subject to such terms and conditions as may be prescribed by the Administrator, a Grantee may transfer an Award to:

(A) a child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, spouse, former spouse, sibling, niece, nephew, mother-in-law, father-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, or sister-in-law of the Grantee (including adoptive relationships);

(B) any person sharing the employee's household (other than a tenant or employee);

(C) a trust in which persons described in (A) and (B) have more than 50 percent of the beneficial interest;

(D) a foundation in which persons described in (A) or (B) or the Grantee control the management of assets; or

(E) any other entity in which the persons described in (A) or (B) or the Grantee own more than 50 percent of the voting interests;

provided such transfer is not for value. The following shall not be considered transfers for value: a transfer under a domestic relations order in settlement of marital property rights, and a transfer to an entity in which more than 50 percent of the voting interests are owned by persons described in (A) above or the Grantee, in exchange for an interest in such entity.

6. Stock Options.

(a) Limitations.

(i) Each Option shall be designated in the Award Agreement as either an Incentive Stock Option or a Nonstatutory Stock Option. Any Option designated as an Incentive Stock Option:

(A) shall not have an aggregate Fair Market Value (determined for each Incentive Stock Option at the Date of Grant) of Shares with respect to which Incentive Stock Options are exercisable for the first time by the Grantee during any calendar year (under the Plan and any other employee stock option plan of the Company or any Parent or Subsidiary (Other Plans)), determined in accordance with the provisions of Section 422 of the Code, that exceeds \$100,000 (the \$100,000 Limit);

(B) shall, if the aggregate Fair Market Value of Shares (determined on the Date of Grant) with respect to the portion of such grant that is exercisable for the first time during any calendar year (Current Grant) and all Incentive Stock Options previously granted under the Plan and any Other Plans that are exercisable for the first time during a calendar year (Prior Grants) would exceed the \$100,000 Limit, be exercisable as follows:

(1) The portion of the Current Grant that would, when added to any Prior Grants, be exercisable with respect to Shares that would have an aggregate Fair Market Value (determined as of the respective Date of Grant for such Options) in excess of the \$100,000 Limit shall, notwithstanding the terms of the Current Grant, be exercisable for the first time by the Grantee in the first subsequent calendar year or years in which it could be exercisable for the first time by the Grantee when added to all Prior Grants without exceeding the \$100,000 Limit; and

(2) If, viewed as of the date of the Current Grant, any portion of a Current Grant could not be exercised under the preceding provisions of this Section 6(a)(i)(B) during any calendar year commencing with the calendar year in which it is first exercisable through and including the last calendar year in which it may by its terms be exercised, such portion of the Current Grant shall not be an Incentive Stock Option, but shall be exercisable as a separate Option at such date or dates as are provided in the Current Grant.

(ii) No Employee shall be granted, in any fiscal year of the Company, Options to purchase more than 3,000,000 Shares. The limitation described in this Section 6(a)(ii) shall be adjusted proportionately in connection with any change in the Company's capitalization as described in Section 11 of the Plan. If an Option is canceled in the same fiscal year of the Company in which it was granted (other than in connection with a transaction described in Section 11 of the Plan), the canceled Option will be counted against the limitation described in this Section 6(a)(ii).

(b) Term of Option. The term of each Option shall be stated in the Award Agreement; provided, however, that in the case of an Incentive Stock Option, the term shall be 10 years from the date of grant or such shorter term as may be provided in the Award Agreement. Moreover, in the case of an Incentive Stock Option granted to a Grantee who, at the time the Incentive Stock Option is granted, owns stock representing more than 10 percent of the voting power of all classes of stock of the Company or any Parent or Subsidiary, the term of the Incentive Stock Option shall be five

years from the date of grant or such shorter term as may be provided in the Award Agreement.

(c) Option Exercise Price and Consideration.

(i) Exercise Price. The per share exercise price for the Shares to be issued pursuant to exercise of an Option shall be determined by the Administrator and, except as otherwise provided in this Section 6(c)(i), shall be no less than 100 percent of the Fair Market Value per Share on the Date of Grant.

(A) In the case of an Incentive Stock Option granted to an Employee who on the Date of Grant owns stock representing more than 10 percent of the voting power of all classes of stock of the Company or any Parent or Subsidiary, the per Share exercise price shall be no less than 110 percent of the Fair Market Value per Share on the Date of Grant.

(B) Any Option that is (1) granted to a Grantee in connection with the acquisition (Acquisition), however effected, by the Company of another corporation or entity (Acquired Entity) or the assets thereof, (2) associated with an option to purchase

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shares of stock or other equity interest of the Acquired Entity or an affiliate thereof (Acquired Entity Option) held by such Grantee immediately prior to such Acquisition, and (3) intended to preserve for the Grantee the economic value of all or a portion of such Acquired Entity Option, may be granted with such exercise price as the Administrator determines to be necessary to achieve such preservation of economic value.

(C) Any Option that is granted to a Grantee not previously employed by the Company, or a Parent or Subsidiary, as a material inducement to the Grantee's commencing employment with the Company may be granted with such exercise price as the Administrator determines to be necessary to provide such material inducement.

(d) Waiting Period and Exercise Dates. At the time an Option is granted, the Administrator shall fix the period within which the Option may be exercised and shall determine any conditions that must be satisfied before the Option may be exercised. An Option shall be exercisable only to the extent that it is vested according to the terms of the Award Agreement.

(e) Form of Consideration. The Administrator shall determine the acceptable form of consideration for exercising an Option, including the method of payment. In the case of an Incentive Stock Option, the Administrator shall determine the acceptable form of consideration at the time of grant. The acceptable form of consideration may consist of any combination of cash, personal check, wire transfer or, subject to the approval of the Administrator:

(i) pursuant to rules and procedures approved by the Administrator, promissory note;

(ii) Mature Shares;

(iii) pursuant to procedures approved by the Committee, (A) through the sale of the Shares acquired on exercise of the Option through a broker-dealer to whom the Grantee has submitted an irrevocable notice of exercise and irrevocable instructions to deliver promptly to the Company the amount of sale or loan proceeds sufficient to pay the exercise price, together with, if requested by the Company, the amount of federal, state, local or foreign withholding taxes payable by the Grantee by reason of such exercise, or (B) through simultaneous sale through a broker of Shares acquired upon exercise; or

(iv) such other consideration and method of payment for the issuance of Shares to the extent permitted by Applicable Law.

(f) Exercise of Option.

(i) Procedure for Exercise; Rights as a Stockholder.

(A) Any Option granted hereunder shall be exercisable according to the terms of the Plan and at such times and under such conditions as determined by the Administrator and set forth in the Award Agreement.

(B) An Option may not be exercised for a fraction of a Share.

(C) An Option shall be deemed exercised when the Company receives:

(1) written or electronic notice of exercise (in accordance with the Award Agreement and any action taken by the Administrator pursuant to Section 4(b) of the Plan or otherwise) from the person entitled to exercise the Option, and

(2) full payment for the Shares with respect to which the Option is exercised. Full payment may consist of any consideration and method of payment authorized by the Administrator and permitted by the Award Agreement and the Plan.

(3) Shares issued upon exercise of an Option shall be issued in the name of the Grantee or, if requested by the Grantee, in the name of the Grantee and his or her spouse. Until the stock certificate evidencing such Shares is issued (as evidenced by the appropriate entry on the books of the Company or of a duly authorized transfer agent of the Company), no right to vote or receive dividends or any other rights as a stockholder shall exist with respect to the Optioned Stock, notwithstanding the exercise of the Option. The Company shall issue (or cause to be issued) such stock certificate promptly after the Option is exercised. No adjustment will be made for a dividend or other right for which the record date is prior to the date the stock certificate is issued, except as provided in Section 11 of the Plan.

(4) Exercising an Option in any manner shall decrease the number of Shares thereafter available, both for purposes of the Plan and for sale under the Option, by the number of Shares as to which the Option is exercised.

7. Stock Appreciation Rights.

(a) Grant of SARs. Subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan, the Administrator may grant SARs in tandem with an Option or alone and unrelated to an Option. Tandem SARs shall expire no later than the expiration of

the underlying Option.

(b) Limitation. No Employee shall be granted, in any fiscal year of the Company, SARs covering more than 3,000,000 Shares. The limitation described in this Section 7(b) shall be adjusted proportionately in connection with any change in the Company's capitalization as described in Section 11 of the Plan. If a SAR is canceled in the same fiscal year of the Company in which it was granted (other than in connection with a transaction described in Section 11 of the Plan), the canceled SAR will be counted against the limitation described in this Section 7(b).

(c) Exercise of SARs. SARs shall be exercised by the delivery of a written or electronic notice of exercise to the Company (in accordance with the Award Agreement and any action taken by the Administrator pursuant to Section 4(b) of the Plan or otherwise), setting forth the number of Shares over which the SAR is to be exercised. Tandem SARs may be exercised:

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- (i) with respect to all or part of the Shares subject to the related Option upon the surrender of the right to exercise the equivalent portion of the related Option;
- (ii) only with respect to the Shares for which its related Option is then exercisable; and
- (iii) only when the Fair Market Value of the Shares subject to the Option exceeds the exercise price of the Option.

The value of the payment with respect to the tandem SAR may be no more than 100 percent of the difference between the exercise price of the underlying Option and the Fair Market Value of the Shares subject to the underlying Option at the time the tandem SAR is exercised.

(d) Payment of SAR Benefit. Upon exercise of a SAR, the Grantee shall be entitled to receive payment from the Company in an amount determined by multiplying:

- (i) the excess of the Fair Market Value of a Share on the date of exercise over the SAR exercise price; by
- (ii) the number of Shares with respect to which the SAR is exercised;

provided, that the Administrator may provide in the Award Agreement that the benefit payable on exercise of an SAR shall not exceed such percentage of the Fair Market Value of a Share on the Date of Grant as the Administrator shall specify. As determined by the Administrator, the payment upon exercise of an SAR may be in cash, in Shares that have an aggregate Fair Market Value (as of the date of exercise of the SAR) equal to the amount of the payment, or in some combination thereof, as set forth in the Award Agreement.

8. Stock Awards.

(a) Authorization to Grant Stock Awards. Subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan, the Administrator may grant Stock Awards to Employees or Consultants from time to time. A Stock Award may be made in Shares or denominated in units representing rights to receive Shares. Each Stock Award shall be evidenced by an Award Agreement that shall set forth the conditions, if any, which will need to be timely satisfied before the Stock Award will be effective and the conditions, if any, under which the Grantee's interest in the related Shares or units will be forfeited. A Stock Award made in Shares that are subject to forfeiture conditions and/or other restrictions may be designated as an Award of Restricted Stock. A Stock Award denominated in units that are subject to forfeiture conditions and/or other restrictions may be designated as an Award of Restricted Stock Units. No more than 3,000,000 Shares or units may be granted pursuant to Stock Awards to an individual Grantee in any calendar year.

(b) Code Section 162(m) Provisions.

(i) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan, if the Compensation Committee of the Board (the Compensation Committee) determines at the time a Stock Award is granted to a Grantee that such Grantee is, or may be as of the end of the tax year for which the Company would claim a tax deduction in connection with such Stock Award, a covered employee within the meaning of Section 162(m)(3) of the Code, and to the extent the Compensation Committee considers it desirable for compensation delivered pursuant to such Stock Award to be eligible to qualify for an exemption from the limit on tax deductibility of compensation under Section 162(m) of the Code, then the Compensation Committee may provide that this Section 8(b) is applicable to such Stock Award under such terms as the Compensation Committee shall determine.

(ii) If a Stock Award is subject to this Section 8(b), then the lapsing of restrictions thereon and the distribution of Shares pursuant thereto, as applicable, shall be subject to satisfaction of one, or more than one, objective performance targets. The Compensation Committee shall determine the performance targets that will be applied with respect to each Stock Award subject to this Section 8(b) at the time of grant, but in no event later than 90 days after the commencement of the period of service to which the performance target(s) relate. The performance criteria applicable to Stock Awards subject to this Section 8(b) will be one or more of the following criteria: (A) stock price; (B) market share; (C) sales; (D) earnings per share, core earnings per share or variations thereof; (E) return on equity; (F) costs; (G) revenue; (H) cash to cash cycle; (I) days payables outstanding; (J) days of supply; (K) days sales outstanding; (L) cash flow; (M) operating income; (N) profit after tax; (O) profit before tax; (P) return on assets; (Q) return on sales; (R) inventory turns; (S) invested capital; (T) net operating profit after tax; (U) return on invested capital; (V) total shareholder return; (W) earnings; (X) return on equity or average shareowners' equity; (Y) total shareowner return; (Z) return on capital; (AA) return on investment; (BB) income or net income; (CC) operating income or net operating income; (DD) operating profit or net operating profit; (EE) operating margin; (FF) return on

operating revenue; (GG) contract awards or backlog; (HH) overhead or other expense reduction; (II) growth in shareowner value relative to the moving average of the S&P 500 Index or a peer group index; (JJ) credit rating; (KK) strategic plan development and implementation; (LL) net cash provided by operating activities; (MM) gross margin; (NN) economic value added; (OO) customer satisfaction; (PP) financial return ratios; and/or (QQ) market performance.

(iii) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of the Plan, the Compensation Committee may not increase the number of shares granted pursuant to any Stock Award subject to this Section 8(b), nor may it waive the achievement of any performance target established pursuant to this Section 8(b).

(iv) Prior to the payment of any Stock Award subject to this Section 8(b), the Compensation Committee shall certify in writing that the performance target(s) applicable to such Stock Award was met.

(v) The Compensation Committee shall have the power to impose such other restrictions on Stock Awards subject to this Section 8(b) as it may deem necessary or appropriate to ensure that such Stock Awards satisfy all requirements for performance-based compensation within the meaning of Code section 162(m)(4)(C) of the Code, the regulations promulgated thereunder, and any successors thereto.

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9. Performance Units and Performance Shares.

(a) **Grant of Performance Units and Performance Shares.** Subject to the terms of the Plan, the Administrator may grant Performance Units or Performance Shares to any Employee or Consultant in such amounts and upon such terms as the Administrator shall determine.

(b) **Value/Performance Goals.** Each Performance Unit shall have an initial value that is established by the Administrator on the Date of Grant. Each Performance Share shall have an initial value equal to the Fair Market Value of a Share on the Date of Grant. The Administrator shall set performance goals that, depending upon the extent to which they are met, will determine the number or value of Performance Units or Performance Shares that will be paid to the Grantee.

(c) **Payment of Performance Units and Performance Shares.**

(i) Subject to the terms of the Plan, after the applicable Performance Period has ended, the holder of Performance Units or Performance Shares shall be entitled to receive a payment based on the number and value of Performance Units or Performance Shares earned by the Grantee over the Performance Period, determined as a function of the extent to which the corresponding performance goals have been achieved.

(ii) If a Grantee is promoted, demoted or transferred to a different business unit of the Company during a Performance Period, then, to the extent the Administrator determines appropriate, the Administrator may adjust, change or eliminate the performance goals or the applicable Performance Period as it deems appropriate in order to make them appropriate and comparable to the initial performance goals or Performance Period.

(d) **Form and Timing of Payment of Performance Units and Performance Shares.** Payment of earned Performance Units or Performance Shares shall be made in a lump sum following the close of the applicable Performance Period. The Administrator may pay earned Performance Units or Performance Shares in cash or in Shares (or in a combination thereof) that have an aggregate Fair Market Value equal to the value of the earned Performance Units or Performance Shares at the close of the applicable Performance Period. Such Shares may be granted subject to any restrictions deemed appropriate by the Administrator. The form of payout of such Awards shall be set forth in the Award Agreement pertaining to the grant of the Award.

10. **Deferral of Receipt of Payment.** The Administrator may permit or require a Grantee to defer receipt of the payment of cash or the delivery of Shares that would otherwise be due by virtue of the exercise of an Option or SAR, the grant of or the lapse or waiver of restrictions with respect to Stock Awards or the satisfaction of any requirements or goals with respect to Performance Units or Performance Shares. If any such deferral is required or permitted, the Administrator shall establish such rules and procedures for such deferral.

11. **Adjustments Upon Changes in Capitalization or Change of Control.**

(a) **Changes in Capitalization.** Subject to any required action by the stockholders of the Company, the number of Covered Shares, and the number of shares of Common Stock which have been authorized for issuance under the Plan but as to which no Awards have yet been granted or which have been returned to the Plan upon cancellation or expiration of an Award, as well as the price per share of Covered Stock, shall be proportionately adjusted for any increase or decrease in the number of issued shares of Common Stock resulting from a stock split, reverse stock split, stock dividend, combination or reclassification of the Common Stock, or any other increase or decrease in the number of issued shares of Common Stock effected without receipt of consideration by the Company; provided, however, that conversion of any convertible securities of the Company shall not be deemed to have been effected without receipt of consideration. Such adjustment shall be made by the Board, whose determination in that respect shall be final, binding and conclusive. Except as expressly provided herein, no issuance by the Company of shares of stock of any class, or securities convertible into shares of stock of any class, shall affect, and no adjustment by reason thereof shall be made with respect to, the number or price of shares of Covered Stock.

(b) **Change in Control.** In the event of a Change in Control, then the following provisions shall apply:

(i) **Vesting.** Any Award outstanding on the date such Change in Control is determined to have occurred that is not yet exercisable and vested on such date:

(A) shall become fully exercisable and vested on the first anniversary of the date of such Change in Control (the Change in Control Anniversary) if the Grantee's Continuous Status as an Employee or Consultant does not terminate prior to the Change in Control Anniversary;

(B) shall become fully exercisable and vested on the Date of Termination if the Grantee's Continuous Status as an Employee or Consultant terminates prior to the Change in Control Anniversary as a result of termination by the Company without Cause or resignation by the Grantee for Good Reason; or

(C) shall not become full exercisable and vested if the Grantee's Continuous Status as an Employee or Consultant terminates prior to the Change in Control Anniversary as a result of termination by the Company for Cause or resignation by the Grantee without Good Reason.

For purposes of this Section 11(b)(i), the following definitions shall apply:

(D) Cause means:

(1) A Grantee's conviction of a crime involving fraud or dishonesty; or

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(2) A Grantee's continued willful or reckless material misconduct in the performance of the Grantee's duties after receipt of written notice from the Company concerning such misconduct; provided, however, that for purposes of Section 11(b)(i)(D)(2), Cause shall not include any one or more of the following: bad judgment, negligence or any act or omission believed by the Grantee in good faith to have been in or not opposed to the interest of the Company (without intent of the Grantee to gain, directly or indirectly, a profit to which the Grantee was not legally entitled).

(E) Good Reason means:

(1) The assignment to the Grantee of any duties inconsistent in any respect with the Grantee's position (including status, titles and reporting requirement), authority, duties or responsibilities, or any other action by the Company that results in a diminution in such position, authority, duties or responsibilities, excluding for this purpose an isolated, insubstantial and inadvertent action that is not taken in bad faith and that is remedied by the Company promptly after receipt of written notice thereof given by the Grantee within 30 days following the assignment or other action by the Company;

(2) Any reduction in compensation; or

(3) Change in location of office of more than 35 miles without prior consent of the Grantee.

(ii) Dissolution or Liquidation. In the event of the proposed dissolution or liquidation of the Company, to the extent that an Award is outstanding, it will terminate immediately prior to the consummation of such proposed action. The Board may, in the exercise of its sole discretion in such instances, declare that any Option or SAR shall terminate as of a date fixed by the Board and give each Grantee the right to exercise his or her Option or SAR as to all or any part of the Covered Stock, including Shares as to which the Option or SAR would not otherwise be exercisable.

(iii) Merger or Asset Sale. Except as otherwise determined by the Board, in its discretion, prior to the occurrence of a merger of the Company with or into another corporation, or the sale of substantially all of the assets of the Company, in the event of such a merger or sale each outstanding Option or SAR shall be assumed or an equivalent option or right shall be substituted by the successor corporation or a Parent or Subsidiary of the successor corporation. In the event that the successor corporation or a Parent or Subsidiary of the successor corporation does not agree to assume the Option or SAR or to substitute an equivalent option or right, the Administrator shall, in lieu of such assumption or substitution, provide for the Grantee to have the right to exercise the Option or SAR as to all or a portion of the Covered Stock, including Shares as to which it would not otherwise be exercisable. If the Administrator makes an Option or SAR exercisable in lieu of assumption or substitution in the event of a merger or sale of assets, the Administrator shall notify the Grantee that the Option or SAR shall be fully exercisable for a period of 15 days from the date of such notice, and the Option or SAR will terminate upon the expiration of such period. For the purposes of this paragraph, the Option or SAR shall be considered assumed if, following the merger or sale of assets, the option or right confers the right to purchase, for each Share of Covered Stock subject to the Option or SAR immediately prior to the merger or sale of assets, the consideration (whether stock, cash, or other securities or property) received in the merger or sale of assets by holders of Common Stock for each Share held on the effective date of the transaction (and if holders were offered a choice of consideration, the type of consideration chosen by the holders of a majority of the outstanding Shares); provided, however, that if such consideration received in the merger or sale of assets was not solely common stock of the successor corporation or its Parent, the Administrator may, with the consent of the successor corporation and the participant, provide for the consideration to be received upon the exercise of the Option or SAR, for each Share of Optioned Stock subject to the Option or SAR, to be solely common stock of the successor corporation or its Parent equal in Fair Market Value to the per Share consideration received by holders of Common Stock in the merger or sale of assets.

(iv) Except as otherwise determined by the Board, in its discretion, prior to the occurrence of a Change in Control other than the dissolution or liquidation of the Company, a merger of the Company with or into another corporation, or the sale of substantially all of the assets of the Company, in the event of such a Change in Control, all outstanding Options and SARs, to the extent they are exercisable and vested (including Options and SARs that shall become exercisable and vested pursuant to Section 11(b)(i) above), shall be terminated in exchange for a cash payment equal to the Change in Control Price (reduced by the exercise price applicable to such Options or SARs). These cash proceeds shall be paid to the Grantee or, in the event of death of an Grantee prior to payment, to the estate

of the Grantee or to a person who acquired the right to exercise the Option or SAR by bequest or inheritance.

12. Term of Plan. The Plan shall become effective upon its approval by the stockholders of the Company within 12 months after the date the Plan is adopted by the Board. Such stockholder approval shall be obtained in the manner and to the degree required under applicable federal and state law. The Plan shall continue in effect until October 17, 2011, unless terminated earlier under Section 13 of the Plan.

13. Amendment and Termination of the Plan.

(a) Amendment and Termination. The Board may at any time amend, alter, suspend or terminate the Plan.

(b) Stockholder Approval. The Company shall obtain stockholder approval of any Plan amendment to the extent necessary and desirable to comply with Rule 16b-3 or with Section 422 of the Code (or any successor rule or statute or other applicable law, rule or regulation, including the requirements of any exchange or quotation system on which the Common Stock is listed or quoted). Furthermore, the Company shall obtain stockholder approval of any modification or amendment of the Plan to the extent that the Board, in its sole and absolute discretion, reasonably determines, in accordance with the requirements of any exchange or quotation system on which the Common Stock is listed or quoted, that such modification or amendment constitutes a material revision or material amendment of the Plan. Such stockholder approval, if required, shall be obtained in such a manner and to such a degree as is required by the applicable law, rule or regulation.

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(c) Effect of Amendment or Termination. No amendment, alteration, suspension or termination of the Plan shall impair the rights of any Grantee, unless mutually agreed otherwise between the Grantee and the Administrator, which agreement must be in writing and signed by the Grantee and the Company.

14. Conditions Upon Issuance of Shares.

(a) Legal Compliance. Shares shall not be issued pursuant to an Award unless the exercise, if applicable, of such Award and the issuance and delivery of such Shares shall comply with all relevant provisions of law, including, without limitation, the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the Exchange Act, the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, Applicable Law, and the requirements of any stock exchange or quotation system upon which the Shares may then be listed or quoted, and shall be further subject to the approval of counsel for the Company with respect to such compliance.

(b) Investment Representations. As a condition to the exercise of an Award, the Company may require the person exercising such Award to represent and warrant at the time of any such exercise that the Shares are being purchased only for investment and without any present intention to sell or distribute such Shares if, in the opinion of counsel for the Company, such a representation is required.

15. Liability of Company.

(a) Inability to Obtain Authority. The inability of the Company to obtain authority from any regulatory body having jurisdiction, which authority is deemed by the Company's counsel to be necessary to the lawful issuance and sale of any Shares hereunder, shall relieve the Company of any liability in respect of the failure to issue or sell such Shares as to which such requisite authority shall not have been obtained.

(b) Grants Exceeding Allotted Shares. If the Covered Stock covered by an Award exceeds, as of the date of grant, the number of Shares that may be issued under the Plan without additional stockholder approval, such Award shall be void with respect to such excess Covered Stock, unless stockholder approval of an amendment sufficiently increasing the number of Shares subject to the Plan is timely obtained in accordance with Section 13 of the Plan.

16. Reservation of Shares. The Company, during the term of this Plan, will at all times reserve and keep available such number of Shares as shall be sufficient to satisfy the requirements of the Plan.

17. Rights of Employees and Consultants. Neither the Plan nor any Award shall confer upon an Grantee any right with respect to continuing the Grantee's employment or consulting relationship with the Company, nor shall they interfere in any way with the Grantee's right or the Company's right to terminate such employment or consulting relationship at any time, with or without cause.

18. Sub-plans for Foreign Subsidiaries. The Board may adopt sub-plans applicable to particular foreign Subsidiaries. All Awards granted under such sub-plans shall be treated as grants under the Plan. The rules of such sub-plans may take precedence over other provisions of the Plan, with the exception of Section 3, but unless otherwise superseded by the terms of such sub-plan, the provisions of the Plan shall govern the operation of such sub-plan.

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Electronic Voting Instructions
You can vote by Internet or telephone!
Available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week!

Instead of mailing your proxy, you may choose one of the two voting methods outlined below to vote your proxy.

VALIDATION DETAILS ARE LOCATED BELOW IN THE TITLE BAR.

Proxies submitted by the Internet or telephone must be received by 11:59 P.M., Eastern Time, January 20, 2010.

Vote by Internet

Log on to the Internet and go to **www.investorvote.com/JBL**

Follow the steps outlined on the secured website.

Vote by telephone

Call toll free 1-800-652-VOTE (8683) within the United States, U.S. territories & Canada any time on a touch tone telephone. There is **NO CHARGE** to you for the call.

Follow the instructions provided by the recorded message.

Using a **black ink** pen, mark your votes with an **X** as shown in this example. Please do not write outside the designated areas.

Annual Meeting Proxy Card

C0123456789 12345

IF YOU HAVE NOT VOTED VIA THE INTERNET OR TELEPHONE, FOLD ALONG THE PERFORATION, DETACH AND RETURN THE BOTTOM PORTION IN THE ENCLOSED ENVELOPE.

Proposals The Board of Directors recommends a vote **FOR** all the nominees listed and **FOR** Proposals 2, 3 and 4.

1. Election of Directors: 01 - Mel S. Lavitt 02 - Timothy L. Main 03 - William D. Morean +
04 - Lawrence J. Murphy 05 - Frank A. Newman 06 - Steven A. Raymund
07 - Thomas A. Sansone 08 - David M. Stout 09 - Kathleen A. Walters

- Mark here to vote **FOR** all nominees
- Mark here to **WITHHOLD** vote from all nominees

01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09
 For All EXCEPT - To withhold a vote for one or more nominees, mark the box to the left and the corresponding numbered box(es) to the right.

	For	Against	Abstain		For	Against	Abstain
2. To approve an amendment to increase the size of the Jabil Circuit, Inc. 2002 Stock Incentive Plan by 8,200,000 shares.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	3. To ratify the appointment of KPMG LLP as Jabil s independent registered public accounting firm for the fiscal year ending August 31, 2010.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
4. To transact such other business as may properly come before the Annual Meeting, including any adjournment thereof.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>				

Non-Voting Items

Change of Address Please print new address below.

Meeting Attendance
Mark box to the right if you plan to attend the Annual Meeting.

Authorized Signatures This section must be completed for your vote to be counted. **Date and Sign Below**

Please sign exactly as name(s) appears hereon. Joint owners should each sign. When signing as attorney, executor, administrator, corporate officer, trustee, guardian, or custodian, please give full title.

Date (mm/dd/yyyy) Please print date below. Signature 1 Please keep signature within the box. Signature 2 Please keep signature within the box.

/ /

<STOCK#> 014F0B

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RECEIVE FUTURE PROXY MATERIALS ELECTRONICALLY. Receiving stockholder material electronically via the Internet helps reduce Jabil's mailing and printing costs. To receive future proxy materials electronically, if made available by Jabil, go to: <http://www.computershare.com/us/ecomms> and follow the instructions provided. Your participation in this program will remain in effect until you cancel your enrollment. You are free to cancel your enrollment at any time by going to <http://www.computershare.com/us/ecomms> on the Internet.

IF YOU HAVE NOT VOTED VIA THE INTERNET OR TELEPHONE, FOLD ALONG THE PERFORATION, DETACH AND RETURN THE BOTTOM PORTION IN THE ENCLOSED ENVELOPE.

Proxy JABIL CIRCUIT, INC.

**PROXY SOLICITED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS
FOR ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS**

The undersigned hereby appoints ROBERT L. PAVER and FORBES I.J. ALEXANDER, or either of them, each with power of substitution and revocation, as the proxy or proxies of the undersigned to represent the undersigned and vote all shares of the common stock of Jabil Circuit, Inc., that the undersigned would be entitled to vote if personally present at the Annual Meeting of Stockholders of Jabil Circuit, Inc., to be held at the Renaissance Vinoy Golf Club, Sunset Ballroom, 600 Snell Isle Boulevard, St. Petersburg, Florida 33704, on Thursday, January 21, 2010, at 10:00 a.m., Eastern Time, and at any adjournments thereof, upon the matters set forth on the reverse side and more fully described in the Notice and Proxy Statement for said Annual Meeting and in their discretion upon all other matters that may properly come before said Annual Meeting and any adjournment thereof.

THE SHARES COVERED BY THIS PROXY WILL BE VOTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CHOICES MADE. WHEN NO CHOICE IS MADE, THIS PROXY WILL BE VOTED (1) FOR ALL LISTED NOMINEES FOR DIRECTOR, (2) FOR THE AMENDMENT TO INCREASE THE SIZE OF THE JABIL CIRCUIT, INC. 2002 STOCK INCENTIVE PLAN BY 8,200,000 SHARES, (3) FOR RATIFICATION OF THE APPOINTMENT OF KPMG LLP AS JABIL'S INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING AUGUST 31, 2010 AND (4) FOR THE TRANSACTION OF SUCH OTHER BUSINESS AS MAY PROPERLY COME BEFORE THE ANNUAL MEETING, INCLUDING ANY ADJOURNMENT THEREOF.

The Annual Meeting may be held as scheduled only if a majority of the shares outstanding are represented at the Annual Meeting by attendance or proxy. Accordingly, please complete this proxy, and return it promptly in the enclosed envelope.

PLEASE MARK, SIGN, DATE AND RETURN THE PROXY CARD PROMPTLY USING THE ENCLOSED ENVELOPE.

DO NOT RETURN YOUR PROXY CARD IF YOU ARE VOTING BY INTERNET.

CONTINUED AND TO BE SIGNED ON REVERSE SIDE