PULTEGROUP INC/MI/ Form 10-Q April 24, 2018

UNITED STATE	S
SECURITIES AN	D EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2018

or

[] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission File Number 1-9804

#### PULTEGROUP, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

MICHIGAN 38-2766606 (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

3350 Peachtree Road NE, Suite 150 Atlanta, Georgia 30326 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (404) 978-6400

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES [X] NO []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). YES [X] NO []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer", "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

·	1 0 1 1	0 00	1 2	· ·
Large accelerated	l Accelerated	Non-accelera	ated filer [ Smaller reporting	Emerging growth
filer [X]	filer []	]	company [ ]	company []

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition	n
period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the	ıe
Exchange Act. []	

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). YES  $[\ ]$  NO [X]

Number of common shares outstanding as of April 19, 2018: 285,524,839

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## PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## Item 1. Financial Statements

# PULTEGROUP, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (\$000's omitted)

	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
	(Unaudited)	(Note)
ASSETS		
Cash and equivalents	\$150,821	\$ 272,683
Restricted cash	33,966	33,485
Total cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	184,787	306,168
House and land inventory	7,465,028	7,147,130
Land held for sale	69,522	68,384
Residential mortgage loans available-for-sale	385,453	570,600
Investments in unconsolidated entities	64,810	62,957
Other assets	784,355	745,123
Intangible assets	137,542	140,992
Deferred tax assets, net	614,898	645,295
	\$9,706,395	\$ 9,686,649

# LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

# Liabilities:

Accounts payable	\$446,304	\$ 393,815
Customer deposits	308,864	250,779
Accrued and other liabilities	1,226,233	1,356,333
Income tax liabilities	115,667	86,925
Financial Services debt	246,952	437,804
Notes payable	3,087,718	3,006,967
	5,431,738	5,532,623
Shareholders' equity	4,274,657	4,154,026
	\$9,706,395	\$ 9,686,649

Note: The Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2017 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements.

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

# PULTEGROUP, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (000's omitted, except per share data) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2018	2017	
Revenues:			
Homebuilding			
Home sale revenues	\$1,911,598	\$1,585,421	
Land sale and other revenues	12,557	2,690	
Financial Services	1,924,155 45,938	1,588,111 41,767	
Total revenues	1,970,093	1,629,878	
Homebuilding Cost of Revenues:			
Home sale cost of revenues	(1,459,940)	(1,217,678	)
Land sale cost of revenues	(11,548)	(3,228	)
	(1,471,488)	(1,220,906	)
Financial Services expenses		(28,367	)
Selling, general, and administrative expenses			)
Other expense, net		(5,072	)
Income before income taxes	224,191	139,265	
Income tax expense			)
Net income	\$170,751	\$91,518	
Per share:			
Basic earnings	\$0.59	\$0.29	
Diluted earnings	\$0.59	\$0.28	
Cash dividends declared	\$0.09	\$0.09	
Number of shares used in calculation:			
Basic	286,683	317,756	
Effect of dilutive securities	1,343	2,329	
Diluted	288,026	320,085	

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

# PULTEGROUP, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (\$000's omitted) (Unaudited)

Three Months

Ended March 31, 2018 2017

Net income \$170,751 \$91,518

Other comprehensive income, net of tax:

Change in value of derivatives 21 21 Other comprehensive income 21 21

Comprehensive income \$170,772 \$91,539

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

# PULTEGROUP, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (000's omitted, except per share data) (Unaudited)

	Common	Stock		Accumulated		
	Shares	\$	Additional Paid-in Capital	Other Comprehensiv Income	Retained Earnings	Total
Chambaldand Fauity, January 1, 2019	206 752	¢2 060	¢2 171 542	(Loss)	¢ 000 061	¢ 4 15 4 00 6
Shareholders' Equity, January 1, 2018 Cumulative effect of accounting change (see Note 1)	286,752 —	\$2,868 —	\$3,171,542 —	\$ (445 ) —	\$980,061 22,411	\$4,154,026 22,411
Stock option exercises	284	3	2,720		_	2,723
Share issuances, net of cancellations	783	8	3,477	_	_	3,485
Dividends declared			_	_	(26,051)	(26,051)
Share repurchases	(1,941)	(20)	_		(59,471)	(59,491)
Share-based compensation			6,782			6,782
Net income		_	_	_	170,751	170,751
Other comprehensive income	_	_	_	21	_	21
Shareholders' Equity, March 31, 2018	285,878	\$2,859	\$3,184,521	\$ (424 )	\$1,087,701	\$4,274,657
Shareholders' Equity, January 1, 2017	319,090	\$3,191	\$3,116,490	\$ (526 )	\$1,540,208	\$4,659,363
Cumulative effect of accounting change	_		(406)		18,643	18,237
Stock option exercises	961	10	11,108	_	_	11,118
Share issuances, net of cancellations	677	10	3,556	_	_	3,566
Dividends declared	_		_	_		(28,838)
Share repurchases	(4,696)	(50)	_	_	(105,472)	(105,522)
Share-based compensation			10,682	_	_	10,682
Net income			_	_	91,518	91,518
Other comprehensive income				21	<del></del>	21
Shareholders' Equity, March 31, 2017	316,032	\$3,161	\$3,141,430	\$ (505)	\$1,516,059	\$4,660,145

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

# PULTEGROUP, INC.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(\$000's omitted)

(Unaudited)

	Three Mo March 31.	nths Ended
	2018	2017
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$170,751	\$91,518
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash from operating activities:		
Deferred income tax expense	23,479	39,226
Land-related charges	3,419	3,535
Depreciation and amortization	11,890	13,209
Share-based compensation expense	8,451	14,161
Other, net	(793	) 555
Increase (decrease) in cash due to:		
Inventories	(237,169	(267,014)
Residential mortgage loans available-for-sale	185,147	194,117
Other assets	(9,246	21,858
Accounts payable, accrued and other liabilities	13,084	(71,362)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	169,013	39,803
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Capital expenditures	(15,428	(9,996)
Investments in unconsolidated entities	(1,000	(14,802)
Other investing activities, net	452	1,423
Net cash used in investing activities	(15,976	(23,375)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Repayments of debt	(451	(1,067)
Borrowings under revolving credit facility	768,000	
Repayments under revolving credit facility	(768,000	
Financial Services borrowings (repayments)	(190,852	(191,240)
Stock option exercises	2,723	•
Share repurchases	(59,491	(105,522)
Dividends paid	(26,347	(29,102)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(274,418	(315,813)
Net increase (decrease)		(299,385)
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at beginning of period	306,168	723,248
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at end of period	\$184,787	\$423,863
Supplemental Cash Flow Information:		
Interest paid (capitalized), net	\$30,109	\$12,830
Income taxes paid (refunded), net	\$631	\$1,043

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

PULTEGROUP, INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

#### 1. Basis of presentation

PulteGroup, Inc. is one of the largest homebuilders in the United States ("U.S."), and our common shares trade on the New York Stock Exchange under the ticker symbol "PHM". Unless the context otherwise requires, the terms "PulteGroup", the "Company", "we", "us", and "our" used herein refer to PulteGroup, Inc. and its subsidiaries. While our subsidiaries engage primarily in the homebuilding business, we also engage in mortgage banking operations, conducted through Pulte Mortgage LLC ("Pulte Mortgage"), title services, and insurance brokerage operations.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal, recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the interim periods presented are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the full year. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

#### Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### Reclassifications

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

#### Subsequent events

We evaluated subsequent events up until the time the financial statements were filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC").

#### Other expense, net

Other expense, net consists of the following (\$000's omitted):

1 ,		
	Three Mo	onths
	Ended	
	March 31	1,
	2018	2017
Write-offs of deposits and pre-acquisition cost	ts \$(2,609)	\$(1,655)
Amortization of intangible assets	(3,450)	(3,450)
Interest income	564	833
Interest expense	(143)	(137)
Equity in earnings (losses) of unconsolidated of	entities 961	1,193
Miscellaneous, net	3,369	(1,856)

\$(1,308) \$(5,072)

PULTEGROUP, INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

## Revenue recognition

Home sale revenues - Home sale revenues and related profit are generally recognized when title to and possession of the home are transferred to the buyer at the home closing date. Our performance obligation to deliver the agreed-upon home is generally satisfied in less than one year from the original contract date. Home sale contract assets consist of cash from home closings held in escrow for our benefit, typically for less than five days, which are considered deposits in-transit and classified as cash. Contract liabilities include customer deposit liabilities related to sold but undelivered homes, which totaled \$308.9 million and \$250.8 million at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. Of the customer deposit liabilities at December 31, 2017, \$133.9 million was recognized in revenues in the three months ended March 31, 2018 upon the closing of the related homes. See Note 8 for information on warranties and related obligations.

Land sale revenues - We periodically elect to sell parcels of land to third parties in the event such assets no longer fit into our strategic operating plans or are zoned for commercial or other development. Land sales are generally outright sales of specified land parcels with cash consideration due on the closing date, which is generally when performance obligations are satisfied.

Financial services revenues - Loan origination fees, commitment fees, and certain direct loan origination costs are recognized as incurred. Expected gains and losses from the sale of residential mortgage loans and their related servicing rights are included in the measurement of written loan commitments that are accounted for at fair value through Financial Services revenues at the time of commitment. Subsequent changes in the fair value of these loans are reflected in Financial Services revenues as they occur. Interest income is accrued from the date a mortgage loan is originated until the loan is sold. Mortgage servicing fees represent fees earned for servicing loans for various investors. Servicing fees are based on a contractual percentage of the outstanding principal balance and are credited to income when related mortgage payments are received or the sub-servicing fees are earned.

Revenues associated with our title operations are recognized as closing services are rendered and title insurance policies are issued, both of which generally occur as each home is closed. Insurance brokerage commissions relate to commissions on homeowner and other insurance policies placed with third party carriers through various agency channels. Our performance obligations for policy renewal commissions are satisfied upon issuance of the initial policy. The contract assets for estimated future renewal commissions are included in other assets and totaled \$28.8 million at March 31, 2018, of which \$27.7 million was recognized on January 1, 2018, in conjunction with the adoption of Accounting Standards Codification 606, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" ("ASC 606"). Refer to "New accounting pronouncements" within Note 1 for further discussion.

## Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing income available to common shareholders (the "Numerator") by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding, adjusted for unvested shares (the "Denominator") for the period. Computing diluted earnings per share is similar to computing basic earnings per share, except that the Denominator is increased to include the dilutive effects of stock options, unvested restricted shares, unvested restricted share units, and other potentially dilutive instruments. Any stock options that have an exercise price greater than the average market price are considered to be anti-dilutive and are excluded from the diluted earnings per share calculation.

In accordance with ASC 260 "Earnings Per Share", the two-class method determines earnings per share for each class of common stock and participating securities according to an earnings allocation formula that adjusts the Numerator for dividends or dividend equivalents and participation rights in undistributed earnings. Unvested share-based payment awards that contain non-forfeitable rights to dividends or dividend equivalents are participating securities and, therefore, are included in computing earnings per share pursuant to the two-class method. Our outstanding restricted share awards, restricted share units, and deferred shares are considered participating securities. The following table presents the earnings per common share (000's omitted, except per share data):

	Three Mor March 31,	nths Ended
	2018	2017
Numerator:		
Net income	\$170,751	\$91,518
Less: earnings distributed to participating securities	(296)	(305)
Less: undistributed earnings allocated to participating securities	(1,622)	(618)
Numerator for basic earnings per share	\$168,833	\$90,595
Add back: undistributed earnings allocated to participating securities	1,622	618
Less: undistributed earnings reallocated to participating securities	(1,614)	(613)
Numerator for diluted earnings per share	\$168,841	\$90,600
Denominator:		
Basic shares outstanding	286,683	317,756
Effect of dilutive securities	1,343	2,329
Diluted shares outstanding	288,026	320,085
Earnings per share:		
Basic	\$0.59	\$0.29
Diluted	\$0.59	\$0.28

#### Residential mortgage loans available-for-sale

Substantially all of the loans originated by us are sold in the secondary mortgage market within a short period of time after origination, generally within 30 days. At March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, residential mortgage loans available-for-sale had an aggregate fair value of \$385.5 million and \$570.6 million, respectively, and an aggregate outstanding principal balance of \$374.4 million and \$553.5 million, respectively. The net gain (loss) resulting from changes in fair value of these loans totaled \$(0.1) million and \$(2.0) million for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. These changes in fair value were substantially offset by changes in the fair value of corresponding hedging instruments. Net gains from the sale of mortgages were \$27.0 million and \$25.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively, are included in Financial Services revenues.

#### Derivative instruments and hedging activities

We are party to interest rate lock commitments ("IRLCs") with customers resulting from our mortgage origination operations. At March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, we had aggregate IRLCs of \$375.3 million and \$210.9 million, respectively, which were originated at interest rates prevailing at the date of commitment. Since we can terminate a loan commitment if the borrower does not comply with the terms of the contract, and some loan commitments may expire without being drawn upon, these commitments do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. We evaluate the creditworthiness of these transactions through our normal credit policies.

We hedge our exposure to interest rate market risk relating to residential mortgage loans available-for-sale and IRLCs using forward contracts on mortgage-backed securities, which are commitments to either purchase or sell a specified financial instrument at a specified future date for a specified price, and whole loan investor commitments, which are obligations of an investor to buy loans at a specified price within a specified time period. Forward contracts on mortgage-backed securities are the predominant derivative financial instruments we use to minimize market risk

during the period from the time we extend an interest rate lock to a loan applicant until the time the loan is sold to an investor. At March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, we had unexpired forward contracts of \$539.0 million and \$522.0 million, respectively, and whole loan investor commitments of \$186.1 million and \$203.1 million, respectively. Changes in the fair value of IRLCs and other derivative financial instruments are recognized in Financial Services revenues, and the fair values are reflected in other assets or other liabilities, as applicable.

There are no credit-risk-related contingent features within our derivative agreements, and counterparty risk is considered minimal. Gains and losses on IRLCs and residential mortgage loans available-for-sale are substantially offset by corresponding gains or losses on forward contracts on mortgage-backed securities and whole loan investor commitments. We are generally not exposed to variability in cash flows of derivative instruments for more than approximately 60 days.

The fair values of derivative instruments and their locations in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets are summarized below (\$000's omitted):

	March 31, 2018		December 31, 2017
	Other As	Accrued and ssets Other Liabilities	Other Assets Other Liabilities
Interest rate lock commitments	\$11,447	\$ 297	\$5,990 \$ 407
Forward contracts	729	1,646	432 817
Whole loan commitments	689	565	794 941
	\$12,865	\$ 2,508	\$7,216 \$ 2,165

#### New accounting pronouncements

On January 1, 2018, we adopted ASC 606, which is a comprehensive new revenue recognition model that requires revenue to be recognized in a manner to depict the transfer of goods or services and satisfaction of performance obligations to a customer at an amount that reflects the consideration expected to be received in exchange for those goods or services. We applied the modified retrospective method to contracts that were not completed as of January 1, 2018. Results for reporting periods beginning after January 1, 2018, are presented under ASC 606, while prior period amounts are not adjusted and continue to be reported under the previous accounting standards. We recorded a net increase to opening retained earnings of \$22.4 million, net of tax, as of January 1, 2018, due to the cumulative impact of adopting ASC 606, with the impact primarily related to the recognition of a contract asset for insurance brokerage commission renewals. There was not a material impact to revenues as a result of applying ASC 606 for the three months ended March 31, 2018, and there have not been significant changes to our business processes, systems, or internal controls as a result of implementing the standard.

We adopted Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") ASU No. 2016-15, "Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments" ("ASU 2016-15"), as of January 1, 2018, on a retrospective basis. The ASU addresses several specific cash flow issues. The adoption of ASU 2016-15 had no effect on our financial statements.

In February 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU No. 2016-02, "Leases (Topic 842)" ("ASU 2016-02"), which amends the existing accounting standards for lease accounting, including requiring lessees to recognize most leases on their balance sheets. ASU 2016-02 is effective for us for annual and interim periods beginning January 1, 2019, and early adoption is permitted. The standard requires a modified retrospective transition approach for all leases existing at, or entered into after, the date of initial application. While the recognition of right-of-use assets and related liabilities will have a material effect on our consolidated balance sheets, we do not expect a material impact on our consolidated statement of operations. The FASB also issued ASU No. 2018-01, "Leases (Topic 842): Land Easement Practical Expedient for Transition to Topic 842", which provides guidance on specific transition issues. We continue to evaluate the full impact of the new standards, including the impact on our business processes, systems, and internal controls.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, "Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments" ("ASU 2016-13"), which changes the impairment model for most financial assets and certain other instruments from an "incurred loss" approach to a new "expected credit loss" methodology and also requires that credit losses from available-for-sale debt securities be presented as an allowance instead of a write-down. ASU 2016-13 is effective for us for annual and interim periods beginning January 1, 2020, with early adoption permitted, and requires full retrospective application on adoption. We are currently evaluating the impact the standard will have on our financial statements.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-04, "Intangibles - Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Simplifying the Accounting for Goodwill Impairment" ("ASU 2017-04"), which removes the requirement to perform a hypothetical purchase price allocation to measure goodwill impairment. A goodwill impairment will now be the amount by which a reporting unit's carrying value exceeds its fair value, not to exceed the carrying amount of goodwill. ASU 2017-04 is effective for us for annual

# PULTEGROUP, INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

and interim periods beginning January 1, 2020, with early adoption permitted, and applied prospectively. We do not expect ASU 2017-04 to have a material impact on our financial statements.

#### 2. Inventory

Major components of inventory were as follows (\$000's omitted):

March 31, December 31,

2018 2017

Homes under construction \$2,716,264 \$2,421,405 Land under development 4,194,869 4,135,814 Raw land 553,895 589,911 \$7,465,028 \$7,147,130

We capitalize interest cost into inventory during the active development and construction of our communities. In all periods presented, we capitalized all Homebuilding interest costs into inventory because the level of our active inventory exceeded our debt levels. Information related to interest capitalized into inventory is as follows (\$000's omitted):

Three Months Ended
March 31,
2018 2017

Interest in inventory, beginning of period \$226,611 \$186,097

Interest capitalized 43,960 44,923

Interest expensed (30,558) (27,192)

Interest in inventory, end of period \$240,013 \$203,828

## Land option agreements

We enter into land option agreements in order to procure land for the construction of homes in the future. Pursuant to these land option agreements, we generally provide a deposit to the seller as consideration for the right to purchase land at different times in the future, usually at predetermined prices. Such contracts enable us to defer acquiring portions of properties owned by third parties or unconsolidated entities until we have determined whether and when to exercise our option, which reduces our financial risks associated with long-term land holdings. Option deposits and pre-acquisition costs (such as environmental testing, surveys, engineering, and entitlement costs) are capitalized if the costs are directly identifiable with the land under option, the costs would be capitalized if we owned the land, and acquisition of the property is probable. Such costs are reflected in other assets and are reclassified to inventory upon taking title to the land. We write off deposits and pre-acquisition costs when it becomes probable that we will not go forward with the project or recover the capitalized costs. Such decisions take into consideration changes in local market conditions, the timing of required land purchases, the availability and best use of necessary incremental capital, and other factors. We record any such write-offs of deposits and pre-acquisition costs within other expense, net.

If an entity holding the land under option is a variable interest entity ("VIE"), our deposit represents a variable interest in that entity. No VIEs required consolidation at either March 31, 2018 or December 31, 2017 because we determined that we were not the VIEs' primary beneficiary. Our maximum exposure to loss related to these VIEs is generally limited to our deposits and pre-acquisition costs under the land option agreements.

# PULTEGROUP, INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

The following provides a summary of our interests in land option agreements as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 (\$000's omitted):

	March 31,	, 2018	December 31, 2017			
	Deposits and Pre-acquis Costs	_	Deposits a Remaining Pre-acquis Rime hase Costs Price			
Land options with VIEs	\$70,600	\$820,231	\$78,889	\$977,480		
Other land options	140,277	1,487,583	129,098	1,485,099		
	\$210,877	\$2,307,814	\$207,987	\$2,462,579		

# 3. Segment information

Our Homebuilding operations are engaged in the acquisition and development of land primarily for residential purposes within the U.S. and the construction of housing on such land. For reporting purposes, our Homebuilding operations are aggregated into six reportable segments:

Northeast: Connecticut, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Virginia

Southeast: Georgia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee

Florida: Florida

Midwest: Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Ohio

Texas: Texas

West: Arizona, California, Nevada, New Mexico, Washington

We also have a reportable segment for our Financial Services operations, which consist principally of mortgage banking and title operations and operate generally in the same markets as the Homebuilding segments.

	Operating Data by Segment (\$000's omitted)				
	Three Mont	hs Ended			
	March 31,				
	2018	2017			
Revenues:					
Northeast	\$132,436	\$108,601			
Southeast	374,623	329,113			
Florida	348,709	314,296			
Midwest	297,506	244,506			
Texas	246,638	234,541			
West	524,243	357,054			
	\$1,924,155	\$1,588,111			
Financial Services	45,938	41,767			
Consolidated revenues	\$1,970,093	\$1,629,878			

	Operating Data by				
	Segment				
	(\$000's on	nitted)			
	Three Mon	ths Ended			
	March 31,				
	2018	2017			
Income before income taxes:					
Northeast	\$9,312	\$4,400			
Southeast	40,457	32,366			
Florida	44,945	44,523			
Midwest	28,401	18,254			
Texas	30,536	32,796			
West	89,205	34,084			
Other homebuilding (a)	(32,498)	(40,661)			
	\$210,358	\$125,762			
Financial Services	13,833	13,503			
Consolidated income before income taxes	\$224,191	\$139,265			

Other homebuilding includes the amortization of intangible assets and capitalized interest and other items not (a) allocated to the operating segments, including: write-offs of \$15.0 million of insurance receivables associated with the resolution of certain insurance matters in the three months ended March 31, 2017 (see Note 8).

	Operating Data by Segment (\$000's omitted)									
	March 31, 2018									
	Homes Und	drand Under	Raw	Total	Total					
	Construction	nDevelopment	Land	Inventory	Assets					
Northeast	\$267,520	\$ 323,571	\$73,577	\$664,668	\$813,724					
Southeast	484,647	621,417	112,444	1,218,508	1,345,180					
Florida	435,660	881,107	86,155	1,402,922	1,527,872					
Midwest	321,719	444,360	38,353	804,432	882,493					
Texas	300,113	422,804	89,779	812,696	903,537					
West	857,312	1,247,263	131,711	2,236,286	2,420,444					
Other homebuilding (a)	49,293	254,347	21,876	325,516	1,332,972					
	\$2,716,264	\$4,194,869	\$553,895	\$7,465,028	\$9,226,222					
Financial Services	_				480,173					
	\$2,716,264	\$4,194,869	\$553,895	\$7,465,028	\$9,706,395					

Operating Data by Segment (\$000's omitted) December 31, 2017 Homes Land Under Raw Total **Total** Under Development Land Inventory Assets Construction Northeast \$234,413 \$ 327,599 \$791,511 \$73,574 \$635,586 Southeast 433,411 613,626 121,238 1,168,275 1,287,992 Florida 359,651 1,481,837 876,856 109,069 1,345,576 Midwest 877,282 299,896 476,694 28,482 805,072 Texas 87,392 251,613 435,018 774,023 859,847 West 798,706 1,137,940 147,493 2,084,139 2,271,328 22,663 Other homebuilding (a) 43,715 268,081 334,459 1,469,234 \$2,421,405 \$4,135,814 \$589,911 \$7,147,130 \$9,039,031 **Financial Services** 647,618 \$2,421,405 \$4,135,814 \$589,911 \$7,147,130 \$9,686,649

Other homebuilding primarily includes cash and equivalents, capitalized interest, intangibles, deferred tax assets, and other corporate items that are not allocated to the operating segments.

#### 4. Debt

### Notes payable

Our senior notes are summarized as follows (\$000's omitted):

	March 31,	December 31,
	2018	2017
4.250% unsecured senior notes due March 2021 (a)	\$700,000	\$700,000
5.500% unsecured senior notes due March 2026 (a)	700,000	700,000
5.000% unsecured senior notes due January 2027 (a)	600,000	600,000
7.875% unsecured senior notes due June 2032 (a)	300,000	300,000
6.375% unsecured senior notes due May 2033 (a)	400,000	400,000
6.000% unsecured senior notes due February 2035 (a)	300,000	300,000
Net premiums, discounts, and issuance costs (b)	(13,105)	(13,057)
Total senior notes	\$2,986,895	\$2,986,943
Other notes payable	100,823	20,024
Notes payable	\$3,087,718	\$3,006,967
Estimated fair value	\$3,076,140	\$3,263,774

<sup>(</sup>a) Redeemable prior to maturity; guaranteed on a senior basis by certain wholly-owned subsidiaries.

Other notes payable include non-recourse and limited recourse collateralized notes with third parties that totaled \$100.8 million and \$20.0 million at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. These notes have

<sup>(</sup>b) The carrying value of senior notes reflects the impact of premiums, discounts, and issuance costs that are amortized to interest cost over the respective terms of the senior notes.

maturities ranging up to three years, are secured by the applicable land positions to which they relate, and have no recourse to any other assets. The stated interest rates on these notes range up to 7.53%. In the three months ended March 31, 2018, we borrowed \$81.2 million under one note to finance the acquisition of land. We fully repaid this note in April 2018.

## Revolving credit facility

We maintain a senior unsecured revolving credit facility (the "Revolving Credit Facility") with a maximum borrowing capacity of \$1.0 billion that matures in June 2019. The Revolving Credit Facility contains an uncommitted accordion feature that could increase the capacity to \$1.25 billion, subject to certain conditions and availability of additional bank commitments. The Revolving Credit Facility also provides for the issuance of letters of credit that reduce the available borrowing capacity under the Revolving Credit Facility, with a sublimit of \$375.0 million at March 31, 2018. The interest rate on borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility may be based on either the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") or a base rate plus an applicable margin, as defined therein. At March 31, 2018, we had no borrowings outstanding and \$226.3 million of letters of credit issued under the Revolving Credit Facility. At December 31, 2017, we had no borrowings outstanding and \$235.5 million of letters of credit issued under the Revolving Credit Facility.

The Revolving Credit Facility contains financial covenants that require us to maintain a minimum Tangible Net Worth, a minimum Interest Coverage Ratio, and a maximum Debt-to-Capitalization Ratio (as each term is defined in the Revolving Credit Facility). As of March 31, 2018, we were in compliance with all covenants. Our available and unused borrowings

under the Revolving Credit Facility, net of outstanding letters of credit, amounted to \$773.7 million and \$764.5 million at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

#### Joint venture debt

At March 31, 2018, aggregate outstanding debt of unconsolidated joint ventures was \$57.8 million, of which \$57.0 million was related to one joint venture in which we have a 50% interest. In connection with this loan, we and our joint venture partner provided customary limited recourse guaranties under which our maximum financial loss exposure is limited to our pro rata share of the debt outstanding. The limited guaranties include, but are not limited to: (i) completion of certain aspects of the project; (ii) an environmental indemnity provided to the lender; and (iii) an indemnification of the lender from certain "bad boy acts" of the joint venture.

#### Financial Services debt

Pulte Mortgage maintains a master repurchase agreement with third party lenders (the "Repurchase Agreement") that matures in August 2018. The maximum aggregate commitment was \$250.0 million at March 31, 2018, and increased to \$350.0 million from April 18, 2018 through June 25, 2018, after which it increases to \$400.0 million through maturity. The purpose of changes in capacity during the term of the agreement is to lower associated fees during seasonally lower volume periods of mortgage origination activity. Borrowings under the Repurchase Agreement are secured by residential mortgage loans available-for-sale. The Repurchase Agreement contains various affirmative and negative covenants applicable to Pulte Mortgage, including quantitative thresholds related to net worth, net income, and liquidity. Pulte Mortgage had \$247.0 million and \$437.8 million outstanding under the Repurchase Agreement at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively, and was in compliance with all of its covenants and requirements as of such dates.

#### 5. Shareholders' equity

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, we declared cash dividends totaling \$26.1 million and repurchased 1.7 million shares under our repurchase authorization for \$52.5 million. For the three months ended March 31, 2017,

we declared cash dividends totaling \$28.8 million and repurchased 4.7 million shares under our repurchase authorization for \$100.0 million. At March 31, 2018, we had remaining authorization to repurchase \$542.0 million of common shares.

Under our share-based compensation plans, we accept shares as payment under certain conditions related to stock option exercises and vesting of shares, generally related to the payment of minimum tax obligations. During the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, participants surrendered shares valued at \$7.0 million and \$5.5 million, respectively, under these plans. Such share transactions are excluded from the above noted share repurchase authorization.

#### 6. Income taxes

Our effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2018 was 23.8%, compared to 34.3% for the same period in 2017. Our effective tax rate differs from the federal statutory rate primarily due to state income tax expense on current year earnings and tax benefits for equity compensation. For the same period in the prior year, our effective tax rate differed from the federal statutory tax rate primarily due to state income tax expense on current year earnings and tax benefits for equity compensation, as well as the domestic production activities deduction. The federal statutory rate was reduced from 35% in 2017 to 21% in 2018 due to the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "Tax Act"), which was enacted on December 22, 2017.

We have not fully completed our accounting for the income tax effects of the Tax Act. As discussed in the SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 118, the accounting for the Tax Act should be completed within one year from the Tax Act enactment. During the three months ended March 31, 2018, we have made no adjustments to the provisional amounts recorded at December 31, 2017. Any adjustments to the provisional amounts recorded at December 31, 2017 will be reflected upon the completion of our accounting for the Tax Act.

At March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, we had deferred tax assets, net of deferred tax liabilities and valuation allowance, of \$614.9 million and \$645.3 million, respectively. The accounting for deferred taxes is based upon estimates of future results. Differences between estimated and actual results could result in changes in the valuation of deferred tax assets that could have a material impact on our consolidated results of operations or financial position. Changes in existing tax laws could also affect actual tax results and the realization of deferred tax assets over time.

Unrecognized tax benefits represent the difference between tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return and the benefits recognized for financial statement purposes. At both March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, we had \$48.6 million of gross unrecognized tax benefits and \$5.1 million and \$4.9 million, respectively, of related accrued interest and penalties. It is reasonably possible within the next twelve months that our gross unrecognized tax benefits may decrease by up to \$39.9 million, excluding interest and penalties, primarily due to potential audit settlements.

#### 7. Fair value disclosures

ASC 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures," provides a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles and establishes a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The fair value hierarchy can be summarized as follows:

Level 1 Fair value determined based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 Fair value determined using significant observable inputs, generally either quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities or quoted prices in markets that are not active.

Level 3 Fair value determined using significant unobservable inputs, such as pricing models, discounted cash flows, or similar techniques.

Our assets and liabilities measured or disclosed at fair value are summarized below (\$000's omitted):

Financial Instrument	Fair Value Hierarchy	Fair Value March 31, 2018	December 31 2017	
Measured at fair value on a recurring basis: Residential mortgage loans available-for-sale Interest rate lock commitments	Level 2 Level 2	\$385,453 11,150	\$ 570,600 5,583	
Forward contracts	Level 2	*	(385	)
Whole loan commitments	Level 2	124	(147	)
Measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis:				
House and land inventory	Level 3	\$—	\$ 11,045	
Land held for sale	Level 2	2,086	8,600	
Disclosed at fair value:				
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	Level 1	\$184,787	\$ 306,168	
Financial Services debt	Level 2	246,952	437,804	
Other notes payable	Level 2	100,823	20,024	
Senior notes payable	Level 2	2,975,317	3,243,750	

Fair values for agency residential mortgage loans available-for-sale are determined based on quoted market prices for comparable instruments. Fair values for non-agency residential mortgage loans available-for-sale are determined based on purchase commitments from whole loan investors and other relevant market information available to management. Fair values for interest rate lock commitments, including the value of servicing rights, and forward contracts on mortgage-backed securities are valued based on market prices for similar instruments. Fair values for whole loan commitments are based on market prices for similar instruments from the specific whole loan investor.

Certain assets are required to be recorded at fair value on a non-recurring basis when events and circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. The non-recurring fair values included in the above table represent only those assets whose carrying values were adjusted to fair value as of the respective balance sheet dates.

The carrying amounts of cash and equivalents, Financial Services debt, and other notes payable approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature and/or floating interest rate terms. The fair values of senior notes are based on quoted market prices, when available. If quoted market prices are not available, fair values are based on quoted market prices of similar issues. The carrying value of senior notes was \$3.0 billion at both March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

#### 8. Commitments and contingencies

#### Loan origination liabilities

Our mortgage operations may be responsible for losses associated with mortgage loans originated and sold to investors in the event of errors or omissions relating to representations and warranties made by us that the loans met certain requirements, including representations as to underwriting standards, the existence of primary mortgage insurance, and the validity of certain borrower representations in connection with the loan. Determining the liabilities for anticipated losses requires a significant level of management judgment. Given the nature of these claims and the uncertainty regarding their ultimate resolution, actual costs could differ from our current estimates. Loan origination reserves totaled \$34.6 million at both March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

## Letters of credit and surety bonds

In the normal course of business, we post letters of credit and surety bonds pursuant to certain performance-related obligations, as security for certain land option agreements, and under various insurance programs. The majority of these letters of credit and surety bonds are in support of our land development and construction obligations to various municipalities, other government agencies, and utility companies related to the construction of roads, sewers, and other infrastructure. We had outstanding letters of credit and surety bonds totaling \$226.3 million and \$1.2 billion, respectively, at March 31, 2018 and \$235.5 million and \$1.2 billion, respectively, at December 31, 2017. In the event any such letter of credit or surety bond is drawn, we would be obligated to reimburse the issuer of the letter of credit or surety bond. We do not believe that a material amount, if any, of the letters of credit or surety bonds will be drawn. Our surety bonds generally do not have stated expiration dates; rather we are released from the surety bonds as the underlying contractual performance is completed. Because significant construction and development work has been performed related to projects that have not yet received final acceptance by the respective counterparties, the aggregate amount of surety bonds outstanding is in excess of the projected cost of the remaining work to be performed.

#### Litigation and regulatory matters

We are involved in various litigation and legal claims in the normal course of our business operations, including actions brought on behalf of various classes of claimants. We are also subject to a variety of local, state, and federal laws and regulations related to land development activities, house construction standards, sales practices, mortgage lending operations, employment practices, and protection of the environment. As a result, we are subject to periodic examination or inquiry by various governmental agencies that administer these laws and regulations.

We establish liabilities for legal claims and regulatory matters when such matters are both probable of occurring and any potential loss is reasonably estimable. We accrue for such matters based on the facts and circumstances specific to each matter and revise these estimates as the matters evolve. In such cases, there may exist an exposure to loss in excess of any amounts currently accrued. In view of the inherent difficulty of predicting the outcome of these legal and regulatory matters, we generally cannot predict the ultimate resolution of the pending matters, the related timing, or the eventual loss. While the outcome of such contingencies cannot be predicted with certainty, we do not believe that the resolution of such matters will have a material adverse impact on our results of operations, financial position, or cash flows. However, to the extent the liability arising from the ultimate resolution of any matter exceeds the estimates reflected in the recorded reserves relating to such matter, we could incur additional charges that could be

significant.

#### Allowance for warranties

Home purchasers are provided with a limited warranty against certain building defects, including a one-year comprehensive limited warranty and coverage for certain other aspects of the home's construction and operating systems for periods of up to and, in limited instances, exceeding 10 years. We estimate the costs to be incurred under these warranties and record liabilities in the amount of such costs at the time product revenue is recognized. Factors that affect our warranty liabilities include the number of homes sold, historical and anticipated rates of warranty claims, and the cost per claim. We periodically assess the adequacy of the warranty liabilities for each geographic market in which we operate and adjust the amounts as necessary. Actual warranty costs in the future could differ from the current estimates. Changes to warranty liabilities were as follows (\$000's omitted):

# PULTEGROUP, INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

Three Months Ended March 31. 2018 2017 Warranty liabilities, beginning of period \$72,709 \$66,134 Reserves provided 11,916 10,643 **Payments** (14,282)(12,099)Other adjustments 643 3 Warranty liabilities, end of period \$70,986 \$64,681

#### Self-insured risks

We maintain, and require our subcontractors to maintain, general liability insurance coverage. We also maintain builders' risk, property, errors and omissions, workers' compensation, and other business insurance coverage. These insurance policies protect us against a portion of the risk of loss from claims. However, we retain a significant portion of the overall risk for such claims either through policies issued by our captive insurance subsidiaries or through our own self-insured per occurrence and aggregate retentions, deductibles, and claims in excess of available insurance policy limits.

Our general liability insurance includes coverage for certain construction defects. While construction defect claims can relate to a variety of circumstances, the majority of our claims relate to alleged problems with siding, plumbing, foundations and other concrete work, windows, roofing, and heating, ventilation and air conditioning systems. The availability of general liability insurance for the homebuilding industry and its subcontractors has become increasingly limited, and the insurance policies available require us to maintain significant per occurrence and aggregate retention levels. In certain instances, we may offer our subcontractors the opportunity to purchase insurance through one of our captive insurance subsidiaries or participate in a project-specific insurance program provided by us. Policies issued by our captive insurance subsidiaries represent self-insurance of these risks by us. This self-insured exposure is limited by reinsurance policies that we purchase. General liability coverage for the homebuilding industry is complex, and our coverage varies from policy year to policy year. Our insurance coverage requires a per occurrence deductible up to an overall aggregate retention level. Beginning with the first dollar, amounts paid to satisfy insured claims apply to our per occurrence and aggregate retention obligations. Any amounts incurred in excess of the occurrence or aggregate retention levels are covered by insurance up to our purchased coverage levels. Our insurance policies, including the captive insurance subsidiaries' reinsurance policies, are maintained with highly-rated underwriters for whom we believe counterparty default risk is not significant.

At any point in time, we are managing over 1,000 individual claims related to general liability, property, errors and omissions, workers' compensation, and other business insurance coverage. We reserve for costs associated with such claims (including expected claims management expenses) on an undiscounted basis at the time revenue is recognized for each home closing and evaluate the recorded liabilities based on actuarial analyses of our historical claims. The actuarial analyses calculate estimates of the ultimate net cost of all unpaid losses, including estimates for incurred but not reported losses ("IBNR"). IBNR represents losses related to claims incurred but not yet reported plus development on reported claims.

Our recorded reserves for all such claims totaled \$771.1 million and \$758.8 million at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively, the vast majority of which relate to general liability claims. The recorded reserves include loss estimates related to both (i) existing claims and related claim expenses and (ii) IBNR and related claim

expenses. Liabilities related to IBNR and related claim expenses represented approximately 64% and 65% of the total general liability reserves at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. The actuarial analyses that determine the IBNR portion of reserves consider a variety of factors, including the frequency and severity of losses, which are based on our historical claims experience supplemented by industry data. The actuarial analyses of the reserves also consider historical third party recovery rates and claims management expenses.

Housing market conditions have been volatile across most of our markets over the past ten years, and we believe such conditions can affect the frequency and cost of construction defect claims. Additionally, IBNR estimates comprise the majority of our liability and are subject to a high degree of uncertainty due to a variety of factors, including changes in claims reporting and resolution patterns, third party recoveries, insurance industry practices, the regulatory environment, and legal precedent. State regulations vary, but construction defect claims are reported and resolved over an extended period often exceeding ten years. Changes in the frequency and timing of reported claims and estimates of specific claim values can impact the underlying inputs and trends utilized in the actuarial analyses, which could have a material impact on the recorded reserves. Additionally,

# PULTEGROUP, INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

the amount of insurance coverage available for each policy period also impacts our recorded reserves. Because of the inherent uncertainty in estimating future losses and the timing of such losses related to these claims, actual costs could differ significantly from estimated costs. Adjustments to reserves are recorded in the period in which the change in estimate occurs.

Costs associated with our insurance programs are classified within selling, general, and administrative expenses. Changes in these liabilities were as follows (\$000's omitted):

Three Months Ended				
March 31,				
2018	2017			
\$758,812	\$831,058			
19,660	19,715			
2,461	(1,980	)		
(9,829 )	(13,467	)		
\$771,104	\$835,326	1		
	March 31, 2018 \$758,812 19,660 2,461 (9,829)	March 31, 2018 2017 \$758,812 \$831,058 19,660 19,715 2,461 (1,980		

Includes net changes in amounts expected to be recovered from our insurance carriers, which are recorded in other assets (see below).

In certain instances, we have the ability to recover a portion of our costs under various insurance policies or from subcontractors or other third parties. Estimates of such amounts are recorded when recovery is considered probable. Such receivables are recorded in other assets and totaled \$217.1 million and \$213.4 million at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. The insurance receivables relate to costs incurred to perform corrective repairs, settle claims with customers, and other costs related to the continued progression of construction defect claims that we believe are insured. Given the complexity inherent with resolving construction defect claims in the homebuilding industry as described above, there generally exists a significant lag between our payment of claims and our reimbursements from applicable insurance carriers. In addition, disputes between homebuilders and carriers over coverage positions relating to construction defect claims are common. Resolution of claims with carriers involves the exchange of significant amounts of information and frequently involves legal action. During the three months ended March 31, 2017, we wrote-off \$15.0 million of insurance receivables in conjunction with settling insurance policies with multiple carriers covering multiple years.

Additionally, at March 31, 2018, we are the plaintiff in litigation with certain of our insurance carriers in regard to \$70.1 million of recorded insurance receivables relating to the applicability of coverage to such costs under their policies. We believe collection of these insurance receivables, including those in litigation, is probable based on the legal merits of our positions after review by legal counsel, favorable legal rulings received to date, the high credit ratings of our carriers, and our long history of collecting significant amounts of insurance reimbursements under similar insurance policies related to similar claims. While the outcome of these matters cannot be predicted with certainty, we do not believe that the resolution of such matters will have a material adverse impact on our results of operations, financial position, or cash flows.

## 9. Supplemental Guarantor information

All of our senior notes are guaranteed jointly and severally on a senior basis by certain of our wholly-owned Homebuilding subsidiaries and certain other wholly-owned subsidiaries (collectively, the "Guarantors"). Such guaranties are full and unconditional. Our subsidiaries comprising the Financial Services segment along with certain other subsidiaries (collectively, the "Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries") do not guarantee the senior notes. In accordance with Rule 3-10 of Regulation S-X, supplemental consolidating financial information of the Company, including such information for the Guarantors, is presented below. Investments in subsidiaries are presented using the equity method of accounting.

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET MARCH 31, 2018 (\$000's omitted)

(¢ooo s omittee)	Unconsolida PulteGroup Inc.	, Guarantor	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminating Entries	Consolidated PulteGroup, Inc.
ASSETS					
Cash and equivalents	\$	\$103,470	\$ 47,351	<b>\$</b> —	\$ 150,821
Restricted cash		32,126	1,840	_	33,966
Total cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	_	135,596	49,191	_	184,787
House and land inventory		7,365,173	99,855	_	7,465,028
Land held for sale		69,522		_	69,522
Residential mortgage loans available-	_	_	385,453	_	385,453
for-sale		64. <b>25</b> 0	•		•
Investments in unconsolidated entities		64,270	540	_	64,810
Other assets	8,101	598,044	178,210	_	784,355
Intangible assets		137,542			137,542
Deferred tax assets, net	622,328		(7,430)		614,898
Investments in subsidiaries and intercompany accounts, net	6,815,152	243,456	7,645,565	(14,704,173 )	_
1 7	\$7,445,581	\$8,613,603	\$ 8,351,384	\$(14,704,173)	\$9,706,395
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS'	. , ,	. , ,	, , ,		. , ,
EQUITY					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable, customer deposits, accrued and other liabilities	\$68,362	\$1,648,861	\$ 264,178	\$—	\$1,981,401
Income tax liabilities	115,667		_	_	115,667
Financial Services debt			246,952	_	246,952
Notes payable	2,986,895	99,160	1,663	_	3,087,718
Total liabilities	3,170,924	1,748,021	512,793	_	5,431,738
Total shareholders' equity	4,274,657	6,865,582	7,838,591	(14,704,173)	
1 2		\$8,613,603	\$ 8,351,384	\$(14,704,173)	

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2017 (\$000's omitted)

	Unconsolid PulteGroup Inc.	, Guarantor	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminating Entries	Consolidated PulteGroup, Inc.
ASSETS	ф	Φ105.460	Ф 1 47 221	Φ.	<b>4.272</b> (02
Cash and equivalents	<b>\$</b> —	\$125,462	\$ 147,221	\$—	\$ 272,683
Restricted cash		32,339	1,146		33,485
Total cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	_	157,801	148,367	_	306,168
		7,053,087	94,043		7,147,130
House and land inventory  Land held for sale	<del></del>	68,384	94,043	_	68,384
Residential mortgage loans available-	<del></del>	00,304	_	_	00,304
for-sale	_		570,600	_	570,600
Investments in unconsolidated entities		62,415	542	_	62,957
Other assets	9,417	592,045	143,661		745,123
Intangible assets		140,992	_	_	140,992
Deferred tax assets, net	646,227	_	(932)	_	645,295
Investments in subsidiaries and intercompany accounts, net	6,661,638	284,983	7,300,127	(14,246,748 )	_
1 7	\$7,317,282	\$8,359,707	\$ 8,256,408	\$(14,246,748)	\$ 9,686,649
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Liabilities:	, ,,,	, -,,	, , , , , , , , ,	, , , , ,	, , , , , , , , ,
Accounts payable, customer deposits, accrued and other liabilities	\$89,388	\$1,636,913	\$ 274,626	\$	\$ 2,000,927
Income tax liabilities	86,925	_	_	_	86,925
Financial Services debt			437,804		437,804
Notes payable	2,986,943	16,911	3,113	_	3,006,967
Total liabilities	3,163,256	1,653,824	715,543	_	5,532,623
Total shareholders' equity	4,154,026	6,705,883	7,540,865	(14,246,748 )	4,154,026
	\$7,317,282	\$8,359,707	\$ 8,256,408	\$(14,246,748)	\$ 9,686,649

# CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the three months ended March 31, 2018 (\$000's omitted)

	Unconsolidated						Consolidate	ed	
	PulteGroup,Guarantor			Non-Guarantor Eliminating			PulteGroup	,	
	Inc.		Subsidiarie	es	Subsidiaries		Entries	Inc.	
Revenues:									
Homebuilding									
Home sale revenues	\$—		\$1,885,431	1	\$ 26,167		\$	\$1,911,598	
Land sale and other revenues	_		11,558		999			12,557	
	_		1,896,989		27,166			1,924,155	
Financial Services	_		_		45,938			45,938	
	_		1,896,989		73,104			1,970,093	
Homebuilding Cost of Revenues:									
Home sale cost of revenues	_		(1,438,347	)	(21,593	)	_	(1,459,940	)
Land sale cost of revenues	_		(10,830	)	(718	)	_	(11,548	)
	_		(1,449,177	)	(22,311	)	_	(1,471,488	)
Financial Services expenses	_		(142	)	(32,071	)	_	(32,213	)
Selling, general, and administrative			(231,418	`	(9,475			(240,893	`
expenses	_		(231,416	)	(9,473	,		(240,893	)
Other expense, net	(142	)	(7,601	)	6,435		_	(1,308	)
Intercompany interest	(1,468	)	_		1,468		_	_	
Income (loss) before income taxes and									
equity in income (loss) of	(1,610	)	208,651		17,150			224,191	
subsidiaries									
Income tax (expense) benefit	387		(49,531	)	(4,296	)		(53,440	)
Income (loss) before equity in income (loss) of subsidiaries	(1,223	)	159,120		12,854		_	170,751	
Equity in income (loss) of subsidiaries	171,974		12,564		110,671		(295,209)		
Net income (loss)	170,751		171,684		123,525			170,751	
Other comprehensive income	21							21	
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$170,772	2	\$171,684		\$ 123,525		\$(295,209)		

# PULTEGROUP, INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

# CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the three months ended March 31, 2017 (\$000's omitted)

	Unconse PulteGr Inc.		u <b>ß</b> uarantor	S	Non-Guaranto Subsidiaries	or	Eliminating Entries	Consolidate PulteGroup Inc.	
Revenues:									
Homebuilding									
Home sale revenues	<b>\$</b> —		\$1,576,645	5	\$ 8,776		<b>\$</b> —	\$1,585,421	
Land sale and other revenues			1,912		778			2,690	
			1,578,557		9,554			1,588,111	
Financial Services			_		41,767		_	41,767	
			1,578,557		51,321		_	1,629,878	
Homebuilding Cost of Revenues:									
Home sale cost of revenues			(1,209,640	)	(8,038	)	_	(1,217,678	)
Land sale cost of revenues			(2,595	)	(633	)	_	(3,228	)
	_		(1,212,235	)	(8,671	)		(1,220,906	)
Financial Services expenses	_		(139	)	(28,228	)		(28,367	)
Selling, general, and administrative	_		(217,975	)	(18,293	)	_	(236,268	)
expenses Other expense, net	(130	`	(12,888	`	7,946			(5,072	`
Intercompany interest	(335	)	(12,000	,	335			(3,072	)
Income (loss) before income taxes and	(333	,			333		<del></del>	<del></del>	
equity in income (loss) of	(465	`	135,320		4,410			139,265	
subsidiaries	(403	,	155,520		4,410			139,203	
Income tax (expense) benefit	177		(45,925	)	(1,999	)	_	(47,747	)
Income (loss) before equity in income (loss) of subsidiaries	(288	)	89,395		2,411		_	91,518	
Equity in income (loss) of subsidiaries	91,806		7,253		37,309		(136,368)	_	
Net income (loss)	91,518		96,648		39,720		(136,368)	91,518	
Other comprehensive income	21		_		_		_	21	
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$91,539	)	\$96,648		\$ 39,720		\$(136,368)	\$91,539	

# PULTEGROUP, INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

#### CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the three months ended March 31, 2018 (\$000's omitted)

	Unconsolic PulteGroup Inc.	Guarantor		Non-Guaranto Subsidiaries	or	Eliminating Entries	Consolidated PulteGroup, l	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$310,937	\$(340,357	)	\$ 198,433		\$ -	-\$ 169,013	
Cash flows from investing activities:								
Capital expenditures	_	(13,537	)	(1,891	)	_	(15,428	)
Investments in unconsolidated entities	_	(1,000	)	_			(1,000	)
Other investing activities, net	_	_		452			452	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	_	(14,537	)	(1,439	)	_	(15,976	)
Cash flows from financing activities:								
Financial Services borrowings (repayments)	_	_		(190,852	)		(190,852	)
Repayments of debt	_	_		(451	)		(451	)
Borrowings under revolving credit facility	768,000	_				_	768,000	
Repayments under revolving credit facility	(768,000)	_		_		_	(768,000	)
Stock option exercises	2,723	_		_		_	2,723	
Share repurchases	(59,491)	_		_		_	(59,491	)
Dividends paid	(26,347)	_		_		_	(26,347	)
Intercompany activities, net	(227,822)	332,689		(104,867	)			
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(310,937)	332,689		(296,170	)	_	(274,418	)
Net increase (decrease)	_	(22,205	)	(99,176	)	_	(121,381	)
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at beginning of year	_	157,801		148,367		_	306,168	
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at end of year	\$—	\$135,596		\$ 49,191		\$ -	-\$ 184,787	

# PULTEGROUP, INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

#### CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the three months ended March 31, 2017 (\$000's omitted)

	Unconsolid PulteGroup Inc.	, Guarantor		Non-Guaranto Subsidiaries	or	Eliminating Entries	Consolidated PulteGroup, I	nc.
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$(141,566)	\$ (8,041	)	\$ 189,410		\$ -	-\$ 39,803	
Cash flows from investing activities:		(0.442	`	(1.554	`		(0.006	`
Capital expenditures	_	(8,442	)	(1,554	)	_	(9,996	)
Investments in unconsolidated entities		(14,802	)				(14,802	)
Other investing activities, net		2		1,421			1,423	
Net cash provided by (used in)		(23,242	)	(133	)	_	(23,375	)
investing activities		,			,		,	,
Cash flows from financing activities:								
Financial Services borrowings (repayments)		_		(191,240	)		(191,240	)
Repayments of debt		(741	)	(326	)	_	(1,067	)
Stock option exercises	11,118	_					11,118	
Share repurchases	(105,522)						(105,522	)
Dividends paid	(29,102)	_				_	(29,102	)
Intercompany activities, net	265,072	(227,059	)	(38,013	)	_	_	
Net cash provided by (used in)	141 566	(227.000	`	(220, 570	`		(215 012	`
financing activities	141,566	(227,800	)	(229,579	)	_	(315,813	)
Net increase (decrease)	_	(259,083	)	(40,302	)		(299,385	)
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash		611,185		112,063			723,248	
at beginning of year		011,103		112,003			143,440	
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at end of year	\$—	\$ 352,102		\$ 71,761		\$ -	-\$ 423,863	

# Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Overview

Demand conditions continued to improve in the overall U.S. homebuilding market in the first quarter of 2018. Consistent with trends we have seen in recent quarters, buyer demand continues to benefit from the strength of the underlying economy, a very good jobs market with low unemployment, sustained high consumer confidence, and supportive demographics. These factors have offset the effects of increases in residential mortgage interest rates in recent months, and, combined with limited supply of new and existing homes in many U.S. markets, have contributed to growth and improvement in many of our financial and operating metrics.

Our investments have put is in a position to open new communities, which are allowing us to grow the business, as evidenced by net new order dollars increasing 18%, as compared to the prior year, and our backlog increasing by 30% to \$5.0 billion as of March 31, 2018. Consistent with our efforts to drive enhanced operational performance, we also realized improved gross margins and overhead leverage as compared to the prior year.

These favorable conditions give us confidence that we have the business well-positioned to deliver strong performance throughout 2018, continue to use our capital to support future growth, and consistently return funds to shareholders through dividends and share repurchases. The following is a summary of our operating results by line of business (\$000's omitted, except per share data):

business (\$000 s offitted, except pe	i siiaic data	<i>)</i> .		
	Three Months Ended			
	March 31,			
	2018	2017		
Income before income taxes:				
Homebuilding	\$210,358	\$125,762		
Financial Services	13,833	13,503		
Income before income taxes	224,191	139,265		
Income tax expense	(53,440 )	(47,747)		
Net income	\$170,751	\$91,518		
Per share data - assuming dilution:				
Net income	\$0.59	\$0.28		

Homebuilding income before income taxes for the three months ended March 31, 2018 increased 67% compared with the prior year period, primarily as the result of higher revenues and improved gross margins and overhead leverage. Additionally, the prior year period included \$15.0 million of expense associated with the resolution of certain insurance matters (see Note 8).

Financial Services income before income taxes remained flat for the three months ended March 31, 2018 compared with the three months ended March 31, 2017, as higher origination volumes were offset by a more competitive pricing environment.

Our effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2018 was 23.8% compared to 34.3% for the same period in 2017. The lower tax rate in 2018 resulted primarily from a reduction in the federal statutory rate from 35% in 2017 to 21% in 2018 due to the Tax Act.

#### Homebuilding Operations

The following presents selected financial information for our Homebuilding operations (\$000's omitted):

The following presents selected find				1101	incountaing v	ope	
	Three Months Ended						
	March 31,						
	2018		2018 vs. 2017		2017		
Home sale revenues	\$1,911,598	3	21	%	\$1,585,421	l	
Land sale and other revenues	12,557		367	%	2,690		
Total Homebuilding revenues	1,924,155		21	%	1,588,111		
Home sale cost of revenues (a)	(1,459,940	)	20	%	(1,217,678	)	
Land sale cost of revenues	(11,548	)	258	%	(3,228	)	
Selling, general, and administrative expenses ("SG&A") (b)	(240,893	)	2		(236,268	)	
Other expense, net	(1,416	)	(73	)%	(5,175	)	
Income before income taxes	\$210,358		67	%	\$125,762		
Supplemental data: Gross margin from home sales SG&A as a percentage of home	23.6		40 bps		23.2	%	
sale revenues	12.6	%	(230) bps		14.9	%	
Closings (units)	4,626		9	%	4,225		
Average selling price	\$413		10	%	\$375		
Net new orders (c):							
Units	6,875		12	%	6,126		
Dollars	\$2,893,552	2	18	%	\$2,446,141	l	
Cancellation rate	12	%			12	%	
Active communities at March 31	844		8	%	780		
Backlog at March 31:							
Units	11,245		21	%	9,323		
Dollars	\$4,961,018	3	30	%	\$3,802,231	l	

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes the amortization of capitalized interest.

Includes write-offs of \$15.0 million of insurance receivables associated with the resolution of certain insurance matters in the three months ended March 31, 2017 (see Note 8).

<sup>(</sup>c) New order dollars represent a composite of new order dollars combined with other movements of the dollars in backlog related to cancellations and change orders.

#### Home sale revenues

Home sale revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2018 were higher than the prior year by \$326.2 million. For the three months ended March 31, 2018, the 21% increase was attributable to a 10% increase in average selling price and a 9% increase in closings. The increase in closings reflects the significant investments we have made and the resulting increase in our active communities, combined with ongoing increases in the overall demand for new homes. The higher average selling price occurred across the majority of markets and reflects shifts in product mix, including a small shift toward move-up buyers as well as a small increase in the mix of closings in Northern California, where our average selling prices are significantly higher than the Company average.

#### Home sale gross margins

Home sale gross margins were 23.6% for the three months ended March 31, 2018, compared to 23.2% for the three months ended March 31, 2018 remain strong relative to historical levels and reflect a combination of factors, including shifts in community mix, including a small increase in the mix of closings in Northern California, favorable pricing conditions in the majority of our markets, and slightly lower amortized interest costs (1.6% for the three months ended March 31, 2018 compared to 1.7% for the same period in 2017). The supportive pricing environment that exists in many of our markets is allowing us to effectively manage ongoing pressure in house costs, particularly as it relates to the sustained high level of lumber pricing.

#### Land sales

We periodically elect to sell parcels of land to third parties in the event such assets no longer fit into our strategic operating plans or are zoned for commercial or other development. Land sale revenues and their related gains or losses vary between periods, depending on the timing of land sales and our strategic operating decisions. Land sales contributed gains of \$1.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018, compared to losses of \$0.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017.

#### SG&A

SG&A as a percentage of home sale revenues was 12.6% for the three months ended March 31, 2018, compared with 14.9% for the three months ended March 31, 2017. The gross dollar amount of our SG&A increased \$4.6 million, or 2%, for the three months ended March 31, 2018 compared to March 31, 2017. The improved overhead leverage resulted from volume efficiencies, realized cost efficiencies, and the \$15.0 million of expense incurred in the three months ended March 31, 2017 associated with the resolution of certain insurance matters (see Note 8), which increased SG&A as a percentage of home sale revenues by 90 bps.

#### Other expense, net

Other expense, net includes the following (\$000's omitted):

Three Months		
Ended		
March 31,		
2018	2017	
\$(2,609)	\$(1,655)	
(3,450	(3,450)	
564	833	
(143	(137)	
961	1,193	
	Ended March 3 2018 \$(2,609) (3,450) 564 (143)	

Miscellaneous, net	3,261	(1,959 )
Total other expense, net	\$(1,416)	\$(5,175)

#### Net new orders

Net new order units increased 12% for the three months ended March 31, 2018, compared with the same period in 2017. These increases in net new orders resulted primarily from a higher number of active communities combined with ongoing increases in the overall demand for new homes. Net new orders in dollars increased by 18% for the three months ended March 31, 2018, compared to the same period in 2017 due to the growth in units combined with a higher average selling price. The cancellation rate (canceled orders for the period divided by gross new orders for the period) remained flat at 12% for the three months ended March 31, 2018, compared to the same period in 2017. Ending backlog, which represents orders for homes that have not yet closed, increased 21% in units at March 31, 2018 compared with March 31, 2017, primarily as a result of the higher net new order volume, and 30% in dollars due to the unit increase and a higher average selling price.

#### Homes in production

The following is a summary of our homes in production at March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017:

-	March 31,	March 31,
	2018	2017
Sold	7,473	6,188
Unsold		
Under construction	1,871	1,407
Completed	610	605
	2,481	2,012
Models	1,189	1,118
Total	11,143	9,318

The number of homes in production at March 31, 2018 was 20% higher than at March 31, 2017, due primarily to the higher net new order volume and backlog. As part of our inventory management strategies, we expect to maintain reasonable inventory levels relative to demand in each of our markets.

#### Controlled lots

The following is a summary of our lots under control at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

_	March 31, 2018			December 31, 2017				
	Owned	Optioned	Controlled	Owned	Optioned	Controlled		
Northeast	5,151	5,079	10,230	5,194	5,569	10,763		
Southeast	15,617	12,106	27,723	15,404	11,085	26,489		
Florida	18,762	11,307	30,069	18,458	11,887	30,345		
Midwest	10,376	12,151	22,527	10,612	9,196	19,808		
Texas	14,135	8,825	22,960	13,923	8,320	22,243		
West	26,023	4,904	30,927	25,662	6,099	31,761		
Total	90,064	54,372	144,436	89,253	52,156	141,409		
Developed (%)	38 %	20 %	31 %	37 %	20 %	31 %		

Of our controlled lots, 90,064 and 89,253 were owned and 54,372 and 52,156 were controlled under land option agreements at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. While competition for well-positioned land is robust, we continue to pursue land investments that we believe can achieve appropriate risk-adjusted returns on invested capital. The remaining purchase price under our land option agreements totaled \$2.3 billion at March 31, 2018. These land option agreements generally may be canceled at our discretion and in certain cases extend over

several years. Our maximum exposure related to these land option agreements is generally limited to our deposits and pre-acquisition costs, which totaled \$210.9 million, of which \$11.0 million is refundable, at March 31, 2018.

#### **Homebuilding Segment Operations**

As of March 31, 2018, we conducted our operations in 45 markets located throughout 25 states. For reporting purposes, our Homebuilding operations are aggregated into six reportable segments:

Northeast: Connecticut, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Virginia

Southeast: Georgia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee

Florida: Florida

Midwest: Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Ohio

Texas: Texas

West: Arizona, California, Nevada, New Mexico, Washington

The following tables present selected financial information for our reportable Homebuilding segments:

	Operating Data by Segment (\$000's omitted)					
	Three Months Ended					
	March 31,					
		2018				
	2018	vs.	2017			
		2017				
Home sale revenues:						
Northeast	\$132,339	22 %	\$108,532			
Southeast	373,443	14 %	327,586			
Florida	341,071	9 %	314,082			
Midwest	296,895	21 %	244,412			
Texas	245,110	5 %	234,266			
West	522,740	47 %	356,543			
	\$1,911,598	21 %	\$1,585,421			
Income (loss) before income taxes:						
Northeast	\$9,312	112 %	\$4,400			
Southeast	40,457	25 %	32,366			
Florida	44,945	1 %	44,523			
Midwest	28,401	56 %	18,254			
Texas	30,536	(7)%	32,796			
West	89,205	162 %	34,084			
Other homebuilding (a)	(32,498)	20 %	(40,661)			
<u>-</u>	\$210,358	67 %	\$125,762			

Other homebuilding includes amortization of intangible assets and capitalized interest and other items not allocated (a) to the operating segments, including write-offs of \$15.0 million of insurance receivables associated with the resolution of certain insurance matters in the three months ended March 31, 2017 (see Note 8).

	Operating Data by Segment (\$000's omitted) Three Months Ended March 31,					
	2018	2018 vs. 2017	2017			
Closings (units):		2017				
Northeast	251	8 %	232			
Southeast	924	11 %				
Florida	887		832			
Midwest	767	15 %				
Texas	809	(4)%				
West	988	21 %				
	4,626		4,225			
Average selling price:						
Northeast	\$527	13 %	\$468			
Southeast	404	3 %	392			
Florida	385	2 %	378			
Midwest	387	6 %				
Texas	303	9 %	279			
West	529	21 %	436			
	\$413	10 %	\$375			
Net new orders - units:						
Northeast	448	9 %	411			
Southeast	1,259	17 %	1,077			
Florida	1,444	39 %	1,040			
Midwest	1,102	(5)%	1,162			
Texas	1,323	9 %	1,211			
West	1,299	6 %	1,225			
	6,875	12 %	6,126			
Net new orders - dollars:						
Northeast	\$234,650		\$209,136			
Southeast	523,909		424,902			
Florida	572,775		393,213			
Midwest	450,526		463,325			
Texas	404,854		345,503			
West	706,838		610,062			
	\$2,893,552	18 %	\$2,446,141			

Operating Data by
Segment (\$000's
omitted)
Three Months
Ended
March 31,
2018
2018vs. 2017

Cancellation rates: