

KOHL'S Corp
Form 10-Q
November 30, 2012

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended October 27, 2012

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____
Commission file number 1-11084

KOHL'S CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Wisconsin

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

39-1630919

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

N56 W17000 Ridgewood Drive,
Menomonee Falls, Wisconsin

(Address of principal executive offices)

53051

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code (262) 703-7000

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by a check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date: November 24, 2012 Common Stock, Par Value \$0.01 per Share, 230,010,006 shares outstanding.

Table of Contents

KOHL'S CORPORATION
INDEX

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1 Financial Statements:

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets 3

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income 4

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income 4

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity 5

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows 6

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements 7

Item 2 Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations 11

Item 3 Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk 17

Item 4 Controls and Procedures 17

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1A Risk Factors 18

Item 2 Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds 18

Item 6 Exhibits 20

Signatures 21

Table of Contents

PART I. FINANANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

KOHL'S CORPORATION
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
 (In Millions)

| | October 27, 2012 (Unaudited) | January 28, 2012 (Audited) | October 29, 2011 (Unaudited) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Assets | | | |
| Current assets: | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$550 | \$1,205 | \$760 |
| Merchandise inventories | 4,818 | 3,199 | 4,130 |
| Income taxes receivable | — | — | 105 |
| Deferred income taxes | 124 | 109 | 128 |
| Other | 281 | 299 | 257 |
| Total current assets | 5,773 | 4,812 | 5,380 |
| Property and equipment, net | 9,009 | 8,905 | 8,918 |
| Long-term investments | 90 | 153 | 158 |
| Other assets | 256 | 261 | 263 |
| Total assets | \$15,128 | \$14,131 | \$14,719 |
| Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$2,429 | \$1,233 | \$2,080 |
| Accrued liabilities | 1,094 | 1,130 | 1,025 |
| Income taxes payable | 48 | 133 | — |
| Current portion of capital lease and financing obligations | 100 | 94 | 95 |
| Total current liabilities | 3,671 | 2,590 | 3,200 |
| Long-term debt | 2,492 | 2,141 | 2,141 |
| Capital lease and financing obligations | 1,986 | 2,009 | 2,003 |
| Deferred income taxes | 395 | 423 | 445 |
| Other long-term liabilities | 478 | 460 | 459 |
| Shareholders' equity: | | | |
| Common stock | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Paid-in capital | 2,423 | 2,339 | 2,313 |
| Treasury stock, at cost | (6,848) | (5,977) | (5,597) |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss | (48) | (53) | (52) |
| Retained earnings | 10,575 | 10,195 | 9,803 |
| Total shareholders' equity | 6,106 | 6,508 | 6,471 |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | \$15,128 | \$14,131 | \$14,719 |
| See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | | | |

Table of Contents

KOHL'S CORPORATION
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
 (Unaudited)
 (In Millions, Except per Share Data)

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | October 27, 2012 | October 29, 2011 | October 27, 2012 | October 29, 2011 |
| Net sales | \$4,490 | \$4,376 | \$12,937 | \$12,786 |
| Cost of merchandise sold (exclusive of depreciation shown separately below) | 2,778 | 2,688 | 8,059 | 7,784 |
| Gross margin | 1,712 | 1,688 | 4,878 | 5,002 |
| Operating expenses: | | | | |
| Selling, general, and administrative | 1,077 | 1,071 | 3,055 | 3,066 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 210 | 202 | 620 | 583 |
| Operating income | 425 | 415 | 1,203 | 1,353 |
| Interest expense, net | 80 | 75 | 243 | 223 |
| Income before income taxes | 345 | 340 | 960 | 1,130 |
| Provision for income taxes | 130 | 129 | 351 | 419 |
| Net income | \$215 | \$211 | \$609 | \$711 |
| Net income per share: | | | | |
| Basic: | | | | |
| Basic | \$0.92 | \$0.80 | \$2.56 | \$2.58 |
| Average number of shares | 233 | 264 | 238 | 276 |
| Diluted: | | | | |
| Diluted | \$0.91 | \$0.80 | \$2.54 | \$2.56 |
| Average number of shares | 235 | 265 | 240 | 278 |
| Dividends declared and paid per share | \$0.32 | \$0.25 | \$0.96 | \$0.75 |

KOHL'S CORPORATION
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF
 COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
 (Unaudited)
 (In Millions)

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | October 27, 2012 | October 29, 2011 | October 27, 2012 | October 29, 2011 |
| Net income | \$215 | \$211 | \$609 | \$711 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax: | | | | |
| Unrealized gains (losses) on investments | 3 | (2) | 3 | 15 |
| Interest rate derivatives: | | | | |
| Unrealized loss arising during period | — | (15) | — | (30) |
| Reclassification adjustment for interest expense included in net income | 1 | — | 2 | — |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) | 4 | (17) | 5 | (15) |
| Comprehensive income | \$219 | \$194 | \$614 | \$696 |
| See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | | | | |

Table of Contents

KOHL'S CORPORATION

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(Unaudited)

(In Millions, Except per Share Data)

| | Common Stock | | Paid-In | Treasury Stock | | Accumulated | Retained | Total |
|------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------|---------|----------------|------------|----------------------------------|-----------|---------|
| | Shares | Amount | Capital | Shares | Amount | Other Comprehensive Income | Earnings | |
| Balance at January 28, 2012 | 358 | \$4 | \$2,339 | (111) | \$(5,977) | \$ (53) | \$ 10,195 | \$6,508 |
| Comprehensive income | | | | | | 5 | 609 | 614 |
| Stock options and awards | 2 | — | 90 | | — | — | — | 90 |
| Net income tax impact from exercise of stock options | — | — | (6) | | — | — | — | (6) |
| Dividends paid (\$0.96 per share) | — | — | — | | 2 | — | (229) | (227) |
| Treasury stock purchases | — | — | — | (18) | (873) | — | — | (873) |
| Balance at October 27, 2012 | 360 | \$4 | \$2,423 | (129) | \$(6,848) | \$ (48) | \$ 10,575 | \$6,106 |

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Table of Contents

KOHL'S CORPORATION
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)
(In Millions)

| | Nine Months Ended | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | October 27, 2012 | October 29, 2011 |
| Operating activities | | |
| Net income | \$609 | \$711 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 620 | 583 |
| Share-based compensation | 37 | 43 |
| Excess tax benefits from share-based compensation | (3 |) (2 |
| Deferred income taxes | (46 |) 146 |
| Other non-cash revenues and expenses | 26 | 19 |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | |
| Merchandise inventories | (1,613 |) (1,091 |
| Other current and long-term assets | 30 | (1 |
| Accounts payable | 1,196 | 942 |
| Accrued and other long-term liabilities | (62 |) (16 |
| Income taxes | (91 |) (238 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 703 | 1,096 |
| Investing activities | | |
| Acquisition of property and equipment | (641 |) (755 |
| Sales of investments in auction rate securities | 68 | 143 |
| Other | 5 | (20 |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (568 |) (632 |
| Financing activities | | |
| Treasury stock purchases | (883 |) (1,956 |
| Dividends paid | (227 |) (207 |
| Proceeds from issuance of debt | 350 | 646 |
| Deferred financing costs | (3 |) (8 |
| Interest rate hedge payment | — | (48 |
| Long-term debt payments | — | (400 |
| Proceeds from financing obligations | 7 | 12 |
| Capital lease and financing obligation payments | (87 |) (69 |
| Proceeds from stock option exercises | 50 | 47 |
| Excess tax benefits from share-based compensation | 3 | 2 |
| Net cash used in financing activities | (790 |) (1,981 |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents | (655 |) (1,517 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 1,205 | 2,277 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$550 | \$760 |
| Supplemental information: | | |
| Interest paid, net of capitalized interest | \$207 | \$205 |
| Income taxes paid | 490 | 512 |
| Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities | | |
| Property and equipment acquired through capital lease and financing obligations | \$60 | \$57 |
| See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | | |

Table of Contents

KOHL'S CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for fiscal year end financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. For further information, refer to the financial statements and related footnotes included in our Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 28, 2012 (Commission File No. 1-11084) as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 16, 2012.

Due to the seasonality of our business, results for any quarter are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be achieved for a full fiscal year. In addition, quarterly results of operations may be impacted by the timing and amount of sales and costs associated with the opening of new stores.

We operate as a single business unit.

We have corrected the presentation of \$37 million of short-term deferred tax assets that were recorded as long-term deferred tax liabilities as of both January 28, 2012 and October 29, 2011.

2. Debt

Long-term debt consists of the following non-callable and unsecured senior debt:

| Maturing | October 27, 2012 | | January 28, 2012 | | October 29, 2011 | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|------------------|--------------|------------------|--------------|
| | Effective Rate | Out-standing | Effective Rate | Out-standing | Effective Rate | Out-standing |
| | (Dollars in Millions) | | | | | |
| 2017 | 6.31 | % \$650 | 6.31 | % \$650 | 6.31 | % \$650 |
| 2021 | 4.81 | % 650 | 4.81 | % 650 | 4.81 | % 650 |
| 2023 | 3.25 | % 350 | — | — | — | — |
| 2029 | 7.36 | % 200 | 7.36 | % 200 | 7.36 | % 200 |
| 2033 | 6.05 | % 300 | 6.05 | % 300 | 6.05 | % 300 |
| 2037 | 6.89 | % 350 | 6.89 | % 350 | 6.89 | % 350 |
| Total senior debt | 5.63 | % 2,500 | 6.01 | % 2,150 | 6.01 | % 2,150 |
| Unamortized debt discount | | (8) | | (9) | | (9) |
| Long-term debt | | \$2,492 | | \$2,141 | | \$2,141 |

In September 2012, we issued \$350 million of 3.25% notes with semi-annual interest payments beginning February 2013. The notes mature on February 1, 2023.

Table of Contents

3. Fair Value Measurements

ASC No. 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures," requires fair value measurements be classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

Level 1: Financial instruments with unadjusted, quoted prices listed on active market exchanges.

Level 2: Financial instruments lacking unadjusted, quoted prices from active market exchanges, including over-the-counter traded financial instruments. The prices for the financial instruments are determined using prices for recently traded financial instruments with similar underlying terms as well as directly or indirectly observable inputs, such as interest rates and yield curves that are observable at commonly quoted intervals.

Level 3: Financial instruments that are not actively traded on a market exchange. This category includes situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the financial instrument. The prices are determined using significant unobservable inputs or valuation techniques.

Our cash and cash equivalents are classified as a Level 1 pricing category. The carrying value of our cash and cash equivalents approximates fair value because maturities are three months or less.

Our long-term investments consist primarily of investments in auction rate securities ("ARS"). The par value of our long-term investments was \$124 million as of October 27, 2012, \$193 million as of January 28, 2012 and \$195 million as of October 29, 2011. The estimated fair value of these securities was \$90 million as of October 27, 2012, \$153 million as of January 28, 2012 and \$158 million as of October 29, 2011.

All ARS are classified as a Level 3 pricing category. The fair value for our ARS were based on third-party pricing models which utilized a discounted cash flow model for each of the securities as there was no recent activity in the secondary markets in these types of securities. This model used a combination of observable inputs which were developed using publicly available market data obtained from independent sources and unobservable inputs that reflect our own estimates of the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the investments. Observable inputs include interest rate currently being paid, maturity and credit ratings.

Unobservable inputs include expected redemption date and discount rate. We assumed a seven-year redemption period in valuing our ARS. We intend to hold our ARS until maturity or until we can liquidate them at par value. Based on our other sources of income, we do not believe we will be required to sell them before recovery of par value. In some cases, holding the security until recovery may mean until maturity, which ranges from 2016 to 2041. The weighted-average maturity date is 2034. The discount rate was calculated using the closest match available for other insured asset backed securities. Discount rates ranged from 2.91% to 13.41%. The weighted-average discount rate was 7.72%. A market failure scenario was employed as recent successful auctions of these securities were very limited.

Assuming a longer redemption period and a higher discount rate would result in a lower fair market value. Similarly, assuming a shorter redemption period and a lower discount rate would result in a higher fair market value.

The following table presents a rollforward of our long-term investments:

| | Nine Months Ended | |
|------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | October 27, 2012 | October 29, 2011 |
| | (In Millions) | |
| Balance at beginning of year | \$ 153 | \$ 277 |
| Sales | (68 |) (143 |
| Unrealized gains | 5 | 24 |
| Balance at end of quarter | \$ 90 | \$ 158 |

Our senior debt is classified as a Level 1 pricing category and had an estimated fair market value of \$2.9 billion at October 27, 2012, \$2.4 billion at January 28, 2012 and \$2.5 billion at October 29, 2011.

Table of Contents

4. Share-Based Compensation

We currently grant share-based compensation, including options to purchase shares of our common stock and nonvested stock to employees and outside directors, pursuant to the Kohl's Corporation 2010 Long-Term Compensation Plan. Annual grants of stock options and nonvested stock are generally made to eligible employees in the first quarter of the fiscal year. Grants to newly-hired and promoted employees and other discretionary grants are made periodically throughout the remainder of the year. Grants of stock options and nonvested stock are generally made to eligible outside directors upon their initial election to the Board of Directors and annually upon each such director's re-election.

The Black-Scholes option valuation model was used to estimate the fair value of each option award during the first nine months of the respective fiscal year based on the following assumptions:

| | | |
|-------------------------------------------|---------|---------|
| | 2012 | 2011 |
| Dividend yield | 2.6% | 1.8% |
| Volatility | 33.7% | 33.0% |
| Risk-free interest rate | 1.0% | 2.1% |
| Expected life in years | 5.5 | 5.5 |
| Weighted average fair value at grant date | \$11.84 | \$14.60 |

The following table summarizes our stock option activity for the first nine months of 2012 and 2011:

| | 2012 | | 2011 | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------------------------------|
| | Shares | Weighted Average Exercise Price | Shares | Weighted Average Exercise Price |
| | (Shares in Thousands) | | | |
| Balance at beginning of year | 16,564 | \$53.41 | 17,869 | \$53.17 |
| Granted | 1,387 | 49.15 | 1,008 | 52.61 |
| Exercised | (1,218) |) 40.17 | (1,098) |) 43.20 |
| Forfeited/expired | (832) |) 60.80 | (854) |) 62.27 |
| Balance at end of quarter | 15,901 | \$53.66 | 16,925 | \$53.32 |

The following table summarizes our nonvested stock activity for the first nine months of 2012 and 2011:

| | 2012 | | 2011 | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------------|--------|----------------------------------------|
| | Shares | Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value | Shares | Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value |
| | (Shares in Thousands) | | | |
| Balance at beginning of year | 1,946 | \$51.11 | 1,116 | \$49.30 |
| Granted | 1,001 | 49.00 | 1,175 | 52.35 |
| Vested | (482) |) 49.89 | (283) |) 49.61 |
| Forfeited | (149) |) 49.93 | (37) |) 51.35 |
| Balance at end of quarter | 2,316 | \$50.53 | 1,971 | \$51.04 |

Share-based compensation expense for both stock options and nonvested stock awards totaled \$13 million for the three months ended October 27, 2012, \$14 million for the three months ended October 29, 2011, \$37 million for the nine months ended October 27, 2012 and \$43 million for the nine months ended October 29, 2011. At October 27, 2012, we had approximately \$169 million of unrecognized share-based compensation expense (before forfeitures and capitalization), which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 3.4 years.

Table of Contents

5. Contingencies

We are involved in various legal matters arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of management, the outcome of such proceedings and litigation will not have a material adverse impact on our consolidated financial statements.

6. Net Income Per Share

The calculations of the numerator and denominator for basic and diluted net income per share are summarized as follows:

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|-------------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | October 27, 2012 | October 29, 2011 | October 27, 2012 | October 29, 2011 |
| | (In Millions) | | | |
| Numerator—Net income | \$215 | \$211 | \$609 | \$711 |
| Denominator—Weighted average shares: | | | | |
| Basic | 233 | 264 | 238 | 276 |
| Impact of dilutive employee stock options | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Diluted | 235 | 265 | 240 | 278 |
| Antidilutive shares | 9 | 12 | 13 | 10 |

Table of Contents

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

For purposes of the following discussion, all references to "the quarter" and "the third quarter" are for the 13-week fiscal periods ended October 27, 2012 and October 29, 2011 and all references to "year to date" are for the 39-week fiscal periods ended October 27, 2012 and October 29, 2011.

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and the related notes included elsewhere in this report, as well as the financial and other information included in our 2011 Annual Report on Form 10-K (our "2011 Form 10-K"). The following discussion may contain forward-looking statements that reflect our plans, estimates and beliefs. Our actual results could materially differ from those discussed in these forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause or contribute to those differences include, but are not limited to, those discussed elsewhere in this report and in our 2011 Form 10-K (particularly in "Risk Factors").

Executive Summary

Net income was \$215 million (\$0.91 per diluted share) for the quarter compared to \$211 million (\$0.80 per diluted share) in the prior year quarter. Year to date, net income was \$609 million (\$2.54 per diluted share) in 2012 compared to \$711 million (\$2.56 per diluted share) in 2011.

Total sales for the third quarter were \$4.5 billion this year, an increase of 2.6% over the third quarter of 2011. Year to date, total sales were \$12.9 billion, an increase of 1.2% over last year. Comparable store sales increased 1.1% for the quarter and decreased 0.5% year to date. For the quarter, the increase in comparable store sales was driven by higher average unit retail and units per transaction, partially offset by fewer transactions. The decrease in comparable store sales for the year reflects lower units per transaction and fewer transactions, partially offset by higher average unit retail. E-Commerce sales increased 49.6% for the quarter and 41.0% year to date.

Gross margin as a percent of net sales decreased 44 basis points from the third quarter of 2011 and 143 basis points from the first nine months of 2011 as we focused on improving value for our customer during the current year. Selling, general and administrative expenses as a percent of net sales improved, or "leveraged," in both periods. Stores, especially payroll, provided the most significant leverage. Advertising and corporate expenses also leveraged for the quarter.

We operated 1,146 stores as of October 27, 2012 and 1,127 stores as of October 29, 2011. Selling square footage was 83 million at October 27, 2012 and 81 million at October 29, 2011. We opened 21 new stores, including one relocated store, and closed one store during the first nine months of 2012. We plan to open 12 stores in 2013 including nine stores in the Spring and three in the Fall. Substantially all of the new stores will be "small" stores with less than 64,000 square feet of retail space. We remodeled 50 stores this year and expect to remodel 30 stores in 2013. We have temporarily reduced our remodel program until we have final results from tests we are doing in our home and beauty areas. We will make changes to our remodels based on the results of these tests and expect to accelerate our remodel program back to a normalized run rate of 100 stores per year in 2014.

Results of Operations

Net Sales

Net sales increased 2.6% from \$4.4 billion in the third quarter of 2011 to \$4.5 billion in the third quarter of 2012. Year to date, net sales increased 1.2% from \$12.8 billion for the first nine months of 2011 to \$12.9 billion for the first nine months of 2012. On a comparable store basis, sales increased 1.1% for the quarter and decreased 0.5% year to date.

We define comparable store sales as sales from stores (including relocated and remodeled stores) open throughout the full current and prior fiscal periods and from E-Commerce.

The sales changes were due to the following:

| | Quarter (Dollars in millions) | | Year to Date | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|-------|--------------|-------|----|
| | \$ | % | \$ | % | |
| Comparable store sales: | | | | | |
| Stores | \$(50) | (1.2) | \$(285) | (2.4) |)% |
| E-Commerce | 98 | 49.6 | 228 | 41.0 | |
| Total | 48 | 1.1 | (57) | (0.5) |) |
| Sales from new stores | 66 | — | 208 | — | |

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| | | | | | | |
|-----------|-------|-----|---|-------|-----|---|
| Net sales | \$114 | 2.6 | % | \$151 | 1.2 | % |
|-----------|-------|-----|---|-------|-----|---|

11

Table of Contents

Drivers of the changes in comparable store sales were as follows:

| | Quarter | Year to Date | |
|---------------------------|---------|--------------|----|
| Average unit retail | 0.6 | % 3.9 | % |
| Units per transaction | 1.0 | (2.2 |) |
| Average transaction value | 1.6 | 1.7 | |
| Number of transactions | (0.5 |) (2.2 |) |
| Comparable store sales | 1.1 | % (0.5 |)% |

The increases in average unit retail are the result of changes in our pricing strategy. During the Fall of 2011, we increased our prices as we passed higher apparel costs on to our customers. During 2012, we reduced our prices, but they remained higher than 2011. Year to date, units per transaction and number of transactions declined in part due to insufficient inventory levels in the first several months of the year to meet the sales demand which resulted from the price reductions.

By line of business, Men's, Footwear, and Children's all outperformed the company average for the quarter. Footwear was the strongest category led by athletic shoes. Men's had strong sales in casual sportswear and pants, basics and active wear. Toys was the strongest category in the Children's business. Home reported slightly higher comparable store sales on strength in bedding, electrics and bath. In the Women's business, active, contemporary and classic sportswear and intimates reported the strongest sales growth. As we expected, the juniors' business was again challenging. In Accessories, sterling silver jewelry was the strongest category, while handbags, small leather accessories and bath and beauty also outperformed the company.

Year-to-date, Men's was the strongest line of business and was led by basics and casual sportswear and pants. Footwear also reported an increase in year-to-date comparable store sales on increases in both women's and athletic shoes. Accessories were essentially flat and were led by sterling silver. Women's, Home and Children's reported low single-digit comparable store sales declines. Women's had strength in active and fitness apparel and contemporary sportswear. Juniors was challenging. In Children's, toys was the strongest category. Bath and bedding were the strongest Home categories.

From a regional perspective, all regions were slightly positive to slightly negative for the quarter with no significant variations between the regions. The South Central region was the strongest region. Year to date, the Midwest and South Central reported the strongest comparable store sales with slightly positive increases. Comparable stores sales in the Northeast, Mid-Atlantic, Southeast and West regions declined low single-digits year to date.

Private and exclusive brand penetration increased approximately 150 basis points to 53% of sales for the quarter and approximately 220 basis points to 54% year to date. Most of the penetration increase was a result of new exclusive brands which include Jennifer Lopez, Marc Anthony, Princess Vera Wang and Rock & Republic. FILA Sport, Lauren Conrad, and Chaps also generated notably higher penetration for the quarter.

E-Commerce sales increased approximately 50% for the quarter to \$295 million and 41% to \$782 million year to date. The sales growth is primarily due to an increase in the number of on-line transactions. The increases are the result of our investments in this business including digital marketing to drive traffic to the site and the availability of additional merchandise offerings.

Gross Margin

| (Dollars in Millions) | 2012 | 2011 | Increase/(Decrease) | | |
|------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------------------|------|----|
| Quarter | \$ | \$ | \$ | % | % |
| Quarter | \$1,712 | \$1,688 | \$24 | 1 | % |
| Year to date | 4,878 | 5,002 | (124 |) (2 |)% |
| Gross margin as a percent of sales | | | | | |
| Quarter | 38.1 | % 38.6 | % | | |

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Year to date 37.7 % 39.1 %

Gross margin includes the total cost of products sold, including product development costs, net of vendor payments other than reimbursement of specific, incremental and identifiable costs; inventory shrink; markdowns; freight expenses associated with moving merchandise from our vendors to our distribution centers; shipping and handling expenses of E-Commerce sales; and terms cash discount. Our gross margin may not be comparable with that of other retailers because we include distribution

12

Table of Contents

center costs in selling, general and administrative expenses while other retailers may include these expenses in cost of merchandise sold.

The following table summarizes the changes in gross margin as a percent of sales:

| | Quarter | | Year to Date | |
|-----------------------------|---------|----|--------------|----|
| 2011 Gross Margin | 38.57 | % | 39.13 | % |
| Increase (decrease) due to: | | | | |
| Merchandise Margin: | | | | |
| Stores | (0.32 |)% | (1.29 |)% |
| E-Commerce | 0.05 | % | 0.04 | % |
| E-Commerce shipping | (0.17 |)% | (0.17 |)% |
| Total Decrease | (0.44 |)% | (1.42 |)% |
| 2012 Gross Margin | 38.13 | % | 37.71 | % |

The decreases in store merchandise margin reflect higher apparel costs, especially in the first six months of 2012, which were only partially offset by higher selling prices. The decreases in gross margin attributable to E-Commerce shipping reflect larger shipping losses as well as growth in this business.

The following table summarizes gross margin by channel:

| | Quarter | | | Year to Date | | |
|---------------------|---------|------|-------------------------|--------------|------|-------------------------|
| | Stores | | E-Commerce Total Kohl's | Stores | | E-Commerce Total Kohl's |
| 2012 | | | | | | |
| Merchandise margin | 38.7 | % | 39.6 | % | 38.7 | % |
| Shipping impact | — | | (9.1 |)% | (0.6 |)% |
| Gross margin | 38.7 | % | 30.5 | % | 38.1 | % |
| 2011 | | | | | | |
| Merchandise margin | 39.0 | % | 39.2 | % | 39.0 | % |
| Shipping impact | — | | (9.7 |)% | (0.4 |)% |
| Gross margin | 39.0 | % | 29.5 | % | 38.6 | % |
| Increase (Decrease) | | | | | | |
| Merchandise margin | (32 |) | 45 |) bp | (27 |) bp |
| Shipping impact | — | | 53 |) bp | (17 |) bp |
| Gross margin | (32 |) bp | 98 |) bp | (44 |) bp |

E-Commerce decreased our gross margin rate by approximately 60 basis points for both the quarter and year to date periods in 2012. This business currently has a lower gross margin than our stores due to the mix of products sold on-line and free or related shipping promotions. As our E-Commerce business grows, it also has a more significant impact on our overall gross margin results.

Table of Contents

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

| (Dollars in Millions) | 2012 | 2011 | Increase / (Decrease) | | |
|--------------------------------|---------|---------|-----------------------|--------|----|
| | | | \$ | % | |
| Quarter | \$1,077 | \$1,071 | \$6 | 0.6 | % |
| Year to date | 3,055 | 3,066 | (11 |) (0.4 |)% |
| SG&A as a percent of net sales | | | | | |
| Quarter | 24.0 | % 24.5 | % | | |
| Year to date | 23.6 | % 24.0 | % | | |

Selling, general and administrative expenses (“SG&A”) include compensation and benefit costs (including stores, headquarters, buying and merchandising and distribution centers); rent expense and other occupancy and operating costs of our retail, distribution and corporate facilities; freight expenses associated with moving merchandise from our distribution centers to our retail stores and among distribution and retail facilities; advertising expenses, offset by vendor payments for reimbursement of specific, incremental and identifiable costs; net revenues from our Kohl’s credit card operations; and other administrative costs. SG&A also includes the costs incurred prior to new store openings, such as advertising, hiring and training costs for new employees, processing and transporting initial merchandise, and rent expense. We do not include depreciation and amortization in SG&A. The classification of these expenses varies across the retail industry.

Store payroll expenses as a percent of sales decreased, or “leveraged,” during both periods due to continued implementation of electronic signs and strong payroll management. Fixed costs generally were flat as a percentage of sales during both periods. Corporate operations reported significant leverage in both periods, primarily due to lower incentive costs. Remodel costs were also lower in the year-to-date period as we remodeled 50 stores this year and 100 stores last year.

Distribution centers did not leverage in either period due to growth in our E-Commerce business. Information technology costs also did not leverage due to continued investments in our technology infrastructure.

Net revenues from our credit card operations decreased \$1 million for the quarter and increased \$30 million year to date. Higher average receivables contributed to higher revenues in both periods. Year to date, a more favorable revenue sharing percentage pursuant to the current Capital One program agreement also contributed to the increase in net credit card revenues. Offsetting these increases in both periods were higher costs associated with a new credit card servicing platform.

Advertising leveraged for the quarter, but not year to date. The decrease in the quarter is primarily due to incremental spending in 2011 to support the Jennifer Lopez and Marc Anthony brand launches.

Depreciation and Amortization

| (Dollars in Millions) | 2012 | 2011 | Increase | | |
|-----------------------|-------|-------|----------|---|---|
| | | | \$ | % | |
| Quarter | \$210 | \$202 | \$8 | 4 | % |
| Year to date | 620 | 583 | 37 | 6 | % |

Amortization of computer hardware and software costs contributed to the increase in both periods. Depreciation related to new and remodeled stores also contributed to the year-to-date increase.

Operating Income

| (Dollars in Millions) | 2012 | 2011 | Increase (Decrease) | | |
|----------------------------------------|-------|--------|---------------------|-------|----|
| | | | \$ | % | |
| Quarter | \$425 | \$415 | \$10 | 2 | % |
| Year to date | 1,203 | 1,353 | (150 |) (11 |)% |
| Operating income as a percent of sales | | | | | |
| Quarter | 9.5 | % 9.5 | % | | |
| Year to date | 9.3 | % 10.6 | % | | |

As a result of the above factors, operating income as a percent of net sales decreased approximately 10 basis points for the quarter and 130 basis points year to date.

Table of Contents

Interest Expense, Net

| (Dollars in Millions) | 2012 | 2011 | Increase | | |
|-----------------------|------|------|----------|---|---|
| | | | \$ | % | |
| Quarter | \$80 | \$75 | \$5 | 7 | % |
| Year to date | 243 | 223 | 20 | 9 | % |

The increase in interest expense is primarily due to the \$650 million of long-term debt issued in October 2011.

Provision for Income Taxes

| (Dollars in Millions) | 2012 | 2011 | Increase (Decrease) | | |
|-----------------------|-------|-------|---------------------|-------|----|
| | | | \$ | % | |
| Quarter | \$130 | \$129 | \$1 | 1 | % |
| Year to date | 351 | 419 | (68 |) (16 |)% |

Our effective tax rate was 37.8% for the three months ended both October 27, 2012 and October 29, 2011, 36.6% for the nine months ended October 27, 2012 and 37.1% for the nine months ended October 29, 2011. The decrease in the year-to-date rate was primarily due to favorable settlements of state tax audits in the first six months of the year.

Seasonality and Inflation

Our business, like that of most retailers, is subject to seasonal influences, with the major portion of sales and income typically realized during the second half of each fiscal year, which includes the back-to-school and holiday seasons. Approximately 15% of annual sales typically occur during the back-to-school season and 30% during the holiday season. Because of the seasonality of our business, results for any quarter are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be achieved for a full fiscal year. In addition, quarterly results of operations are impacted by the timing and amount of sales and costs associated with the opening of new stores.

Although we expect that our operations will be influenced by general economic conditions affecting consumers, including rising food, fuel and energy prices, we do not believe that inflation has had a material effect on our results of operations. However, there can be no assurance that our business will not be affected by such factors in the future. We experienced 10-15% increases in apparel costs in 2011. In 2012, we saw modest increases in apparel costs in the first six months and mid-single-digit decreases in the last six months of the year.

Financial Condition and Liquidity

Our primary ongoing cash requirements are for capital expenditures in connection with our expansion and remodeling programs and seasonal and new store inventory purchases. Share repurchases and dividend payments to shareholders are currently another significant usage of cash. These payments are discretionary and can be discontinued at any time should we require cash for other uses. Our primary sources of funds for our business activities are cash flow provided by operations, short-term trade credit and our lines of credit. Short-term trade credit, in the form of extended payment terms for inventory purchases, often represents a significant source of financing for merchandise inventories. Seasonal cash needs to purchase inventory for the November and December holiday selling season may be met by cash on hand and/or the line of credit available under our revolving credit facility.

Table of Contents

| (Dollars in Millions) | 2012 | 2011 | Increase (Decrease) in Cash | |
|---------------------------------|-------|---------|--------------------------------|-------|
| | | | \$ | % |
| Net cash provided by (used in): | | | | |
| Operating activities | \$703 | \$1,096 | \$(393) | (36)% |
| Investing activities | (568) | (632) | 64 | 10% |
| Financing activities | (790) | (1,981) | 1,191 | 60% |

Operating Activities. Operating activities generated \$703 million of cash in 2012, compared to \$1.1 billion in 2011.

The decrease in cash provided by operating activities was primarily due to increased inventory purchases in 2012.

Merchandise inventory, excluding E-Commerce, increased 13% to \$4.0 million per store as of October 27, 2012 compared to \$3.5 million per store as of October 29, 2011. Inventory units per store, excluding E-Commerce, as of October 2012 were 14% higher than October 2011 and 3% higher than October 2010, as we increased inventory during 2012 to more normalized levels. Accounts payable as a percent of inventory of 50.5% at October 27, 2012 was comparable to 50.4% at October 29, 2011.

Investing Activities. Net cash used in investing activities reflects a \$114 million decrease in capital spending primarily due to lower spending on remodels and new stores, partially offset by higher technology spending. Lower capital spending was offset by a \$75 million decrease in proceeds from auction rate security sales. We expect capital spending of approximately \$800 million in fiscal 2012.

Financing Activities. Financing activities used cash of \$790 million in 2012 and \$2.0 billion in 2011.

We paid cash for treasury stock purchases settled during the first nine months of 2012 of \$883 million and \$2.0 billion in the first nine months of 2011. The shares were purchased as part of our share repurchase program. In November 2012, our Board of Directors increased the share repurchase authorization under our existing share repurchase program by \$3.2 billion, to \$3.5 billion. We expect to repurchase shares in open market transactions, subject to market conditions, over the next three years.

We repaid long-term debt of \$300 million in March 2011 and \$100 million in October 2011. In October 2011, we issued \$650 million of 4.00% notes with semi-annual interest payments beginning in May 2012. In September 2012, we issued \$350 million of 3.25% notes with semi-annual interest payments beginning in February 2013.

Year to date, we paid cash dividends of \$227 million, or \$0.96 per common share, in 2012 and \$207 million, or \$0.75 per common share in 2011. On November 7, 2012, our board of directors declared a quarterly dividend of \$0.32 per common share. The dividend is payable December 26, 2012 to shareholders of record at the close of business on December 5, 2012.

Key Financial Ratios. Key financial ratios that provide certain measures of our liquidity are as follows:

| | October 27, 2012 | January 28, 2012 | October 29, 2011 | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---|
| Working capital (In Millions) | \$2,102 | \$2,222 | \$2,180 | |
| Current ratio | 1.57:1 | 1.86:1 | 1.67:1 | |
| Debt/capitalization | 42.8 | % 39.5 | % 39.6 | % |

The decrease in working capital and the current ratio as of October 27, 2012 compared to October 29, 2011 reflects higher accounts payable and tax liabilities and lower cash due to share repurchases which were substantially offset by higher inventory levels. The increase in the debt/capitalization ratio reflects the issuance of \$350 million of debt in September 2012 and lower capitalization, primarily due to share repurchases.

Table of Contents

Debt Covenant Compliance. As of October 27, 2012, we were in compliance with all debt covenants and expect to remain in compliance during fiscal 2012.

| | |
|-------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Dollars in Millions) |
| Total Debt | \$4,586 |
| Permitted Exclusions | (8) |
| Subtotal | 4,578 |
| Rent x 8 | 2,150 |
| Included Indebtedness (A) | \$6,728 |
| Net Worth | 6,106 |
| Investments (accounted for under equity method) | — |
| Subtotal | 6,106 |
| Included Indebtedness | 6,728 |
| Capitalization (B) | \$12,834 |
| Leverage Ratio (A/B) | 0.52 |
| Maximum permitted Leverage Ratio | 0.70 |

Free Cash Flow. We generated free cash flow of \$(18) million in 2012 compared to \$284 million in 2011. The decrease is primarily due to higher inventory levels, as we increased inventory during 2012 to more normalized levels, which exceeded the related increase in accounts payable. Free cash flow is a non-GAAP financial measure which we define as net cash provided by operating activities and proceeds from financing obligations (which generally represent landlord reimbursements of construction costs) less capital expenditures and capital lease and financing obligations. Free cash flow should be evaluated in addition to, and not considered a substitute for, other financial measures such as net income and cash flow provided by operations. We believe that free cash flow represents our ability to generate additional cash flow from our business operations.

The following table reconciles net cash provided by operating activities, a GAAP measure, to free cash flow, a non-GAAP measure.

| (In Millions) | 2012 | 2011 | Increase (Decrease) |
|-------------------------------------------------|-------|---------|------------------------|
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$703 | \$1,096 | \$(393) |
| Acquisition of property and equipment | (641 |) (755 |) 114 |
| Capital lease and financing obligation payments | (87 |) (69 |) (18) |
| Proceeds from financing obligations | 7 | 12 | (5) |
| Free cash flow | \$(18 |) \$284 | \$(302) |

Contractual Obligations

There have been no significant changes in the contractual obligations disclosed in our 2011 Form 10-K.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have not provided any financial guarantees as of October 27, 2012. We have not created, and are not party to, any special-purpose or off-balance sheet entities for the purpose of raising capital, incurring debt or operating our business. We do not have any arrangements or relationships with entities that are not consolidated into our financial statements that are reasonably likely to materially affect our liquidity or the availability of capital resources.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts. Management has discussed the development, selection and disclosure of its estimates and assumptions with the Audit Committee of our Board of

Directors. There have been no significant changes in the critical accounting policies and estimates discussed in our 2011 Form 10-K.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

There have been no significant changes in the market risks described in our 2011 Form 10-K.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

(a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (the "Evaluation") at a reasonable assurance level as of the last day of the period covered by this Report.

Based upon the Evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective at a reasonable assurance level. Disclosure controls and procedures are defined by Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") as controls and other procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified by the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

It should be noted that the design of any system of controls is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving our stated goals under all potential future conditions, regardless of how remote.

(b) Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

During the quarter ended July 30, 2011, we identified a material weakness in our controls over the accounting for leases. The principal factor that contributed to this material weakness was the misinterpretation of complex accounting

Table of Contents

standards related to leases where we, as the lessee, are involved in asset construction pursuant to ASC 840, “Leases.” This material weakness resulted in a number of errors in our accounting for leases and contributed to the restatement in September 2011 of our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended April 30, 2011 and our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 29, 2011.

To remediate this material weakness, we implemented remedial measures including a review of all of our leases to correct instances where we were not complying with generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”). In addition, we developed updated procedures to reflect the technical guidance for lease accounting and instituted additional management review to confirm the proper implementation of accounting standards going forward.

During August 2012, we performed the testing necessary to determine that the material weakness related to these controls has been remediated. There were no other changes in our internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect such controls.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no significant changes in our risk factors from those described in our 2011 Form 10-K.

Forward-looking Statements

This report contains statements that may constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the safe harbor provisions for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Those statements relate to developments, results, conditions or other events we expect or anticipate will occur in the future. Words such as “believes,” “anticipates,” “plans,” “expects” and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Without limiting the foregoing, these statements may relate to future outlook, revenues, earnings, store openings, planned capital expenditures, market conditions, new strategies and the competitive environment. Forward-looking statements are based on our management’s then current views and assumptions and, as a result, are subject to certain risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected. Any such forward-looking statements are qualified by the important risk factors, described in Item 1A of our 2011 Form 10-K, that could cause actual results to differ materially from those predicted by the forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements relate to the date initially made, and we undertake no obligation to update them. An investment in our common stock or other securities carries certain risks. Investors should carefully consider the risks as stated in our 2011 Form 10-K and other risks which may be disclosed from time to time in our filings with the SEC before investing in our securities.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

We did not sell any securities during the quarter ended October 27, 2012 which were not registered under the Securities Act.

The following table contains information for shares repurchased and shares acquired from employees in lieu of amounts required to satisfy minimum tax withholding requirements upon the vesting of the employees’ restricted stock during the three fiscal months ended October 27, 2012:

| Period | Total Number of Shares Purchased During Period | Average Price Paid Per Share | Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of a Publicly Announced Program | Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Program |
|--------|------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | | | |

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| | | | | (In millions) |
|---------------------------------|-----------|---------|-----------|---------------|
| July 29 – August 25, 2012 | 1,108,377 | \$51.22 | 1,107,938 | \$ 515 |
| August 26 – September 29, 2012 | 2,035,966 | 52.41 | 2,012,200 | 410 |
| September 30 – October 27, 2012 | 2,028,737 | 51.65 | 2,022,000 | 306 |
| Total | 5,173,080 | \$51.85 | 5,142,138 | \$ 306 |

18

Table of Contents

In November 2012, our Board of Directors increased the remaining share repurchase authorization under our existing share repurchase program by \$3.2 billion, to \$3.5 billion. Pursuant to this program, we may repurchase shares from time to time in open market transactions, accelerated stock repurchase programs, tender offers, privately negotiated transactions or by other means. We expect to repurchase shares in open market transactions, subject to market conditions, over the next three years.

Table of Contents

Item 6. Exhibits

| | |
|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 4.1 | Sixth Supplemental Indenture dated September 25, 2012 between the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., formerly known as The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., as successor to The Bank of New York, as Trustee, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated September 18, 2012. |
| 4.2 | Form of \$350,000,000 3.250% Notes due 2023, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated September 18, 2012. |
| 31.1 | Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 31.2 | Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 32.1 | Certification of Periodic Report by Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 32.2 | Certification of Periodic Report by Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 101.INS | XBRL Instance Document |
| 101.SCH | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema |
| 101.CAL | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase |
| 101.DEF | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase |
| 101.LAB | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase |
| 101.PRE | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase |

Table of Contents

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Kohl's Corporation
(Registrant)

Date: November 30, 2012

/s/ Wesley S. McDonald
Wesley S. McDonald
On behalf of the Registrant and as Senior Executive Vice
President and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and Chief Accounting Officer)