

Great American Group, Inc.  
Form 10-Q  
November 15, 2010  
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**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, D.C. 20549

**FORM 10-Q**

(Mark One)

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2010

or

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from            to

Commission File Number 000-54010

**GREAT AMERICAN GROUP, INC.**

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

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**Delaware**  
(State or Other Jurisdiction of

**27-0223495**  
(I.R.S. Employer

Incorporation or Organization)

Identification No.)

**21860 Burbank Boulevard, Suite 300 South**

**Woodland Hills, CA**  
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

**91367**  
(Zip Code)

**(818) 884-3737**

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one)

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer  (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

As of November 1, 2010, there were 30,559,036 shares of the Registrant's common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, outstanding.

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**Great American Group, Inc.**  
**Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q**  
**For The Quarter Ended September 30, 2010**

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**Table of Contents****PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION****Item 1. Financial Statements****GREAT AMERICAN GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets****(Dollars in thousands, except par value)**

	<b>September 30, 2010 (Unaudited)</b>	<b>December 31, 2009</b>
<b>Assets</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 21,018	\$ 37,989
Restricted cash	195	459
Accounts receivable, net	2,277	2,628
Advances against customer contracts	806	58
Income taxes receivable		1,100
Goods held for sale or auction	13,995	15,014
Note receivable - related party	6,246	
Deferred income taxes	3,270	8,475
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	894	981
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>48,701</b>	<b>66,704</b>
Property and equipment, net	1,474	1,411
Goodwill	5,688	5,688
Other intangible assets, net	262	382
Deferred income taxes	13,404	3,238
Other assets	665	1,250
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 70,194</b>	<b>\$ 78,673</b>
<b>Liabilities and Stockholders Equity (Deficit)</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 5,534	\$ 9,192
Auction and liquidation proceeds payable	4,021	446
Mandatorily redeemable noncontrolling interests	2,926	2,619
Current portion of long-term debt	1,724	11,123
Note payable	11,705	11,705
Current portion of capital lease obligation	25	25
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>25,935</b>	<b>35,110</b>
Capital lease obligation, net of current portion	51	69
Long-term debt, net of current portion	52,169	44,494
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>78,155</b>	<b>79,673</b>
Commitments and contingencies		

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Stockholders' equity (deficit):

Preferred stock, \$0.0001 par value; 10,000,000 shares authorized; none issued		
Common stock, \$0.0001 par value; 135,000,000 shares authorized; 30,559,036 and 30,022,478 issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively	4	3
Additional paid-in capital	1,928	(249)
Retained earnings (deficit)	(9,886)	(754)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(7)	
Total stockholders' equity (deficit)	(7,961)	(1,000)
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity (deficit)	\$ 70,194	\$ 78,673

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

**Table of Contents****GREAT AMERICAN GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations****(Unaudited)****(Dollars in thousands, except share data)**

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Services and fees	\$ 13,499	\$ 10,980	\$ 26,408	\$ 60,767
Sale of goods	359	4,056	4,732	11,197
<b>Total revenues</b>	<b>13,858</b>	<b>15,036</b>	<b>31,140</b>	<b>71,964</b>
<b>Operating expenses:</b>				
Direct cost of services	2,852	4,792	10,938	12,540
Cost of goods sold	561	3,851	6,098	9,553
Selling, general and administrative expenses	8,018	7,246	24,617	26,084
<b>Total operating expenses</b>	<b>11,431</b>	<b>15,889</b>	<b>41,653</b>	<b>48,177</b>
Operating income (loss)	2,427	(853)	(10,513)	23,787
<b>Other income (expense):</b>				
Other income (expense)	(401)	(341)	(1,268)	(580)
Interest income	157	12	334	20
Interest expense	(848)	(2,328)	(2,640)	(9,272)
<b>Income (loss) from continuing operations before benefit for income taxes</b>	<b>1,335</b>	<b>(3,510)</b>	<b>(14,087)</b>	<b>13,955</b>
(Provision) benefit for income taxes	(880)	7,610	4,955	7,610
<b>Income (loss) from continuing operations</b>	<b>455</b>	<b>4,100</b>	<b>(9,132)</b>	<b>21,565</b>
Loss from discontinued operations		(67)		(67)
<b>Net income (loss)</b>	<b>\$ 455</b>	<b>\$ 4,033</b>	<b>\$ (9,132)</b>	<b>\$ 21,498</b>
Weighted average basic shares outstanding	28,160,667	22,088,614	28,020,733	14,445,101
Weighted average diluted shares outstanding	29,129,099	23,472,774	28,020,733	14,906,487
Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.18	\$ (0.33)	\$ 1.49
Diluted earnings (loss) per share	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.17	\$ (0.33)	\$ 1.44
<b>PRO FORMA COMPUTATION RELATED TO CONVERSION TO C CORPORATION FOR INCOME TAX PURPOSES (unaudited):</b>				
Historical income from operations before income taxes		\$ (3,510)		\$ 13,955
Pro forma provision for income taxes		1,383		(5,498)
		(2,127)		8,457
		(41)		(41)

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Pro forma net income	\$ (2,168)	\$ 8,416
Pro forma weighted average basic shares outstanding	22,088,614	14,445,101
Pro forma weighted average diluted shares outstanding	22,088,614	14,906,487
Pro forma basic and diluted earnings per share	\$ (0.10)	\$ 0.58
Pro forma diluted earnings (loss) per share	\$ (0.10)	\$ 0.56

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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**GREAT AMERICAN GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Condensed Consolidated Statement of Stockholders Equity (Deficit)**  
**For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010**  
**(Unaudited)**  
**(Dollars in thousands)**

	Preferred Stock		Common Stock		Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings (Deficit)	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total Stockholders Equity (Deficit)
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount				
Balance, January 1, 2010		\$	30,022,478	\$ 3	\$ (249)	\$ (754)	\$	\$ (1,000)
Vesting of restricted stock, net of shares withheld for employee taxes			536,558	1	(1,133)			(1,132)
Share based compensation					3,310			3,310
Net loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2010						(9,132)		(9,132)
Foreign currency translation adjustment							(7)	(7)
Balance, September 30, 2010		\$	30,559,036	\$ 4	\$ 1,928	\$ (9,886)	\$ (7)	\$ (7,961)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.



**Table of Contents****GREAT AMERICAN GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows****(Unaudited)****(Dollars in thousands)**

	<b>Nine Months Ended September 30,</b>	
	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>
<b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>		
Net income (loss)	\$ (9,132)	\$ 21,498
<b>Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:</b>		
Depreciation and amortization	580	465
Provision (recoveries) of doubtful accounts	45	(24)
Impairment of goods held for sale or auction	1,308	67
Share-based payments	3,430	1,543
Effect of foreign currency on operations	(6)	
Non-cash interest	(316)	9
Loss on disposal of assets	3	15
Deferred income taxes	(4,961)	(7,610)
Income allocated to mandatorily redeemable noncontrolling interests	1,174	1,311
<b>Change in operating assets and liabilities:</b>		
Accounts receivable and advances against customer contracts	(442)	5,140
Income taxes receivable	1,100	
Goods held for sale or auction	(289)	2,325
Prepaid expenses and other assets	672	(2,159)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(3,658)	(3,237)
Auction and liquidation proceeds payable	3,575	1,658
Accrued compensation plans		4,005
<b>Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities</b>	<b>(6,917)</b>	<b>25,006</b>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities:</b>		
Purchases of property and equipment	(526)	(666)
Increase in note receivable - related party	(5,930)	
Decrease (increase) in restricted cash	264	(21,303)
<b>Net cash used in investing activities</b>	<b>(6,192)</b>	<b>(21,969)</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities:</b>		
Payment of note payable	(1,724)	(4,383)
Repayments of long-term debt		(4,086)
Repayments of capital lease obligations	(18)	(134)
Payment of employment taxes on vesting of restricted stock	(1,132)	
Proceeds from reverse merger dated July 31, 2009		70,409
Distributions to stockholders		(33,853)
Distribution to noncontrolling interests	(987)	(1,116)
<b>Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities</b>	<b>(3,861)</b>	<b>26,837</b>

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Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(16,970)	29,874
Effect of foreign currency on cash	(1)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(16,971)	29,874
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	37,989	16,965
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 21,018	\$ 46,839
Supplemental disclosures:		
Interest paid	\$ 3,134	\$ 6,654
Supplemental disclosures of noncash investing and financing activities		
Deferred compensation arrangements	\$	1,022
Issuance of notes payable from reverse merger dated July 31, 2009		60,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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**GREAT AMERICAN GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**(Dollars in thousands, except share data)**

**NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION, BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

*Organization and Nature of Operations*

Great American Group, Inc. (the Company) was incorporated under the laws of the state of Delaware on May 7, 2009 as a wholly-owned subsidiary of Alternative Asset Management Acquisition Corp. (AAMAC). The Company was formed as a shell company for the purpose of acquiring Great American Group, LLC (GAG, LLC), a California limited liability company, all as more fully described in Note 2.

On July 31, 2009, the members of GAG, LLC (the Great American Members) contributed all of their membership interests of GAG, LLC to the Company (the Contribution) in exchange for 10,560,000 shares of common stock of the Company and a subordinated unsecured promissory note in an initial principal amount of \$60,000 (which was reduced by a principal payment of \$4,383 at the closing of the Acquisition) issued in favor of the Great American Members and the phantom equityholders of GAG, LLC (the Phantom Equityholders), and together with the Great American Members, the Contribution Consideration Recipients (see Note 8). Concurrently with the Contribution, AAMAC merged with and into AAMAC Merger Sub, Inc. (Merger Sub), a subsidiary of the Company (the Merger and, together with the Contribution, the Acquisition). As a result of the Acquisition, GAG, LLC and AAMAC became wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company. The Acquisition has been accounted for as a reverse merger accompanied by a recapitalization of the Company.

The Company operates in two operating segments: auction and liquidation services (Auction and Liquidation) and valuation and appraisal services (Valuation and Appraisal). These services are provided to a wide range of retail, wholesale and industrial companies, as well as lenders, capital providers, private equity investors and professional service firms throughout the United States, Europe and Canada. The auction and liquidation services help clients dispose of assets. Such assets include multi-location retail inventory, wholesale inventory, trade fixtures, machinery and equipment, intellectual property and real property. The valuation and appraisal services provide clients with independent appraisals in connection with asset based loans, acquisitions, divestitures and other business needs. From time to time, the Company will conduct auction and liquidation services with third parties through collaborative arrangements.

**NOTE 2 COMPLETED MERGER**

The Company received net proceeds of \$69,258 from AAMAC as a result of the Acquisition and issued 19,346,626 shares of common stock of the Company to AAMAC shareholders. At closing, \$23,013 was deposited in a separate account with the transfer agent pending conduct of the Warrant Redemption. The Great American Members received 10,560,000 shares of common stock of the Company and \$82,436 in accordance with the Agreement and Plan of Reorganization, dated as of May 14, 2009, as amended, (as amended, the Purchase Agreement) consisting of (i) cash distributions totaling \$31,736 from GAG, LLC and (ii) \$50,700 representing their share of the \$60,000 unsecured subordinated promissory note. The remaining portion of the unsecured subordinated promissory note, which amounted to \$9,300, was issued to the Phantom Equityholders in settlement of accrued compensation payable pursuant to the deferred compensation plan as more fully described in Note 14(b).

On October 2, 2009, the Company launched an offer to exchange all of its outstanding warrants for new warrants with a different exercise price and different expiration date (the Exchange Offer). The Exchange Offer, which was made pursuant to a prospectus dated October 2, 2009, expired on October 30, 2009. The Company's obligation to consummate the Exchange Offer was conditioned upon a minimum of 23,012,500 outstanding warrants, or 50% of the outstanding warrants, being validly tendered for exchange and not validly withdrawn prior to the expiration of the Exchange Offer (the Minimum Tender Condition). The Minimum Tender Condition was not satisfied and therefore, no Warrants were accepted in the Exchange Offer. In accordance with the terms of the Warrant Amendment, the Company redeemed all of the outstanding warrants to purchase shares of its common stock for \$0.50 each as of October 29, 2009. The aggregate warrant redemption consideration paid to the warrant holders was \$23,013. The warrants ceased being quoted on the OTC Bulletin Board on November 2, 2009.

Pursuant to a letter agreement, dated as of July 28, 2009 (the Letter Agreement) by and among the Company, AAMAC, GAG, LLC, and certain founding shareholders of AAMAC (the AAMAC Founders), the AAMAC Founders agreed to have 1,000,000 shares they received held in escrow until GAG, LLC's achievement of any one of the Adjusted EBITDA targets discussed below. The 1,000,000 shares, which are subject to voting restrictions while in escrow, will be forfeited and cancelled if GAG, LLC fails to achieve any of the Adjusted EBITDA targets discussed

below.

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**GREAT AMERICAN GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**(Dollars in thousands, except share data)**

The Purchase Agreement provides for the issuance of 1,440,000 shares of common stock of the Company to the Phantom Equityholders pursuant to the following vesting schedule: 50% on January 31, 2010, 25% on July 31, 2010 and the remaining 25% on January 31, 2011, as more fully described in Note 13(b).

The Purchase Agreement also provides for the issuance of 6,000,000 additional shares of common stock (the Contingent Stock Consideration) to the Contribution Consideration Recipients as follows: (a) in the event GAG, LLC achieves any one of (i) \$45,000 in Adjusted EBITDA (as defined in the Purchase Agreement) for the twelve months ending December 31, 2009, (ii) \$47,500 in Adjusted EBITDA for the twelve months ending March 31, 2010, or (iii) \$50,000 in Adjusted EBITDA for the twelve months ending June 30, 2010, the Company will be obligated to issue to the Contribution Consideration Recipients 2,000,000 shares of the Contingent Stock Consideration; (b) in the event GAG, LLC achieves \$55,000 in Adjusted EBITDA (as defined in the Purchase Agreement) for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2010, then the Company will be obligated to issue to the Contribution Consideration Recipients 2,000,000 shares of the Contingent Stock Consideration; and (c) in the event GAG, LLC achieves \$65,000 in Adjusted EBITDA (as defined in the Purchase Agreement) for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2011, then the Company will be obligated to issue to the Contribution Consideration Recipients 2,000,000 shares of the Contingent Stock Consideration; provided; however, that if the Company does not achieve the December 31, 2010 Adjusted EBITDA target but does achieve the December 31, 2011 Adjusted EBITDA target, then the Company will be obligated to issue to the Contribution Consideration Recipients 4,000,000 shares of the Contingent Stock Consideration. The Company's issuance of Contingent Stock Consideration will be in accordance with the Purchase Agreement described below. The Company did not achieve the Adjusted EBITDA target for the year ending December 31, 2009, the twelve months ended March 31, 2010, or the twelve months ended June 30, 2010.

The Contingent Stock Consideration will be issued to each of the Contribution Consideration Recipients to the extent earned and with respect to the applicable target period, in three equal installments, beginning on the first anniversary of the closing of the Acquisition and issuable on each anniversary of the closing of the Acquisition thereafter in accordance with the Purchase Agreement.

***Basis of Presentation and Accounting Treatment of the Merger***

Immediately following the consummation of the Acquisition on July 31, 2009, the former shareholders of AAMAC had an approximate 63% voting interest in the Company and the Great American Members had an approximate 37% voting interest in the Company. The Acquisition has been accounted for as a reverse merger accompanied by a recapitalization of the Company. Under this accounting method, GAG, LLC is considered the acquirer for accounting purposes because it obtained effective control of AAMAC as a result of the Acquisition. This determination was primarily based on the following facts: the Great American Members' retention of a significant minority voting interest in the Company; the Great American Members' appointment of a majority of the members of the Company's initial board of directors; GAG, LLC's operations comprising the ongoing operations of the Company; and GAG, LLC's senior management serving as the senior management of the Company. Under this method of accounting, the recognition and measurement provisions of the accounting guidance for business combinations do not apply and therefore, the Company will not recognize any goodwill or other intangible assets based upon fair value or related amortization expense associated with amortizable intangible assets. Instead, the share exchange transaction utilizes the capital structure of the Company with AAMAC surviving as a subsidiary and the assets and liabilities of GAG, LLC are recorded at historical cost.

In the condensed consolidated statement of operations, the recapitalization of the number of shares of common stock attributable to the Great American Members is reflected retroactive to January 1, 2009. Accordingly, the number of shares of common stock used to calculate the Company's earnings per share for the periods prior to the Acquisition on July 31, 2009 totals 10,560,000, consisting of the number of shares of common stock issued to the Great American Members as consideration for their Contribution.

**NOTE 3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

***(a) Liquidity Matters***

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Over the past years, the Company's growth has been funded through a combination of profits generated from operations and more recently from proceeds received from AAMAC in connection with the Acquisition. During the nine months ended September 30, 2010, the operating profits generated by the Company's Auction and Liquidation segment have been negatively impacted due to fewer retail liquidation engagements conducted by the Company. As economic conditions and credit markets have improved for retailers, the number of large retail liquidation engagements in the auction and liquidation industry has decreased from historical levels. These factors, in addition to the interest expense on the \$53,893 of subordinated, unsecured promissory notes payable to the Great American Members and Phantom Equityholders, have resulted in the net use of \$6,917 of cash from operations during the nine months ended September 30, 2010.

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**GREAT AMERICAN GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**(Dollars in thousands, except share data)**

On May 4, 2010, the Company entered into individual amendments to an aggregate of \$52,419 of the \$55,617 principal amount outstanding of the subordinated, unsecured promissory notes payable to the Great American Members and Phantom Equityholders and the interest rate was reduced from 12.0% per annum to 3.75% per annum. In addition, the maturity date for \$46,996 of the \$55,617 principal amount outstanding of the subordinated, unsecured promissory notes payable to the Great American Members was extended to July 31, 2018, subject to annual prepayments based upon the Company's cash flow subject to certain limitations as provided in the amendment to the notes payable, including, without limitation, the Company's maintenance of a minimum adjusted cash balance of \$20,000. The terms of these amendments significantly reduce the annual cash required to service this debt. On October 27, 2010, the Company entered into individual waivers for an aggregate of \$51,334 of the \$53,893 principal amount outstanding of the subordinated, unsecured promissory notes payable to the Great American Members and Phantom Equityholders, whereby the noteholders agreed to permit the Company to defer payment of interest payments due on each of October 31, 2010, January 31, 2011, and April 30, 2011 until July 31, 2011.

In addition to amending the subordinated, unsecured promissory notes payable to the Great American Members and Phantom Equityholders, the Company implemented cost reduction measures in September 2010 which resulted in a reduction in employee headcount, reduction in base salaries to senior executives, and other cost savings measures. The Company also merged the operations of the machinery and equipment appraisal business with the wholesale and industrial auction business. These actions are expected to result in annual cost savings which should start to be realized in the fourth quarter of 2010.

As of September 30, 2010, the Company had approximately \$21,018 in unrestricted cash and no borrowings outstanding under the asset based credit facility. The Company believes that its current cash and cash equivalents, funds available under its asset based credit facility and cash expected to be generated from operating activities will be sufficient to meet its working capital and capital expenditure requirements for at least the next 12 months. The Company continues to monitor its financial performance to ensure sufficient liquidity to fund operations.

***(b) Principles of Consolidation and Basis of Presentation***

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its majority-owned subsidiaries: AAMAC, GAG LLC, Great American Group Advisory & Valuation Services, LLC ( GAAV ), Great American Group Machinery & Equipment, LLC ( GAME ), Great American Group Real Estate, LLC, Great American Venture, LLC, Great American Group Energy Equipment, LLC ( GAGEE ), Great American Group Intellectual Property Advisors, LLC, GA Capital, LLC, GA Asset Advisors Limited, Great American Group WF, LLC, and Great American Group CS, LLC. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated upon consolidation.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ( GAAP ) for interim financial information and in accordance with the rules and regulations of the SEC. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and notes required by GAAP for annual financial statements as permitted under applicable rules and regulations. In the opinion of management, all normal recurring adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. The results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the year ending December 31, 2010.

The preparation of the condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

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**GREAT AMERICAN GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**(Dollars in thousands, except share data)**

***(c) Revenue Recognition***

Revenues are recognized in accordance with the accounting guidance when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, the related services have been provided, the fee is fixed or determinable, and collection is reasonably assured.

Revenues in the Valuation and Appraisal segment are primarily comprised of fees for valuation and appraisal services. Revenues are recognized upon the delivery of the completed services to the related customers and collection of the fee is reasonably assured. Revenues in the Valuation and Appraisal segment also include contractual reimbursable costs which totaled \$526 and \$569 for the three months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, and \$1,754 and \$1,766 for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Revenues in the Auction and Liquidation segment are comprised of (i) commissions and fees earned on the sale of goods at auctions and liquidations; (ii) revenues from auction and liquidation services contracts where the Company guarantees a minimum recovery value for goods being sold at auction or liquidation; (iii) revenue from the sale of goods that are purchased by the Company for sale at auction or liquidation sales events; and (iv) revenues from contractual reimbursable expenses incurred in connection with auction and liquidation contracts. Revenues in the Auction and Liquidation segment also include estimated losses that are accrued at the end of the reporting period and revenues from the resolution of contractual matters on the performance of retail liquidation services engagements where we guarantee a minimum recovery value for goods sold. Revenues from one liquidation service contract represented 45.4% and 5.1% of total revenues during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010, respectively. The majority of the revenue from this liquidation service contract during the three months ended September 30, 2010 was the result of the reversal of a loss reserve that was accrued at June 30, 2010 for an engagement where we guaranteed a minimum recovery value for goods.

Commission and fees earned on the sale of goods at auction and liquidation sales are recognized when evidence of an arrangement exists, the sales price has been determined, title has passed to the buyer and the buyer has assumed the risks of ownership, and collection is reasonably assured. The commission and fees earned for these services are included in revenues in the accompanying condensed consolidated statement of operations. Under these types of arrangements, revenues also include contractual reimbursable costs which totaled \$534 and \$1,346 for the three months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, and \$3,644 and \$4,308 for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Revenues earned from auction and liquidation services contracts where the Company guarantees a minimum recovery value for goods being sold at auction or liquidation are recognized based on proceeds received. The Company records proceeds received from these types of engagements first as a reduction of contractual reimbursable expenses, second as a recovery of its guarantee and thereafter as revenue, subject to such revenue meeting the criteria of having been fixed or determinable. Contractual reimbursable expenses and amounts advanced to customers for minimum guarantees are initially recorded as advances against customer contracts in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. If, during the auction or liquidation sale, the Company determines that the proceeds from the sale will not meet the minimum guaranteed recovery value as defined in the auction or liquidation services contract, the Company accrues a loss on the contract in the period that the loss becomes known.

The Company also evaluates revenue from auction and liquidation contracts in accordance with the accounting guidance to determine whether to report auction and liquidation segment revenue on a gross or net basis. The Company has determined that it acts as an agent in a substantial majority of its auction and liquidation services contracts and therefore reports the auction and liquidation revenues on a net basis.

Revenues from the sale of goods are recorded gross and are recognized in the period in which the sale of goods held for sale or auction are completed, title to the property passes to the purchaser and the Company has fulfilled its obligations with respect to the transaction. These revenues are primarily the result of the Company acquiring title to merchandise with the intent of selling the items at auction or for augmenting liquidation sales.





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**GREAT AMERICAN GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**(Dollars in thousands, except share data)**

In the normal course of business, the Company will enter into collaborative arrangements with other merchandise liquidators to collaboratively execute auction and liquidation contracts. The Company's collaborative arrangements specifically include contractual agreements with other liquidation agents in which the Company and such other liquidation agents actively participate in the performance of the liquidation services and are exposed to the risks and rewards of the liquidation engagement. The Company's participation in collaborative arrangements including its rights and obligations under each collaborative arrangement can vary. Revenues from collaborative arrangements are recorded net based on the proceeds received from the liquidation engagement. Amounts paid to participants in the collaborative arrangements are reported separately as direct costs of revenues. Revenue from collaborative arrangements in which the Company is not the majority participant is recorded net based on the Company's share of proceeds received.

The Company may periodically have significant concentrations of revenues in the Auction and Liquidation segment from auction and liquidation services contracts where the Company guarantees a minimum recovery value for goods being sold at auction or liquidation. Revenues from one liquidation service contract represented 45.4% and 5.1% of total revenues during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010, respectively. The majority of the revenue from this liquidation service contract during the three months ended September 30, 2010 was the result of the reversal of a loss reserve that was accrued at June 30, 2010. Revenues from two liquidation service contracts represented 22.8% and 13.3% of total revenues during the nine months ended September 30, 2009.

***(d) Direct Cost of Services***

Direct cost of services relate to service and fee revenues. The costs consist of employee compensation and related payroll benefits, travel expenses, the cost of consultants assigned to revenue-generating activities and direct expenses billable to clients in the Valuation and Appraisal segment. Direct costs of services include participation in profits under collaborative arrangements in which the Company is a majority participant. Direct costs of services also include the cost of consultants and other direct expenses related to auction and liquidation contracts pursuant to commission and fee based arrangements in the Auction and Liquidation segment. Direct cost of services does not include an allocation of the Company's overhead costs.

***(e) Concentration of Risk***

The Company's activities in the Auction and Liquidation segment are executed frequently with, and on behalf of, distressed customers and secured creditors. Concentrations of credit risk can be affected by changes in economic, industry, or geographical factors. The Company seeks to control its credit risk and potential risk concentration through risk management activities that limit the Company's exposure to losses on any one specific liquidation services contract or concentration within any one specific industry. To mitigate the exposure to losses on any one specific liquidation services contract, the Company sometimes conducts operations with third parties through collaborative arrangements.

The Company maintains cash in various federally insured banking institutions. The account balances at each institution periodically exceed the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation's (FDIC) insurance coverage, and as a result, there is a concentration of credit risk related to amounts in excess of FDIC insurance coverage. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts. The Company also has substantial cash balances from proceeds received from auctions and liquidation engagements that are distributed to parties in accordance with the collaborative arrangements.

***(f) Income Taxes***

As a result of the Acquisition, beginning on July 31, 2009, the Company's results of operations are taxed as a C Corporation. Prior to the Acquisition, the Company's operations were organized as a limited liability company, whereby the Company elected to be taxed as a partnership and the income or loss was required to be reported by each respective member on their separate income tax returns. Therefore, no provision for income taxes has been provided in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements for periods prior to July 31, 2009.

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The unaudited pro forma computation of income tax (benefit) included in the condensed consolidated statements of operations, represents the tax effects that would have been reported had the Company been subject to U.S. federal and state income taxes as a corporation for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009. Pro forma taxes are based upon the statutory income tax rates and adjustments to income for estimated permanent differences occurring during each period. Actual rates and expenses could have differed had the Company actually been subject to U.S. federal and state income taxes for all periods presented. Therefore, the unaudited pro forma amounts are for informational purposes only and are intended to be indicative of the results of operations had the Company been subject to U.S. federal and state income taxes as a corporation for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009.

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**GREAT AMERICAN GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**(Dollars in thousands, except share data)**

The Company recognizes deferred tax liabilities and assets for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been included in the financial statements or tax returns. Deferred tax liabilities and assets are determined based on the difference between the financial statement basis and tax basis of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. The Company estimates the degree to which tax assets and credit carryforwards will result in a benefit based on expected profitability by tax jurisdiction. A valuation allowance for such tax assets and loss carryforwards is provided when it is determined to be more likely than not that the benefit of such deferred tax asset will not be realized in future periods. If it becomes more likely than not that a tax asset will be used, the related valuation allowance on such assets would be reduced.

The Company adopted the provisions of the new accounting guidance for accounting for uncertainty in income taxes on January 1, 2009. The adoption of the new guidance did not have a material impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

***(g) Cash and Cash Equivalents***

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

***(h) Restricted Cash***

The Company maintains deposits in accounts under the control of a financial institution as collateral for letters of credit relating to liquidation engagements in connection with the \$100,000 credit facility described in Note 7(a). As of December 31, 2009, the cash collateral for letters of credit and success fees was \$459.

***(i) Accounts Receivable***

Accounts receivable represents amounts due from the Company's valuation and appraisal customers. The Company maintains an allowance for doubtful accounts for estimated losses inherent in its accounts receivable portfolio. In establishing the required allowance, management utilizes a specific customer identification methodology. Management also considers historical losses adjusted for current market conditions and the customers' financial condition and the current receivables aging and current payment patterns. Account balances are charged off against the allowance after all means of collection have been exhausted and the potential for recovery is considered remote. The Company does not have any off-balance sheet credit exposure related to its customers. The Company's bad debt expense totaled \$0 and \$18 for the three months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, and \$45 and \$18 for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. Bad debt expense is included as a component of selling, general and administrative expenses in the accompanying condensed consolidated statement of operations.

***(j) Goods Held for Sale or Auction***

Goods held for sale or auction are stated at the lower of cost, determined by the specific-identification method, or market.

***(k) Property and Equipment***

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation and amortization is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Property and equipment held under capital leases are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or estimated useful life of the asset. Property and equipment under capital leases are stated at the present value of minimum lease payments. Depreciation and amortization expense was \$164 and \$131 for the three months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, and \$460 and \$344 for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.



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**GREAT AMERICAN GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**(Dollars in thousands, except share data)**

***(l) Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets***

The Company accounts for goodwill and intangible assets in accordance with the accounting guidance which requires that goodwill and other intangibles with indefinite lives be tested for impairment annually or on an interim basis if events or circumstances indicate that the fair value of an asset has decreased below its carrying value.

Goodwill includes (i) the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of net assets acquired in a business combination described in Note 6 and (ii) an increase for the subsequent acquisition of noncontrolling interests during the year ended December 31, 2007 (also see Note 6). The Codification requires that goodwill be tested for impairment at the reporting unit level (operating segment or one level below an operating segment). Application of the goodwill impairment test requires judgment, including the identification of reporting units, assigning assets and liabilities to reporting units, assigning goodwill to reporting units, and determining the fair value. The Company operates two reporting units, which are the same as its reporting segments described in Note 16. Significant judgment is required to estimate the fair value of reporting units which includes estimating future cash flows, determining appropriate discount rates and other assumptions. Changes in these estimates and assumptions could materially affect the determination of fair value and/or goodwill impairment.

The Company reviewed its reporting units for possible goodwill impairment by comparing the fair values of each of the reporting units to the carrying value of their respective net assets. If the fair values exceed the carrying values of the net assets, no goodwill impairment is deemed to exist. If the fair values of the reporting units do not exceed the carrying values of the net assets, goodwill is tested for impairment and written down to its implied value if it is determined to be impaired. Based on a review of the fair value of the reporting units, no impairment is deemed to exist as of December 31, 2009.

In accordance with the Codification, the Company reviews the carrying value of its amortizable intangibles and other long-lived assets for impairment at least annually or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of long-lived assets is measured by comparing the carrying amount of the asset or asset group to the undiscounted cash flows that the asset or asset group is expected to generate. If the undiscounted cash flows of such assets are less than the carrying amount, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset or asset group, if any, exceeds its fair market value. No impairment was deemed to exist as of December 31, 2009.

***(m) Fair Value Measurements***

On January 1, 2008, the Company adopted the new accounting guidance for fair value measurements of financial assets and financial liabilities and for fair value measurements of nonfinancial items that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring basis. The Codification defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Codification also establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. The new accounting guidance delayed the effective date for all nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a nonrecurring basis until fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008.

On January 1, 2009, the Company adopted the new accounting guidance and all other guidance related to fair value measurements of nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a nonrecurring basis.

The Company records mandatorily redeemable noncontrolling interests that were issued after November 5, 2003 at fair value (see Note 13(a)) with fair value determined in accordance with the Codification. The table below presents information about the Company's mandatorily redeemable noncontrolling interests that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009 which are categorized using the three levels of fair value hierarchy. In general, fair values determined by Level 1 inputs utilize quoted prices

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(unadjusted) for identical instruments that are highly liquid, observable and actively traded in over-the-counter markets. Fair values determined by Level 2 inputs utilize inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active and model-derived valuations whose inputs are observable and can be corroborated by market data. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities. In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement in its entirety falls has been determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. The Company's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, and considers factors specific to the asset or liability.

**Table of Contents****GREAT AMERICAN GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

(Dollars in thousands, except share data)

The following tables present information on the liabilities measured and recorded at fair value on a recurring basis as of September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009.

	Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis at September 30, 2010, Using			
	Fair Value at September 30, 2010	Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1)	Other observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)
Mandatorily redeemable noncontrolling interests issued after November 5, 2003	\$ 2,422	\$	\$	\$ 2,422
Total liabilities measured at fair value	\$ 2,422	\$	\$	\$ 2,422

	Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis at December 31, 2009, Using			
	Fair Value at December 31, 2009	Quoted prices active markets for identical assets (Level 1)	observable inputs (Level 2)	unobservable inputs (Level 3)
Mandatorily redeemable noncontrolling interests issued after November 5, 2003	\$ 2,361	\$	\$	\$ 2,361
Total liabilities measured at fair value	\$ 2,361	\$	\$	\$ 2,361

The Company determined the fair value of mandatorily redeemable noncontrolling interests described above based on the issuance of similar interest for cash, references to industry comparables, and relied, in part, on information obtained from appraisal reports prepared by outside specialists.

The carrying amounts reported in the condensed consolidated financial statements for cash, restricted cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses and other current liabilities approximate fair value based on the short-term maturity of these instruments. The carrying amounts of the notes receivable-related party, notes payable (including credit lines used to finance liquidation engagements), long-term debt and capital lease obligations approximate fair value because the contractual interest rates or effective yields of such instruments are consistent with current market rates of interest for instruments of comparable credit risk. The adoption of the new accounting guidance for fair value measurements did not have a material impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

**(n) Recent Accounting Pronouncements**



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In January 2010 the FASB issued ASU 2009-16, *Accounting for Transfers of Financial Assets (FASB Statement No. 166, Accounting for Transfers of Financial Assets)*, or ASU 2009-16, which eliminates the concept of a qualifying special-purpose entity (QSPE), revises conditions for reporting a transfer of a portion of a financial asset as a sale (e.g., loan participations), clarifies the derecognition criteria, eliminates special guidance for guaranteed mortgage securitizations, and changes the initial measurement of a transferor's interest in transferred financial assets. ASU 2009-16 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after November 15, 2009. We adopted the provisions of this ASU effective January 1, 2010, which did not have a material impact on our financial statements.

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## GREAT AMERICAN GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except share data)

## NOTE 4 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The components of accounts receivable net include the following:

	September 30, 2010	December 31, 2009
Accounts receivable not subject to factoring agreement	\$ 1,358	\$ 931
Unbilled receivables	289	995
Amounts due from factor	636	720
Total accounts receivable	2,283	2,646
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(6)	(18)
Accounts receivable, net	\$ 2,277	\$ 2,628

Additions and changes to the allowance for doubtful accounts consists of the following

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2010	September 30, 2009	September 30, 2010	September 30, 2009
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 6	\$ 42	\$ 18	\$ 82
Add: Additions to reserve		18	45	18
Less: Write-offs			(57)	(40)
Less: Recoveries		(42)		(42)
Balance, end of period	\$ 6	\$ 18	\$ 6	\$ 18

Unbilled receivables represent the amount of contractual reimbursable costs and fees for services performed in connection with fee and service based auction and liquidation contracts.

GAAV is a party to a factoring agreement, dated as of May 22, 2007 (the "Factoring Agreement") with FCC LLC, d/b/a First Capital Western Region, LLC (the "Factor"). The Factoring Agreement, which provides for an initial term of two years and a one-year automatic extension unless GAAV provides written notice of termination to the Factor, will expire on May 22, 2011. The Factor, at its discretion, purchases on a nonrecourse basis, all of the GAAV's customer receivables. The Factor is responsible for servicing the receivables. The Factor pays 90% of the net receivable invoice amount upon request by GAAV and retains the remaining 10% in a reserve. The Factor, at its discretion, may offset the reserve for amounts not collected or outstanding at the end of the term of the Factoring Agreement. GAAV may request releases from the reserve for any excess over a minimum balance set by the Factor. The Factor charges a factoring commission equal to 0.25% of the gross invoice amount of each account purchased, or five dollars per invoice, whichever is greater, with a minimum commission of \$24 per year, prorated for the first year. The Factor also charges interest at prime plus 1% with a floor of 8% on the net uncollected outstanding balance of the receivables purchased. Effective December 1, 2009, the interest rate charged by the Factor was reduced to London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus 4.5% on the net uncollected outstanding balance of the receivables purchased. One of the members of the GAAV personally guarantees up to a

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maximum of \$500 plus interest and certain fees for accounts receivables sold pursuant to the Factoring Agreement.

The sale of the receivables is accounted for in accordance with the accounting guidance for transfers and servicing of financial assets and extinguishments of liabilities. In accordance with the Codification, receivables are considered sold when they are transferred beyond the reach of the Company and its creditors, the purchaser has the right to pledge or exchange the receivables, and the Company has surrendered control over the transferred receivables. Accounts receivable sold to the Factor were \$3,500 and \$3,084 during the three months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, and \$10,435 and \$10,441 for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. Factoring commissions and other fees based on advances were \$34 and \$40 for the three months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, and \$77 and \$128 for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. Factoring commissions and other fees are included in selling, general and administrative expenses in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations.

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(Dollars in thousands, except share data)

**NOTE 5 GOODS HELD FOR SALE OR AUCTION**

	September 30, 2010	December 31, 2009
Machinery and equipment	\$ 12,713	\$ 13,129
Aircraft parts	1,242	1,885
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 13,955</b>	<b>\$ 15,014</b>

Machinery and equipment with a carrying value of \$11,705 serves as collateral for the \$11,705 note payable as more fully described in Note 9.

**NOTE 6 GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

Goodwill of \$5,688 is comprised of \$1,975 of goodwill in the Auction and Liquidation segment and \$3,713 of goodwill in the Valuation and Appraisal segment. Goodwill acquired in the Valuation and Appraisal segment is the result of the acquisition of Garcel, Inc. on July 1, 2005 and the purchase of noncontrolling interests from a member of GAAV in exchange for a \$1,500 non-interest bearing note, which is more fully described in Note 8(c). There have been no changes to the carrying amount of goodwill since December 31, 2007.

Other intangible assets with finite lives includes customer relationships which are being amortized over their estimated useful lives of 6 years. Amortization expense was \$40 for each of the three month periods ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 and \$120 for each of the nine month periods ended September 30, 2010 and 2009. At September 30, 2010, the estimated future amortization expense for each of the succeeding years is as follows: \$40 for the remainder of fiscal year 2010 and \$82 for fiscal year 2011. Actual amortization expense to be reported in future periods could differ from these estimates as a result of new intangible asset acquisitions, changes in useful lives or other relevant factors.

Trademarks have been identified as an indefinite lived intangible asset and are presented with definite lived intangible assets as follows:

	September 30, 2010		
	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net
Customer relationships	\$ 970	\$ 848	\$ 122
Trademarks	140		140
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 1,110</b>	<b>\$ 848</b>	<b>\$ 262</b>

  

	December 31, 2009		
	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net
Customer relationships	\$ 970	\$ 728	\$ 242

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Trademarks	140		140
Total	\$ 1,110	\$ 728	\$ 382

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(Dollars in thousands, except share data)

**NOTE 7 CREDIT FACILITIES**

Credit facilities consists of the following arrangements:

**(a) \$100,000 Asset Based Credit Facility**

On October 21, 2008, the Company entered into an asset based credit facility with a financial institution with an initial expiration date of October 21, 2010. On August 27, 2009, the credit agreement was amended to reflect the Company's ownership of GAG, LLC after the consummation of the Acquisition and which, among other things, revised the definition of Guarantor to include the Company. On July 16, 2010, the credit agreement was further amended to increase the amount of credit advances and letter of credit obligations from an aggregate of \$75,000 to \$100,000 and extend the term of the credit facility to July 16, 2013. In addition, the base rate for the revolving loan amount was amended to the greatest of (1) the Wells Fargo prime rate; (2) the LIBOR plus 1.00% and (3) the Federal Funds Effective Rate plus 0.50%. Prior to the amendment, the base rate was the Wells Fargo prime rate. In connection with the amendment, the Company paid a renewal fee of \$250. Cash advances and the issuance of letters of credit under the credit facility are made at the lender's discretion. The letters of credit issued under this facility are furnished by the lender to third parties for the principal purpose of securing minimum guarantees under liquidation services contracts more fully described in Note 3(c). All outstanding loans, letters of credit, and interest are due on the expiration date which is generally within 180 days of funding. The credit facility is secured by the proceeds received for services rendered in connection with liquidation service contracts pursuant to which any outstanding loan or letters of credit are issued and the assets that are sold at liquidation related to such contract. The credit facility also provides for success fees in the amount of 5% to 20% of the profits earned on the liquidation contract, if any, as defined in the credit facility. Interest expense totaled \$257 (including success fees of \$240) and \$423 (including success fees of \$388) for the three months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, and \$529 (including success fees of \$290) and \$5,625 (including success fees of \$5,002) for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. There was no outstanding balance under the credit facility at September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009.

The credit agreement governing this facility contains covenants, including covenants that limit or restrict the Company's ability to: incur liens, incur indebtedness, make investments, dispose of assets, make certain restricted payments, merge or consolidate and enter into certain transactions with affiliates. Upon the occurrence of an event of default under the credit agreement, the lender may cease making loans, terminate such credit agreement and declare all amounts outstanding under such credit agreement to be immediately due and payable. The credit agreement specifies a number of events of default (some of which are subject to applicable grace or cure periods), including, among other things, nonpayment defaults, covenant defaults, cross-defaults to other material indebtedness, bankruptcy and insolvency defaults, and material judgment defaults.

**NOTE 8 LONG-TERM DEBT**

Long-term debt consists of the following arrangements:

	September 30, 2010	December 31, 2009
\$60,000 notes payable to each of the Great American Members and the Phantom Equityholders of GAG, LLC issued in connection with the Acquisition dated July 31, 2009	\$ 53,893	\$ 55,617
\$6,707 note payable from acquisition of Garcel on July 1, 2005		

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\$1,500 non-interest bearing note payable from the purchase of mandatorily redeemable noncontrolling interest in GAAV, maturing November 1, 2009 (imputed interest at 5.0% of \$1 and \$9 at September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, respectively)

Total long-term debt	53,893	55,617
Less current portion of long-term debt	1,724	11,123
Long-term debt, net of current portion	\$ 52,169	\$ 44,494

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On July 31, 2009, in connection with the Acquisition, the Company issued a note payable to the Contribution Consideration Recipients in the initial principal amount of \$60,000. In connection with the closing of the Acquisition, an initial principal payment of \$4,383 was made, thereby reducing the principal amount of the note to \$55,617. On August 28, 2009, the note was replaced with separate subordinated unsecured promissory notes (collectively, the Notes) issued in favor of each of the Contribution Consideration Recipients. Prior to the Amendments described below, all Notes were payable in five equal annual principal payments in the aggregate amount of \$11,123 due on the anniversary date of the Notes beginning on July 31, 2010 through July 31, 2014 with interest payable quarterly in arrears beginning October 31, 2009 at 12% per annum. On May 4, 2010, the Company entered into individual amendments (each, an Amendment and collectively, the Amendments) to an aggregate of \$52,419 of the \$55,617 principal amount outstanding of the subordinated unsecured promissory notes, which reduced the interest rate on the amended notes from 12.0% per annum to 3.75% per annum. The interest rate reduction is effective retroactive to February 1, 2010. In addition, the maturity date for \$46,996 of the \$55,617 principal amount outstanding of the subordinated, unsecured promissory notes was extended to July 31, 2018, subject to annual prepayments based upon the Company's cash flow subject to certain limitations, as provided in the amendment to the notes payable, including, without limitation, the Company's maintenance of a minimum adjusted cash balance of \$20,000. Each prepayment, if any, is due within 30 days of the filing of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K, beginning with the Form 10-K for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2010. The remaining notes with \$8,621 principal amount outstanding continue to be payable in five equal annual principal payments as described above. On October 27, 2010, the Company entered into individual waivers for an aggregate of \$51,334 of the \$53,893 principal amount outstanding of the subordinated, unsecured promissory notes payable to the Great American Members and Phantom Equityholders, whereby the noteholders agreed to permit the Company to defer payment of interest payments due on each of October 31, 2010, January 31, 2011, and April 30, 2011 until July 31, 2011. Interest expense totaled \$573 and \$2,100 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010, respectively, and \$1,106 for each of the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2009. In accordance with the Amendments to the notes payable, the current portion of the amended notes payable in the amount of \$1,724 and the long-term portion of the amended notes payable in the amount of \$52,169 has been recorded in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2010.

***(b) \$6,707 Note Payable***

On July 1, 2005, the Company entered into a secured promissory note in the principal amount of \$6,707 payable to the seller of Garcel, Inc. (see Note 6). The note payable requires interest only monthly payments at Well Fargo Bank's prime rate which was approximately 3.25% during the nine months ended September 30, 2009. Pursuant to the terms of the Purchase Agreement, the balance of the note payable was paid in full in connection with the consummation of the Acquisition. Interest expense was \$9 and \$67 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009, respectively.

***(c) \$1,500 Non-Interest Bearing Note Payable***

On September 30, 2007, the Company purchased from one of the members of GAAV such member's mandatorily redeemable noncontrolling interest in GAAV (6.9%) in exchange for a non-interest bearing note payable in the amount of \$1,500 with imputed interest of \$55 at 5.0% (see Note 6). The note payable required annual payments of \$500 in 2007, \$700 in 2008, and was paid in full with the final payment of \$300 in 2009. Amortization of the discount on the note payable was \$3 and \$9 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009, respectively, and is included in interest expense in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations.



**Table of Contents****GREAT AMERICAN GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(Dollars in thousands, except share data)****NOTE 9 NOTE PAYABLE**

On May 29, 2008, GAGEE entered into a credit agreement with Garrison Special Opportunities Fund LP, Gage Investment Group LLC (collectively, the Lenders) to finance the purchase of certain machinery and equipment to be sold at auction or liquidation. The principal amount of the loan was \$12,000 and borrowings bore interest at a rate of 20% per annum. The loan is collateralized by the machinery and equipment which were purchased with the proceeds from the loan. GAGEE was required to make principal and interest payments from proceeds from the sale of the machinery and equipment. GAGEE is a special purpose entity created to purchase the machinery and equipment, whose assets consist only of the machinery and equipment in question and whose liabilities are limited to the Lenders' note and certain operational expenses related to this transaction. GAG, LLC guaranteed GAGEE's liabilities to the Lenders up to a maximum of \$1,200. The original maturity date of the loan was May 29, 2009, however, GAGEE exercised its right to extend the maturity date for 120 days until September 26, 2009. A fee of \$180 was paid in connection with the extension. On September 26, 2009, the note payable became due and payable. On October 8, 2009, GAGEE and GAG, LLC entered into a Forbearance Agreement effective as of September 27, 2009 (the Forbearance Agreement) with the Lenders and Garrison Loan Agency Services LLC (Administrative Agent), relating to the credit agreement, by and among GAGEE, as borrower, GAG, LLC, as guarantor, the Lenders and the Administrative Agent. Pursuant to the terms of the Forbearance Agreement, the Lenders agreed to forbear from exercising any of the remedies available to them under the credit agreement and the related security agreement until November 17, 2009, unless a forbearance default occurs, as specified in the Forbearance Agreement. Also, pursuant to the terms of the Forbearance Agreement, GAGEE agreed to hold an auction of the assets collateralizing GAGEE obligations under the credit agreement on or before November 3, 2009 and to use the sale proceeds to repay its obligations under the credit agreement. In connection with the execution of the Forbearance Agreement, GAG, LLC made a payment of \$1,200 on October 9, 2009, in full satisfaction of its guaranty under the credit agreement which reduced the principal amount of borrowings and interest due under the credit agreement. Pursuant to the Forbearance Agreement, the Company held an auction of the assets collateralizing GAGEE's obligation on November 3, 2009. The sale of the assets at auction was subject to meeting the reserve prices and approval by the Lenders, and the auction did not result in the sale of any of the assets. On December 31, 2009, GAGEE entered into an amendment to credit agreement (the Amended Credit Agreement) dated as of December 18, 2009 with Garrison Special Opportunities Fund LP and the Administrative Agent, whereby the Lender agreed to forebear from exercising any of the remedies available to them under the Forebearance Agreement and the related Security Agreement and to extend the maturity date of the Forebearance Agreement until November 18, 2010, unless a forbearance default occurs, as specified in the Amended Credit Agreement. Also pursuant to the terms of the Amended Credit Agreement, the interest rate has been reduced from 20% to 0% and the Lender has agreed to reimburse GAGEE for certain expenses from proceeds of the sale assets that collateralize the Amended Credit Agreement. GAGEE has no assets other than those collateralizing the loan. GAG, LLC has satisfied its obligation to pay the \$1,200 guarantee and the credit agreement does not provide for other recourse against GAG, LLC. At September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the aggregate principal balance of the note payable was \$11,705 for each of the respective periods. Interest expense in connection with this note payable was \$669 and \$1,796 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009, respectively. The Company is currently in negotiations with the lender to extend the terms of the Forebearance Agreement.

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## GREAT AMERICAN GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except share data)

## NOTE 10 INCOME TAXES

Prior to the Acquisition on July 31, 2009, the Company's results of operations were taxed as a limited liability company, whereby the Company elected to be taxed as a partnership and the income or loss was required to be reported by each respective member on their separate income tax returns. Therefore, no provision for income taxes has been provided in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements for periods prior to July 31, 2009. As a result of the Acquisition, beginning on July 31, 2009, the Company's results of operations are taxed as a C Corporation. The Company's benefit for income taxes consists of the following for the nine months ended September 30, 2010:

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010
Current:	
Federal	\$ (5)
State	(1)
Total current provision	(6)
Deferred:	
Federal	3,893
State	1,068
Total deferred provision	4,961
Total benefit for income taxes	\$ 4,955

A reconciliation of the federal statutory rate of 34% for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 to the effective tax rate for income from before income taxes is as follows:

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010
Benefit for income taxes at federal statutory rate	(34.0)%
State income taxes, net of federal benefit	(5.4)
Other	4.2
Effective income tax rate	(35.2)%



**Table of Contents****GREAT AMERICAN GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

(Dollars in thousands, except share data)

Deferred income tax assets (liabilities) consisted of the following:

	September 30, 2010	December 31, 2009
<b>Deferred tax assets:</b>		
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 2	\$ 7
Goods held for sale or auction	999	583
Deductible goodwill	607	695
Accrued liabilities	198	213
Mandatorily redeemable noncontrolling interests	620	667
Note payable to Phantom Equityholders	2,413	3,246
Share based payments	968	1,280
Net operating loss carryforward	10,876	5,075
Total gross deferred tax assets	16,683	11,766
<b>Deferred tax liabilities:</b>		
Other intangible assets	(9)	(53)
Total gross deferred tax liabilities	(9)	(53)
Net deferred tax assets	\$ 16,674	\$ 11,713

As of December 31, 2009, the Company had federal net operating loss carryforwards of \$11,569 and state net operating loss carryforwards of \$11,298. The Company's federal net operating loss carryforwards will expire in the tax year ending December 31, 2029 and the state net operating loss carryforwards will expire in 2030.

The Company establishes a valuation allowance if, based on the weight of available evidence, it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. As of September 30, 2010, the Company believes that it is more-likely-than-not that future taxable earnings will be sufficient to realize its deferred tax assets and has not provided an allowance.

On January 1, 2009, the Company adopted the accounting guidance for accounting for uncertainty in income taxes. This accounting guidance addresses the determination of how tax benefits claimed or expected to be claimed on a tax return should be recorded in the financial statements. Under the accounting guidance, the Company must recognize the tax benefit from an uncertain tax position only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained on examination by the taxing authorities, based on the technical merits of the position. The tax benefits recognized in the financial statements from such a position are measured based on the largest benefit that has a greater than 50% likelihood of being realized upon ultimate resolution. The Company did not recognize any additional liabilities for uncertain tax positions as a result of the implementation of this accounting guidance.

The Company's uncertain tax positions are related to tax years that remain subject to examination by the relevant taxing authorities. The Company is currently open to audit under the statute of limitations by the Internal Revenue Service for the calendar year ended December 31, 2009. For periods prior to the Acquisition, the Company operated as a limited liability company which was taxed as a partnership. The Company and its subsidiaries' state tax returns are also open to audit under similar statute of limitations for the same tax years. The Company accrues

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interest on unrecognized tax benefits as a component of income tax expense. Penalties, if incurred, would be recognized as a component of income tax expense. The Company had no such accrued interest or penalties included in the accrued liabilities associated with unrecognized tax benefits as of the date of adoption.

**Table of Contents****GREAT AMERICAN GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

(Dollars in thousands, except share data)

**NOTE 11 EARNINGS PER SHARE**

Basic earnings (loss) per share is calculated by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted-average number of shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings (loss) per share is calculated by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding, after giving effect to all dilutive potential common shares outstanding during the period. The effect of the Acquisition has been given retroactive application in the earnings (loss) per share calculation (see Note 2, Basis of Presentation and Accounting Treatment of the Merger).

Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share was calculated as follows (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Net income (loss)	\$ 455	\$ 4,033	\$ (9,132)	\$ 21,498
Weighted average shares outstanding:				
Basic	28,160,667	22,088,614	28,020,733	14,445,101
Effect of dilutive potential common shares:				
Restricted stock units and non-vested shares		64,160		21,386
Contingently issuable shares	968,432	1,320,000		440,000
Diluted	29,129,099	23,472,774	28,020,733	14,906,487
Basic earnings (loss) per share	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.18	\$ (0.33)	\$ 1.49
Dilute earnings (loss) per share	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.17	\$ (0.33)	\$ 1.44

**NOTE 12 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES****Legal Matters**

The Company is subject to certain legal and other claims that arise in the ordinary course of its business. The Company does not believe that the results of these claims are likely to have a material effect on its consolidated financial position or results of operations.

**NOTE 13 SHARE BASED PAYMENTS**

The Company's share based payment awards principally consist of grants of restricted stock and restricted stock units. Share based payment awards also includes grants of membership interests in the Company's majority owned subsidiaries. The grants of membership interests consist of percentage interests in the Company's majority owned subsidiaries as determined at the date of grant. In accordance with the applicable accounting guidance, share based payment awards are classified as either equity or liabilities. For equity-classified awards, the Company measures compensation cost for the grant of membership interests at fair value on the date of grant and recognizes compensation expense in the condensed consolidated statement of operations over the requisite service or performance period the award is expected to vest. The fair value of the liability-classified award will be subsequently remeasured at each reporting date through the settlement date. Change in fair value during the requisite service period will be recognized as compensation cost over that period.

*(a) Grant of Membership Interests in Limited Liability Company Subsidiaries*

The limited liability company operating agreement of GAAV was amended on January 1, 2008 to admit two additional members. Both such members were granted a 3% interest in the members' equity of GAAV. The aggregate value of the grant of the membership interests totaled \$1,440. The membership interests vest one-third on January 1, 2008, the date of grant, and one-third on January 1, 2010 and the remaining one-third on January 1, 2011. The membership interests were issued as employee share based payment awards that are being recognized over the requisite service periods. Share based compensation of \$40 and \$100 for the three months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, and \$120 and \$300 for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively is included in selling, general and administrative expense in the accompanying condensed consolidated statement of operations. At September 30, 2010, total unrecognized compensation expense related to the unvested portion of these grants amounted to \$40 and is being recognized over the remaining service period through January 1, 2011.

The Company determined the fair value of the share based payment awards described above based on issuances of similar member interests for cash and references to industry comparables. The Company also relied, in part, on information obtained from appraisal reports prepared by outside specialists.

**Table of Contents****GREAT AMERICAN GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(Dollars in thousands, except share data)****(b) Restricted Stock Awards**

In connection with the Acquisition, the Company granted 1,440,000 shares of common stock to the Phantom Equityholders. These shares are issuable in accordance with the following vesting schedule: 50% on January 31, 2010, 25% on July 31, 2010 and the remaining 25% on January 31, 2011. Of the 720,000 shares of common stock that vested in accordance with the vesting schedule, 296,277 shares of common stock of the Company were issued to the Phantom Equityholders, 116,277 were forfeited by the Phantom Equityholders to pay for employment withholding taxes, and the remaining 180,000 shares are being held in reserve in the event there are any escrow claims in connection with the Acquisition.

Share based compensation for these stock awards was \$887 and \$2,958 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010, respectively, and \$1,183 for each of the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2009. Share based compensation is included in selling, general and administrative expense in the accompanying condensed consolidated statement of operations.

At September 30, 2010, there was \$1,183 of unrecognized share based compensation expense related to the restricted stock award, which will be recognized over the remaining vesting period of 0.3 years. The Company's non-vested stock activity for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 is summarized in the following table:

	Shares	Weighted Average Fair Value Per Share
Outstanding at December 31, 2009	1,440,000	\$ 4.93
Granted		\$
Vested	(1,080,000)	\$ 4.93
Forfeited/Cancelled		\$
Outstanding at September 30, 2010	360,000	\$ 4.93

**(c) Restricted Stock Unit Activity**

On August 25, 2009, each of the non-employee directors then serving on the Company's Board of Directors were awarded 8,113 restricted stock units in connection with their initial grant of \$40 and 10,142 restricted stock units in connection with their annual grant of \$50. The restricted stock units had a grant date fair value of \$4.93 per share. On August 21, 2009, a new non-employee director was appointed to serve on the Company's Board of Directors and on January 27, 2010 was awarded 8,113 restricted stock units in connection with the initial grant and 10,142 restricted stock units in connection with the annual grant all having a grant date fair value of \$4.20 per share. Such restricted stock units are subject to a one-year vesting period that commenced on July 31, 2009 or the date the non-employee director was appointed to the Company's Board of Directors. The total number of restricted stock units granted was 91,275 for a total value of \$437.

On July 15, 2010, each of the non-employee directors serving on the Company's Board of Directors was awarded 40,000 restricted stock units in connection with their annual stock grant of \$50. The restricted stock units had a grant date fair value of \$1.25 per share. Such restricted stock units are subject to a one-year vesting period that commenced on July 15, 2010, the date the non-employee director was appointed to serve an



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additional one year term on the Company's Board of Directors. The total number of restricted stock units granted was 200,000 for a total value of \$250.

Share based compensation for the restricted stock units was \$105 and \$352 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010, respectively, and \$60 for each of the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2009. Share based compensation is included in selling, general and administrative expense in the accompanying condensed consolidated statement of operations. At September 30, 2010, there was \$198 of unrecognized share based compensation expense related to these restricted stock units, which will be recognized over the remaining vesting period of 0.8 years.

### *(d) Great American Group, Inc. Amended and Restated 2009 Stock Incentive Plan*

In connection with the consummation of the Acquisition, the Company assumed the AAMAC 2009 Stock Incentive Plan which was approved by the AAMAC stockholders on July 31, 2009 (as assumed, the Incentive Plan). In accordance with Section 13(a) of the Incentive Plan, in connection with the Company's assumption of the Incentive Plan, the Board of Directors adjusted the maximum number of shares that may be delivered under the Incentive Plan to 15,644,000 to account for the two-for-one exchange ratio of Company common stock for AAMAC common stock in the Acquisition. On August 19, 2009, the Board of Directors approved an amendment and restatement of the Incentive Plan which adjusted the number of shares of the Company reserved for issuance thereunder to 7,822,000. As of September 30, 2010, there were 7,530,725 shares reserved for issuance under the amended and restated Incentive Plan.

**Table of Contents****GREAT AMERICAN GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(Dollars in thousands, except share data)****NOTE 14 EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION ARRANGEMENTS*****(a) Guaranteed Payments***

On July 16, 2007, GAG, LLC entered into employment agreements with two of its members who served as officers of GAG, LLC which entitle each member to a guaranteed payment of \$500 per year plus additional benefits for a three-year period. If during the term of the agreement, the officer's employment terminates for any reason or no reason at all, the officer is entitled to receive a lump sum payment for the remaining unpaid contractual payments including fringe benefits. In connection with the Acquisition, these employment agreements were terminated and the officers entered into new employment agreements with the Company.

***(b) Deferred Compensation Plan***

In 2002, GAG, LLC adopted a deferred compensation plan (the Plan) pursuant to which GAG, LLC could grant units to receive cash incentive compensation upon the occurrence of specified events. On June 1, 2002, participants in the Plan were collectively awarded 7,400 units, which entitled the holders to an aggregate amount equal to: (i) 37% of the increase in the book value of GAG, LLC from the date of grant in the event the participant terminates employment for any reason other than cause or (ii) an amount that is equal to the proceeds that an owner of 37% of the equity of GAG, LLC would receive upon the sale of GAG, LLC, in one transaction or a series of transactions as defined in the Plan. The awards vested upon grant and are forfeited if the holder is terminated from GAG, LLC for cause.

No additional awards have been granted since the inception of the Plan and 1,000 units of the initial grant have been forfeited, 500 of which were forfeited during the year ended December 31, 2008. At December 31, 2008, a total of 6,400 units were outstanding under the Plan. As the awards vested upon grant, the Company recognized a liability based upon the number of units outstanding and the increase in book value from the grant date. Compensation expense (benefit) in connection with the deferred compensation plan was \$(2,428) and \$4,005 during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009, respectively, which is included in selling, general and administrative expenses in the accompanying condensed consolidated statement of operations. The Plan participants (the Phantom Equityholders) entered into amendment and release agreements in connection with the consummation of the Acquisition, pursuant to which each participant received payment in the form of a note payable. The initial aggregate principal amount of the notes payable was \$9,300.

**NOTE 15 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

In October 2008, the Company entered into a \$30,530 asset based credit facility with an affiliate of one of the Company's members for a single liquidation contract. The credit facility, as amended, provided financing in the form of a term loan in the amount of \$23,927 and letters of credit in the amount of \$6,603. Borrowings under the credit facility and fees for the letters of credit bore interest at a rate of 11.0% per annum. The credit facility also required the Company to pay a success fee in the amount of 25.0% of the profits earned on the liquidation contract, if any, as defined in the credit facility. Borrowings under the term loan were repaid in December 2008 and the term loan matured on January 20, 2009. The letters of credit had an expiration date of April 1, 2009. There were outstanding letters of credit of \$7,041 at December 31, 2008. The letters of credit balance was reduced to \$2,448 in January 2009 until expiration in April 2009. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009, interest expense was \$0 (including \$0 for the success fee) and \$420 (including \$325 for the success fee), respectively. This amount is included in interest expense in the accompanying condensed consolidated statement of operations.

On January 4, 2010, the Company loaned \$2,706 to GAHA Fund I, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Great American Real Estate, LLC (GARE) which is a joint venture 50% owned by the Company and Kelley Capital, LLC. GAHA Fund I was created to purchase land and a commercial building that is planned to be sold by GARE. The note receivable is collateralized by the land and commercial building which was purchased with the proceeds from the loan. The note receivable bears interest at a rate of 10% per annum and all unpaid principal and interest is due on December 15, 2010. Interest income was \$69 and \$203 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010, respectively, and is included in

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interest income in the accompanying condensed consolidated statement of operations. At September 30, 2010, the note receivable in the amount of \$2,706 and accrued interest receivable in the amount of \$203 is included in note receivable related party in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet.

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**GREAT AMERICAN GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**(Dollars in thousands, except share data)**

On July 8, 2010, the Company loaned \$3,224 to GARE for the purposes of investing in GAHA Fund II, LLC, a newly formed joint venture which is 50% owned by GARE. GAHA Fund II, LLC is a special purpose entity created to purchase non-performing distressed real estate loans at a discount to par from a financial institution and market the loans and real estate to third parties. The note receivable bears interest at a rate of 15% per annum and all unpaid principal and interest is due on July 8, 2011. Interest income was \$113 for each of the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2010 is included in interest income in the accompanying condensed consolidated statement of operations. At September 30, 2010, the note receivable in the amount of \$3,224 and accrued interest receivable in the amount of \$113 is included in note receivable related party in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet.

**NOTE 16 BUSINESS SEGMENTS**

The Company's operating segments reflect the manner in which the business is managed and how the Company allocates resources and assesses performance internally. The Company's chief operating decision maker is a committee comprised of the Chief Executive Officer, Vice Chairman and President, and Chief Financial Officer. The Company has several operating subsidiaries through which it delivers specific services. The Company provides auction and liquidation services to stressed or distressed companies in a variety of diverse industries that have included apparel, furniture, jewelry, real estate, and industrial machinery. The Company also provides appraisal and valuation services for retail and manufacturing companies. The Company's business is classified by management into two reportable segments: Auction and Liquidation, and Valuation and Appraisal. These reportable segments are two distinct businesses, each with a different customer base, marketing strategy and management structure. The Valuation and Appraisal reportable segment is an aggregation of the Company's valuation and appraisal operating segments, which are primarily organized based on the nature of services and legal structure.

Additionally, the Valuation and Appraisal operating segments are aggregated into one reportable segment as they have similar economic characteristics and are expected to have similar long-term financial performance.

**Table of Contents****GREAT AMERICAN GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

(Dollars in thousands, except share data)

The following is a summary of certain financial data for each of the Company's reportable segments:

	<b>Three Months Ended September 30,</b>		<b>Nine Months Ended September 30,</b>	
	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>
<b>Auction and Liquidation reportable segment:</b>				
Revenues - Services and fees	\$ 8,563	\$ 5,772	\$ 10,957	\$ 44,424
Revenues - Sale of goods	359	4,056	4,732	11,197
Total revenues	8,922	9,828	15,689	55,621
Direct cost of services	(680)	(2,381)	(4,200)	(5,778)
Cost of goods sold	(561)	(3,851)	(6,098)	(9,553)
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	(2,083)	(1,549)	(5,678)	(3,747)
Depreciation and amortization	(32)	(20)	(85)	(51)
<b>Segment income</b>	<b>5,566</b>	<b>2,027</b>	<b>(372)</b>	<b>36,492</b>
<b>Valuation and Appraisal reportable segment:</b>				
Revenues	4,936	5,208	15,451	16,343
Direct cost of revenues	(2,172)	(2,411)	(6,738)	(6,762)
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	(1,893)	(1,957)	(6,324)	(5,962)
Depreciation and amortization	(39)	(46)	(125)	(118)
<b>Segment income</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>794</b>	<b>2,264</b>	<b>3,501</b>
Consolidated operating income from reportable segments	6,398	2,821	1,892	39,993
Corporate and other expenses	(3,971)	(3,674)	(12,405)	(16,206)
Interest income	157	12	334	20
Other income (expense)	(401)	(341)	(1,268)	(580)
Interest expense	(848)	(2,328)	(2,640)	(9,272)
<b>Income (loss) from continuing operations before benefit for income taxes</b>	<b>1,335</b>	<b>(3,510)</b>	<b>(14,087)</b>	<b>13,955</b>
(Provision) Benefit for income taxes	(880)	7,610	4,955	7,610
<b>Income (loss) from continuing operations</b>	<b>455</b>	<b>4,100</b>	<b>(9,132)</b>	<b>21,565</b>
Loss from discontinued operations		(67)		(67)
<b>Net income (loss)</b>	<b>\$ 455</b>	<b>\$ 4,033</b>	<b>\$ (9,132)</b>	<b>\$ 21,498</b>
<b>Capital expenditures:</b>				
Auction and Liquidation segment	\$ 155	\$ 239	\$ 510	\$ 381
Valuation and Appraisal segment		154	15	285

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Total	\$ 155	\$ 393	\$ 525	\$ 666
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	As of September 30, 2010	As of December 31, 2009
Total assets:		
Auction and Liquidation segment	\$ 65,536	\$ 73,516
Valuation and Appraisal segment	4,658	5,157
Total	\$ 70,194	\$ 78,673

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**Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.**

*This report contains forward-looking statements. These statements relate to future events or our future financial performance. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as may, will, should, expect, plan, anticipate, believe, estimate, predict, potential or continue, the negative of such terms or other comparable terminology. These statements are only predictions. Actual events or results may differ materially.*

*Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements. Moreover, neither we, nor any other person, assume responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of the forward-looking statements. We are under no obligation to update any of the forward-looking statements after the filing of this Quarterly Report to conform such statements to actual results or to changes in our expectations.*

*The following discussion of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and the related notes and other financial information appearing elsewhere in this Quarterly Report. Readers are also urged to carefully review and consider the various disclosures made by us which attempt to advise interested parties of the factors which affect our business, including without limitation the disclosures made in Item 1A of Part II of this Quarterly Report under the caption Risk Factors .*

*Risk factors that could cause actual results to differ from those contained in the forward-looking statements include but are not limited to risks related to: volatility in our revenues and results of operations; our ability to generate sufficient revenues to maintain profitability; our substantial level of indebtedness; the accuracy of our estimates and valuations of inventory or assets in guarantee based engagements; potential losses related to our auction or liquidation engagements; potential losses related to purchase transactions in our auction and liquidations business; the potential loss of financial institution clients; changing economic and market conditions; potential liability and harm to our reputation if we were to provide an inaccurate appraisal or valuation; potential mark-downs in inventory in connection with purchase transactions; failure to successfully compete; loss of key personnel; the international expansion of our business; our ability to borrow under our credit facilities as necessary; failure to comply with the terms of our credit agreements; and our ability to meet future capital requirements.*

*Certain of the information set forth herein, including costs and expenses that exclude the impact of non-cash charges, may be considered non-GAAP financial measures. We believe this information is useful to investors because it provides a basis for measuring the operating performance of our business and our cash flow, excluding the effect of items that would normally be included in the most directly comparable measures calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP. Our management uses these non-GAAP financial measures along with the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures in evaluating our operating performance, capital resources and cash flow. Non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered in isolation from, or as a substitute for, financial information presented in compliance with GAAP, and non-financial measures as reported by us may not be comparable to similarly titled amounts reported by other companies.*

*Except as otherwise required by the context, references in this Quarterly Report to:*

*Great American, the Company, we, us or our refer to the combined business of Great American Group, Inc. and all of its subsidiaries after giving effect to (i) the contribution to Great American Group, Inc. of all of the membership interests of Great American Group, LLC by the members of Great American, which transaction is referred to herein as the Contribution , and (ii) the merger of Alternative Asset Management Acquisition Corp. with and into its wholly-owned subsidiary, AAMAC Merger Sub, Inc., referred to herein as Merger Sub , in each case, which occurred on July 31, 2009, referred to herein as the Merger . The Contribution and Merger are referred to herein collectively as the Acquisition ;*

*GAG, Inc. refers to Great American Group, Inc.;*

*GAG, LLC refers to Great American Group, LLC;*

*the Great American Members refers to the members of Great American Group, LLC prior to the Acquisition;*

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*Phantom Equityholders* refers to certain members of senior management of Great American Group, LLC prior to the Acquisition that were participants in a deferred compensation plan; and

*AAMAC* refers to Alternative Asset Management Acquisition Corp.



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*The Acquisition*

We received net proceeds of \$69.3 million from AAMAC as a result of the Acquisition and issued 19,346,626 shares of our common stock to AAMAC shareholders. Upon the closing of the Acquisition, the Great American Members received 10,560,000 shares of our common stock and \$82.4 million consisting of (i) cash distributions totaling \$31.7 million from GAG, LLC and (ii) \$50.7 million representing their share of the \$60.0 million unsecured subordinated promissory note. The remaining portion of the unsecured subordinated promissory note, which amounted to \$9.3 million, was issued to the Phantom Equityholders in settlement of accrued compensation payable pursuant to the deferred compensation plan as more fully described in Note 14(b) to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

Immediately following the consummation of the Acquisition on July 31, 2009, the former shareholders of AAMAC had an approximate 63% voting interest in the Company and the Great American Members had an approximate 37% voting interest in the Company. The Acquisition has been accounted for as a reverse merger accompanied by a recapitalization of the Company. Under this accounting method, GAG, LLC is considered the acquirer for accounting purposes because it obtained effective control of the Company and AAMAC as a result of the Acquisition. This determination was primarily based on the following facts: the Great American Members' retention of a significant minority voting interest in the Company; the Great American Members' appointment of a majority of the members of the Company's initial board of directors; GAG, LLC's operations comprising the ongoing operations of the Company; and GAG, LLC's senior management serving as the senior management of the Company. Under this method of accounting, the recognition and measurement provisions of the accounting guidance for business combinations do not apply and therefore, the Company will not recognize any goodwill or other intangible assets based upon fair value or related amortization expense associated with amortizable intangible assets. Instead, the share exchange transaction utilizes the capital structure of the Company with AAMAC surviving as a subsidiary and the assets and liabilities of GAG, LLC are recorded at historical cost.

*Overview*

We are a leading provider of asset disposition and valuation and appraisal services to a wide range of retail, wholesale and industrial clients, as well as lenders, capital providers, private equity investors and professional service firms. We operate our business in two segments: auction and liquidation solutions and valuation and appraisal services. Our auction and liquidation divisions seek to assist clients in maximizing return and recovery rates through the efficient disposition of assets. Such assets include multi-location retail inventory, wholesale inventory, trade fixtures, machinery and equipment, intellectual property and real property. Our valuation and appraisal services division provides our clients with independent appraisals in connection with asset-based loans, acquisitions, divestitures and other business needs. These services are provided to a wide range of retail, wholesale and industrial companies, as well as lenders, capital providers, private equity investors and professional service firms throughout the United States and Canada.

Our significant industry experience and network of highly skilled employees and independent contractors allow us to tailor our auction and liquidation solutions to the specific needs of a multitude of clients, logistical challenges and distressed circumstances. We have established appraisal and valuation methodologies and practices in a broad array of asset categories which have made us a recognized industry leader. Furthermore, our scale and pool of resources allow us to offer our services on a nationwide basis.

Together with our predecessors, we have been in business since 1973. For over 36 years, we and our predecessors have provided retail, wholesale and industrial auction and liquidation solutions to clients. Past clients include Boeing, Apple Computers, Circuit City, Friedman's Jewelers, Hechinger, Mervyns, Tower Records, Eaton's, Hancock Fabrics, Movie Gallery, Linens N Things, Kmart, Sears, Montgomery Ward, Whitehall Jewelers, Gottschalks, Fortunoff, and Ritz Camera. Since 1995, we have participated in liquidations involving over \$23 billion in aggregate asset value and auctioned assets with an estimated aggregate value of over \$6 billion.

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Our valuation and appraisal services division provides valuation and appraisal services to financial institutions, lenders, private equity investors and other providers of capital. These services primarily include the valuation of assets (i) for purposes of determining and monitoring the value of collateral securing financial transactions and loan arrangements and (ii) in connection with potential business combinations. Our clients include major financial institutions such as Bank of America, Credit Suisse, GE Capital, JPMorgan Chase, Union Bank of California, and Wells Fargo. Our clients also include private equity firms such as Apollo Management, Goldman Sachs Capital Partners, Laurus Funds, Sun Capital Partners and UBS Capital.

Over the past years, our growth has been funded through a combination of profits generated from operations and more recently from proceeds received from AAMAC in connection with the Acquisition. During the nine months ended September 30, 2010, the operating profits generated by our auction and liquidation segment have been negatively impacted due to fewer retail liquidation engagements conducted by us. As economic conditions and credit markets have improved for retailers, the number of large retail liquidation engagements in the auction and liquidation industry has decreased from historical levels. These factors, in addition to the interest expense on the \$55.6 million of subordinated, unsecured promissory notes payable to the Great American Members and Phantom Equityholders, have resulted in the net use of \$6.9 million of cash from operations during the nine months ended September 30, 2010.

On May 4, 2010, we entered into individual amendments (each, an Amendment and collectively, the Amendments ) to an aggregate of \$52.4 million of the \$55.6 million principal amount outstanding of the subordinated, unsecured promissory notes payable to the Great American Members and Phantom Equityholders and the interest rate was reduced from 12.0% per annum to 3.75% per annum. In addition, the maturity date for \$47.0 million of the \$55.6 million principal amount outstanding of the subordinated, unsecured promissory notes payable to the Great American Members was extended to July 31, 2018, subject to annual prepayments based upon our cash flow subject to certain limitations as provided in the amendment to the notes payable, including, without limitation, our maintenance of a minimum adjusted cash balance of \$20.0 million. The terms of these amendments reduce the annual cash required to service this debt. On October 27, 2010, we entered into individual waivers for an aggregate of \$51.3 million of the \$53.9 million principal amount outstanding of the subordinated, unsecured promissory notes payable to the Great American Members and Phantom Equityholders, whereby the noteholders agreed to allow us to defer payment of the interest payments due on each of October 31, 2010, January 31, 2011, and April 30, 2011 until July 31, 2011.

In addition to amending the subordinated, unsecured promissory notes payable to the Great American Members and Phantom Equityholders, we implemented cost reduction measures in September 2010 that resulted in a reduction in employee headcount by approximately 7%, reduction in base salaries to senior executives, and other cost savings measures which we expect to result in an aggregate total of approximately \$2.2 million in cost savings on an annual basis. We also merged the operations of the machinery and equipment appraisal business with the wholesale and industrial auction business. These actions are expected to result in cost savings which should start to be realized in the fourth quarter of 2010.

As of September 30, 2010, we had approximately \$21.0 million in unrestricted cash and no borrowings outstanding under our asset based credit facility. We believe that our current cash and cash equivalents, funds available under our asset based credit facility and cash expected to be generated from operating activities will be sufficient to meet our working capital and capital expenditure requirements for at least the next 12 months. We continue to monitor our financial performance to ensure sufficient liquidity to fund operations.

### ***Critical Accounting Policies***

Our consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ( GAAP ), which require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts. The estimates and assumptions are based on historical experience and on other factors that management believes to be reasonable. Actual results may differ from those estimates. Critical accounting policies represent the areas where more significant judgments and estimates are used in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements. A discussion of such critical accounting policies, which include revenue recognition, allowance for doubtful accounts, goods held for sale or auction, goodwill and other intangible assets, share-based compensation and income taxes can be found in our 2009 Annual Report on Form 10-K. There have been no material changes to the policies noted above as of this quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2010.

**Table of Contents****Results of Operations**

The following period to period comparisons of our financial results and our interim results are not necessarily indicative of future results.

**Three Months Ended September 30, 2010 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2009****Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations**

(dollars in thousands)

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2010		Three Months Ended September 30, 2009	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Services and fees	\$ 13,499	97.4%	\$ 10,980	73.0%
Sale of goods	359	2.6%	4,056	27.0%
Total revenues	13,858	100.0%	15,036	100.0%
<b>Operating expenses:</b>				
Direct cost of services	2,852	20.6%	4,792	31.9%
Cost of goods sold	561	4.0%	3,851	25.6%
Selling, general and administrative expenses	8,018	57.9%	7,246	48.2%
Total operating expenses	11,431	82.5%	15,889	105.7%
Operating income (loss)	2,427	17.5%	(853)	-5.7%
Other income (expense)	(401)	-2.9%	(341)	-2.3%
Interest income	157	1.0%	12	0.1%
Interest expense	(848)	-6.1%	(2,328)	-15.5%
Income (loss) from continuing operations before benefit for income taxes	1,335	9.6%	(3,510)	-23.3%
(Provision) benefit for income taxes	(880)	-6.4%	7,610	50.6%
Income (loss) from continuing operations	455	3.3%	4,100	27.3%
Loss from discontinued operations		0.0%	(67)	-0.4%
Net income (loss)	\$ 455	3.3%	\$ 4,033	26.8%

**Revenues.** Total revenues decreased \$1.1 million to \$13.9 million during the three months ended September 30, 2010 from \$15.0 million during the three months ended September 30, 2009. The decrease in revenues was primarily due to a \$0.9 million decrease in revenues in the auction and liquidation segment and a \$0.2 million decrease in revenues in the valuation and appraisal services segment in 2010 as compared to the same period in 2009. Revenues in the auction and liquidation segment during the three months ended September 30, 2010 were negatively impacted by fewer liquidation engagements during the quarter as economic conditions for retailers and credit markets improved from the prior year. Revenues in the auction and liquidation segment during the three months ended September 30, 2010 were favorably impacted from the resolution of contractual matters on one retail liquidation engagement where we previously reserved for an estimated loss. Revenues from this one retail liquidation engagement represented 45.4% of total revenues during the three months ended September 30, 2010. The majority of the revenue from this liquidation service contract for the three months ended September 30, 2010 was the result of the reversal of a loss reserve that was accrued at June 30, 2010. The decrease in revenues of \$0.2 million in the valuation and appraisal services segment was primarily due to a decrease in revenues related to asset valuations that we perform for asset-based loans on machinery and equipment.



**Table of Contents****Revenue and Gross Margin by Segment**

(dollars in thousands)

*Auction and Liquidation Segment:*

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2010		Three Months Ended September 30, 2009	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Services and fees	\$ 8,563	96.0%	\$ 5,772	58.7%
Sale of goods	359	4.0%	4,056	41.3%
Total revenues	8,922	100.0%	9,828	100.0%
Direct cost of services	680	7.6%	2,381	24.2%
Cost of goods sold	561	6.3%	3,851	39.2%
Total operating expenses	1,241	13.9%	6,232	63.4%
Gross margin	\$ 7,681	86.1%	\$ 3,596	36.6%
Gross margin services and fees	92.1%		58.7%	
Gross margin sales of goods	-56.3%		5.1%	

Revenues in the auction and liquidation segment decreased \$0.9 million to \$8.9 million during the three months ended September 30, 2010 from \$9.8 million during the three months ended September 30, 2009. Revenues from services and fees increased \$2.8 million to \$8.6 million during the three months ended September 30, 2010 from \$5.8 million during the three months ended September 30, 2009. The increase in revenues from services and fees of \$2.8 million during the three months ended September 30, 2010 was primarily due to the favorable impact of the resolution of contractual matters on one retail liquidation engagement where we previously reserved for an estimated loss. Revenues from this one liquidation services contract represented 70.5% of total revenues in the auction and liquidation segment during the three months ended September 30, 2010. The majority of the revenue from this liquidation services contract for the three months ended September 30, 2010 was the result of the reversal of a loss reserve that was accrued at June 30, 2010. Revenues from gross sales of goods where we held title to the goods decreased to \$0.4 million during the three months ended September 30, 2010 from \$4.1 million during the three months ended September 30, 2009. The decrease in gross revenues from the sales of goods where we held title to the goods was primarily due fewer auction engagements where we sell assets during the three months ended September 30, 2010 as compared to 2009.

Gross margin in the auction and liquidation segment was 92.1% of revenues during the three months ended September 30, 2010, as compared to 58.7% of revenues during the three months ended September 30, 2009. The increase in the gross margin during the three months ended September 30, 2010 was primarily due to an increase in revenues earned in 2010 from services and fees from liquidation engagements where we provided a minimum recovery value for goods sold at bankruptcy liquidation sales. During the three months ended September 30, 2010, 73.4% of the revenues from services and fees resulted from the favorable impact of the resolution of contractual matters on one retail liquidation engagement where we previously reserved for an estimated loss as previously discussed. The gross margin during the three months ended September 30, 2010 was also negatively impacted by the decrease in the gross margin from the sales of goods where we held title, which decreased to (56.3%) during the three months ended September 30, 2010 as compared to a gross margin of 5.1% during the nine months ended September 30, 2009.

*Valuation and Appraisal Segment:*

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	Three Months Ended September 30, 2010		Three Months Ended September 30, 2009	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
Revenues - Services and fees	\$ 4,936	100.0%	\$ 5,208	100.0%
Direct cost of services	2,172	44.0%	2,411	46.3%
Gross margin	\$ 2,764	56.0%	\$ 2,797	53.7%

Revenues in the valuation and appraisal segment decreased \$0.3 million, or 5.2%, to \$4.9 million during the three months ended September 30, 2010 from \$5.2 million during the three months ended September 30, 2009. The decrease in revenues was primarily due to a decrease in revenues related to asset valuations conducted for lenders on asset-based loans for machinery and equipment.

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Gross margins in the valuation and appraisal segment increased to 56.0% of revenues during the three months ended September 30, 2010 as compared to 53.7% of revenues during the three months ended September 30, 2009. Gross margins in 2010 were favorably impacted by reduction in employee headcount during the second quarter of 2010 which resulted in a decrease in salaries and wages in 2010 as compared to 2009. The gross margin during the three months ended September 30, 2010 was also negatively impacted by a reduction in the average price we earn from asset valuations for lenders on asset-based loans for machinery and equipment as a result of increased competition in the marketplace.

***Operating Expenses***

**Direct Costs of Services.** Total direct costs of services decreased \$1.9 million, or 40.5%, to \$2.9 million during the three months ended September 30, 2010 from \$4.8 million during the three months ended September 30, 2009. Direct costs of services in the auction and liquidation segment decreased \$1.7 million to \$0.7 million during the three months ended September 30, 2010 from \$2.4 million during the three months ended September 30, 2009. This decrease in expenses was primarily due to a decrease in the number of fee and commission type of engagements where we contractually bill fees, commissions and reimbursable expenses in 2010 as compared to the same period in 2009. Direct costs of services in the valuation and appraisal services segment decreased \$0.2 million, or 9.9%, to \$2.2 million during the three months ended September 30, 2010 from \$2.4 million during the three months ended September 30, 2009. This decrease was primarily due to a reduction in employee headcount during the second quarter of 2010 which resulted in a decrease in salaries and wages in 2010 as compared to 2009.

**Cost of Goods Sold.** Cost of goods sold decreased \$3.3 million to \$0.6 million during the three months ended September 30, 2010 from \$3.9 million during the three months ended September 30, 2009. As a percentage of gross sales of goods where we hold title to the goods, costs of goods sold was 156.3% during the three months ended September 30, 2010 as compared to 94.9% during the three months ended September 30, 2009. During the three months ended September 30, 2010, there were fewer auction engagements where we sell assets as compared to the same period in 2009.

**Selling, General and Administrative Expenses.** Selling, general and administrative expenses during the three months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 were comprised of the following:

**Selling, General and Administrative Expenses by Segment**

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2010		Three Months Ended September 30, 2009		Change	
	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
Auction and liquidation	\$ 2,115	26.4%	\$ 1,569	21.7%	\$ 546	34.8%
Valuation and appraisal	1,932	24.1%	2,003	27.6%	(71)	-3.5%
Corporate and other	3,971	49.5%	3,674	50.7%	297	8.1%
Total selling, general & administrative expenses	\$ 8,018	100.0%	\$ 7,246	100.0%	\$ 772	10.7%

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$0.8 million, or 10.7%, to \$8.0 million during the three months ended September 30, 2010 from \$7.3 million during the three months ended September 30, 2009. The increase in selling, general and administrative expense was primarily due to an increase in selling, general and administrative expense in the auction and liquidation segment and corporate and other during the three months ended September 30, 2010. Selling, general and administrative expense in the auction and liquidation segment increased \$0.5 million, or 34.8%, to \$2.1 million during the three months ended September 30, 2010 from \$1.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009, primarily due to an increase in payroll and operating expenses from the expansion of our European operations during the three months ended September 30, 2010. Selling, general and administrative expense in corporate and other increased \$0.3 million, or 8.1%, to \$4.0 million during the three months ended September 30, 2010 from \$3.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2009. During the three months ended September 30, 2009, selling, general and administrative expenses in corporate and other included a credit in the amount of \$2.4 million recorded due to a decrease in expenses related to the deferred compensation plan for the Phantom Equityholders. Excluding this credit, corporate and other expenses were \$6.1 million during the three months ended September 30, 2009. The decrease in selling, general and administrative expenses in corporate and other was primarily due to a decrease in legal, accounting and professional fees during the three months ended September 30, 2010 as compared to the same period in 2009. During the three months ended September 30, 2009, we incurred \$2.2 million of accounting, legal and consulting expenses as a result of the Acquisition.





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**Other Income (Expense).** Other expense was \$0.4 million during the three months ended September 30, 2010 as compared to \$0.3 million during the three months ended September 30, 2009. The increase in other expense is primarily due to an increase in the losses incurred in 2010 from our 50% share of losses generated in the three months ended September 30, 2010 from the operations of Great American Real Estate, LLC ( GARE ), a joint venture with Kelly Capital to conduct auctions of foreclosed residential real estate properties and residential and commercial loan sales to third parties on behalf of financial institutions and other private parties.

**Interest Expense.** Interest expense decreased \$1.5, or 63.6% to \$0.8 million during the three months ended September 30, 2010 from \$2.3 million during the three months ended September 30, 2009. Interest expense during the three months ended September 30, 2010 was comprised of \$0.6 million of interest expense on the notes payable issued to the Great American Members and Phantom Equityholders as a result of the Acquisition in July 2009 and \$0.2 million of interest expense on borrowings outstanding under our credit facilities for liquidation engagements. In comparison, interest expenses during the three months ended September 30, 2009 was comprised of \$1.1 million of interest expense on the notes payable issued to the Great American Members and Phantom Equityholders as a result of the Acquisition in July 2009, \$0.6 million of interest expense on borrowings outstanding under our credit facilities for liquidation engagements and \$0.6 million of interest expense on borrowings used to finance certain machinery and equipment.

**Income (Loss) from Operations.** Income from operations was \$1.3 million during the three months ended September 30, 2010 as compared to a loss from operations of \$3.5 million during the three months ended September 30, 2009. The increase in income from operations in the period was primarily due to the favorable impact of the resolution of contractual matters on one retail liquidation engagement where we previously reserved for an estimated loss at June 30, 2010 as previously discussed.

**Net Income (Loss).** Net income was \$0.5 million during the three months ended September 30, 2010 as compared to net income of \$4.0 million during the three months ended September 30, 2009. The decrease in net income during the three months ended September 30, 2010 was primarily due to the tax benefit of \$6.2 million recognized during the three months ended September 30, 2009 as a result of the change in tax status to a C corporation due to the Acquisition.

**Table of Contents***Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009***Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations**

(dollars in thousands)

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Services and fees	\$ 26,408	84.8%	\$ 60,767	84.4%
Sale of goods	4,732	15.2%	11,197	15.6%
Total revenues	31,140	100.0%	71,964	100.0%
<b>Operating expenses:</b>				
Direct cost of services	10,938	35.1%	12,540	17.4%
Cost of goods sold	6,098	19.6%	9,553	13.3%
Selling, general and administrative expenses	24,617	79.1%	26,084	36.2%
Total operating expenses	41,653	133.8%	48,177	66.9%
Operating income (loss)	(10,513)	-33.8%	23,787	33.1%
Other income (expense)	(1,268)	-4.1%	(580)	-0.8%
Interest income	334	1.2%	20	0.0%
Interest expense	(2,640)	-8.5%	(9,272)	-12.9%
Income (loss) from continuing operations before benefit for income taxes	(14,087)	-45.2%	13,955	19.4%
Benefit for income taxes	4,955	15.9%	7,610	10.6%
Income (loss) from continuing operations	(9,132)	-29.3%	21,565	30.0%
Loss from discontinued operations		0.0%	(67)	-0.1%
Net income (loss)	\$ (9,132)	-29.3%	\$ 21,498	29.9%

**Revenues.** Total revenues decreased \$40.8 million to \$31.1 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 from \$72.0 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2009. The decrease in revenues was primarily due to a \$39.9 million decrease in revenues in the auction and liquidation segment and a \$0.9 million decrease in revenues in the valuation and appraisal services segment in 2010 as compared to the same period in 2009. Revenues in the auction and liquidation segment during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 were negatively impacted due to fewer liquidation engagements during 2010 as economic conditions for retailers and credit markets improved from the prior year and a decline in revenues from the auction of machinery and equipment. In comparison, during the nine months ended September 30, 2009 we earned revenues of \$16.4 million and \$9.4 million from two large liquidation service engagements where we provided a minimum recovery value for goods being sold at bankruptcy liquidation sales. The decrease in revenues of \$0.9 million in the valuation and appraisal services segment was primarily due to a decrease in revenues related to asset valuations that we perform for asset-based loans on machinery and equipment.

**Table of Contents****Revenue and Gross Margin by Segment**

(dollars in thousands)

*Auction and Liquidation Segment:*

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Services and fees	\$ 10,957	69.8%	\$ 44,424	79.9%
Sale of goods	4,732	30.2%	11,197	20.1%
Total revenues	15,689	100.0%	55,621	100.0%
Direct cost of services	4,200	26.8%	5,778	10.4%
Cost of goods sold	6,098	38.9%	9,553	17.2%
Total operating expenses	10,298	65.7%	15,331	27.6%
Gross margin	\$ 5,391	34.3%	\$ 40,290	72.4%
Gross margin services and fees	61.7%		87.0%	
Gross margin sales of goods	-28.9%		14.7%	

Revenues in the auction and liquidation segment decreased \$39.9 million to \$15.7 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 from \$55.6 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2009. Revenues from services and fees decreased to \$11.0 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2010, a decrease of \$33.4 million from \$44.4 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2009. The \$33.4 million decrease in revenues from services and fees was primarily due to fewer liquidation engagements during the period as economic conditions for retailers and credit markets improved from the prior year and a decline in revenues from the auction of machinery and equipment. In comparison, during the nine months ended September 30, 2009, we earned revenues of \$16.4 million and \$9.4 million from two large liquidation service engagements where we provided a minimum recovery value for goods being sold at bankruptcy liquidation sales. Revenues from gross sales of goods where we held title to the goods decreased to \$4.7 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 from \$11.2 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2009. The decrease in gross revenues from the sales of goods where we held title to the goods was primarily due to fewer auction engagements where we sold assets during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 as compared to 2009.

Gross margin in the auction and liquidation segment was 61.7% of revenues during the nine months ended September 30, 2010, as compared to 87.0% of revenues during the nine months ended September 30, 2009. The decrease in the gross margin in 2010 was primarily due to a decrease in revenues from services and fees and gross margin from liquidation engagements where we provided a minimum recovery value for goods sold at bankruptcy liquidation sales. The gross margin during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 was also negatively impacted from the decrease in the gross margin from the sales of goods where we held title which decreased to (28.9%) during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 as compared to a gross margin of 14.7% during the nine months ended September 30, 2009.

*Valuation and Appraisal Segment:*

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
Revenues - Services and fees	\$ 15,451	100.0%	\$ 16,343	100.0%

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Direct cost of services	6,738	43.6%	6,762	41.4%
Gross margin	\$ 8,713	56.4%	\$ 9,581	58.6%

Revenues in the valuation and appraisal segment decreased \$0.8 million, or 5.5%, to \$15.5 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 from \$16.3 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2009. The decrease in revenues was primarily due to a decrease in revenues related to asset valuations conducted for lenders on asset-based loans for machinery and equipment.

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Gross margins in the valuation and appraisal segment decreased to 56.4% of revenues during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 as compared to 58.6% of revenues during the nine months ended September 30, 2009. Gross margins in 2010 were negatively impacted by the increase in headcount in the second half of 2009 resulting in additional salaries and wages in 2010 as compared to 2009 and a reduction the average pricing we earned from asset valuations for lenders on asset-based loans for machinery and equipment. The decrease in average pricing on asset valuations for lenders on asset-based loans for machinery and equipment was primarily due to increased competition in the marketplace.

**Operating Expenses**

**Direct Costs of Services.** Total direct costs of services decreased \$1.6 million, or 12.8%, to \$10.9 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 from \$12.5 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2009. Direct costs of services in the auction and liquidation segment decreased \$1.6 million to \$4.2 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 from \$5.8 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2009. The decrease in expenses was primarily due to a lower volume and decrease in margins we realized on fee and commission type of engagements where we contractually bill fees, commissions and reimbursable expenses in 2010 as compared to the same period in 2009. Direct costs of services in the valuation and appraisal services segment decreased \$0.1 million, or 0.4%, to \$6.7 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 from \$6.8 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2009. This decrease was favorably impacted from a reduction in employee headcount during the second quarter of 2010 which resulted in a decrease in salaries and wages in 2010 as compared to 2009.

**Cost of Goods Sold.** Cost of goods sold decreased \$3.5 million to \$6.1 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 from \$9.6 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2009. As a percentage of gross sales of goods where we hold title to the goods, costs of goods sold was 128.9% during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 as compared to 85.3% during the nine months ended September 30, 2009. The decrease in costs of goods sold during the nine months ended September 30, 2010, was primarily due to fewer auction engagements in 2010 where we sell assets as compared to the same period in 2009. This decrease was offset by a non-cash charges of \$1.3 million during the period to increase the reserve for slow moving goods held for sale or auction.

**Selling, General and Administrative Expenses.** Selling, general and administrative expenses during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 were comprised of the following:

**Selling, General and Administrative Expenses by Segment**

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009		Change	
	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
Auction and liquidation	\$ 5,763	23.4%	\$ 3,798	14.6%	\$ 1,965	51.7%
Valuation and appraisal	6,449	26.2%	6,080	23.3%	369	6.1%
Corporate and other	12,405	50.4%	16,206	62.1%	(3,801)	-23.5%
Total selling, general & administrative expenses	\$ 24,617	100.0%	\$ 26,084	100.0%	\$ (1,467)	-5.6%

Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased \$1.5 million, or 5.6%, to \$24.6 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 from \$26.1 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2009. The decrease in selling, general and administrative expense was primarily due to a decrease in selling, general and administrative expense in corporate and other during the nine months ended September 30, 2010, which decreased \$3.8 million to \$12.4 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 from \$16.2 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2009. This decrease was primarily due to a decrease of \$4.0 million in compensation expense related to the deferred compensation plan for the Phantom Equityholders and a decrease of \$2.1 million for legal, accounting and professional fees related to the Acquisition on July 31, 2009, offset by an increase of \$3.1 million in share based compensation expense in 2010 in connection with the consideration paid to the Phantom Equityholders in connection with the Acquisition on July 31, 2009 and additional finance and accounting personnel expenses incurred in 2010. Selling, general and administrative expenses in the auction and liquidation segment increased \$2.0 million, or 51.7%, to \$5.8 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 from \$3.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2009. The increase was primarily due to an increase in payroll and operating expenses from the expansion of our European operations during the nine months ended September 30, 2010. Selling, general and administrative expenses in the valuation and appraisal services segment increased \$0.4 million, or 6.1%, to \$6.4 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 from \$6.1 million for the nine months ended September 30,

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2009. This increase was primarily due to an increase in personnel costs related to the expansion of the business development team and an increase in advertising and promotional expenses during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 as compared to the same period in 2009.

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**Other Income (Expense).** Other expense was \$1.3 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 as compared to \$0.6 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2009. The increase in other expense is primarily due to an increase in the losses incurred in 2010 from our 50% share of losses generated in the nine months ended September 30, 2010 from the operations of Great American Real Estate, LLC ( GARE ), a joint venture with Kelly Capital to conduct auctions of foreclosed residential real estate properties and residential and commercial loan sales to third parties on behalf of financial institutions and other private parties.

**Interest Expense.** Interest expense decreased \$6.6 million to \$2.6 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 from \$9.3 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2009. Interest expense during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 was comprised of \$2.1 million of interest expense on the notes payable issued to the Great American Members and Phantom Equityholders as a result of the Acquisition in July 2009 and \$0.5 million of interest expense on borrowings outstanding under our credit facilities for liquidation engagements. During the nine months ended September 30, 2009, interest expense was primarily related to \$6.4 million of interest expense on borrowings outstanding under our credit facilities for liquidation engagements, \$1.1 million of interest expense on the notes payable issued to the Great American Members and Phantom Equityholders as a result of the Acquisition in July 2009, and \$1.8 million of interest expense on borrowings used to finance certain machinery and equipment. The decrease in interest expense is primarily due to a decrease in borrowings under our credit facilities for liquidation engagements as a result of a decrease in the number of liquidation engagements in the nine months ended September 30, 2010.

**Income (Loss) from Operations.** Loss from operations was \$14.1 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 as compared to income from operations of \$14.0 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2009. The decrease in income from operations in 2010 was primarily due to the decrease in revenues and profits earned in the auction and liquidation segment as previously discussed.

**Net Income (Loss).** Net loss was \$9.1 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 as compared to net income of \$21.5 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2009. The decrease in net income during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 was primarily due to the decrease in revenues and profits earned in the auction and liquidation segment as previously discussed.

***Liquidity and Capital Resources***

Over the past years, our growth has been funded through a combination of operating profits generated from operations and more recently from proceeds received from AAMAC in connection with the Acquisition, which was completed on July 31, 2009. During the nine months ended September 30, 2010, the profits generated by our auction and liquidation segment have been negatively impacted by fewer retail liquidation engagements conducted by us. As economic conditions and credit markets have improved for retailers, the number of large retail liquidation engagements in the auction and liquidation industry has decreased from historical levels. These factors, in addition to the interest expense on the \$55.6 million of subordinated, unsecured promissory notes payable to the Great American Members and Phantom Equityholders, have resulted in the net use of \$6.9 million of cash from operations during the nine months ended September 30, 2010.

On May 4, 2010, we entered into individual amendments (each, an Amendment and collectively, the Amendments ) to an aggregate of \$52.4 million of the \$55.6 million principal amount outstanding of the subordinated, unsecured promissory notes payable to the Great American Members and Phantom Equityholders in connection with the Acquisition and the interest rate was reduced from 12.0% per annum to 3.75% per annum. In addition, the maturity date for \$47.0 million of the \$55.6 million principal amount outstanding of the subordinated, unsecured promissory notes payable to the Great American Members was extended to July 31, 2018, subject to annual prepayments based upon our cash flow subject to certain limitations as provided in the amendment to the notes payable, including, without limitation, our maintenance of a minimum adjusted cash balance of \$20.0 million. The terms of these amendments significantly reduce the annual cash required to service this debt. On October 27, 2010, we entered into individual waivers for an aggregate of \$51.3 million of the \$53.9 million principal amount outstanding of the subordinated, unsecured promissory notes payable to the Great American Members and Phantom Equityholders, whereby the noteholders agreed to permit us to defer the payment of interest payments due on each of October 31, 2010, January 31, 2011, and April 30, 2011 until July 31, 2011.

In addition to amending the subordinated, unsecured promissory notes payable to the Great American Members and Phantom Equityholders, we implemented cost reduction measures in September 2010 that resulted in a reduction in employee headcount by approximately 7%, reduction in base salaries to senior executives, and other cost savings measures which we expect to result in an aggregate total of approximately \$2.2 million in cost savings on an annual basis. We also merged the operations of the machinery and equipment appraisal business with the wholesale and industrial auction business. These actions are expected to result in cost savings which should start to be realized in the fourth quarter of 2010.

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As of September 30, 2010, we had \$21.0 million in unrestricted cash and no borrowings outstanding under our asset based credit facility. We believe that our current cash and cash equivalents, funds available under our asset based credit facility and cash expected to be generated from operating activities will be sufficient to meet our working capital and capital expenditure requirements for at least the next 12 months. We continue to monitor our financial performance to ensure sufficient liquidity to fund operations.



**Table of Contents****Acquisition Overview**

We received net proceeds of \$69.3 million from AAMAC as a result of the Acquisition and issued 19,346,626 shares of common stock of the Company to AAMAC shareholders. The Great American Members received 10,560,000 shares of our common stock and \$82.4 million in accordance with the Purchase Agreement consisting of (i) cash distributions totaling \$31.7 million from GAG, LLC and (ii) \$50.7 million representing their share of the \$60.0 million unsecured subordinated promissory note. The remaining portion of the unsecured subordinated promissory note, which amounted to \$9.3 million, was issued to the Phantom Equityholders in settlement of accrued compensation payable pursuant to the deferred compensation plan as more fully described in Note 14(b) in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. In connection with the Acquisition, on October 2, 2009, we redeemed all of the outstanding warrants to purchase shares of our common stock for \$0.50 in accordance with the terms of the warrants. The aggregate warrant redemption consideration paid to the warrant holders was approximately \$23.0 million, which was paid with the \$23.0 million that had been deposited in a separate account at the closing of the Acquisition for that purpose.

**Cash Flow Overview for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010 and 2009**

Our principal sources of liquidity are cash and cash equivalents as a result of the Acquisition, cash provided by operating activities, and funds available under revolving credit facilities and special purpose financing arrangements.

	<b>Nine Months Ended September 30,</b>	
	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>
<b>Net cash provided by (used in):</b>		
Operating activities	\$ (6,917)	\$ 25,006
Investing activities	(6,192)	(21,969)
Financing activities	(3,861)	26,837
Effect of foreign currency on cash	(1)	
 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	 \$ (16,971)	 \$ 29,874

Cash used in operating activities was \$6.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 compared to cash provided by operating activities of \$25.0 million in the same period in 2009. The decrease in cash provided by operating activities in the nine months ended September 30, 2010 was primarily due to a decrease in revenue and income from operations in the auction and liquidation segment. During the nine months ended September 30, 2009, we earned revenues of \$16.4 million and \$9.6 million from two large consumer product retailers conducting bankruptcy liquidation sales. Revenues and profits in the auction and liquidation segment during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 were negatively impacted due to fewer liquidation engagements during the period as economic conditions for retailers and credit markets improved from the prior year.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$6.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and \$22.0 million in the same period in 2009. During the nine months ended September 30, 2009, cash used in investing activities was primarily comprised of the use of \$21.3 million of restricted cash used for services we provided for two large retail liquidation engagements that were completed in 2009 as previously discussed above and the use of \$0.7 million of cash for capital expenditures. During the nine months ended September 30, 2010, cash used in investing activities was primarily comprised of cash for loans to related parties in the form of notes receivable in the amount of \$5.9 million and the use of \$0.5 million of cash for capital expenditures.

Cash used by financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 was \$3.9 million as compared to cash provided by financing activities of \$26.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2009. Cash used by financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 included \$1.7 million of principal payments on our notes payable to the Great American Members and Phantom Equityholders, \$1.1 million for the payment of employment taxes on the vesting of restricted stock that was awarded to the Phantom Equityholders in connection with the Acquisition, and \$1.0 million of distributions to noncontrolling interests. In the nine months ended September 30, 2009, cash provided by financing activities was primarily the result of \$70.4 million of proceeds we received in connection with the Acquisition on July 31, 2009, offset by the use of cash for the repayment of \$8.5 million of notes payable, long-term debt and capital lease obligations, \$33.9 million of distributions to stockholders, and \$1.1 million of distributions to noncontrolling interests.

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From time to time, we utilize our asset based credit facility to fund costs and expenses incurred in connection with liquidation engagements. We also utilize this credit facility in order to issue letters of credit in connection with liquidation engagements conducted on a guaranteed basis. At September 30, 2010, there were no borrowings outstanding under the credit facility. We are permitted to borrow up to \$100.0 million under the credit facility; however, borrowings under the credit facility are only made at the discretion of the lender. We typically seek borrowings on an engagement-by-engagement basis. The asset based credit facility expires in July 2013, however, borrowings under the credit facility are generally required to be repaid within 180 days.

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On May 29, 2008, GAGEE entered into a credit agreement to finance the purchase of certain machinery and equipment to be sold at auction or liquidation. The principal amount of the loan was \$12.0 million and borrowings bear interest at a rate of 20% per annum. The loan is collateralized by the machinery and equipment which were purchased with the proceeds from the loan. GAGEE is required to make principal and interest payments from proceeds from the sale of the machinery and equipment. GAGEE is a special purpose entity created to purchase the machinery and equipment, whose assets consist only of the machinery and equipment in question and whose liabilities are limited to the lenders note and certain operational expenses related to this transaction. GAG, LLC guaranteed GAGEE's liabilities to the lenders up to a maximum of \$1.2 million. The original maturity date of the loan was May 29, 2009, however, GAGEE exercised its right to extend the maturity date for 120 days until September 26, 2009. A fee of \$0.2 million was paid in connection with the extension. On September 26, 2009, the note payable became due and payable. On October 8, 2009, GAGEE and GAG, LLC entered into a Forbearance Agreement effective as of September 27, 2009 with the lenders and the Administrative Agent, relating to the credit agreement, by and among GAGEE, as borrower, GAG, LLC, as guarantor, the lenders and the Administrative Agent. Pursuant to the terms of the Forbearance Agreement, the lenders agreed to forbear from exercising any of the remedies available to them under the credit agreement and the related security agreement until November 17, 2009. Also, pursuant to the terms of the Forbearance Agreement, GAGEE agreed to hold an auction of the assets collateralizing GAGEE obligations under the credit agreement on or before November 3, 2009 and to use the sale proceeds to repay its obligations under the credit agreement. In connection with the execution of the Forbearance Agreement, GAG, LLC made a payment of \$1.2 million on October 9, 2009, in full satisfaction of its guaranty under the credit agreement which reduced the principal amount of borrowings and interest due under the credit agreement. We held an auction of the assets collateralizing GAGEE's obligation on November 3, 2009. The sale of the assets at auction was subject to meeting the reserve prices and approval by the Lenders, and the auction did not result in the sale of any of the assets. On December 31, 2009, GAGEE entered into an amendment to credit agreement (the "Amended Credit Agreement") dated as of December 18, 2009 with Garrison Special Opportunities Fund LP and the Administrative Agent, whereby the lenders agreed to forbear from exercising any of the remedies available to them under the Forbearance Agreement and the related Security Agreement and to extend the maturity date of the Forbearance Agreement until November 18, 2010, unless a forbearance default occurs, as specified in the Amended Credit Agreement. Also pursuant to the terms of the Amended Credit Agreement, the interest rate has been reduced from 20% to 0% and the lender has agreed to reimburse GAGEE for certain expenses from proceeds of the sale assets that collateralize the Amended Credit Agreement. GAGEE has no assets other than those collateralizing the loan. GAG, LLC has satisfied its obligation to pay the \$1.2 million guarantee and the credit agreement does not provide for other recourse against us, GAG, LLC or any of our other subsidiaries. We are currently in negotiations with the lender to extend the terms of the Forbearance Agreement.

One of our subsidiaries utilizes a factoring agreement to provide working capital to finance the operations within the valuation and appraisal segment. The factoring agreement is scheduled to expire in May 2011. The factoring agreement provides for the Factor, at its discretion, to purchase on a nonrecourse basis, all of our subsidiary's customer receivables. The Factor is responsible for servicing the receivables and pays 90% of the net receivable invoice amount upon request by our subsidiary and retains the remaining 10% in a reserve. Accounts receivable sold to the Factor were \$10.4 million and \$10.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. Effective December 1, 2009, the interest charge by the Factor was reduced to London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus 4.5% on the net uncollected outstanding balance of the receivables purchased.

On January 4, 2010, we loaned \$2.7 million to GAHA Fund I, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Great American Real Estate, LLC (GARE) which is a joint venture 50% owned by us and Kelley Capital, LLC. GAHA Fund I is a special purpose entity created to purchase land and a commercial building that is planned to be sold by GARE. The note receivable is collateralized by the land and commercial building which was purchased with the proceeds from the loan. The note receivable bears interest at a rate of 10% per annum and all unpaid principal and interest is due on December 15, 2010. Interest income was \$203,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and is included in interest income in the accompanying condensed consolidated statement of operations. At September 30, 2010, the note receivable in the amount of \$2.7 million and accrued interest receivable in the amount of \$203,000 is included in note receivable-related party in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet.

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On July 8, 2010, we loaned \$3.2 million to GARE for the purposes of investing in GAHA Fund II, LLC, a newly formed joint venture which is 50% owned by GARE. GAHA Fund II, LLC is a special purpose entity created to purchase non-performing distressed real estate loans at a substantial discount to par from a financial institution and market the loans and real estate to third parties. The note receivable bears interest at a rate of 15% per annum and all unpaid principal and interest is due on July 8, 2011. GAHA Fund II, LLC is actively marketing the loans and real estate. However, if it is unable to sell the loan and real estate for an amount that exceeds its costs, we could lose the entire value of our investment in the joint venture. Interest income was \$113,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 is included in interest income in the accompanying condensed consolidated statement of operations. At September 30, 2010, the note receivable in the amount of \$3.2 million and accrued interest receivable in the amount of \$113,000 is included in note receivable related party in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet.

### ***Off Balance Sheet Arrangements***

Other than with respect to our arrangements with GAHA Fund I and GAHA Fund II as described in Note 15 Related Party Transactions to our consolidated financial statements, we have no obligations, assets or liabilities which would be considered off-balance sheet arrangements and do not participate in transactions that create relationships with unconsolidated entities or financial partnerships, often referred to as variable interest entities, established for the purpose of facilitating off-balance sheet arrangements. We have not guaranteed any debt or commitments of other entities or entered into any options on non-financial assets.

### ***New Accounting Standards***

In January 2010 the FASB issued ASU 2009-16, *Accounting for Transfers of Financial Assets (FASB Statement No. 166, Accounting for Transfers of Financial Assets)*, or ASU 2009-16, which eliminates the concept of a qualifying special-purpose entity (QSPE), revises conditions for reporting a transfer of a portion of a financial asset as a sale (e.g., loan participations), clarifies the derecognition criteria, eliminates special guidance for guaranteed mortgage securitizations, and changes the initial measurement of a transferor's interest in transferred financial assets. ASU 2009-16 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after November 15, 2009. We adopted the provisions of this ASU effective January 1, 2010, which did not have a material impact on our financial statements.

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**Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.**

Our primary exposure to market risk consists of risk related to changes in interest rates. We utilize borrowings under our credit facilities to fund costs and expenses incurred in connection with liquidation contracts. Borrowings under our credit facilities bear interest at a floating rate of interest.

The primary objective of the our investment activities is to preserve capital for the purpose of funding operations while at the same time maximizing the income we receive from our investments without significantly increasing risk. To achieve these objectives, our investments allow us to maintain a portfolio of cash equivalents and short-term investments through a variety of securities, including commercial paper, money market funds and certificates of deposit. Our cash and cash equivalents through September 30, 2010 included amounts in bank checking, certificates of deposit and liquid money market accounts. We believe we have minimal interest rate risk. A one percentage point decrease in the average interest rate on our portfolio would have reduced its interest income for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 by an immaterial amount.

The Company has not used derivative financial instruments for speculation or trading purposes.

**Item 4. Controls and Procedures.**

***(a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures***

We carried out an evaluation required by the Exchange Act, under the supervision and with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act) as of September 30, 2010. Our disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding disclosure. Based upon this evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of September 30, 2010.

***(b) Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting***

There have been no material changes to our internal control over financial reporting during the fiscal quarter covered by this Quarterly Report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

**PART II OTHER INFORMATION**

**Item 1. Legal Proceedings.**

From time to time, we are involved in litigation arising out of our operations. We believe that we are not currently a party to any proceedings the adverse outcome of which, individually or in the aggregate, would have a material adverse effect on our financial position or results of operations.

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**Item 1A. Risk Factors**

Given the nature of our operations and services we provide, a wide range of factors could materially affect our operations and profitability. Changes in competitive, market and economic conditions also affect our operations. The risks and uncertainties described below are not the only risks and uncertainties facing us. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known or that are currently considered to be immaterial may also materially and adversely affect our business operations or stock price. If any of the following risks or uncertainties occurs, our business, financial condition or operating results could materially suffer.

***Our revenues and results of operations are volatile and difficult to predict.***

Our revenues and results of operations fluctuate significantly from quarter to quarter, due to a number of factors. These factors include, but are not limited to, the following:

our ability to attract new clients and obtain additional business from our existing client base;

the number, size and timing of our engagements;

the extent to which we acquire assets for resale, or guarantee a minimum return thereon, and our ability to resell those assets at favorable prices;

variability in the mix of revenues from the auction and liquidation solutions business and the valuation and appraisal services business;

the rate of growth of new service areas, including the new home auction and real estate services divisions and international expansion;

the types of fees we charge clients, or other financial arrangements we enter into with clients; and

changes in general economic and market conditions.

We have limited or no control over some of the factors set forth above and, as a result, may be unable to forecast our revenues accurately. We rely on projections of revenues in developing our operating plans for the future and will base our expectations regarding expenses on these projections and plans. If we inaccurately forecast revenues and/or earnings, or fail to accurately project expenses, we may be unable to adjust our spending in a timely manner to compensate for these inaccuracies and, as a result, may suffer operating losses and such losses could have a negative impact on our financial condition and results of operations. If, for any reason, we fail to meet company, investor or analyst projections of revenue, growth or earnings, the market price of the common stock could decline and you may lose all or part of your investment.

***We have experienced losses and may not achieve or maintain profitability.***

Although we have had profitable quarterly and annual periods, we have also experienced losses in the past. During the nine months ended September 30, 2010, we generated a net loss of \$9.1 million. As of September 30, 2010, our accumulated deficit was \$7.9 million. We may not be able to achieve positive cash flow from operations in future periods. If we cannot achieve and sustain operating profitability, we may not be able to meet our working capital requirements, which would have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition and cash flows. It is possible that we will experience losses with respect to the operation of our remaining service areas or new business areas in which we may enter. In addition, we expect that our operating expenses will increase to the extent that we grow our business. We may not be able to generate sufficient revenues to achieve or maintain profitability.

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*Our substantial level of indebtedness may make it difficult for us to satisfy our debt obligations and may adversely affect our ability to obtain financing for working capital, capitalize on business opportunities or respond to adverse changes in our industry.*

In connection with the consummation of the Acquisition, we issued subordinated unsecured promissory notes in the principal amount of \$55.6 million payable to the Great American Members and the Phantom Equityholders, which includes our Vice Chairman and CEO who own or control, in the aggregate, 10,560,000 shares of our common stock or 34.6% of our outstanding common stock as of September 30, 2010. Based on this indebtedness and other obligations resulting from the Acquisition, such indebtedness could have material consequences for our business, operations and liquidity position, including the following:

it may be more difficult for us to satisfy our debt obligations;

our ability to obtain additional financing for working capital, debt service requirements, general corporate or other purposes may be impaired;

a substantial portion of our cash flow will be used to pay interest and principal on our indebtedness, which will reduce the funds available for other purposes; and

our ability to refinance indebtedness may be limited.

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***Because of their significant stock ownership, some of our existing stockholders will be able to exert control over us and our significant corporate decisions.***

Our executive officers, directors and their affiliates own or control, in the aggregate, approximately 39.9% of our outstanding common stock as of September 30, 2010. In particular, our Vice Chairman and CEO own or control, in the aggregate, 10,560,000 shares of our common stock or 34.6% of our outstanding common stock as of September 30, 2010. These stockholders are able to exercise influence over matters requiring stockholder approval, such as the election of directors and the approval of significant corporate transactions, including transactions involving an actual or potential change of control of the company or other transactions that noncontrolling stockholders may not deem to be in their best interests. This concentration of ownership may harm the market price of our common stock by, among other things:

delaying, deferring, or preventing a change in control of our company;

impeding a merger, consolidation, takeover, or other business combination involving our company;

causing us to enter into transactions or agreements that are not in the best interests of all stockholders; or

discouraging a potential acquirer from making a tender offer or otherwise attempting to obtain control of our company.

***We may incur losses as a result of guarantee based engagements that we enter into in connection with our auction and liquidation solutions business.***

In many instances, in order to secure an engagement, we are required to bid for that engagement by guaranteeing to the client a minimum amount that such client will receive from the sale of inventory or assets. Our bid is based on a variety of factors, including: our experience, expertise, perceived value added by engagement, valuation of the inventory or assets and the prices we believe potential buyers would be willing to pay for such inventory or assets. An inaccurate estimate of any of the above or inaccurate valuation of the assets or inventory could result in us submitting a bid that exceeds the realizable proceeds from any engagement. If the liquidation proceeds, net of direct operating expenses, are less than the amount we guaranteed in our bid, we will incur a loss. Therefore, in the event that the proceeds, net of direct operating expenses, from an engagement are less than the bid, the value of the assets or inventory decline in value prior to the disposition or liquidation, or the assets are overvalued for any reason, we may suffer a loss and our financial condition and results of operations could be adversely affected.

***Losses due to any auction or liquidation engagement may cause us to become unable to make payments due to our creditors and may cause us to default on our debt obligations.***

We have three engagement structures: (i) a fee based structure under which we are compensated for our role in an engagement on a commission basis, (ii) purchase on an outright basis (and take title to) the assets or inventory of the client, and (iii) guarantee to the client that a certain amount will be realized by the client upon the sale of the assets or inventory based on contractually defined terms in the auction or liquidation contract. We bear the risk of loss under the purchase and guarantee structures of auction and liquidation contracts. If the amount realized from the sale or disposition of assets, net of direct operating expenses, does not equal or exceed the purchase price (in purchase transaction), we will recognize a loss on the engagement, or should the amount realized, net of direct operating expenses, not equal or exceed the guarantee, we are still required to pay the guaranteed amount to the client.

***We could incur losses in connection with outright purchase transactions in which we engage as part of our auction and liquidation solutions business.***

When we conduct an asset disposition or liquidation on an outright purchase basis, we purchase from the client the assets or inventory to be sold or liquidated and therefore, we hold title to any assets or inventory that we are not able to sell. In other situations, we may acquire assets from our clients if we believe that we can identify a potential buyer and sell the assets at a premium to the price paid. We store these unsold or acquired assets and inventory until they can be sold or, alternatively, transported to the site of a liquidation of comparable assets or inventory that we are conducting. If we are forced to sell these assets for less than we paid, or are required to transport and store assets multiple times, the



related expenses could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations.

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***We depend on financial institutions as primary clients for our valuation and appraisal services business. Consequently, the loss of any financial institutions as clients may have an adverse impact on our business.***

A majority of the revenue from our valuation and appraisal services business is derived from engagements by financial institutions. As a result, any loss of financial institutions as clients of our valuation and advisory services, whether due to changing preferences in service providers, failures of financial institutions or mergers and consolidations within the finance industry, could significantly reduce the number of existing, repeat and potential clients, thereby adversely affecting our revenues. In addition, any larger financial institutions that result from mergers or consolidations in the financial services industry could have greater leverage in negotiating terms of engagements with us, or could decide to internally perform some or all of the valuation and appraisal services which we currently provide to one of the constituent institutions involved in the merger or consolidation or which we could provide in the future. Any of these developments could have a material adverse effect on our valuation and appraisal services business.

***Our business may be impacted by changing economic and market conditions.***

Certain aspects of our business are cyclical in nature and changes in the current economic environment may require us to adjust our sales and marketing practices and react to different business opportunities and modes of competition. For example, we are more likely to conduct auctions and liquidations in connection with insolvencies and store closures during periods of economic downturn relative to periods of economic expansion. In addition, during an economic downturn, financial institutions that provide asset-based loans typically reduce the number of loans made, which reduces their need for our valuation and appraisal services. If we are not successful in reacting to changing economic conditions, we may lose business opportunities which could harm our financial condition.

***We may face liability or harm to our reputation as a result of a claim that we provided an inaccurate appraisal or valuation and our insurance coverage may not be sufficient to cover the liability.***

We could face liability in connection with a claim by a client that we provided an inaccurate appraisal or valuation on which the client relied. Any claim of this type, whether with or without merit, could result in costly litigation, which could divert management's attention and company resources and harm our reputation. Furthermore, if we are found to be liable, we may be required to pay damages. While our appraisals and valuations are typically provided only for the benefit of our clients, if a third party relies on an appraisal or valuation and suffers harm as a result, we may become subject to a legal claim, even if the claim is without merit. We carry insurance for liability resulting from errors or omissions in connection with our appraisals and valuations; however, the coverage may not be sufficient if we are found to be liable in connection with a claim by a client or third party.

***We could be forced to mark down the value of certain assets acquired in connection with outright purchase transactions.***

In most instances, inventory is reported on the balance sheet at its historical cost; however, according to U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, inventory whose historical cost exceeds its market value should be valued conservatively, which dictates a lower value should apply. Accordingly, should the replacement cost (due to technological obsolescence or otherwise), or the net realizable value of any inventory we hold be less than the cost paid to acquire such inventory (purchase price), we will be required to mark down the value of such inventory held. If the value of any inventory held on our balance sheet, including, but not limited to, oil rigs and other equipment related to the oil exploration business and airplane parts, is required to be written down, such write down could have a material adverse effect on our financial position and results of operations.

***We operate in highly competitive industries. Some of our competitors may have certain competitive advantages, which may cause us to be unable to effectively compete with or gain market share from our competitors.***

We face competition with respect to all of our service areas. The level of competition depends on the particular service area and category of assets being liquidated or appraised. We compete with other companies in bidding for assets and inventory to be liquidated. In addition, we compete with online services for liquidating assets and inventory, the demand for which are rapidly growing. These online competitors include other e-commerce providers, auction websites such as eBay, as well as government agencies and traditional liquidators and auctioneers that have created websites to further enhance their product offerings and more efficiently liquidate assets. We expect the market to become even more competitive as the demand for such services continues to increase and traditional and online liquidators and auctioneers continue to develop online and offline services for disposition, redeployment and remarketing of wholesale surplus and salvage assets. In addition, manufacturers, retailers and government agencies may decide to create their own websites to sell their own surplus assets and inventory and those of third parties.

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We also compete with other providers of valuation and advisory services. Competitive pressures within the valuation and appraisal services market, including a decrease in the number of engagements and/or a decrease in the fees which can be charged for these services, could affect revenues from our valuation and appraisal services as well as our ability to engage new or repeat clients. We believe that given the relatively low barriers to entry in the valuation and appraisal services market, this market may become more competitive as the demand for such services increases.

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Some of our competitors may be able to devote greater financial resources to marketing and promotional campaigns, secure merchandise from sellers on more favorable terms, adopt more aggressive pricing or inventory availability policies and devote more resources to website and systems development than we are able to do. Any inability on our part to effectively compete could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, growth potential and results of operations.

***If we are unable to attract and retain qualified personnel, we may not be able to compete successfully in our industry.***

Our future success depends to a significant degree upon the continued contributions of senior management and the ability to attract and retain other highly qualified management personnel. We face competition for management from other companies and organizations; therefore, we may not be able to retain our existing personnel or fill new positions or vacancies created by expansion or turnover at existing compensation levels. Although we have entered into employment agreements with key members of the senior management team, there can be no assurances such key individuals will remain with us. The loss of any of our executive officers or other key management personnel would disrupt our operations and divert the time and attention of our remaining officers and management personnel which could have an adverse effect on our results of operations and potential for growth.

We also face competition for highly skilled employees with experience in our industry, which requires a unique knowledge base. We may be unable to recruit or retain other existing technical, sales and client support personnel that are critical to our ability to execute our business plan.

***Expanding our services internationally exposes us to additional operational challenges, and if we fail to meet these challenges, our growth will be limited and our results of operations may be harmed.***

We recently expanded our operations into the United Kingdom and plan to enter other European and Asian markets, either through acquisition, partnership, joint venture or by expansion. Our management has limited experience in operating a business at the international level. As a result, we may be unsuccessful in carrying out any of our plans for expansion in a timely fashion, if at all, obtaining the necessary licensing, permits or market saturation, or in successfully navigating other challenges posed by operating an international business. Such international expansion is expected to require a significant amount of start up costs, as well. If we fail to execute this strategy, our growth will be limited and our results of operations may be harmed.

***We frequently use borrowings under credit facilities in connection with our guaranty engagements, in which we guarantee a minimum recovery to the client, and outright purchase transactions.***

In engagements where we operate on a guaranty or purchase basis, we are typically required to make an upfront payment to the client. If the upfront payment is less than 100% of the guarantee or the purchase price in a purchase transaction, we may be required to make successive cash payments until the guarantee is met or we may issue a letter of credit in favor of the client. Depending on the size and structure of the engagement, we may borrow under our credit facilities and may be required to issue a letter of credit in favor of the client for these additional amounts. If we lose any availability under our credit facilities, are unable to borrow under credit facilities and/or issue letters of credit in favor of clients, or borrow under credit facilities and/or issue letters of credit on commercially reasonable terms, we may be unable to pursue large liquidation and disposition engagements, engage in multiple concurrent engagements, pursue new engagements or expand our operations. We are required to obtain approval from the lenders under our existing credit facilities prior to making any borrowings thereunder in connection with a particular engagement. Any inability to borrow under our credit facilities, or enter into one or more other credit facilities on commercially reasonable terms may have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations and growth.

***Defaults under our credit agreements could have an adverse impact on our ability to finance potential engagements.***

The terms of our credit agreements contain a number of events of default and, in the past, we have defaulted under the credit agreements for failing to provide timely financial statements and for failing to maintain minimum net worth requirements. Should we default under any of our credit agreements in the future, lenders may take any or all remedial actions set forth in such credit agreement, including, but not limited to, accelerating payment and/or charging us a default rate of interest on all outstanding amounts, refusing to make any further advances or issue letters of credit, or terminating the line of credit. As a result of our reliance on lines of credit and letters of credit, any default under a credit agreement, or remedial actions pursued by lenders following any default under a credit agreement, may require us to immediately repay all outstanding amounts, which may preclude us from pursuing new liquidation and disposition engagements and may increase our cost of capital, each of which may have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations.



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*If we cannot meet our future capital requirements, we may be unable to develop and enhance our services, take advantage of business opportunities and respond to competitive pressures.*

We may need to raise additional funds in the future to grow our business internally, invest in new businesses, expand through acquisitions, enhance our current services or respond to changes in our target markets. If we raise additional capital through the sale of equity or equity derivative securities, the issuance of these securities could result in dilution to our existing stockholders. If additional funds are raised through the issuance of debt securities, the terms of that debt could impose additional restrictions on our operations or harm our financial condition. Additional financing may be unavailable on acceptable terms.

*Our common stock price may fluctuate substantially, and your investment could suffer a decline in value.*

The market price of our common stock may be volatile and could fluctuate substantially due to many factors, including, among other things:

actual or anticipated fluctuations in our results of operations;

announcements of significant contracts and transactions by us or our competitors;

sale of common stock or other securities in the future;

the trading volume of our common stock;

changes in our pricing policies or the pricing policies of our competitors; and

general economic conditions.

In addition, the stock market in general and the market for shares traded on the OTCBB in particular, have experienced extreme price and volume fluctuations that have often been unrelated or disproportionate to the operating performance of those companies. These broad market factors may materially harm the market price of our common stock, regardless of our operating performance.

*There is a limited market for our common shares and the trading price of our common shares is subject to volatility.*

Our common shares began trading on the OTCBB in August 2009, following the completion of the Acquisition. The trading market for our common shares is limited and an active trading market may not develop. Selling our common shares may be difficult because the limited trading market for our shares on the OTCBB could result in lower prices and larger spreads in the bid and ask prices of our shares, as well as lower trading volume.

In addition, our stock may be defined as a penny stock under Rule 3a51-1 under the Exchange Act. Penny stocks are subject to Rule 15c-2-02, which imposes additional sales practice requirements on broker-dealers that sell low-priced securities to persons other than established customers and institutional accredited investors. For transactions covered by this rule, a broker-dealer must make a special suitability determination for the purchaser and have received the purchaser's written consent to the transaction prior to sale. Consequently, the rule may affect the ability of broker-dealers to sell our common stock and affect the ability of holders to sell their shares of our common stock in the secondary market. To the extent our common stock is subject to the penny stock regulations, the market liquidity for the shares will be adversely affected.

*Our certificate of incorporation authorizes our board of directors to issue new series of preferred stock that may have the effect of delaying or preventing a change of control, which could adversely affect the value of your shares.*

Our certificate of incorporation, as amended, provides that our board of directors will be authorized to issue from time to time, without further stockholder approval, up to 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock in one or more series and to fix or alter the designations, preferences, rights and any qualifications, limitations or restrictions of the shares of each series, including the dividend rights, dividend rates, conversion rights, voting rights, rights of redemption, including sinking fund provisions, redemption price or prices, liquidation preferences and the number of shares constituting any series or designations of any series. Such shares of preferred stock could have preferences over our common stock with respect to dividends and liquidation rights. We may issue additional preferred stock in ways which may delay, defer or prevent a change of control of our company without further action by our stockholders. Such shares of preferred stock may be issued with voting rights that may adversely affect the voting power of the holders of our common stock by increasing the number of outstanding shares having voting rights, and by the creation of class or series voting rights.

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*Anti-takeover provisions under our charter documents and Delaware law could delay or prevent a change of control and could also limit the market price of our stock.*

Our certificate of incorporation, as amended, and our bylaws, as amended, contain provisions that could delay or prevent a change of control of our company or changes in our board of directors that our stockholders might consider favorable. For example, our certificate of incorporation and bylaws provide that our board of directors is classified into three classes of directors, with each class elected at a separate election. The existence of a staggered board could delay or prevent a potential acquirer from obtaining majority control of our board, and thus defer potential acquisitions. We are also governed by the provisions of Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporate Law, which may prohibit certain business combinations with stockholders owning 15% or more of our outstanding voting stock. These and other provisions in our certificate of incorporation, our bylaws and Delaware law could make it more difficult for stockholders or potential acquirors to obtain control of our board of directors or initiate actions that are opposed by the then-current board of directors, including delaying or impeding a merger, tender offer, or proxy contest or other change of control transaction involving our company. Any delay or prevention of a change of control transaction or changes in our board of directors could prevent the consummation of a transaction in which our stockholders could receive a substantial premium over the then current market price for their shares.

**Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.**

None.

**Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.**

None.

**Item 4. (Reserved)**

**Item 5. Other Information.**

None.

**Item 6. Exhibits.**

The exhibits filed as part of this Quarterly Report are listed in the index to exhibits immediately preceding such exhibits, which index to exhibits is incorporated herein by reference.



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**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Great American Group, Inc.

Date: November 15, 2010

By: /s/ PAUL S. ERICKSON  
Name: **Paul S. Erickson**  
Title: **Chief Financial Officer**

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**Exhibit Index**

<b>Exhibit No.</b>	<b>Description</b>
10.1	Second Amendment to and Extension of Credit Agreement and Omnibus Ratification of Loan Documents, dated as of July 16, 2010, by and between Great American Group WF, LLC and Wells Fargo Retail Finance, LLC*
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934*
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934*
32.1	Certification required by 18 United States Code Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*
32.2	Certification required by 18 United States Code Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*

\* Filed herewith.

These exhibits are being furnished and shall not be deemed filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, nor shall they be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing.