REALTY INCOME CORP Form 10-K February 21, 2007

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, DC 20549

**FORM 10-K** 

FORM 10-K 1

# ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2006

#### Commission File Number 1-13374

# REALTY INCOME CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization) 33-0580106 (IRS Employer Identification Number)

220 West Crest Street, Escondido, California 92025

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

Registrant s telephone number, including area code: (760)741-2111

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12 (b) of the Act:

Title of Each Class

Name of Each Exchange On Which Registered

Common Stock, \$1.00 Par Value Class D Preferred Stock, \$1.00 Par Value Class E Preferred Stock, \$1.00 Par Value 8.25% Monthly Income Senior Notes, due 2008

New York Stock Exchange New York Stock Exchange New York Stock Exchange New York Stock Exchange

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12 (g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes o No x

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject

to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant s knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 12b-2).

Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer o Non-accelerated filer o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

At June 30, 2006, the aggregate market value of the Registrant s shares of common stock, \$1.00 par value, held by non-affiliates of the Registrant was \$1.9 billion, at the New York Stock Exchange ( NYSE ) closing price of \$21.90.

At February 13, 2007, the number of shares of common stock outstanding was 101,005,867, the number of Class D preferred shares outstanding was 5,100,000, the number of Class E preferred shares outstanding was 8,800,000 and the number of Monthly Income Senior Notes, due 2008, outstanding was 4,000,000.

Documents incorporated by reference: Part III, Item 10, 11, 12, 13 and Part IV, Item 14 incorporate by reference certain specific portions of the definitive proxy statement for Realty Income Corporation s Annual Meeting to be held on May 15, 2007, to be filed pursuant to Regulation 14A. Only those portions of the proxy statement which are specifically incorporated by reference herein shall constitute a part of this Annual Report.

#### **Forward-Looking Statements**

This annual report on Form 10-K, including documents incorporated by reference, contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Exchange Act. When used in this annual report, the words estimated, anticipated, expect, believe, intend and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties, and assumptions about Realty Income Corporation, including, among other things:

Our anticipated growth strategies;

Our intention to acquire additional properties and the timing of these acquisitions;

Our intention to sell properties and the timing of these property sales;

Our intention to re-lease vacant properties;

Anticipated trends in our business, including trends in the market for long-term net-leases of freestanding, single-tenant retail properties;

Future expenditures for development projects; and

Profitability of our subsidiary, Crest Net Lease, Inc. ( Crest ).

Future events and actual results, financial and otherwise, may differ materially from the results discussed in the forward-looking statements. In particular, some of the factors that could cause actual results to differ materially are:

Our continued qualification as a real estate investment trust;

General business and economic conditions;

	Competition;
	Fluctuating interest rates;
	Access to debt and equity capital markets;
environ	Other risks inherent in the real estate business including tenant defaults, potential liability relating to mental matters, illiquidity of real estate investments and potential damages from natural disasters;
	Impairments in the value of our real estate assets;
	Changes in the tax laws of the United States of America;
	The outcome of any legal proceedings to which we are a party; and
	Acts of terrorism and war.
	al factors that may cause risks and uncertainties include those discussed in the sections entitled Business , Risk Factors and ment s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in this annual report.
	re cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date that this annual report was the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC. We undertake no obligation to publicly release the results of any revisions to these

forward-looking statements that may be made to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this annual report or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events. In light of these risks and uncertainties, the forward-looking events discussed in this annual report might not occur.

# REALTY INCOME CORPORATION

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PART I	
Item 1: Busine	ess 
	THE COMPANY
investment trust, or RE level of funds from ope leased to regional and and capital markets exp	ation, The Monthly Dividend Company®, is a Maryland corporation organized to operate as an equity real estate ETT. Our primary business objective is to generate dependable monthly cash distributions from a consistent and predictable erations, or FFO per share. The monthly distributions are supported by the cash flow from our portfolio of retail properties national retail chains. We have in-house acquisition, leasing, legal, retail and real estate research, portfolio management pertise. Over the past 38 years, Realty Income and its predecessors have been acquiring and owning freestanding retail e rental revenue under long-term lease agreements (primarily 15- to 20-years).
	increase distributions to stockholders and FFO per share through both active portfolio management and the acquisition of Our portfolio management focus includes:
Contractual	rent increases on existing leases;
Rent increase	es at the termination of existing leases when market conditions permit; and
Active mana	gement of our property portfolio, including re-leasing vacant properties and selectively selling properties.
In acquiring additional	properties, we adhere to a focused strategy of primarily acquiring properties that are:
Freestanding	s, single-tenant, retail locations;
Leased to res	gional and national retail chains; and
Leased unde	r long-term, net-lease agreements.
At December 31, 2006	, we owned a diversified portfolio:
Of 1,955 reta	ail properties;

With an occupancy rate of 98.7%, or 1,929 properties occupied of the 1,955 properties in the portfolio;

Leased to 103 different retail chains doing business in 29 separate retail industries;

Located in 48 states;

With over 16.7 million square feet of leasable space; and

With an average leasable retail space per property of 8,600 square feet.

Of the 1,955 properties in the portfolio, 1,948, or 99.6%, are single-tenant, retail properties and the remaining seven are multi-tenant, distribution and office properties. At December 31, 2006, 1,923, or 98.7%, of the 1,948 single-tenant properties were leased with a weighted average remaining lease term (excluding extension options) of approximately 12.9 years.

In addition, at December 31, 2006, our wholly-owned taxable REIT subsidiary, Crest Net Lease, Inc. ( Crest ), had invested \$137.5 million in 60 properties, which are classified as held for sale. Crest was created to buy and sell properties, primarily to individual investors, many of whom are involved in tax-deferred exchanges under Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Tax Code ).

We typically acquire retail store properties under long-term leases with retail chain store operators. These transactions generally provide capital to owners of retail real estate and retail chains for expansion or other corporate purposes. Our acquisition and investment activities are concentrated in well-defined target markets and generally focus on retail chains providing goods and services that satisfy basic consumer needs.

Our net-lease agreements generally:
Are for initial terms of 15 to 20 years;
Require the tenant to pay minimum monthly rents and property operating expenses (taxes, insurance and maintenance); and
Provide for future rent increases based on increases in the consumer price index, fixed increases, or to a lesser degree, additional rent calculated as a percentage of the tenants gross sales above a specified level.
Realty Income commenced operations as a REIT on August 15, 1994 through the merger of 25 public and private real estate limited partnerships with and into the Company. Each of the partnerships was formed between 1970 and 1989 for the purpose of acquiring and managing long-term, net-leased properties.
The eight senior officers of Realty Income owned 1.3% of our outstanding common stock with a market value of \$37.4 million at February 13, 2007. The directors and eight senior officers of Realty Income, as a group, owned 2.5% of our outstanding common stock with a market value of \$72.6 million at February 13, 2007.
Realty Income s common stock is listed on The New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) under the ticker symbol O. Our central index key number is 726728 and cusip number is 756109-104.
Realty Income s Class D cumulative redeemable preferred stock is listed on the NYSE under the ticker symbol OprD and its cusip number is 756109-609.

Realty Income s 8.25% Monthly Income Senior Notes, due 2008 are listed on the NYSE under the ticker symbol OUI. The cusip number of these notes is 756109-203.

Realty Income s Class E cumulative redeemable preferred stock is listed on the NYSE under the ticker symbol OprE and its cusip number is

In February 2007, we had 70 permanent employees as compared to February 2006 when we had 69 permanent employees and four temporary employees.

We maintain an Internet website at www.realtyincome.com. On our website we make available, free of charge, copies of our annual report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8 K, and amendments to those reports, as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file these reports with the SEC. None of the information on our website is deemed to be part of this report.

756109-708.

### RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

### **Acquisitions during 2006**

During 2006, Realty Income and Crest invested \$769.9 million, in aggregate, in 378 new properties and properties under development. These 378 properties are located in 30 states and are 100% leased with an initial average lease term of 17.1 years. As described below, Realty Income acquired 322 properties and Crest acquired 56 properties.

Included in the \$769.9 million is \$656.7 million invested by Realty Income in 322 new properties and properties under development, with an initial weighted average contractual lease rate of 8.6%. These 322 properties are located in 30 states, are 100% leased with an initial average lease term of 16.7 years and will contain over 3.3 million leasable square feet. The 322 new properties acquired by Realty Income are net-leased to 16 different retail chains in the following 11 industries: automotive collision services, automotive tire services, convenience store, drug store, general merchandise, health and fitness, home improvement, motor vehicle dealership, private education, restaurant, and theater. Also included in the \$769.9 million is \$113.2 million invested by Crest in 56 new retail properties.

At December 31, 2006, Realty Income had invested \$15.9 million in four properties that were leased and being developed by the tenant (with development costs funded by Realty Income). Rent on these properties is scheduled to begin at various times during 2007. At December 31, 2006, we had outstanding commitments to pay estimated unfunded development costs totaling approximately \$16.4 million.

The initial weighted average contractual lease rate is computed as estimated contractual net operating income (in a net-leased property this is equal to the base rent or, in the case of properties under development, the estimated base rent under the lease) for the first year of each lease, divided by the estimated total costs. Since it is possible that a tenant could default on the payment of contractual rent, we cannot assure you that the actual return on the funds invested will remain at the percentages listed above.

#### Acquisition of \$349 million of Buffets/Ryan s Restaurants on November 1, 2006

The 2006 acquisition amounts include Realty Income and Crest s aggregate investment of \$349 million to acquire 144 Buffets/Ryan s restaurant properties. The properties are leased under 20-year, triple-net lease agreements. These properties were acquired subsequent to a merger between Buffets, Inc. and Ryan s Restaurant Group.

Of the 144 restaurant properties, 116 were acquired by Realty Income and 28 were acquired by Crest. The restaurants have, on average, approximately 10,300 leasable square feet and are situated on an average lot size of approximately 2.86 acres. The properties are existing locations that, on average, have been operating for 11 years.

### **Investments in Existing Properties**

In 2006, we capitalized costs of \$964,000 on existing properties in our portfolio, consisting of \$761,000 for re-leasing costs and \$203,000 for building improvements.

#### **Net Income Available to Common Stockholders**

Net income available to common stockholders was \$99.4 million in 2006 versus \$89.7 million in 2005, an increase of \$9.7 million. On a diluted per common share basis, net income was \$1.11 per share in 2006 and \$1.12 per share in 2005.

The calculation to determine net income available to common stockholders includes gains from the sale of properties. The amount of gains varies from period to period based on the timing of property sales and can significantly impact net income available to common stockholders.

The gain recognized from the sales of investment properties during 2006 was \$3.0 million as compared to \$6.6 million for 2005.

### **Funds from Operations (FFO)**

In 2006, our FFO increased by \$26.2 million, or 20.2%, to \$155.8 million versus \$129.6 million in 2005. On a diluted per common share basis, FFO was \$1.73 in 2006 compared to \$1.62 for 2005, an increase of \$0.11, or 6.8%.

See our discussion of FFO in the section entitled Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in this annual report, which includes a reconciliation of net income available to common stockholders to FFO.

#### **Issuances of Common Stock**

In October and November 2006, we issued an aggregate of 6.9 million shares of common stock at a price of \$26.40 per share. The net proceeds of approximately \$173.2 million were used to fund a portion of the purchase price of the Buffets/Ryan s properties and for other general corporate purposes.

In September 2006, we issued 4.715 million shares of common stock at a price of \$24.32 per share. The net proceeds of approximately \$109 million from this offering were used to fund new property acquisitions, repay borrowings under our credit facility and for other general corporate purposes.

In March 2006, we issued 5.2 million shares of common stock at a price of \$24.39 per share. The net proceeds of approximately \$120.5 million were used to fund new property acquisitions and for other general corporate purposes.

#### **Issuance of Preferred Stock**

In December 2006, we issued 8.8 million shares of 6-3/4% Monthly Income Class E cumulative redeemable preferred stock, with a liquidation value of \$25 per share. The net proceeds of \$214 million from this issuance were used to repay borrowings under our credit facility and for other general corporate purposes. Beginning December 7, 2011, the Class E preferred shares are redeemable at our option for \$25 per share. Dividends of \$0.140625 per share are paid monthly in arrears on the Class E preferred stock.

### **Credit Ratings Upgrades**

In February 2006, Moody s Investors Service, Inc. affirmed our senior unsecured debt rating of Baa2 and our preferred stock rating of Baa3 and raised the outlook to positive from stable.

In December 2006, Standard & Poor s Ratings Group affirmed our senior unsecured debt rating of BBB and our preferred stock rating of BBB-and raised the outlook to positive from stable.

### **Redemption of 2007 Notes**

In September 2006, we redeemed all of our outstanding \$110 million, 7-3/4%, unsecured notes due May 2007 (the 2007 Notes). The 2007 Notes were redeemed at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest of \$3.2 million and a make-whole payment of \$1.6 million. We recorded a loss on extinguishment of debt totaling \$1.6 million related to the make-whole payment associated with the 2007 Notes. For 2006, the make-whole payment represented approximately \$0.017 per share.

#### **Issuance of 10-Year Senior Unsecured Notes**

In September 2006, we issued \$275 million in aggregate principal amount of 5.95% senior unsecured notes due 2016 (the 2016 Notes). The price to the investor for the 2016 Notes was 99.74% of the principal amount for an effective yield of 5.985%. The net proceeds of approximately \$271.9 million from this offering were used to redeem the 2007 Notes and for other general corporate purposes. Interest on the 2016 Notes is paid semiannually.

### **Crest Property Sales**

During 2006, Crest sold 13 properties from its inventory for an aggregate of \$22.4 million, which resulted in a gain of \$2.2 million. Crest s gains are included in income from discontinued operations, real estate acquired for resale by Crest.

### **Crest Property Inventory**

Crest s property inventory at December 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005 totaled \$137.5 million and \$45.7 million, respectively, and is included in real estate held for sale, net , on our consolidated balance sheets.

### **Increases in Monthly Distributions to Common Stockholders**

We continue our 37-year policy of paying distributions monthly to our common stockholders. Monthly distributions per share were increased in April 2006 by \$0.000625 to \$0.116875, in July 2006 by \$0.000625 to \$0.1175, in September 2006 by \$0.00775 to \$0.12525, in October 2006 by \$0.000625 to \$0.125875 and in January 2007 by \$0.000625 to \$0.1265. The increase in January 2007 was our 37th consecutive quarterly increase and the 42nd increase in the amount of our dividend since our listing on the New York Stock Exchange, or NYSE, in 1994. In 2006, we paid the following monthly cash distributions per share: three in the amount of \$0.11625, three in the amount of \$0.116875, two in the amount of \$0.1175, one in the amount of \$0.12525 and three in the amount of \$0.125875, totaling \$1.43725. In December 2006, January 2007 and February 2007, we declared distributions of \$0.1265 per share, which were paid on January 16, 2007 and February 15, 2007 and will be paid on March 15, 2007, respectively.

The monthly distribution of \$0.1265 per share represents a current annualized distribution of \$1.518 per share, and an annualized distribution yield of approximately 5.2% based on the last reported sale price of our common stock on the NYSE of \$29.09 on February 13, 2007. Although we expect to continue our policy of paying monthly distributions, we cannot guarantee that we will maintain the current level of distributions, that we will continue our pattern of increasing distributions per share, or what the actual distribution yield will be in any future period.

#### DISTRIBUTION POLICY

Distributions are paid monthly to our common stockholders and Class D and Class E preferred stockholders if, and when declared by our Board of Directors.

In order to maintain our tax status as a REIT for federal income tax purposes, we generally are required to distribute dividends to our stockholders aggregating annually at least 90% of our REIT taxable income (determined without regard to the dividends paid deduction and by excluding net capital gains) and we are subject to income tax to the extent we distribute less than 100% of our REIT taxable income (including net capital gains). In 2006, our cash distributions totaled \$139.1 million, or approximately 113.3% of our estimated REIT taxable income of \$122.8 million. Our estimated REIT taxable income reflects non-cash deductions for depreciation and amortization. We intend to continue to make distributions to our stockholders that are sufficient to meet this distribution requirement and that will reduce our exposure to income taxes. Our 2006 cash distributions to common stockholders totaled \$129.7 million, representing 83.2% of our funds from operations available to common stockholders of \$155.8 million.

The Class D preferred stockholders receive cumulative distributions at a rate of 7.375% per annum on the \$25 per share liquidation preference (equivalent to \$1.84375 per annum per share). The Class E preferred stockholders receive cumulative distributions at a rate of 6.75% per annum on the \$25 per share liquidation preference (equivalent to \$1.6875 per annum per share).

Future distributions will be at the discretion of our Board of Directors and will depend on, among other things, our results of operations, FFO, cash flow from operations, financial condition and capital requirements, the annual distribution requirements under the REIT provisions of the Tax Code, our debt service requirements and any other factors the Board of Directors may deem relevant. In addition, our credit facility contains financial covenants that could limit the amount of distributions payable by us in the event of a deterioration in our results of operations or financial condition, and which prohibit the payment of distributions on the common or preferred stock in the event that we fail to pay when due (subject to any applicable grace period) any principal or interest on borrowings under our credit facility.

Distributions of our current and accumulated earnings and profits for federal income tax purposes, generally will be taxable to stockholders as ordinary income, except to the extent that we recognize capital gains and declare a capital gains dividend or that such amounts constitute qualified dividend income subject to a reduced tax rate. The maximum tax rate of non-corporate taxpayers for qualified dividend income has generally been reduced to 15% (for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2002). In general, dividends payable by REITs are not eligible for the reduced tax rate on corporate dividends, except to the extent the REIT s dividends are attributable to dividends received from taxable corporations (such as our taxable REIT subsidiary, Crest), to income that was subject to tax at the corporate or REIT level (for example, if we distribute taxable income that we retained and paid tax on in the prior taxable year) or, as discussed above, dividends properly designated by us as capital gain dividends. Distributions in excess of earnings and profits generally will be treated as a non-taxable reduction in the stockholders basis in the stock. Distributions above that basis, generally, will be taxable as a capital gain. Approximately 9.9% of the distributions to our common stockholders, made or deemed to have been made in 2006, were classified as a return of capital for federal income tax purposes. We are unable to predict the portion of future distributions that may be classified as a return of capital.

#### BUSINESS PHILOSOPHY AND STRATEGY

### **Investment Philosophy**

We believe that owning an actively managed, diversified portfolio of retail properties under long-term, net leases produces consistent and predictable income. Net leases typically require the tenant to be responsible for minimum monthly rent and property operating expenses including property taxes, insurance and maintenance. In addition, tenants are typically responsible for future rent increases based on increases in the consumer price index, fixed increases or, to a lesser degree, additional rent calculated as a percentage of the tenants—gross sales above a specified level. We believe that a portfolio of properties under long-term leases, coupled with the tenant—s responsibility for property expenses, generally produces a more predictable income stream than many other types of real estate portfolios, while continuing to offer the potential for growth in rental income.

#### **Investment Strategy**

In identifying new properties for acquisition, our focus is generally on providing capital to retail chain owners and operators by acquiring, then leasing back, retail store locations. We categorize retail tenants as: 1) venture market, 2) middle market, and 3) upper market. Venture companies typically offer a new retail concept in one geographic region of the country and operate between five and 50 retail locations. Middle market retail chains typically have 50 to 500 retail locations, operations in more than one geographic region, have been successful through one or more economic cycles, and have a proven, replicable concept. The upper market retail chains typically consist of companies with 500 or more locations, operating nationally, in a proven, mature retail concept. Upper market retail chains generally have strong operating histories and access to several sources of capital.

Realty Income primarily focuses on acquiring properties leased to middle market retail chains that we believe are attractive for investment because:

They generally have overcome many of the operational and managerial obstacles that can adversely affect venture retailers;

They typically require capital to fund expansion but have more limited financing options;

They generally have provided us with attractive risk-adjusted returns over time since their financial strength has, in many cases, tended to improve as their businesses have matured;

Their relatively large size allows them to spread corporate expenses across a greater number of stores; and

Middle market retailers typically have the critical mass to survive if a number of locations are closed due to underperformance.

We also focus on, and have selectively made investments in, properties of upper market retail chains. We believe upper market retail chains can be attractive for investment because:

They typically are of a higher credit quality;

They usually are larger public and private retailers with more commonly recognized brand names;

They utilize a larger building ranging in size from 10,000 to 50,000 square feet; and

They are able to grow because access to capital facilitates larger transaction sizes.

While our investment strategy focuses primarily on acquiring properties leased to middle and upper market retail chains, we also selectively seek investment opportunities with venture market retail chains. Periodically, venture market opportunities arise where we feel that the real estate used by the tenant is high quality and can be purchased at favorable prices. To meet our stringent investment standards, however, venture retail companies must have a well-defined retailing concept and strong financial prospects. These opportunities are examined on a case by case basis and we are highly selective in making investments in this area.

Historically, our investment focus has been on retail industries that have a service component because we believe the lease revenue from these types of businesses is more stable. Because of this investment focus, for the quarter ended December 31, 2006, approximately 80.9% of our rental revenue was derived from retailers with a service component in their business. Furthermore, we believe these service-oriented businesses would be

difficult to du	olicate over the	Internet and that o	ir propertie	s continue to	perform wel	I relative to com	netition from I	nternet businesses.
difficult to du	official over the	mitternet and that o	ii propertie	5 continue to	perioriii wer	i i ciuti ve to com	pennon nom i	interfict businesses.

### **Credit Strategy**

We generally provide sale-leaseback financing to less than investment grade retail chains. We typically acquire and lease back properties to regional and national retail chains and believe that within this market we can achieve an attractive risk-adjusted return on the financing we provide to retailers. Since 1970, our overall weighted average occupancy rate at the end of each year has been 98.6%, and the occupancy rate at the end of each year has never been below 97.5%.

We believe the principal financial obligations of most retailers typically include their bank and other debt, payment obligations to suppliers and real estate lease obligations. Because we typically own the land and building in which a tenant conducts its retail business, we believe the risk of default on a retailers—lease obligations is less than the retailers—unsecured general obligations. It has been our experience that since retailers must retain their profitable retail locations in order to survive, in the event of reorganization they are less likely to reject a lease for a profitable location because this would terminate their right to use the property. Thus, as the property owner, we believe we will fare better than unsecured creditors of the same retailer in the event of reorganization. If a property is rejected by the tenant during reorganization, we own the property and can either lease it to a new tenant or sell the property. In addition, we believe that the risk of default on the real estate leases can be further mitigated by monitoring the performance of the retailers—individual unit locations and considering whether to sell locations that are weaker performers.

In order to qualify for inclusion in our portfolio, new property acquisitions must meet stringent investment and credit requirements. The properties must generate attractive current yields and the tenant must meet our credit profile. We have established a three-part analysis that examines each potential investment based on:

Industry, company, market conditions and credit profile;

Location profitability, if profitability data is available; and

Overall real estate characteristics, including value and comparative rental rates.

The typical profile of companies whose properties have been approved for acquisition are those with 50 or more retail locations. Generally the properties:

Are located in highly visible areas,

Have easy access to major thoroughfares; and

Have attractive demographics.

#### **Acquisition Strategy**

We seek to invest in industries in which several, well-organized, regional and national chains are capturing market share through service, quality control, economies of scale, advertising and the selection of prime retail locations. We execute our acquisition strategy by acting as a source of capital to regional and national retail chain store owners and operators, doing business in a variety of industries, by acquiring and leasing back retail store locations. We undertake thorough research and analysis to identify appropriate industries, tenants and property locations for investment. Our research expertise is instrumental to uncovering net-lease opportunities in markets where our real estate financing program adds value. In selecting real estate for potential investment, we generally seek to acquire properties that have the following characteristics:

Freestanding, commercially-zoned property with a single tenant;

Properties that are important retail locations for regional and national retail chains;

Properties that are located within attractive demographic areas relative to the business of their tenants, with high visibility and easy access to major thoroughfares; and

Properties that can be purchased with the simultaneous execution or assumption of long-term, net-lease agreements, offering both current income and the potential for rent increases.

#### Portfolio Management Strategy

The active management of the property portfolio is an essential component of our long-term strategy. We continually monitor our portfolio for any changes that could affect the performance of the industries, tenants and

locations in which we have invested. The portfolio is regularly analyzed with a view toward optimizing its returns and enhancing its credit quality. Our executives review industry research, tenant research, property due diligence and significant portfolio management activities. This monitoring typically includes regular review and analysis of:

The performance of various retail industries; and

The operation, management, business planning and financial condition of the tenants.

We have an active portfolio management program that incorporates the sale of assets when we believe the reinvestment of the sales proceeds will generate higher returns, enhance the credit quality of our real estate portfolio, or extend our average remaining lease term. At December 31, 2006, we classified real estate with a carrying amount of \$138 million as held for sale, which includes \$137.5 million in properties owned by Crest. Additionally, we anticipate selling investment properties from our portfolio that have not yet been specifically identified from which we anticipate receiving between \$10 million and \$35 million in proceeds during the next 12 months. We intend to invest these proceeds into new property acquisitions. However, we cannot guarantee that we will sell properties during the next 12 months.

### **Universal Shelf Registration**

In April 2006, we filed a shelf registration statement with the SEC, which is effective for a term of three years. In accordance with the SEC rules, the amount of securities to be issued pursuant to this shelf registration statement was not specified when it was filed. The securities covered by this registration statement include common stock, preferred stock, debt securities, or any combination of such securities. Realty Income may periodically offer one or more of these securities in amounts, prices and on terms to be announced when and if the securities are offered. The specifics of any future offerings, along with the use of proceeds of any securities offered, will be described in detail in a prospectus supplement, or other offering materials, at the time of any offering. As such, there is no specific limit to the dollar amount of new securities that can be issued under this new shelf registration before it expires in April 2009. The common stock issued in September 2006, October 2006 and November 2006, the 2016 Notes issued in September 2006 and the Class E preferred stock issued in December 2006 were issued pursuant to our universal shelf registration statement.

#### **Conservative Capital Structure**

We believe that our stockholders are best served by a conservative capital structure. Therefore, we seek to maintain a conservative debt level on our balance sheet and solid interest and fixed charge coverage ratios. At February 13, 2007, our total outstanding credit facility borrowings and outstanding notes were \$920 million or approximately 21.9% of our total market capitalization of \$4.21 billion. We calculate our total market capitalization at February 13, 2007 as the sum of:

Shares of our common stock outstanding of 101,000,536 multiplied by the last reported sales price of our common stock on the NYSE of \$29.09 per share, or \$2.94 billion;

Aggregate liquidation value of the Class D preferred stock of \$127.5 million;

Aggregate liquidation value of the Class E preferred stock of \$220 million; and

Outstanding notes of \$920 million.

Historically, we have met our long-term capital needs through the issuance of common stock, preferred stock and long-term unsecured notes and bonds. Over the long term, we believe that the majority of our future securities issuances should be in the form of common stock, however, we may issue additional preferred stock or debt securities from time to time. We may issue common stock when we believe that our share price is at a level that allows for the proceeds of any offering to be accretively invested into additional properties. In addition, we may issue common stock to permanently finance properties that were financed by our credit facility or debt securities. However, we cannot assure you that we will have access to the capital markets at terms that are acceptable to us.

We have a \$300 million revolving, unsecured credit facility that expires in October 2008. Realty Income s current investment grade credit ratings provide for financing under the credit facility at the London Interbank Offered Rate, commonly referred to as LIBOR, plus 65 basis points with a facility fee of 15 basis points, for all-in drawn pricing of 80 basis points over LIBOR. At February 13, 2007, we had borrowing capacity of \$300 million available on our credit facility and no outstanding balance.

The credit facility is expected to be used to acquire additional retail properties and for other corporate purposes. Any additional borrowings will increase our exposure to interest rate risk. We have the right to request an increase in the borrowing capacity of the credit facility by up to \$100 million, to a total borrowing capacity of \$400 million. Any increase in the borrowing capacity is subject to approval by the lending banks of our credit facility.

We use our credit facility for the short-term financing of new property acquisitions. When outstanding borrowings under the credit facility reach a certain level (generally in the range of \$100 million to \$200 million) and capital is available on acceptable terms, we generally seek to refinance those borrowings with the net proceeds of long-term or permanent financing, which may include the issuance of common stock, preferred stock, convertible preferred stock, debt securities or convertible debt securities. We cannot assure you, however, that we will be able to obtain any such refinancing or that market conditions prevailing at the time of refinancing will enable us to issue equity or debt securities upon acceptable terms.

We are currently assigned investment grade corporate credit ratings, on our senior unsecured notes, from Fitch Ratings, Moody s Investors Service, Inc. and Standard & Poor s Ratings Group. Currently, Fitch Ratings has assigned a rating of BBB+, Moody s has assigned a rating of Baa2 and Standard & Poor s has assigned a rating of BBB to our senior notes. Moody s and Standard & Poor s ratings have positive outlooks and Fitch has a stable outlook.

We have also been assigned investment grade credit ratings from the same rating agencies on our preferred stock. Fitch Ratings has assigned a rating of BBB, Moody s has assigned a rating of BBB and Standard & Poor s has assigned a rating of BBB to our preferred stock. Moody s and Standard & Poor s ratings have positive outlooks and Fitch has a stable outlook.

The credit ratings assigned to us could change based upon, among other things, our results of operations and financial condition. These ratings are subject to ongoing evaluation by credit rating agencies and we cannot assure you that any such rating will not be changed or withdrawn by a rating agency in the future if, in its judgment, circumstances warrant. Moreover, a rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold our debt securities, preferred stock or common stock.

We have no mortgage debt on any of our properties.

### No Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements or Unconsolidated Investments

Realty Income and its subsidiaries have no unconsolidated or off-balance sheet investments in variable interest entities or off-balance sheet financing, nor do we engage in trading activities involving energy or commodity contracts or other derivative instruments.

As we have no joint ventures, off-balance sheet entities, or mandatory redeemable preferred stock, our financial position and results of operations are currently not affected by Financial Accounting Standards Board Interpretation No. 46R, *Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities* and Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 150, *Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of both Liabilities and Equity*.

### **Competitive Strategy**

We believe that to successfully pursue our investment philosophy and strategy, we must seek to maintain the following competitive advantages:

Size and Type of Investment Properties: We believe smaller (\$500,000 to \$10,000,000) net-leased retail properties represent an attractive investment opportunity in today s real estate environment. Due to the complexities of acquiring and managing a large portfolio of relatively small assets, we believe these types of properties have not experienced significant institutional ownership interest or the corresponding yield reduction experienced by larger income-producing properties. We believe the less intensive day-to-day property management required by net-lease agreements, coupled with the active management of a large portfolio of smaller properties, is an effective investment strategy. The tenants of our freestanding retail properties generally provide goods and services that satisfy basic consumer needs. In order to grow and

expand, they generally need capital. Since the acquisition of real estate is typically the single largest capital expenditure of many of these retailers, our method of purchasing the property and then leasing it back, under a net-lease arrangement, allows the retail chain to free up capital.

Investment in New Retail Industries: Though we specialize in single-tenant properties, we will seek to further diversify our portfolio among a variety of retail industries. We believe diversification will allow us to invest in retail industries that currently are growing and have characteristics we find attractive. These characteristics include, but are not limited to, retail industries that are dominated by local store operators where regional and national chain store operators can increase market share and dominance by consolidating local operators and streamlining their operations, as well as capitalizing on major demographic shifts in a population base.

*Diversification:* Diversification of the portfolio by retail industry type, tenant, and geographic location is key to our objective of providing predictable investment results for our stockholders, therefore further diversification of our portfolio is a continuing objective. At December 31, 2006, our retail property portfolio consisted of 1,955 properties located in 48 states, leased to 103 retail chains doing business in 29 industry segments. Each of the 29 industry segments, represented in our property portfolio, individually accounted for no more than 17.8% of our rental revenue for the quarter ended December 31, 2006.

*Management Specialization:* We believe that our management s specialization in single-tenant retail properties, operated under net-lease agreements, is important to meeting our objectives. We plan to maintain this specialization and will seek to employ and train high-quality professionals in this specialized area of real estate ownership, finance and management.

*Technology:* We intend to stay at the forefront of technology in our efforts to efficiently and economically carry out our operations. We maintain sophisticated information systems that allow us to analyze our portfolio s performance and actively manage our investments. We believe that technology and information-based systems will play an increasingly important role in our competitiveness as an investment manager and source of capital to a variety of industries and tenants.

#### **PROPERTIES**

At December 31, 2006, we owned a diversified portfolio:

Of 1,955 retail properties;

With an occupancy rate of 98.7%, or 1,929 properties occupied of the 1,955 properties in the portfolio;

Leased to 103 different retail chains doing business in 29 separate retail industries;

Located in 48 states:

With over 16.7 million square feet of leasable space; and

With an average leasable retail space per property of approximately 8,600 square feet.

In addition to our real estate portfolio at December 31, 2006, our subsidiary, Crest had invested \$137.5 million in 60 properties located in 15 states. These properties are classified as held for sale.

At December 31, 2006, 1,923, or 98.4%, of our 1,955 retail properties were leased under net-lease agreements. Net leases typically require the tenant to be responsible for minimum monthly rent and property operating expenses including property taxes, insurance and maintenance. In addition, tenants are typically responsible for future rent increases based on increases in the consumer price index, fixed increases or, to a lesser degree, additional rent calculated as a percentage of the tenants gross sales above a specified level.

Our net-leased retail properties primarily are leased to regional and national retail chain store operators. Most buildings are single-story structures with adequate parking on site to accommodate peak retail traffic periods. The properties tend to be on major thoroughfares with relatively high traffic counts, adequate access and proximity to a sufficient population base to constitute a suitable market or trade area for the retailer s business.

#### **Industry Diversification**

The following table sets forth certain information regarding Realty Income s property portfolio (excluding properties owned by Crest) classified according to the business of the respective tenants, expressed as a percentage of our total rental revenue:

#### Percentage of Rental Revenue (1) For the **Ouarter** Ended For the Years Ended Dec. 31, Dec 31, Dec 31, Dec 31, Dec 31, Dec 31, Dec 31, Industries 2006 2002 2001 2006 2005 2004 2003 Apparel stores 2.3% 1.7% 1.6% 1.8% 2.1% 2.3% 2.4% Automotive collision services 1.2 1.3 1.3 1.0 0.3 4.5 4.9 5.7 Automotive parts 2.7 2.8 3.4 3.8 Automotive service 5.4 6.9 7.6 7.7 8.3 7.0 5.7 6.2 7.2 7.8 3.1 2.7 2.6 Automotive tire services 6.1 0.2 0.2 0.3 0.3 0.4 0.4 0.4 Book stores Business services 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 8.9 Child care 10.3 12.7 17.8 20.8 23.9 14.4 Consumer electronics 1.0 1.1 1.3 2.1 3.0 3.3 4.0 Convenience stores 14.1 16.1 18.7 19.2 13.3 9.1 8.4 Crafts and novelties 0.3 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.4 0.4 Drug stores 2.8 2.9 2.8 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 1.4 1.6 2.1 2.3 2.6 2.3 1.8 Entertainment 0.2 Equipment rental services 0.2 0.2 0.4 0.3 Financial services 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 General merchandise 0.8 0.6 0.5 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.6 Grocery stores 0.8 0.7 0.7 0.8 0.4 0.5 0.6 3.6 Health and fitness 4.1 4.3 3.7 4.0 3.8 3.8 4.9 5.4 2.8 4.1 Home furnishings 3.1 3.7 6.0 4.2 1.2 Home improvement 3.4 1.1 1.0 1.1 1.3 Motor vehicle dealerships 3.4 3.4 2.6 0.6 Office supplies 1.2 1.3 1.5 1.9 2.1 2.2 1.6 Pet supplies and services 0.9 1.1 1.3 1.4 1.7 1.7 1.6 Private education 0.8 1.2 0.8 0.8 1.1 1.3 1.5 Restaurants 17.8 11.9 9.4 9.7 11.8 13.5 12.2 Shoe stores 0.3 0.3 0.9 0.8 0.7 3.8 4.1 Sporting goods 2.6 2.9 3.4 3.4 0.9 5.2 3.5 3.9 Theaters 9.4 9.6 4.1 4.3 0.3 0.3 Travel plazas 0.3 0.3 0.4 3.3 3.7 Video rental 2.5 2.8 3.3 1.8 2.1 Other 2.3 2.7 3.0 3.4 3.8 4.4 5.2

Totals

100.0%

100.0%

100.0%

100.0%

100.0%

100.0%

100.0%

<sup>\*</sup> Less than 0.1%

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes rental revenue for all properties owned by Realty Income at the end of each period presented, including revenue from properties reclassified to discontinued operations.

# **Service Category Diversification**

The following table sets forth certain information regarding the properties owned by Realty Income (excluding properties owned by Crest) at December 31, 2006, classified according to the retail business types and the level of services they provide (dollars in thousands):

	Number of	Rental Revenue for the Quarter Ended	Percentage of Rental
Industry	Properties	Dec. 31, 2006 (1)	Revenue
Tenants Providing Services			
Automotive collision services	13	\$ 825	
Automotive service	219	3,689	
Child care	268	6,063	8.9
Entertainment	8	970	1.4
Equipment rental services	2	150	0.2
Financial services	4	84	0.1
Health and fitness	16	2,760	4.1
Private education	6	574	
Theaters	31	6,409	9.4
Other	10	1,531	2.3
	577	23,055	33.8
<b>Tenants Selling Goods and Services</b>			
Automotive parts (with installation)	30	583	0.9
Automotive tire services	149	4,229	6.2
Business services	1	32	*
Convenience stores	393	9,611	14.1
Home improvement	1	1,154	1.7
Motor vehicle dealerships	21	2,348	3.4
Pet supplies and services	9	595	0.9
Restaurants	471	12,158	17.8
Travel plazas	1	170	0.3
Video rental	34	1,235	1.8
	1,110	32,115	47.1
Tenants Selling Goods			
Apparel stores	6	1,567	2.3
Automotive parts	73	1,214	1.8
Book stores	2	159	0.2
Consumer electronics	21	678	1.0
Crafts and novelties	4	212	0.3
Drug stores	34	1,943	2.8
General merchandise	25	518	0.8
Grocery stores	7	557	0.8
Home furnishings	40	1,905	2.8
Home improvement	31	1,684	2.5
Office supplies	10	788	1.2
Pet supplies	2	37	*
Sporting goods	13	1,769	2.6
	268	13,031	19.1
Totals	1,955	\$ 68,201	100.0%

<sup>\*</sup> Less than 0.1%

(1) Includes rental revenue for all properties owned by Realty Income at December 31, 2006, including revenue from properties reclassified to discontinued operations of \$8.

### Lease Expirations

The following table sets forth certain information regarding Realty Income s property portfolio (excluding properties owned by Crest) regarding the timing of the initial lease term expirations (excluding extension options) on our 1,923 net leased, single-tenant retail properties as of December 31, 2006 (dollars in thousands):

			Portfolio		I	nitial Expiratio	ns (3)	Sub	sequer	ıt Expiration	ns (4)
Year	Total Number of Leases Expiring (1)	Revo	ental enue for Quarter inded 1/06 (2)	% of Total Rental Revenue	Number of Leases Expiring	Rental Revenue fo the Quarte Ended 12/31/06		Number of Leases Expiring	Re the	Rental evenue for e Quarter Ended 12/31/06	% of Total Rental Revenue
2007	139	\$	2,624	4.0%	92	\$ 1,79	2.7%	47	\$	829	1.3%
2008	117		2,568	3.9	63	1,55	51 2.4	54		1,017	1.5
2009	107		2,330	3.5	33	78	39 1.2	74		1,541	2.3
2010	74		2,680	4.1	36	2,01	3.1	38		669	1.0
2011	81		3,175	4.8	46	1,67	2.5	35		1,503	2.3
2012	47		1,407	2.1	43	1,35	54 2.0	4		53	0.1
2013	75		3,411	5.1	67	3,19	96 4.8	8		215	0.3
2014	48		1,996	3.0	36	1,75	55 2.6	12		241	0.4
2015	90		1,968	3.0	65	1,40	9 2.2	25		559	0.8
2016	112		1,823	2.8	111	1,79	96 2.7	1		27	0.1
2017	23		1,638	2.5	19	1,57	70 2.4	4		68	0.1
2018	23		1,068	1.6	23	1,00	58 1.6				
2019	94		4,651	7.0	93	4,45	6.7	1		194	0.3
2020	82		3,200	4.8	80	3,10	57 4.8	2		33	*
2021	145		5,977	9.0	144	5,24	10 7.9	1		737	1.1
2022	97		2,597	3.9	95	2,59	7 3.9	2			
2023	233		6,453	9.7	232	6,42	27 9.7	1		26	*
2024	59		1,851	2.8	59	1,85	51 2.8				
2025	68		6,317	9.5	64	6,25		4		63	0.1
2026	182		6,810	10.3	180	6,77		2		39	0.1
2027	12		440	0.7	12	44	10 0.7				
2028	5		95	0.1	5	Ç	0.1				
2030	2		240	0.4	2	24					
2033	3		357	0.5	3	35					
2034	2		230	0.4	2	23					
2037	2		325	0.5	2	32					
2043	1		13	*	_			1		13	*
Totals	1,923	\$	66,244	100.0%	1,607	\$ 58,41	88.2%	316	\$	7,827	11.8%

<sup>\*</sup>Less than 0.1%

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes six multi-tenant properties and 26 vacant unleased properties, one of which is a multi-tenant property. The lease expirations for properties under construction are based on the estimated date of completion of those properties.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes rental revenue of \$8 from properties reclassified to discontinued operations and excludes revenue of \$1,957 from six multi-tenant properties and from 26 vacant unleased properties at December 31, 2006.

- (3) Represents leases to the initial tenant of the property that are expiring for the first time.
- (4) Represents lease expirations on properties in the portfolio, which have previously been renewed, extended or re-tenanted.

### **State Diversification**

The following table sets forth certain state-by-state information regarding Realty Income s property portfolio (excluding properties owned by Crest) as of December 31, 2006 (dollars in thousands):

	Number of	Percent	Approximate Leasable	Rental Revenue For the Quarter Ended Dec 31,	Percentage of Rental
State	Properties	Leased	Square Feet	2006 (1)	Revenue
Alabama	61	98%	422,900	\$ 1,255	1.8%
Alaska	2	100	128,500	271	0.4
Arizona	71	100	344,500	1,989	2.9
Arkansas	15	100	94,500	1,041	1.5
California	61	98	1,101,900	3,929	5.8
Colorado	47	96	418,200	1,776	2.6
Connecticut	16	100	245,600	1,019	1.5
Delaware	15	100	27,700	316	0.5
Florida	151	99	1,374,600	5,509	8.1
Georgia	127	99	910,700	3,430	5.0
Idaho	14	100	91,900	369	0.5
Illinois	62	100	769,200	3,501	5.1
Indiana	46	96	471,500	1,878	2.8
Iowa	19	100	138,600	391	0.6
Kansas	29	90	562,200	947	1.4
Kentucky	22	95	111,500	600	0.9
Louisiana	32	100	186,600	757	1.1
Maryland	25	100	230,000	1,197	1.8
Massachusetts	37	100	203,100	999	1.5
Michigan	20	100	158,300	573	0.8
Minnesota	21	100	359,200	1,278	1.9
Mississippi	70	96	353,800	1,317	1.9
Missouri	61	98	634,800	1,919	2.8
Montana	2	100	30,000	77	0.1
Nebraska	17	100	190,100	608	0.9
Nevada	15	100	191,000	849	1.3
New Hampshire	10	100	95,400	383	0.6
New Jersey	25	100	194,500	1,440	2.1
New Mexico	7	100	53,300	159	0.2
New York	28	96	419,400	2,022	3.0
North Carolina	60	100	433,000	1,874	2.8
North Dakota	5	100	31,900	68	0.1
Ohio	109	100	704,900	2,671	3.9
Oklahoma	24	100	133,300	552	0.8
Oregon	19	100	294,800	842	1.2
Pennsylvania	84	100	521,500	2,449	3.6
Rhode Island	1	100	3,500	29	*
South Carolina	59	100	250,700	1,531	2.3
South Dakota	7	100	18,300	76	0.1
Tennessee	126	100	607,800	2,816	4.1
Texas	202	98	2,274,700	9,480	13.9
Utah	6	83	35,100	96	0.1
Vermont	1	100	2,500	22	*
Virginia	67	100	485,900	2,497	3.7
Washington	37	100	243,900	751	1.1

West Virginia	2	50	23,200	30	*
Wisconsin	17	94	157,400	600	0.9
Wyoming	1	100	4,200	18	*
Totals/Average	1,955	99%	16,740,100 \$	68,201	100.0%

<sup>\*</sup> Less than 0.1%

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes rental revenue for all properties owned by Realty Income at December 31, 2006, including revenue from properties reclassified to discontinued operations of \$8.

#### **Description of Leasing Structure**

At December 31, 2006, 1,923 single tenant and certain other retail properties or 98.4% of our 1,955 properties were net leased. In most cases, the leases:

Are for initial terms of 15 to 20 years;

Require the tenants to pay minimum monthly rents and property operating expenses (taxes, insurance and maintenance); and

Provide for future rent increases based on increases in the consumer price index, fixed increases, or to a lesser degree, additional rent calculated as a percentage of the tenants—gross sales above a specified level. Where leases provide for rent increases based on increases in the consumer price index, generally these increases become part of the new permanent base rent. Where leases provide for percentage rent, this additional rent is typically payable only if the tenants—gross sales, for a given period (usually one year), exceed a specified level and is then typically calculated as a percentage of only the amount of gross sales in excess of that level.

#### **Matters Pertaining to Certain Properties and Tenants**

Of the 26 properties available for lease or sale at December 31, 2006, all are single-tenant properties except one. At December 31, 2006, 16 of our properties under lease were unoccupied and available for sublease by the tenants, all of which were current with their rent and other obligations. During 2006, each of our tenants accounted for less than 10% of our rental revenue.

### **Certain Properties Under Development**

Of the 322 properties Realty Income acquired in 2006, all were occupied at December 31, 2006, except for four properties that were leased and being developed. In the case of development properties, we either enter into an agreement with a retail chain where the retailer retains a contractor to construct the building and we fund the costs of that development, or we fund a developer who constructs the building. In either case, there is an executed lease with a retail tenant at the time of the land purchase (with a fixed rent commencement date) and there is a requirement to complete the construction in a timely basis and within a specific budget, typically within eight months after we purchase the land. The tenant or developer generally is required to pay construction cost overruns to the extent that they exceed the construction budget by more than a predetermined amount. We also enter into a lease with the tenant at the time we purchase the land, which generally requires the tenant to begin paying base rent when the store opens for business. The base rent is calculated by multiplying a predetermined capitalization rate by our total investment in the property including the land cost for the property, construction costs and capitalized interest. In 2006, Realty Income acquired 15 development properties. Crest did not acquire any development property in 2006. Both Realty Income and Crest will continue to pursue development opportunities under similar arrangements in the future.

#### Item 1A: Risk Factors

As used under this caption Risk Factors, references to our capital stock include our common stock and any class or series of our preferred stock and references to our stockholders include holders of our common stock or any class or series of our preferred stock, in each case unless otherwise expressly stated or the context otherwise requires.

In order to grow we need to continue to acquire investment properties which may be subject to competitive pressures.
We face competition in the acquisition, operation and sale of property. We expect competition from:
Businesses;
Individuals;
Fiduciary accounts and plans; and
Other entities engaged in real estate investment and financing.
Some of these competitors are larger than we are and have greater financial resources. This competition may result in a higher cost for properties we wish to purchase.
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Our tenants creditworthiness and ability to pay rent may be affected by competition within their industries from other operators. The tenants leasing our properties can face significant competition from other operators. This competition may adversely impact: That portion, if any, of the rental stream to be paid to us based on a tenant s revenues; and The tenants results of operations or financial condition. As a property owner, we may be subject to unknown environmental liabilities. Investments in real property can create a potential for environmental liability. An owner of property can face liability for environmental contamination created by the presence or discharge of hazardous substances on the property. We can face such liability regardless of: Our knowledge of the contamination; The timing of the contamination; The cause of the contamination; or The party responsible for the contamination of the property. There may be environmental problems of which we are unaware associated with our properties. In that regard, a number of our properties are leased to operators of convenience stores that sell petroleum-based fuels, as well as to operators of oil change and tune-up facilities. These facilities, and some other of our properties, use, or may have used in the past, underground lifts or underground tanks for the storage of petroleum-based or waste products, which could create a potential for release of hazardous substances. The presence of hazardous substances on a property may adversely affect our ability to sell that property and we may incur substantial remediation costs. Although our leases generally require our tenants to operate in compliance with all applicable federal, state and local environmental laws, ordinances and regulations, and to indemnify us against any environmental liabilities arising from the tenants activities on the property, we could nevertheless be subject to strict liability by virtue of our ownership interest. There also can be no assurance that our tenants could or would satisfy their indemnification obligations under their leases. The discovery of environmental liabilities attached to our properties could have an adverse effect on our results of operations, our financial condition or our ability to make distributions to stockholders and to pay the principal of and interest on our debt securities and other indebtedness.

In addition, several of our properties were built during the period when asbestos was commonly used in building construction and other buildings with asbestos may be acquired by the Company in the future. Environmental laws govern the presence, maintenance and removal of asbestos-containing materials, or ACMs, and require that owners or operators of buildings containing asbestos properly manage and maintain the

asbestos, that they adequately inform or train those who may come into contact with asbestos and that they undertake special precautions, including removal or other abatement in the event that asbestos is disturbed during renovation or demolition of a building. These laws may impose fines and penalties on building owners or operators for failure to comply with these requirements and may allow third parties to seek recovery from owners or operators for personal injury associated with exposure to asbestos fibers.

Compliance. We have not been notified by any governmental authority, and are not otherwise aware, of any material noncompliance, liability or claim relating to hazardous substances, toxic substances, or petroleum products in connection with any of our present properties. Nevertheless, if environmental contamination should exist, we could be subject to strict liability by virtue of our ownership interest. In addition, we believe we are in compliance in all material respects with all present federal, state and local laws relating to ACMs.

Insurance and Indemnity. In June 2005, we entered into a seven-year environmental insurance policy on our property portfolio which replaced the previous five-year environmental insurance policy. The limits on our current policy are \$10 million per occurrence, and \$50 million in the aggregate, subject to a \$40,000 self insurance retention, per occurrence, for properties with underground storage tanks and a \$100,000 self insurance retention, per occurrence, for all other properties. It is possible that our insurance could be insufficient to address any particular environmental situation and that, in the future, we could be unable to obtain insurance for environmental matters at a reasonable cost, or at all.

Our tenants are generally responsible for and indemnify us against liabilities for environmental matters that occur on our properties. For properties that have underground storage tanks, in addition to providing an indemnity in our favor, the tenants generally obtain environmental insurance or rely upon the state funds in the states where these properties are located.

If we fail to qualify as a real estate investment trust, the amount of dividends we are able to pay would decrease, which could adversely affect the market price of our capital stock and could adversely affect the value of our debt securities.

Commencing with our taxable year ended December 31, 1994, we believe that we have been organized and have operated, and we intend to continue to operate, so as to qualify as a REIT under Sections 856 through 860 of the Code. However, we cannot assure you that we have been organized or have operated in a manner that has satisfied the requirements for qualification as a REIT, or that we will continue to be organized or operate in a manner that will allow us to continue to qualify as a REIT.

Qualification as a REIT involves the satisfaction of numerous requirements under highly technical and complex Code provisions, for which there are only limited judicial and administrative interpretations, and the determination of various factual matters and circumstances not entirely within our control.

For example, in order to qualify as a REIT, at least 95% of our gross income in each year must be derived from qualifying sources, and we must pay distributions to stockholders aggregating annually at least 90% of our REIT taxable income (as defined in the Code and determined without regard to the dividends paid deduction and by excluding net capital gains).

In the future, it is possible that legislation, new regulations, administrative interpretations or court decisions will change the tax laws with respect to qualification as a REIT, or the federal income tax consequences of such qualification.

If we fail to satisfy all of the requirements for qualifications as a REIT, we may be subject to certain penalty taxes or, in some circumstances, we may fail to qualify as a REIT. If we were to fail to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year:

We would be required to pay federal income tax (including any applicable alternative minimum tax) on our taxable income at regular corporate rates;

We would not be allowed a deduction in computing our taxable income for amounts distributed to our stockholders;

We could be disqualified from treatment as a REIT for the four taxable years following the year during which qualification is lost;

We would no longer be required to make distributions to stockholders; and

This treatment would substantially reduce amounts available for investment or distribution to stockholders because of the additional tax liability for the years involved, which could have a material adverse effect on the market

price of our capital stock and the value of our debt securities.

Even if we qualify for and maintain our REIT status, we may be subject to certain federal, state and local taxes on our income and property. For example, if we have net income from a prohibited transaction, that income will be subject to a 100% tax. Our subsidiary Crest is subject to federal and state taxes at the applicable tax rates on its income and property.

Distributions requirements imposed by law limit our flexibility.

To maintain our status as a REIT for federal income tax purposes, we generally are required to distribute to our stockholders at least 90% of our REIT taxable income, determined without regard to the dividends paid deduction and by excluding net capital gains each year. We also are subject to tax at regular corporate rates to the extent that we distribute less than 100% of our REIT taxable income (including net capital gains) each year.

In addition, we are subject to a 4% nondeductible excise tax to the extent that we fail to distribute during any calendar year at least the sum of 85% of our ordinary income for that calendar year, 95% of our capital gain net income for the calendar year, and any amount of that income that was not distributed in prior years.

We intend to continue to make distributions to our stockholders to comply with the distribution requirements of the Code as well as to reduce our exposure to federal income taxes and the nondeductible excise tax. Differences in timing between the receipt of income and the payment of expenses to arrive at taxable income, along with the effect of required debt amortization payments, could require us to borrow funds on a short-term basis to meet the distribution requirements that are necessary to achieve the tax benefits associated with qualifying as a REIT.

Future issuances of equity securities could dilute the interest of holders of our common stock.

Our future growth will depend, in large part, upon our ability to raise additional capital. If we were to raise additional capital through the issuance of equity securities, we could dilute the interests of holders of our common stock. The interests of our common stockholders could also be diluted by the issuance of shares of common stock upon the exercise of outstanding options or pursuant to stock incentive plans. Likewise, our Board of Directors is authorized to cause us to issue preferred stock of any class or series (with dividend, voting and other rights as determined by the Board of Directors). Accordingly, the Board of Directors may authorize the issuance of preferred stock with voting, dividend and other similar rights that could dilute, or otherwise adversely affect, the interests of holders of our common stock.

### We are subject to risks associated with debt and capital stock financing.

We intend to incur additional indebtedness in the future, including borrowings under our \$300 million acquisition credit facility. At February 13, 2007, we had no borrowings outstanding under our \$300 million acquisition credit facility and a total of \$920 million aggregate principal amount of outstanding unsecured senior debt securities. To the extent that new indebtedness is added to our current debt levels, the related risks that we now face would increase. As a result, we are and will be subject to risks associated with debt financing, including the risk that our cash flow could be insufficient to meet required payments on our debt. We also face variable interest rate risk as the interest rate on our \$300 million credit facility is variable and could therefore increase over time. We also face the risk that we may be unable to refinance or repay our debt as it comes due. In addition, our \$300 million credit facility contains financial covenants that could limit the amount of distributions payable by us on our common stock and preferred stock in the event of deterioration in our results of operations or financial condition, and our \$300 million credit facility provides that, in the event of a failure to pay principal of or interest on borrowings there under when due (subject to any applicable grace period), we and our subsidiaries may not pay any dividends on our capital stock, including our outstanding common and preferred stock. If this were to occur, it would likely have an adverse effect on the market price of our outstanding common and preferred stock and on the value of our debt securities.

Our indebtedness could also have other important consequences to holders of our common and preferred stock, including:

Increasing our vulnerability to general adverse economic and industry conditions;

Limiting our ability to obtain additional financing to fund future working capital, capital expenditures and other general corporate requirements;

Requiring the use of a substantial portion of our cash flow from operations for the payment of principal, and interest on our indebtedness, thereby reducing our ability to use our cash flow to fund working capital, capital expenditures and general corporate requirements;

Limiting our flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, changes in our business and our industry; and

Putting us at a disadvantage compared to our competitors with less indebtedness.

Our business operations may not generate the cash needed to make distributions on our capital stock or to service our indebtedness.

Our ability to make distributions on our common stock and preferred stock and payments on our indebtedness and to fund planned capital expenditures will depend on our ability to generate cash in the future. We cannot assure you that our business will generate sufficient cash flow from operations or that future borrowings will be available to us in an amount sufficient to enable us to make distributions on our common stock and preferred stock, to pay our indebtedness or to fund our other liquidity needs.

The market value of our capital stock and debt securities could be substantially affected by various factors.

The market value of our capital stock and debt securities will depend on many factors, which may change from time to time, including:

Prevailing interest rates, increases in which may have an adverse effect on the market value of our capital stock and our debt securities:

The market for similar securities issued by REITs;

General economic and financial market conditions;

The financial condition, performance and prospects of us and our competitors;

Changes in financial estimates or recommendations by securities analysts with respect to us, our competitors or our industry;

Changes in our credit ratings; and

Actual or anticipated variations in quarterly operating results.

As a result of these and other factors, investors who purchase our capital stock and debt securities may experience a decrease, which could be substantial, in the market value of our capital stock and debt securities, including decreases unrelated to our operating performance or prospects.

Real estate ownership is subject to particular economic conditions that may have a negative impact on our revenue.

We are subject to all of the general risks associated with the ownership of real estate. In particular, we face the risk that rental revenue from our properties may be insufficient to cover all corporate operating expenses, debt service payments on indebtedness we incur and distributions on our stock. Additional real estate ownership risks include:

Adverse changes in general or local economic conditions;

Changes in supply of, or demand for, similar or competing properties;

Changes in interest rates and operating expenses;

Competition for tenants;

Changes in market rental rates;

Inability to lease properties upon termination of existing leases;

Renewal of leases at lower rental rates;

Inability to collect rents from tenants due to financial hardship, including bankruptcy;

Changes in tax, real estate, zoning and environmental laws that may have an adverse impact upon the value of real estate;

Uninsured property liability;

Property damage or casualty losses;

Unexpected expenditures for capital improvements or to bring properties into compliance with applicable federal, state and local laws;

Acts of terrorism and war; and

Acts of God and other factors beyond the control of our management.

An uninsured loss or a loss that exceeds the policy limits on our properties could subject us to lost capital or revenue on those properties.

Under the terms and conditions of the leases currently in force on our properties, tenants generally are required to indemnify and hold us harmless from liabilities resulting from injury to persons, air, water, land or property, due to activities conducted on the properties, except for claims arising from the negligence or intentional misconduct of us or our agents. Additionally, tenants are generally required, at the tenant s expense, to obtain and keep in full force during the term of the lease, liability and property damage insurance policies. The insurance policies our tenants are required to maintain for property damage are generally in amounts not less than the full replacement cost of the improvements less slab, foundations, supports and other customarily excluded improvements. Our tenants are generally required to maintain general liability coverage varying between \$1,000,000 and \$10,000,000 depending on the tenant and the industry in which it operates.

In addition to the indemnities and required insurance policies identified above, many of our properties are also covered by flood and earthquake insurance policies (subject to substantial deductibles) obtained and paid for by

the tenants as part of their risk management programs. Additionally, we have obtained blanket liability, flood and earthquake (subject to substantial deductibles) and property damage insurance policies to protect us and our properties against loss should the indemnities and insurance policies provided by the tenants fail to restore the properties to their condition prior to a loss. However, should a loss occur that is uninsured or in an amount exceeding the combined aggregate limits for the policies noted above, or in the event of a loss that is subject to a substantial deductible under an insurance policy, we could lose all or part of our capital invested in, and anticipated revenue from, one or more of the properties, which could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations or financial condition and on our ability to pay the principal of and interest on our debt securities and other indebtedness and to make distributions to our stockholders.

Compliance with the Americans With Disabilities Act of 1990 and fire, safety, and other regulations may require us to make unintended expenditures that could adversely impact our results of operation.

Our properties are generally required to comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, or the ADA. The ADA has separate compliance requirements for public accommodations and commercial facilities, but generally requires that buildings be made accessible to people with disabilities. Compliance with the ADA requirements could require removal of access barriers and non-compliance could result in imposition of fines by the U.S. government or an award of damages to private litigants. The retailers to whom we lease properties are obligated by law to comply with the ADA provisions, and we believe that these retailers may be obligated to cover costs associated with compliance. If required changes involve greater expenditures than anticipated, or if the changes must be made on a more accelerated basis than anticipated, the ability of these retailers to cover costs could be adversely affected and we could be required to expend our own funds to comply with the provisions of the ADA, which could materially adversely affect our results of operations or financial condition and our ability to pay the principal of and interest on our debt securities and other indebtedness and to make distributions to our stockholders. In addition, we are required to operate our properties in compliance with fire and safety regulations, building codes and other land use regulations, as they may be adopted by governmental agencies and bodies and become applicable to our properties. We may be required to make substantial capital expenditures to comply with those requirements and these expenditures could materially adversely affect our results of operations or financial condition and our ability to pay the principal of and interest on our debt securities and other indebtedness and to make distributions to our stockholders.

### Property taxes may increase without notice.

The real property taxes on our properties and any other properties that we develop or acquire in the future may increase as property tax rates change and as those properties are assessed or reassessed by tax authorities.

#### Matters pertaining to certain properties and tenants.

Twenty-six of our properties were available for lease or sale at December 31, 2006, of which all but one were single-tenant properties. As of February 13, 2007, transactions to lease or sell four of the 26 properties available for lease at December 31, 2006 were underway or completed. At December 31, 2006, 16 of our properties under lease were unoccupied and available for sublease by the tenants, all of which were current with their rent and other obligations.

For 2006, our tenants in the convenience store, restaurant and child care industries accounted for approximately 16.1%, 11.9% and 10.3%, respectively, of our rental revenue. A downturn in any of these industries, whether nationwide or limited to specific sectors of the United States, could adversely affect tenants in these industries, which in turn could have a material adverse affect on our financial position, results of operations and our ability to pay the principal of and interest on our debt securities and other indebtedness and to make distributions on our common stock and preferred stock. Individually, each of the other industries in our property portfolio accounted for less than 10% of our rental

revenue for 2006.

In addition, a substantial number of our properties are leased to middle-market retail chains that generally have more limited financial and other resources than certain upper-market retail chains, and therefore they are more likely to be adversely affected by a downturn in their respective businesses or in the regional or national economy.

We depend on key personnel.

We depend on the efforts of our executive officers and key employees. The loss of the services of our executive officers and key employees could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations or financial condition and on our ability to pay the principal and interest on our debt securities and other indebtedness and to make distributions to our stockholders. It is possible that we will not be able to recruit additional personnel with equivalent experience in the retail, net-lease industry.

Terrorist attacks and other acts of violence or war may affect the value of our debt and equity securities, the markets in which we operate and our results of operations.

Terrorist attacks may negatively affect our operations and your investment. There can be no assurance that there will not be further terrorist attacks against the United States or United States businesses. These attacks, or armed conflicts, may directly impact our physical facilities or the businesses of our tenants.

Such events could cause consumer confidence and spending to decrease or result in increased volatility in the U.S. and worldwide financial markets and economy. They also could result in or prolong an economic recession in the U.S. or abroad. Any of these occurrences could have a significant adverse impact on our operating results and revenues and on the market price of our capital stock and on the value of our debt securities. It could also have an adverse effect on our ability to pay principal and interest on our debt securities or other indebtedness and to make distributions to our stockholders.

#### **Item 1B:** Unresolved Staff comments

There are no unresolved staff comments.

### Item 2: <u>Properties</u>

Information pertaining to our properties can be found under Item 1.

#### Item 3: Legal Proceedings

We are subject to certain claims and lawsuits in the ordinary course of business, the outcome of which cannot be determined at this time. In the opinion of management, any liability we might incur upon the resolution of these claims and lawsuits will not, in the aggregate, have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

## Item 4: <u>Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders</u>

No matters were submitted to stockholders during the fourth quarter of the fiscal year.

#### PART II

### Item 5: Market For Registrant s Common Equity And Related Stockholder Matters

A. Our common stock is traded on the NYSE under the ticker symbol O. The following table shows the high and low sales prices per share for our common stock as reported by the NYSE, and distributions declared per share of common stock for the periods indicated.

Price Per Share							
	of Com High	mon Stock		Distributions Declared(1)			
	Ü						
\$	24.93	\$	21.57	\$	0.349375		
	24.06		21.25		0.351250		
	25.10		21.65		0.368625		
	28.43		24.40		0.378250		
				\$	1.447500		
\$	25.61	\$	22.00	\$	0.330625		
	25.69		22.50		0.332500		
	25.65		22.00		0.341875		
	23.97		21.08		0.347500		
				\$	1.352500		
		\$ 24.93 24.06 25.10 28.43 \$ 25.61 25.69 25.65	\$ 24.93 \$ 24.06 25.10 28.43 \$ 25.61 \$ 25.69 25.65	\$ 24.93 \$ 21.57 24.06 21.25 25.10 21.65 28.43 24.40  \$ 25.61 \$ 22.00 25.69 22.50 25.65 22.00	\$ 24.93 \$ 21.57 \$ 24.06 21.25 25.10 21.65 28.43 24.40 \$ \$ \$ 25.61 \$ 22.00 \$ 25.69 22.50 25.65 22.00 23.97 21.08		

<sup>(1)</sup> Common stock cash distributions currently are declared monthly by us based on financial results for the prior months. At December 31, 2006, a distribution of \$0.1265 per common share had been declared and was paid in January 2007.

There were 9,737 registered holders of record of our common stock as of January 31, 2007. We estimate that our total number of shareholders is approximately 78,000 when we include both registered and beneficial holders of our common stock.

### Item 6: Selected Financial Data

(not covered by Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm)

As of or for the years ended

December 31,					
(dollars in thousands, except for per share data)	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
Total assets (book value)	\$ 2,546,508 \$	1,920,988 \$	1,442,315 \$	1,360,257 \$	1,080,230
Cash and cash equivalents	10,573	65,704	2,141	4,837	8,921
Lines of credit and notes payable	920,000	891,700	503,600	506,400	339,700
Total liabilities	970,516	931,774	528,580	532,491	357,775
Total stockholders equity	1,575,992	989,214	913,735	827,766	722,455
Net cash provided by operating activities	86,945	109,557	178,337	73,957	124,807
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(55,131)	63,563	(2,696)	(4,084)	6,454
Total revenue	240,100	196,020	173,062	142,656	127,337
Income from continuing operations	106,065	88,749	81,642	70,947	63,800
Income from discontinued operations	4,716	10,370	21,755	15,488	14,867
Net income	110,781	99,119	103,397	86,435	78,667
Preferred stock cash dividends	(11,362)	(9,403)	(9,455)	(9,713)	(9,713)
Excess of redemption value over carrying value of					
preferred shares redeemed			(3,774)		
Net income available to common stockholders	99,419	89,716	90,168	76,722	68,954
Cash distributions paid to common stockholders	129,667	108,575	97,420	83,842	78,042
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges (1)	2.9 times	3.2 times	3.9 times	4.1 times	4.3 times
Ratio of earnings to combined fixed charges and					
preferred stock cash dividends (1)	2.4 times	2.6 times	3.1 times	3.0 times	3.0 times
Basic net income per common share	1.11	1.12	1.15	1.08	1.02
Diluted net income per common share	1.11	1.12	1.15	1.08	1.01
Cash distributions paid per common share	1.43725	1.34625	1.24125	1.18125	1.15125
Cash distributions declared per common share	1.44750	1.35250	1.25125	1.18375	1.15375
Basic weighted average number of common shares					
outstanding	89,766,714	79,950,255	78,518,296	71,128,282	67,867,498
Diluted weighted average number of common					
shares outstanding	89,917,554	80,208,593	78,598,788	71,222,628	67,976,314
-					

<sup>(1)</sup> Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges is calculated by dividing earnings by fixed charges. For this purpose, earnings consist of net income before interest expense, including the amortization of debt issuance costs and interest classified to discontinued operations. Fixed charges are comprised of interest costs (including capitalized interest), the amortization of debt issuance costs and interest classified to discontinued operations. In computing the ratio of earnings to combined fixed charges and preferred stock cash dividends, preferred stock cash dividends consist of dividends on our Class B preferred stock, Class C preferred stock and our outstanding Class D and Class E preferred stock. We redeemed our Class B preferred stock in June 2004 and our Class C preferred stock in July 2004. We issued 4,000,000 shares of our 7-3/8% Class D preferred stock in May 2004, 1,100,000 shares of our 7-3/8% Class D preferred stock in October 2004, and 8,800,000 shares of our 6.75% Class E preferred stock in December 2006.

#### Item 7: Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

#### **GENERAL**

Realty Income Corporation, The Monthly Dividend Company®, is a Maryland corporation organized to operate as an equity real estate investment trust, or REIT. Our primary business objective is to generate dependable monthly cash distributions from a consistent and predictable level of funds from operations, or FFO per share. The monthly distributions are supported by the cash flow from our portfolio of retail properties leased to regional and national retail chains. We have in-house acquisition, leasing, legal, retail research, real estate research, portfolio management and capital markets expertise. Over the past 38 years, Realty Income and its predecessors have been acquiring and owning freestanding retail properties that generate rental revenue under long-term lease agreements (primarily 15- to 20-years).

In addition, we seek to increase distributions to stockholders and FFO per share through both active portfolio management and the acquisition of additional properties. At December 31, 2006, we owned a diversified portfolio:

Of 1,955 retail properties;

With an occupancy rate of 98.7%, or 1,929 properties occupied of the 1,955 properties in the portfolio;

Leased to 103 different retail chains doing business in 29 separate retail industries;

Located in 48 states;

With over 16.7 million square feet of leasable space; and

With an average leasable retail space per property of approximately 8,600 square feet.

Of the 1,955 properties in the portfolio, 1,948, or 99.6%, are single-tenant, retail properties and the remaining seven are multi-tenant, distribution and office properties. At December 31, 2006, 1,923, or 98.7%, of the 1,948 single-tenant properties were leased with a weighted average remaining lease term (excluding extension options) of approximately 12.9 years.

In addition, at December 31, 2006, our wholly-owned taxable REIT subsidiary, Crest Net Lease, Inc. ( Crest ), had invested \$137.5 million in 60 properties, which are classified as held for sale. Crest was created to buy and sell properties, primarily to individual investors, many of whom are involved in tax-deferred exchanges under Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Tax Code ).

### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

#### **Cash Reserves**

Realty Income is organized to operate as an equity REIT that acquires and leases properties and distributes to stockholders, in the form of monthly cash distributions, a substantial portion of its net cash flow generated from leases on its retail properties. We intend to retain an appropriate amount of cash as working capital. At December 31, 2006, we had cash and cash equivalents totaling \$10.6 million.

We believe that our cash and cash equivalents on hand, cash provided from operating activities and borrowing capacity is sufficient to meet our liquidity needs for the foreseeable future. We intend, however, to use additional sources of capital to fund property acquisitions and to repay our credit facility.

#### \$300 Million Acquisition Credit Facility

We have a \$300 million revolving, unsecured credit facility that expires in October 2008. Realty Income s current investment grade credit ratings provide for financing under the credit facility at the London Interbank Offered Rate, commonly referred to as LIBOR, plus 65 basis points with a facility fee of 15 basis points, for all-in drawn pricing of 80 basis points over LIBOR. At February 13, 2007, we had borrowing capacity of \$300 million available on our credit facility and no outstanding balance.

The credit facility is expected to be used to acquire additional retail properties and for other corporate purposes. Any additional borrowings will increase our exposure to interest rate risk. We have the right to request an increase in the borrowing capacity of the credit facility by up to \$100 million, to a total borrowing capacity of \$400 million. Any increase in the borrowing capacity is subject to approval by the lending banks of our credit facility.

#### Mortgage Debt

We have no mortgage debt on any of our properties.

#### **Universal Shelf Registration**

In April 2006, we filed a shelf registration statement with the SEC, which is effective for a term of three years. In accordance with the SEC rules, the amount of securities to be issued pursuant to this shelf registration statement was not specified when it was filed. The securities covered by this registration statement include common stock, preferred stock, debt securities, or any combination of such securities. Realty Income may periodically offer one or more of these securities in amounts, prices and on terms to be announced when and if the securities are offered. The specifics of any future offerings, along with the use of proceeds of any securities offered, will be described in detail in a prospectus supplement, or other offering materials, at the time of any offering. As such, there is no specific limit to the dollar amount of new securities that can be issued under this new shelf registration before it expires in April 2009.

The common stock issued in September 2006, October 2006 and November 2006, the 2016 Notes issued in September 2006 and the Class E preferred stock issued in December 2006 were issued pursuant to our universal shelf registration statement.

#### **Issuances of Common Stock**

In October and November 2006, we issued an aggregate of 6.9 million shares of common stock at a price of \$26.40 per share. The net proceeds of approximately \$173.2 million were used to fund a portion of the purchase price of the Buffets/Ryan s properties and for other general corporate purposes.

In September 2006, we issued 4.715 million shares of common stock at a price of \$24.32 per share. The net proceeds of approximately \$109 million from this offering were used to fund new property acquisitions, repay borrowings under our credit facility and for other general corporate purposes.

In March 2006, we issued 5.2 million shares of common stock at a price of \$24.39 per share. The net proceeds of approximately \$120.5 million were used to fund new property acquisitions and for other general corporate purposes.

#### **Issuance of Preferred Stock**

In December 2006, we issued 8.8 million shares of  $6^{-3}/_4\%$  Class E cumulative redeemable preferred stock, with a liquidation value of \$25 per share. The net proceeds of \$214 million from this issuance were used to repay borrowings under our credit facility and for other general corporate purposes.

### **Redemption of 2007 Notes**

In September 2006, we redeemed all of our outstanding \$110 million, 7-3/4%, unsecured notes due May 2007 (the 2007 Notes). The 2007 Notes were redeemed at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest of \$3.2 million and a make-whole payment of \$1.6 million. We recorded a loss on extinguishment of debt totaling \$1.6 million related to the make-whole payment associated with the 2007 Notes. For 2006, the make-whole payment represented approximately \$0.017 per share.

#### **Issuance of 10-Year Senior Unsecured Notes**

In September 2006, we issued \$275 million in aggregate principal amount of 5.95% senior unsecured notes due 2016 (the 2016 Notes). The price to the investor for the 2016 Notes was 99.74% of the principal amount for an effective yield of 5.985%. The net proceeds of approximately \$271.9 million from this offering were used to redeem the 2007 Notes and for other general corporate purposes. Interest on the 2016 Notes is paid semiannually.

#### **Conservative Capital Structure**

We believe that our stockholders are best served by a conservative capital structure. Therefore, we seek to maintain a conservative debt level on our balance sheet and solid interest and fixed charge coverage ratios. At February 13, 2007, our total outstanding credit facility borrowings and outstanding notes were \$920 million or approximately 21.9% of our total market capitalization of \$4.21 billion. We define our total market capitalization at February 13, 2007 as the sum of:

Shares of our common stock outstanding of 101,000,536 multiplied by the last reported sales price of our common stock on the NYSE of \$29.09 per share, or \$2.94 billion;

Aggregate liquidation value of the Class D preferred stock of \$127.5 million;

Aggregate liquidation value of the Class E preferred stock of \$220 million; and

Outstanding notes of \$920 million.

Historically, we have met our long-term capital needs through the issuance of common stock, preferred stock and long-term unsecured notes and bonds. Over the long term, we believe that the majority of our future securities issuances should be in the form of common stock; however, we may issue additional preferred stock or debt securities from time to time. We may issue common stock when we believe that our share price is at a level that allows for the proceeds of any offering to be accretively invested into additional properties. In addition, we may issue common stock to permanently finance properties that were financed by our credit facility or debt securities. However, we cannot assure you that we will have access to the capital markets at terms that are acceptable to us.

#### **Credit Agency Ratings**

We are currently assigned investment grade corporate credit ratings on our senior unsecured notes from Fitch Ratings, Moody s Investors
Service, Inc. and Standard & Poor s Ratings Group. Currently, Fitch Ratings has assigned a rating of BBB+, Moody s has assigned a rating of
Baa2 and Standard & Poor s has assigned a rating of BBB to our senior notes. Moody s and Standard & Poor s ratings have positive outlooks and
Fitch has a stable outlook.

We have also been assigned investment grade credit ratings from the same rating agencies on our preferred stock. Fitch Ratings has assigned a rating of BBB, Moody s has assigned a rating of BBB and Standard & Poor s has assigned a rating of BBB to our preferred stock. Moody s and Standard & Poor s ratings have positive outlooks and Fitch has a stable outlook.

The credit ratings assigned to us could change based upon, among other things, our results of operations and financial condition. These ratings are subject to ongoing evaluation by credit rating agencies and we cannot assure you that any such rating will not be changed or withdrawn by a rating agency in the future if, in its judgment, circumstances warrant. Moreover, a rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold our debt securities, preferred stock or common stock.

## **Notes Outstanding**

Senior note obligations consist of the following (dollars in thousands), sorted by maturity date:

	A	At December 31, 2006
$8^{-1}/_{4}\%$ senior notes, issued in October 1998 and due in 2008	\$	100,000
8% senior unsecured notes, issued in January 1999 and due in 2009		20,000
5-3/8% senior unsecured notes, issued in March 2003 and due in 2013		100,000
$5-\frac{1}{2}\%$ senior unsecured notes, issued in November 2003 and due in 2015		150,000
5.95% senior unsecured notes, issued in September 2006 and due in 2016		275,000
5-3/8% senior unsecured notes, issued in September 2005 and due in 2017		175,000
$5-\frac{7}{8}\%$ senior unsecured bonds, issued in March 2005 and due in 2035		100,000
	\$	920 000

Interest on all of the senior note obligations is paid semiannually, with the exception of the interest on the  $8-\frac{1}{4}$ % senior notes issued in October 1998, which is paid monthly. All of these notes contain various covenants, including: (i) a limitation on incurrence of any debt which would cause our debt to total adjusted assets ratio to exceed 60%; (ii) a limitation on incurrence of any secured debt which would cause our secured debt to total adjusted assets ratio to exceed 40%; (iii) a limitation on incurrence of any debt which would cause our debt service coverage ratio to be less than 1.5 times; and (iv) the maintenance at all times of total unencumbered assets not less than 150% of our outstanding unsecured debt. We have been in compliance with these covenants since each of the notes were issued.

The following is a summary of the key financial covenants to our senior unsecured notes. The actual amounts are as of December 31, 2006.

Note Covenants	Required	Actual
Limitation on Incurrence of Total Debt	≤ 60%	31.6%
Limitation on Incurrence of Secured Debt	≤ 40%	0.0%
Debt Service Coverage	≥ 1.5 x	4.0x
Maintenance of Total Unencumbered Assets	≥ 150% of Unsecured	
	Debt	316%

All of our outstanding notes and bonds have fixed interest rates. Our credit facility interest rate is variable.

The following table summarizes the maturity of each of our obligations as of December 31, 2006 (dollars in millions):

#### **Table of Obligations**

Year of Maturity	Credit I	Facility (1)	Notes	Interest (2)	Other (3)	Totals
2007	\$	\$		\$ 55.1	\$ 17.2 \$	72.3
2008			100.0	54.1		154.1
2009			20.0	45.3		65.3
2010				45.3		45.3
2011				45.3		45.3
Thereafter			800.0	305.5		1,105.5
Totals	\$	\$	920.0	\$ 550.6	\$ 17.2 \$	1,487.8

<sup>(1)</sup> There was no outstanding credit facility balance on December 31, 2006 or February 13, 2007.

Our credit facility and note obligations are unsecured. Accordingly, we have not pledged any assets as collateral for these obligations.

<sup>(2)</sup> Interest on credit facility and notes has been calculated based on outstanding balances as of December 31, 2006 through their respective maturity dates.

<sup>(3)</sup> Other consists of \$16.4 million of estimated unfunded costs on properties under development and \$806,000 of contingent payments for tenant improvements and leasing costs.

### **Preferred Stock Outstanding**

In May and October 2004, we issued an aggregate of 5.1 million shares of  $7^{-3}/_{8}$  % Class D cumulative redeemable preferred stock. Beginning May 27, 2009, shares of Class D preferred stock are redeemable at our option for \$25.00 per share, plus any accrued and unpaid dividends. Dividends on shares of Class D preferred stock are paid monthly in arrears.

In December 2006, we issued 8.8 million shares of  $6^{-3}/_4\%$  Class E cumulative redeemable preferred stock. Beginning December 7, 2011, shares of Class E preferred stock are redeemable at our option for \$25 per share, plus any accrued and unpaid dividends. Dividends on shares of Class E preferred stock are paid monthly in arrears.

#### No Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements or Unconsolidated Investment

Realty Income and its subsidiaries have no unconsolidated or off-balance sheet investments in variable interest entities or off-balance sheet financing, nor do we engage in trading activities involving energy or commodity contracts or other derivative instruments.

As we have no joint ventures, off-balance sheet entities, or mandatory redeemable preferred stock, our financial position or results of operations are currently not affected by Financial Accounting Standard Board Interpretation No. 46R, Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities and Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 150, Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of both Liabilities and Equity.

#### **Acquisitions During 2006**

During 2006, Realty Income and Crest invested \$769.9 million, in aggregate, in 378 new properties and properties under development. These 378 properties are located in 30 states and are 100% leased with an initial average lease term of 17.1 years. As described below, Realty Income acquired 322 properties and Crest acquired 56 properties.

Included in the \$769.9 million is \$656.7 million invested by Realty Income in 322 new properties and properties under development, with an initial weighted average contractual lease rate of 8.6%. These 322 properties are located in 30 states, are 100% leased with an initial average lease term of 16.7 years and will contain over 3.3 million leasable square feet. The 322 new properties acquired by Realty Income are net-leased to 16 different retail chains in the following 11 industries: automotive collision services, automotive tire services, convenience store, drug store, general merchandise, health and fitness, home improvement, motor vehicle dealership, private education, restaurant and theater. Also included in the \$769.9 million is \$113.2 million invested by Crest in 56 new retail properties.

At December 31, 2006, Realty Income had invested \$15.9 million in four properties that were leased and under contract for development by the tenant (with development costs funded by Realty Income). Rent on these properties is scheduled to begin at various times during 2007. At December 31, 2006, we had outstanding commitments to pay estimated unfunded development costs totaling \$16.4 million.

The initial weighted average contractual lease rate is computed as estimated contractual net operating income (in a net-leased property this is equal to the base rent or, in the case of properties under development, the estimated base rent under the lease) for the first year of each lease, divided by the estimated total costs. Since it is possible that a tenant could default on the payment of contractual rent, we cannot assure you that the actual return on the funds invested will remain at the percentages listed above.

### Acquisition of \$349 million of Buffets/Ryan s Restaurants on November 1, 2006

The 2006 acquisition amounts include Realty Income and Crest s aggregate investment of \$349 million to acquire 144 Buffets/Ryan s restaurant properties. The properties are leased under 20-year, triple-net lease agreements. These properties were acquired subsequent to a merger between Buffets, Inc. and Ryan s Restaurant Group.

Of the 144 restaurant properties, 116 were acquired by Realty Income and 28 were acquired by Crest. The restaurants have, on average, approximately 10,300 leasable square feet and are situated on an average lot size of approximately 2.86 acres. In general, the properties are existing locations that, on average, have been operating for 11 years.

### **Investments in Existing Properties**

In 2006, we capitalized costs of \$964,000 on existing properties in our portfolio, consisting of \$761,000 for re-leasing costs and \$203,000 for building improvements.

#### **Sales of Investment Properties**

During 2006, we sold or exchanged 13 properties for \$10.7 million, which resulted in a gain of \$3.0 million. This gain is included in discontinued operations. The 13 properties sold or exchanged consisted of one automotive parts store, one automotive service facility, one child care facility, two convenience stores, and eight restaurants. The net proceeds from the sale of these properties were used to repay outstanding indebtedness on our credit facility and to invest in new properties.

### **Crest Property Sales**

During 2006, Crest, our wholly-owned subsidiary, sold 13 properties from its inventory for an aggregate of \$22.4 million, which resulted in a gain of \$2.2 million. Crest s gains are included in income from discontinued operations, real estate acquired for resale by Crest.

#### **Crest Property Inventory**

Crest s property inventory at December 31, 2006 and 2005 totaled \$137.5 million and \$45.7 million, respectively, and is included in real estate held for sale, net , on our consolidated balance sheets.

The financial statements of Crest are consolidated into Realty Income s financial statements. All material intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

#### **Increases in Monthly Cash Distributions to Common Stockholders**

We continue our 37-year policy of paying distributions monthly to our common stockholders. Monthly distributions per share were increased in April 2006 by \$0.000625 to \$0.116875, in July 2006 by \$0.000625 to \$0.1175, in September 2006 by \$0.00775 to \$0.12525, in October 2006 by \$0.000625 to \$0.125875 and in January 2007 by \$0.000625 to \$0.1265. The increase in January 2007 was our 37th consecutive quarterly increase and the 42nd increase in the amount of our dividend since our listing on the NYSE in 1994. In 2006, we paid the following monthly cash distributions per share: three in the amount of \$0.11625, three in the amount of \$0.116875, two in the amount of \$0.1175, one in the amount of \$0.12525, and three in the amount of \$0.125875 totaling \$1.43725. In December 2006, January 2007 and February 2007, we declared distributions of \$0.1265 per share, which were paid on January 16, 2007 and February 15, 2007 and will be paid on March 15, 2007, respectively.

The monthly distribution of \$0.1265 per share represents a current annualized distribution of \$1.518 per share, and an annualized distribution yield of approximately 5.2% based on the last reported sale price of our common stock on the NYSE of \$29.09 on February 13, 2007. Although we expect to continue our policy of paying monthly distributions, we cannot guarantee that we will maintain the current level of distributions, that we will continue our pattern of increasing distributions per share, or what the actual distribution yield will be in any future period.

### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### **Critical Accounting Policies**

Our consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Our consolidated financial statements are the basis for our discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations. Preparing our consolidated financial statements requires us to make a number of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. We believe that we have made these estimates and assumptions in an appropriate manner and in a way that accurately reflects our financial condition. We continually test and evaluate these estimates and assumptions using our historical knowledge of the business, as well as other factors, to ensure that they are reasonable for reporting purposes. However, actual results may differ from these estimates and assumptions.

In order to prepare our consolidated financial statements according to the rules and guidelines set forth by GAAP, many subjective judgments must be made with regard to critical accounting polices. One of these judgments is our estimate for useful lives in determining depreciation expense for our properties. Depreciation of buildings and improvements is generally computed using the straight—line method over an estimated useful life

of 25 years. If we use a shorter or longer estimated useful life it could have a material impact on our results of operations. We believe that 25 years is an appropriate estimate of useful life. No depreciation has been recorded on Crest s properties because they are held for sale.

Another significant judgment must be made as to if, and when, impairment losses should be taken on our properties when events or a change in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the asset may not be recoverable. Generally, a provision is made for impairment loss if estimated future operating cash flows (undiscounted and without interest charges) plus estimated disposition proceeds (undiscounted) are less than the current book value. Impairment losses are measured as the amount by which the current book value of the asset exceeds the fair value of the asset. If a property is held for sale, it is carried at the lower of carrying cost or estimated fair value, less cost to sell. The carrying value of our real estate is the largest component of our consolidated balance sheet. If events should occur that require us to reduce the carrying value of our real estate by recording provisions for impairment losses, it could have a material impact on our results of operations.

The following is a comparison of our results of operations for the years ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004.

#### **Rental Revenue**

Rental revenue was \$238.1 million for 2006 versus \$195.7 million for 2005, an increase of \$42.4 million, or 21.7%. Rental revenue was \$172 million in 2004. The increase in rental revenue in 2006 compared to 2005 is primarily attributable to:

The 322 retail properties acquired by Realty Income in 2006, which generated \$15.7 million of rent in 2006;

The 135 retail properties acquired by Realty Income in 2005, which generated \$33.5 million of rent in 2006 compared to \$12.1 million in 2005, an increase of \$21.4 million;

Same store rents generated on 1,421 properties leased during the entire years of 2006 and 2005 increased by \$1.3 million, or 0.7%, to \$175.3 million from \$174.0 million.

An increase in straight-line rent and other non-cash adjustments to rent of \$155,000 in 2006 as compared to 2005; and

An increase of \$4.0 million relating to the aggregate of (i) development properties acquired before 2005 that started paying rent in 2005, (ii) properties that were vacant during part of 2006 or 2005 and (iii) lease termination settlements. These items totaled \$9.7 million in aggregate in 2006 compared to \$5.7 million in 2005.

Of the 1,955 properties in the portfolio at December 31, 2006, 1,948, or 99.6%, are single-tenant properties and the remaining seven are multi-tenant properties. Of the 1,948 single-tenant properties, 1,923, or 98.7%, were net leased with a weighted average remaining lease term (excluding rights to extend a lease at the option of the tenant) of approximately 12.9 years at December 31, 2006. Of our 1,923 leased single-tenant properties, 1,713, or 89.1%, were under leases that provide for increases in rents through:

Primarily base rent increases tied to a consumer price index;

Fixed increases;

To a lesser degree, overage rent based on a percentage of the tenants gross sales; or

A combination of two or more of the above rent provisions.

Percentage rent, which is included in rental revenue, was \$1.1 million in 2006, \$1.2 million in 2005 and \$1.3 million in 2004. Percentage rent in 2006 was less than 1% of rental revenue and we anticipate percentage rent to be less than 1% of rental revenue in 2007.

Our portfolio of retail real estate, leased primarily to regional and national chains under net leases, continues to perform well and provide dependable lease revenue supporting the payment of monthly dividends to our stockholders. At December 31, 2006, our portfolio of 1,955 retail properties was 98.7% leased with 26 properties available for lease, one of which is a multi-tenant property.

As of February 13, 2007, transactions to lease or sell four of the 26 properties available for lease at December 31, 2006 were underway or completed. We anticipate these transactions will be completed during the next several

months, although we cannot guarantee that all of these properties can be leased or sold within this period. It has been our experience that approximately 1% to 3% of our property portfolio will be unleased at any given time; however, we cannot assure you that the number of properties available for lease will not exceed these levels.

### **Interest Expense**

Interest expense was \$10.4 million higher in 2006 than in 2005. Interest expense increased in 2006 primarily due to higher average outstanding balances, which was partially offset by slightly lower interest rates related to our average outstanding borrowings. We issued \$275 million of 10-year notes in September 2006, \$175 million of 12-year notes in September 2005 and \$100 million of 30-year bonds in March 2005, which contributed to the increase in average outstanding balances and slightly lower average interest rates on our debt.

The following is a summary of the components of our interest expense (dollars in thousands):

	2006	2005	2004
Interest on our credit facility and notes	\$ 54,068	\$ 40,968	\$ 32,442
Interest included in discontinued operations from real			
estate acquired for resale by Crest	(3,708)	(1,139)	(674)
Amortization of settlements on treasury lock agreements	717	756	756
Credit facility commitment fees	456	498	508
Amortization of credit facility origination costs and			
deferred bond financing costs	2,014	1,752	1,631
Interest capitalized	(2,184)	(1,886)	(531)
Interest expense	\$ 51,363	\$ 40,949	\$ 34,132

Credit facilities and notes outstanding	2006	2005		2004	
Average outstanding balances (dollars in thousands)	\$ 881,669	647,301	\$	498,220	
Average interest rates	6.13%	6.33	%	6.51%	

At February 13, 2007, the weighted average interest rate on our notes payable of \$920 million was 5.99% and the average interest rate on our credit line was 5.97%. There was no balance on our credit line at February 13, 2007.

### **Interest Coverage Ratio**

Our interest coverage ratio for 2006 was 4.1 times, for 2005 was 4.4 times and for 2004 was 5.0 times. Interest coverage ratio is calculated as: the interest coverage amount (as calculated in the following table) divided by interest expense, including interest recorded to discontinued operations. We consider interest coverage ratio to be an appropriate supplemental measure of a company s ability to meet its interest expense obligations. Our calculation of interest coverage ratio may be different from the calculation used by other companies and, therefore, comparability may be limited. This information should not be considered as an alternative to any GAAP liquidity measures.

The following is a reconciliation of net cash provided by operating activities to our interest coverage amount (dollars in thousands):

	2006	2005	2004
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 86,945	\$ 109,557	\$ 178,337
Interest expense	51,363	40,949	34,132
Interest expense included in discontinued operations (1)	3,708	1,139	674
Income taxes	747	813	699
Income taxes included in discontinued operations (1)	494	943	3,480
Investment in real estate acquired for resale (1)(2)	113,166	55,890	21,787
Proceeds from sales of real estate acquired for resale (1)	(22,405)	(22,195)	(74,995)
Collection of a mortgage note receivable by Crest(1)	(1,333)		
Crest provisions for impairment losses(1)	(1,188)		
Gain on sales of real estate acquired for resale (1)	2,219	3,291	10,254
Amortization of deferred stock compensation	(2,928)	(2,155)	(1,426)
Amortization of stock option costs	(23)	(12)	(14)
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable and other assets	(4,418)	3,292	(1,094)
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	(3,208)	(8,290)	1,051
Interest coverage amount	\$ 223,139	\$ 183,222	\$ 172,885
Divided by interest expense (3)	\$ 55,071	\$ 42,088	\$ 34,806
Interest coverage ratio	4.1	4.4	5.0

<sup>(1)</sup> Crest activities.

- (2) The 2005 amount includes intangibles recorded in connection with acquisitions of real estate acquired for resale.
- (3) Includes interest expense recorded to income from discontinued operations, real estate acquired for resale by Crest.

### **Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio**

Our fixed charge coverage ratio for 2006 was 3.4 times, for 2005 was 3.6 times and for 2004 was 3.9 times. Fixed charge coverage ratio is calculated in exactly the same manner as interest coverage ratio, except that preferred stock dividends are also added to the denominator. We consider fixed charge coverage ratio to be an appropriate supplemental measure of a company s ability to make its interest and preferred stock dividend payments. Our calculation of the fixed charge coverage ratio may be different from the calculation used by other companies and, therefore, comparability may be limited. This information should not be considered as an alternative to any GAAP liquidity measures.

Interest coverage amount divided by interest expense plus preferred stock dividends (dollars in thousands):

	2006	2005	2004
Interest coverage amount	\$ 223,139	\$ 183,222	\$ 172,885
Divided by interest expense plus preferred stock			
dividends (1)(2)	\$ 66,433	\$ 51,491	\$ 44,261
Fixed charge coverage ratio	3.4	3.6	3.9

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes the Class B and Class C preferred stock non-cash charge of \$3,774 in 2004 for excess of redemption value over carrying value of preferred shares redeemed.

### **Depreciation and Amortization**

Depreciation and amortization was \$59.5 million in 2006 versus \$46.2 million in 2005 and \$39.7 million in 2004. The increases in depreciation and amortization in 2006 and 2005 were due to the acquisition of properties in 2006, 2005 and 2004, which were partially offset by property sales during these years.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes interest expense recorded to income from discontinued operations, real estate acquired for resale by Crest.

#### **General and Administrative Expenses**

General and administrative expenses increased by \$2.1 million to \$17.5 million in 2006 versus \$15.4 million in 2005. General and administrative expenses were \$13.1 million in 2004. In 2006, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of total revenue decreased to 7.3% as compared to 7.9% in 2005 and 7.6% in 2004. General and administrative expenses increased in total dollars primarily due to increases in payroll and employee benefit costs.

As our property portfolio has grown and continues to grow, we have increased, and anticipate that we will continue to gradually increase the level of our staffing. We expect general and administrative expenses to moderately increase due to costs attributable to payroll, staffing costs and corporate governance.

In February 2007, we had 70 permanent employees as compared to February 2006 when we had 69 permanent employees and four temporary employees.

### **Property Expenses**

Property expenses are broken down into costs associated with non-net leased multi-tenant properties, unleased single-tenant properties and general portfolio expenses. Expenses related to the multi-tenant and unleased single-tenant properties include, but are not limited to, property taxes, maintenance, insurance, utilities, property inspections, bad debt expense and legal fees. General portfolio costs include, but are not limited to, insurance, legal, bad debt expense, property inspections and title search fees. At December 31, 2006, 26 properties were available for lease, as compared to 25 at December 31, 2005 and 32 at December 31, 2004.

Property expenses were \$3.3 million in 2006, \$3.7 million in 2005 and \$3.1 million in 2004. The \$392,000 decrease in property expenses in 2006 is primarily attributable to a decrease in costs associated with bad debt expense, legal fees, and property taxes.

### **Income Taxes**

Income taxes were \$747,000 in 2006 as compared to \$813,000 in 2005 and \$699,000 in 2004. These amounts are for city and state income taxes paid by Realty Income.

In addition, Crest incurred state and federal income taxes of \$494,000 in 2006 as compared to \$943,000 in 2005 and \$3.5 million in 2004. The decrease in Crest s 2006 income taxes over the 2005 and 2004 income taxes are due to lower taxable income, primarily attributable to lower gain on sales of real estate acquired for re-sale. These amounts are included in income from discontinued operations, from real estate acquired for resale by Crest.

#### Loss on Extinguishment of Debt

In September 2006, we redeemed all of our outstanding \$110 million, 7-¾%, unsecured notes due May 2007. The 2007 Notes were redeemed at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest of \$3.2 million and a make-whole payment of \$1.6 million. We recorded a loss on extinguishment of debt totaling \$1.6 million related to the make-whole payment associated with the 2007 Notes. For 2006, the make-whole payment represented approximately \$0.017 per share.

### **Discontinued Operations**

Crest acquires properties with the intention of reselling them rather than holding them as investments and operating the properties.

Consequently, we classify properties acquired by Crest as held for sale at the date of acquisition and do not depreciate them. The operation of Crest s properties is classified as income from discontinued operations, real estate acquired for resale by Crest.

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The following is a summary of Crest s income from discontinued operations, real estate acquired for resale for the years 2006, 2005 and 2004 (dollars in thousands, except per share data):

Crest s income from discontinued operations,			
real estate acquired for resale	2006	2005	2004
Gain on sales of real estate acquired for resale	\$ 2,219	\$ 3,291	\$ 10,254
Rental revenue	5,080	2,085	2,304
Interest expense	(3,708)	(1,139)	(674)
General and administrative expense	(440)	(453)	(464)
Property expenses	(67)	(60)	(93)
Provisions for impairment	(1,188)		
Income taxes	(494)	(943)	(3,480)
Income from discontinued operations, real estate acquired for			
resale by Crest	\$ 1,402	\$ 2,781	\$ 7,847
Per common share, basic and diluted	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.10

Realty Income s operations from one property listed as held for sale at December 31, 2006, plus properties sold in 2006, 2005 and 2004 have been classified as discontinued operations. The following is a summary of our discontinued operations from real estate held for investment for the years 2006, 2005 and 2004 (dollars in thousands, except per share data):

Realty Income s income from discontinued			
operations, real estate held for investment	2006	2005	2004
Gain on sales of investment properties	\$ 3,036	\$ 6,573	\$ 12,543
Rental revenue	492	1,729	4,608
Other revenue	34	2	121
Depreciation and amortization	(116)	(458)	(1,162)
Property expenses	(116)	(222)	(545)
Provisions for impairment	(16)	(35)	(1,657)
Income from discontinued operations, real estate held for			
investment	\$ 3,314	\$ 7,589	\$ 13,908
Per common share, basic and diluted	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.18

The following is a summary of our total discontinued operations for the years 2006, 2005 and 2004 (dollars in thousands, except per share data):

Total income from discontinued operations	2006			2005	2004	
Income from discontinued operations:						
Real estate acquired for resale by Crest	\$	1,402	\$	2,781	\$	7,847
Real estate held for investment		3,314		7,589		13,908
Income from discontinued operations	\$	4,716	\$	10,370	\$	21,755
Per common share, basic and diluted	\$	0.05	\$	0.13	\$	0.28

The above per share amounts have each been calculated independently.

## Gain on Sales of Real Estate Acquired for Resale by Crest

In 2006, Crest sold 13 properties for \$22.4 million, which resulted in a gain of \$2.2 million. In 2005, Crest sold 12 properties for \$23.5 million, which resulted in a gain of \$3.3 million. In 2004, Crest sold 51 properties for \$75 million, which resulted in a gain of \$10.3 million. Crest s gains on sales are reported before income taxes and are included in income from discontinued operations, real estate acquired for resale by Crest.

At December 31, 2006, Crest had \$137.5 million invested in 60 properties, which are held for sale. Crest generally carries a real estate inventory in excess of \$20 million. Crest generates an earnings spread on the difference between the lease payments it receives on the properties held in inventory and the cost of capital used to acquire properties. It is our belief that at this level of inventory, rental revenue will exceed the ongoing operating expenses of Crest without any property sales.

#### Gain on Sales of Investment Properties by Realty Income

In 2006, we sold or exchanged 13 investment properties for \$10.7 million, which resulted in a gain of \$3.0 million, which is included in discontinued operations. In 2005, we sold 23 investment properties and sold a portion of the land from two properties for \$23.4 million and recognized a gain on sales of \$6.6 million, which is included in discontinued operations, except for \$18,000 that is included in other revenue. In 2004, we sold or exchanged 43 investment properties and sold a portion of the land from four properties for a total of \$35.4 million and recognized a gain of \$12.7 million, which is included in discontinued operations, except for \$185,000 that is included in other revenue.

We have an active portfolio management program that incorporates the sale of assets when we believe the reinvestment of the sale proceeds will generate higher returns, enhance the credit quality of our real estate portfolio or extend our average remaining lease term. At December 31, 2006, we classified real estate with a carrying amount of \$138 million as held for sale on our balance sheet, which includes properties owned by Crest. Additionally, we anticipate selling investment properties from our portfolio that have not yet been specifically identified, from which we anticipate receiving between \$10 million and \$35 million in proceeds during the next 12 months. We intend to invest these proceeds into new property acquisitions. However, we cannot guarantee that we will sell properties during the next 12 months.

### Provisions for Impairment on Real Estate Acquired for Resale by Crest

Provisions for impairment of \$1.2 million were recorded by Crest on three properties in 2006. No provisions for impairment were recorded by Crest in 2005 and 2004. Crest s properties are held for sale and the provisions for impairment recorded in 2006 reduced the carrying costs to the estimated fair-market value of those properties, net of estimated selling costs.

### **Provisions for Impairment on Realty Income Investment Properties**

In 2006, a provision for impairment of \$16,000 was recorded on one property. In 2005, we recorded provisions for impairment totaling \$186,000 on four properties. In 2004, we recorded provisions for impairment totaling \$2.4 million on six properties. These provisions are included in income from discontinued operations, real estate held for investment except for \$151,000 in 2005 and \$716,000 in 2004 which are included in provisions for impairment.

#### **Preferred Stock Cash Dividends and Redemption Charge**

Preferred stock cash dividends totaled \$11.4 million in 2006 as compared to \$9.4 million in 2005 and \$9.5 million in 2004.

When we redeemed our Class B preferred stock in June 2004 and our Class C preferred stock in July 2004, we incurred non-cash charges of \$2.4 million and \$1.4 million, respectively, for the excess of redemption value over the carrying value. These non-cash charges represent the Class B and Class C preferred stock original issuance costs that were paid in 1999 and recorded as a reduction to net income available to common stockholders when the shares were redeemed. These non-cash charges equated to \$0.05 per common share in 2004.

#### Net Income Available to Common Stockholders

Net income available to common stockholders was \$99.4 million in 2006, an increase of \$9.7 million as compared to \$89.7 million in 2005. Net income available to common stockholders in 2004 was \$90.2 million.

The calculation to determine net income available to common stockholders includes gains from the sale of properties. The amount of gains varies from period to period based on the timing of property sales and can significantly impact net income available to common stockholders.

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During 2006, the gain recognized from the sales of investment properties was \$3.0 million as compared to \$6.6 million during 2005 and \$12.7 million in 2004. Crest s gain recognized from the sale of properties during 2006 was \$2.2 million as compared to \$3.3 million during 2005 and \$10.3 million during 2004.

#### FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS

#### AVAILABLE TO COMMON STOCKHOLDERS (FFO)

FFO for 2006 increased by \$26.2 million, or 20.2%, to \$155.8 million as compared to \$129.6 million in 2005 and \$118.2 million in 2004. The following is a reconciliation of net income available to common stockholders (which we believe is the most comparable Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) measure) to FFO. Also presented is information regarding distributions paid to common stockholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands, except per share amounts):

	2006	2005	2004
Net income available to common stockholders	\$ 99,419	\$ 89,716	\$ 90,168
Depreciation and amortization:			
Continuing operations	59,492	46,206	39,696
Discontinued operations	116	458	1,162
Depreciation of furniture, fixtures and equipment	(192)	(142)	(117)
Gain on sales of investment properties:			
Continuing operations		(18)	(185)
Discontinued operations	(3,036)	(6,573)	(12,543)
FFO available to common stockholders	\$ 155,799	\$ 129,647	\$ 118,181
FFO per common share:			
Basic	\$ 1.74	\$ 1.62	\$ 1.51
Diluted	\$ 1.73	\$ 1.62	\$ 1.50
Distributions paid to common stockholders	\$ 129,667	\$ 108,575	\$ 97,420
FFO in excess of distributions to common stockholders	\$ 26,132	\$ 21,072	\$ 20,761
Weighted average number of common shares:			
Basic	89,766,714	79,950,255	78,518,296
Diluted	89,917,554	80,208,593	78,598,788

We define FFO, a non-GAAP measure, consistent with the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trust s definition, as net income available to common stockholders, plus depreciation and amortization of real estate assets, reduced by gains on sales of investment property and extraordinary items.

We consider FFO to be an appropriate supplemental measure of a REIT s operating performance as it is based on a net income analysis of property portfolio performance that excludes noncash items such as depreciation. The historical accounting convention used for real estate assets requires straight-line depreciation of buildings and improvements, which implies that the value of real estate assets diminishes predictably over time. Since real estate values historically rise and fall with market conditions, presentations of operating results for a REIT, using historical accounting for depreciation, could be less informative. The use of FFO is recommended by the REIT industry as a supplemental performance measure. In addition, FFO is used as a measure of our compliance with the financial covenants of our credit facility.

Presentation of this information is intended to assist the reader in comparing the operating performance of different REITs, although it should be noted that not all REITs calculate FFO the same way, so comparisons with other REITs may not be meaningful. Furthermore, FFO is not necessarily indicative of cash flow available to fund

cash needs and should not be considered as an alternative to net income as an indication of Realty Income s performance. In addition, FFO should not be considered as an alternative to reviewing our cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities as a measure of liquidity, of our ability to make cash distributions or of our ability to pay interest payments.

#### Other Non-cash Items and Capitalized Expenditures

The following information includes non-cash items and capitalized expenditures on existing properties in our portfolio. These items are not included in the adjustments to net income available to common stockholders to arrive at FFO. Analysts and investors often request this supplemental information.

For the years ended December 31			
(dollars in thousands)	2006	2005	2004
Provisions for impairment losses	\$ 16	\$ 186	\$ 2,373
Gain on reinstatement of property carrying value	(716)		
Crest provisions for impairment losses	1,188		
Amortization of settlements on treasury lock agreements(1)	717	756	756
Amortization of deferred note financing costs(2)	1,287	1,034	913
Amortization of deferred stock compensation and stock option			
costs	2,951	2,167	1,440
Capitalized leasing costs and commissions	(761)	(570)	(323)
Capitalized building improvements	(203)	(1,017)	(789)
Straight line rent(3)	(1,515)	(1,360)	99
Preferred stock origination costs write-off (4)			3,774

- (1) The settlements on the treasury lock agreements resulted from an interest rate risk prevention strategy that was used by the Company in 1997 and 1998, which correlated to pending issuances of senior note securities. We have not employed this strategy since 1998.
- (2) Amortization of deferred note financing costs includes the amortization of costs incurred and capitalized when our notes were issued in May 1997, October 1998, January 1999, March 2003, November 2003, March 2005, September 2005 and September 2006. These costs are being amortized over the lives of these notes. No costs associated with our credit facility agreements or annual fees paid to credit rating agencies have been included.
- (3) A negative amount indicates that our straight-line rent was greater than our actual cash rent collected. A positive amount indicates that our straight-line rent was less than our actual cash rent collected.
- (4) Represents the Class B and Class C preferred stock non-cash charges for the excess of redemption value over the carrying value.

#### IMPACT OF INFLATION

Tenant leases generally provide for limited increases in rent as a result of increases in the tenants—sales volumes, increases in the consumer price index, and/or fixed increases. We expect that inflation will cause these lease provisions to result in rent increases over time. During times when inflation is greater than increases in rent, as provided for in the leases, rent increases may not keep up with the rate of inflation.

Approximately 98.4%, or 1,923, of the 1,955 properties in the portfolio are leased to tenants under net leases where the tenant is responsible for property costs and expenses. Net leases tend to reduce our exposure to rising property expenses due to inflation. Inflation and increased costs may have an adverse impact on our tenants if increases in their operating expenses exceed increases in revenue.

#### IMPACT OF ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In September 2006, the FASB issued Statement No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*. Statement No. 157 sets out a framework for measuring fair value, and requires additional disclosures about fair-value measurements. Statement No. 157 becomes effective for us at the beginning of 2008. The impact of adopting Statement No. 157 is not expected to have a material effect on our financial position or results of operations.

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In June 2006, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, an interpretation of FASB Statement No.* 109. Interpretation No. 48 applies to all tax positions accounted for under Statement 109, including tax positions acquired in a business combination. Interpretation 48 is effective for us at the beginning of 2007. The impact of adopting Interpretation No. 48 is not expected to have a material effect on our financial position or results of operations.

#### Item 7A: Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

We are exposed to interest rate changes primarily as a result of our credit facility and long-term notes used to maintain liquidity and expand our real estate investment portfolio and operations. Our interest rate risk management objective is to limit the impact of interest rate changes on earnings and cash flow and to lower our overall borrowing costs. To achieve these objectives we issue long-term notes, primarily at fixed rates, and may selectively enter into derivative financial instruments, such as interest rate lock agreements, interest rate swaps and caps in order to mitigate our interest rate risk on a related financial instrument. We were not a party to any derivative financial instruments at December 31, 2006. We do not enter into any derivative transactions for speculative or trading purposes.

Our interest rate risk is monitored using a variety of techniques. The following table presents by year of expected maturity, the principal amounts, average interest rates and fair values as of December 31, 2006. This information is presented to evaluate the expected cash flows and sensitivity to interest rate changes (dollars in millions):

### **Expected Maturity Data as of December 31, 2006**

Year of maturity	Fixed de		Average interest rate on fixed rate debt	Variable rate debt	Average interest rate on variable rate debt
2007	\$			\$	5.98%
2008 (1)(2)		100.0	8.25%		
2009 (3)		20.0	8.00		
2010					
2011					
Thereafter (4)		800.0	5.66		
Totals	\$	920.0	5.99%	\$	5.98%
Fair Value (5)	\$	921.9		\$	

<sup>(1) \$100</sup> million matures in November 2008.

- The credit facility expires in October 2008. The credit facility balance as of December 31, 2006 and February 13, 2007 was zero.
- (3) \$20 million matures in January 2009.

- (4) \$100 million matures in March 2013, \$150 million matures in November 2015, \$275 million matures in September 2016, \$175 million matures in September 2017 and \$100 million matures in March 2035.
- (5) We base the fair value of the fixed rate debt at December 31, 2006 on the closing market price or indicative price per each note.

The table incorporates only those exposures that exist as of December 31, 2006; it does not consider those exposures or positions that could arise after that date. As a result, our ultimate realized gain or loss, with respect to interest rate fluctuations, would depend on the exposures that arise during the period, our hedging strategies at the time, and interest rates.

All of our outstanding notes and bonds have fixed interest rates. Our credit facility interest rate is variable. At December 31, 2006, our credit facility balance was zero; however, we intend to borrow funds on our credit facility in the future. Based on a hypothetical credit facility borrowing of \$50 million, a 1% change in interest rates would change our interest costs by \$500,000 per year.

### Item 8: Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

#### **Table of Contents**

- A. Reports of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- B. Consolidated Balance Sheets, December 31, 2006 and 2005
- C. Consolidated Statements of Income, Years ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004
- D. Consolidated Statements of Stockholders Equity,
   Years ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004
- E. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, Years ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004
- F. Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
- <u>G.</u> Consolidated Quarterly Financial Data (unaudited) for 2006 and 2005
- H. Schedule III Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation

Schedules not filed: All schedules, other than that indicated in the Table of Contents, have been omitted as the required information is either not material, inapplicable or the information is presented in the financial statements or related notes.

## Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors and Stockholders
Realty Income Corporation:
We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Realty Income Corporation and subsidiaries as listed in the accompanying table of contents. In connection with our audits of the consolidated financial statements, we also have audited the financial statement Schedule III as listed in the accompanying table of contents. These consolidated financial statements and financial statement schedule are the responsibility of Realty Income Corporation s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements and financial statement schedule based on our audits.
We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standard require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Realty Income Corporation and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2006, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Also in our opinion the related financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein.
We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the effectiveness of Realty Income Corporation's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2006, based on criteria established in Internal Control Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO), and our report dated February 20, 2007 expressed an unqualified opinion on management's assessment of, and the effective operation of, internal control over financial reporting.
/s/ KPMG San Diego, California February 20, 2007
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#### Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors and Stockholders

Realty Income Corporation:

We have audited management s assessment, included in the accompanying Management s Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting, that Realty Income Corporation maintained effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2006, based on criteria established in Internal Control Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). Realty Income Corporation s management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on management s assessment and an opinion on the effectiveness of Realty Income Corporation s internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, evaluating management s assessment, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A company s internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company s internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company s assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, management s assessment that Realty Income Corporation maintained effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2006, is fairly stated, in all material respects, based on criteria established in Internal Control Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). Also, in our opinion, Realty Income Corporation maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2006, based on criteria established in Internal Control Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated financial statements of Realty Income Corporation and subsidiaries as listed in the accompanying table of contents and our report dated February 20, 2007 expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements.

/s/ KPMG

San Diego, California February 20, 2007

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### CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

December 31, 2006 and 2005

(dollars in thousands, except per share data)

		2006		2005
A GOTTON				
ASSETS				
Real estate, at cost:		0.50.550		
Land	\$	958,770	\$	746,016
Buildings and improvements		1,785,203		1,350,140
		2,743,973		2,096,156
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(396,854)		(341,193)
Net real estate held for investment		2,347,119		1,754,963
Real estate held for sale, net		137,962		47,083
Net real estate		2,485,081		1,802,046
Cash and cash equivalents		10,573		65,704
Accounts receivable		5,953		5,044
Goodwill		17,206		17,206
Other assets, net		27,695		30,988
Total assets	\$	2,546,508	\$	1,920,988
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY				
Distributions payable	\$	15.096	\$	10,121
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	Ψ	27,004	Ψ	20,391
Other liabilities		8,416		9,562
Line of credit payable		-, -		136,700
Notes payable		920,000		755,000
Total liabilities		970,516		931,774
Commitments and contingencies				
Stockholders equity:				
Preferred stock and paid in capital, par value \$1.00 per share, 20,000,000 shares authorized,				
13,900,000 and 5,100,000 shares issued and outstanding in 2006 and 2005, respectively		337,781		123,804
Common stock and paid in capital, par value \$1.00 per share, 200,000,000 shares authorized,				
100,746,226 and 83,696,647 issued and outstanding in 2006 and 2005, respectively		1,540,365		1,134,300
Distributions in excess of net income		(302,154)		(268,890)
Total stockholders equity		1,575,992		989,214
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$	2,546,508	\$	1,920,988

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

Years Ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004

(dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	2006		2005		2004
REVENUE					
Rental	\$ 238,058	\$	195,666	\$	172,033
Other	2,042		354		1,029
	240,100		196,020		173,062
EXPENSES					
Interest	51,363		40,949		34,132
Depreciation and amortization	59,492		46,206		39,696
General and administrative	17,539		15,421		13,119
Property	3,339		3,731		3,058
Income taxes	747		813		699
Provisions for impairment			151		716
Loss on extinguishment of debt	1,555				
	134,035		107,271		91,420
Income from continuing operations	106,065		88,749		81,642
Income from discontinued operations:					
Real estate acquired for resale by Crest	1,402		2,781		7,847
Real estate held for investment	3,314		7,589		13,908
	4,716		10,370		21,755
Net income	110,781		99,119		103,397
Preferred stock cash dividends	(11,362)		(9,403)		(9,455)
Excess of redemption value over carrying value of preferred shares redeemed (see note 7C and 7D)					(3,774)
reactined (see note 10 and 15)					(3,771)
Net income available to common stockholders	\$ 99,419	\$	89,716	\$	90,168
Amounts available to common stockholders per common share, basic and diluted:					
Income from continuing operations	\$ 1.05	\$	0.99	\$	0.87
Net income	\$ 1.11	\$	1.12	\$	1.15
Weighted average common shares outstanding:					
Basic	89,766,714		79,950,255		78,518,296
Diluted	89,917,554		80,208,593		78,598,788

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

Years Ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004

(dollars in thousands)

	Shares of Preferred stock	Common stock	Preferred stock and paid in capital	Common stock and paid in capital	Distributions in excess of net income	Total
Balance, December 31, 2003	4,125,700	75,818,172	\$ 99,368	\$ 969,030	\$ (240,632) \$	827,766
Net income					103,397	103,397
Distributions paid and payable					(108,016)	(108,016)
Shares issued in stock						
offerings, net of offering						
costs of \$3,682		3,200,000		67,918		67,918
Shares issued in stock offerings, net of offering						
costs of \$4,187	5,100,000		123,787			123,787
Preferred shares redeemed	(4,125,700)		(99,368)		(3,774)	(103,142)
Share-based compensation		283,458		2,025		2,025
Balance, December 31, 2004	5,100,000	79,301,630	123,787	1,038,973	(249,025)	913,735
Net income					99,119	99,119
Distributions paid and payable					(118,984)	(118,984)
Shares issued in stock						
offerings, net of offering						
costs of \$4,980		4,100,000	17	92,659		92,676
Share-based compensation		295,017		2,668		2,668
Balance, December 31, 2005	5,100,000	83,696,647	123,804	1,134,300	(268,890)	989,214
Net income					110,781	110,781
Distributions paid and payable					(144,045)	(144,045)
Shares issued in stock					( )/	( ,, ,, ,,
offerings, net of offering						
costs of \$20,911		16,815,000		402,745		402,745
Shares issued in stock						
offering, net of offering						
costs of \$6,023	8,800,000		213,977			213,977
Share-based compensation		234,579		3,320		3,320
Balance, December 31, 2006	13,900,000	100,746,226	\$ 337,781	\$ 1,540,365	\$ (302,154) \$	1,575,992

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Years Ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004

(dollars in thousands)

	2006		2005	2004
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net income	\$	110,781	\$ 99,119	\$ 103,397
Adjustments to net income:				
Depreciation and amortization		59,492	46,206	39,696
Income from discontinued operations:				
Real estate acquired for resale		(1,402)	(2,781)	(7,847)
Real estate held for investment		(3,314)	(7,589)	(13,908)
Gain on reinstatement of property carrying value		(716)		
Gain on sale of real estate held for investment			(18)	(185)
Amortization of stock compensation		2,928	2,155	1,426
Amortization of stock option costs		23	12	14
Provisions for impairment on real estate held for investment			151	716
Cash from discontinued operations:				
Real estate acquired for resale		371	(510)	(2,407)
Real estate held for investment		410	1,509	4,184
Investment in real estate acquired for resale		(113,166)	(54,110)	(21,787)
Intangibles acquired in connection with acquisition of real estate acquired				
for resale			(1,780)	
Proceeds from sales of real estate acquired for resale		22,405	22,195	74,995
Collection of mortgage note receivable by Crest		1,333		
Change in assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable and other assets		4,418	(3,292)	1,094
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities		3,382	8,290	(1,051)
Net cash provided by operating activities		86,945	109,557	178,337
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from sales of investment properties:				
Continuing operations		2	109	426
Discontinued operations		9,804	22,191	34,175
Acquisition of and additions to investment properties		(654,149)	(417,347)	(195,470)
Intangibles acquired in connection with acquisitions of investment				
properties		(937)	(9,494)	
Net cash used in investing activities		(645,280)	(404,541)	(160,869)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Borrowings from lines of credit		523,200	400,300	280,400
Payments under lines of credit		(659,900)	(287,200)	
Proceeds from common stock offerings, net		402,745	92,659	67,918
Proceeds from notes issued, net		271,883	270,266	(28)
Principal payment on notes		(110,000)		
Proceeds from preferred stock offerings, net		213,977		123,787

Redemption of preferred stock			(103,142)
Cash distributions to common stockholders	(129,667)	(108,575)	(97,420)
Cash dividends to preferred stockholders	(9,403)	(9,403)	(9,063)
Proceeds from other common stock issuances	369	500	584
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	503,204	358,547	(20,164)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(55,131)	63,563	(2,696)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	65,704	2,141	4,837
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 10,573	\$ 65,704 \$	2,141

For supplemental disclosures, see note 13.

#### REALTY INCOME CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004

#### 1. Organization and Operation

Realty Income Corporation (Realty Income, the Company, we or our) is organized as a Maryland corporation. We invest in commercial retail real estate and have elected to be taxed as a real estate investment trust (REIT).

At December 31, 2006, we owned 1,955 properties, located in 48 states, containing over 16.7 million leasable square feet, along with 60 properties owned by our wholly-owned taxable REIT subsidiary, Crest Net Lease, Inc. ( Crest ). Crest was created to buy and sell properties, primarily to individual investors, many of whom are involved in tax-deferred exchanges, under Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Tax Code ).

A 2-for-1 stock split was declared in November 2004 and became effective after the market closed on December 31, 2004. Common stockholders received an additional share of common stock for each share they owned. The increase in the number of common shares outstanding and all per common share data has been adjusted for the stock split.

Information with respect to number of properties, square feet, average initial lease term and weighted average contractual lease rate is unaudited.

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Procedures

**Federal Income Taxes**. We have elected to be taxed as a Real Estate Investment Trust (REIT) under the Tax Code. We believe we have qualified and continue to qualify as a REIT. Under the REIT operating structure, we are permitted to deduct distributions paid to our stockholders and generally will not be required to pay federal corporate income taxes on such income. Accordingly, no provision has been made for federal income taxes in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, except for federal income taxes of Crest, which totaled \$396,000 in 2006, \$760,000 in 2005 and \$2.8 million in 2004 and are included in income from discontinued operations, real estate acquired by Crest.

Earnings and profits that determine the taxability of distributions to stockholders differ from net income reported for financial reporting purposes due to differences in the estimated useful lives and methods used to compute depreciation and the carrying value (basis) on the investments in properties for tax purposes, among other things.

The following reconciles our net income available to common stockholders to taxable income for 2006 (dollars in thousands) (unaudited):

Net income available to common stockholders	\$ 99,419
Tax loss on the sale of real estate less than book gains	(3,529)
Elimination of net revenue and expenses from Crest	2,440
Dividends received from Crest	500
Preferred dividends not deductible for tax	11,362
Depreciation and amortization timing differences	16,612
Adjustment for straight-line rent	(1,515)
Adjustment for a decrease in prepaid rent	(1,681)
Other adjustments	(816)
Estimated taxable net income, before our dividend paid deduction	\$ 122,792

**Net Income Per Common Share**. Basic net income per common share is computed by dividing net income available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during each period. Diluted net income per common share is computed by dividing net income available to common stockholders for the period by the number of common shares that would have been outstanding assuming the issuance of common shares for all potentially dilutive common shares outstanding during the reporting period.

The following is a reconciliation of the denominator of the basic net income per common share computation to the denominator of the diluted net income per common share computation, for the years ended December 31:

	2006	2005	2004
Weighted average shares used for the basic net income per share			
computation	89,766,714	79,950,255	78,518,296
Incremental shares from share-based compensation	150,840	258,338	80,492
Adjusted weighted average shares used for diluted net income per share			
computation	89,917,554	80,208,593	78,598,788

In 2006, 2005 and 2004, no stock options were anti-dilutive. We had nonvested shares from share-based compensation that were anti-dilutive of 235,035 in 2006 and 305,476 in 2005. No nonvested shares were anti-dilutive in 2004.

Discontinued Operations. In accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 144, *Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets ( SFAS 144 )*, Realty Income s operations from one investment property classified as held for sale at December 31, 2006, plus investment properties sold in 2006, 2005 and 2004, are reported as discontinued operations. Their respective results of operations have been reclassified to income from discontinued operations, real estate held for investment. We classify properties as held for sale in accordance with SFAS 144. We do not depreciate properties that are classified as held for sale.

Crest acquires properties with the intention of reselling them rather than holding them for investment and operating the properties.

Consequently, we classify properties acquired by Crest as held for sale at the date of acquisition and do not depreciate them. In accordance with SFAS 144, the operations of Crest s properties are classified as income from discontinued operations, real estate acquired for resale by Crest.

No debt was assumed by buyers of our investment properties or repaid as a result of our investment property sales and we have elected not to allocate interest expense to discontinued operations related to real estate held for investment.

We allocate interest expense related to borrowings specifically attributable to Crest s properties. The interest expense amounts allocated to the Crest properties are included in income from discontinued operations, real estate acquired for resale by Crest.

The following is a summary of Crest s income from discontinued operations, real estate acquired for resale for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

2006	2005	2004
\$ 2,219 \$	3,291 \$	10,254
5,080	2,085	2,304
(3,708)	(1,139)	(674)
(440)	(453)	(464)
(67)	(60)	(93)
(1,188)		
(494)	(943)	(3,480)
\$ 1,402 \$	2,781 \$	7,847
	\$ 2,219 \$ 5,080 (3,708) (440) (67) (1,188) (494)	\$ 2,219 \$ 3,291 \$ 5,080 2,085 (3,708) (1,139) (440) (453) (67) (60) (1,188) (494) (943)

The following is a summary of Realty Income s income from discontinued operations, from real estate held for investment for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

Realty Income s income from discontinued			
operations, real estate held for investment	2006	2005	2004
Gain on sales of investment properties	\$ 3,036 \$	6,573 \$	12,543
Rental revenue	492	1,729	4,608
Other revenue	34	2	121
Depreciation and amortization	(116)	(458)	(1,162)
Property expenses	(116)	(222)	(545)
Provisions for impairment	(16)	(35)	(1,657)
Income from discontinued operations, real estate held for			
investment	\$ 3,314 \$	7,589 \$	13,908

The following is a summary of our total income from discontinued operations for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands, except per share data):

Total income from discontinued operations	2006		2005	2004
Income from discontinued operations:				
Real estate acquired for resale by Crest	\$	1,402 \$	2,781	\$ 7,847
Real estate held for investment		3,314	7,589	13,908
Income from discontinued operations	\$	4,716 \$	10,370	\$ 21,755
Per common share, basic and diluted	\$	0.05 \$	0.13	\$ 0.28

The per share amounts for income from discontinued operations above and the income from continuing operations and net income reported on the consolidated statement of income have each been calculated independently.

**Revenue Recognition and Accounts Receivable**. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. Under this method, lease payments that have fixed and determinable rent increases are recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Any rental revenue contingent upon a tenant s sales is recognized only after the tenant exceeds their sales breakpoint. Rental increases based upon changes in the consumer price indexes are recognized only after the changes in the indexes have occurred and are then applied according to the lease agreements.

We recognize an allowance for doubtful accounts relating to accounts receivable for amounts deemed uncollectible. We consider tenant specific issues such as financial stability and ability to pay rent when determining collectibility of accounts receivable and appropriate allowances to record. The allowance for doubtful accounts was \$705,000 and \$577,000 at December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

**Principles of Consolidation**. The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Realty Income, Crest and their wholly owned subsidiaries, after elimination of all material intercompany balances and transactions. All of Realty Income s and Crest s subsidiaries are wholly-owned.

**Cash Equivalents**. We consider all short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash and have an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase to be cash equivalents.

Gain on Sales of Properties. We recognize gains on sales of properties in accordance with Statement No. 66, Accounting for Sales of Real Estate

**Depreciation and Amortization**. Lands, buildings and improvements are recorded at cost and stated at cost. Major replacements and betterments, which improve or extend the life of the asset, are capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives, while ordinary repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Buildings and improvements that are under redevelopment, or are being developed, are carried at cost and no depreciation is recorded on these assets. Additionally, amounts essential to the development of the property, such as pre-construction costs, development costs, construction costs, interest costs and other costs incurred during the period of development are capitalized. We cease capitalization when the property is available for occupancy upon substantial completion of tenant improvements, but in any event no later than one year from the completion of major construction activity.

Properties are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings	25 years
Building improvements	4 to 15 years
Tenant improvements and lease commissions	The shorter of the term of the related lease or useful life

**Provisions for Impairment**. We review long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Generally, a provision is made for impairment if estimated future operating cash flows (undiscounted and without interest charges) plus estimated disposition proceeds (undiscounted) are less than the current book value. Impairment loss is measured as the amount by which the current book value of the asset exceeds the fair value of the asset. If a property is held for sale, it is carried at the lower of cost or estimated fair value, less estimated cost to sell.

Realty Income recorded a provision for impairment of \$16,000 in 2006 on one retail investment property in the restaurant industry. The provision for impairment is included in discontinued operations.

Realty Income recorded provisions for impairment of \$186,000 in 2005 on four retail properties, of which two have been sold. These properties were classified in the following industries: one in child care and three in restaurant.

Realty Income recorded provisions for impairment of \$2.4 million in 2004 on six retail properties, of which five have been sold. These properties were classified in the following industries: one in automotive service, one in child care, two in consumer electronics, one in convenience store and one in restaurant.

Provisions for impairment recorded on investment properties by Realty Income are included on our consolidated statements of income in from discontinued operations, real estate held for investment , except for \$151,000 in 2005 and \$716,000 in 2004 which are included in provisions for impairment.

Crest recorded provisions for impairment of \$1.2 million in 2006 on three retail properties, which are held for resale at December 31, 2006. No provisions for impairment were recorded by Crest in 2005 and 2004. Provisions for impairment recorded by Crest are included in income from discontinued operations, real estate acquired for resale by Crest on our consolidated statements of income.

Acquired In-place Leases. In accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 141, Business

Combinations (SFAS 141), the fair value of the real estate acquired with in-place operating leases is allocated to the acquired tangible assets, consisting of land, building and improvements, and identified intangible assets and liabilities, consisting of the value of above-market and below-market leases, the value of in-place leases and tenant relationships, based in each case on their fair values.

The fair value of the tangible assets of an acquired property (which includes land and buildings/improvements) is determined by valuing the property as if it were vacant, and the as-if-vacant value is then allocated to land and buildings/improvements based on our determination of the relative fair value of these assets. Our determinations are based on a real estate appraisal for each property, generated by an independent appraisal firm, which consider estimates of carrying costs during the expected lease-up periods, current market conditions, as well as costs to execute similar leases. In allocating the fair value to identified intangibles for above-market or below-market leases, an amount is recorded based on the present value of the difference between (i) the contractual amount to be paid pursuant to the in-place lease and (ii) our estimate of fair market lease rate for the corresponding in-place lease, measured over a period equal to the remaining term of the lease.

Capitalized above-market lease values are amortized as a reduction of rental income over the remaining terms of the respective leases. Capitalized below-market lease values are amortized as an increase to rental income over the remaining terms of the respective leases and expected below market renewal option periods.

The aggregate value of other acquired intangible assets consists of the value of in-place leases and tenant relationships. These are measured by the excess of the purchase price paid for a property, after adjusting for above or below market lease value, less the estimated fair value of the property as if vacant, determined as set forth above. The value of in-place leases, exclusive of the value of above-market and below-market in-place leases, is amortized to expense over the remaining periods of the respective leases. If a lease were to be terminated prior to its stated expiration, all unamortized amounts relating to that lease would be recorded to revenue or expense as appropriate.

#### **Share-Based Compensation**

Effective January 1, 2002, we adopted the fair value recognition provisions of FASB Statement No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, and starting January 1, 2002, expensed costs for all stock option awards granted, modified, or settled. Stock option awards under the plan vest over periods ranging from one to five years. For the years ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively, there is no difference between the stock option-based compensation expense included in reported net income and that expense determined under the fair value method for all awards.

Effective January 1, 2006, we adopted FASB Statement No. 123R, Share-Based Payments. Statement No. 123R requires companies to recognize in the income statement the grant-date fair value of stock options and other equity-based compensation issued to employees.

Goodwill. Goodwill is tested for impairment during the second quarter of each year as well as when events or circumstances occur indicating that our goodwill might be impaired. We did not record any new goodwill or impairment on our existing goodwill during 2006, 2005 or 2004.

Other Assets. Other assets consist of the following at December 31 (in thousands):

	2006	2005
Deferred bond financing costs	\$ 10,868	\$ 8,999
Value of in-place and above-market leases	10,430	9,909
Prepaid expenses	3,271	3,379
Settlements on treasury lock agreements	1,629	2,346
Unamortized credit line fees	954	1,473
Corporate assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization	463	454
Escrow deposits for Section 1031 tax-deferred exchanges		3,070
Other items	80	1,358
	\$ 27,695	\$ 30,988

**Use of Estimates**. The consolidated financial statements were prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, which requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual

results could differ from those estimates.

**Reclassifications**. Certain of the 2005 and 2004 balances have been reclassified to conform to the 2006 presentation.

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#### 3. Retail Properties Acquired

We acquire land, buildings and improvements that are used by retail operators.

A. During 2006, Realty Income and Crest invested \$769.9 million, in aggregate, in 378 new retail properties and properties under development. These 378 properties are located in 30 states, will contain over 3.8 million leasable square feet, and are 100% leased with an average initial lease term of 17.1 years. Of the \$769.9 million invested in 2006, \$6.0 million was used to acquire one property with an existing lease already in-place with a retail tenant. In accordance with SFAS 141, Realty Income recorded \$1.6 million as the value of the in-place lease and \$628,000 as the value of below-market rents. These amounts are recorded to other assets and other liabilities, respectively, on our consolidated balance sheet and are amortized over the lives of the respective lease.

In comparison, during 2005, Realty Income and Crest invested \$486.6 million, in aggregate, in 156 new retail properties and properties under development. These 156 new retail properties are located in 30 states, contain over 1.9 million leasable square feet and are 100% leased with an average lease term of 15.8 years. Of the \$486.6 million invested in 2005, \$95.1 million was used to acquire 34 properties with existing leases already in-place with existing retail tenants. In accordance with SFAS 141, Realty Income recorded \$10.1 million and Crest recorded \$1.8 million as the value of in-place leases and Realty Income recorded \$183,000 as the value of above-market rents. In addition, Realty Income recorded \$756,000 and Crest recorded \$66,000 as the value of below-market rents on these leases. These amounts were recorded to other assets and other liabilities , respectively, on our consolidated balance sheet and are amortized over the lives of the respective leases. The amounts recorded by Crest are included in the calculation of gain on sales of real estate when the properties were sold during 2006 and 2005.

B. During 2006, Realty Income invested \$656.7 million in 322 new retail properties and properties under development, with an initial weighted average contractual lease rate of 8.6%. These 322 properties are located in 30 states, will contain over 3.3 million leasable square feet and are 100% leased with an average initial lease term of 16.7 years. The initial weighted average contractual lease rate is computed by dividing the estimated aggregate base rent for the first year of each lease by the estimated total cost of the properties.

In comparison, during 2005, Realty Income invested \$430.7 million in 135 new retail properties and properties under development, with an initial weighted average contractual lease rate of 8.4%. These 135 properties are located in 28 states, contain over 1.7 million leasable square feet and are 100% leased with an average initial lease term of 15.6 years.

C. During 2006, Crest invested \$113.2 million in 56 new retail properties and properties under development. In comparison, during 2005, Crest invested \$55.9 million in 21 new retail properties and properties under development.

D. Crest s property inventory at December 31, 2006 consisted of 60 properties with a total investment of \$137.5 million and at December 31, 2005 consisted of 17 properties with a total investment of \$45.7 million. These amounts are included on our consolidated balance sheets in real estate held for sale, net.

### 4. Credit Facility

We have a \$300 million revolving acquisition credit facility that expires in October 2008, unless extended as provided for in the agreement. Under the terms of the credit facility, which commenced in October 2005, the borrowing rate is LIBOR (London Interbank Offered Rate) plus 65 basis points with a facility fee of 15 basis points, for all-in drawn pricing of 80 basis points over LIBOR, based on our current credit ratings. The credit facility offers us other interest rate options as well.

The average borrowing rate on our credit facilities during 2006 was 5.7%, compared to 4.3% in 2005 and 2.4% in 2004 on our previous \$250 million credit facility, which expired in October 2005. The increase in the average borrowing rate is due to an increase in LIBOR since the beginning of 2005. Our current credit facility is subject to various leverage and interest coverage ratio limitations. The Company is and has been in compliance with these covenants.

Our credit facility is unsecured and accordingly, we have not pledged any assets as collateral for this obligation.

#### 5. Notes Payable

In September 2006, we issued \$275 million in aggregate principal amount of 5.95% senior unsecured notes due 2016 (the 2016 Notes). The price to the investor for the 2016 Notes was 99.74% of the principal amount for an effective yield of 5.985%. Interest on the 2016 Notes is paid semiannually. The net proceeds of approximately \$271.9 million from this offering were used for other general corporate purposes and to redeem the outstanding \$110 million 7-3/4% unsecured notes due May 2007 (the 2007 Notes), which were issued in May 1997.

In September 2006, we redeemed all of our outstanding 2007 Notes at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest of \$3.2 million and a make-whole payment of \$1.6 million. We recorded a loss on extinguishment of debt totaling \$1.6 million related to the make-whole payment associated with the 2007 Notes. For 2006, the make-whole payment represented approximately \$0.017 per share.

In September 2005, we issued \$175 million in aggregate principal amount of 5-3/8% senior unsecured notes due 2017 (the 2017 Notes). The price to the investor for the 2017 Notes was 99.974% of the principal amount for an effective yield of 5.378%. The net proceeds of approximately \$173.2 million from this offering were used to repay borrowings under our unsecured acquisition credit facility, to fund new property acquisitions and for other general corporate purposes. Interest on the 2017 Notes is paid semiannually.

In March 2005, we issued \$100 million in aggregate principal amount of 5-7/8% senior unsecured bonds due 2035 (the 2035 Bonds). The price to the investor for the 2035 Bonds was 98.296% of the principal amount for an effective yield of 5.998%. The net proceeds of approximately \$97 million from this offering were used to repay borrowings under our acquisition credit facility and for other general corporate purposes. Interest on the 2035 Bonds is paid semiannually.

In November 2003, we issued \$150 million of 5-1/2% senior unsecured notes due 2015 (the 2015 Notes ). Interest on the 2015 Notes is payable semiannually.

In March 2003, we issued \$100 million of 5-3/8% senior unsecured notes due 2013 (the 2013 Notes ). Interest on the 2013 Notes is payable semiannually.

In January 1999, we issued \$20 million of 8% senior unsecured notes due 2009 (the 2009 Notes ). Interest on the 2009 Notes is payable semiannually.

In October 1998, we issued \$100 million of 8-1/4% Monthly Income Senior Notes due 2008 (the 2008 Notes). In May 1998, we entered into a treasury interest rate lock agreement associated with the 2008 Notes. In settlement of the agreement, we made a payment of \$8.7 million in 1998. The payment on the agreement is being amortized over 10 years (the life of the 2008 Notes) as a yield adjustment to interest expense. After taking into effect the results of a treasury interest rate lock agreement, the effective rate to us on the 2008 Notes is 9.12%. Interest on the 2008 Notes is payable monthly. The 2008 Notes are unsecured.

Interest incurred on the 2016 Notes, 2017 Notes, 2035 Bonds, 2015 Notes, 2013 Notes, 2009 Notes, 2008 Notes and 2007 Notes (redeemed in September 2006) collectively for each of the years ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004 was \$49.6 million, \$39.5 million and \$32.0 million, respectively. In addition, when the 2007 Notes were redeemed, we paid a \$1.6 million make-whole payment, which is classified as loss on extinguishment of debt on our consolidated statements of income. The interest rate on each of these notes is fixed.

Our outstanding notes are unsecured and accordingly, we have not pledged any assets as collateral for these or any other obligations.

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All of these notes contain various covenants, including: (i) a limitation on incurrence of any debt which would cause our debt to total adjusted assets ratio to exceed 60%; (ii) a limitation on incurrence of any secured debt which would cause our secured debt to total adjusted assets ratio to exceed 40%; (iii) a limitation on incurrence of any debt which would cause our debt service coverage ratio to be less than 1.5 times; and (iv) the maintenance at all times of total unencumbered assets not less than 150% of our outstanding unsecured debt. We have been in compliance with these covenants since each of the notes were issued.

The following table summarizes the maturity of our notes payable as of December 31, 2006 (dollars in millions):

Year of Maturity (1)	Notes
2008	\$ 100.0
2009	20.0
After 2011	800.0
Totals	\$ 920.0

<sup>(1)</sup> There are no maturities in 2007, 2010 or 2011.

#### 6. Common Stock Offerings

- A. In October and November 2006, we issued an aggregate of 6.9 million shares of common stock at a price of \$26.40 per share. The net proceeds of approximately \$173.2 million were used to fund a portion of the purchase price of the Buffets/Ryan s properties and for other general corporate purposes.
- B. In September 2006, we issued 4.715 million shares of common stock at a price of \$24.32 per share. The net proceeds of approximately \$109 million from this offering were used to fund new property acquisitions, repay borrowings under our credit facility and for other general corporate purposes.
- C. In March 2006, we issued 5.2 million shares of common stock at a price of \$24.39 per share. The net proceeds of approximately \$120.5 million were used to fund new property acquisitions and for other general corporate purposes.
- D. In September 2005, we issued 4.1 million shares of common stock at a price of \$23.79 per share. The net proceeds of \$92.7 million were used to fund new property acquisitions and for other general corporate purposes.
- E. In March 2004, we issued 3.2 million shares of common stock at a price of \$22.375 per share. The net proceeds of \$67.9 million were used to repay a portion of our acquisition credit facility borrowings, which had been used to acquire 112 convenience store properties in March 2004.

### 7. Preferred Stock Offerings and Redemptions

- A. In December 2006, we issued 8.8 million shares of 6-3/4% Monthly Income Class E cumulative redeemable preferred stock, with a liquidation value of \$25 per share. The net proceeds of \$214 million from this issuance were used to repay borrowings under our credit facility and for other general corporate purposes. Beginning December 7, 2011, the Class E preferred shares are redeemable at our option for \$25 per share. Dividends of \$0.140625 per share are paid monthly in arrears on the Class E preferred stock.
- B. In May 2004, we issued 4.0 million shares of 7-3/8% Monthly Income Class D cumulative redeemable preferred stock, with a liquidation value of \$25 per share. The net proceeds of \$96.4 million from this issuance were used to redeem a portion of the outstanding Class B and Class C preferred stock, repay borrowings outstanding under our \$250 million acquisition credit facility and for other general corporate purposes. Beginning May 27, 2009, the Class D preferred shares are redeemable at our option for \$25.00 per share. Dividends of \$0.1536459 per share are paid monthly in arrears on the Class D preferred stock.

In October 2004, we issued an additional 1.1 million shares of Class D preferred stock for \$25.4311 per share. The net proceeds of \$27.4 million were used to repay borrowings under our \$250 million acquisition credit facility.

- C. When our Class B preferred stock was redeemed in 2004, we incurred a non-cash charge of \$2.4 million representing the Class B preferred stock original issuance costs that were paid in 1999.
- D. When our Class C preferred stock was redeemed in 2004, we incurred a non-cash charge of \$1.4 million representing the Class C preferred stock original issuance costs that were paid in 1999.

#### 8. Distributions Paid and Payable

A. **Common Stock**. We pay monthly cash distributions to our common stockholders. The following is a summary of monthly distributions paid per common share for the years ended December 31:

Month	2006	2005	2004
January	\$ 0.116250 \$	0.110000 \$	0.100000
February	0.116250	0.110000	0.100000
March	0.116250	0.110000	0.100000
April	0.116875	0.110625	0.100625
May	0.116875	0.110625	0.100625
June	0.116875	0.110625	0.100625
July	0.117500	0.111250	0.101250
August	0.117500	0.111250	0.101250
September	0.125250	0.115000	0.108750
October	0.125875	0.115625	0.109375
November	0.125875	0.115625	0.109375
December	0.125875	0.115625	0.109375
Total	\$ 1.437250 \$	1.346250 \$	1.241250

The following presents the federal income tax characterization of distributions paid or deemed to be paid per common share for the years ended December 31:

	2006	2005	2004
Ordinary income	\$ 1.2945466	\$ 1.210091	\$ 1.18315
Nontaxable distributions	0.1427034	0.136159	0.05810
Capital gain			
Totals	\$ 1.4372500	\$ 1.346250	\$ 1.24125

At December 31, 2006, a distribution of \$0.1265 per common share was payable and was paid in January 2007. At December 31, 2005, a distribution of \$0.11625 per common share was payable and was paid in January 2006.

#### B. Preferred Stock.

Dividends of \$0.140625 per share are paid monthly in arrears on the Class E preferred stock. We declared dividends to holders of our Class E preferred stock totaling \$1.6 million in 2006. The first Class E dividend was paid in January 2007.

Dividends of \$0.1536459 per share are paid monthly in arrears on the Class D preferred stock. We declared dividends to holders of our Class D preferred stock totaling \$9.8 million in 2006, \$9.4 million in 2005 and \$4.8 million in 2004. The dividends paid per share to our Class D preferred stockholders for 2006 and 2005 of \$1.84375 and for 2004 of \$1.01406 were characterized for federal income tax purposes as ordinary income.

In May 1999, we issued 2.76 million shares of 9-3/8% Class B cumulative redeemable preferred stock, of which 2,745,700 shares were outstanding for a portion of 2004. On June 6, 2004, all of the outstanding Class B preferred shares were redeemed. We paid dividends to holders of our Class B preferred stock totaling \$2.8 million during the first two quarters of 2004. The dividends paid per share to our Class B Preferred stockholders in 2004 of \$1.01563 were characterized for federal income tax purposes as ordinary income.

In July 1999, we issued 1.38 million shares of 9-1/2% Class C cumulative redeemable preferred stock, all of which were outstanding for a portion of 2004. On July 30, 2004, all of the outstanding Class C preferred shares were redeemed. We paid monthly dividends to holders of our Class C preferred stock totaling \$1.9 million during the first seven months of 2004. The dividends paid per share to our Class C Preferred stockholders in 2004 of \$1.37882 were characterized for federal income tax purposes as ordinary income.

### 9. Operating Leases

A. At December 31, 2006, we owned 1,955 properties in 48 states, excluding 60 properties owned by Crest. Of these 1,955 properties, 1,948, or 99.6%, are single-tenant, retail properties and the remaining seven are multi-tenant, distribution and office properties. At December 31, 2006, 26 properties were vacant and available for lease or sale.

Substantially all leases are net leases where the tenant pays property taxes and assessments, maintains the interior and exterior of the building and leased premises, and carries insurance coverage for public liability, property damage, fire and extended coverage.

Percentage rent for 2006, 2005 and 2004 was \$1.1 million, \$1.2 million and \$1.3 million, respectively, including amounts recorded to discontinued operations.

At December 31, 2006, minimum future annual rents to be received on the operating leases are as follows (dollars in thousands):

### For the years ending December 31,

2007	\$ 268,536
2008	257,072
2009	246,422
2010	238,635
2011	231,051
Thereafter	2,252,524
Total	\$ 3,494,240

B. Major Tenants No individual tenant s rental revenue, including percentage rents, represented more than 10% of our total revenue for each of the years ended December 31, 2006, 2005 or 2004.

## 10. Gain on Sales of Real Estate Acquired for Resale by Crest

In 2006, Crest sold 13 properties for \$22.4 million, which resulted in a gain of \$2.2 million. In 2005, Crest sold 12 properties for \$23.5 million, which resulted in a gain of \$3.3 million. As part of one sale in 2005, Crest provided buyer financing in the form of a \$1.3 million promissory note. This note was paid in full in February 2006. In 2004, Crest sold 51 properties for \$75 million, which resulted in a gain of \$10.3 million. Crest s gains on sales are reported before income taxes and are included in discontinued operations.

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### 11. Gain on Sales of Investment Properties by Realty Income

In 2006, we sold or exchanged 13 investment properties for \$10.7 million, which resulted in a gain of \$3.0 million, which is included in discontinued operations.

In 2005, we sold 23 investment properties and sold a portion of the land from two properties for \$23.4 million, which resulted in a gain of \$6.6 million. This gain is included in discontinued operations, except for \$18,000 that is included in other revenue.

In 2004, we sold or exchanged 43 investment properties and sold a portion of the land from four properties for \$35.4 million, which resulted in a gain of \$12.7 million. Of this gain, \$12.5 million is included in discontinued operations and \$185,000 is included in other revenue. Included in the 43 properties was one property leased by one of our tenants that we exchanged for another property owned by that tenant (see note 13-H).

#### 12. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

We believe that the carrying values reflected in the consolidated balance sheets at December 31, 2006 and 2005 reasonably approximate the fair values for cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and all liabilities, due to their short-term nature, except for the line of credit payable and notes payable. In making these assessments, we used estimates. The fair value of the line of credit payable approximates its carrying value because its terms are similar to those available in the market place at the balance sheet date. The estimated fair value of the notes payable at December 31, 2006 is \$921.9 million and at December 31, 2005 is \$755.0 million, based upon the closing market price per note or indicative price per each note at December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

#### 13. Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information

Interest paid in 2006 was \$52.4 million, in 2005 was \$36.4 million and in 2004 was \$31.3 million.

Interest capitalized to properties under development in 2006 was \$2.2 million, in 2005 was \$1.9 million and in 2004 was \$531,000.

Income taxes paid by Realty Income and Crest in 2006 were \$775,000, in 2005 were \$1.4 million and in 2004 were \$6.9 million.

The following non-cash investing and financing activities are included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements:

A. Stock based compensation for 2006 was \$3.0 million, for 2005 was \$2.2 million and for 2004 was \$1.4 million.

B.	In 2006, we exchanged one of our properties for a different property that was leased to the same tenant. As part of this transaction,
accumul	ated depreciation was reduced by \$67,000 and a gain of \$67,000 was recorded. The original cost of and the value received for property
exchang	ed was \$900,000. This transaction had no impact to land or building and improvements.

- C. In 2006, we received shares of a public company as settlement of a bankruptcy claim associated with a former tenant. We recorded a value of \$207,000, which is in other revenue, based on the closing market price of these shares on December 31, 2006 and included them in other assets on our consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2006. The shares were sold in January 2007.
- D. In 2005, Crest sold a property for \$2.8 million and issued a mortgage note of \$1.3 million, which was paid in full in February 2006 and is included in other assets on our December 31, 2005 consolidated balance sheet.
- E. In 2004, we recorded an impairment of \$716,000 on one property to reduce its carrying value to zero. This loss was the result of a dispute with the original owner and tenant in their bankruptcy proceeding. Our title insurance company failed to timely record the deed on this property upon our original acquisition,

which resulted in a claim by the bankruptcy trustee that Realty Income did not have legal title to the property. In the second quarter of 2006, this issue was resolved and we obtained title to the property. At that time we reinstated the original carrying value adjusted for depreciation on our balance sheet and recorded other revenue of \$716,000. We also reversed accrued liabilities and property expenses of \$133,000 associated with this property. As part of the settlement, these costs became the responsibility of the title insurance company.

- F. In June 2004, when our Class B preferred stock was redeemed, we incurred a non-cash charge of \$2.4 million for the excess of redemption value over the carrying value.
- G. In July 2004, when our Class C preferred stock was redeemed, we incurred a non-cash charge of \$1.4 million for the excess of redemption value over the carrying value.
- H. In 2004, we exchanged one of our properties for a different property that was leased to the same tenant. As part of this transaction, land was reduced by \$160,000, building was increased by \$78,000, and accumulated depreciation was decreased by \$82,000.
- I. Accrued costs on properties under development resulted in an increase in buildings and accounts payable of \$1.7 million in 2006. In 2005, non-cash additions to properties resulted in an increase in buildings of \$5.4 million and an increase in accounts payable of \$5.1 million.
- J. Distributions payable on our balance sheets is comprised of the following declared distributions (dollars in thousands):

	2006	2005
Common stock distributions	\$ 12,745	\$ 9,729
Preferred stock dividends	2.351	392

#### 14. Employee Benefit Plan

We have a 401(k) plan covering substantially all of our employees. Under our 401(k) plan, employees may elect to make contributions to the plan up to a maximum of 60% of their compensation, subject to limits under the IRS Code. We match 50% of our employee s contributions, up to 3% of the employee s compensation. Our aggregate matching contributions each year have been immaterial to our results of operations.

### 15. Common Stock Incentive Plan

In 2003, our Board of Directors adopted and our stockholders approved the 2003 Incentive Award Plan of Realty Income Corporation (the Stock Plan ) to enable us to attract and retain the services of directors, employees and consultants, considered essential to our long-term success, by offering them an opportunity to own stock in Realty Income and/or rights that will reflect our growth, development and financial success. The

Stock Plan was amended and restated by our Board of Directors in February 2006. Under the terms of this plan, the aggregate number of shares of our common stock subject to options, stock purchase rights (SPR), stock appreciation rights (SAR) and other awards will be no more than 3,428,000 shares. The maximum number of shares that may be subject to options, stock purchase rights, stock appreciation rights and other awards granted under the plan to any individual in any calendar year may not exceed 1,600,000 shares. This plan has a term of 10 years from the date it was adopted by our Board of Directors, which was March 12, 2003. To date, we have not issued any SPR or SAR.

The amount of share-based compensation costs charged against income during 2006 were \$3.0 million, during 2005 were \$2.2 million and during 2004 were \$1.4 million.

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Stock options were granted with an exercise price equal to the underlying stock s fair market value at the date of grant. Stock options expire ten years from the date they are granted and vest over service periods of one, three, four and five years. No stock options were granted in 2006, 2005 or 2004.

The following table summarizes our stock option activity for the years ended December 31:

	Number of shares	006	Weighted average exercise price	Number of shares	2005	Weighted average exercise price	Number of shares	2004	Weighted average exercise price
Outstanding options,									
beginning of year	135,348	\$	13.02	176,130	\$	13.01	247,756	\$	12.53
Options exercised	(28,696)		12.86	(40,352)		12.93	(67,648)		11.16
Options forfeited	(284)		14.70	(430)		14.70	(3,978)		14.70
Outstanding options, end									
of year	106,368	\$	13.06	135,348	\$	13.02	176,130	\$	13.01
Options exercisable, end of year	106,368	\$	13.06	119,924	\$	12.87	153,206	\$	12.75

At December 31, 2006, the options outstanding and exercisable had exercise prices ranging from \$10.63 to \$14.70, with a weighted average price of \$13.06, and expiration dates ranging from June 2007 to December 2011 with a weighted average remaining term of 2.6 years.

The total intrinsic value of options exercised during the years ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004 was \$268,000, \$377,000 and \$480,000, respectively. The total intrinsic value of options vested during the years ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004 was \$143,000, \$67,000 and \$101,000, respectively. The aggregate intrinsic value of options outstanding was \$1.6 million, \$1.2 million and \$2.2 million at December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively. The aggregate intrinsic value of options exercisable at December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004 was \$1.6 million, \$1.1 million and \$1.9 million, respectively. The intrinsic value of a stock option is the amount by which the market value of the underlying stock at December 31 of each year exceeds the price of the option. The market value of the Company s stock was \$27.70, \$21.62 and \$25.29 at December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

The following table summarizes our common stock grant activity under our Stock Plan for the years 2006, 2005 and 2004. The grants vest over periods ranging from immediately to 10 years.

	2	2006			2005			2004	
		W	/eighted			Weighted			Weighted
		a	verage			average			average
	Number of shares		grant price(1)	Number of shares		grant price(1)	Number of shares		grant price(1)
Outstanding nonvested		•				•			•
shares, beginning of year	788,722	\$	17.83	626,868	\$	14.98	475,721	\$	13.70

Shares granted	210,332	21.72	306,241	25.20	218,180	19.94
Shares vested	(125,879)	20.39	(92,811)	16.69	(64,116)	15.16
Shares forfeited	(4,449)	21.35	(51,576)	17.31	(2,370)	18.65
Outstanding nonvested						
shares,	0.40 = 4.4	4= 0<		4= 00	<b></b>	
end of year	868,726	\$ 17.96	788,722	\$ 17.83	626,868	\$ 14.98

(1) Grant date fair value.

During 2006, we granted 210,332 shares of common stock under the Stock Plan. These shares vest over the following service periods: 16,000 vested upon issuance, 4,000 vest over a service period of one year, 4,000 vest over a service period of four years, 15,000 vest over a service period of five years and 171,332 vest over a service period of 10 years.

As of December 31, 2006, the remaining unamortized stock compensation expense totaled \$15.6 million, which is being amortized on a straight-line basis over the service period of each applicable award. The amount of share-based compensation is based on the fair value of the stock at the grant date. We define the grant date as the date the recipient and the Company have a mutual understanding of the key terms and condition of the award and the recipient of the grant begins to benefit from, or be adversely affected by subsequent changes in the price of the shares.

The effect of pre-vesting forfeitures on our recorded expense has historically been negligible. Any future pre-vesting forfeitures are also expected to be negligible and we will record the benefit related to such forfeitures as they occur. Under the terms of the Stock Plan, we pay non-refundable dividends to the holders of our nonvested shares. Under Statement No. 123R, the dividends paid to holders of these nonvested shares should be charged as compensation expense to the extent that they relate to nonvested shares that do not or are not expected to vest. Given the negligible historical and prospective forfeiture rate determined by us, we did not record any amount to compensation expense, related to dividends paid, for 2006, nor do we expect to record any amounts in future periods.

#### 16. Segment Information

We evaluate performance and make resource allocation decisions on an industry by industry basis. For financial reporting purposes, we have grouped our tenants into 30 industry and activity segments (including properties owned by Crest that are grouped together). All of the properties are incorporated into one of the applicable segments. Because almost all of our leases require the tenant to pay operating expenses, revenue is the only component of segment profit and loss we measure.

The following tables set forth certain information regarding the properties owned by us, classified according to the business of the respective tenants as of December 31, 2006 (dollars in thousands):

For the years ended December 31,	2006	Revenue 2005	2004
Segment rental revenue:			
Automotive parts	\$ 6,716	\$ 6,750	\$ 6,744
Automotive service	16,495	15,083	13,320
Automotive tire services	14,501	13,821	13,346
Child care	24,649	24,819	24,787
Convenience stores	38,284	36,712	33,409
Drug stores	6,986	5,593	243
Health and fitness	10,212	7,212	6,919
Home furnishings	7,463	7,346	7,327
Home improvement	7,996	2,129	2,115
Motor vehicle dealerships	8,217	5,060	859
Restaurants	28,292	17,988	16,196
Sporting goods	6,829	6,747	5,939
Theaters	22,905	10,139	6,052

17 non-reportable segments(1) Other revenue	38,513 2,042	36,267 354	34,777 1,029
Total revenue	\$ 240,100	\$ 196,020	\$ 173,062

<sup>(1)</sup> Crest s revenues appear in income from discontinued operations, real estate acquired for resale by Crest and is not included in this table.

Assets, as of December 31,	2006	2005		
Segment net real estate:				
Automotive parts	\$ 37,608	\$ 39,550		
Automotive service	104,089	108,036		
Automotive tire services	211,784	127,879		
Child care	96,263	101,950		
Convenience stores	335,169	342,734		
Drug stores	78,347	65,846		
Health and fitness	102,718	87,426		
Home furnishings	54,376	56,218		
Home improvement	71,474	17,846		
Motor vehicle dealerships	104,122	71,035		
Restaurants	540,136	166,231		
Sporting goods	56,291	57,913		
Theaters	272,135	250,214		
Crest	137,439	45,509		
17 other non-reportable segments	283,130	263,659		
Total segment net real estate	2,485,081	1,802,046		
Other intangible assets   Drug stores	7,629	8,489		
Other intangible assets Theaters	2,801	1,419		
Other corporate assets	50,997	109,034		
Total assets	\$ 2,546,508	\$ 1,920,988		

## 17. Commitments and Contingencies

In the ordinary course of our business, we are party to various legal actions which we believe are routine in nature and incidental to the operation of our business. We believe that the outcome of the proceedings will not have a material adverse effect upon our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

At December 31, 2006, we have committed to pay estimated unfunded development costs of \$16.4 million on properties under development. In addition, we have contingent payments for tenant improvements and leasing costs of \$806,000 as well as a \$6.0 million commitment to fund the construction costs of two buildings, which are not currently under construction, and for which construction is dependent upon the tenant s commitment to build the buildings prior to September 30, 2007.

#### REALTY INCOME CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

### CONSOLIDATED QUARTERLY FINANCIAL DATA

(dollars in thousands, except per share data)

(not covered by Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm)

				Second Quarter	Third Ouarter	Fourth Ouarter			Year (2)
2006 (1)					<b>C</b>		<b>Q</b>		,
Total revenue	\$	55,156	\$	56,509	\$ 59,297	\$	69,139	\$	240,100
Interest expense		13,198		11,930	12,530		13,706		51,363
Depreciation and amortization expense		13,512		14,791	14,632		16,557		59,492
Other expenses		5,336		5,270	6,521		6,052		23,180
Income from continuing operations		23,110		24,518	25,614		32,824		106,065
Income (loss) from discontinued operations		1,778		2,122	944		(128)		4,716
Net income		24,888		26,640	26,558		32,696		110,781
Net income available to common									
stockholders		22,537		24,289	24,207		28,386		99,419
Net income per common share:									
Basic		0.27		0.28	0.27		0.29		1.11
Diluted		0.27		0.27	0.27		0.29		1.11
Dividends paid per common share		0.348750		0.350625	0.360250		0.377625		1.437250
2005 (1)									
Total revenue	\$	46,431	\$	47,219	\$ 48,877	\$	53,492	\$	196,020
Interest expense		9,058		9,793	10,228		11,869		40,949
Depreciation and amortization expense		10,709		11,146	11,218		13,133		46,206
Other expenses		5,120		4,917	5,370		4,709		20,116
Income from continuing operations		21,544		21,363	22,061		23,781		88,749
Income from discontinued operations		1,959		3,303	1,061		4,047		10,370
Net income		23,503		24,666	23,122		27,828		99,119
Net income available to common									
stockholders		21,152		22,315	20,771		25,477		89,716
Basic and diluted net income Per common									
share		0.27		0.28	0.26		0.31		1.12
Dividends paid per common share		0.330000		0.331875	0.337500		0.346875		1.346250

<sup>(1)</sup> The consolidated quarterly financial data includes revenues and expenses from our continuing and discontinued operations. The results of operations related to certain properties, that have been classified as held for sale or have been disposed of, have been reclassified to income from discontinued operations. Therefore, some of the information may not agree to our previously filed 10-Qs.

<sup>(2)</sup> Amounts for each period are calculated independently. The sum of the quarters may differ from the annual amount.

## Item 9: Changes In and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

We have had no disagreements with our independent registered public accounting firm on accountancy or financial disclosure, nor have we changed accountants in the two most recent fiscal years.

#### Item 9A: Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures. We maintain disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Securities Exchange Act 1934 Rules 13a-14(c) and 15d-14(c)) that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission s rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognized that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures.

As of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures. Based on the foregoing, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective and were operating at a reasonable assurance level.

#### Management s Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting.

Internal control over financial reporting refers to the process designed by, or under the supervision of, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, and effected by our board of directors, management and other personnel, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and includes those policies and procedures that:

- (1) Pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company;
- (2) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and
- (3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the Company s assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting for the Company.

Management has used the framework set forth in the report entitled Internal Control Integrated Framework published by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations (COSO) of the Treadway Commission to evaluate the effectiveness of the Company s internal control over financial reporting. Management has concluded that the Company s internal control over financial reporting was effective as of the end of the most recent fiscal year. KPMG LLP has issued an attestation report on management s assessment of the Company s internal control over financial reporting.

Submitted on February 20, 2007 by,

Thomas A Lewis, Chief Executive Officer and Vice Chairman

Paul M. Meurer, Chief Financial Office, Executive Vice President and Treasurer

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Changes in Internal Controls. There have not been any significant changes in our internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect these controls subsequent to the date of their evaluation. There were no material weaknesses, and therefore no corrective actions were taken.

Limitations on the Effectiveness of Controls. Internal control over financial reporting cannot provide absolute assurance of achieving financial reporting objectives because of its inherent limitations. Internal control over financial reporting is a process that involves human diligence and compliance and is subject to lapses in judgment and breakdowns resulting from human failures. Internal control over financial reporting also can be circumvented by collusion or improper management override. Because of such limitations, there is a risk that material misstatements may not be prevented or detected on a timely basis by internal control over financial reporting. However, these inherent limitations are known features of the financial reporting process. Therefore, it is possible to design into the process safeguards to reduce, though not eliminate, this risk.

Item 9B:	Other Information
None	

#### PART III

#### Item 10: Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

The information set forth under the captions Director Nominees and Officers of the Company and Compliance with Federal Securities Laws will be included in the definitive proxy statement for the 2007 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, to be filed pursuant to Regulation 14A. The Annual Meeting of Stockholders is presently scheduled to be held on May 15, 2007.

#### **Item 11:** Executive Compensation

The information set forth under the caption Executive Compensation will be included in the definitive proxy statement for the 2007 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, to be filed pursuant to Regulation 14A.

#### Item 12: Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

The information set forth under the caption Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management will be included in the definitive proxy statement for the 2007 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, to be filed pursuant to Regulation 14A.

## Item 13: Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

The information set forth under the caption Certain Transactions will be included in the definitive proxy statement for the 2007 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, to be filed pursuant to Regulation 14A.

## Item 14: Principal Accountant Fees and Services

The information set forth under the caption Principal Accountant Fees and Services will be included in the definitive proxy statement for the 2007 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, to be filed pursuant to Regulation 14A.

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PART IV
Item 15: Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules
A. The following documents are filed as part of this report.
1. Financial Statements (see Item 8)
a. Reports of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
b. Consolidated Balance Sheets, December 31, 2006 and 2005
c. Consolidated Statements of Income, Years ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004
d. Consolidated Statements of Stockholders Equity, Years ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004
e. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, Years ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004
f. Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
g. Consolidated Quarterly Financial Data, (unaudited) for 2006 and 2005
2. Financial Statement Schedule. Reference is made to page F-1 of this report for Schedule III Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation (electronically filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but not included herein).

Schedules not Filed: All schedules, other than those indicated in the Table of Contents, have been omitted as the required information is either not material, inapplicable or the information is presented in the financial statements or related notes.
3. Exhibits
Articles of Incorporation and By-Laws
3.1 Articles of Incorporation of the Company, as amended by amendment No. 1 dated May 10, 2005 and amendment No. 2 dated May 10, 2005 (filed as exhibit 3.1 to the Company s Form 10-Q dated June 30, 2005, and incorporated herein by reference).
3.2 Bylaws of the Company, as amended by amendment No. 1 dated March 20, 2000 and amendment No. 2 dated June 15, 2005 (filed as exhibit 3.2 to the Company s Form 10-Q dated June 30, 2005, and incorporated herein by reference).
3.3 Articles Supplementary to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company classifying and designating the 7.375% Monthly Income Class D Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock (filed as exhibit 3.8 to the Company s Form 8-A filed on May 25, 2004 and incorporated herein by reference).
3.4 Articles Supplementary to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company classifying and designating additional shares of the 7.375% Monthly Income Class D Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock (filed as exhibit 3.2 to the Company s Form 8-K filed on October 19, 2004 and incorporated herein by reference).
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3.5 Articles Supplementary to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company classifying and designating the 6.75% Class E Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock (filed as exhibit 3.5 to the Company s Form 8-A filed on December 5, 2006 and incorporated herein be reference).
<u>Instruments defining the rights of security holders, including indentures</u>
4.1 Pricing Committee Resolutions (filed as exhibit 4.2 the Company s Form 8-K, dated October 27, 1998 and incorporated herein by reference).
4.2 Form of 8.25% Notes due 2008 (filed as exhibit 4.3 to Company s Form 8-K, dated October 27, 1998 and incorporated herein by reference).
4.3 Indenture dated as of October 28, 1998 between the Company and The Bank of New York (filed as exhibit 4.1 to the Company s Form 8-K, dated October 27, 1998 and incorporated herein by reference).
4.4 Pricing Committee Resolutions and Form of 8% Notes due 2009 (filed as exhibit 4.2 to the Company s Form 8-K, dated January 21, 1999 and incorporated herein by reference).
4.5 Form of 5-3/8% Senior Notes due 2013 (filed as exhibit 4.2 to the Company s Form 8-K, dated March 5, 2003 and incorporated herein by reference).
4.6 Officer s Certificate pursuant to sections 201, 301 and 303 of the Indenture dated October 28, 1998 between the Company and The Bank of New York, as Trustee, establishing a series of securities entitled 5-3/8% Senior Notes due 2013 (filed as exhibit 4.3 to the Company s Form 8-K, dated March 5, 2003 and incorporated herein by reference).
4.7 Form of 5-1/2% Senior Notes due 2015 (filed as exhibit 4.2 to the Company s Form 8-K, dated November 19, 2003 and incorporated herein by reference).
4.8 Officer s Certificate pursuant to sections 201, 301 and 303 of the Indenture dated October 28, 1998 between the Company and The Bank of New York, as Trustee, establishing a series of securities entitled 5-1/2% Senior Notes due 2015 (filed as exhibit 4.3 to the Company s Form 8-K, dated November 19, 2003 and incorporated herein by reference).

4.9	Form of 5-7/8% Semor Notes due 2000 (fried as exhibit 4.2 to the Company 8 Form 8-K, dated March 8, 2000 and
incorporated here	sui by leterence).
	Officer s Certificate pursuant to section 301 of the Indenture dated October 28, 1998 between the Company and The Bank of ustee, establishing a series of securities entitled 5-7/8% Senior Debentures due 2035 (filed as exhibit 4.3 to the Company s March 8, 2005 and incorporated herein by reference).
4.11 incorporated here	Form of 5-3/8% Senior Notes due 2017 (filed as exhibit 4.2 to the Company s Form 8-K, dated September 8, 2005 and sin by reference).
	Officer s Certificate pursuant to section 301 of the Indenture dated October 28, 1998 between the Company and The Bank of ustee, establishing a series of securities entitled 5-3/8% Senior Notes due 2017 (filed as exhibit 4.3 to the Company s Form 8-K 8, 2005 and incorporated herein by reference).
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4.13 Form of 5.95% Senior Notes due 2016 (filed as exhibit 4.2 to the Company s Form 8-K, dated September 6, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference).
4.14 Officer s Certificate pursuant to section 301 of the Indenture dated October 28, 1998 between the Company and The Bank of New York, as Trustee, establishing a series of securities entitled 5.95% Senior Notes due 2016 (filed as exhibit 4.3 to the Company s Form 8-K, dated September 6, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference).
Material Contracts
10.1 \$300 million Credit Agreement dated June 17, 2005 (filed as exhibit 10.1 to the Company s Form 8-K filed on June 20, 2005 and incorporated herein by reference).
Form indemnification agreement between the Company and each executive officer and each director of the Board of Directors of the Company (filed as exhibit 10.1 to the Company s Form 8-K filed on August 26, 2005 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.3 1994 Stock Option and Incentive Plan (filed as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company s Registration Statement on Form S-8 (registration number 33-95708) and incorporated herein by reference).
10.4 First Amendment to the 1994 Stock Option and Incentive Plan, dated June 12, 1997 (filed as Exhibit 10.9 to the Company s Form 8-B and incorporated herein by reference).
Second Amendment to the 1994 Stock Option and Incentive Plan, dated December 16, 1997, (filed as Exhibit 10.9 to the Company s Form 10-K dated December 31, 1997 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.6 Management Incentive Plan, (filed as Exhibit 10.10 to the Company s Form 10-K dated December 31, 1997 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.7 Form of Nonqualified Stock Option Agreement for Independent Directors, (filed as Exhibit 10.11 to the Company s Form 10-K dated December 31, 1997 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.8 Form of Employment Agreement between the Company and its Executive Officers (incorporated by reference to the Company s Form 8-B12B dated July 29, 1997 and incorporated herein by reference).

10.9 Form 8-K dated	Form of Restricted Stock Agreement between the Company and Executive Officers (filed as exhibit 10.11 to the Company January 1, 2005 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.10 10.10 to the Cor	2003 Stock Incentive Award Plan of Realty Income Corporation, as amended and restated February 21, 2006 (filed as exhibit npany s Form 10-K dated December 31, 2005 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.20 (filed as exhibit	First Amendment to Credit Agreement dated October 16, 2006 to the \$300 million Credit Agreement dated June 17, 2005 10.1 to the Company s Form 8-K filed on November 3, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference).
Statement of R	<u>atios</u>
*12.1	Statements re computation of ratios.
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Subsidiaries ar	ad Consent
*21.1	Subsidiaries of the Company as of January 1, 2007.
*23.1	Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm.
Certifications	
*31.1 34-47551.	Section 302 Certifications as filed by the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to SEC release No. 33-8212 and
*31.2 34-47551.	Section 302 Certifications as filed by the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to SEC release No. 33-8212 and
*32	Section 906 Certifications as furnished by the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to SEC

release No. 33-8212 and 34-47551.

### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

#### REALTY INCOME CORPORATION

By: /s/THOMAS A. LEWIS Date: February 20, 2007

Thomas A. Lewis

Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors.

Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

By: /s/WILLIAM E. CLARK Date: February 20, 2007

William E. Clark

Chairman of the Board of Directors

By: /s/THOMAS A. LEWIS Date: February 20, 2007

Thomas A. Lewis

Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors,

Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

By: /s/KATHLEEN R. ALLEN, Ph.D. Date: February 20, 2007

Kathleen R. Allen, Ph.D.

Director

By: /s/DONALD R. CAMERON Date: February 20, 2007

Donald R. Cameron

Director

By: /s/ROGER P. KUPPINGER Date: February 20, 2007

Roger P. Kuppinger

Director

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By: /s/MICHAEL D. MCKEE Date: February 20, 2007

Michael D. McKee

Director

By: /s/RONALD L. MERRIMAN Date: February 20, 2007

Ronald L. Merriman

Director

By: /s/WILLARD H. SMITH JR Date: February 20, 2007

Willard H. Smith Jr

Director

By: /s/PAUL M. MEURER Date: February 20, 2007

Paul M. Meurer

Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

(Principal Financial Officer)

By: /s/GREGORY J. FAHEY Date: February 20, 2007

Gregory J. Fahey

Vice President, Controller (Principal Accounting Officer)

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### REALTY INCOME CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

## SCHEDULE III REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION

		Initial Co	st to Company Buildings, Improvements and	Cost Capita Subsequ to Acquisi	ent ition		mount at Which ( f Period (Notes 2, and 8) Buildings, Improvements and		Accumulated			Life on which depreciation in latest Income Statement
Description (Note 1)		Land	Acquisition Fees	Improvements	Carrying Costs	Land	Acquisition Fees	Total	Depreciation (Note 4)	Date of Construction	Date Acquired	is Computed (in Months)
Apparel Stores												
Little Rock	AR	1,079,232	2,594,956	34,285	52,746	1,079,232	2,681,987	3,761,219	885,968		07/21/98	300
Mesa	AZ	619,035	867,013	None	43,447		910,460		294,481		02/11/99	300
Danbury	CT	1,083,296	6,217,688	40,544	,	1,083,296	6,258,238		2,328,749		09/30/97	300
Manchester	CT	1,250,464	5,917,037	3,555		1,250,464	5,920,592		2,080,867		03/26/98	300
Manchester	CT	771,660	3,653,539	1,661	None		3,655,200		1,284,775		03/26/98	300
Staten Island	NY	4,202,093	3,385,021	None	898	4,202,093	3,385,919		1,190,804		03/26/98	300
Automotive Collision Ser	vices											
Highlands												
Ranch	CO	583,289	2,139,057	None	None		2,139,057		231,020	03/25/04	08/11/03	300
Littleton	CO	601,388	2,169,898	None	None	- /	2,169,898		87,584	02/02/06	11/12/04	300
Parker	CO	678,768	2,100,854	None	None		2,100,854		233,641	02/20/04	07/03/03	300
Thornton	CO	693,323	1,896,616	None	None		1,896,616		152,916	10/05/04	10/15/03	300
Cumming	GA	661,624	1,822,363	None	None		1,822,363		235,201	09/18/03	12/31/02	300
Douglasville		679,868	1,935,515	None	None		1,935,515		255,549	08/11/03	12/30/02	300
Morrow	GA	725,948	1,846,315	None	None	725,948	1,846,315	2,572,263	249,187	07/07/03	08/30/02	300
Peachtree	<b>.</b>	1 100 200	(00.20:			1 100 200	coo <b>c</b> o	1.070	100.050	10466	00/10/07	200
City		1,190,380	689,284	None		1,190,380	689,284		109,979	12/16/02	09/19/02	300
Ham Lake	MN	192,610	1,930,958	None	None		1,930,958		157,907	07/01/04	10/31/03	300
Cary	NC	610,389	1,492,235	None	None		1,492,235		37,306		05/25/06	300
Durham	NC	680,969	1,323,140	None	None		1,323,140		33,079	07/17/07	05/25/06	300
	NC	378,813	1,150,679	None	None		1,150,679		66,170	07/15/05	12/21/04	300
Bartlett	TN	648,526	1,960,733	None	None	648,526	1,960,733	2,609,259	160,348	08/03/04	10/27/03	300
Automotive Parts												
Millbrook	AL	108,000	518,741	None	65	108,000	518,806	626,806	165,029	12/10/98	01/21/99	300
Montgomery		254,465	502,350	None	None		502,350	756,815	171,634	12/10/98	06/30/98	300
Blytheville	AR	137,913	509,447	6,000	None		515,447	653,360	180,060		06/30/98	300
Osceola	AR	88,759	520,047	None	None	88,759	520,047	608,806	177,681		06/30/98	300
Wynne	AR	70,000	547,576	26,595	None	70,000	574,171	644,171	192,983	11/10/98	02/24/99	300
Phoenix	AZ	231,000	513,057	None	88	231,000	513,145	744,145	383,234	11/10/70	11/09/87	300
Phoenix	AZ	71,750	159,359	None	88	71,750	159,447	231,197	119,061		11/19/87	300
Phoenix	AZ	222,950	495,178	None	88	222,950	495,266	718,216	333,752		11/02/89	300
Tucson	AZ	194,250	431,434	None	176		431,610	625,860	323,752		10/30/87	300
Grass Valley		325,000	384,955	None	None		384,955	709,955	279,128		05/20/88	
Jackson	CA	300,000	390,849	None	None		390,849	690,849	281,709		05/17/88	300
Sacramento	CA	210,000	466,419	None	None	-	466,419	676,419	348,361		11/25/87	
Turlock	CA	222,250	493,627	None	None		493,627	715,877	367,056		12/30/87	300
Canon City	CO	66,500	147,699	None	146	-	147,845	214,345	110,339		11/12/87	300
Denver	CO	141,400	314,056	None	146		314,202	455,602	234,587		11/18/87	300
Denver	CO	315,000	699,623	None	None	-		1,014,623	508,766		05/16/88	
Denver	CO	283,500	629,666	None	None		629,666	913,166	457,893		05/27/88	
Littleton	CO	252,925	561,758	None	146		561,904	814,829	414,049		02/12/88	
-		222 252	450.055				^_					

None None 232,273

472,855 705,128

158,407

472,855

DE 232,273

Smyrna

300

08/07/98

Council											
Bluffs	IA	194,355	431,668	None	6	194,355	431,674	626,029	313,914	05/19/88	300
Boise	ID	158,400	351,812	None	131	158,400	351,943	510,343	255,905	05/06/88	300
Boise	ID	190,080	422,172	None	131	190,080	422,303	612,383	307,070	05/06/88	300
Coeur											
D Alene	ID	165,900	368,468	None	None	165,900	368,468	534,368	277,638	09/21/87	300

			ost to Company Buildings, Improvements and	to Acquisition					Accumulated			Life on which depreciation in latest Income Statement
Description (Note 1)		Land	Acquisition Fees	Improvements	Carrying Costs	Land	Acquisition Fees	Total	(Note 4)	Date of Construction	Date Acquired	is Computed (in Months)
Lewiston	ID	138,950	308,612	None	None	138,950	308,612	447,562	232,537		09/16/87	300
Moscow	ID	117,250	260,417	None		117,250	260,417	377,667	196,222		09/14/87	
Nampa	ID	183,743	408,101	None		183,743	408,351	592,094	296,933		05/06/88	
Twin Falls	ID	190,080	422,172	None		190,080	422,303	612,383	307,070		05/06/88	
Peoria	IL	193,868	387,737	None		193,868	387,967	581,835	157,190		11/26/96	
Brazil	IN IN	183,952	453,831	None		183,952 148,901	453,831	637,783	141,438		03/31/99 11/26/96	
Muncie Princeton	IN	148,901 134,209	645,235 560,113	None None		134,209	645,880 560,113	794,781 694,322	261,492 174,563		03/31/99	
Vincennes	IN	185,312	489,779	None		185,312	489,779	675,091	152,642		03/31/99	
Kansas City	KS	185,955	413,014	None		185,955	413,014	598,969	300,345		05/13/88	
Kansas City	KS	222,000	455,881	None		222,000	455,881	677,881	331,479		05/16/88	
Alma	MI	155,000	600,282	None		155,000	600,282	755,282	183,025	04/29/99	02/10/99	
Lansing	MI	265,000	574,931	23,134	None	265,000	598,065	863,065	185,184	04/30/99	12/03/98	300
Sturgis	MI	109,558	550,274	None	None	109,558	550,274	659,832	176,982		12/30/98	300
Independence	MO	210,643	467,844	None	93	210,643	467,937	678,580	319,132		07/31/89	300
Kansas City	MO	210,070	466,571	None	93	210,070	466,664	676,734	339,338		05/13/88	
Kansas City		168,350	373,910	None		168,350	374,003	542,353	271,955		05/26/88	
Batesville		190,124	485,670	None		190,124	485,670	675,794	164,318		07/27/98	
Horn Lake		142,702	514,779	None		142,702	514,779	657,481	175,881		06/30/98	
Jackson	MS	248,483	572,522	None		248,483	572,522	821,005	163,180		11/16/99	
Richland		243,565 163,100	558,645 362,249	None None		243,565	558,645	802,210 525,349	157,366		12/21/99 10/30/87	
Missoula Kearney		173,950	344,393	None		163,100 173,950	362,249 344,393	518,343	271,755 223,972		05/01/90	
Omaha	NE	196,000	435,321	None		196,000	435,321	631,321	316,566		05/26/88	
Omaha	NE	199,100	412,042	None		199,100	412,048	611,148	298,850		05/27/88	
Albuquerque			178,794	None		80,500	178,794	259,294	134,129		10/29/87	
Rio Rancho		211,577	469,923	None		211,577	469,923	681,500	346,341		02/26/88	
Santa Fe	NM	70,000	155,473	None	32	70,000	155,505	225,505	116,641		10/29/87	300
Las Vegas	NV	161,000	357,585	260,000	None	161,000	617,585	778,585	311,589		10/29/87	300
Reno	NV	456,000	562,344	None	None	456,000	562,344	1,018,344	408,885		05/26/88	
Canton	OH	396,560	597,553	None	None	396,560	597,553	994,113	200,181		08/14/98	
Hamilton		183,000	515,727	None		183,000	515,727	698,727	159,135	04/07/99	12/03/98	
Hubbard		147,043	481,217	None		147,043	481,217	628,260	164,415		06/30/98	
Albany		152,250	338,153	None		152,250	338,371	490,621	255,934		08/24/87	
Beaverton		210,000	466,419	None		210,000	466,637	676,637	353,006		08/26/87	
Oak Grove Portland		180,250 190,750	400,336	None		180,250 190,750	400,554 423,882	580,804 614,632	302,994 320,649		08/06/87	
Portland		147,000	423,664 326,493	None None		147,000	326,711	473,711	247,109		08/12/87 08/26/87	
Portland		210,000	466,412	None		210,000	466,630	676,630	351,456		09/01/87	
Salem		136,500	303,170	None		136,500	303,388	439,888	229,458		08/20/87	
Butler		339,929	633,078	5,684		339,929	638,762	978,691	217,766		08/07/98	
Dover			593,341	None		265,112	593,341	858,453	202,724		06/30/98	
Enola		220,228	546,026	None		220,228	546,026	766,254	177,465		11/10/98	
Hanover		132,500	719,511	None		132,500	719,511	852,011	212,415	07/26/99	05/13/99	
Harrisburg	PA	327,781	608,291	None		327,781	608,291	936,072	207,831		06/30/98	
Harrisburg		283,417	352,473	None		283,417	352,473	635,890	116,908		09/30/98	
Lancaster	PA	199,899	774,838	10,913		199,899	785,751	985,650	263,270		08/14/98	300
New Castle	PA	180,009	525,774	3,860	None	180,009	529,634	709,643	183,498		06/30/98	
Reading	PA	379,000	658,722	10,100	None	379,000	668,822	1,047,822	201,217	06/09/99	12/04/98	300

				•	Cost Capitalized Subsequent		Gross Amount at Which Carried at Close of Period (Notes 2, 3, 5, 6,					Life on which
		Initial C	ost to Company Buildings, Improvements and	to Acquisi	tion	ut Close	7 and 8) Buildings, Improvements and	2, 0, 0, 0,	Accumulated			depreciation in latest Income Statement
Description (Note 1)	1	Land	Acquisition Fees	Improvements	Carrying Costs	Land	Acquisition Fees	Total	Depreciation (Note 4)	Date of Construction	Date Acquired	is Computed (in Months)
Columbia	TN	273,120	431,716	None	None	273,120	431,716	704,836	130,233		06/30/99	300
Memphis	TN	197,708	507,647	None		197,708	507,895	705,603	168,396		09/30/98	
Amarillo	TX	140,000	419,734	None		140,000	419,734	559,734	299,636		09/12/88	300
El Paso	TX	66,150	146,922	None	None	66,150	146,922	213,072	110,219		10/27/87	300
El Paso Lubbock	TX TX	56,350 42,000	125,156 93,284	None None	None 98	56,350 42,000	125,156 93,382	181,506 135,382	93,890 70,035		10/27/87 10/26/87	300 300
Lubbock	TX	49,000	108,831	None	None		108,831	157,831	81,644		10/20/87	300
Midland	TX	45,500	101,058	None		45,500	101,062	146,562	75,814		10/27/87	300
Provo		125,395	278,507	None		125,395	279,030	404,425	184,824		01/25/90	
Bellevue		185,500	411,997	None		185,500	412,222	597,722	311,894		08/06/87	300
Bellingham	WA	168,000	373,133	None	117	168,000	373,250	541,250	282,395		08/20/87	300
Hazel Dell		168,000	373,135	None		168,000	373,135	541,135	269,569		05/23/88	300
Kenmore		199,500	443,098	None		199,500	443,323	642,823	335,432		08/20/87	300
Kennewick			358,365	None		161,350	358,496	519,846	271,280		08/26/87	300
Kent		199,500	443,091	None		199,500	443,208	642,708	335,340		08/06/87	300
Lacey		171,150	380,125	None		171,150	380,242	551,392	287,687		08/13/87	300
Lakewood		191,800	425,996	None		191,800	426,221	618,021	322,489		08/18/87	300
Marysville		168,000 138,600	373,135 307,831	None None		168,000 138,600	373,252 307,831	541,252 446,431	282,398 232,969		08/20/87 08/12/87	300 300
Moses Lake	WA	136,000	307,031	None	None	136,000	307,631	440,431	232,909		06/12/67	300
Pasco	WA	161,700	359,142	None	131	161,700	359,273	520,973	271,868		08/18/87	300
Puyallup		173,250	384,795	None		173,250	385,044	558,294	290,036		09/15/87	300
Redmond		196,000	435,317	None		196,000	435,542	631,542	328,101		09/17/87	300
Renton	WA	185,500	412,003	None	225	185,500	412,228	597,728	310,533		09/15/87	300
Richland	WA	161,700	359,142	None	131	161,700	359,273	520,973	271,868		08/13/87	300
Seattle	WA	162,400	360,697	None	225	162,400	360,922	523,322	273,071		08/20/87	300
Silverdale		183,808	419,777	None	117	183,808	419,894	603,702	316,305		09/16/87	300
Spokane		66,150	146,921	None	None		146,921	213,071	109,733		11/18/87	300
Tacoma		189,000	419,777	None		189,000	419,894	608,894	317,696		08/25/87	300
Tacoma		196,000	435,324	None		196,000	435,441	631,441	326,580		10/15/87	300
Vancouver Walla Walla		180,250 170,100	400,343 377,793	None None		180,250 170,100	400,558 377,793	580,808 547,893	302,997 285,917		08/20/87 08/06/87	300 300
Wenatchee	WA	148,400	329,602	None	None	148,400	329,602	478,002	249,446		08/25/87	300
Automotive Service												
Flagstaff	ΑZ	144,821	417,485	None	None	144,821	417,485	562,306	139,442	04/11/02	08/29/97	300
Mesa	ΑZ	210,620	475,072	None		210,620	475,072	685,692	87,884		05/14/02	
Phoenix	ΑZ	189,341	546,984	None		189,341	546,984	736,325	101,192		05/14/02	
Phoenix	ΑZ	384,608	279,824	None	None	384,608	279,824	664,432	51,765		05/14/02	300
Sierra Vista			345,508	None		175,114	345,508	520,622	63,917		05/14/02	
Tucson		226,596	437,972	None		226,596	437,972	664,568	81,023		05/14/02	
Bakersfield		65,165	206,927	None		65,165	206,927	272,092	38,280	0=10-1-	05/14/02	
Chula Vista			409,654	None		313,293	409,670	722,963	174,116	05/01/96	01/19/96	
Dublin		415,620	1,153,928	None		415,620	1,153,928		213,475		05/14/02	
Folsom		471,813 264,956	325,610 265,509	None		471,813	325,610 265,509	797,423	60,236 49,117		05/14/02 05/14/02	
Indio Los		580,446	265,509 158,876	None		264,956 580,446	158,876	530,465 739,322	29,390		05/14/02	
Angeles	CA	200,440	130,070	None	None	300,440	130,070	139,344	29,390		03/14/02	300
Oxnard	CA	186,980	198,236	None	None	186,980	198,236	385,216	36,672		05/14/02	300
Simi Valley		213,920	161,012	None		213,920	161,012	374,932	29,785		05/14/02	
Vacaville	CA	358,067	284,931	None	None	358,067	284,931	642,998	52,710		05/14/02	300

				Cost Capita Subseque		Gross Amount at Which Carried at Close of Period (Notes 2, 3, 5,						Life on which
		Initial C	ost to Company Buildings, Improvements and	to Acquisi	tion	at Close	6, 7 and 8) Buildings, Improvements and	, 2, 3, 3,	Accumulated			depreciation in latest Income Statement
Description (Note 1)		Land	Acquisition Fees	Improvements	Carrying Costs	Land	Acquisition Fees	Total	Depreciation (Note 4)	Date of Construction	Date Acquired	is Computed (in Months)
Broomfield	CO	154,930	503,626	None	450	154,930	504,076	659,006	209,365	08/22/96	03/15/96	300
Denver	CO	79,717	369,587	None	41		369,628	449,345	324,446		10/08/85	300
Thornton	CO	276,084	415,464	None		276,084	415,669		165,500	12/31/96	10/31/96	300
Hartford	CT	248,540	482,460	None		248,540	482,460		198,613		09/30/96	300
	CT	225,882	672,910	None		225,882	672,910		256,716		06/06/97	300
Vernon Carol City	CT FL	81,529 163,239	300,518 262,726	None None	None	81,529 163,239	300,518 262,726		54,594 47,729		06/27/02 06/27/02	300 300
•	FL	76,585	355,066	6,980	124	76,585	362,170		309,474		12/23/85	300
Lauderdale	FL	65,987	305,931	None	None		305,931		264,370		02/19/86	300
Lakes												
	FL	99,613	139,008	None	None	99,613	139,008		25,714		05/14/02	300
Seminole	FL	68,000	315,266	None	124		315,390		274,493		12/23/85	300
Sunrise	FL	80,253	372,070	None	None		372,070		321,938		02/14/86	300
Tampa	FL FL	70,000 67,000	324,538 310,629	None None	162 124	70,000 67,000	324,700 310,753		282,572 270,457		12/27/85 12/27/85	300 300
Tampa Tampa	FL	86,502	401,041	None	141	86,502	401,182		340,178		07/23/86	300
Atlanta	GA	55,840	258,889	None	130		259,019		226,242		11/27/85	300
Bogart	GA	66,807	309,733	None	None		309,733		269,619		12/20/85	300
Douglasville			129,519	None		214,771	129,519		23,959		05/14/02	300
Duluth		222,275	316,925	None		222,275	317,076	539,351	114,122	10/24/97	06/20/97	300
Duluth	GA	290,842	110,056	None	None	290,842	110,056	400,898	20,358		05/14/02	300
Gainesville	GA	53,589	248,452	None	None	53,589	248,452	302,041	216,274		12/19/85	300
Kennesaw	GA	266,865	139,425	None		266,865	139,425		25,792		05/14/02	300
Marietta	GA	60,900	293,461	None	124		293,585		255,521		12/26/85	300
Marietta	GA	69,561	346,024	None	356		346,380		295,106		06/03/86	300
Norcross			151,831	None		244,124	151,831		28,087		05/14/02	300
Riverdale Rome	GA GA	58,444 56,454	270,961 261,733	None None		58,444 56,454	270,961 261,733		235,011 227,835		01/15/86 12/19/85	300 300
Snellville	GA		132,124	None		253,316	132,124		24,441		05/14/02	300
Tucker	GA	78,646	364,625	None		78,646	369,862		318,360		12/18/85	300
Arlington	IL	441,437	215,983	None	-	441,437	215,983		39,955		05/14/02	300
Hts												
Chicago	IL	329,076	255,294	None		329,076	255,294		47,227		05/14/02	300
Beach	IL	472,132	236,585	None		472,132	236,585		43,766		05/14/02	300
Westchester		421,239	184,812	None		421,239	184,812		34,188		05/14/02	300
Anderson	IN	232,170	385,661	None		232,170	385,824		139,487		12/19/97	300
Indianapolis Michigan	IN	231,384 392,638	428,307 297,650	None (3,065		231,384 392,638	428,307 294,585		176,320 55,064		09/27/96 05/14/02	
City				)								
	IN	140,893	228,116	None		140,893	228,116		42,200	0.4/0.2/07	05/14/02	300
Olathe Louisville		217,995 56,054	367,055 259,881	None		217,995 56,054	367,055 259,945		141,313	04/22/97	11/11/96 12/17/85	300 300
Louisville Newport	KY	323,511	289,017	None None		323,511	289,945		226,240 107,363		09/17/97	300
Billerica		399,043	462,240	None		399,043	462,240		179,405		04/02/97	300
East		191,302	340,539	None		191,302	340,539		62,998		05/14/02	300
Falmouth		,502	2 .0,000	1,0110	oe	,	2.0,000	, 1	,>>0			
East Wareham	MA	149,680	278,669	None	None	149,680	278,669	428,349	51,551		05/14/02	300
	MA	138,957	289,294	None	None	138,957	289,294	428,251	53,517		05/14/02	300
		138,990	289,361	None		138,990	289,361	428,351	53,529		05/14/02	300
Hyannis		180,653	458,522	None	None	180,653	458,522		83,298		06/27/02	
		287,769	535,273	None		287,769	535,273		166,815		03/31/99	300
Newburyport			466,449	None		274,698	466,449		84,738		06/27/02	
North Reading	MA	180,546	351,161	None	None	180,546	351,161	531,707	64,962		05/14/02	300

		Cost Capitalized Subsequent al Cost to Company to Acquisition				amount at Which of Period (Notes					Life on which
<b>.</b>		Buildings, Improvements	to Acquisi	tion		7 and 8) Buildings, Improvements	,-,-,-,				depreciation in latest Income
Descript	ion	and		<b>G</b>		and		Accumulated	D. 4 6	D. 4	Statement
(Note	T J	Acquisition	T4-	Carrying	T	Acquisition	T-4-1	Depreciation	Date of	Date	is Computed
1)	Land	Fees	Improvements	Costs	Land	Fees	Total	(Note 4)	Construction	Acquirea	(in Months)
OrleMate	138,212	394,065	None	None	138,212	394,065	532,277	72,900		05/14/02	300
Abelidle		225,605	None		223,617	225,605	449,222	40,985		06/27/02	
	547,173	219,979	(12,319		547,173	207,660	754,833	40,692		05/14/02	
Heights	517,175	217,777	(12,51)	rone	517,175	207,000	75 1,055	10,072		03/11/02	300
Clin	70,880	328,620	None	459	70,880	329,079	399,959	287,620		11/15/85	300
	nl 11,396	335,288	(7,600		111,396	327,688	439,084	62,025		05/14/02	
Park	,		)		,	,	,	, , ,			
Kal <b>M</b> Haz	o391,745	296,975	(2,196)	None	391,745	294,779	686,524	54,939		05/14/02	300
PortMge	402,409	286,441	(2,112)	None	402,409	284,329	686,738	52,990		05/14/02	300
Sou <b>Mf</b> ie	1275,952	350,765	None		275,952	350,765	626,717	64,890		05/14/02	300
TroMI	214,893	199,299	None	None	214,893	199,299	414,192	36,869		05/14/02	300
MinMeNp	ol <b>5</b> 8,000	268,903	None	333		269,236	327,236	234,245		12/18/85	
St. MN	203,338	258,626	None	None	203,338	258,626	461,964	46,984		06/27/02	300
Cloud											
Inde <b>yleo</b> lo		233,152	None		297,641	233,152	530,793	93,649		12/20/96	
	e441,746	242,565	None		441,746	242,565	684,311	44,872		05/14/02	
	508,100	457,295	None		508,100	457,295	965,395	66,308		05/27/03	
	237,688	357,976	None		237,688	363,644	601,332	123,718	00/00/05	11/05/97	
	354,676	361,203	3,400		354,676	364,954	719,630	135,582	08/29/97	03/31/97	
	55,074	255,336	None	121	55,074	255,457	310,531	223,398		11/13/85	
-	i <b>12</b> €4,326	257,733	None		224,326 286,068	257,733	482,059 530,674	93,196		12/03/97	
	295,580	244,606 338,472	None 10,000		295,580	244,606 364,723	660,303	45,244 125,452	08/28/98	05/14/02 02/27/98	
	254,460	355,630	None		254,460	355,781	610,241	132,255	08/28/97	04/16/97	
	218,294	319,334	3,905		218,294	324,395	542,689	117,447	08/01/02	06/20/97	
RaleNgh	89,145	413,301	None		89,145	413,395	502,540	362,418	00/01/02	10/28/85	
_	398,694	263,621	None		398,694	263,621	662,315	97,065		10/01/97	
SaliMury		150,592	None		235,614	150,592	386,206	27,857		05/14/02	
-	337,138	316,958	None		337,138	316,958	654,096	58,634		05/14/02	
Edis <b>vi</b> h	448,936	238,773	None	None	448,936	238,773	687,709	44,169		05/14/02	300
Glassbor	ol 82,013	312,480	None	None	182,013	312,480	494,493	56,767		06/27/02	300
Han <b>NJ</b> tor	1422,477	291,555	None	None	422,477	291,555	714,032	53,934		05/14/02	300
Square											
Han <b>NJ</b> tor	1265,238	298,167	None	None	265,238	298,167	563,405	55,157		05/14/02	300
Townshi											
	h452,629	390,163	None	None	452,629	390,163	842,792	72,178		05/14/02	300
	d705,337	288,720	None		705,337	288,720	994,057	53,409		05/14/02	
	r212,788	320,283	None		212,788	320,283	533,071	59,249		05/14/02	
	326,879	359,101	None	None	326,879	359,101	685,980	66,432		05/14/02	300
Vegas Las NV	216 441	260.769	None	None	216 441	260.769	696 200	60 105		05/14/02	300
Vegas	310,441	369,768	None	None	316,441	369,768	686,209	68,405		05/14/02	300
Las NV	252 160	562,715	None	None	252,169	562,715	814,884	104,100		05/14/02	300
Vegas	232,109	302,713	None	None	232,109	302,713	014,004	104,100		03/14/02	300
_	326,813	306,311	None	None	326,813	306,311	633,124	56,665		05/14/02	300
	170,589	317,424	None		170,589	317,424	488,013	98,922		03/31/99	
	e181,664	337,991	None		181,664	337,991	519,655	105,332		03/31/99	
	260,708	484,788	None		260,708	484,788	745,496	151,084		03/31/99	
Amherst		, <del>-</del>			,	,	,	,			
EastNY		466,264	None	None	250,609	466,264	716,873	145,308		03/31/99	300
Syracuse		, '			,,,,,	,	,,,,,,	2,2 20			
•	242,863	451,877	None	None	242,863	451,877	694,740	140,824		03/31/99	300
City											
	le 61,331	300,231	None		161,331	300,231	461,562	93,564		03/31/99	300
	268,692	499,619	None	None	268,692	499,619	768,311	155,706		03/31/99	300
Amherst											

## Edgar Filing: REALTY INCOME CORP - Form 10-K

Akr <b>©</b> H 139,126	460,334	None	None 139,126	460,334 599,460	171,053		09/18/97	300
Bea@Hi 349,091	251,127	None	None 349,091	251,127 600,218	23,020		09/17/04	300
Creek								
Bea@Hcre205,000	492,538	None	None 205,000	492,538 697,538	192,910	02/13/97	09/09/96	300
Can@1H 443,751	825,491	None	None 443,751	825,491 1,269,242	131,748		08/21/02	300
Winchester								
Cen@Hville05,000	420,448	None	None 305,000	420,448 725,448	175,888	07/24/96	06/28/96	300

		Initial C	ost to Company Buildings, Improvements and	Cost Capitz Subseque to Acquisi	ent			Accumulated			Life on which depreciation in latest Income Statement	
Description (Note 1)		Land	Acquisition Fees	Improvements	Carrying Costs	Land		Total	Depreciation (Note 4)	Date of Construction	Date Acquired	is Computed
Cincinnati	ОН	211,185	392,210	None	None	211,185	392,210	603,395	49,026		11/03/03	300
Cincinnati		305,556	244,662	None		305,556	244,662	550,218	22,427		09/17/04	300
Cincinnati		589,286	160,932	None		589,286	160,932	750,218	14,752		09/17/04	300
Cincinnati		159,375	265,842	None		159,375	265,842	425,217	24,368		09/17/04	300
Cincinnati		350,000 293,005	300,217	None		350,000	300,217	650,217 494,345	24,518		12/20/04	300 300
Cinncinati Cleveland		295,003	201,340 216,517	None None		293,005 215,111	201,340 216,517	431,628	74,761 39,334		09/17/97 06/27/02	300
Columbus	OH	71,098	329,627	None		71,098	329,822	400,920	289,470		10/02/85	300
Columbus	ОН	75,761	351,247	None		75,761	351,415	427,176	308,075		10/24/85	300
Columbus	ОН	190,000	260,162	None		190,000	260,162	450,162	23,848		09/17/04	
Columbus	ОН	214,737	85,425	None	None	214,737	85,425	300,162	7,830		09/17/04	300
Columbus	ОН	432,110	386,553	None	None	432,110	386,553	818,663	56,049		05/27/03	300
Columbus		466,696	548,133	None		466,696		1,014,829	79,478		05/27/03	300
Columbus		337,679	272,484	None		337,679	272,484	610,163	24,977		09/17/04	300
Columbus		371,429	278,734	None		371,429	278,734	650,163	25,550		09/17/04	300
Columbus Cuyahoga Falls		245,036 253,750	470,468 271,400	None None		245,036 253,750	470,468 271,400	715,504 525,150	207,790 24,878		12/22/95 09/17/04	300 300
Dayton	ОН	70,000	324,538	None	271	70,000	324,809	394,809	284,668		10/31/85	300
Dublin		437,887	428,046	None		437,887	428,046	865,933	62,065		05/27/03	300
Eastlake		321,347	459,774	None		321,347	459,774	781,121	203,067		12/22/95	300
Fairfield	ОН	323,408	235,024	None	None	323,408	235,024	558,432	87,292		09/17/97	300
Fairlawn		280,000	270,150	None		280,000	270,150	550,150	24,763		09/17/04	
Findlay		283,515	397,004	None		283,515	397,004	680,519	143,587		12/24/97	300
Hamilton		252,608	413,279	None		252,608	413,279	665,887	157,732	03/31/97	10/04/96	
Huber Heights		282,000	449,381	None		282,000	449,381	731,381	179,003	12/03/96	07/18/96	
Lima Marion		241,132 100,000	114,085 275,162	None		241,132 100,000	114,085 275,162	355,217 375,162	10,457 22,472		09/17/04 12/20/04	300 300
Marion		310,990	405,373	None None		310,990	405,373	716,363	58,778		05/27/03	300
Miamisburg	OH		296,701	None		63,996	296,701	360,697	260,450		10/08/85	300
Middleburg Hghts		317,308	307,842	None		317,308	307,842	625,150	28,218		09/17/04	
Milford	ОН	353,324	269,997	None	None	353,324	269,997	623,321	100,308		09/18/97	300
Mt. Vernon	ОН	216,115	375,357	None	None	216,115	375,357	591,472	135,754		12/30/97	300
Northwood	OH		263,912	None		65,978	265,091	331,069	264,254		09/12/86	180
Norwalk		200,205	366,000	None		200,205	366,000	566,205	132,369		12/19/97	
Parma		268,966	381,184	None		268,966	381,184	650,150	34,942		09/17/04	
Reynoldsburg Reynoldsburg			497,371 176,162	None None		267,750 374,000	497,371	765,121	45,592 16,148		09/15/04 09/17/04	
S. Euclid		374,000	451,944	None		374,000	176,162 451,944	550,162 789,537	65,532		05/27/03	
Sandusky		264,708	404,011	None		264,708	404,011	668,719	146,121		12/19/97	300
Solon		794,305	222,797	None		794,305		1,017,102	32,306		05/27/03	
Springboro		191,911	522,902	None		191,911	522,902	714,813	204,644		03/07/97	300
Springfield		320,000	280,217	None		320,000	280,217	600,217	25,686		09/17/04	
Springfield		189,091	136,127	None		189,091	136,127	325,218	12,478		09/17/04	
Stow	ОН	310,000	415,150	None		310,000	415,150	725,150	38,055		09/17/04	
Toledo		120,000	230,217	None		120,000	230,217	350,217	21,103		09/17/04	
Toledo		250,000	175,217	None		250,000	175,217	425,217	16,061		09/17/04	
Toledo		320,000	280,217	None		320,000	280,217	600,217	25,686		09/17/04	
Toledo		250,000	530,217	None		250,000	530,217	780,217	48,603		09/17/04	
Toledo	UH	91,655	366,621	None	1,1/9	91,655	367,800	459,455	366,963		09/12/86	180

				ent	-			Accumulated			Life on which depreciation in latest Income Statement	
Description (Note 1)		Land	Acquisition Fees	Improvements	Carrying Costs	Land		Total	Depreciation (Note 4)	Date of Construction	Date Acquired	is Computed (in Months)
Toledo	ОН	73,408	293,632	None	1,179	73,408	294,811	368,219	293,973		09/12/86	180
West Chester		446,449	768,644	None		446,449		1,215,093	105,433	06/27/03	03/11/03	300
Zanesville		125,000	300,162	None		125,000	300,162	425,162	27,514	00104100	09/17/04	300
Midwest City		106,312	333,551	None		106,312	333,551	439,863	111,821	08/06/98	08/08/97	300
The Village		143,655	295,422	None		143,655	295,422	439,077	102,920	03/06/98	07/29/97	300
Portland Salem		251,499 337,711	345,952	None		251,499	345,952	597,451	58,811 46,961		09/26/02 05/14/02	300 300
Bethel Park		299,595	253,855 331,264	None None		337,711 299,595	253,855 331,264	591,566 630,859	119,815		12/19/97	300
Bethlehem		275,328	389,067	None		275,328	389,067	664,395	140,719		12/19/97	300
Bethlehem		229,162	310,526	None		229,162	310,526	539,688	112,303		12/24/97	300
Bridgeville		275,000	375,150	None		275,000	375,150	650,150	34,388		09/17/04	300
Coraopolis		225,000	375,150	None		225,000	375,150	600,150	34,388		09/17/04	300
Harrisburg		131,529	220,317	(2,515)		131,529	217,802	349,331	40,755		05/14/02	300
Monroeville	PA	275,000	250,150	None	None	275,000	250,150	525,150	22,930		09/17/04	300
Philadelphia	PA	858,500	877,744	None	None	858,500	877,744	1,736,244	476,886	05/19/95	12/05/94	300
Pittsburgh	PA	378,715	685,374	None	None	378,715	685,374	1,064,089	114,583	08/22/02	01/17/02	300
Pittsburgh		175,000	300,150	None		175,000	300,150	475,150	27,513		09/17/04	300
Pittsburgh		121,429	303,721	None		121,429	303,721	425,150	27,841		09/17/04	300
Pittsburgh		219,938	408,466	None		219,938	408,466	628,404	51,058		11/03/03	300
Pittsburgh		243,750	406,400	None		243,750	406,400	650,150	37,253		09/17/04	300
Pittsburgh		208,333	416,817	None		208,333	416,817	625,150	38,208		09/17/04	300 300
Warminster Wexford		323,847 284,375	216,999 240,775	(3,929) None		323,847 284,375	213,070 240,775	536,917 525,150	40,141 22,071		05/14/02 09/17/04	
York		249,436	347,424	None		249,436	347,424	596,860	125,653		12/30/97	300
Charleston		217,250	294,079	None		217,250	294,230	511,480	110,351	07/14/97	03/13/97	300
Columbia		267,622	298,594	None		267,622	305,416	573,038	106,486	03/31/98	11/05/97	300
Greenville		221,946	315,163	None		221,946	323,847	545,793	119,524	09/05/97	03/31/97	300
Lexington	SC	241,534	342,182	None		241,534	342,726	584,260	105,924		09/24/98	300
North Charleston	SC	174,980	341,466	None	15,319	174,980	356,785	531,765	125,152	08/06/98	03/12/98	300
Brentwood	TN	305,546	505,728	None	None	305,546	505,728	811,274	181,211	03/13/98	05/28/97	300
Hendersonville			327,096	None		175,764	327,096	502,860	51,790		01/21/03	300
Hermitage		204,296	172,695	None		204,296	172,695	376,991	31,946		05/14/02	300
Hermitage		560,443	1,011,799	None		560,443	1,011,799		178,547	10/15/01	05/09/01	300
Madison		175,769	327,068	None		175,769	327,068	502,837	51,786		01/21/03	300
Memphis Memphis		108,094 214,110	217,079 193,591	None None		108,094 214,110	217,079 193,591	325,173 407,701	40,157 35,811		05/14/02 05/14/02	300 300
Memphis		215,017	216,794	None		215,017	216,794	431,811	39,384		06/27/02	300
Murfreesboro		150,411	215,528	None		150,411	215,528	365,939	39,871		05/14/02	300
Nashville		342,960	227,440	None		342,960	227,440	570,400	84,481		09/17/97	300
Carrollton		174,284	98,623	None		174,284	98,623	272,907	18,243		05/14/02	300
Carrolton		177,041	199,088	None		177,041	199,088	376,129	36,829		05/14/02	300
Dallas		234,604	325,951	None		234,604	325,951	560,555	135,270	08/09/96	02/19/96	300
Fort Worth	TX	83,530	111,960	None		83,530	111,960	195,490	20,711		05/14/02	300
Houston		285,000	369,697	None		285,000	369,697	654,697	136,132	08/08/97	08/08/97	300
Humble		257,169	325,652	None	None	257,169	325,652	582,821	60,244		05/14/02	300
Lake Jackson		197,170	256,376	None		197,170	256,376	453,546	47,428		05/14/02	300
Lewisville		199,942	324,736	None		199,942	324,736	524,678	134,765	08/02/96	02/14/96	300
Lewisville		130,238	207,683	None		130,238	207,683	337,921	37,729		06/27/02	300
San Antonio	TX	198,828	437,422	None	None	198,828	437,422	636,250	197,569		09/15/95	300

		Initial Cost	t to Company	Cost Capital Subsequent to Acquisit	nt		mount at Which f Period (Notes 2 and 8)					Life on which depreciation
<b>.</b>			Buildings, improvements and	·			Buildings, Improvements and		Accumulated	<b>D</b>	ъ.	in latest Income Statement
Description (Note 1)		Land	Acquisition Fees	Improvements	Carrying Costs	Land	Acquisition Fees	Total	(Note 4)	Date of Construction	Date Acquired	is Computed (in Months)
Richmond	VA	403,549	876,981	None	None	403,549	876,981	1,280,530	102,716	07/08/04	10/17/02	300
Roanoke	VA	349,628	322,545	None	203	349,628	322,748	672,376	116,691		12/19/97	
Warrenton	VA	186,723	241,173	None	None	186,723	241,173	427,896	44,613	024005	05/14/02	
Bremerton	WA	261,172	373,080	None	None	261,172	373,080	634,252	150,705	03/19/97	07/24/96	
Milwaukee Milwaukee	WI WI	173,005 152,509	499,244 475,480	None None	None None	173,005 152,509	499,244 475,480	672,249 627,989	220,499 195,739		12/22/95 09/27/96	
New Berlin	WI	188,491	466,268	None	None	188,491	466,268	654,759	205,935		12/22/95	
Racine	WI	184,002	114,167	None	None	184,002	114,167	298,169	21,119		05/14/02	
Automotive Services	<u>Tire</u>											
Athens	AL	760,031	1,413,296	None	None	760,031	1,413,296	2.173.327	7,066		11/22/06	300
Auburn	AL	660,210	1,227,914	None	None	660,210	1,227,914		6,139		11/22/06	
Birmingham		635,111	1,180,712	None	None	635,111	1,180,712		5,903		11/22/06	
Daphne	AL	876,139	1,628,925	None	None	876,139	1,628,925	2,505,064	8,144		11/22/06	300
Decatur	AL	635,111	1,181,302	None	None	635,111	1,181,302	1,816,413	5,906		11/22/06	
Foley	AL	870,031	1,617,159	None	None	870,031	1,617,159		8,085		11/22/06	
Gardendale	AL	580,205	1,078,888	None	None	580,205	1,078,888		5,394		11/22/06	
Hoover	AL	504,396	938,101	None	None	504,396		1,442,497	4,690		11/22/06	
Hoover	AL AL	620,270	1,153,295	None	None None	620,270 499,843	1,153,295		5,766 4,648		11/22/06	
Huntsville Huntsville	AL	499,843 635,111	929,665 1,181,302	None None	None	635,111	1,181,302	1,429,508	5,906		11/22/06 11/22/06	
Madison	AL	635,111	1,181,302	None	None	635,111	1,181,302		5,906		11/22/06	
Mobile	AL	635,111	1,181,302	None	None	635,111	1,181,302		5,906		11/22/06	
Mobile	AL	525,750	977,612	None	None	525,750		1,503,362	4,887		11/22/06	
Orange Beach	AL	630,244	1,171,839	None	None	630,244	1,171,839	1,802,083	5,858		11/22/06	300
Pelham	AL	635,111	1,180,712	None	None	635,111	1,180,712	1,815,823	5,903		11/22/06	300
Phenix City	AL	630,244	1,171,826	None	None	630,244	1,171,826		5,858		11/22/06	
Tucson	AZ	178,297	396,004	None	338	178,297	396,342	574,639	262,758		01/19/90	
Arvada	CO	301,489	931,092	None	None	301,489		1,232,581	228,155	09/22/00	11/18/99	
Aurora	CO	221,691 353,283	492,382 1,135,051	None	None	221,691	492,382 1,135,051	714,073	326,431 262,990	01/02/01	01/29/90 03/10/00	
Aurora Colorado	CO	280,193	622,317	None None	None None	353,283 280,193	622,317	902,510	412,573	01/03/01	03/10/00	
Springs Colorado	СО	192,988	433,542	None	None	192,988	433,542	626,530	242,641		05/20/93	
Springs			ŕ			,		Í		01/10/02		
Denver Westminster	CO	688,292 526,620	1,331,224 1,099,523	None None	None None	688,292 526,620	1,331,224 1,099,523		212,771 254,757	01/10/03 01/12/01	05/30/02 01/18/00	
Destin	FL	1,034,411	1,099,323	None		1,034,411	1,922,393		9,611	01/12/01	11/22/06	
	FL	635,111	1,180,835	None	None	635,111	1,180,835		5,903		11/22/06	
	FL	635,111	1,180,835	None	None	635,111	1,180,835	1,815,946	5,903		11/22/06	300
Lakeland	FL	500,000	645,402	None	None	500,000	645,402	1,145,402	214,247	06/04/98	12/31/97	300
Milton	FL	635,111	1,180,947	None	None	635,111	1,180,947	1,816,058	5,904		11/22/06	
Niceville	FL	920,803	1,711,423	None	None	920,803	1,711,423		8,556		11/22/06	
Orlando	FL	635,111	1,180,878	None	None	635,111	1,180,878		5,904		11/22/06	
Orlando	FL	630,244	1,171,826	None	None	630,244	1,171,826		5,858		11/22/06	
Oviedo	FL	971,996	1,806,583	None	None	971,996	1,806,583		9,032		11/22/06	
Pace	FL	630,244	1,171,795	None	None	630,244	1,171,795		5,858		11/22/06	
Panama City Bch		635,111	1,180,878	None	None	635,111	1,180,878		5,904		11/22/06	
Pensacola	FL	308,067	573,511	None	None	308,067	573,511	881,578	2,867		11/22/06	
Pensacola Pensacola	FL FL	635,111 588,305	1,180,865 1,093,933	None None	None None	635,111 588,305	1,180,865 1,093,933		5,904 5,469		11/22/06 11/22/06	
i clisacula	LL	300,303	1,093,933	None	None	300,303	1,073,733	1,002,238	5,409		11/22/00	500

		Initial Co	st to Company	Cost Capita Subseque to Acquisi	ent		mount at Which f Period (Notes 2 and 8)					Life on which
			Buildings, Improvements and				Buildings, Improvements and		Accumulated			in latest Income Statement
Description (Note 1)		Land	Acquisition Fees	Improvements	Carrying Costs	Land	Acquisition Fees	Total	(Note 4)	Date of Construction	Date Acquired	is Computed (in Months)
Sanford	FL	630,244	1,171,826	None	None	630,244	1,171,826	1,802,070	5,858		11/22/06	300
St. Cloud	FL	525,207	976,770	None	None	525,207		1,501,977	4,883		11/22/06	300
Tallahassee	FL	419,902	781,191	None	None	419,902		1,201,093	3,905		11/22/06	300
Tallahassee	FL FL	611,916 427,395	1,137,788	None None	None None	611,916 427,395	1,137,788 472,030		5,688	06/10/98	11/22/06 12/05/97	300 300
Tampa Union Park	FL	1,004,103	472,030 1,866,089	None		1,004,103	1,866,089		156,716 9,330	00/10/98	11/22/06	300
Alpharetta	GA	630,244	1,171,672	None	None	630,244	1,171,672		5,858		11/22/06	300
Columbus	GA	630,244	1,171,790	None	None	630,244	1,171,790		5,858		11/22/06	300
Conyers	GA	635,111	1,180,829	None	None	635,111	1,180,829		5,903		11/22/06	300
Conyers	GA	531,935	1,180,296	None	None	531,935	1,180,296	1,712,231	221,974	03/28/02	11/13/01	300
Duluth	GA	638,509	1,186,594	None	None	638,509	1,186,594		148,320		11/29/03	300
Hiram	GA	635,111	1,180,819	None	None	635,111	1,180,819		5,903		11/22/06	300
Kennesaw	GA	519,903	966,982	None	None	519,903		1,486,885	4,834		11/22/06	300
Lawrenceville		635,111	1,180,940	None	None	635,111	1,180,940		5,904		11/22/06	300
Marietta	GA	500,293	930,459	None	None	500,293		1,430,752	4,652 5,903		11/22/06	300 300
Mcdonough Norcross	GA GA	635,111 503,773	1,180,835 936,905	None None	None None	635,111 503,773	1,180,835	1,440,678	4,684		11/22/06 11/22/06	300
Peachtree	GA	625,316	1,162,629	None	None	625,316	1,162,629		5,812		11/22/06	300
City	0/1	023,310	1,102,02)	Trone	TTOTIC	023,310	1,102,02)	1,707,743	3,012		11/22/00	300
Roswell	GA	515,617	958,940	None	None	515,617	958,940	1,474,557	4,794		11/22/06	300
Sandy Springs		586,211	1,090,043	None	None	586,211	1,090,043	, . ,	5,449		11/22/06	300
Stockbridge	GA	632,128	1,175,280	None	None	632,128	1,175,280	1,807,408	5,876		11/22/06	300
Aurora	IL	513,204	953,885	None	None	513,204	953,885	1,467,089	119,232		11/29/03	300
Joliet	IL	452,267	840,716	None	None	452,267	840,716	1,292,983	105,085		11/29/03	300
Niles	IL	366,969	682,306	None	None	366,969		1,049,275	85,284		11/29/03	300
Orland Park	IL	663,087	1,232,240	None	None	663,087	1,232,240		154,026		11/29/03	300
Vernon Hills	IL	524,948	975,668	None	None	524,948		1,500,616	121,955 99,667		11/29/03	300 300
Village of Lombar	IL	428,170	795,965	None	2,000	428,170		1,226,135			11/29/03	
West Dundee		530,835	986,628	None	None	530,835 1,101,841		1,517,463	123,324 255,879		11/29/03 11/29/03	300 300
Overland Park Allston	MA	1,101,841 576,505	2,047,067 1,071,520	None None	None	576,505	2,047,067 1,071,520		133,935		11/29/03	300
Shrewsbury	MA	721,065	1,339,913	None	None	721,065	1,339,913		167,485		11/29/03	300
Waltham	MA	338,955	630,279	None	None	338,955	630,279	969,234	78,781		11/29/03	300
Weymouth	MA	752,234	1,397,799	None	None	752,234	1,397,799		174,721		11/29/03	300
Woburn	MA	676,968	1,258,018	None	None	676,968	1,258,018		157,248		11/29/03	300
Annapolis	MD	780,806	1,450,860	None	None	780,806	1,450,860		181,353		11/29/03	300
Bowie	MD	734,558	1,364,970	None	None	734,558	1,364,970		170,617		11/29/03	300
Capital Heights	MD	701,705	1,303,958	None	None	701,705	1,303,958		162,991		11/29/03	300
Germantown	MD	808,296	1,501,913	None	None	808,296	1,501,913		187,735		11/29/03	300
Waldorf	MD	427,033	793,854	None	None	427,033		1,220,887	99,228		11/29/03	300
Eagan	MN	902,443	845,536	None	300	902,443		1,748,279	283,500		02/20/98	
Ferguson	MO	386,112	717,856	None	None	386,112	· ·	1,103,968	89,728	00/00/00	11/29/03	300
Grandview	MO	347,150	711,024	None	None	347,150		1,058,174	235,856	08/20/98	02/20/98	
Independence Charlotte	NC	721,020 181,662	1,339,829 338,164	None None	None None	721,020 181,662	1,339,829	519,826	167,475 42,266		11/29/03 11/29/03	300 300
Matthews	NC	489,063	909,052	None	None	489,063		1,398,115	113,627		11/29/03	300
Omaha	NE	253,128	810,922	None	None	253,128		1,064,050	236,567	07/22/99	03/04/99	300
Manchester	NH	722,532	1,342,636	None	None	722,532	1,342,636		167,825	31122177	11/29/03	300
Newington	NH	690,753	1,283,624	None	None	690,753	1,283,624		160,449		11/29/03	300
Salem	NH	597,833	1,111,059	None	None	597,833	1,111,059		138,878		11/29/03	300

			et to Company Buildings, Improvements and	Cost Capita Subseque to Acquisi	ent tion	at Close of	nount at Which Period (Notes 2 and 8) Buildings, Improvements and		Accumulated			Life on which depreciation in latest Income Statemen
Description (Note 1)		Land	Acquisition Fees	Improvements	Carrying Costs	Land	Acquisition Fees	Total	(Note 4)	Date of Construction	Date Acquired	is Compute (in Month
Deptford	NJ	619,376	1,151,062	None	None	619,376	1,151,062	1,770,438	143,879		11/29/03	300
Maple Shade	NJ	508,285	944,750	None	None	508,285		1,453,035	118,090		11/29/03	300
Akron	OH	242,133	450,467	None	None	242,133	450,467	692,600	56,304		11/29/03	300
Cambridge	OH	103,368	192,760	None	7	103,368	192,767	296,135	24,093		11/29/03	300
Canton	OH	337,161	626,948	None	None	337,161	626,948	964,109	78,364		11/29/03	300
Cleveland Columbus	OH OH	582,107 385,878	1,081,848 717,422	None None	None None	582,107 385,878		1,663,955 1,103,300	135,227 89,674		11/29/03 11/29/03	300 300
Oklahoma City		509,370	752,691	None	None	509,370		1,262,061	227,233	04/14/99	09/24/98	
Oklahoma City		404,815	771,625	None	None	404,815		1,176,440	232,929	04/09/99	10/16/98	300
Greensburg	PA	594,891	1,105,589	None	None	594,891	1,105,589		138,195	0 11 0 11 7 7	11/29/03	300
Lancaster	PA	431,050	801,313	None	None	431,050		1,232,363	100,160		11/29/03	300
Mechanicsburg		455,854	847,377	None	None	455,854		1,303,231	105,918		11/29/03	300
Monroeville	PA	723,660	1,344,733	None	None	723,660	1,344,733	2,068,393	168,087		11/29/03	300
Philadelphia	PA	334,939	622,821	None	None	334,939	622,821	957,760	77,849		11/29/03	300
Pittsburgh	PA	384,756	715,339	None	None	384,756		1,100,095	89,413		11/29/03	300
York	PA	389,291	723,760	None	None	389,291		1,113,051	90,466		11/29/03	300
Columbia	SC	343,785	295,001	183,130	25,941	343,785	504,072		175,119	05/27/97	02/07/97	300
Sioux Falls	SD	332,979	498,108	None	None	332,979	498,108	831,087	166,880	06/01/99	02/27/98	
Goodlettsville	TN TX	601,306 599,558	1,117,504	None	None	601,306 599,558	1,117,504		139,684 139,278		11/29/03 11/29/03	300 300
Arlington Austin	TX	185,454	1,114,256 411,899	None None	None None	185,454	1,114,256 411,899		271,771		02/06/90	
Austin	TX	710,485	1,320,293	None	None	710,485	1,320,293		165,032		11/29/03	300
Austin	TX	590,828	1,098,073	None	None	590,828	1,098,073		137,254		11/29/03	300
Austin	TX	569,909	1,059,195	None	None	569,909	1,059,195		132,395		11/29/03	300
Austin	TX	532,497	989,715	None	None	532,497	989,715	1,522,212	123,710		11/29/03	300
Carrollton	TX	568,401	1,056,394	None	None	568,401	1,056,394	1,624,795	132,045		11/29/03	300
Conroe	TX	396,068	736,346	None	None	396,068	736,346	1,132,414	92,039		11/29/03	300
Dallas	TX	191,267	424,811	None	15,209	191,267	440,020		287,210		01/26/90	
Fort Worth	TX	543,950	1,010,984	None	None	543,950	1,010,984		126,369		11/29/03	300
Garland	TX	242,887	539,461	None	None	242,887	539,461	782,348	357,642		01/19/90	
Harlingen	TX	134,599	298,948	None	None	134,599	298,948	433,547	198,192		01/17/90	
Houston Houston	TX TX	151,018 392,113	335,417 729,002	None None	141 None	151,018 392,113	335,558	486,576 1,121,115	222,446 91,121		01/25/90 11/29/03	300 300
Houston		1,030,379	1,914,353	None		1,030,379	1,914,353		239,290		11/29/03	300
Houston	TX	619,101	1,150,551	None	None	619,101	1,150,551		143,815		11/29/03	300
Houston	TX	642,495	1,193,997	None	None	642,495	1,193,997		149,246		11/29/03	300
Houston	TX	872,866	1,621,829	None	None	872,866	1,621,829		202,725		11/29/03	300
Humble	TX	612,414	1,138,132	None	None	612,414		1,750,546	142,262		11/29/03	300
Leon Valley	TX	178,221	395,834	None	None	178,221	395,834	574,055	262,423		01/17/90	300
Leon Valley	TX	529,967	985,046	None	None	529,967	985,046	1,515,013	123,126		11/29/03	300
Mesquite	TX	591,538	1,099,363	None	None	591,538		1,690,901	137,416		11/29/03	
N. Richland Hills	TX	509,861	947,707	None	None	509,861	947,707	1,457,568	118,459		11/29/03	300
Pasadena	TX	107,391	238,519	None	141	107,391	238,660	346,051	158,207		01/24/90	
Plano	TX	187,564	417,157	700	None	187,564	417,857		276,388		01/18/90	
Plano	TX	494,407	918,976	None	None	494,407		1,413,383	114,868		11/29/03	
Richardson	TX	555,188	1,031,855	None	None	555,188	1,031,855		128,978		11/29/03	300
San Antonio	TX	245,164	544,518	None	None	245,164	544,518		359,273		02/14/90	
San Antonio	TX	688,249	1,278,967	None	None	688,249	1,278,967		159,867		11/29/03	
Stafford	TX	706,786	1,313,395	None	None	706,786	1,313,395	2,020,181	164,170		11/29/03	300

			ost to Company Buildings, Improvements and	Cost Capit Subseque to Acquisi	ent	Gross Amount at Which at Close of Period (Notes 7 and 8) Buildings, Improvements and			Accumulated			Life on which depreciation in latest Income Statement
Description (Note 1)		Land	Acquisition Fees	Improvements	Carrying Costs	Land	Acquisition Fees	Total	Depreciation (Note 4)	Date of Construction	Date Acquired	is Computed (in Months)
Waco	TX	401,999	747,362	None	None	401,999	747,362	1,149,361	93,416		11/29/03	300
Webster		600,261	1,115,563	None		600,261	1,115,563	1,715,824	139,441		11/29/03	300
Bountiful	UT	183,750	408,115	None	143	183,750	408,258	592,008	270,679		01/30/90	
Alexandria		542,791	1,008,832	None		542,791	1,008,832		126,100		11/29/03	300
Alexandria		592,698	1,101,517	None		592,698	1,101,517		137,685		11/29/03	300
Lynchburg		342,751	637,329	None		342,751	637,329	980,080	79,662		11/29/03	
Woodbridge			1,439,806	None		774,854	1,439,806		179,972		11/29/03	300
Tacoma		187,111	415,579	None		187,111	415,687	602,798	275,600		01/25/90	
Brown Deer			802,141	None		257,408		1,059,549	258,084	12/15/98	07/16/98	
Delafield		324,574	772,702	None		324,574		1,097,276	224,717	07/29/99	02/26/99	
Madison		452,630	811,977	None		452,630		1,264,607	266,655	10/20/98	04/07/98	
Oak Creek	WI	420,465	852,408	None	None	420,465	852,408	1,272,873	279,933	08/07/98	03/20/98	300
Book Stores												
Tampa	FI	998,250	3,696,707	None	None	998,250	3,696,707	A 60A 057	1,447,810		03/11/97	300
Matthews		768,222	843,401	21,654		768,222		1,633,778	274,629		12/31/98	
Watthe ws	110	700,222	015,101	21,001	501	700,222	003,330	1,055,770	271,029		12/31/70	500
Business Services												
Jackson	MI	550,162	571,590	None	602	550,162	572,192	1,122,354	180,653	01/15/99	09/25/98	300
Child Care												
Birmingham		63,800	295,791	None	96		295,887	359,687	271,862		10/31/84	
Mobile	AL	78,400	237,671	25,000	411	78,400	263,082	341,482	240,208		10/15/82	
Avondale		242,723	1,129,139	None		242,723	1,129,139		340,710	04/20/99	07/28/98	
Chandler		291,720	647,923	None		291,720	648,025	939,745	481,851		12/11/87	300
Chandler		271,695	603,446	None		271,695	603,560	875,255	448,826	07/26/00	12/14/87	300
Mesa		308,951	1,025,612	None		308,951	1,025,612		299,174	07/26/99	01/13/99	
Peoria Phoenix		281,750 318,500	625,779 707,397	None None		281,750	625,920	907,670 1,025,994	459,242 505,292		03/30/88 09/29/88	
Phoenix		264,504	587,471	None		318,500 264,504	587,559	852,063	380,246		06/29/90	
Phoenix		260,719	516,181	None		260,719	516,376	777,095	324,417		12/26/90	
Phoenix		115,000	285,172	None		115,000	285,525	400,525	285,378		02/08/84	
Scottsdale		291,993	648,529	None		291,993	648,529	940,522	482,239		12/14/87	300
Tempe		292,200	648,989	None		292,200	648,989	941.189	476,188		03/10/88	
Tucson		304,500	676,303	None		304,500	676,545	981,045	483,127		09/28/88	
Tucson		283,500	546,878	None		283,500	547,013	830,513	390,683		09/29/88	
Calabasas		156,430	725,248	None		156,430	725,537	881,967	638,225		09/26/85	
Carmichael		131,035	607,507	None		131,035	607,507	738,542	513,245		08/22/86	
Chino		155,000	634,071	None		155,000	634,154	789,154	634,136		10/06/83	
Chula Vista	CA	350,563	778,614	None		350,563		1,129,177	584,106		10/30/87	
Corona		144,856	671,584	None		144,856	671,675	816,531	613,201		12/19/84	300
El Cajon	CA	157,804	731,621	None	122	157,804	731,743	889,547	636,883		12/19/85	300
Encinitas		320,000	710,729	None		320,000		1,030,729	528,490		12/29/87	300
Escondido		276,286	613,638	None		276,286	613,638	889,924	456,294		12/31/87	
Folsom	CA	281,563	625,363	None	199	281,563	625,562	907,125	469,829		10/23/87	300
Mission												
Viejo	CA	353,891	744,367	12,500	20,183	353,891	777,050	1,130,941	447,802		06/24/93	300
Moreno												
Valley		304,489	676,214	None		304,489	676,214	980,703	525,303		02/11/87	
Oceanside	CA	145,568	674,889	11,000	22,105	145,568	707,994	853,562	589,341		12/23/85	300

		Initial C	ost to Company Buildings, Improvements	Cost Capit Subsequ to Acquisi	ent		amount at Which of Period (Notes 7 and 8) Buildings, Improvements					Life on which depreciation in latest Income
Description (Note 1)		Land	and Acquisition Fees	Improvements	Carrying Costs	Land	and Acquisition Fees	Total	Accumulated Depreciation (Note 4)	Date of Construction	Date Acquired	Statement is Computed
Palmdale	CA	249,490	554,125	9,864	None	249,490	563,989	813,479	398,563		09/14/88	300
Rancho Cordova	CA	276,328	613,733	24,967	None	276,328	638,700	915,028	431.037		03/22/89	300
Rancho	CA	270,326	013,733	24,907	None	270,326	038,700	913,026	431,037		03122169	300
Cucamonga	CA	471,733	1,047,739	None	None	471,733	1,047,739	1,519,472	779,088		12/30/87	300
Roseville		297,343	660,411	27,496		297,343	688,106	985,449	501,328		10/21/87	300
Sacramento		290,734	645,732	None		290,734	645,732	936,466	484,419		10/05/87	300
Santee		248,418	551,748	None		248,418	551,763	800,181	419,407		07/23/87	300
Simi Valley Valencia		208,585 301,295	967,055 669,185	None 25,000	-	208,585 301,295	1,042,730 694,185	995,480	843,122 488,308		12/20/85 06/23/88	300 300
Walnut		217,365	1,007,753	None		217,365	1,007,901		851,417		08/22/86	300
Aurora		287,000	637,440	None		287,000	637,595	924,595	474,114		12/31/87	300
Aurora		141,811	657,497	None		141,811	657,643	799,454	566,103		03/25/86	300
Broomfield		155,306	344,941	25,000	80	155,306	370,021	525,327	257,819		03/15/88	300
Broomfield Colorado	CO	107,000	403,080	10,338	13,118	107,000	426,536	533,536	413,561		01/12/83	180
Springs	CO	115,542	535,700	None	146	115,542	535,846	651,388	446,267		12/04/86	300
Colorado		50.400	271 217	25.000	150	50.400	206.276	254.776	275 415		12/22/02	100
Springs	CO	58,400	271,217	25,000	159	58,400	296,376	354,776	275,415		12/22/82	180
Englewood Fort Collins		131,216 117,105	608,372 542,950	None None		131,216 117,105	608,518 543,096	739,734 660,201	506,804 467,482		12/05/86 03/25/86	300 300
Fort Collins		137,734	638,593	None		137,734	638,751	776,485	549,829		03/25/86	300
Fort Collins	CO		256,356	None	3,600		259,956	315,156	259,596		12/22/82	180
Greeley	CO		270,755	25,000	382		296,137	354,537	252,896		11/21/84	300
Littleton	CO	161,617	358,956	None	438	161,617	359,394	521,011	267,172		12/10/87	300
Longmont	CO	115,592	535,931	None		115,592	536,077	651,669	461,439		03/25/86	300
Louisville	CO	,	269,313	None		58,089	269,751	327,840	250,761		06/22/84	300
Parker		153,551	341,042	None		153,551	341,480	495,031	256,390		10/19/87	300
Westminster		306,387	695,737	None		306,387	·	1,002,279	488,926		09/27/89	300
Bradenton Clearwater	FL	160,060 42,223	355,501 269,380	25,000 None	134	160,060 42,223	380,635 269,504	540,695 311,727	265,415 269,438		05/05/88 12/22/81	300 180
Jacksonville		184,800	410,447	22,872		184,800	433,443	618,243	287,965		03/30/89	300
Jacksonville	FL	48,000	243,060	None	233		243,293	291,293	243,245		12/22/81	180
Margate	FL	66,686	309,183	None	184		309,367	376,053	257,184		12/16/86	300
Melbourne	FL	256,439	549,345	None	None	256,439	549,345	805,784	315,627		04/16/93	300
Niceville	FL	73,696	341,688	None		73,696	341,688	415,384	284,627		12/03/86	300
Orlando		68,001	313,922	None		68,001	314,231	382,232	276,617		09/04/85	300
Orlando		159,177 190,050	353,538	None None		159,177 190,050	353,857	513,034 612,281	268,867		07/02/87	300 300
Orlando Oviedo		166,409	422,107 369,598	None		166,409	422,231 369,917	536,326	293,378 276,178		03/30/89 11/20/87	300
Panama City		69,500	244,314	14,500		69,500	260,927	330,427	250,777		06/15/82	180
Pensacola		147,000	326,492	None		147,000	326,588	473,588	226,929		03/28/89	300
Royal Palm	E	104 102	421 200	25,000	12.4	104 102	156 112	650.636	207.71.1		11/15/00	200
Beach		194,193 146,939	431,309	25,000 None		194,193 146,939	456,443	650,636	307,714 243,857		11/15/88	300
Spring Hill St. Augustine			326,356 213,040	None None		44,800	326,494 213,174	473,433 257,974	243,857		11/24/87 12/22/81	300 180
Sunrise		245,000	533,280	None		245,000	534,606	779,606	369,429		05/25/89	300
Tampa		53,385	199,846	None		53,385	199,980	253,365	199,953		12/22/81	180
Duluth		310,000	1,040,008	None		310,000	1,040,008		299,918	08/25/99	06/07/99	300
Ellenwood	GA	119,678	275,414	None	158	119,678	275,572	395,250	195,041		11/16/88	300
Lawrenceville			314,161	3,766		141,449	331,804	473,253	236,387		07/07/88	300
Lithia Springs		-	363,358	None		187,444	363,598	551,042	247,221		12/28/89	300
Lithonia		239,715	524,459	None		239,715	524,815	764,530	340,001		08/20/91	300
Marietta	UΑ	292,250	649,095	None	1//	292,250	649,272	941,522	457,423		12/02/88	300

and and Accumulated  Description Acquisition Carrying Acquisition Depreciation	Date of I		in latest Income
(Note 1) Land Fees Improvements Costs Land Fees Total (Note 4) Co	onstruction Acc		Statement is Computed (in Months)
Marietta GA 295,750 596,299 None 177 295,750 596,476 892,226 420,229	12	2/30/88	300
Marietta GA 301,000 668,529 None 177 301,000 668,706 969,706 471,114	12	2/30/88	300
Marietta GA 148,620 330,090 25,000 178 148,620 355,268 503,888 241,178		9/16/88	300
Smyrna GA 274,750 610,229 None 100 274,750 610,329 885,079 431,934		1/15/88	300
Stockbridge GA 168,700 374,688 24,894 93 168,700 399,675 568,375 265,123 Stone	03	3/28/89	300
Mountain GA 65,000 301,357 None 719 65,000 302,076 367,076 268,449		6/19/85	300
Cedar Rapids IA 194,950 427,085 None None 194,950 427,085 622,035 259,020		9/24/92	300
Iowa City IA 186,900 408,910 None None 186,900 408,910 595,810 249,641		9/24/92	300
Johnston IA 186,996 347,278 None None 186,996 347,278 534,274 209,602		8/19/91	300
Addison         IL         125,780         583,146         None         241         125,780         583,387         709,167         502,128           Algonquin         IL         241,500         509,629         None         20,382         241,500         530,011         771,511         331,438		3/25/86 7/10/90	300 300
Algonquin         IL         241,500         509,629         None         20,382         241,500         530,011         771,511         331,438           Aurora         IL         165,679         398,738         None         406         165,679         399,144         564,823         281,231		2/21/88	300
Aurora IL 468,000 1,259,926 None None 468,000 1,259,926 1,727,926 354,970		6/14/99	300
Bartlett IL 120,824 560,166 None 241 120,824 560,407 681,231 482,342		3/25/86	300
Carol Stream IL 122,831 586,416 None 241 122,831 586,657 709,488 504,943		3/25/86	300
Crystal Lake IL 400,000 1,259,424 None None 400,000 1,259,424 1,659,424 359,017 Elk Grove	09/28/99 05	5/14/99	300
Village IL 126,860 588,175 None 241 126,860 588,416 715,276 506,458	03	3/26/86	300
Glendale Heights IL 318,500 707,399 None None 318,500 707,399 1,025,899 500,640	11	1/16/88	300
Hoffman           Estates         IL 318,500         707,399         None         None 318,500         707,399         1,025,899         491,526	03	3/31/89	300
Lake in the			
Hills IL 375,000 1,127,678 None None 375,000 1,127,678 1,502,678 321,466		5/14/99	300
Lockport IL 189,477 442,018 None 557 189,477 442,575 632,052 331,939		0/29/87	300
Naperville IL 425,000 1,230,654 None None 425,000 1,230,654 1,655,654 346,717 O Fallon IL 141,250 313,722 None 468 141,250 314,190 455,440 235,720		5/19/99 0/30/87	300 300
Oswego IL 380,000 1,165,818 None 1,182 380,000 1,167,000 1,547,000 337,143		6/30/99	300
Palatine IL 121,911 565,232 None 241 121,911 565,473 687,384 486,704		3/25/86	300
Roselle IL 297,541 561,037 None None 297,541 561,037 858,578 395,246		2/30/88	300
Schaumburg IL 218,798 485,955 None 406 218,798 486,361 705,159 361,675		2/17/87	300
Vernon Hills IL 132,523 614,430 None 241 132,523 614,671 747,194 529,062	03	3/25/86	300
Westmont IL 124,742 578,330 None 241 124,742 578,571 703,313 497,981	03	3/25/86	300
Carmel IN 217,565 430,742 None 289 217,565 431,031 648,596 270,815		2/27/90	300
Fishers IN 212,118 419,958 None 453 212,118 420,411 632,529 264,041		2/27/90	300
Highland IN 220,460 436,476 None 226 220,460 436,702 657,162 274,408		2/26/90	300
Indianapolis IN 245,000 544,153 None 154 245,000 544,307 789,307 352,220 Noblesville IN 60,000 278,175 None 289 60,000 278,464 338,464 250,345		6/29/90 4/30/85	300 300
Lenexa KS 318,500 707,399 14,200 4,208 318,500 725,807 1,044,307 497,543		3/31/89	300
Olathe KS 304,500 676,308 None 169 304,500 676,477 980,977 483,118		9/28/88	300
Overland		,, <b>2</b> 0,00	200
Park KS 357,500 1,115,171 None None 357,500 1,115,171 1,472,671 325,295	07/23/99 05	5/14/99	300
Shawnee KS 315,000 699,629 None 200 315,000 699,829 1,014,829 497,507	10	0/27/88	300
Shawnee KS 288,246 935,875 None None 288,246 935,875 1,224,121 294,841	12/29/98 08	8/24/98	300
Wichita KS 209,890 415,549 2,843 171 209,890 418,563 628,453 261,481		2/26/90	300
Wichita KS 108,569 401,829 None 167 108,569 401,996 510,565 322,937		2/16/86	300
Lexington KY 210,427 420,883 None None 210,427 420,883 631,310 264,997		8/20/91	300
Acton MA 315,533 700,813 None None 315,533 700,813 1,016,346 500,514		9/30/88	300
Marlborough MA 352,765 776,488 None 387 352,765 776,875 1,129,640 549,780		1/04/88	300
Westborough MA 359,412 773,877 None 333 359,412 774,210 1,133,622 547,914		1/01/88	300
Ellicott City MD 219,368 630,839 26,550 None 219,368 657,389 876,757 447,899 Frederick MD 203,352 1,017,109 None None 203,352 1,017,109 1,220,461 344,122		2/19/88 7/06/98	300 300
Olney MD 342,500 760,701 None None 342,500 760,701 1,103,201 565,649		2/18/87	300
Waldorf MD 130,430 604,702 None 453 130,430 605,155 735,585 557,542		9/26/84	300

	Cost Capitalized Subsequent  Initial Cost to Company Buildings, Improvements		ent	Gross Amount at Which Carried at Close of Period (Notes 2, 3, 5, 6 7 and 8) Buildings,						Life on which depreciation		
Description (Note 1)		Land	Buildings, Improvements and Acquisition Fees	Improvements	Carrying Costs	Land	Buildings, Improvements and Acquisition Fees	Total	Accumulated Depreciation (Note 4)	Date of Construction	Date Acquired	in latest Income Statement is Computed (in Months)
Waldorf	MD	237,207	526,844	None	399	237,207	527,243	764,450	391,915		12/31/87	300
Canton	MI	55,000	378,848	None	None	55,000	378,848	433,848	378,848		10/06/82	180
Apple												
Valley	MN	113,523	526,319	None	498	113,523	526,817	640,340	453,380		03/26/86	300
Brooklyn	MAT	110 111	517 507	None	400	110 111	510 005	666 106	471 601		02/26/96	300
Park Eagan		118,111 112,127	547,587 519,845	None None		118,111 112,127	548,085 520,343	666,196 632,470	471,691 447,806		03/26/86 03/31/86	300
Eden Prairie		- 1	576,243	None		124,286	576,741	701,027	496,363		03/27/86	300
Maple Grove			660,149	None		313,250	660,338	973,588	427,889		07/11/90	300
Plymouth	MN	134,221	622,350	None	673	134,221	623,023	757,244	518,901		12/12/86	300
White Bear												
Lake		242,165	537,856	None		242,165	538,045	780,210	344,810		08/30/90	300
Florissant		318,500	707,399	None		318,500		1,026,129	491,683		03/30/89	300
Florissant		181,300 294,000	402,672	None		181,300	402,902	584,202	279,948		03/29/89	300
Gladstone Lee s Summi			652,987 532,220	None None		294,000 239,627	653,314 532,389	947,314 772,016	466,544 359,155		09/29/88 09/27/89	300 300
Lee s Summi		/	993,787	None		330,000		1,323,787	289,884	07/26/99	06/17/99	300
Lee s Summi			939,367	None		313,740		1,253,107	270,898	09/08/99	06/30/99	300
Liberty	MO		303,211	25,000	169		328,380	393,780	275,028		06/18/85	300
North												
•		307,784	910,401	None		307,784		1,218,185	292,325	09/28/99	08/21/98	300
Pearl		121,801	270,524	18,837		121,801	301,648	423,449	199,397		11/15/88	300
Charlette	NC	75,200	262,973	None			263,295	338,495	263,247		01/25/84	180
Charlotte Charlotte	NC	134,582 27,551	268,222 247,000	24,478 None	228	134,582 27,551	292,858 247,228	427,440 274,779	194,218 247,228		11/16/88 12/23/81	300 180
Concord	NC	32,441	190,859	None	151	32,441	191,010	223,451	190,980		12/23/81	180
Durham		175,700	390,234	26,312		175,700	416,640	592,340	276,448		03/29/89	300
Durham		220,728	429,380	None		220,728	429,481	650,209	292,567		12/29/89	300
Durham	NC	238,000	471,201	None	94	238,000	471,295	709,295	284,443		08/20/91	300
Kernersville	NC	162,216	316,300	None		162,216	316,393	478,609	215,764		12/14/89	300
Bellevue	NE	60,568	280,819	None	167	60,568	280,986	341,554	233,589		12/16/86	300
Omaha Omaha	NE NE	60,500 53,000	280,491 245,720	None None	146 146	60,500 53,000	280,637 245,866	341,137 298,866	260,205 226,082		08/01/84 10/11/84	300 300
Omaha		142,867	317,315	None		142,867	317,482	460,349	235,973		12/09/87	300
Londonderry			745,082	None		335,467		1,080,603	505,810		08/18/89	300
Clementon		279,851	554,060	None		279,851	554,459	834,310	332,856		09/09/91	300
Las Vegas	NV	201,250	446,983	None	None	201,250	446,983	648,233	289,284		06/29/90	300
Sparks		244,752	543,605	None		244,752	543,605	788,357	402,430		01/29/88	300
Beavercreek		179,552	398,786	None		179,552	398,937	578,489	304,468		06/30/87	300
Centerville		174,519	387,613	None		174,519	387,764	562,283	294,648		07/23/87	300
Dublin Englewood	OH OH	84,000 74,000	389,446 343,083	None None		84,000 74,000	389,622 343,413	473,622 417,413	342,004 300,996		10/08/85 10/23/85	300 300
Forest Park		170,778	379,305	None		170,778	379,456	550,234	286,232		09/28/87	300
Huber		2,0,,,,	2.7,2.00	- 10000		,	277,122					
Heights	ОН	245,000	544,153	None	222	245,000	544,375	789,375	347,177		09/27/90	300
Loveland		206,136	457,829	None		206,136	457,980	664,116	354,132		03/20/87	300
Maineville		173,105	384,468	None		173,105	384,619	557,724	297,389		03/06/87	300
Pickerington			406,055	None		87,580	406,231	493,811	338,386		12/11/86	300
Westerville		294,350	646,557	None		294,350	646,672	941,022	415,485		09/26/90	300
Westerville Broken	UH	82,000	380,173	None	344	82,000	380,517	462,517	333,974		10/08/85	300
Arrow	OK	78,705	220,434	None	1,700	78,705	222,134	300,839	221,850		01/27/83	180
Midwest	011	. 0,703	220,134	Tione	2,700	. 0,703	222,134	200,007	221,030		01,21103	100
City Oklahoma	OK	67,800	314,338	None	403	67,800	314,741	382,541	278,832		08/14/85	300
City	OK	79,000	366,261	17,659	461	79,000	384,381	463,381	341,591		11/14/84	300

## Edgar Filing: REALTY INCOME CORP - Form 10-K

Oklahoma City	OK	50,800	214,474	None	3,013	50,800	217,487	268,287	217,487	06/15/82	180
•											
						F-14					

		Initial Co	ost to Company Buildings, Improvements and	Cost Capita Subseque to Acquisi	ent		amount at Which of Period (Notes 7 and 8) Buildings, Improvements and		Accumulated			Life on which depreciation in latest Income Statement
Description (Note 1)		Land	Acquisition Fees	Improvements	Carrying Costs	Land	Acquisition Fees	Total	Depreciation (Note 4)	Date of Construction	Date Acquired	is Computed
Yukon	OK	61,000	282,812	27,000	379	61,000	310,191	371,191	258,794		05/02/85	300
Beaverton	OR	135,148	626,647	None	218	135,148	626,865	762,013	521,220		12/17/86	300
Charleston	SC	125,593	278,947	None		125,593	279,098	404,691	202,971		05/26/88	300
Charleston		140,700	312,498	25,000		140,700	337,607	478,307	221,817		03/28/89	300
Columbia	SC	58,160	269,643	None	1,296	58,160	270,939	329,099	248,387		11/14/84	300
Elgin		160,831	313,600	None		160,831	313,663	474,494	213,896		12/14/89	300
Goose Creek		61,635	192,905	None	292	61,635	193,197	254,832	193,197		12/22/81	180
Mt. Pleasant		40,700	180,400	None	63	40,700	180,463	221,163	180,435		12/22/81	180
Summerville		44,400	174,500	None	63	44,400	174,563	218,963	174,535		12/22/81	180
Sumter	SC	56,010	268,903	None	1,007	56,010	269,910	325,920	239,760		06/18/85	300
Memphis Memphis		238,263 238,000	504,897 528,608	None None		238,263 238,000	505,616 529,327	743,879 767,327	360,984 377,920		09/29/88 09/30/88	300 300
Memphis		221,501	491,962	None		221,501	492,306	713,807	315,398		08/31/90	300
Nashville		274,298	609,223	None		274,298	609,319	883,617	423,380		03/30/89	300
Arlington		238,000	528,604	None		238,000	528,844	766,844	377,630		09/26/88	300
Arlington		241,500	550,559	None		241,500	563,948	805,448	407,668		09/22/89	300
Arlington	TX		380,677	None		82,109	380,731	462,840	347,958		12/13/84	300
Arlington		195,650	387,355	None		195,650	387,355	583,005	241,000		02/07/91	300
Atascocita		278,915	1,034,868	None		278,915	1,034,868		301,867	07/19/99	05/14/99	300
Austin		236,733	640,023	36,746		236,733	701,100	937,833	395,603		09/27/88	300
Austin	TX	134,383	623,103	None	642	134,383	623,745	758,128	518,603		12/23/86	300
Austin	TX	238,000	528,604	None	99	238,000	528,703	766,703	365,673		04/06/89	300
Austin	TX	191,636	425,629	15,530	110	191,636	441,269	632,905	303,618		12/22/88	300
Austin	TX	217,878	483,913	29,469	99	217,878	513,481	731,359	337,720		06/22/89	300
Austin	TX	103,600	230,532	8,750	15,414	103,600	254,696	358,296	244,612		10/29/82	
Austin	TX	88,872	222,684	None	459	88,872	223,143	312,015	222,896		01/12/83	180
Bedford		241,500	550,559	None		241,500	550,559	792,059	405,091		09/22/89	300
Carrollton		277,850	617,113	None		277,850	617,113	894,963	458,879		12/11/87	300
Cedar Park		168,857	375,036	5,200		168,857	380,335	549,192	266,316		11/21/88	300
Colleyville		250,000	1,070,360	None		250,000	1,070,360		308,665	08/17/99	05/14/99	300
Converse		217,000	481,963	None		217,000	481,973	698,973	344,222		09/28/88	300
Coppell		208,641	463,398	None		208,641	463,518	672,159	344,632	06/04/00	12/11/87 05/19/99	300
Corinth Duncanville	TX	285,000 93,000	1,041,626 431,172	None 11,610	10,919	285,000 93,000	1,041,626 453,701	546,701	307,274 398,233	06/04/99	05/08/85	300 300
Euless		234,111	519,962	None		234,111	519,962	754.073	398,702		05/08/83	300
Flower	IΛ	234,111	319,902	None	None	234,111	319,902	134,013	390,702		03/06/67	300
Mound	TX	202,773	442,845	None	79	202,773	442,924	645,697	341,069		04/20/87	300
Flower		202,775	,	1,0110	.,	202,770	, ,	0.0,077	2.1,000		0 11 20101	200
Mound	TX	281,735	1,099,726	None	None	281,735	1,099,726	1.381.461	331,723	04/23/99	01/13/99	300
Fort Worth		238,000	528,608	None		238,000	528,608	766,608	377,528	,	09/26/88	
Fort Worth		85,518	396,495	24,625		85,518	421,236	506,754			12/03/86	
Fort Worth		210,007	444,460	None		210,007	444,460	654,467	295,407		02/01/90	
Fort Worth		216,160	427,962	None		216,160	427,962	644,122			02/07/91	300
Garland Grand	TX	211,050	468,749	None	124	211,050	468,873	679,923	312,264		12/12/89	300
Prairie	TX	167,164	371,276	None	2,661	167,164	373,937	541,101	263,103		12/13/88	300
Houston		219,100	486,631	None		219,100	486,755	705,855	347,564		09/30/88	
Houston		219,100	486,628	None		219,100	486,769	705,869			11/16/88	
Houston		60,000	278,175	None		60,000	278,472	338,472			05/01/85	
Houston		102,000	472,898	None		102,000	473,176	575,176			05/01/85	
Houston	TX	139,125	308,997	None	484	139,125	309,481	448,606	237,129		05/22/87	300
Houston	TX	141,296	313,824	None	362	141,296	314,186	455,482	238,741		07/24/87	300

				Cost Capita Subseque			amount at Which of Period (Notes					Life on which
		Initial Co	ost to Company Buildings, Improvements and	to Acquisi			7 and 8) Buildings, Improvements and		Accumulated			depreciation in latest Income Statement
Description (Note 1)		Land	Acquisition Fees	Improvements	Carrying Costs	Land	Acquisition Fees	Total	Depreciation (Note 4)	Date of Construction	Date Acquired	is Computed (in Months)
Houston	TX	294,582	919,276	None	None	294,582	919,276	1,213,858	286,556	01/11/99	08/14/98	300
Houston		149,109	323,314	None	13,986	149,109	337,300	486,409	231,811		06/26/89	300
Katy		309,898	983,041	None		309,898	•	1,292,939	312,960	11/30/98	08/21/98	300
Lewisville		192,777	428,121	None		192,777	428,200	620,977	332,980		01/07/87	300
Mansfield		181,375	402,839	None		181,375	402,963	584,338	268,360		12/20/89	300
Mesquite	TX	85,000	394,079	None	132	85,000	394,211	479,211	362,207		10/24/84	300
Mesquite		139,466	326,525	None		139,466	326,604	466,070	208,367		10/08/92	300
Pasadena	TX	60,000	278,173	None	295	60,000	278,468	338,468	255,835		10/23/84	300
Plano Plano		261,912 250,514	581,658 556,399	None None		261,912 250,514	581,861	843,773 806,913	453,841 413,732		01/06/87 12/10/87	300 300
Plano		259,000	575,246	None		259,000	556,399 575,486	834,486	410,941		09/27/88	300
Round Rock		80,525	373,347	None		80,525	373,788	454,313	310,712		12/16/86	300
Round Rock			413,957	30,800		186,380	444,856	631,236	291,519		04/19/89	300
San Antonio			606,596	None		130,833	606,735	737,568	522,366		03/24/86	300
San Antonio			520,831	None		234,500	521,333	755,833	387,564		12/29/87	300
San Antonio		217,000	481,967	None		217,000	482,228	699,228	342,739		10/14/88	300
San Antonio			447,108	None		220,500	447,369	667,869	310,751		03/30/89	300
San Antonio			475,288	None		102,512	475,589	578,101	396,036		12/03/86	300
San Antonio		81,530	378,007	None	139		378,146	459,676	314,992		12/11/86	300
San Antonio	TX	139,125	308,997	None	401	139,125	309,398	448,523	237,135		05/22/87	300
San Antonio	TX	181,412	402,923	None	502	181,412	403,425	584,837	306,554		07/07/87	300
San Antonio	TX	182,868	406,155	18,940	110	182,868	425,205	608,073	291,384		12/06/88	300
Southlake	TX	228,279	511,750	None	None	228,279	511,750	740,029	308,664		03/10/93	300
Sugar Land	TX	339,310	1,000,876	None	None	339,310	1,000,876	1,340,186	298,593	05/30/99	01/13/99	300
Layton		136,574	269,008	None		136,574	269,151	405,725	182,836		02/01/90	300
Sandy	UT	168,089	373,330	None	143	168,089	373,473	541,562	246,438		02/01/90	300
Centreville		371,000	824,003	None		371,000		1,195,097	556,789		09/29/89	300
Chesapeake		190,050	422,107	24,568		190,050	446,769	636,819	298,036		03/28/89	300
Glen Allen		74,643	346,060	None	94		346,154	420,797	321,935		06/20/84	300
Portsmouth		171,575	381,073	24,932		171,575	406,208	577,783	272,728		12/21/88	300
Richmond		269,500	598,567	None		269,500	598,863	868,363	415,983		03/28/89	300
Richmond	VA	71,001	327,771	None	7,947	71,001	335,718	406,719	294,932		09/04/85	300
Virginia	3.7.A	(0.000	220.270	NT.	050	(0.000	221 222	200 202	204.242		11/15/04	200
Beach	VA	69,080	320,270	None	952	69,080	321,222	390,302	294,242		11/15/84	300
Woodbridge	VA	338,030	795,239	None	None	358,050	195,239	1,153,289	567,953		09/29/88	300
Federal Way	337 A	150 795	600 101	None	225	150 795	600 226	950 111	501 550		12/17/96	200
Way Federal	W A	150,785	699,101	None	223	150,785	699,326	850,111	581,558		12/17/86	300
Way	WΔ	261,943	581,782	27,500	None	261,943	609,282	871,225	415,474		11/21/88	300
W ay Kent		140,763	678,809	None		140,763	679,034	819,797	564,681		12/17/86	300
Kent		128,300	539,141	None		128,300	561,354	689,654	552,842		06/03/83	180
Kirkland		301,000	668,534	None		301,000	668,642	969,642	490,615		03/31/88	300
Puyallup		195,552	434,327	27,000		195,552	461,327	656,879	310,895		12/06/88	300
Redmond		279,830	621,513	None		279,830	621,738	901,568	472,522		07/27/87	300
Renton		111,183	515,490	None		111,183	515,598	626,781	443,902		03/24/86	300
Appleton		196,000	424,038	None		196,000	424,220	620,220	275,242		07/10/90	300
Waukesha		233,100	461,500	None		233,100	461,682	694,782	290,093		12/13/90	
Waukesha		215,950	427,546	None		215,950	427,728	643,678	268,757		12/13/90	300
Consumer Electronics												
Tuscaloosa	AL	204,790	585,115	None	1,166	204,790	586,281	791,071	237,098		11/26/96	
Bradenton	FL	174,948	240,928	None		174,948	241,097	416,045	97,700		11/26/96	300

		Initial Co	st to Company Buildings, Improvements	Cost Capit: Subseque to Acquisi	ent		mount at Which of Period (Notes and 8) Buildings, Improvements					Life on which depreciatio in latest Income
Description (Note 1)		Land	and Acquisition Fees	Improvements	Carrying Costs	Land	and Acquisition Fees	Total	Accumulated Depreciation (Note 4)	Date of Construction	Date Acquired	Statement is Compute (in Months
Mary Esther	FL	149,696	363,263	None	134	149,696	363,397	513,093	147,229		11/26/96	300
Melbourne	FL	269,697	522,414	None	1,639	269,697	524,053	793,750	212,462		11/26/96	300
Merritt		200 652	100 150		101	200 (52	100 500	500.015	405 500		11100100	200
Island	FL	309,652	482,459	None	134	309,652	482,593	792,245			11/26/96	
Ocala Tallahassee	FL FL	339,690 319,807	543,504 502,697	None None	134 1,634	339,690 319,807	543,638 504,331	883,328 824,138	220,226 204,475		11/26/96 11/26/96	
Smyrna		1,094,058	3,090,236	None		1,094,058	3,090,647	4,184,705	1,179,654		06/09/97	300
Anderson	IN	180,628	653,162	None	949	180,628	654,111	834,739			11/26/96	
Richmond	IN	93,999	193,753	None	136	93,999	193,889	287,888	78,556		11/26/96	
Gulfport	MS	299,464	502,326	None	275	299,464	502,601	802,065	203,611		11/26/96	
Jackson	MS	405,360	656,296	None	292	405,360	656,588	1,061,948			11/26/96	
Meridian	MS	181,156	515,598	None	275	181,156	515,873	697,029			11/26/96	300
Tupelo	MS	121,697	637,691	None	290	121,697	637,981	759,678	258,438		11/26/96	300
Pineville	NC	567,864	840,284	None	36,071	567,864	876,355	1,444,219	292,536		12/31/98	300
Lakewood	NY	144,859	526,301	None	422	144,859	526,723	671,582	213,450		11/26/96	
Westbury		6,333,590	3,952,773	None		6,333,590		10,286,363	1,468,726		09/29/97	
Defiance	OH	97,978	601,863	None	168	97,978	602,031	700,009			11/26/96	
Vienna	WV	324,797	526,670	None	812	324,797	527,482	852,279	213,721		11/26/96	300
Convenience Stores Daphne	AL	140,000	391,637	None	None	140,000	391,637	531,637	43,730		03/18/04	
Mobile	AL	190,000	301,637	None	None	190,000	301,637	491,637	33,680		03/18/04	
Mobile	AL	180,000	421,637	None	None	180,000	421,637	601,637	47,080		03/18/04	
Florence	AZ	150,000	371,637	None	None	150,000	371,637	521,637	41,497		03/18/04	
Gilbert	ΑZ	680,000	1,111,637	None	None	680,000	1,111,637	1,791,637	124,130		03/18/04	300
Litchfield Park	ΑZ	610,000	531,637	None	None	610,000	531,637	1,141,637	59,363		03/18/04	300
Marana	AZ	180,000	331,637	None	None	180,000	331,637	511,637	37,030		03/18/04	
Marana	AZ	330,000	911,637	None	None	330,000	911,637	1,241,637	101,797		03/18/04	
Maricopa	AZ	170,000	361,637	None	None	170,000	361,637	531,637	40,380		03/18/04	300
Mesa	AZ	560,000	821,637	None	None	560,000		1,381,637	91,747		03/18/04	
Mesa	ΑZ	750,000	1,071,637	None	None	750,000	1,071,637		119,663		03/18/04	
Mesa	ΑZ	810,000	1,061,637	None	None	810,000	1,061,637	1,871,637	118,547		03/18/04	300
Mesa	ΑZ	890,000	1,081,637	None	None	890,000	1,081,637	1,971,637	120,780		03/18/04	300
Mesa	ΑZ	780,000	1,071,637	None	None	780,000	1,071,637	1,851,637	119,663		03/18/04	300
Mesa	ΑZ	900,000	1,191,637	None	None	900,000	1,191,637		133,063		03/18/04	
Payson	ΑZ	210,000	351,637	None	None	210,000	351,637	561,637			03/18/04	
Payson	ΑZ	260,000	311,637	None	None	260,000	311,637	571,637			03/18/04	
Peoria	AZ	520,000	751,637	None	None	520,000	751,637				03/18/04	
Phoenix	AZ	440,000	511,637	None	None	440,000	511,637	951,637			03/18/04	
Phoenix	AZ	360,000	421,637	None	None	360,000	421,637	781,637			03/18/04	
Phoenix	AZ	710,000	591,637	None	None	710,000	591,637 661,637	1,301,637 981,637			03/18/04	
Phoenix Phoenix	AZ AZ	320,000 450,000	661,637 651,637	None None	None None	320,000 450,000	651,637				03/18/04 03/18/04	
Phoenix	AZ	430,000	711,637	None	None	430,000	711,637				03/18/04	
Phoenix	AZ	730,000	931,637	None	None	730,000		1,661,637			03/18/04	
Phoenix	AZ	400,000	931,637	None	None	400,000	931,637				03/18/04	
Phoenix	AZ	790,000	1,051,637	None	None	790,000	1,051,637				03/18/04	
Pinetop	AZ	170,000	311,637	None	None	170,000	311,637	481,637			03/18/04	
Queen		,,,,,,,	2 - 1,00 /	1,0110	00	,		, /	,,,,,,			
Creek	ΑZ	520,000	891,637	None	None	520,000	891,637	1,411,637	99,563		03/18/04	300
Scottsdale	ΑZ	210,000	201,637	None	None		201,637	411,637			03/18/04	

		Initial Co	ost to Company Buildings,	Cost Capita Subseque to Acquisi	ent		mount at Which of Period (Notes 7 and 8) Buildings,					Life on which depreciation in latest
Description (Note 1)		Land	Improvements and Acquisition Fees	Improvements	Carrying Costs	Land	Improvements and Acquisition Fees	Total	Accumulated Depreciation (Note 4)	Date of Construction	Date Acquired	Income Statement is Computed (in Months)
Scottsdale	ΑZ	660,000	1,031,637	None	None	660,000	1,031,637	1,691,637	115,197		03/18/04	300
Sierra Vista	ΑZ	110,000	301,637	None	None	110,000	301,637	411,637	33,680		03/18/04	300
Tempe	AZ	620,000	1,071,637	None	None	620,000	1,071,637	1,691,637	119,663		03/18/04	300
Tempe		270,000	461,637	None		270,000	461,637	731,637	51,547		03/18/04	300
Tolleson		460,000	1,231,637	None		460,000	1,231,637		137,530		03/18/04	300
Tombstone		110,000	381,637	None		110,000	381,637	491,637	42,613		03/18/04	300
Tucson		220,000	311,637	None		220,000	311,637	531,637	34,797		03/18/04	300
Tucson Tucson		240,000 550,000	341,637 511,637	None None		240,000 550,000	341,637	581,637 1,061,637	38,147 57,130		03/18/04 03/18/04	300 300
Tucson		126,000	234,565	None		126,000	234,565	360,565	25,411		04/14/04	300
Wellton		120,000	291,637	None		120,000	291,637	411,637	32,563		03/18/04	300
Wickenburg		-	291,637	None		150,000	291,637	441,637	32,563		03/18/04	300
Manchester			305,510	None		118,262	305,510	423,772	144,099		03/03/95	300
Vernon		179,646	319,372	None		179,646	319,372	499,018	150,637		03/09/95	300
Westbrook	CT	98,247	373,340	None	None	98,247	373,340	471,587	176,092		03/09/95	300
Camden	DE	113,811	174,435	None	None	113,811	174,435	288,246	26,449		03/19/03	300
Camden		250,528	379,165	None		250,528	379,165	629,693	57,499		03/19/03	300
Dewey		147,465	224,665	None		147,465	224,665	372,130	34,067		03/19/03	300
Dover		278,804	421,707	None		278,804	421,707	700,511	63,952		03/19/03	300
Dover		367,137	554,207	None		367,137	554,207	921,344	84,047		03/19/03	300
Dover		367,425	554,884	None		367,425	554,884	922,309	84,150		03/19/03	300 300
Felton Harrington		307,260 563,812	464,391 849,220	None None		307,260 563,812	464,391 849 220	771,651 1,413,032	70,425 128,791		03/19/03 03/19/03	300
Milford		310,049	468,575	None		310,049	468,575	778,624	71,060		03/19/03	300
Newcastle		589,325	887,488	None		589,325		1,476,813	134,595		03/19/03	300
Smyrna		121,774	186,436	None		121,774	186,436	308,210	28,269		03/19/03	300
Smyrna	DE	401,135	605,332	None	None	401,135	605,332	1,006,467	91,801		03/19/03	300
Townsend	DE	241,416	365,749	None	None	241,416	365,749	607,165	55,465		03/19/03	300
Wilmington	DE	280,682	424,525	None	None	280,682	424,525	705,207	64,379		03/19/03	300
Archer		296,238	578,145	None		296,238	578,196	874,434	176,374		05/07/99	300
Bushnell		130,000	291,637	None		130,000	291,637	421,637	32,563		03/18/04	300
Clearwater		359,792	311,845	None		359,792	311,845	671,637	34,820		03/18/04	300
Cocoa		323,827	287,810	None		323,827	287,810	611,637	32,136		03/18/04	300
Deltona Ellenton		140,000 250,000	321,637 261,637	None None		140,000 250,000	321,637 261,637	461,637 511,637	35,913 29,213		03/18/04 03/18/04	300 300
Englewood		270,000	331,637	None		270,000	331,637	601,637	37,030		03/18/04	300
Gainesville			873,187	None		515,834		1,389,021	266,321		05/07/99	
Gainesville		480,318	600,633	None		480,318		1,080,951	183,192		05/07/99	
		347,310	694,859	None		347,310		1,042,169	211,931		05/07/99	
Gainesville			658,807	None		339,263	658,807	998,070	200,935		05/07/99	
Gainesville	FL	351,921	552,557	None	None	351,921	552,557	904,478	168,528		05/07/99	300
Gainesville	FL	500,032	850,291	None	None	500,032	850,291	1,350,323	259,337		05/07/99	300
Homosassa												
Springs		740,000	621,637	None		740,000		1,361,637	69,413		03/18/04	
Hudson	FL	300,000	351,637	None	None	300,000	351,637	651,637	39,263		03/18/04	300
Intercession	E	161 776	210.071	N.T.	NT	161.776	210.061	401 (27	25.715		02/10/04	200
City Jacksonville		161,776	319,861 494,206	None None		161,776 266,111	319,861 494,206	481,637 760,317	35,715 53,539		03/18/04 04/01/04	300 300
Jacksonville	гL	200,111	494,200	none	INOHE	200,111	494,200	700,317	33,339		04/01/04	300
Bch	FI	522,188	371,885	None	None	522,188	371,885	894,073	113,423		05/07/99	300
Key West		873,700	627,937	None		873,700		1,501,637	70,117		03/07/99	300
Key West		492,785	208,852	None		492,785	208,852	701,637	23,319		03/18/04	300
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